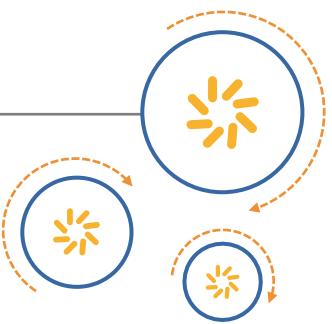




RF360 Europe GmbH

A Qualcomm – TDK Joint Venture



SAW components

SAW RF filter

Short range devices

Series/type: B3791
Ordering code: B39431B3791Z810

Date: June 13, 2016
Version: 2.3

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Data sheet

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Data sheet

1 Application

- Low-loss RF filter for remote control receivers
- Balanced to unbalanced operation possible

2 Features

- Package size 3.8 ± 0.15 mm \times 3.8 ± 0.15 mm
- Package height $1.5 + 0.1 / - 0.15$ mm
- Package code QCC8B
- Approximate weight 0.07 g
- RoHS compatible
- Package for Surface Mount Technology (SMT)
- Lead free soldering compatible with J-STD20C
- Filter surface passivated
- AEC-Q200 qualified component family
- Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)
- Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (MSL1)

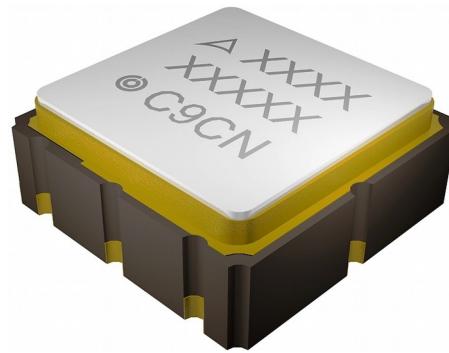
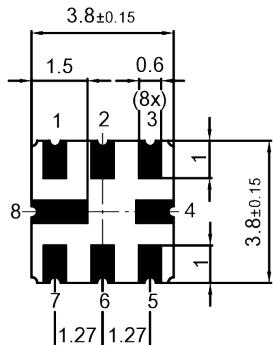


Figure 1: Picture of component with example of product marking.

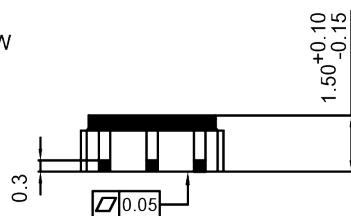
Data sheet

3 Package

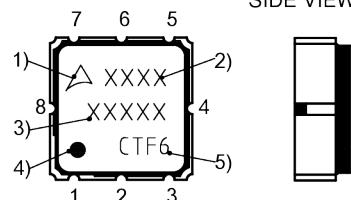
BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW



TOP VIEW



- 1) Company logo
- 2) Device designation
- 3) Last five digits of the lot number
- 4) Marking for pad number 1
- 5) Example of production location and date code

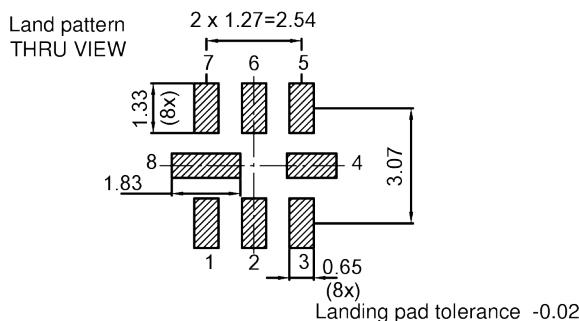


Figure 2: Drawing of package. See Sec.
Package information (p. 16).

4 Pin configuration

- 2 Input (recommend or ground)
- 5 Output (recommend or ground)
- 1 Ground (recommend or input)
- 3, 4, 7, 8 Ground
- 6 Ground (recommend or output)

Data sheet

5 Matching circuit

- $L_{s2} = 47 \text{ nH}$
- $L_{s5} = 56 \text{ nH}$
- $L_{s2} = 56 \text{ nH}$

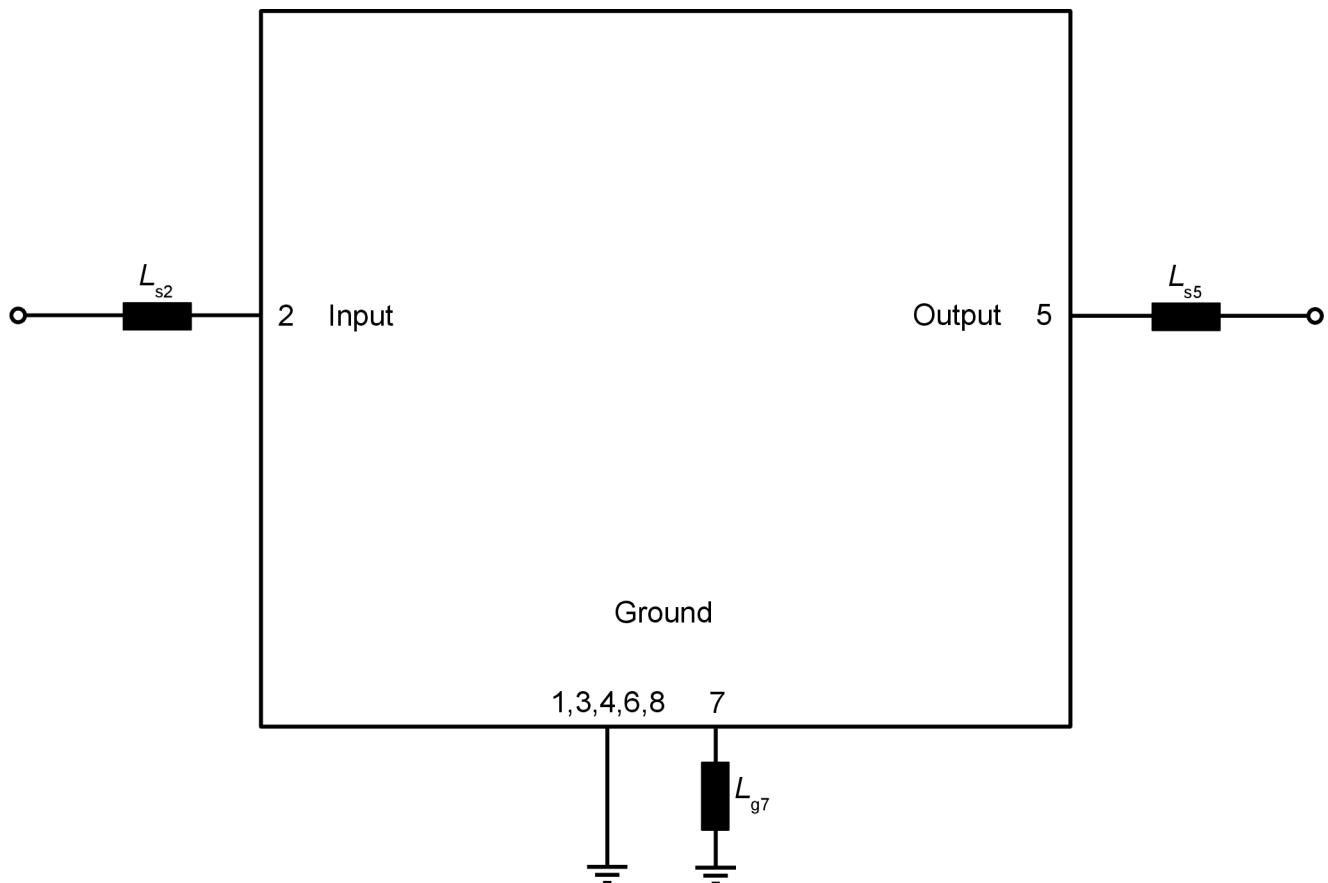


Figure 3: Schematic of matching circuit.

Minimising the crosstalk

For a good ultimate rejection a low crosstalk is necessary. Low crosstalk can be realised with a good RF layout. The major crosstalk mechanism is caused by the "ground-loop" problem.

Grounding loops are created if input-and output transducer GND are connected on the top-side of the PCB and fed to the system grounding plane by a common via hole. To avoid the common ground path, the ground pin of the input- and output transducer are fed to the system ground plane (bottom PCB plane) by their own via hole. The transducers' grounding pins should be isolated from the upper grounding plane.

A common GND inductivity of 0.5 nH degrades the ultimate rejection (crosstalk) by 20 dB.

The optimised PCB layout, including matching network for transformation to 50 Ohm, is shown here. In this PCB layout the grounding loops are minimised to realise good ultimate rejection.

Data sheet

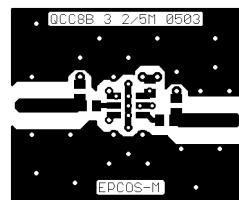


Figure 4: Optimised PCB layout for SAW filters in QCC8B package, pinning 2,5 (top side, scale 1:1).

The bottom side is a copper plane (system ground area). The input and output grounding pins are isolated and connected to the common ground by separated via holes.

For good contact of the upper grounding area with the lower side it is necessary to place enough via holes.

Data sheet

6 Characteristics

Temperature range for specification

 T_{SPEC} = -20 °C ... +80 °C

Input terminating impedance

 Z_{IN} = 50 Ω with ser. 56 nH¹⁾

Output terminating impedance

 Z_{OUT} = 50 Ω with ser. 56 nH¹⁾

| Characteristics | | | min. for T_{SPEC} | typ. @+25 °C | max. for T_{SPEC} | |
|--|----------------------------|----|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Center frequency | f_c | — | 433.42 | — | MHz | |
| Minimum insertion attenuation | α_{min} | | | | | |
| Incl. loss in matching components ($Q_L=47$) | | — | 3.8 | 4.5 | dB | |
| Excl. loss in matching components | | — | 3.1 | 3.8 | dB | |
| Pass band (relative to α_{min}) | $\alpha_{\text{rel, max}}$ | | | | | |
| 433.3... 433.54 MHz | | — | 1.0 | 3.0 | dB | |
| Minimum attenuation (relative to α_{min}) | $\alpha_{\text{rel,min}}$ | | | | | |
| 10... 429 MHz | | 50 | 55 | — | dB | |
| 429... 432.62 MHz | | 35 | 44 | — | dB | |
| 433.92... 434.22 MHz | | 16 | 25 | — | dB | |
| 434.22... 434.6 MHz | | 35 | 38 | — | dB | |
| 434.6... 435.6 MHz | | 20 | 25 | — | dB | |
| 435.6... 460 MHz | | 40 | 50 | — | dB | |
| 460... 1000 MHz | | 50 | 58 | — | dB | |
| Impedance for pass band matching | | | | | | |
| @ input port: $Z_{\text{in,IN}} = R_{\text{IN}} \parallel C_{\text{IN}}$ | $Z_{\text{in,IN}}^{(2)}$ | — | 640 1.5 | — | Ω pF | |
| @ output port: $Z_{\text{in,OUT}} = R_{\text{OUT}} \parallel C_{\text{OUT}}$ | $Z_{\text{in,OUT}}^{(2)}$ | — | 640 1.5 | — | Ω pF | |

¹⁾ See Sec. Matching circuit (p. 5).²⁾ Impedance for pass band matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source and to load impedance (here 50 Ω). After removal of the SAW filter the input impedance of the input and output matching network is calculated. The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat pass band. For more details we refer to EPCOS application note #18.

Data sheet

7 Maximum ratings

| | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Operable temperature | $T_{OP} = -45^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | |
| Storage temperature | $T_{STG} = -45^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | |
| DC voltage | $V_{DC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ | |
| Source power | $P_s = 5.0\text{ dBm}$ | |

Data sheet

8 Transmission coefficient

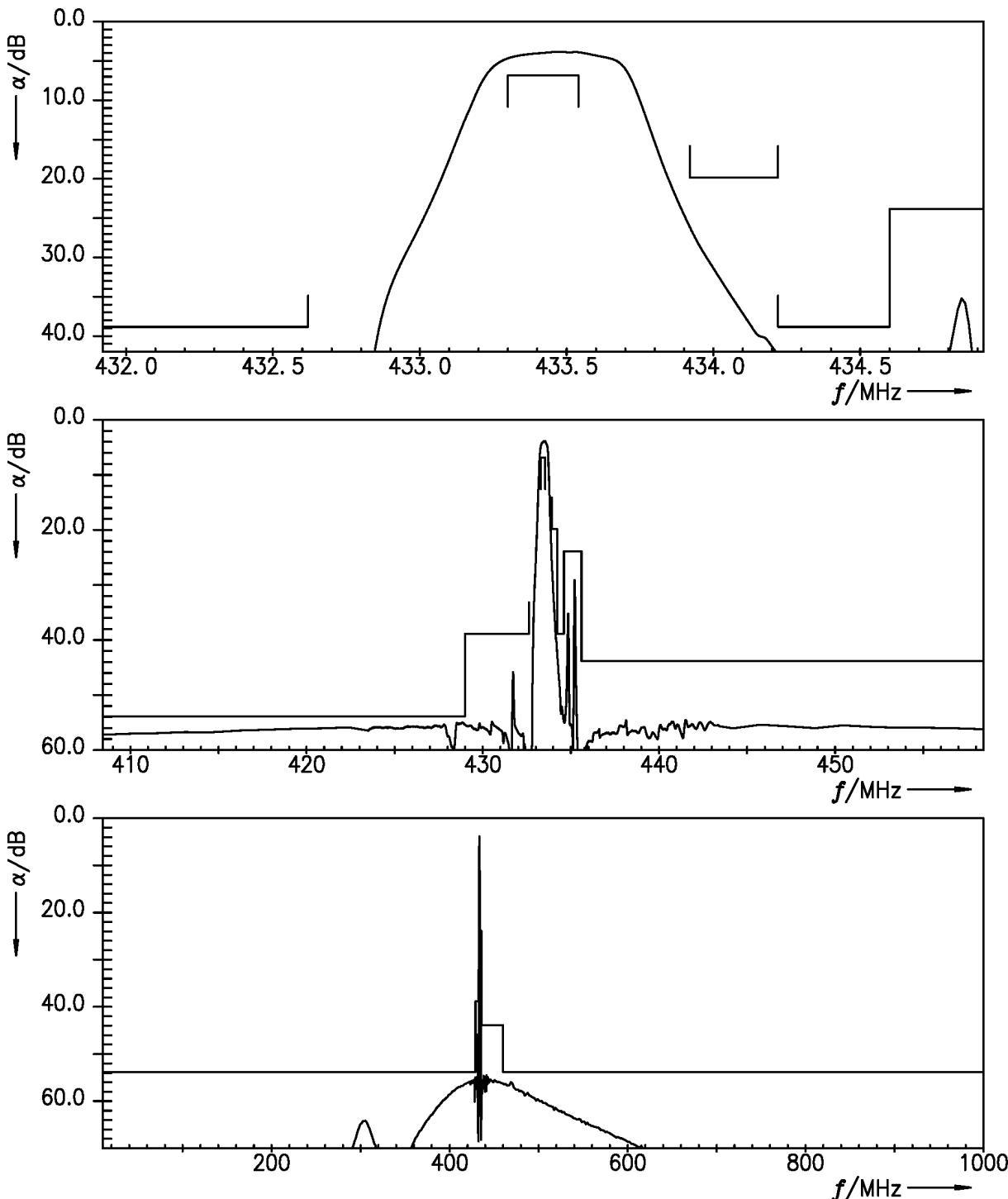
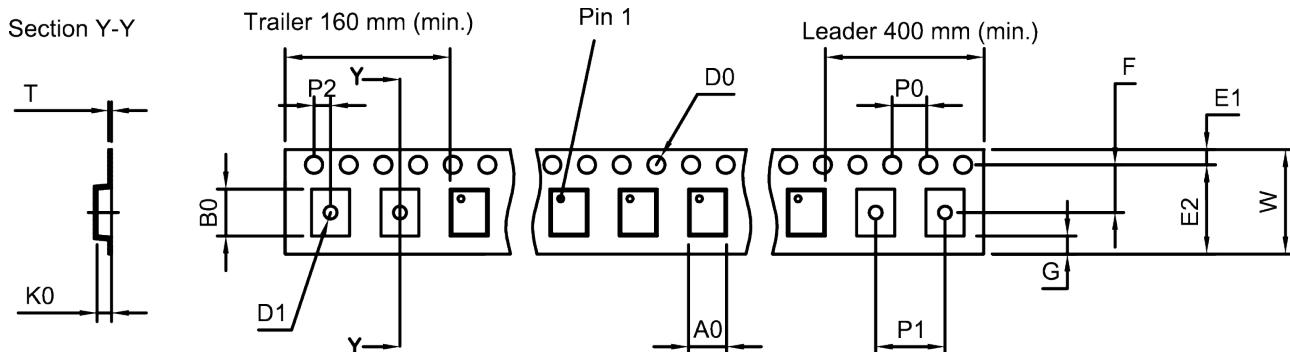


Figure 5: Attenuation.

Data sheet

9 Packing material

9.1 Tape



User direction of unreeling

Figure 6: Drawing of tape (first-angle projection) with tape dimensions according to Table 1.

| | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| A_0 | 4.1 ± 0.1 mm | E_2 | 10.25 mm (min.) | P_1 | 8.0 ± 0.1 mm |
| B_0 | 4.1 ± 0.1 mm | F | 5.5 ± 0.05 mm | P_2 | 2.0 ± 0.1 mm |
| D_0 | 1.5 ± 0.1 mm | G | 0.75 mm (min.) | T | 0.3 ± 0.05 mm |
| D_1 | 1.5 mm (min.) | K_0 | 1.8 ± 0.1 mm | | |
| E_1 | 1.75 ± 0.1 mm | P_0 | 4.0 ± 0.1 mm | | $W = 12.0 \pm 0.3/-0.1$ mm |

Table 1: Tape dimensions.

9.2 Reel with diameter of 330 mm

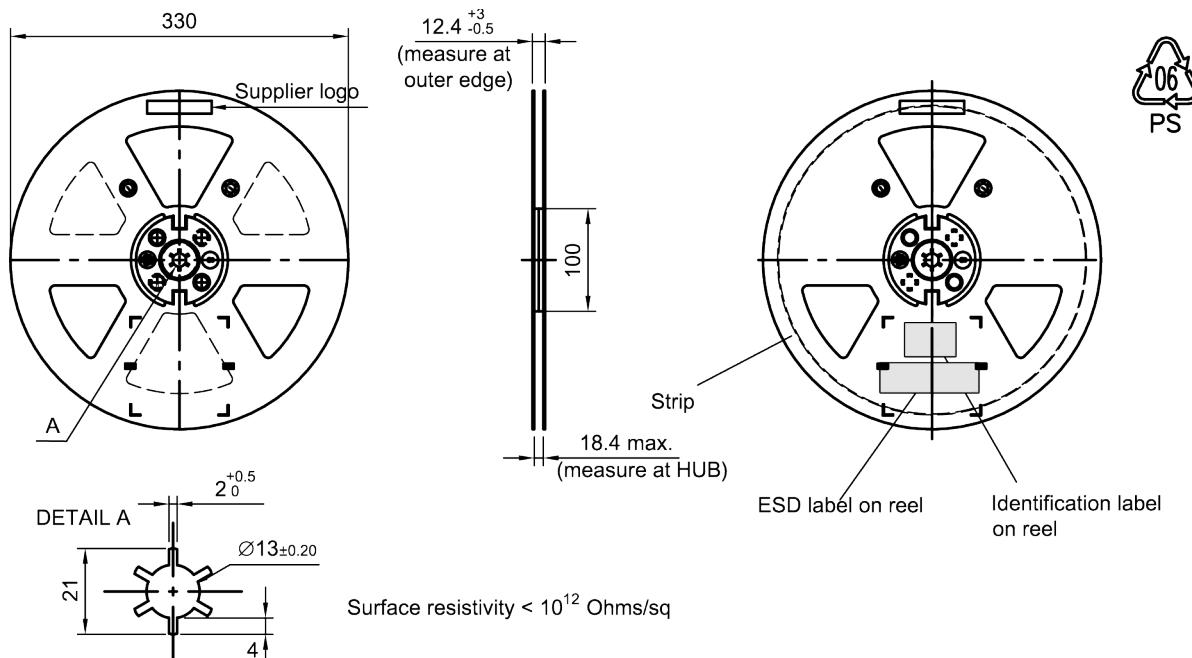


Figure 7: Drawing of reel (first-angle projection) with diameter of 330 mm.

Data sheet

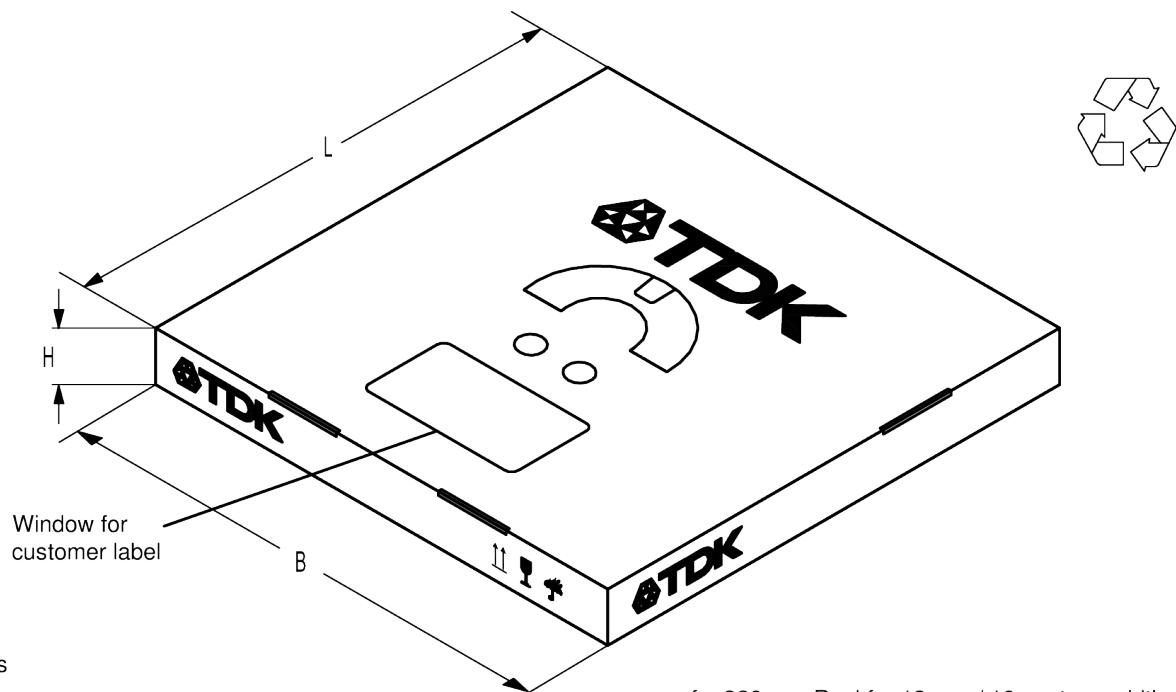


Figure 8: Drawing of folding box for reel with diameter of 330 mm.

10 Marking

Products are marked with device designation, lot number, as well as production location and date code.

- Device designation: The 4-character device designation of the ordering code is used for the marking.

Example for 4-character device designation: B3xxxxB1234xxxx

- Lot number: The last 5 digits of the lot number are used for the marking.

Example: 12345

- Production location and date code: The production location is Wuxi (encoded in the first character 'C'). The production date code is encoded in the last three characters according to Table 2.

Data sheet

| 1 st digit (day) | | | | | | 2 nd digit (year) | | | | 3 rd digit (month) | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|------|------------------------------|------|-----------|------|-------------------------------|------|-------|------|
| Day | Code | Day | Code | Day | Code | Year | Code | Year | Code | Month | Code | Month | Code |
| 1 | 1 | 11 | A | 21 | M | 2010 | A | 2022 | P | Jan | 1 | Jul | 7 |
| 2 | 2 | 12 | B | 22 | N | 2011 | B | 2023 | R | Feb | 2 | Aug | 8 |
| 3 | 3 | 13 | C | 23 | P | 2012 | C | 2024 | S | Mar | 3 | Sep | 9 |
| 4 | 4 | 14 | D | 24 | R | 2013 | D | 2025 | T | Apr | 4 | Oct | 0 |
| 5 | 5 | 15 | E | 25 | S | 2014 | E | 2026 | U | May | 5 | Nov | N |
| 6 | 6 | 16 | F | 26 | T | 2015 | F | 2027 | V | Jun | 6 | Dec | D |
| 7 | 7 | 17 | H | 27 | U | 2016 | H | 2028 | W | | | | |
| 8 | 8 | 18 | J | 28 | V | 2017 | J | 2029 | X | | | | |
| 9 | 9 | 19 | K | 29 | W | 2018 | K | 2030 | Z | | | | |
| 10 | 0 | 20 | L | 30 | X | 2019 | L | 2031 | A | | | | |
| | | | | 31 | Z | 2020 | M | 2032 | B | | | | |
| | | | | | | 2021 | N | and so on | | | | | |

Table 2: Production date code.

Example of how to decode production location and date code:

Code: **CTF6**

| | | |
|-----------|---|--------------------|
| Location: | C | → Wuxi |
| Day: | T | → 26 th |
| Year: | F | → 2015 |
| Month: | 6 | → June |

Data sheet

11 Soldering profile

The recommended soldering process is in accordance with IEC 60068-2-58 – 3rd edit and IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020B.

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| ramp rate | $\leq 3 \text{ K/s}$ |
| preheat | 125 °C to 220 °C, 150 s to 210 s, 0.4 K/s to 1.0 K/s |
| $T > 220 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 30 s to 70 s |
| $T > 230 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | min. 10 s |
| $T > 245 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | max. 20 s |
| $T \geq 255 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | – |
| peak temperature T_{peak} | 250 °C +0/-5 °C |
| wetting temperature T_{min} | 230 °C +5/-0 °C for 10 s ± 1 s |
| cooling rate | $\leq 3 \text{ K/s}$ |
| soldering temperature T | measured at solder pads |

Table 3: Characteristics of recommended soldering profile for lead-free solder (Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7).

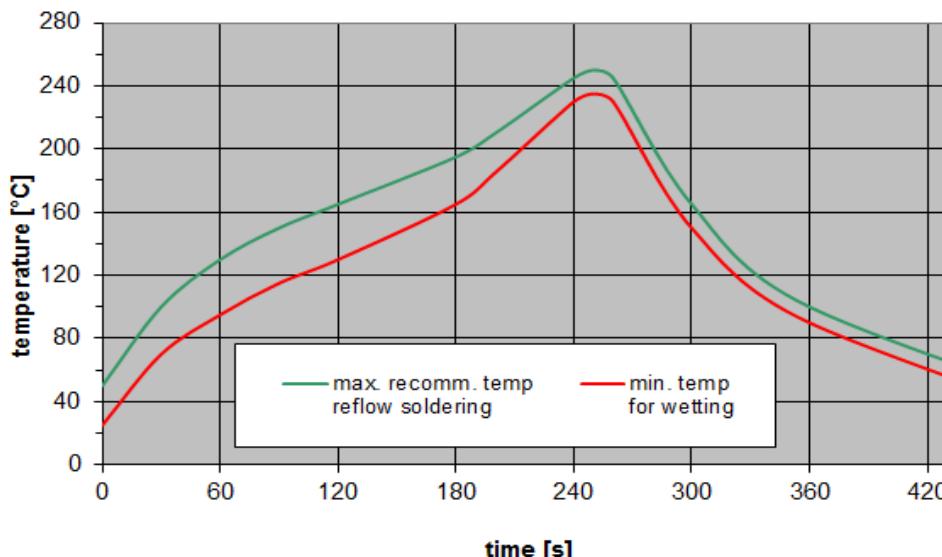


Figure 9: Recommended reflow profile for convection and infrared soldering – lead-free solder.

Data sheet

12 ESD protection of SAW filters

SAW filters are **Electro Static Discharge** sensitive devices. To reduce the probability of damages caused by ESD, special matching topologies have to be applied.

In general, “ESD matching” has to be ensured at that filter port, where electrostatic discharge is expected.

Electrostatic discharges predominantly appear at the antenna input of RF receivers. Therefore, only the input matching of the SAW filter has to be designed to short circuit or to block the ESD pulse.

Below four figures show recommended “ESD matching” topologies.

Depending on the input impedance of the SAW filter and the source impedance, the needed component values have to be determined from case to case.

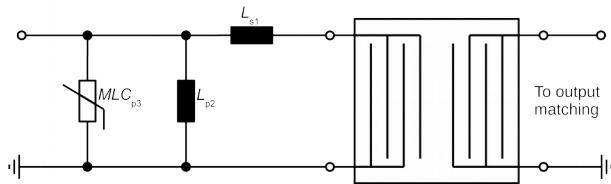


Figure 10: MLC varistor plus ESD matching.

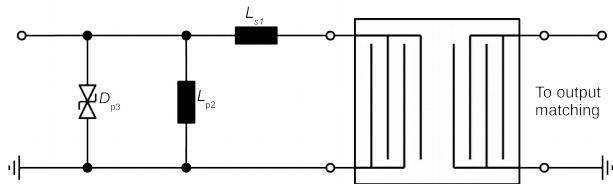


Figure 11: Suppressor diode plus ESD matching.

In cases where minor ESD occur, following simplified “ESD matching” topologies can be used alternatively.

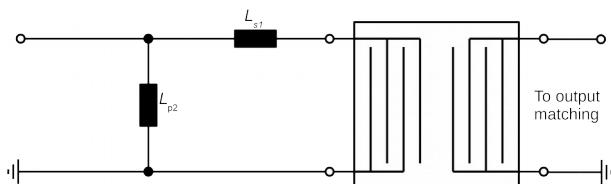


Figure 12: shunt L - series L matching.

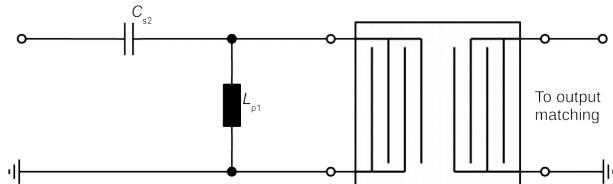


Figure 13: series C - shunt L matching.

Effectiveness of the applied ESD protection has to be checked according to relevant industry standards or customer specific requirements.

For further information, please refer to EPCOS Application report: “**ESD protection for SAW filters**”. This report can be found under www.epcos.com/rke. Click on “Applications Notes”.

Data sheet

13 Annotations

13.1 Matching coils

See TDK inductor pdf-catalog <http://www.tdk.co.jp/tefe02/coil.htm#aname1> and Data Library for circuit simulation <http://www.tdk.co.jp/etvcl/index.htm>.

13.2 RoHS compatibility

ROHS-compatible means that products are compatible with the requirements according to Art. 4 (substance restrictions) of Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of June 8th, 2011, on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment ("Directive") with due regard to the application of exemptions as per Annex III of the Directive in certain cases.

13.3 Scattering parameters (S-parameters)

The pin/port assignment is available in the headers of the S-parameter files. Please contact your local EPCOS sales office.

Data sheet

14 Cautions and warnings

14.1 Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes.

14.2 Material information

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the type in question please also contact one of our sales offices.

For information on recycling of tapes and reels please contact one of our sales offices.

14.3 Moldability

Before using in overmolding environment, please contact your local EPCOS sales office.

14.4 Package information

Landing area

The printed circuit board (PCB) land pattern (landing area) shown is based on EPCOS internal development and empirical data and illustrated for example purposes, only. As customers' SMD assembly processes may have a plenty of variants and influence factors which are not under control or knowledge of EPCOS, additional careful process development on customer side is necessary and strongly recommended in order to achieve best soldering results tailored to the particular customer needs.

Dimensions

Unless otherwise specified all dimensions are understood using unit millimeter (mm).

Projection method

Unless otherwise specified first-angle projection is applied.

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