

Data Sheet March 9, 2006 FN9225.0

# 6-Phase VR11 PWM Controller with 8-Bit VID Code Capable of Precision R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> or DCR Differential Current Sensing for Applications in Which Supply Voltage is Higher than 5V

The ISL6307B controls microprocessor core voltage regulation by driving up to 6 synchronous-rectified buck channels in parallel. Multiphase buck converter architecture uses interleaved timing to multiply channel ripple frequency and reduce input and output ripple currents. Lower ripple results in fewer components, lower component cost, reduced power dissipation, and smaller implementation area.

Microprocessor loads can generate load transients with extremely fast edge rates. The ISL6307B features a high bandwidth control loop and ripple frequencies up to 6MHz to provide optimal response to the transients.

Today's microprocessors require a tightly regulated output voltage position versus load current (droop). The ISL6307B senses current by utilizing patented techniques to measure the voltage across the on resistance, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, of the lower MOSFETs or DCR, of the output inductor during the lower MOSFET conduction intervals. Current sensing provides the needed signals for precision droop, channel-current balancing, and overcurrent protection. A programmable internal temperature compensation function is implemented to effectively compensate for the temperature coefficient of the current sense element.

A unity gain, differential amplifier is provided for remote voltage sensing. Any potential difference between remote and local grounds can be completely eliminated using the remote-sense amplifier. Eliminating ground differences improves regulation and protection accuracy. The threshold-sensitive enable input is available to accurately coordinate the start up of the ISL6307B with any other voltage rail. Dynamic-VID™ technology allows seamless on-the-fly VID changes. The offset pin allows accurate voltage offset settings that are independent of VID setting.

# Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG.#
ISL6307BCRZ (Note)	0 to 70	48 Ld 7x7 QFN (Pb-free)	L48.7x7
ISL6307BIRZ (Note)	-40 to 85	48 Ld 7x7 QFN (Pb-free)	L48.7x7

Add "-T" suffix for tape and reel.

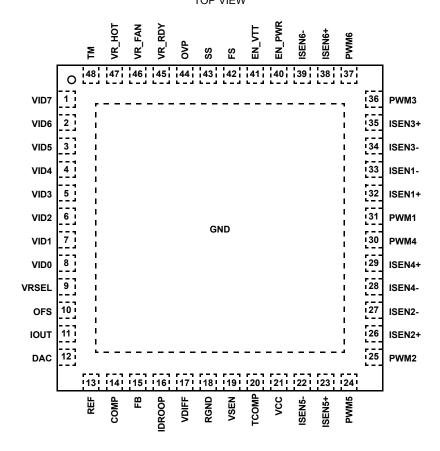
NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

#### Features

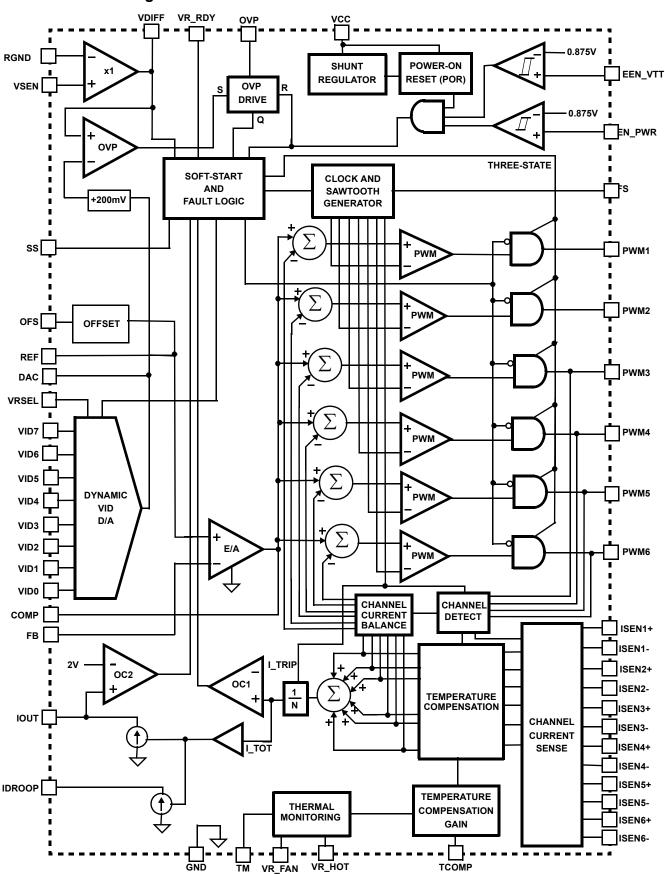
- · Precision multiphase Core Voltage Regulation
  - Differential Remote Voltage Sensing
  - ±0.5% System Accuracy Over Life, Load, Line and Temperature
  - Adjustable Precision Reference-Voltage Offset
- Precision RDS(ON) or DCR Current Sensing
  - Accurate Load-Line Programming
  - Accurate Channel-Current Balancing
  - Differential Current Sense
- · Microprocessor Voltage Identification Input
  - Dynamic VID™ Technology
  - 8-Bit VID Input with Selectable VR11 Code and Extended VR10 Code at 6.25mV Step
  - 0.5V to 1.600V operation range
- Threshold-sensitive Enable Function for Power Sequencing and VTT Enable
- · Thermal Monitoring
- · Internal 5V Shunt Regulator
- · Programmable Temperature Compensation
- · Overcurrent Protection
- · Overvoltage Protection with OVP Output Indication
- 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 Phase Operation
- Adjustable Switching Frequency up to 1MHz Per Phase
- · QFN Package Option
  - QFN Compliant to JEDEC PUB95 MO-220 QFN Quad Flat No Leads - Product Outline
  - QFN Near Chip Scale Package Footprint; Improves PCB Efficiency, Thinner in Profile
- · Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

## **Pinout**

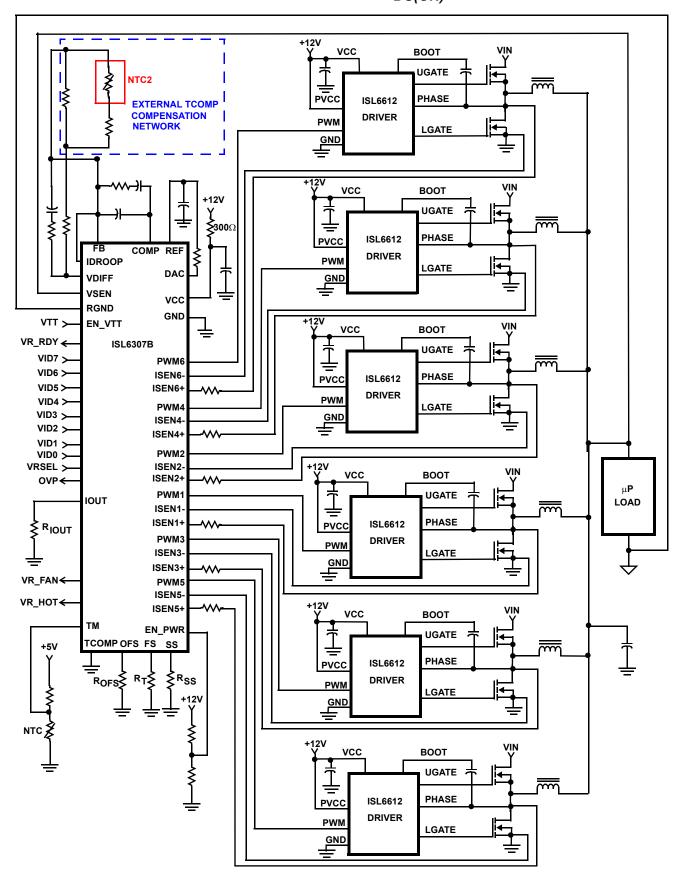
## ISL6307B (48 LD QFN) TOP VIEW



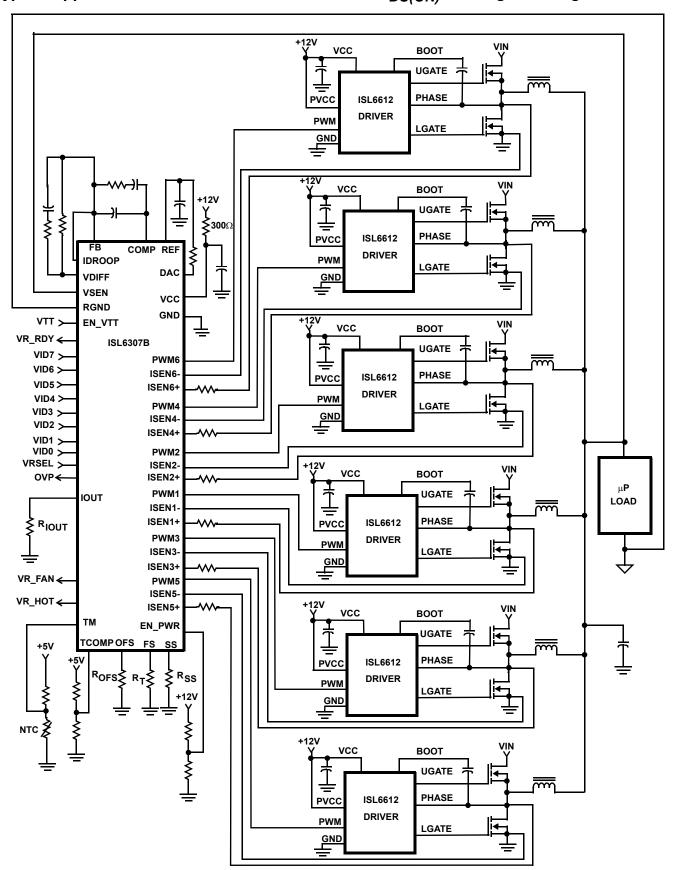
# ISL6307B Block Diagram



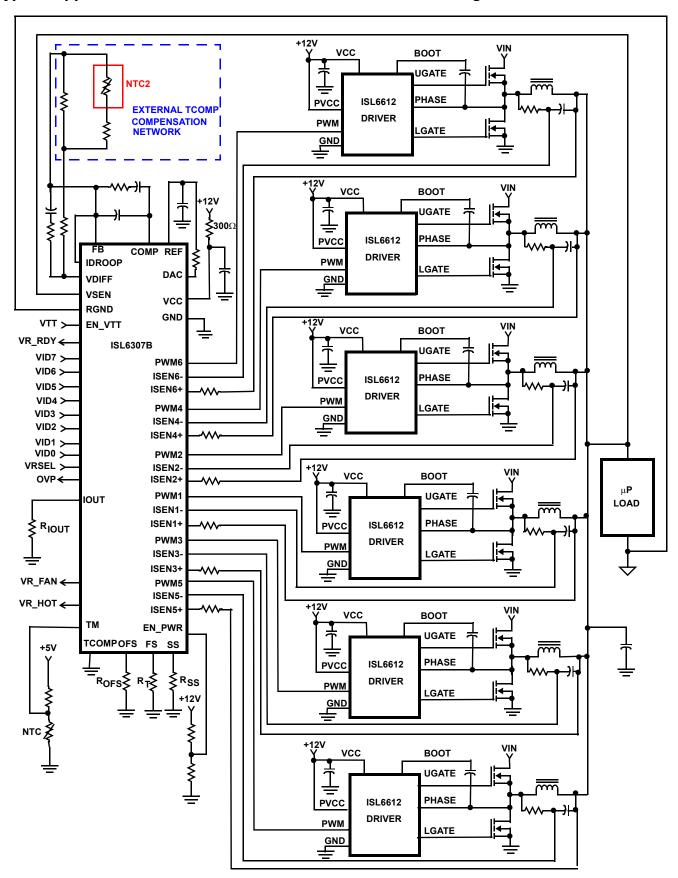
Typical Application - 6-Phase Buck Converter with  $R_{DS(ON)}$  Sensing and External TCOMP



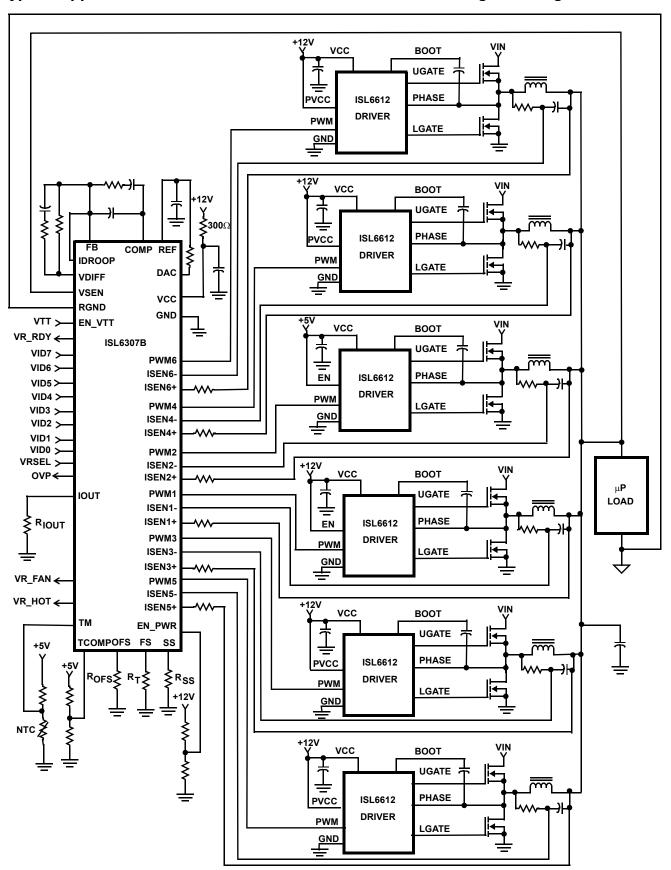
Typical Application - 6-Phase Buck Converter with  $R_{DS(ON)}$  Sensing and Integrated TCOMP



Typical Application - 6-Phase Buck Converter with DCR Sensing and External TCOMP



Typical Application - 6-Phase Buck Converter with DCR Sensing and Integrated TCOMP



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Voltage at VCC when it is connected to enxternal >5V input thro	ough
a resistor	+6V
IAII Pins	).3V
ESD (Human body model	·2kV
ESD (Machine model	00V
ESD (Charged device model	.5kV

## **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Notes 1, 2)	θ <sub>JA</sub> (°C/W)	$\theta_{JC}$ (°C/W)
QFN Package	32	6.5
Maximum Junction Temperature		150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	6:	5°C to 150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 1	0s)	300°C

## **Operating Conditions**

Voltage at VCC	. +5V	′ ±5%
Ambient Temperature (ISL6307BCRZ) 0	°C to	70°C
Ambient Temperature (ISL6307BIRZ)40	°C to	85°C

CAUTION: Stress above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTES:

- θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See Tech Brief TB379
- 2. For  $\theta_{JC}$ , the "case temp" location is the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside.

**Electrical Specifications** Operating Conditions: VCC = 5V or ICC < 25mA (Note 3). Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SHUNT REGULATOR	·	<u>'</u>			
VCC Voltage	VCC tied to 12VDC thru $300\Omega$ resistor, $R_T$ = $100k\Omega$	-	5	-	V
VCC Sink Current	VCC tied to 12VDC thru $300\Omega$ resistor, $R_T$ = $100k\Omega$	-	-	25	mA
POWER-ON RESET AND ENABLE			I .		
POR Threshold	VCC Rising	4.3	4.5	4.70	V
	VCC Falling	3.7	3.9	4.20	V
EN_PWR Threshold	Rising	0.850	0.875	0.910	V
	Hysteresis	-	130	-	mV
	Falling	0.720	0.745	0.775	V
EN_VTT Threshold	Rising	0.850	0.875	0.910	V
	Hysteresis	-	130	-	mV
	Falling	0.720	0.745	0.775	V
REFERENCE VOLTAGE AND DAC	,	<u> </u>			
System Accuracy of ISL6307BCRZ (VID = 1V-1.6V), T <sub>J</sub> = 0°Cto 70°C)	(Note 3)	-0.5	-	0.5	%VID
System Accuracy of ISL6307BCRZ (VID = 0.5V-1V),T <sub>J</sub> = 0°C to 70°C)	(Note 3)	-0.9	-	0.9	%VID
System Accuracy of ISL6307BIRZ (VID = 1V-1.6V), T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to 85°C)	(Note 3)	-0.6	-	0.6	%VID
System Accuracy of ISL6307BIRZ (VID = 0.5V-1V), T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to 85°C)	(Note 3)	-1	-	1	%VID
VID Pull Up		-60	-40	-20	μА
VID Input Low Level		-	-	0.4	V
VID Input High Level		0.8	-	-	V
VRSEL Input Low Level		-	-	0.4	V
VRSEL Input High Level		0.8	-	-	V
DAC Source Current		-	-	7	mA
DAC Sink Current		-	-	300	μА
REF Source Current		45	50	55	μА
REF Sink Current		45	50	55	μА

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

**Electrical Specifications** Operating Conditions: VCC = 5V or ICC < 25mA (Note 3). Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
PIN-ADJUSTABLE OFFSET	<u> </u>				1
Voltage at OFS Pin for ISL6307BCRZ	Offset resistor connected to ground	392	400	408	mV
	Voltage below VCC, offset resistor connected to VCC	1.568	1.600	1.632	V
Voltage at OFS Pin for ISL6307BIRZ	Offset resistor connected to ground	388	400	412	mV
	Voltage below VCC, offset resistor connected to VCC	1.552	1.600	1.648	V
OSCILLATORS				I.	
Accuracy of Switching Frequency Setting	$R_T = 100k\Omega$	225	250	275	kHz
Adjustment Range of Switching Frequency	(Note 4)	0.08	-	1.0	MHz
Soft-start Ramp Rate (Notes 5, 6)	$R_{SS} = 100k\Omega$	-	1.563	-	mV/μs
Adjustment Range of Soft-start Ramp Rate	(Note 4)	0.625	-	6.25	mV/μs
PWM GENERATOR				I.	I.
Sawtooth Amplitude		-	1.5	-	V
Max Duty Cycle		-	66.7	-	%
ERROR AMPLIFIER	1	l .		1	
Open-Loop Gain	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to ground (Note 4)	-	96	-	dB
Open-Loop Bandwidth	$C_L = 100pF$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to ground (Note 4)	-	20	-	MHz
Slew Rate	C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF	-	9	-	V/µs
Maximum Output Voltage		3.8	4.3	4.9	V
Output High Voltage @ 2mA		3.6	-	-	V
Output Low Voltage @ 2mA		-	-	1.2	V
REMOTE-SENSE AMPLIFIER					
Bandwidth	(Note 4)	-	20	-	MHz
Output High Current	VSEN - RGND = 2.5V	-500	-	500	μА
Output High Current	VSEN - RGND = 0.6	-500	-	500	μА
PWM OUTPUT				1	1
PWM Output Voltage LOW Threshold	lload = ±500μA	-	-	0.5	V
PWM Output Voltage HIGH Threshold	lload = ±500μA	4.3	-	-	V
SENSE CURRENT OUTPUT (IDROOP and	d IOUT)			1	-
Sensed Current Tolerance	ISEN1 = ISEN2 = ISEN3 = ISEN4 = ISEN5 = ISEN6 = 80μA	76	80	84	μА
Overcurrent Trip Level		90	100	110	μΑ
Maximum Voltage at IDROOP and IOUT Pins		-	2	-	V
THERMAL MONITORING AND FAN CON	TROL				
TM Input Voltage for VR_FAN Trip		1.6	1.65	1.69	V
TM Input Voltage for VR_FAN Reset		1.89	1.93	1.98	V
TM Input Voltage for VR_HOT Trip		1.35	1.4	1.44	V
TM Input Voltage for VR_HOT Reset		1.6	1.65	1.69	V
Leakage Current of VR_HOT	With external pull-up resistor connected to 5V	-	-	30	μА
VR_HOT Low Voltage	With 1.250kΩ resistor pull up to 5V, I <sub>VR HOT</sub> = 4mA	-	-	0.3	V
Leakage Current of VR_FAN	With external pull-up resistor connected to 5V	-	-	30	μА
VR_FAN Low Voltage	With 1.250kΩ resistor pull up to 5V, I <sub>VR FAN</sub> = 4mA	-	-	0.3	V
VR READY AND PROTECTION MONITOR	_		<u> </u>	1	1
Leakage current of VR_RDY	With external pull-up resistor connected to 5V	-	-	30	μА
VR_RDY Low Voltage	I <sub>VR_RDY</sub> = 4mA	-	-	0.3	V
Under Voltage Trip of VR-RDY					

intersil

9

Electrical Specifications Operating Conditions: VCC = 5V or ICC < 25mA (Note 3). Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
VR-RDY Reset Voltage	VDIFF Rising	58	60	62	%VID
Overvoltage Protection Threshold	Before valid VID	1.250	1.275	1.300	V
	After valid VID, the voltage above VID	150	175	200	mV
Overvoltage Reset Threshold		0.38	0.40	0.42	V
OVP Output High Voltage	I <sub>OVP</sub> = 4mA	4.5	-	-	V
OVP Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OVP</sub> = 4mA	-	-	0.25	V

#### NOTES:

- 3. These parts are designed and adjusted for accuracy with all errors in the voltage loop included.
- 4. Spec guaranteed by design.
- 5. During soft-start, VDAC rises from 0 to 1.1V first and then ramp to VID voltage after receiving valid VID input.
- 6. Soft-start ramp rate is determined by the adjustable soft-start oscillator frequency at the speed of 6.25mV per cycle.

## Functional Pin Description

**VCC** - Supplies all the power necessary to operate the chip. The controller starts to operate when the voltage on this pin exceeds the rising POR threshold and shuts down when the voltage on this pin drops below the falling POR threshold. Connect this pin through a series  $390\Omega$  resistor to a +12V supply and a  $1\mu F$  capacitor from this pin to GND.

**GND** - Bias and reference ground for the IC. The bottom metal base of ISL6307B is the GND.

**EN\_PWR** - This pin is a threshold-sensitive enable input for the controller. Connecting the 12V supply to EN\_PWR through an appropriate resistor divider provides a means to synchronize power-up of the controller and the MOSFET driver ICs. When EN\_PWR is driven above 0.875V, the ISL6307B is active depending on status of EN\_VTT, the internal POR, and pending fault states. Driving EN\_PWR below 0.745V will clear all fault states and prime the ISL6307B to soft-start when re-enabled.

**EN\_VTT** - This pin is another threshold-sensitive enable input for the controller. It's typically connected to VTT output of VTT voltage regulator in the computer mother board. When EN\_VTT is driven above 0.875V, the ISL6307B is active depending on status of ENLL, the internal POR, and pending fault states. Driving EN\_VTT below 0.745V will clear all fault states and prime the ISL6307B to soft-start when reenabled.

**FS** - Use this pin to set up the desired switching frequency. A resistor, placed from FS to ground will set the switching frequency. The relationship between the value of the resistor and the switching frequency will be described by an approximate Equation 40.

**SS** - Use this pin to set up the desired start-up oscillator frequency. A resistor, placed from SS to ground will set up the soft-start ramp rate. The relationship between the value of the resistor and the soft-start ramp up time will be described by approximate equation.

## VID7, VID6, VID5, VID4, VID3, VID2, VID1 and VID0 -

These are the inputs to the internal DAC that provides the reference voltage for output regulation. Connect these pins either to open-drain outputs with or without external pull-up resistors or to active-pull-up outputs. VID7-VID0 have 40µA internal pull-up current sources that diminish to zero as the voltage rises above the logic-high level. These inputs can be pulled up as high as VCC plus 0.3V.

When a VID code causes a shut-off, the controller needs to be reset before it will start again.

**VRSEL** - VRSEL is the pin used to select Internal VID code. when it is connected to GND, the extended VR10 code is selected. When it's floated or pulled to high, VR11 code is selected. This input can be pulled up as high as VCC plus 0.3V.

**VDIFF, VSEN, and RGND -** VSEN and RGND form the precision differential remote-sense amplifier. This amplifier converts the differential voltage of the remote output to a single-ended voltage referenced to local ground. VDIFF is the amplifier's output and the input to the regulation and protection circuitry. Connect VSEN and RGND to the sense pins of the remote load.

**FB and COMP** - Inverting input and output of the error amplifier respectively. FB is connected to VDIFF through a resistor. A negative current, proportional to output current is present on the FB pin. A properly sized resistor between VDIFF and FB sets the load line (droop). The droop scale factor is set by the ratio of the ISEN resistors and the lower MOSFET R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>. COMP is tied back to FB through an external R-C network to compensate the regulator.

**DAC and REF** - The DAC output pin is the output of the precision internal DAC reference. The REF input pin is the positive input of the Error Amp. In typical applications, a  $1k\Omega$ , 1% resistor is used between DAC and REF to generate a precise offset voltage. This voltage is proportional to the offset current determined by the offset resistor from OFS to ground or VCC. A capacitor is used between REF and ground to smooth the voltage transition during Dynamic VID $^{\text{TM}}$  operations.

intersil

PWM1. PWM2. PWM3. PWM4. PWM5. PWM6 - Pulsewidth modulation outputs. Connect these pins to the PWM input pins of the Intersil driver IC. The number of active channels is determined by the state of PWM3, PWM4, PWM5 and PWM 6. Tie PWM3 to VCC to configure for 2-phase operation. Tie PWM4 to VCC to configure for 3-phase operation. Tie PWM5 to VCC to configure for 4-phase operation. Tie PWM6 to VCC to configure for 5-phase operation.

ISEN1+, ISEN1-; ISEN2+, ISEN2-; ISEN3+, ISEN3-; ISEN4+, ISEN4-; ISEN5+, ISEN5-; ISEN6+, ISEN6- - The ISEN+ and ISEN- pins are current sense inputs to individual differential amplifiers. The sensed current is used as a reference for channel balancing, protection, and regulation. Inactive channels should have their respective current sense inputs left open (for example, for 3-phase operation open ISEN4+).

For DCR sensing, connect each ISEN- pin to the node between the RC sense elements. Tie the ISEN+ pin to the other end of the sense capacitor through a resistor, R<sub>ISEN</sub>. The voltage across the sense capacitor is proportional to the inductor current. The sense current is proportional to the output current, and scaled by the DCR of the inductor and

When configured for  $R_{DS(ON)}$  current sensing, the ISEN1-, ISEN2-, ISEN3-, ISEN4-, ISEN5-, ISEN6- pins are grounded at the lower MOSFET sources. The ISEN1+, ISEN2+, ISEN3+, ISEN4+, ISEN5+, ISEN6+ pins are then held at a virtual ground, such that a resistor connected between them, and the drain terminal of the associated lower MOSFET, will carry a current proportional to the current flowing through that channel. The current is determined by the negative voltage developed across the lower MOSFET's R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, which is the channel current scaled by R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> and R<sub>ISEN</sub>.

VR RDY - VR RDY is used as an indication of the end of soft-start with certain delay per Intel VR11. It is an opendrain logic output that is low impedance until the soft-start is completed. It will be pulled low again once the undervoltage point is reached.

OFS - The OFS pin provides a means to program a DC offset current for generating a DC offset voltage at the REF input. The offset current is generated via an external resistor and precision internal voltage references. The polarity of the offset is selected by connecting the resistor to GND or VCC. For no offset, the OFS pin should be left unterminated.

**TCOMP** - Temperature compensation scaling input. The voltage sensed on the TM pin is utilized as the temperature input to adjust Idroop and the overcurrent protection limit to effectively compensate for the temperature coefficient of the current sense element. To implement the integrated temperature compensation, a resistor divider circuit is needed with one resistor being connected from TCOMP to VCC of the controller and another resistor being connected

from TCOMP to GND. Changing the ratio of the resistor values will set the gain of the integrated thermal compensation. When integrated temperature compensation function is not used, connect TCOMP to GND.

**OVP** - The Overvoltage protection output indication pin. This pin can be pulled to VCC and is latched when an overvoltage condition is detected. When not used, keep this pin open.

IDROOP - The output pin of sensed average channel current which is probational to load current. In the application which does not require loadline, leave this pin open. In the application which requires load line, connect this pin to FB so that the sensed average current will flow through the resistor between FB and VDIFF to create a voltage drop which is probational to load current.

IOUT - IOUT has the same output as IDROOP with additional OCP adjustment function. In actual application, a resistor needs to be placed between IOUT and GND to ensure the proper operation. The Voltage at IOUT pin will be proportional to the load current. If the voltage is higher than 2V, ISL6307B will go into OCP mode, this means shut down first and then hiccup. The additional OCP trip level can be adjusted by changing the resistor value.

**TM** - TM is an input pin for VR temperature measurement. Connect this pin through NTC thermistor to GND and a resistor to 5V. The voltage at this pin is proportional to VR temperature. ISL6307 monitor the VR temperature based the voltage at TM pin and output VR HOT and VR FAN control singles.

**VR\_HOT** - An indication output pin of high VR temperature. It is an open-drain logic output with low impedance. It will be pulled high when measured VR temperature reaches certain level.

VR FAN - An indication output pin of VR temperature high warning with open-drain logic. It will be pulled high when measured VR temperature reaches certain level. VR FAN will be pulled to high before VR HOT.

## Operation

## Multiphase Power Conversion

Microprocessor load current profiles have changed to the point that the advantages of multiphase power conversion are impossible to ignore. The technical challenges associated with producing a single-phase converter which is both cost-effective and thermally viable, have forced a change to the cost-saving approach of multiphase. The ISL6307B controller helps reduce the complexity of implementation by integrating vital functions and requiring minimal output components. The block diagrams on pages 4, 5, 6 and 7 provide top level views of multiphase power conversion using the ISL6307B controller.

FN9225.0 int<u>ersil</u> March 9, 2006

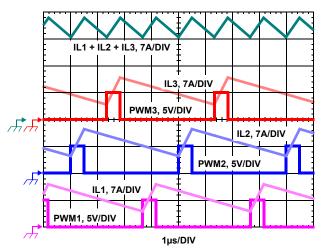


FIGURE 1. PWM AND INDUCTOR-CURRENT WAVEFORMS FOR 3-PHASE CONVERTER

#### Interleaving

The switching of each channel in a multiphase converter is timed to be symmetrically out of phase with each of the other channels. In a 3-phase converter, each channel switches 1/3 cycle after the previous channel and 1/3 cycle before the following channel. As a result, the three-phase converter has a combined ripple frequency three times greater than the ripple frequency of any one phase. In addition, the peak-to-peak amplitude of the combined inductor currents is reduced in proportion to the number of phases (Equations 1 and 2). Increased ripple frequency and lower ripple amplitude mean that the designer can use less per-channel inductance and lower total output capacitance for any performance specification.

Figure 1 illustrates the multiplicative effect on output ripple frequency. The three channel currents (IL1, IL2, and IL3) combine to form the AC ripple current and the DC load current. The ripple component has three times the ripple frequency of each individual channel current. Each PWM pulse is terminated 1/3 of a cycle after the PWM pulse of the previous phase. The peak-to-peak current for each phase is about 7A, and the dc components of the inductor currents combine to feed the load.

To understand the reduction of ripple current amplitude in the multiphase circuit, examine the equation representing an individual channel's peak-to-peak inductor current.

$$I_{P-P} = \frac{(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})V_{OUT}}{Lf_{S}V_{IN}}$$
 (EQ. 1)

In Equation 1,  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  are the input and output voltages respectively, L is the single-channel inductor value, and  $f_S$  is the switching frequency.

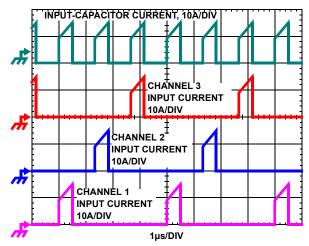


FIGURE 2. CHANNEL INPUT CURRENTS AND INPUT-CAPACITOR RMS CURRENT FOR 3-PHASE CONVERTER

The output capacitors conduct the ripple component of the inductor current. In the case of multiphase converters, the capacitor current is the sum of the ripple currents from each of the individual channels. Compare Equation 1 to the expression for the peak-to-peak current after the summation of N symmetrically phase-shifted inductor currents in Equation 2. Peak-to-peak ripple current decreases by an amount proportional to the number of channels. Output-voltage ripple is a function of capacitance, capacitor equivalent series resistance (ESR), and inductor ripple current. Reducing the inductor ripple current allows the designer to use fewer or less costly output capacitors.

$$I_{C, P-P} = \frac{(V_{IN} - N V_{OUT}) V_{OUT}}{Lf_S V_{IN}}$$
 (EQ. 2)

Another benefit of interleaving is to reduce input ripple current. Input capacitance is determined in part by the maximum input ripple current. Multiphase topologies can improve overall system cost and size by lowering input ripple current and allowing the designer to reduce the cost of input capacitance. The example in Figure 2 illustrates input currents from a three-phase converter combining to reduce the total input ripple current.

The converter depicted in Figure 2 delivers 36A to a 1.5V load from a 12V input. The RMS input capacitor current is 5.9A. Compare this to a single-phase converter also stepping down 12V to 1.5V at 36A. The single-phase converter has 11.9A RMS input capacitor current. The single-phase converter must use an input capacitor bank with twice the RMS current capacity as the equivalent three-phase converter.

Figures 22, 23 and 24 in the section entitled *Input Capacitor Selection* can be used to determine the input-capacitor RMS current based on load current, duty cycle, and the number of channels. They are provided as aids in determining the optimal input capacitor solution. Figure 25 shows the single phase input-capacitor RMS current for comparison.

## **PWM Operation**

The timing of each converter leg is set by the number of active channels. The default channel setting for the ISL6307B is four. One switching cycle is defined as the time between PWM1 pulse termination signals. The pulse termination signal is an internally generated clock signal which triggers the falling edge of PWM1. The cycle time of the pulse termination signal is the inverse of the switching frequency set by the resistor between the FS pin and ground. Each cycle begins when the clock signal commands the channel-1 PWM output to go low. The PWM1 transition signals the channel-1 MOSFET driver to turn off the channel-1 upper MOSFET and turn on the channel-1 synchronous MOSFET. In the default channel configuration. the PWM2 pulse terminates 1/4 of a cycle after PWM1. The PWM3 output follows another 1/4 of a cycle after PWM2. PWM4 terminates another 1/4 of a cycle after PWM3.

If PWM3 is connected to VCC, two channel operation is selected and the PWM2 pulse terminates 1/2 of a cycle later. Connecting PWM4 to VCC selects three channel operation and the pulse-termination times are spaced in 1/3 cycle increments. Connecting both PWM3 and PWM4 to VCC selects single-channel operation.

Once a PWM signal transitions low, it is held low for a minimum of 1/3 cycle. This forced off time is required to ensure an accurate current sample. Current sensing is described in the next section. After the forced off time expires, the PWM output is enabled. The PWM output state is driven by the position of the error amplifier output signal,  $V_{COMP}$ , minus the current correction signal relative to the sawtooth ramp as illustrated in Figure 7. When the modified  $V_{COMP}$  voltage crosses the sawtooth ramp, the PWM output transitions high. The MOSFET driver detects the change in state of the PWM signal and turns off the synchronous (lower) MOSFET and turns on the upper MOSFET. The PWM signal will remain high until the pulse termination signal marks the beginning of the next cycle by triggering the PWM signal low.

## **Current Sampling**

During the forced off-time following a PWM transition low, the associated channel current sense amplifier uses the ISEN inputs to reproduce a signal proportional to the inductor current,  $I_L$ . This current gets sampled starting 1/6 period after each PWM goes low and continuously gets sampled for 1/3 period, or until the PWM goes high, whichever comes first. No matter the current sense method, the sense current,  $I_{\mbox{\footnotesize{SEN}}}$ , is simply a scaled version of the inductor current. Coincident with the falling edge of the PWM signal, the sample and hold circuitry samples the sensed current signal  $I_{\mbox{\footnotesize{SEN}}}$ , as illustrated in Figure 3.

Therefore, the sample current,  $I_n$ , is proportional to the output current and held for one switching cycle. The sample current is used for current balance, load-line regulation, and overcurrent protection.

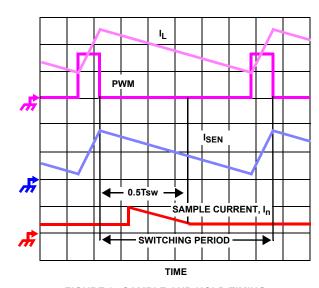


FIGURE 3. SAMPLE AND HOLD TIMING

## **Current Sensing**

The ISL6307B supports inductor DCR sensing, MOSFET  $R_{DS(ON)}$  sensing, or resistive sensing techniques. The internal circuitry, shown in Figures 4, 5, and 6, represents one channel of an N-channel converter. This circuitry is repeated for each channel in the converter, but may not be active depending on the status of the PWM3 and PWM4 pins, as described in the *PWM Operation* section.

## INDUCTOR DCR SENSING

An inductor's winding is characteristic of a distributed resistance as measured by the DCR (Direct Current Resistance) parameter. Consider the inductor DCR as a separate lumped quantity, as shown in Figure 4. The channel current  $I_L$ , flowing through the inductor, will also pass through the DCR. Equation 3 shows the s-domain equivalent voltage across the inductor  $V_L$ .

$$V_1 = I_1 \cdot (s \cdot L + DCR) \tag{EQ. 3}$$

A simple R-C network across the inductor extracts the DCR voltage, as shown in Figure 4.

The voltage on the capacitor  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize C}}$ , can be shown to be proportional to the channel current  $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize L}}$ , see Equation 4.

$$V_{C} = \frac{\left(s \cdot \frac{L}{DCR} + 1\right) \cdot (DCR \cdot I_{L})}{\left(s \cdot RC + 1\right)}$$
 (EQ. 4)

If the R-C network components are selected such that the RC time constant (= R\*C) matches the inductor time constant (= L/DCR), the voltage across the capacitor  $V_C$  is equal to the voltage drop across the DCR, i.e. proportional to the channel current.

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

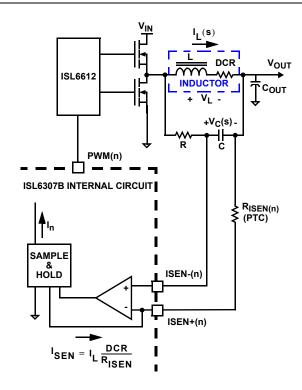


FIGURE 4. DCR SENSING CONFIGURATION

With the internal low-offset current amplifier, the capacitor voltage V<sub>C</sub> is replicated across the sense resistor R<sub>ISEN</sub>. Therefore the current out of ISEN+ pin,  $I_{\mbox{\footnotesize SEN}}$ , is proportional to the inductor current.

Equation 5 shows that the ratio of the channel current to the sensed current I<sub>SFN</sub> is driven by the value of the sense resistor and the DCR of the inductor.

$$I_{SEN} = I_{L} \cdot \frac{DCR}{R_{ISEN}}$$
 (EQ. 5)

#### **RESISTIVE SENSING**

For accurate current sense, a dedicated current-sense resistor R<sub>SENSE</sub> in series with each output inductor can serve as the current sense element (see Figure 5). This technique is more accurate, but reduces overall converter efficiency due to the additional power loss on the current sense element RSENSE.

Equation 6 shows the ratio of the channel current to the sensed current I<sub>SEN</sub>.

$$I_{SEN} = I_{L} \cdot \frac{R_{SENSE}}{R_{ISEN}}$$
 (EQ. 6)

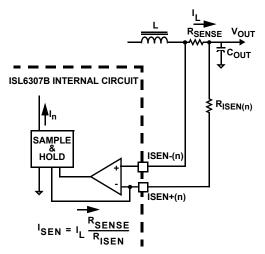


FIGURE 5. SENSE RESISTOR IN SERIES WITH INDUCTORS

## MOSFET R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> SENSING

The controller can also sense the channel load current by sampling the voltage across the lower MOSFET RDS(ON) (see Figure 6). The amplifier is ground-reference by connecting the ISEN- pin to the source of the lower MOSFET. ISEN+ pin is connected to the PHASE node through the current sense resistor RISEN. The voltage across R<sub>ISEN</sub> is equivalent to the voltage drop across the R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> of the lower MOSFET while it is conducting. The resulting current out of the ISEN+ pin is proportional to the channel current I<sub>1</sub>.

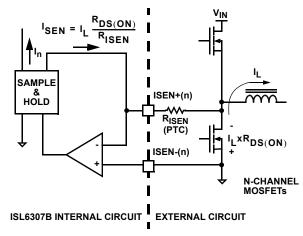


FIGURE 6. MOSFET R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> CURRENT-SENSING CIRCUIT

Equation 7 shows the ratio of the channel current to the sensed current ISFN.

$$I_{SEN} = I_{L} \frac{R_{DS(ON)}}{R_{ISEN}}$$
 (EQ. 7)

Both inductor DCR and MOSFET R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> value will increase as the temperature increases. Therefore the sensed current will increase as the temperature of the current sense element increases. In order to compensate

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006 the temperature effect on the sensed current signal, a Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC) resistor can be selected for the sense resistor  $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize ISEN}},$  or the integrated temperature compensation function of ISL6307B should be utilized. The integrated temperature compensation function is described in the *Temperature Compensation* section.

## Channel-Current Balance

The sensed current  $I_{n}$  from each active channel are summed together and divided by the number of active channels. The resulting average current  $I_{AVG}$  provides a measure of the total load current. Channel current balance is achieved by comparing the sampled current of each channel to the average current to make an appropriate adjustment to the PWM duty cycle of each channel. Intersil's patented current-balance method is illustrated in Figure 7. In the figure, the average current combines with the channel 1 current  $I_{1}$  to create an error signal  $I_{ER}$ . The filtered error signal modifies the pulse width commanded by  $V_{COMP}$  to correct any unbalance and force  $I_{ER}$  toward zero. The same method for error signal correction is applied to each active channel.

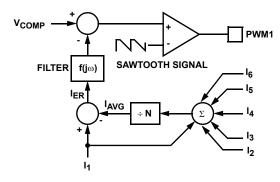


FIGURE 7. CHANNEL-1 PWM FUNCTION AND CURRENT-BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

Channel current balance is essential in achieving the thermal advantage of multiphase operation. With good current balance, the power loss is equally dissipated over multiple devices and a greater area.

#### Voltage Regulation

The integrating compensation network shown in Figure 8 assures that the steady-state error in the output voltage is limited only to the error in the reference voltage (output of the DAC) and offset errors in the OFS current source, remote-sense and error amplifiers. Intersil specifies the guaranteed tolerance of the ISL6307B to include the combined tolerances of each of these elements.

The output of the error amplifier,  $V_{COMP}$ , is compared to the sawtooth waveform to generate the PWM signals. The PWM signals control the timing of the Intersil MOSFET drivers and regulate the converter output to the specified reference

voltage. The internal and external circuitry which control voltage regulation is illustrated in Figure 8.

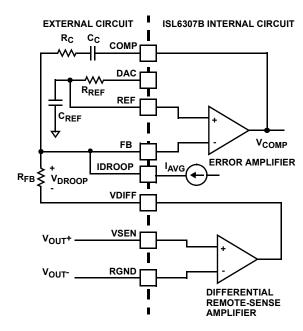


FIGURE 8. OUTPUT VOLTAGE AND LOAD-LINE REGULATION WITH OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

The ISL6307B incorporates an internal differential remotesense amplifier in the feedback path. The amplifier removes the voltage error encountered when measuring the output voltage relative to the local controller ground reference point resulting in a more accurate means of sensing output voltage. Connect the microprocessor sense pins to the non-inverting input, VSEN, and inverting input, RGND, of the remote-sense amplifier. The remote-sense output, V<sub>DIFF</sub>, is connected to the inverting input of the error amplifier through an external resistor.

A digital to analog converter (DAC) generates a reference voltage based on the state of logic signals at pins VID7 through VID0. The DAC decodes the 8-bit logic signal (VID) into one of the discrete voltages shown in Table 1. Each VID input offers a  $45\mu$ A pull-up to an internal 2.5V source for use with open-drain outputs. The pull-up current diminishes to zero above the logic threshold to protect voltage-sensitive output devices. External pull-up resistors can augment the pull-up current sources if case leakage into the driving device is greater than  $45\mu$ A.

## Load-Line Regulation

Some microprocessor manufacturers require a precisely-controlled output resistance. This dependence of output voltage on load current is often termed "droop" or "load line" regulation. By adding a well controlled output impedance, the output voltage can effectively be level shifted in a direction which works to achieve the load-line regulation required by these manufacturers.

FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

TABLE 1. VR10 VID TABLE (WITH 6.25mV EXTENSION)

VID4	VID3	VID2 100mV	VID1	VID0 25mV	VID5 12.5mV	VID6 6.25mV	VOLTAGE (V)
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1.6
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1.59375
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1.5875
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1.58125
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1.575
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1.56875
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1.5625
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1.55625
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1.55
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1.54375
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1.5375
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1.53125
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1.525
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1.51875
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1.5125
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1.50625
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1.5
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1.49375
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1.4875
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1.48125
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.475
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1.46875
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.4625
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.45625
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1.45
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1.44375
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1.4375
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1.43125
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1.425
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1.41875
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1.4125
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1.40625
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1.4
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1.39375
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1.3875
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1.38125
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1.375
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1.36875
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1.3625

TABLE 1. VR10 VID TABLE (WITH 6.25mV EXTENSION)

1         0         1         0         0         0         1.35625           1         0         1         0         0         1         1         1.34375           1         0         1         0         1         0         1.34375           1         0         1         0         1         0         1         1.34375           1         0         1         0         1         0         0         1.3375           1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1         1.3375           1         0         1         0         1         1         1         1         1.3375           1         0         1         0         1	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	VID5	VID6	VOLTAGE
1         0         1         0         0         1         1         1.34375           1         0         1         0         1         0         1.34375           1         0         1         0         1         0         1         1.3375           1         0         1         0         1         0         0         1.33125           1         0         1         0         1         1         1         1.325           1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>6.25mV</th><th>(V)</th></t<>							6.25mV	(V)
1         0         1         0         1         0         1.34375           1         0         1         0         1         0         1         1.3375           1         0         1         0         1         0         0         1.33125           1         0         1         0         1         1         1         1.33125           1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         1         0         1.29375           1         0         1         1         1         0         1.28875           1         1         0					0			
1         0         1         0         1         1.3375           1         0         1         0         1         0.33125           1         0         1         0         1         1         1.33125           1         0         1         0         1         1         1         1         1.3325           1         0         1         1         0         0         1         1.3125           1         0         1         1         0         0         1         1.3125           1         0         1         1         0         0         1         1.3125           1         0         1         1         0         0         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.3325           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.28255           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1.35
1         0         1         0         0         1.33125           1         0         1         0         1         1         1.325           1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1.29375           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1 <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1.34375</td>	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1.34375
1         0         1         0         1         1         1         1.325           1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1         0         0         1.31675           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.29375           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.275           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1.3375
1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1.31875           1         0         1         1.3125         1         0         1         1.3125           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.33625           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.29375           1         0         1         1         1         0         0         1.28125           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.275           1         1         0         1         1         1.2625         1         1         1         0         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1.33125
1         0         1         1         0         0         1         1.3125           1         0         1         1         0         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.33025           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.29375           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         0         0         1.28125           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         1 <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1.325</td>	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1.325
1         0         1         1         0         0         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1.30625           1         0         1         1         0         1         1.29375           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         0         0         1.28125           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.26625           1         1         0         0         0         1.25625         1         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         1         1.24375         1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1.31875
1         0         1         1         0         1         1         1.3           1         0         1         1         0         1         0         1.29375           1         0         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         0         0         1.28125           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1.3125
1         0         1         1         0         1.29375           1         0         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.2875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375         1         1         1         1.22375           1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1.30625
1         0         1         1         0         1         1.2875           1         0         1         1         1         0         0         1.28125           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.275           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.2625         1         1         0         0         0         0         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.255           1         1         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375         1           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375         1           1         1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1.3
1         0         1         1         1         0         0         1.28125           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.275           1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         0         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1.25525           1         1         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1.21875           1         1         0         0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1.29375
1         0         1         1         1         1         1         1.275           1         0         1         1         1         1         0         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2285           1         1         0         1         1         1.2215           1         1         0         1         1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1.2875
1         0         1         1         1         1         0         1.26875           1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         0         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         0         0         1.23125           1         1         0         0         1         1         1.22125           1         1         0         0         1         1.21875           1         1         0         1         0         1.20625           1         1         0         1         0         1.19375           1         1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1.28125
1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1.2625           1         1         0         0         0         0         0         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25           1         1         0         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         0         0         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         1         1         0         1.24875           1         1         0         1         0         0         1.20625           1         1         0         1 <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1.275</td>	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1.275
1         1         0         0         0         0         1.25625           1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25           1         1         0         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         0         0         1.23125           1         1         0         0         1         1         1         1.225           1         1         0         0         1         1         0         1.21875           1         1         0         1         0         0         1.21875           1         1         0         1         0         0         1.20625           1         1         0         1         0         0         1.20625           1         1         0         1         0         1.1875         1         1.1875           1         1         0         1         1         0         1.18125	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1.26875
1         1         0         0         0         1         1         1.25           1         1         0         0         0         1         0         1.24375           1         1         0         0         1         0         1         1.2375           1         1         0         0         1         0         0         1.23125           1         1         0         0         1         1         1.225           1         1         0         0         1         1         0         1.21875           1         1         0         1         0         0         1         1.21875           1         1         0         1         0         0         1         1.21875           1         1         0         1         0         0         1.20625           1         1         0         1         0         0         1.20625           1         1         0         1         0         1.1875         1         1.1875           1         1         0         1         1         1         1.1875         <	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1.2625
1       1       0       0       0       1       0       1.24375         1       1       0       0       1       0       1       1.2375         1       1       0       0       1       0       0       1.23125         1       1       0       0       1       1       1       1.225         1       1       0       0       1       1       0       1.21875         1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.225         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.19375         1       1       0       1       1       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1       1.16875         1       1       0       1       1       1.1625         1       1 <t< td=""><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1.25625</td></t<>	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1.25625
1       1       0       0       1       0       1       1.2375         1       1       0       0       1       0       0       1.23125         1       1       0       0       1       1       1       1.225         1       1       0       0       1       1       0       1.21875         1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.19375         1       1       0       1       1       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1.25
1       1       0       0       1.23125         1       1       0       0       1       1       1       1.23125         1       1       0       0       1       1       0       1.21875         1       1       0       0       1       1.21875         1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       1.19375         1       1       0       1       0       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0 </td <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1.24375</td>	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1.24375
1       1       0       0       1       1       1       1.225         1       1       0       0       1       1       0       1.21875         1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1       1.2         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1.19375         1       1       0       1       0       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.1625	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1.2375
1       1       0       0       1       1       0       1.21875         1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1       1.2         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.19375         1       1       0       1       0       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.1375         1       1 <td< td=""><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1.23125</td></td<>	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1.23125
1       1       0       1       0       0       1       1.2125         1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1       1.2         1       1       0       1       0       1       1       1.2         1       1       0       1       0       1       0       1.19375         1       1       0       1       1       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.13125         1       1       1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1.225
1       1       0       1       0       0       0       1.20625         1       1       0       1       0       1       1       1.2         1       1       0       1       0       1       0       1.19375         1       1       0       1       1       0       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       0       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.13125         1       <	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1.21875
1       1       0       1       0       1       1       1.2         1       1       0       1       0       1.19375         1       1       0       1       1       0       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       0       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       0       1       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.13125         1       1       1       0       1       1       <	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1.2125
1       1       0       1       0       1.19375         1       1       0       1       1       0       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       0       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1       1.1625         1       1       1       0       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.1375         1       1       1       0       1       1       1.125	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1.20625
1       1       0       1       1.1875         1       1       0       1       1       0       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1       1.1625         1       1       1       0       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1       1.15         1       1       1       0       0       1       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.1375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.13125         1       1       1       0       1       1       1.125	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1.2
1       1       0       1       1       0       0       1.18125         1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1       1.1625         1       1       1       0       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1       1.15         1       1       1       0       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.1375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1.13125         1       1       1       0       1       1       1.125	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1.19375
1       1       0       1       1       1       1       1.175         1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1       1.1625         1       1       1       0       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1       1.15         1       1       1       0       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1       1.1375         1       1       1       0       1       0       0       1.13125         1       1       1       0       1       1       1.125	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1.1875
1       1       0       1       1       1       0       1.16875         1       1       1       0       0       0       1       1.1625         1       1       1       0       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1       1.15         1       1       1       0       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1       1.1375         1       1       1       0       1       0       0       1.13125         1       1       1       0       1       1       1.125	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1.18125
1       1       1       0       0       0       1       1.1625         1       1       1       0       0       0       0       1.15625         1       1       1       0       0       1       1       1.15         1       1       1       0       0       1       0       1.14375         1       1       1       0       1       0       1       1.1375         1       1       1       0       1       0       0       1.13125         1       1       1       0       1       1       1       1.125	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1.175
1     1     1     0     0     0     0     1.15625       1     1     1     0     0     1     1     1.15       1     1     1     0     0     1     0     1.14375       1     1     1     0     1     0     1     1.1375       1     1     1     0     1     0     0     1.13125       1     1     1     0     1     1     1.125	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1.16875
1     1     1     0     0     1     1     1.15       1     1     1     0     0     1     0     1.14375       1     1     1     0     1     0     1     1.1375       1     1     1     0     1     0     0     1.13125       1     1     1     0     1     1     1     1.125	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1.1625
1     1     1     0     0     1     0     1.14375       1     1     1     0     1     0     1     1.1375       1     1     1     0     1     0     0     1.13125       1     1     1     0     1     1     1     1.125	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1.15625
1     1     1     0     1     0     1     1.1375       1     1     1     0     1     0     0     1.13125       1     1     1     0     1     1     1     1.125	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1.15
1     1     1     0     1     0     0     1.13125       1     1     1     0     1     1     1     1.125	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1.14375
1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1.125	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1.1375
	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1.13125
1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 10	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1.125
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1.11875

TABLE 1. VR10 VID TABLE (WITH 6.25mV EXTENSION)

		TICIO VIL		•			
VID4 400mV	VID3 200mV	VID2 100mV	VID1 50mV	VID0 25mV	VID5 12.5mV	VID6 6.25mV	VOLTAGE (V)
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1.1125
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1.10625
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1.1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1.09375
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	OFF
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	OFF
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	OFF
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	OFF
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.0875
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.08125
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1.075
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1.06875
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1.0625
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1.05625
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1.05
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1.04375
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1.0375
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1.03125
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1.025
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1.01875
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1.0125
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1.00625
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0.99375
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.9875
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.98125
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0.975
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0.96875
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0.9625
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0.95625
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0.95
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0.94375
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0.9375
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0.93125
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0.925
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0.91875
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0.9125
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0.90625
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0.9

TABLE 1. VR10 VID TABLE (WITH 6.25mV EXTENSION)

VID4 400mV	VID3 200mV	VID2 100mV	VID1 50mV	VID0 25mV	VID5 12.5mV	VID6 6.25mV	VOLTAGE (V)
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0.89375
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.8875
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.88125
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0.875
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0.86875
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0.8625
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0.85625
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0.85
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0.84375
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0.8375
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0.83125

## TABLE 2. VR11 VID 8-BIT

IABLE 2. VICTI VID 0-BIT										
VID7	VID6	VID5	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	VOLTAGE		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	OFF		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	OFF		
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1.60000		
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1.59375		
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1.58750		
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1.58125		
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1.57500		
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1.56875		
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1.56250		
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1.55625		
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1.55000		
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1.54375		
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1.53750		
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1.53125		
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1.52500		
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1.51875		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1.51250		
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1.50625		
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1.50000		
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1.49375		
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1.48750		
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1.48125		
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1.47500		
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1.46875		
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1.46250		
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1.45625		

TABLE 2. VR11 VID 8-BIT (Continued)

VID7	VID6	VID5	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	VOLTAGE
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1.45000
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1.44375
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1.43750
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1.43125
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1.42500
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1.41875
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1.41250
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1.40625
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1.40000
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1.39375
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1.38750
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1.38125
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1.37500
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1.36875
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1.36250
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1.35625
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1.35000
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1.34375
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1.33750
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1.33125
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1.32500
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1.31875
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1.31250
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1.30625
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1.30000
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1.29375
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1.28750
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1.28125
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1.27500
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1.26875
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1.26250
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1.25625
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1.25000
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1.24375
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1.23750
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1.23125
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1.22500
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.21875
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.21250
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.20625

TABLE 2. VR11 VID 8-BIT (Continued)

		TABLE 2: VICTI VID 0-BIT		(00	naoa,			
VID7	VID6	VID5	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	VOLTAGE
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1.20000
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1.19375
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1.18750
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1.18125
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1.17500
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1.16875
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1.16250
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1.15625
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1.15000
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1.14375
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1.13750
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1.13125
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1.12500
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1.11875
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1.11250
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1.10625
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1.10000
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1.09375
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1.08750
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1.08125
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1.07500
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1.06875
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1.06250
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1.05625
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1.05000
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1.04375
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1.03750
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1.03125
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1.02500
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1.01875
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1.01250
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1.00625
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1.00000
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0.99375
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0.98750
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0.98125
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0.97500
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0.96875
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0.96250
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0.95625
				1			·	

TABLE 2. VR11 VID 8-BIT (Continued)

VID7         VID6         VID5         VID4         VID3         VID2         VID1         VID0         VOLTAGE           0         1         1         0         1         0         0.95000           0         1         1         0         1         0         0.95000           0         1         1         0         1         0         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         0         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         0         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         0.93750         0         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         0.93750         0         0         0.90200           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0		1		= 2. VF		ı —	ı —		
0         1         1         0         1         1         0.94375           0         1         1         0         1         1         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         0         1         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         1         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         1         1         0         0.92500           0         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.90250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.90250           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.86250           0         1	VID7	VID6	VID5	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	VOLTAGE
0         1         1         0         1         1         0         0         0.93750           0         1         1         0         1         0.93125         0         1         0         1         0.93125           0         1         1         0         1         1         1         0         0.92500           0         1         1         0         1         1         1         0         0.92500           0         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.90200           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         1         0.90625           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.893750           0         1         1         1         1 <td< td=""><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0.95000</td></td<>	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0.95000
0         1         1         0         1         0.93125           0         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.92500           0         1         1         1         1         0         0.92500           0         1         1         0         1         1         1         0.90250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.90255           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.90625           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0.94375
0         1         1         0         1         1         1         0         0.92500           0         1         1         1         1         1         0.91875           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.91875           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.89375           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.86875           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.8625	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0.93750
0         1         1         1         1         1         0.91875           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.9025           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.89375           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0.93125
0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.91250           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         1         0.90625           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.89375           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.88750           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.88250           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.88375           0         1         1         1         1         1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0.92500
0         1         1         1         0         0         0         1         0.90625           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0.90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.89375           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.87500           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0.91875
0         1         1         1         0         0         1         0         0,90000           0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.89375           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.87500           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86875           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86875           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         1         1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.91250
0         1         1         1         0         0         1         1         0.89375           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.87500           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         1         0.88750           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.88375           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0.90625
0         1         1         1         0         1         0         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         0         1         0         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.87500           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         1         0.86875           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.85000           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.883750           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0.90000
0         1         1         1         0         1         0         1         0.88125           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         0         0.87500           0         1         1         1         0         1         1         1         0         0.88750           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85600           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.883750           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.883750           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.882500 </td <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0.89375</td>	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0.89375
0         1         1         1         0         0.87500           0         1         1         1         0         0.86875           0         1         1         1         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85600           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0.88750
0         1         1         1         0         1         1         1         0.86875           0         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85000           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           1         0         0         0         0         0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0.88125
0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0         0.86250           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0         0.85000           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.83125           1         0         0         0         0         0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0.87500
0         1         1         1         1         0         0         1         0.85625           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0         0.85000           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83250           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.83250           1         0         0         0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0.86875
0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0         0.85000           0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.83125           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.81875           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.80625           1         0         0         0         0         0         1         0.80625           1         0         0         0         0         1         0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0.86250
0         1         1         1         1         0         1         1         0.84375           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.808500           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.80625           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.787	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0.85625
0         1         1         1         1         0         0         0.83750           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.81250           1         0         0         0         0         0         1         0.80625           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         1         0.79375           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.7812	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0.85000
0         1         1         1         1         0         1         0.83125           0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.81875           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.81250           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.88025           1         0         0         0         0         1         0.880000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0.880000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0.880000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0.79375           1         0         0         0         1         0         0.78750           1         0         0         0         0         1         1         <	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0.84375
0         1         1         1         1         1         0         0.82500           0         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.81875           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.81250           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.81250           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         0.80625           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         1         0.79375           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.78750           1         0         0         0         0         1         1         0.76875           1         0         0         0         1         0         0         0.76250	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0.83750
0         1         1         1         1         1         1         0.81875           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.81250           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         1         0.79375           1         0         0         0         1         0         0         0.78750           1         0         0         0         1         0         1         0.778750           1         0         0         0         1         1         1         0.76875           1         0         0         0         1         1         1         0.76875           1         0         0         0         1         0         0         0.76250           1         0         0 <td< td=""><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0.83125</td></td<>	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0.83125
1         0         0         0         0         0         0.81250           1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0.80625           1         0         0         0         0         0         1         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.80000           1         0         0         0         0         1         1         0.79375           1         0         0         0         0         1         0         0.78750           1         0         0         0         1         0         1         0.78125           1         0         0         0         1         1         0.778750           1         0         0         0         1         1         0.76875           1         0         0         0         1         1         0.76875           1         0         0         0         1         0         0         0.76250           1         0         0         0         1         0         0         0.75000     <	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0.82500
1       0       0       0       0       0       1       0.80625         1       0       0       0       0       1       0.80600         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       0.80000         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0.79375         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.78750         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       1       0.77500         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73750         1       0       0 <t< td=""><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0.81875</td></t<>	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.81875
1       0       0       0       0       1       0       0.80000         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0.79375         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.78750         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       1       0.78125         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.77500         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.76875         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.756025         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.732500 <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0.81250</td>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.81250
1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0.79375         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.78750         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       1       0.78125         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.77500         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.76875         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73125         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.72500         1       0       0       1       1       1       0.71250 <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0.80625</td>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.80625
1       0       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.78750         1       0       0       0       0       1       0       1       0.78125         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.77500         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.76875         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75600         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.74375         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.72500         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.71250         1       0       0       1       1       1       1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.80000
1       0       0       0       0       1       0       1       0.78125         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.77500         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.76875         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       0       0.75600         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73125         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.71875         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.71875         1       0       0       1       1       1       1       0.71250 <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0.79375</td>	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.79375
1       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.77500         1       0       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.76875         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       1       0.74375         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       0.73125         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0       0.72500         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.71875         1       0       0       1       1       1       1       0.71250	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0.78750
1       0       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.76875         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       1       0.74375         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0.73250         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0.71875         1       0       0       1       1       1       1       0.71250	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.78125
1       0       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.76250         1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       1       0.74375         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       1       0.73125         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0       0.72500         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       1       0.71875         1       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.71250	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0.77500
1       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0.75625         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       0       0.75000         1       0       0       0       1       0       1       1       0.74375         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       0.73750         1       0       0       0       1       1       0       1       0.73125         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       0       0.72500         1       0       0       0       1       1       1       1       0.71875         1       0       0       1       0       0       0       0.71250	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0.76875
1     0     0     0     1     0     1     0     0.75000       1     0     0     0     1     0     1     1     0.74375       1     0     0     0     1     1     0     0     0.73750       1     0     0     0     1     1     0     1     0.73125       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     0     0.72500       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     1     0.71875       1     0     0     1     0     0     0     0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0.76250
1     0     0     0     1     0     1     1     0.74375       1     0     0     0     1     1     0     0     0.73750       1     0     0     0     1     1     0     1     0.73125       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     0     0.72500       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     1     0.71875       1     0     0     1     0     0     0     0     0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.75625
1     0     0     0     1     1     0     0     0.73750       1     0     0     0     1     1     0     1     0.73125       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     0     0.72500       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     1     0.71875       1     0     0     1     0     0     0     0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0.75000
1     0     0     0     1     1     0     1     0.73125       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     0     0.72500       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     1     0.71875       1     0     0     1     0     0     0     0     0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0.74375
1     0     0     0     1     1     1     0     0.72500       1     0     0     0     1     1     1     1     0.71875       1     0     0     1     0     0     0     0     0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0.73750
1     0     0     0     1     1     1     1     0.71875       1     0     0     1     0     0     0     0     0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0.73125
1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0.71250	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0.72500
	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0.71875
1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0.70625	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0.71250
	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.70625

TABLE 2. VR11 VID 8-BIT (Continued)

VID7	VID6	VID5	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0	VOLTAGE
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0.70000
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0.69375
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0.68750
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0.68125
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0.67500
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0.66875
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0.66250
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0.65625
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0.65000
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0.64375
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0.63750
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0.63125
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0.62500
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0.61875
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.61250
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.60625
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0.60000
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0.59375
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0.58750
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0.58125
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0.57500
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0.56875
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0.56250
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0.55625
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0.55000
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0.54375
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0.53750
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0.53125
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0.52500
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0.51875
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0.51250
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0.50625
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0.50000
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	OFF
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	OFF

In other cases, the designer may determine that a more cost-effective solution can be achieved by adding droop. Droop can help to reduce the output-voltage spike that results from fast load-current demand changes.

The magnitude of the spike is dictated by the ESR and ESL of the output capacitors selected. By positioning the no-load voltage level near the upper specification limit, a larger negative spike can be sustained without crossing the lower limit. By adding a well controlled output impedance, the output voltage under load can effectively be level shifted down so that a larger positive spike can be sustained without crossing the upper specification limit.

As shown in Figure 8, a current proportional to the average current in all active channels,  $I_{AVG}$ , flows from FB through a load-line regulation resistor,  $R_{FB}$ . The resulting voltage drop across  $R_{FB}$  is proportional to the output current, effectively creating an output voltage droop with a steady-state value defined as

$$V_{DROOP} = I_{AVG} R_{FB}$$
 (EQ. 8)

The regulated output voltage is reduced by the droop voltage  $V_{DROOP}$ . The output voltage as a function of load current is derived by combining Equation 8 with the appropriate sample current expression defined by the current sense method employed.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} - V_{OFFSET} - \left(\frac{I_{OUT}}{6} \frac{R_X}{R_{ISFN}} R_{FB}\right)$$
 (EQ. 9)

Where  $V_{REF}$  is the reference voltage,  $V_{OFS}$  is the programmed offset voltage,  $I_{OUT}$  is the total output current of the converter,  $R_{ISEN}$  is the sense resistor in the ISEN line, N is the number of active channels, and  $R_{FB}$  is the feedback resistor.  $R_X$  has a value of DCR, resistor or  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , or  $R_{SENSE}$  depending on the sensing method.

Therefore the equivalent loadline impedance, i.e. Droop impedance, is equal to:

$$R_{LL} = \frac{R_{FB}}{N} \frac{R_X}{R_{ISEN}}$$
 (EQ. 10)

#### Output-Voltage Offset Programming

The ISL6307B allows the designer to accurately adjust the offset voltage. When a resistor,  $R_{OFS}$ , is connected between OFS to VCC, the voltage across it is regulated to 1.6V. This causes a proportional current ( $I_{OFS}$ ) to flow into OFS. If  $R_{OFS}$  is connected to ground, the voltage across it is regulated to 0.4V, and  $I_{OFS}$  flows out of OFS. A resistor between DAC and REF,  $R_{REF}$ , is selected so that the product ( $I_{OFS} \times R_{OFS}$ ) is equal to the desired offset voltage. These functions are shown in Figure 9.

As it may be noticed in Figure 9, the OFSOUT pin must be connected to the REF pin for this current injection to function in ISL6307B. The current flow through  $R_{REF}$  creates an offset at the REF pin, which is ultimately duplicated at the output of the regulator.

Once the desired output offset voltage has been determined, use the following formulas to set R<sub>OFS</sub>:

For Positive Offset (connect ROFS to VCC):

$$R_{OFS} = \frac{1.6 \times R_{REF}}{V_{OFFSET}}$$
 (EQ. 11)

For Negative Offset (connect ROFS to GND):

$$R_{OFS} = \frac{0.4 \times R_{REF}}{V_{OFFSET}}$$
 (EQ. 12)

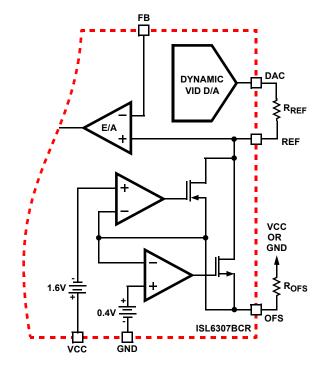


FIGURE 9. OUTPUT VOLTAGE OFFSET PROGRAMMING WITH ISL6307B

## Dynamic VID

Modern microprocessors need to make changes to their core voltage as part of normal operation. They direct the core-voltage regulator to do this by making changes to the VID inputs during regulator operation. The power management solution is required to monitor the DAC inputs and respond to on-the-fly VID changes in a controlled manner. Supervising the safe output voltage transition within the DAC range of the processor without discontinuity or disruption is a necessary function of the core-voltage regulator.

The ISL6307B checks the VID inputs six times every switching cycle. If the VID code is found to have been changed, the controller waits half of a complete cycle before executing a 12.5mV change. If during the half-cycle wait period, the difference between DAC level and the new VID code changes, no change is made. If the VID code is more than 1-bit higher or lower than the DAC (not recommended),

the controller will execute 12.5mV changes six times per cycle until VID and DAC are equal. It is for this reason that it is important to carefully control the rate of VID stepping in 1-bit increments.

In order to ensure the smooth transition of output voltage during VID change, a VID step change smoothing network composed of  $R_{REF}$  and  $C_{REF}$  is required for an ISL6307B based voltage regulator. The selection of  $R_{REF}$  is based on the desired offset as detailed above in  $\mbox{\it Output-Voltage Offset Programming}.$  The selection of  $C_{REF}$  is based on the time duration for 1-bit VID change and the allowable delay time.

Assuming the microprocessor controls the VID change at 1-bit every  $T_{VID}$ , the relationship between the time constant of  $R_{REF}$  and  $C_{REF}$  network and  $T_{VID}$  is given by Equation 13.

$$C_{RFF}R_{RFF} = T_{VID}$$
 (EQ. 13)

## Operation Initialization

Prior to converter initialization, proper conditions must exist on the enable inputs and VCC. When the conditions are met, the controller begins soft-start. Once the output voltage is within the proper window of operation, VR\_RDY asserts a logic 1.

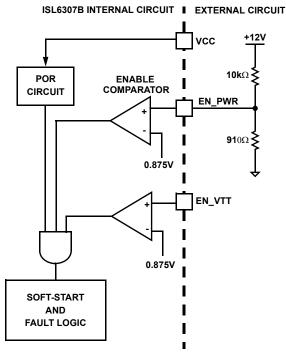


FIGURE 10. POWER SEQUENCING USING THRESHOLD-SENSITIVE ENABLE (EN) FUNCTION

#### Enable and Disable

While in shutdown mode, the PWM outputs are held in a high-impedance state to assure the drivers remain off. The

following input conditions must be met before the ISL6307B is released from shutdown mode.

- The bias voltage applied at VCC must reach the internal power-on reset (POR) rising threshold. Once this threshold is reached, proper operation of all aspects of the ISL6307B is guaranteed. Hysteresis between the rising and falling thresholds assure that once enabled, the ISL6307B will not inadvertently turn off unless the bias voltage drops substantially (see *Electrical Specifications*).
- 2. The ISL6307B features an enable input (EN\_PWR) for power sequencing between the controller bias voltage and another voltage rail. The enable comparator holds the ISL6307B in shutdown until the voltage at EN\_PWR rises above 0.875V. The enable comparator has about 130mV of hysteresis to prevent bounce. It is important that the driver ICs reach their POR level before the ISL6307B becomes enabled. The schematic in Figure 10 demonstrates sequencing the ISL6307B with the ISL66xx family of Intersil MOSFET drivers, which require 12V bias.
- The voltage on EN\_VTT must be higher than 0.875V to enable the controller. This pin is typically connected to the output of VTT VR.

When all conditions above are satisfied, ISL6307B begins the soft-start and ramps the output voltage to 1.1V first. After remaining at 1.1V for some time, ISL6307B reads the VID code at VID input pins. If the VID code is valid, ISL6307B will regulate the output to the final VID setting. If the VID code is OFF code, ISL6307B will shut down. Cycling Vcc, EN\_PWR or EN\_VTT is needed to restart.

#### Soft-start

ISL6307B based VR has 4 periods during soft-start, as shown in Figure 11. After Vcc, EN\_VTT and EN\_PWR reach their POR and enable thresholds, The controller will have fixed delay period TD1. After this delay period, the VR will begin first soft-start ramp until the output voltage reaches 1.1V, Vboot voltage. Then, the controller will regulate the VR voltage at 1.1V for another fixed period, TD3. At the end of TD3 period, ISL6307B will read the VID signals. If the VID code is valid, ISL6307B will initiate the second soft-start ramp until the voltage reaches the VID voltage minus offset voltage.

The soft-start time is the sum of the 4 periods as shown in the following equation.

$$T_{SS} = TD1 + TD2 + TD3 + TD4$$
 (EQ. 14)

TD1 is the fixed delay with typical value as 1.36ms. TD3 is determined by the fixed  $85\mu s$  plus the time to obtain valid VID voltage. If the VID is valid before the output reaches the 1.1V, the minimum time to valid the VID input is 500ns. Therefore the minimum TD3 is about  $86\mu s$ .

During TD2 and TD4, ISL6307B digitally controls the DAC voltage change at 6.25mV per step. The time for each step is

intersil

determined by the frequency of the soft-start oscillator which is defined by the resistor Rss from SS pin to GND. The 2 soft-start ramp times, Assuming the output voltage is 0V before soft-start, TD2 and TD4 can be calculated based on the following equations.

$$TD2 = \frac{1.1xR_{SS}}{6.25x25}(\mu s)$$
 (EQ. 15)

$$TD4 = \frac{(V_{VID} - 1.1)xR_{SS}}{6.25x25}(\mu s)$$
 (EQ. 16)

For example, when VID is set to 1.5V and the Rss is set at  $100k\Omega$ , the first soft-start ramp time TD2 will be 704µs and the second soft-start ramp time TD4 will be 256µs.

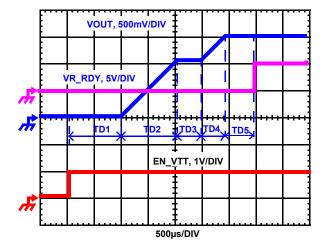


FIGURE 11. SOFT-START WAVEFORMS

## Fault Monitoring and Protection

The ISL6307B actively monitors output voltage and current to detect fault conditions. Fault monitors trigger protective measures to prevent damage to a microprocessor load. One common power good indicator is provided for linking to external system monitors. The schematic in Figure 12 outlines the interaction between the fault monitors and the power good signal.

## VR\_RDY Signal

The VR\_RDY pin is an open-drain logic output to indicate that the soft-start period is completed and the output voltage is within the regulated range. VR\_RDY is pulled low during shutdown and releases high after a successful soft-start and a fix delay time, TD5. TD5 is fixed delay with typical value at 85µs. VR\_RDY will be pulled low when an undervoltage or overvoltage condition is detected, or the controller is disabled by a reset from EN\_PWR, EN\_VTT, POR, or VID OFF-code.

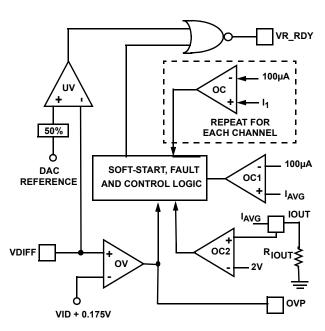


FIGURE 12. POWER GOOD AND PROTECTION CIRCUITRY

#### Undervoltage Detection

The undervoltage threshold is set at 50% of the VID voltage. When the output voltage at VSEN is below the undervoltage threshold, VR\_RDY gets pulled low. When the output voltage comes back to 60% of the VID voltage, VR\_RDY will return back to high.

#### Overvoltage Protection

Regardless of the VR being enabled or not, the ISL6307B overvoltage protection (OVP) circuit will be active after its POR. The OVP thresholds are different under different operation conditions. When VR is not enabled and before the 2nd soft-start, the OVP threshold is 1.275V. Once the controller detects a valid VID input, the OVP trip point will be changed to the VID voltage plus 175mV.

Two actions are taken by the ISL6307B to protect the microprocessor load when an overvoltage condition occurs.

At the inception of an overvoltage event, all PWM outputs are commanded low instantly (less than 20ns) until the voltage at VDIFF falls below 0.4V. This causes the Intersil drivers to turn on the lower MOSFETs and pull the output voltage below a level that might cause damage to the load. The PWM outputs remain low until VDIFF falls below 0.4V, and then PWM signals enter a high-impedance state. The Intersil drivers respond to the high-impedance input by turning off both upper and lower MOSFETs. If the overvoltage condition reoccurs, the ISL6307B will again command the lower MOSFETs to turn on. The ISL6307B will continue to protect the load in this fashion as long as the overvoltage condition recurs.

Once an overvoltage condition is detected, normal PWM operation ceases until the ISL6307B is reset. Cycling the voltage on EN\_PWR, EN\_VTT or VCC below the PORfalling threshold will reset the controller. Cycling the VID codes will not reset the controller.

#### **Overcurrent Protection**

ISL6307B has two levels of overcurrent protection. Each phase is protected from a sustained overcurrent condition on a delayed basis, while the combined phase currents are protected on an instantaneous basis.

In instantaneous protection mode, the ISL6307B takes advantage of the proportionality between the load current and the average current,  $I_{AVC}$ , to detect an overcurrent condition. See the *Channel-Current Balance* section for more detail on how the average current is measured. The average current is continually compared with a constant  $100\mu A$  reference current as shown in Figure 12. Once the average current exceeds the reference current, a comparator triggers the converter to shutdown.

In individual overcurrent protection mode, the ISL6307B continuously compares the current of each channel with the same  $100\mu A$  reference current. If any channel current exceeds the reference current continuously for eight consecutive cycles, the comparator triggers the converter to shutdown.

The overcurrent protection level for the above two OCP modes can be adjusted by changing the value of current sensing resistors. In addition, ISL6307 can also adjust the average OCP threshold level by adjusting the value of the resistor from IOUT to GND. This provides additional safety for the voltage regulator.

The following equation can be used to calculate the value of the resistor  $R_{IOUT}$  based on the desired OCP level  $I_{AVG}$ , OCP2:

$$R_{IOUT} = \frac{2}{I_{AVG, OCP2}}$$
 (EQ. 17)

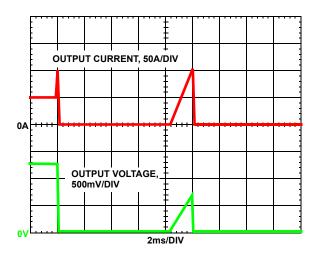


FIGURE 13. OVERCURRENT BEHAVIOR IN HICCUP MODE.  $F_{SW} = 500 \mathrm{kHz}$ 

At the beginning of overcurrent shutdown, the controller places all PWM signals in a high-impedance state within 20ns commanding the Intersil MOSFET driver ICs to turn off both upper and lower MOSFETs. The system remains in this state a period of 4096 switching cycles. If the controller is still enabled at the end of this wait period, it will attempt a soft-start. If the fault remains, the trip-retry cycles will continue indefinitely (as shown in Figure 13) until either controller is disabled or the fault is cleared. Note that the energy delivered during trip-retry cycling is much less than during full-load operation, so there, there is no thermal hazard during this kind of operation.

## **Current Sense Output**

The ISL6307B has 2 current sense output pins IDROOP and IOUT; they are identical. In typical application, IDROOP pin is connected to FB pin for the application where load line is required. IOUT pin was designed for load current measurement. As shown in typical application schematics on pages 4 to 7, load current information can be obtained by measuring the voltage at IOUT pin with a resistor connecting IOUT PIN to ground. When the programmable temperature compensation function of ISL6307B is properly used, the output current at IOUT pin is proportional to load current as shown in Figure 14.

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

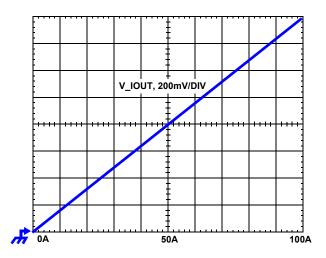


FIGURE 14. VOLTAGE AT IOUT PIN WITH A NTC NETWORK
PLACED BETWEEN IOUT TO GROUND WHEN
LOAD CURRENT CHANGES

# Thermal monitoring (VR\_HOT/VR\_FAN)

There are two thermal signals to indicate the temperature status of the voltage regulator: VR\_HOT and VR\_FAN. Both VR\_FAN and VR\_HOT are open-drain output, and external pull-up resistors are required.

VR\_FAN signal indicates that the temperature of the voltage regulator is high and more cooling airflow is needed. VR\_HOT signal can be used to inform the system that the temperature of the voltage regulator is too high and the CPU should reduce its power consumption. VR\_HOT signal may be tied to the CPU's PROCHOT# signal.

The diagram of thermal monitoring function block is shown in Figure 15. One NTC resistor should be placed close to the power stage of the voltage regulator to sense the operational temperature, and one pull-up resistor is needed to form the voltage divider for TM pin. As the temperature of the power stage increases, the resistance of the NTC will reduce, resulting in the reduced voltage at TM pin. Figure 16 shows the TM voltage over the temperature for a typical design with a recommended 6.8k $\Omega$  NTC (P/N: NTHS0805N02N6801 from Vishay) and 1k $\Omega$  resistor RTM1. We recommend using those resistors for the accurate temperature compensation.

There are two comparators with hysteresis to compare the TM pin voltage to the fixed thresholds for VR\_FAN and VR\_HOT signals respectively. VR\_FAN signal is set to high when TM voltage is lower than 33% of Vcc voltage, and is pulled to GND when TM voltage increases to above 39% of Vcc voltage. VR\_HOT is set to high when TM voltage goes below 28% of Vcc voltage, and is pulled to GND when TM voltage goes back to above 33% of Vcc voltage. Figure 17 shows the operation of those signals.

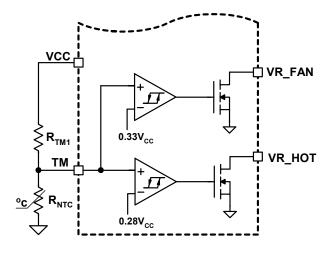


FIGURE 15. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THERMAL MONITORING FUNCTION

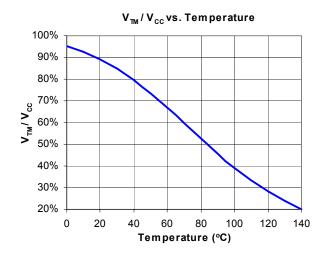


FIGURE 16. THE RATIO OF TM VOLTAGE TO NTC
TEMPERATURE WITH RECOMMENDED PARTS

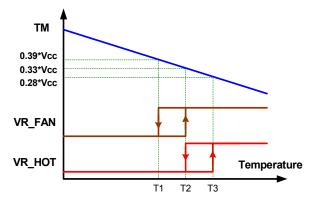


FIGURE 17. VR\_HOTAND VR\_FAN SIGNAL vs TM VOLTAGE

Based on the NTC temperature characteristics and the desired threshold of VR\_HOT signal, the pull-up resistor RTM1 of TM pin is given by:

$$R_{TM1} = 2.75 x R_{NTC(T3)}$$
 (EQ. 18)

 $R_{NTC(T3)}$  is the NTC resistance at the VR\_HOT threshold temperature T3.

The NTC resistance at the set point T2 and release point T1 of VR FAN signal can be calculated as:

$$R_{NTC(T2)} = 1.267 x R_{NTC(T3)}$$
 (EQ. 19)

$$R_{NTC(T1)} = 1.644 \times R_{NTC(T3)}$$
 (EQ. 20)

With the NTC resistance value obtained from Equations 19 & 20, the temperature value T2 and T1 can be found from the NTC datasheet.

## Temperature Compensation

ISL6307B supports inductor DCR sensing, MOSFET  $R_{DS(ON)}$  sensing, or resistive sensing techniques. Both inductor DCR and MSOFET  $R_{DS(ON)}$  have the positive temperature coefficient, which is about +0.38%/°C. Because the voltage across inductor or MOSFET is sensed for the output current information, the sensed current has the same positive temperature coefficient as the inductor DCR or MOSFET  $R_{DS(ON)}$ .

In order to obtain the correct current information, there should be a way to correct the temperature impact on the current sense component. ISL6307B provides two methods: integrated temperature compensation and external temperature compensation.

## **Integrated Temperature Compensation**

When TCOMP voltage is equal or greater than Vcc/15, ISL6307B will utilize the voltage at TM and TCOMP pins to compensate the temperature impact on the sensed current. The block diagram of this function is shown in Figure 18.

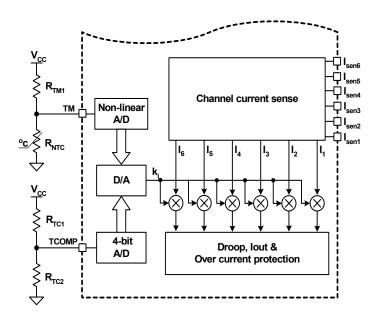


FIGURE 18. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTEGRATED TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

When the TM NTC is placed close to the current sense component (inductor or MOSFET), the temperature of the NTC will track the temperature of the current sense component. Therefore, the TM voltage can be utilized to obtain the temperature of the current sense component.

Based on Vcc voltage, ISL6307B converts the TM pin voltage to a 6-bit TM digital signal for temperature compensation. With the non-linear A/D converter of ISL6307B, TM digital signal is linearly proportional to the NTC temperature. For accurate temperature compensation, the ratio of the TM voltage to the NTC temperature of the practical design should be similar to that in Figure 16.

Depending on the location of the NTC and the air-flowing, the NTC may be cooler or hotter than the current sense component. TCOMP pin voltage can be utilized to correct the temperature difference between NTC and the current sense component. When a different NTC type or different voltage divider is used for the TM function, TCOMP voltage can also be used to compensate for the difference between the recommended TM voltage curve in Figure 16 and that of the actual design. According to the Vcc voltage, ISL6307B converts the TCOMP pin voltage to a 4-bit TCOMP digital signal as TCOMP factor N.

TCOMP factor N is an integer between 0 and 15. The integrated temperature compensation function is disabled for N = 0. For N = 4, the NTC temperature is equal to the temperature of the current sense component. For N < 4, the NTC is hotter than the current sense component. The NTC is cooler than the current sense component for N > 4. When N>4, the larger TCOMP factor N, the larger the difference between the NTC temperature and the temperature of the current sense component.

ISL6307B multiplexes the TCOMP factor N with the TM digital signal to obtain the adjustment gain to compensate the temperature impact on the sensed channel current. The compensated channel current signal is used for droop and overcurrent protection functions.

#### Design Procedure:

- 1. Properly choose the voltage divider for TM pin to match the TM voltage Vs temperature curve with the recommended curve in Figure 16.
- 2. Run the actual board under the full load and the desired cooling condition.
- 3. After the board reaches the thermal steady state, record the temperature (T<sub>CSC</sub>) of the current sense component (inductor or MOSFET) and the voltage at TM and Vcc pins.
- 4. Use the following equation to calculate the resistance of the TM NTC, and find out the corresponding NTC temperature T<sub>NTC</sub> from the NTC datasheet.

$$R_{NTC(T_{NTC})} = \frac{V_{TM}xR_{TM1}}{V_{CC}-V_{TM}}$$
 (EQ. 21)

5. Use the following equation to calculate the TCOMP factor

$$N = \frac{209x(T_{CSC} - T_{NTC})}{3xT_{NTC} + 400} + 4$$
 (EQ. 22)

- 6. Choose an integral number close to the above result for the TCOMP factor. If this factor is higher than 15, use N=15. If it is less than 1, use N=1.
- 7. Choose the pull-up resistor  $R_{TC1}$  (typical  $10k\Omega$ ).
- 8. If N = 15, do not need the pull-down resistor  $R_{TC2}$ , otherwise obtain R<sub>TC2</sub> by the following equation:

$$R_{TC2} = \frac{NxR_{TC1}}{15 - N}$$
 (EQ. 23)

- 9. Run the actual board under full load again with the proper resistors to TCOMP pin.
- 10. Record the output voltage as V1 immediately after the output voltage is stable with the full load; Record the output voltage as V2 after the VR reaches the thermal steady state.
- 11. If the output voltage increases over 2mV as the temperature increases, i.e. V2-V1 > 2mV, reduce N and redesign R<sub>TC2</sub>; if the output voltage decreases over 2mV as the temperature increases, i.e. V1-V2 > 2mV, increase N and redesign R<sub>TC2</sub>.

The design spreadsheet is available for those calculations.

## **External Temperature Compensation**

By setting the voltage of TCOMP pin to 0, the integrated temperature compensation function is disabled. And one external temperature compensation network, shown in Figure 18, can be used to cancel the temperature impact on the droop (i.e. load line).

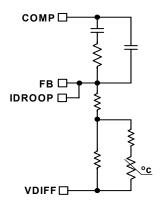


FIGURE 19. VOLTAGE AT IDROOP PIN WITH A RESISTOR PLACED FROM IDROOP PIN TO GND WHEN LOAD CURRENT CHANGES

The sensed current will flow out of IDROOP pin and develop the droop voltage across the resistor (RFR) between FB and VDIFF pins. If RFB resistance reduces as the temperature increases, the temperature impact on the droop can be compensated. A NTC resistor can be placed close to the power stage and used to form RFB. Due to the non-linear temperature characteristics of the NTC, a resistor network is needed to make the equivalent resistance between FB and VDIFF pin is reverse proportional to the temperature.

The external temperature compensation network can only compensate the temperature impact on the droop, while it has no impact to the sensed current inside ISL6307B. Therefore this network cannot compensate for the temperature impact on the overcurrent protection function.

## General Design Guide

This design guide is intended to provide a high-level explanation of the steps necessary to create a multiphase power converter. It is assumed that the reader is familiar with many of the basic skills and techniques referenced below. In addition to this guide, Intersil provides complete reference designs that include schematics, bills of materials, and example board layouts for all common microprocessor applications.

# **Power Stages**

The first step in designing a multiphase converter is to determine the number of phases. This determination depends heavily on the cost analysis which in turn depends on system constraints that differ from one design to the next. Principally, the designer will be concerned with whether components can be mounted on both sides of the circuit board; whether through-hole components are permitted; and the total board space available for power-supply circuitry. Generally speaking, the most economical solutions are those in which each phase handles between 15 and 20A. All surface-mount designs will tend toward the lower end of this current range. If through-hole MOSFETs and inductors can

intersil

be used, higher per-phase currents are possible. In cases where board space is the limiting constraint, current can be pushed as high as 40A per phase, but these designs require heat sinks and forced air to cool the MOSFETs, inductors and heat-dissipating surfaces.

#### **MOSFETS**

The choice of MOSFETs depends on the current each MOSFET will be required to conduct; the switching frequency; the capability of the MOSFETs to dissipate heat; and the availability and nature of heat sinking and air flow.

#### LOWER MOSFET POWER CALCULATION

The calculation for heat dissipated in the lower MOSFET is simple, since virtually all of the heat loss in the lower MOSFET is due to current conducted through the channel resistance ( $R_{DS(ON)}$ ). In Equation 24,  $I_M$  is the maximum continuous output current;  $I_{P-P}$  is the peak-to-peak inductor current (see Equation 1); d is the duty cycle ( $V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$ ); and L is the per-channel inductance.

$$P_{LOW, 1} = R_{DS(ON)} \left[ \left( \frac{I_M}{N} \right)^2 (1 - d) + \frac{I_{L, P-P}(1 - d)}{12} \right]$$
 (EQ. 24)

An additional term can be added to the lower-MOSFET loss equation to account for additional loss accrued during the dead time when inductor current is flowing through the lower-MOSFET body diode. This term is dependent on the diode forward voltage at  $I_M,\,V_{D(ON)};$  the switching frequency,  $f_S;$  and the length of dead times,  $t_{d1}$  and  $t_{d2},$  at the beginning and the end of the lower-MOSFET conduction interval respectively.

$$P_{LOW, 2} = V_{D(ON)} f_{S} \left[ \left( \frac{I_{M}}{N} + \frac{I_{P-P}}{2} \right) t_{d1} + \left( \frac{I_{M}}{N} - \frac{I_{P-P}}{2} \right) t_{d2} \right]$$
 (EQ. 25)

Thus the total maximum power dissipated in each lower MOSFET is approximated by the summation of  $P_{LOW,1}$  and  $P_{LOW,2}$ .

## **UPPER MOSFET POWER CALCULATION**

In addition to  $R_{DS(ON)}$  losses, a large portion of the upper-MOSFET losses are due to currents conducted across the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) during switching. Since a substantially higher portion of the upper-MOSFET losses are dependent on switching frequency, the power calculation is more complex. Upper MOSFET losses can be divided into separate components involving the upper-MOSFET switching times; the lower-MOSFET body-diode reverse-recovery charge,  $Q_{rr}$ ; and the upper MOSFET  $R_{DS(ON)}$  conduction loss.

When the upper MOSFET turns off, the lower MOSFET does not conduct any portion of the inductor current until the voltage at the phase node falls below ground. Once the lower MOSFET begins conducting, the current in the upper MOSFET falls to zero as the current in the lower MOSFET ramps up to assume the full inductor current. In Equation 26,

the required time for this commutation is  $t_1$  and the approximated associated power loss is  $P_{UP,1}$ .

$$P_{UP,1} \approx V_{IN} \left( \frac{I_M}{N} + \frac{I_{P-P}}{2} \right) \left( \frac{t_1}{2} \right) f_S$$
 (EQ. 26)

At turn on, the upper MOSFET begins to conduct and this transition occurs over a time  $t_2$ . In Equation 27, the approximate power loss is  $P_{UP,2}$ .

$$P_{UP,2} \approx V_{IN} \left(\frac{I_M}{N} - \frac{I_{P-P}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{t_2}{2}\right) f_S \tag{EQ. 27}$$

A third component involves the lower MOSFET's reverse-recovery charge,  $Q_{rr}$ . Since the inductor current has fully commutated to the upper MOSFET before the lower-MOSFET's body diode can draw all of  $Q_{rr}$ , it is conducted through the upper MOSFET across VIN. The power dissipated as a result is  $P_{UP,3}$  and is approximately

$$P_{UP,3} = V_{IN}Q_{rr}f_{S}$$
 (EQ. 28)

Finally, the resistive part of the upper MOSFET's is given in Equation 29 as  $P_{\mbox{UP},4}$ .

The total power dissipated by the upper MOSFET at full load can now be approximated as the summation of the results from Equations 26, 27, 28 and 29. Since the power equations depend on MOSFET parameters, choosing the correct MOSFETs can be an iterative process involving repetitive solutions to the loss equations for different MOSFETs and different switching frequencies.

$$P_{UP,4} \approx R_{DS(ON)} \left[ \left( \frac{I_M}{N} \right)^2 d + \frac{I_{P-P}^2}{12} d \right]$$
 (EQ. 29)

#### Current Sensing Resistor

The resistors connected between these ISEN+ pins and the respective phase nodes or output side of the output inductor determine the gains in the load-line regulation loop and the channel-current balance loop as well as setting the overcurrent trip point. Select values for these resistors based on the room temperature  $R_{DS(ON)}$  of the lower MOSFETs, DCR of inductor or additional resistor; the full-load operating current,  $I_{FI}$ ; and the number of phases, N using Equation 30.

$$R_{ISEN} = \frac{R_X}{50 \times 10^{-6}} \frac{I_{FL}}{N}$$
 (EQ. 30)

In certain circumstances, it may be necessary to adjust the value of one or more ISEN resistors. When the components of one or more channels are inhibited from effectively dissipating their heat so that the affected channels run hotter than desired, choose new, smaller values of RISEN for the affected phases (see the section entitled *Channel-Current Balance*). Choose  $R_{\rm ISEN.2}$  in proportion to the desired

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

decrease in temperature rise in order to cause proportionally less current to flow in the hotter phase.

$$R_{ISEN,2} = R_{ISEN} \frac{\Delta T_2}{\Delta T_1}$$
 (EQ. 31)

In Equation 31, make sure that  $\Delta T_2$  is the desired temperature rise above the ambient temperature, and  $\Delta T_1$  is the measured temperature rise above the ambient temperature. While a single adjustment according to Equation 31 is usually sufficient, it may occasionally be necessary to adjust  $R_{ISEN}$  two or more times to achieve optimal thermal balance between all channels.

## Load-Line Regulation Resistor

The load-line regulation resistor is labeled  $R_{FB}$  in Figure 8. Its value depends on the desired full-load droop voltage ( $V_{DROOP}$  in Figure 8). If Equation 30 is used to select each ISEN resistor, the load-line regulation resistor is as shown in Equation 32.

$$R_{FB} = \frac{V_{DROOP}}{50 \times 10^{-6}}$$
 (EQ. 32)

If one or more of the ISEN resistors are adjusted for thermal balance, as in Equation 31, the load-line regulation resistor should be selected according to Equation 33 where  $I_{FL}$  is the full-load operating current and  $R_{ISEN(n)}$  is the ISEN resistor connected to the  $n^{th}$  ISEN pin.

$$R_{FB} = \frac{V_{DROOP}}{I_{FL}R_{DS(ON)}} \sum_{n} R_{ISEN(n)}$$
 (EQ. 33)

#### Compensation

The two opposing goals of compensating the voltage regulator are stability and speed. Depending on whether the regulator employs the optional load-line regulation as described in Load-Line Regulation, there are two distinct methods for achieving these goals.

#### **COMPENSATING LOAD-LINE REGULATED CONVERTER**

The load-line regulated converter behaves in a similar manner to a peak-current mode controller because the two poles at the output-filter L-C resonant frequency split with the introduction of current information into the control loop. The final location of these poles is determined by the system function, the gain of the current signal, and the value of the compensation components,  $R_{\rm C}$  and  $C_{\rm C}$ .

Since the system poles and zero are affected by the values of the components that are meant to compensate them, the solution to the system equation becomes fairly complicated. Fortunately there is a simple approximation that comes very close to an optimal solution. Treating the system as though it were a voltage-mode regulator by compensating the L-C poles and the ESR zero of the voltage-mode approximation yields a solution that is always stable with very close to ideal transient performance.

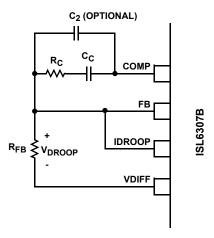


FIGURE 20. COMPENSATION CONFIGURATION FOR LOAD-LINE REGULATED ISL6307B CIRCUIT

The feedback resistor,  $R_{FB}$ , has already been chosen as outlined in *Load-Line Regulation Resistor*. Select a target bandwidth for the compensated system,  $f_0$ . The target bandwidth must be large enough to assure adequate transient performance, but smaller than 1/3 of the perchannel switching frequency. The values of the compensation components depend on the relationships of  $f_0$  to the L-C pole frequency and the ESR zero frequency. For each of the three cases which follow, there are a separate set of equations for the compensation components.

Case 1: 
$$\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} > f_{0}$$

$$R_{C} = R_{FB} \frac{2\pi f_{0} V_{P-P} \sqrt{LC}}{0.75 V_{IN}}$$

$$C_{C} = \frac{0.75 V_{IN}}{2\pi V_{P-P} R_{FB} f_{0}}$$

Case 2: 
$$\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} \le f_0 < \frac{1}{2\pi C(ESR)}$$

$$R_C = R_{FB} \frac{V_{P-P}(2\pi)^2 f_0^2 LC}{0.75 V_{IN}}$$

$$C_C = \frac{0.75 V_{IN}}{(2\pi)^2 f_0^2 V_{P-P} R_{FB} \sqrt{LC}}$$
(EQ. 34)

Case 3: 
$$\begin{split} f_0 > & \frac{1}{2\pi C(\text{ESR})} \\ R_C = & R_{FB} \frac{2\pi f_0 V_{P-P} L}{0.75 \, V_{IN}(\text{ESR})} \\ C_C = & \frac{0.75 V_{IN}(\text{ESR}) \, \sqrt{C}}{2\pi V_{P-P} R_{FB} f_0 \, \sqrt{L}} \end{split}$$

FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

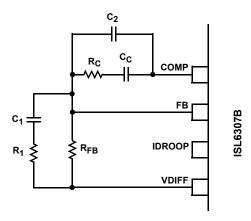


FIGURE 21. COMPENSATION CIRCUIT FOR ISL6307B BASED CONVERTER WITHOUT LOAD-LINE REGULATION

In Equation 34, L is the per-channel filter inductance divided by the number of active channels; C is the sum total of all output capacitors; ESR is the equivalent-series resistance of the bulk output-filter capacitance; and V<sub>P-P</sub> is the peak-to-peak sawtooth signal amplitude as described in Figure 7 and *Electrical Specifications*.

The optional capacitor  $C_2$ , is sometimes needed to bypass noise away from the PWM comparator (see Figure 20). Keep a position available for  $C_2$ , and be prepared to install a high-frequency capacitor of between 22pF and 150pF in case any leading-edge jitter problem is noted.

Once selected, the compensation values in Equation 34 assure a stable converter with reasonable transient performance. In most cases, transient performance can be improved by making adjustments to  $R_{\rm C}$ . Slowly increase the value of  $R_{\rm C}$  while observing the transient performance on an oscilloscope until no further improvement is noted. Normally,  $C_{\rm C}$  will not need adjustment. Keep the value of  $C_{\rm C}$  from Equation 34 unless some performance issue is noted.

#### **COMPENSATION WITHOUT LOAD-LINE REGULATION**

The non load-line regulated converter is accurately modeled as a voltage-mode regulator with two poles at the L-C resonant frequency and a zero at the ESR frequency. A type III controller, as shown in Figure 21, provides the necessary compensation.

The first step is to choose the desired bandwidth,  $f_0$ , of the compensated system. Choose a frequency high enough to assure adequate transient performance but not higher than 1/3 of the switching frequency. The type-III compensator has an extra high-frequency pole,  $f_{HF}$ . This pole can be used for added noise rejection or to assure adequate attenuation at the error-amplifier high-order pole and zero frequencies. A good general rule is to choose  $f_{HF} = 10f_0$ , but it can be higher if desired. Choosing  $f_{HF}$  to be lower than  $10f_0$  can cause problems with too much phase shift below the system bandwidth.

In the solutions to the compensation equations, there is a single degree of freedom. For the solutions presented in Equation 35,  $R_{FB}$  is selected arbitrarily. The remaining compensation components are then selected according to Equation 35.

$$R_1 = R_{FB} \frac{C(ESR)}{\sqrt{LC} - C(ESR)}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\sqrt{LC} - C(ESR)}{R_{FB}}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{0.75V_{IN}}{(2\pi)^2 f_0 f_{HF} \sqrt{LC} R_{FB} V_{P-P}}$$

$$R_{C} = \frac{V_{PP}(2\pi)^{2} f_{0} f_{HF} LC R_{FB}}{-0.75 V_{IN} \left[ \left( 2\pi f_{HF} \sqrt{LC} - 1 \right) \right]}$$

$$C_{C} = \frac{0.75V_{IN}(2\pi f_{HF}\sqrt{LC}-1)}{(2\pi)^{2}f_{0}f_{HF}\sqrt{LC}R_{FB}V_{P-P}}$$
 (EQ. 35)

In Equation 35, L is the per-channel filter inductance divided by the number of active channels; C is the sum total of all output capacitors; ESR is the equivalent-series resistance of the bulk output-filter capacitance; and  $V_{P-P}$  is the peak-to-peak sawtooth signal amplitude as described in Figure 7 and *Electrical Specifications*.

## **Output Filter Design**

The output inductors and the output capacitor bank together to form a low-pass filter responsible for smoothing the pulsating voltage at the phase nodes. The output filter also must provide the transient energy until the regulator can respond. Because it has a low bandwidth compared to the switching frequency, the output filter necessarily limits the system transient response. The output capacitor must supply or sink load current while the current in the output inductors increases or decreases to meet the demand.

In high-speed converters, the output capacitor bank is usually the most costly (and often the largest) part of the circuit. Output filter design begins with minimizing the cost of this part of the circuit. The critical load parameters in choosing the output capacitors are the maximum size of the load step,  $\Delta I;$  the load-current slew rate, di/dt; and the maximum allowable output-voltage deviation under transient loading,  $\Delta V_{\mbox{MAX}}.$  Capacitors are characterized according to their capacitance, ESR, and ESL (equivalent series inductance).

At the beginning of the load transient, the output capacitors supply all of the transient current. The output voltage will initially deviate by an amount approximated by the voltage drop across the ESL. As the load current increases, the

voltage drop across the ESR increases linearly until the load current reaches its final value. The capacitors selected must have sufficiently low ESL and ESR so that the total output-voltage deviation is less than the allowable maximum. Neglecting the contribution of inductor current and regulator response, the output voltage initially deviates by an amount

$$\Delta V \approx (ESL) \frac{di}{dt} + (ESR) \Delta I$$
 (EQ. 36)

The filter capacitor must have sufficiently low ESL and ESR so that  $\Delta V < \Delta V_{MAX}$ .

Most capacitor solutions rely on a mixture of high-frequency capacitors with relatively low capacitance in combination with bulk capacitors having high capacitance but limited high-frequency performance. Minimizing the ESL of the high-frequency capacitors allows them to support the output voltage as the current increases. Minimizing the ESR of the bulk capacitors allows them to supply the increased current with less output voltage deviation.

The ESR of the bulk capacitors also creates the majority of the output-voltage ripple. As the bulk capacitors sink and source the inductor ac ripple current (see *Interleaving* and Equation 2), a voltage develops across the bulk-capacitor ESR equal to  $I_{C,P-P}(ESR)$ . Thus, once the output capacitors are selected, the maximum allowable ripple voltage,  $V_{P-P(MAX)}$ , determines the lower limit on the inductance.

$$L \ge (ESR) \frac{\left(V_{IN} - NV_{OUT}\right)V_{OUT}}{f_SV_{IN}V_{P-P(MAX)}}$$
 (EQ. 37)

Since the capacitors are supplying a decreasing portion of the load current while the regulator recovers from the transient, the capacitor voltage becomes slightly depleted. The output inductors must be capable of assuming the entire load current before the output voltage decreases more than  $\Delta V_{\mbox{\scriptsize MAX}}.$  This places an upper limit on inductance.

Equation 38 gives the upper limit on L for the cases when the trailing edge of the current transient causes a greater output-voltage deviation than the leading edge. Equation 39 addresses the leading edge. Normally, the trailing edge dictates the selection of L because duty cycles are usually less than 50%. Nevertheless, both inequalities should be evaluated, and L should be selected based on the lower of the two results. In each equation, L is the per-channel inductance, C is the total output capacitance, and N is the number of active channels.

$$L \le \frac{2NCV_0}{(\Delta I)^2} \left[ \Delta V_{MAX} - \Delta I(ESR) \right]$$
 (EQ. 38)

$$L \le \frac{(1.25)NC}{(\Delta I)^2} \left[ \Delta V_{MAX} - \Delta I(ESR) \right] \left( V_{IN} - V_{O} \right)$$
 (EQ. 39)

## Input Supply Voltage

The VCC input of SL6307B needs to be connected to +12V through a  $300\Omega$  resistor with one 1µF cap be connected from VCC to GND.

## Switching Frequency

There are a number of variables to consider when choosing the switching frequency, as there are considerable effects on the upper-MOSFET loss calculation. These effects are outlined in *MOSFETs*, and they establish the upper limit for the switching frequency. The lower limit is established by the requirement for fast transient response and small output-voltage ripple as outlined in *Output Filter Design*. Choose the lowest switching frequency that allows the regulator to meet the transient-response requirements.

Switching frequency is determined by the selection of the frequency-setting resistor,  $R_T$  (see the figures labeled *Typical Application* on pages 4, 5, 6 and 7). Equation 40 is provided to assist in selecting the correct value for  $R_T$ .

$$R_{T} = \frac{2.5 \times 10^{10}}{F_{SW}}$$
 (EQ. 40)

## Input Capacitor Selection

The input capacitors are responsible for sourcing the AC component of the input current flowing into the upper MOSFETs. Their RMS current capacity must be sufficient to handle the AC component of the current drawn by the upper MOSFETs that is related to duty cycle and the number of active phases.

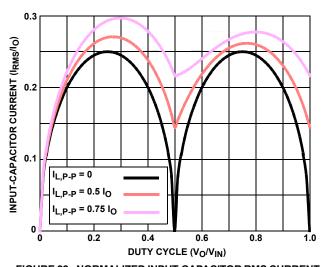


FIGURE 22. NORMALIZED INPUT-CAPACITOR RMS CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE FOR 2-PHASE CONVERTER

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

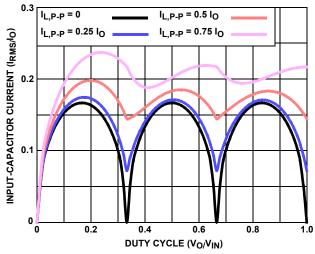


FIGURE 23. NORMALIZED INPUT-CAPACITOR RMS CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE FOR 3-PHASE CONVERTER

For a two phase design, use Figure 22 to determine the input-capacitor RMS current requirement given the duty cycle, maximum sustained output current ( $I_O$ ), and the ratio of the per-phase peak-to-peak inductor current ( $I_{L,P-P}$ ) to  $I_O$ . Select a bulk capacitor with a ripple current rating which will minimize the total number of input capacitors required to support the RMS current calculated. The voltage rating of the capacitors should also be at least 1.25 times greater than the maximum input voltage.

Figures 23 and 24 provide the same input RMS current information for three and four phase designs respectively. Use the same approach to selecting the bulk capacitor type and number as described above.

Low capacitance, high-frequency ceramic capacitors are needed in addition to the bulk capacitors to suppress leading and falling edge voltage spikes. The result from the high current slew rates produced by the upper MOSFETs turning on and off. Select low ESL ceramic capacitors and place one as close as possible to each upper MOSFET drain to minimize board parasitic impedances and maximize suppression.

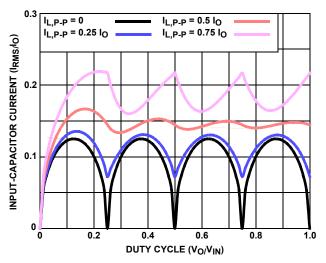


FIGURE 24. NORMALIZED INPUT-CAPACITOR RMS CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE FOR 4-PHASE CONVERTER

#### MULTIPHASE RMS IMPROVEMENT

Figure 25 is provided as a reference to demonstrate the dramatic reductions in input-capacitor RMS current upon the implementation of the multiphase topology. For example, compare the input RMS current requirements of a two-phase converter versus that of a single phase. Assume both converters have a duty cycle of 0.25, maximum sustained output current of 40A, and a ratio of  $I_{L,P-P}$  to  $I_{O}$  of 0.5. The single phase converter would require 17.3Arms current capacity while the two-phase converter would only require 10.9Arms. The advantages become even more pronounced when output current is increased and additional phases are added to keep the component cost down relative to the single phase approach.

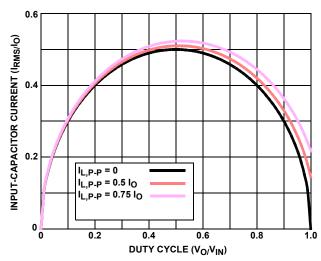


FIGURE 25. NORMALIZED INPUT-CAPACITOR RMS

CURRENT vs DUTY CYCLE FOR SINGLE-PHASE

CONVERTER

intersil FN9225.0 March 9, 2006

## Layout Considerations

The following layout strategies are intended to minimize the impact of board parasitic impedances on converter performance and to optimize the heat-dissipating capabilities of the printed-circuit board. These sections highlight some important practices which should not be overlooked during the layout process.

#### Component Placement

Within the allotted implementation area, orient the switching components first. The switching components are the most critical because they carry large amounts of energy and tend to generate high levels of noise. Switching component placement should take into account power dissipation. Align the output inductors and MOSFETs such that spaces between the components are minimized while creating the PHASE plane. Place the Intersil MOSFET driver IC as close as possible to the MOSFETs they control to reduce the parasitic impedances due to trace length between critical driver input and output signals. If possible, duplicate the same placement of these components for each phase.

Next, place the input and output capacitors. Position one high-frequency ceramic input capacitor next to each upper MOSFET drain. Place the bulk input capacitors as close to the upper MOSFET drains as dictated by the component size and dimensions. Long distances between input capacitors and MOSFET drains result in too much trace inductance and a reduction in capacitor performance. Locate the output capacitors between the inductors and the load, while keeping them in close proximity to the microprocessor socket.

The ISL6307B can be placed off to one side or centered relative to the individual phase switching components. Routing of sense lines and PWM signals will guide final placement. Critical small signal components to place close to the controller include the ISEN resistors,  $R_T$  resistor, feedback resistor, and compensation components.

Bypass capacitors for the ISL6307B and ISL66XX driver bias supplies must be placed next to their respective pins. Trace parasitic impedances will reduce their effectiveness.

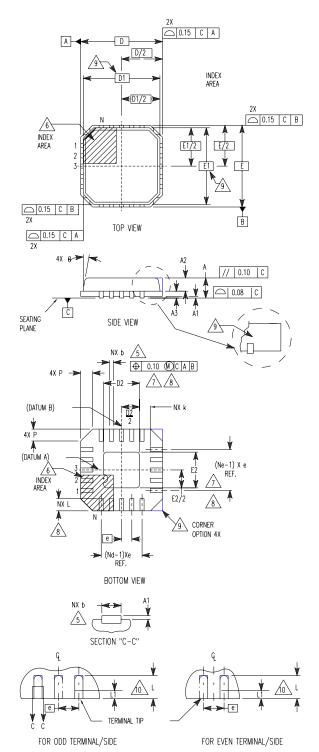
32

#### Plane Allocation and Routing

Dedicate one solid layer, usually a middle layer, for a ground plane. Make all critical component ground connections with vias to this plane. Dedicate one additional layer for power planes; breaking the plane up into smaller islands of common voltage. Use the remaining layers for signal wiring.

Route phase planes of copper filled polygons on the top and bottom once the switching component placement is set. Size the trace width between the driver gate pins and the MOSFET gates to carry 4A of current. When routing components in the switching path, use short wide traces to reduce the associated parasitic impedances.

# Quad Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (QFN) Micro Lead Frame Plastic Package (MLFP)



L48.7x7
48 LEAD QUAD FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE
(COMPLIANT TO JEDEC MO-220VKKD-2 ISSUE C)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOMINAL	MAX	NOTES			
Α	0.80	0.90	1.00	-			
A1	-	-	0.05	-			
A2	-	-	1.00	9			
A3		0.20 REF		9			
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	5, 8			
D		7.00 BSC		-			
D1		6.75 BSC					
D2	4.15	4.45	7, 8				
Е		-					
E1		9					
E2	4.15	7, 8					
е		-					
k	0.25	-					
L	0.30	8					
L1	-	10					
N		2					
Nd		3					
Ne		3					
Р	-	9					
θ	-	9					

Rev. 1 10/02

#### NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Nd and Ne refer to the number of terminals on each D and E.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
- 8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
- Features and dimensions A2, A3, D1, E1, P & 0 are present when Anvil singulation method is used and not present for saw singulation.
- Depending on the method of lead termination at the edge of the package, a maximum 0.15mm pull back (L1) maybe present. L minus L1 to be equal to or greater than 0.3mm.

All Intersil U.S. products are manufactured, assembled and tested utilizing ISO9000 quality systems. Intersil Corporation's quality certifications can be viewed at www.intersil.com/design/quality

Intersil products are sold by description only. Intersil Corporation reserves the right to make changes in circuit design, software and/or specifications at any time without notice. Accordingly, the reader is cautioned to verify that data sheets are current before placing orders. Information furnished by Intersil is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Intersil or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Intersil or its subsidiaries.

For information regarding Intersil Corporation and its products, see www.intersil.com

intersil