

# FDS6298

## 30V N-Channel Fast Switching PowerTrench® MOSFET

### General Description

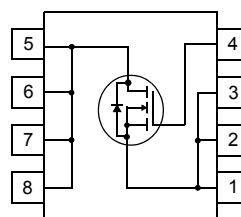
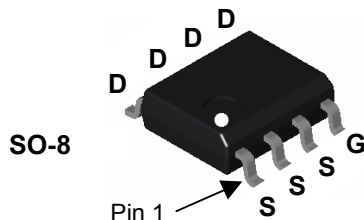
This N-Channel MOSFET has been designed specifically to improve the overall efficiency of DC/DC converters using either synchronous or conventional switching PWM controllers. It has been optimized for low gate charge, low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and fast switching speed.

### Applications

- Control Switch for DC-DC Buck converters
- Notebook Vcore
- Telecom / Networking Point of Load

### Features

- 13 A, 30 V  $R_{DS(ON)} = 9m\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = 10$  V  
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 12m\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = 4.5$  V
- Low gate charge (10nC @  $V_{GS} = 5$  V)
- Very low Miller Charge (3nC)
- Low Rg (1 Ohm)
- RoHS Compliant



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$I_D$	Drain Current -Continuous (Note 1a)	13	A
	-Pulsed	50	
$P_D$	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	3.0	W
	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1b)	1.2	
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1b)	125	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDS6298	FDS6298	13inch	12mm	2500 units

**Electrical Characteristics**  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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**Off Characteristics**

$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	30	-	-	V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$	-	30	-	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 24\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body Leakage,	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA

**On Characteristics** (Note 2)

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.7	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-5	-	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$I_D = 13\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	-	7.4	9	m $\Omega$
		$I_D = 12\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$	-	9.4	12	
		$I_D = 13\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	11	15	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$I_D = 13\text{A}$ , $V_{DS} = 10\text{V}$	-	58	-	S

**Dynamic Characteristics**

$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	-	1108	-	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		-	310	-	pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	109	-	pF
$R_G$	Gate Resistance	$V_{GS} = 15\text{mV}$ , $f = 1\text{MHz}$	0.3	1	1.7	$\Omega$

**Switching Characteristics** (Note 2)

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V}$ , $I_D = 1\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $R_{GEN} = 6\Omega$	-	11	20	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time		-	5	10	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	27	43	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	7	14	ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 15\text{V}$ , $I_D = 13\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 5\text{V}$	-	10	14	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge		-	3	-	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge		-	3	-	nC

**Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings**

$V_{SD}$	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_S = 2.1\text{A}$ (Note 2)	-	0.74	1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 13\text{A}$ , $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	27	-	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		-	13	-	nC

**Notes:**

1.  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins.  $R_{\theta JC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $R_{\theta JA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a)  $50^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a  $1\text{in}^2$  pad of 2 oz copper



b)  $125^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a minimum pad

Scale 1: 1 on letter size paper

2. Test: Pulse Width  $< 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $< 2.0\%$

## Typical Characteristics

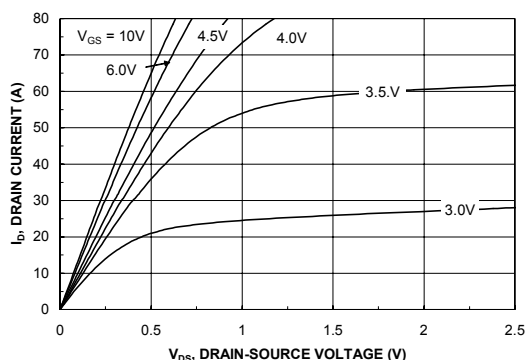


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

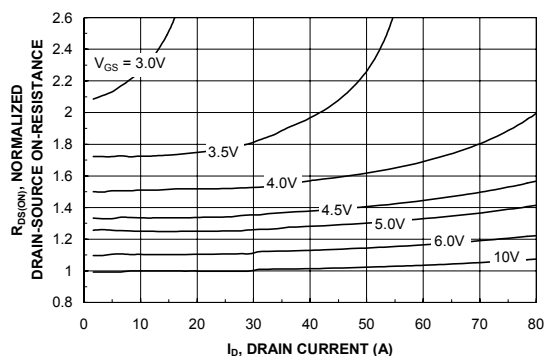


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage

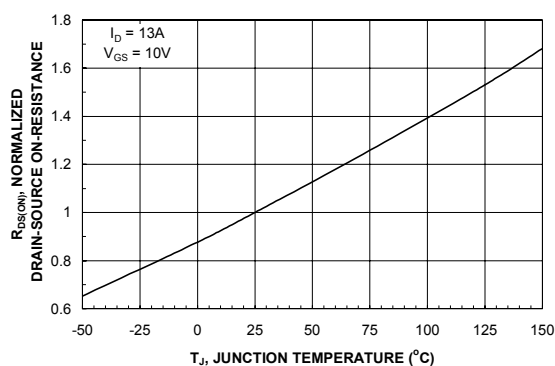


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature

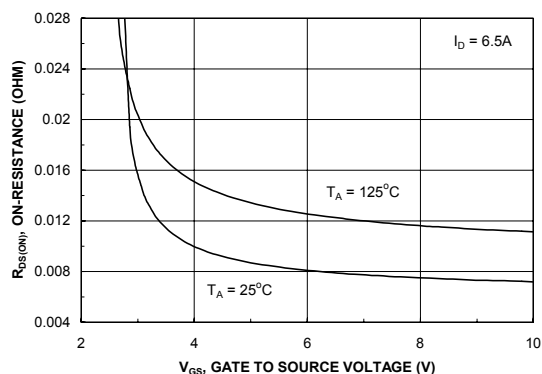


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage

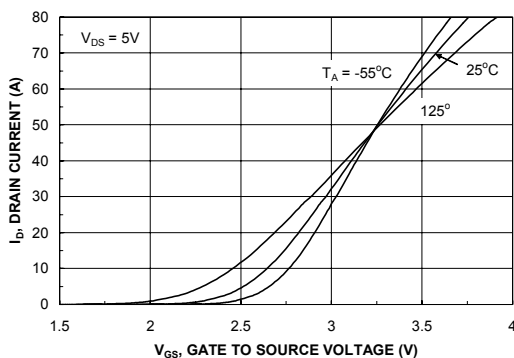


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

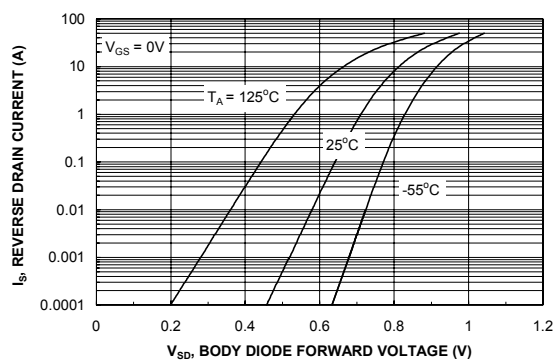


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature

## Typical Characteristics

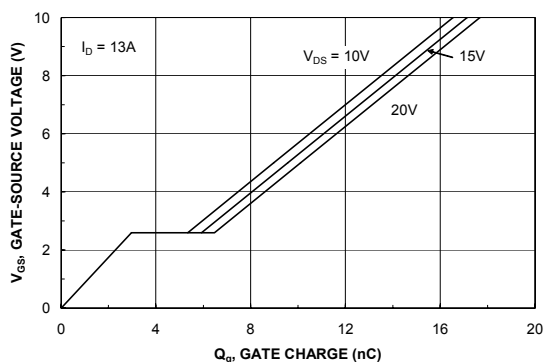


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

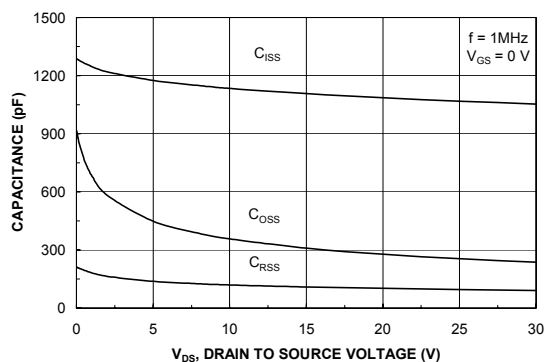


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics

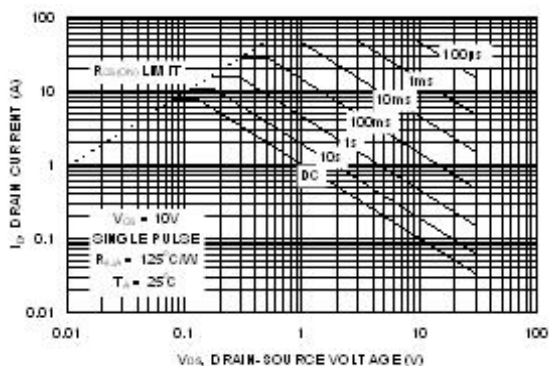


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operation Area

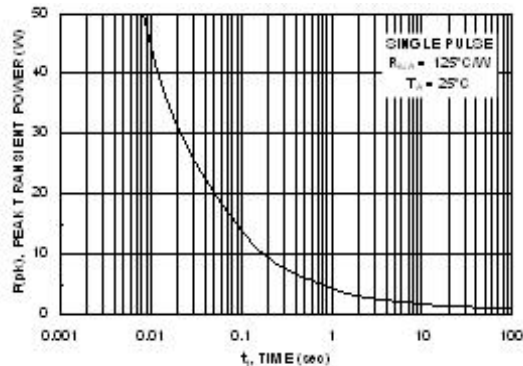


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

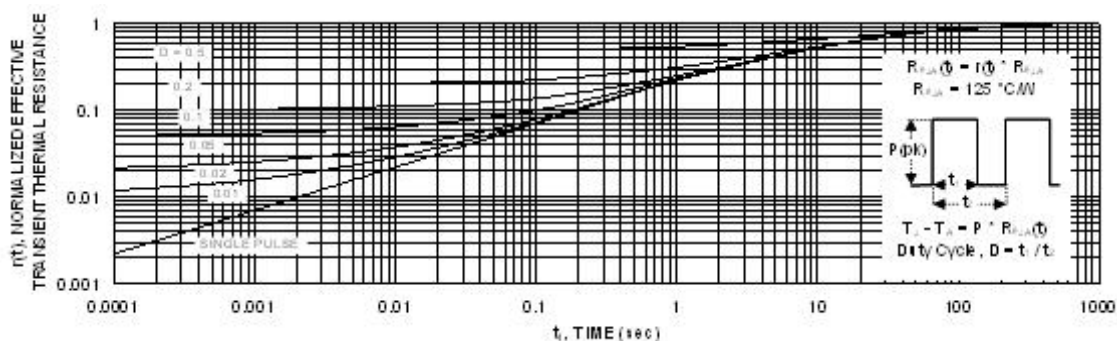


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1b.  
Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

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