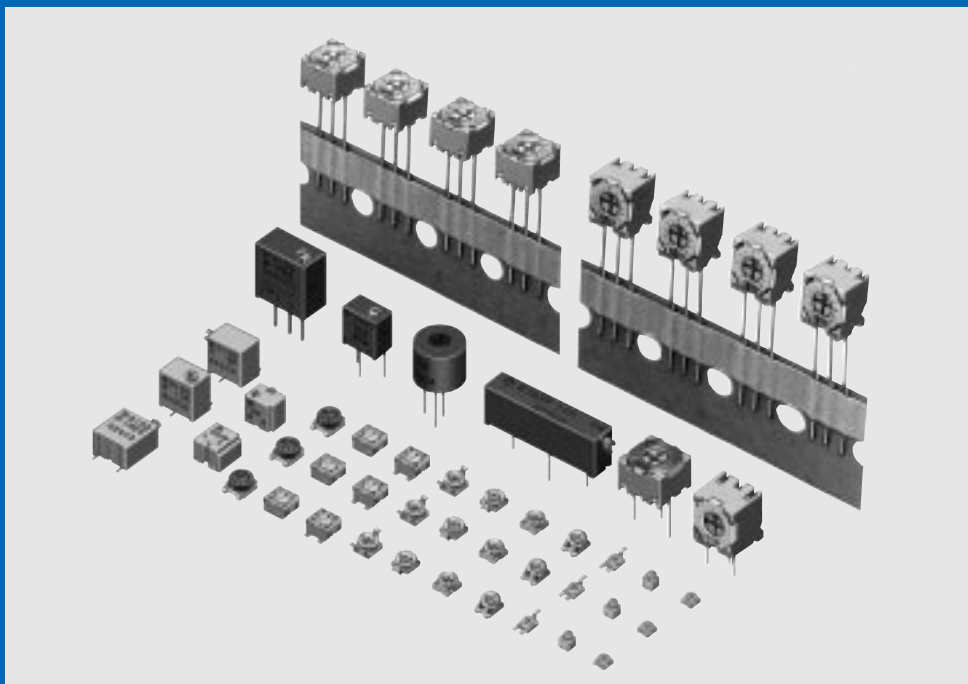


Trimmer Potentiometers

TRIMMER POTENTIO- METERS



*Innovator
in Electronics*

Murata
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

Cat.No.R50E-10

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● Part Numbering (The structure of the "Global Part Numbers" that have been adopted since June 2001 and the meaning of each code are described herein.) If you have any questions about details, inquire at your usual Murata sales office or distributor.

Trimmer Potentiometers

(Global Part Number) **PV** **Z3** **A** **103** **A01** **R00**
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥

① Product ID

| Product ID | |
|------------|------------------------|
| PV | Trimmer Potentiometers |

② Series

③ Lead Type /Adjustment Direction

| Code | Series | Code | Lead Type/ Adjustment Direction |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Z2 | 2mm Size | A | Top |
| | | K | Rear |
| Z3 | 3mm Size | A | Top |
| | | K | Rear |
| S3 | 3mm Size with Stopper Low-profile | A | Top |
| A3 | 3mm Size | A | Top |
| M4 | Closed 4mm Size | A | Top |
| F2 | Closed 2mm Size | A | Top |
| G3 | Closed 3mm Size | A | Top, J-hook |
| | | G | Top, Gull-wing |
| G5 | SMD 11-turns 5 Size | A | Top |
| | | H | Side |
| 01 | SMD 12-turns | P | Side |
| | | W | Top |
| | | X | Side |
| C6 | Single-turn Closed Type 6mm Size | A | Top, Triangle |
| | | D | Top, Triangle |
| | | E | Side, Triangle |
| | | G | Side, Triangle |
| | | H | Side, Triangle |
| | | M | Top, Inline |
| | | Q | Side, Inline |
| 32 | Single-turn Closed Type 6mm Size | H | Top, Triangle |
| | | P | Top, Triangle |
| | | R | Top, Inline |
| | | N | Side, Triangle |
| | | T | Side, Triangle |
| | | S | Side, Triangle |
| 34 | Single-turn Closed Type | F | Top, Triangle |
| | | P | Top, Triangle |
| | | H | Side, Triangle |
| | | X | Side, Triangle |
| 12 | 4-turn Closed Type | W | Side, Inline |
| | | H | Top, Triangle |
| | | P | Top, Triangle |
| | | T | Side, Triangle |
| | | S | Side, Triangle |
| 22 | 22-turn Closed Type | L | Side |
| | | S | Side, Inline |
| | | Y | Side, Triangle |

| | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|----------|----------------|
| 23 | 15-turn Closed Type | P | Side, Triangle |
| | | Y | Side, Triangle |
| 36 | 25-turn Closed Type | W | Top, Inline |
| | | Y | Top, Triangle |
| | | P | Side, Triangle |
| | | X | Side, Inline |
| | | Z | Side, Triangle |
| 37 | 12-turn Closed Type | W | Top, Triangle |
| | | Y | Top, Inline |
| | | P | Side, Triangle |
| | | X | Side, Triangle |
| | | Z | Side, Inline |

④ All Resistance

Expressed by three figures. The unit is ohm. The first and second figures are significant digits, and the third figure expresses the number of zeros which follow the two figures.

| | | |
|------|------------|----------------------|
| Ex.) | Code | All Resistance |
| | 100 | 100ohm |
| | 102 | 1000ohm |
| | 104 | 100000ohm (=100kohm) |

⑤ Individual Specification Code

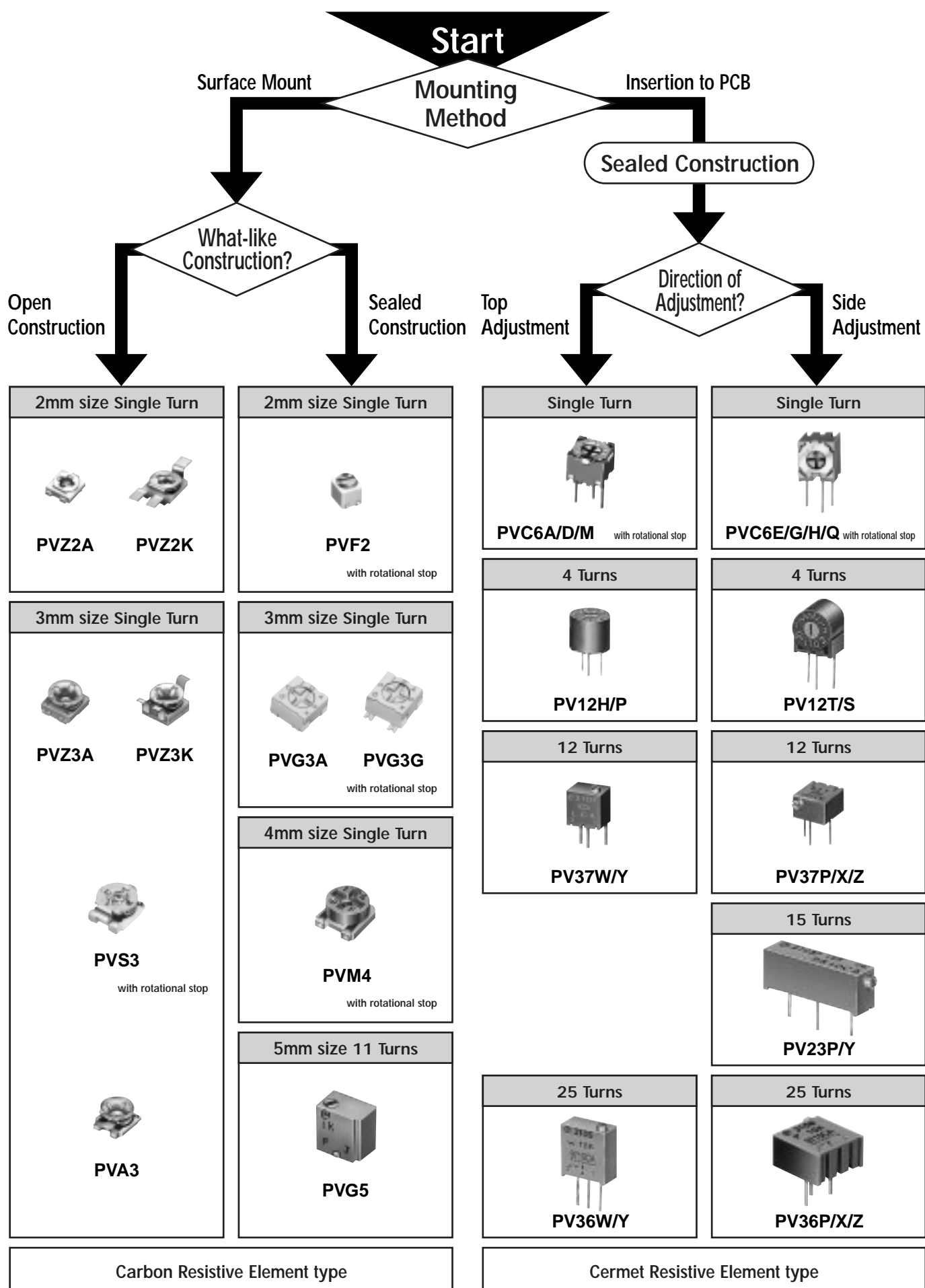
| Code | Series | Individual Specification Code |
|------------|------------------|---|
| A01 | — | Standard |
| B01 | PVZ3 | Heat-resistance Type |
| B01 | PVM4 | High-liability Type |
| A31 | PV36/PV37 | Radial Taping |
| A04 | PVC6 | Radial Taping |
| A11 | PVF2 | Standard Type (Resistance Change Characteristics : Linear) |
| A41 | PVF2 | Standard Type (Resistance Change Characteristics : Log curve) |
| A81 | PVF2 | Standard Type (Resistance Change Characteristics : Log curve) |
| A51 | PVF2 | Standard Type (Resistance Change Characteristics : Log-log curve) |
| A91 | PVF2 | Standard Type (Resistance Change Characteristics : Log-log curve) |

⑥ Packaging

| Code | Packaging |
|-------------|-----------|
| A00 | Ammo Pack |
| B00 | Bulk |
| M00* | Magazine |
| R00 | Reel |

* M02 for PV01 series

Selection Guide of Trimmer Potentiometers



Trimmer Potentiometers



Chip Open Type 2mm Size PVZ2 Series

■ Features

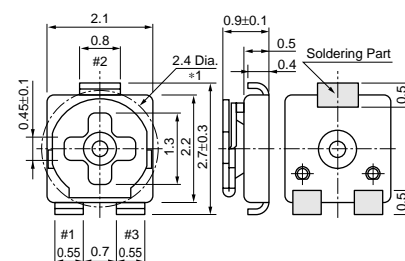
1. Ultra-small and thin external dimensions of 2.1(W)x2.7(L)x1.0 max.(T)mm.
2. Au plated termination achieve a high density P.C.B. mounting.
3. Cross-shaped driver slot allows for in-process automatic adjustment and it provides superior adjustability.
4. Two pieces parts construction achieve low cost and excellent quality.
5. Special resin substrate allow high peak temperature for reflow soldering.

■ Applications

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Pick-up module | 2. LCD |
| 3. Cellular-phone | 4. PHS |
| 5. Pager | 6. DVC |
| 7. Digital camera | 8. Portable audio, etc |



PVZ2A

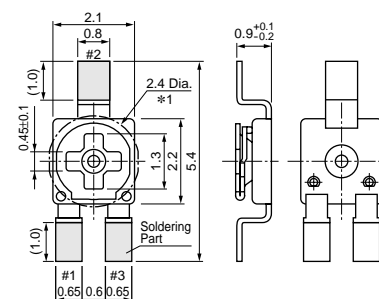


*1 Driver Plate Rotation Area :
Please do not place any components which height is more than 0.7mm within this area.

(Tolerance : ±0.2)
in mm



PVZ2K



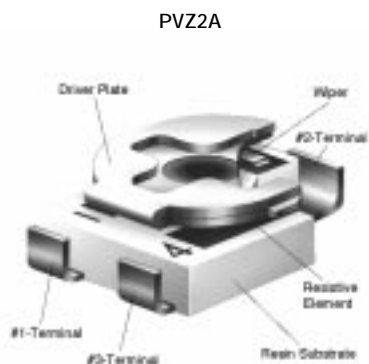
*1. Driver Plate Rotation Area :
Please do not place any components which high is more than 0.7mm within this area.

(Tolerance : ±0.2)
in mm

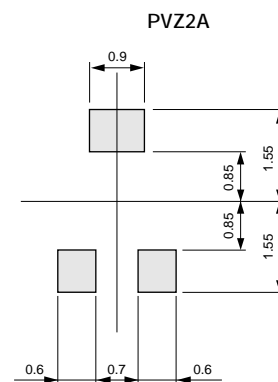
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVZ2□501A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 500ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□102A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□202A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□302A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 3k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□502A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□103A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□203A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□303A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 30k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□503A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□104A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□204A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□304A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 300k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□504A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ2□105A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 1M ohm ±30% | ±500 |

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction A(top) or K(rear).

Construction

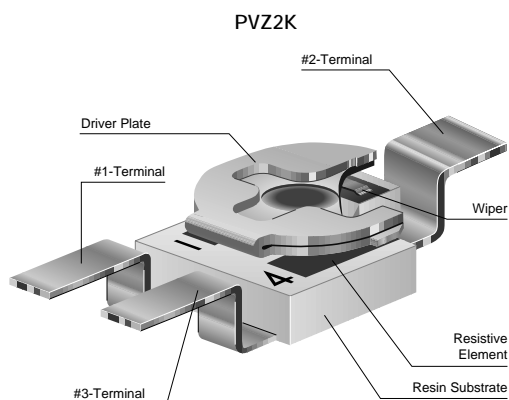


Standard Land Pattern

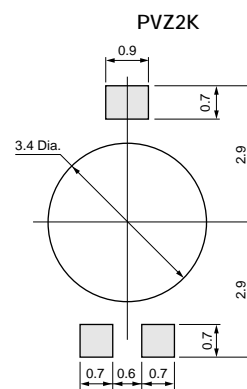


(in mm)
(Tolerance : ±0.1)

Construction



Standard Land Pattern



(in mm)
(Tolerance : ±0.1)

Characteristics

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Humidity Exposure | Res. Change : +10, -2% |
| High Temperature Exposure | Res. Change : $R \leq 100\text{kohm} \dots +2, -10\%$ $100\text{kohm} < R \dots +2, -15\%$ |
| Humidity Load Life | Res. Change : ±10% |
| Load Life | Res. Change : $R \leq 100\text{kohm} \dots +2, -10\%$ $100\text{kohm} < R \dots +2, -15\%$ |
| Temperature Cycle | Res. Change : ±5% |
| Temperature Coefficient of Resistance | ±500ppm/°C |
| Rotational Life | Res. Change : ±10% (10 cycles) |

PVZ2 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2) In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.
- (7) Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load(rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

- (1) Reflow soldering and Soldering Iron are available.
Can not be soldered using the flow soldering method. If you use the flow soldering method, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.

- (2) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.

(3) Standard soldering condition

- (a) Reflow soldering : Refer to the standard temperature profile.

(b) Soldering iron:

- >Temperature of tip : 260 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
- >Diameter : 1mm dia. max.

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (4) Apply the appropriate amount of solder paste.
The thickness of solder paste should be printed from 100micro m to 150micro m and the dimension of land pattern should be used Murata's standard

land pattern at reflow soldering. Insufficient

amounts of solder can lead to insufficient soldering strength on PCB. Excessive amounts of solder may cause the bridging between the terminals.

- (5) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

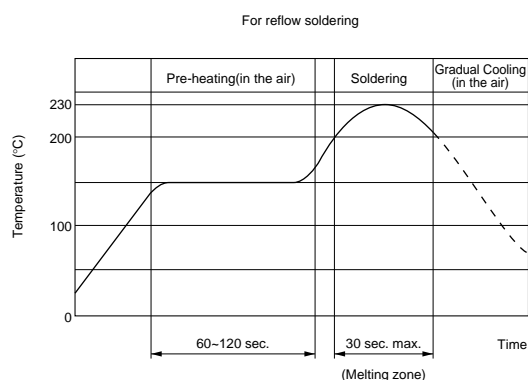
2. Mounting

- (1) Do not apply excessive force (preferable 4.9N (Ref.;500gf)max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (2) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.
- (3) In chip placers, the recommended size of the cylindrical pick-up nozzle should be outer dimension 1.5mm-1.8mm dia. and inner dimension 1.3mm dia..

3. Cleaning

- (1) In case there is flux on the resistive element, clean sufficiently by cleaning solvents and remove all residual flux perfectly.
- (2) Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.

■ Reflow Soldering Standard Profile



■ Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdriver.
*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment
Murata P/N : KMDR090
2. Don't apply more than 4.9N(Ref.;500gf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
3. Please use within the effective rotational angle.

The potentiometer does not have a mechanical stop for over rotation. In case out of effective rotational angle, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.

4. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using to prevent corrosion and contact intermittence.

■ Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

Trimmer Potentiometers

muRata

Chip Open Type 3mm Size PVZ3/PVS3/PVA3 Series

2

PVZ3 Series

■ Features

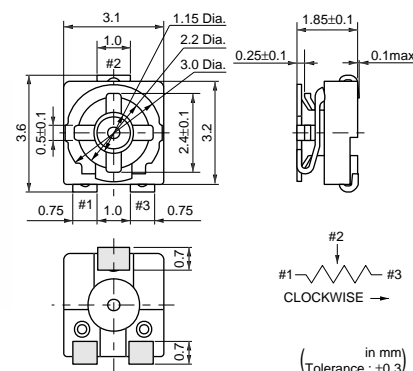
1. Excellent solderability characteristics are achieved via special plating techniques on each termination.
2. Specially designed substrate prevents wicking of flux onto the top of the part body.
3. Enlarged bottom termination enhance soldering strength while reducing the necessary land area required promoting high-density PCB mounting.
4. Funnel shaped adjustment slot allows for in-process automatic adjustment.
5. Flat surface is provided for smooth pick and place. (PVZ3K only)
6. Heat-Resistant type is available. (PVZ3AxxxB01)
7. The standard position of driver plate is adjusted at the center normally, but another position is also available.
8. This product meets Pb-free.

■ Applications

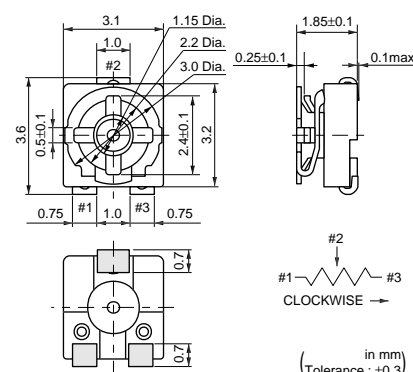
1. Optical pick up
2. Cordless telephones
3. CD players
4. FDD
5. Motor
6. CD-ROMs
7. Car stereos
8. TFT-LCD TV sets
9. Headphone stereos



PVZ3A




PVZ3K



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVZ3□201A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 200ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□301A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 300ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□501A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 500ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□102A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□202A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□302A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 3k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□502A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□103A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□203A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□303A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 30k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□503A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□104A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□204A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□304A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 300k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□504A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□105A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 1M ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□205A01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 2M ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□201B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 200ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□301B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 300ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□501B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 500ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□102B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□202B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |

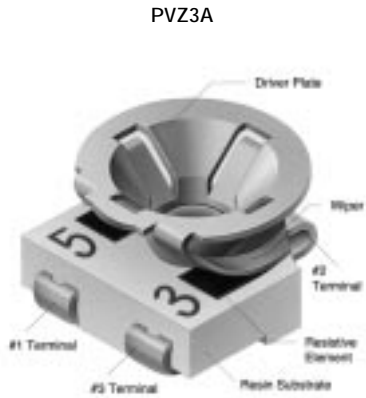
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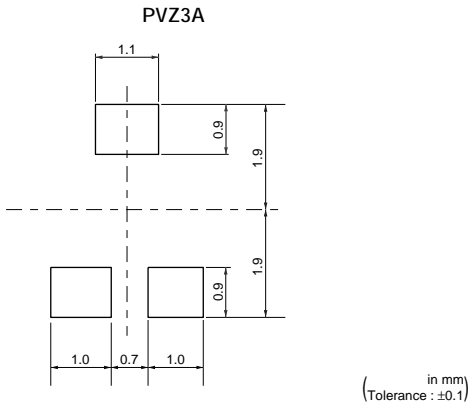
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVZ3□302B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 3k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□502B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□103B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□203B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□303B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 30k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□503B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□104B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□204B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□304B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 300k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□504B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□105B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 1M ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVZ3□205B01 | 0.1(50°C) | Reflow | 1(230°±10°) | 2M ohm ±30% | ±500 |

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction A(top) or K(rear).
The last three digits express the individual specification codes. A01 for standard type and B01 for high-resistant type.

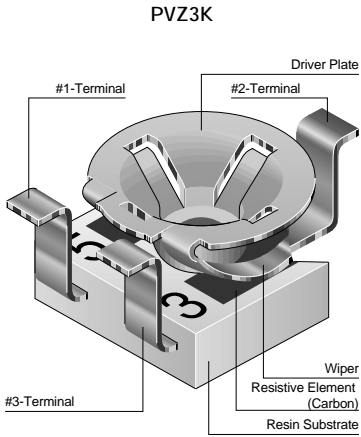
■ Construction



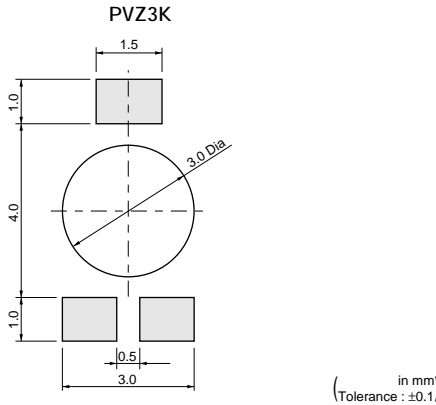
■ Standard Land Pattern




■ Construction



■ Standard Land Pattern



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■ Characteristics

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Humidity Exposure | Res. Change : +10, -2% |
| High Temperature Exposure | Res. Change : $R \leq 100\text{kohm}$...+2, -10% 100kohm< R ...+2, -15% |
| Humidity Load Life | Res. Change : $\pm 10\%$ |
| Load Life | Res. Change : $R \leq 100\text{kohm}$...+2, -10% 100kohm< R ...+2, -15% |
| Temperature Cycle | Res. Change : $\pm 5\%$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Resistance | $\pm 500\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Rotational Life | Res. Change : $\pm 10\%$ (10 cycles) |

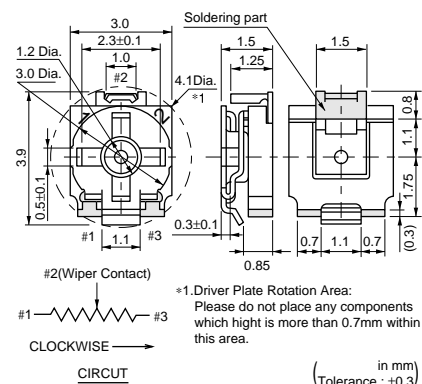
PVS3 Series

■ Features

1. Funnel shaped slot allows for in-process automatic adjustment and it provides superior adjustability.
2. 3mm miniature package lead a high density PCB mounting.
3. Plated termination achieve a high resistance to solder leaching.
4. Available for adjusting by screwdrivers on the market.

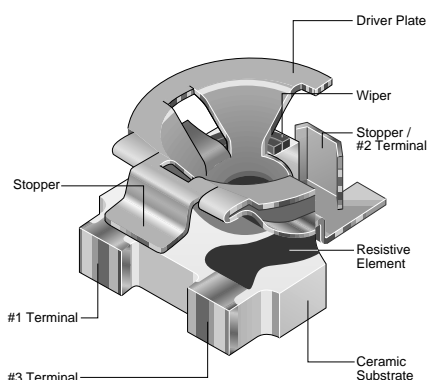
■ Applications

1. Camcorders
2. Video disk players
3. TFT-LCD TV sets
4. Headphone stereos
5. Cordless telephones
6. Micro-motors
7. Optical cameras

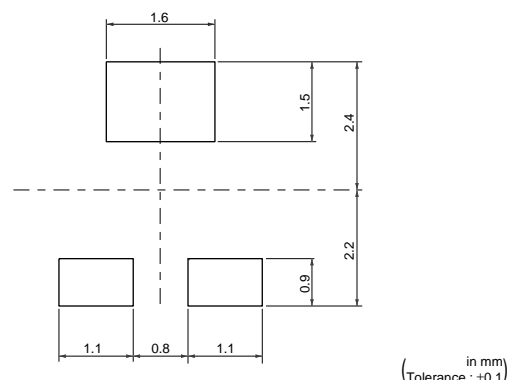


| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVS3A101A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 100ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A201A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 200ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A301A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 300ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A501A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 500ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A102A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 1k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A202A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 2k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A302A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 3k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A502A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 5k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A103A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 10k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A203A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 20k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A303A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 30k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A503A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 50k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A104A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 100k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A204A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 200k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A304A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 300k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A504A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 500k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A105A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 1M ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVS3A205A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 2M ohm ±25% | ±250 |


■ Construction



■ Standard Land Pattern



Continued on the following page.

 Continued from the preceding page.

■ Characteristics

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Humidity Exposure | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Humidity Load Life | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Load Life | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Temperature Cycle | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Resistance | $\pm 250\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Rotational Life | Res. Change : $\pm 10\%$ (10 cycles) |

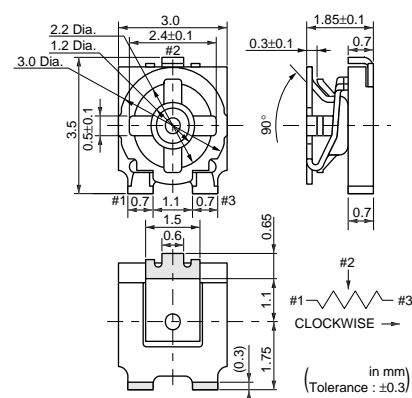
PVA3 Series

■ Features

1. Funnel shaped slot allows for in-process automatic adjustment and it provides superior adjustability.
2. 3mm miniature package lead a high density PCB mounting.
3. Plated termination achieve a high resistance to solder leaching.
4. Available for adjusting by screwdrivers on the market.
5. Recommended for both reflow and flow soldering method.(Need cleaning for flow soldering method)

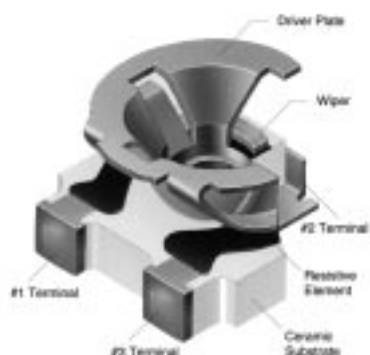
■ Applications

1. Camcorders
2. Video disk players
3. TFT-LCD TV sets
4. Headphone stereos
5. Cordless telephones
6. Micro-motors
7. Optical cameras

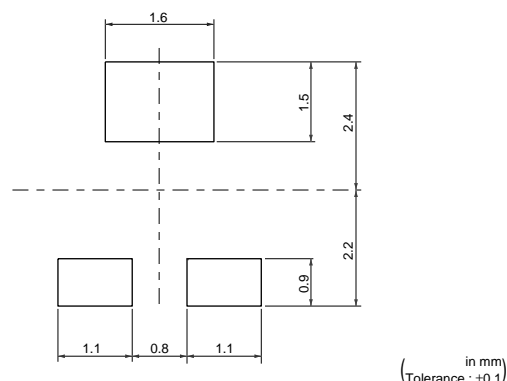


| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVA3A101A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 100ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A201A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 200ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A301A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 300ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A501A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 500ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A102A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 1k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A202A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 2k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A302A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 3k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A502A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 5k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A103A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 10k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A203A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 20k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A303A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 30k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A503A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 50k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A104A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 100k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A204A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 200k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A304A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 300k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A504A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 500k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A105A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 1M ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVA3A205A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(270°±10°) | 2M ohm ±25% | ±250 |


■ Construction



■ Standard Land Pattern



Continued on the following page.

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■ Characteristics

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Humidity Exposure | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Humidity Load Life | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Load Life | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Temperature Cycle | Res. Change : $\pm 3\%$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Resistance | $\pm 250\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Rotational Life | Res. Change : $\pm 10\%$ (10 cycles) |

PVZ3/PVS3/PVA3 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2) In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.
- (7) Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load(rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.
4. If the trimmer potentiometer is used in DC and high humidity condition, please connect wiper(#2) for plus and resistive element (#1 or #3) for minus.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

- (1) (a) Reflow soldering : Refer to the standard temperature profile.
- (b) Soldering iron:
*PVZ3xxxA01, PVZ3KxxxA01, PVA3, PVS3 series
>Temperature of tip : 260deg. C. max.
>Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
>Diameter : 1mm dia. max.
>Wattage of iron : 30W max.
*PVZ3xxxB01 series
>Temperature of tip : 310deg. C max.
>Soldering time : 5 sec. max.
>Diameter : 1mm dia. max.
>Wattage of iron : 30W max.

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2) Flow soldering is available for PVA3 series.
For PVZ3A, PVZ3K and PVS3, do not use flow soldering method (dipping).
If you use the flow soldering method, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
- (3) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may

be damaged.


- (4) Apply the appropriate amount of solder paste.
The thickness of solder paste should be printed from 150micro m to 200micro m (PVZ3K series should be printed from 100micro m to 150micro m) and the dimension of land pattern should be used Murata's standard land pattern at reflow soldering.
Insufficient amounts of solder can lead to insufficient soldering strength on PCB. Excessive amounts of solder may cause the bridging between the terminals.

2. Mounting

- (1) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.
- (2) Do not apply excessive force(preferable 4.9N (Ref.;500gf)max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (3) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.
- (4) In chip placers, the recommended size of the cylindrical pick-up nozzle should be outer dimension 2.5-2.8mm dia. and inner dimension 2mm dia..

3. Cleaning

- (1) In case there is flux on the resistive element, clean sufficiently by cleaning solvents and

Continued on the following page. 

PVZ3/PVS3/PVA3 Series Notice

Continued from the preceding page.

remove all residual flux perfectly.

(2) Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types

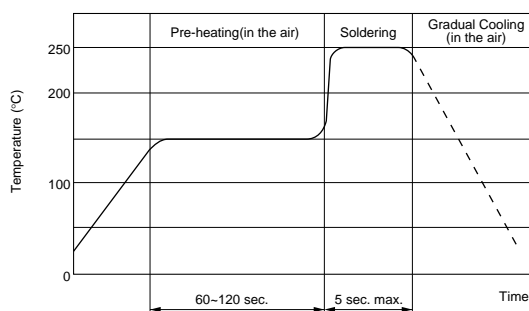
of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.

2

■ Flow Soldering Standard Profile

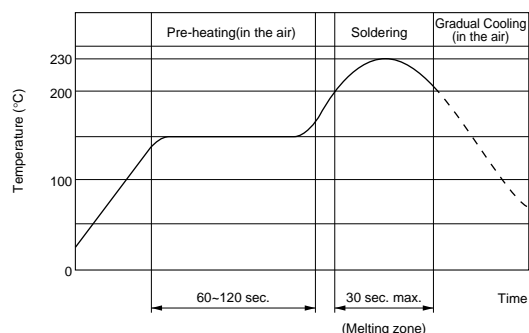
PVA3 Series Only

For flow soldering



■ Reflow Soldering Standard Profile

For reflow soldering



■ Notice (Handling)

- Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdrivers.
 *Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment
 <PVZ3/PVA3 series>
 VESSEL MFG.:NO.9000+1.7x30
 (Murata P/N : KMDR080)
 <PVZ3/PVS3/PVA3 series>
 TORAY MFG.:SA-2225
 (Murata P/N : KMDR070)
 *Recommended screwdriver for automatic adjustment
 TORAY MFG.:JB-2225
 (Murata P/N : KMBT070)
- Don't apply more than 4.9N(Ref.;500gf) of twist and

stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.

- For PVZ3 and PVA3 series, please use within the effective rotational angle.
 The potentiometer does not have a mechanical stop for over rotation. In case out of effective rotational angle, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
- When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using to prevent corrosion and contact intermittence.

■ Notice (Other)

- Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
- Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

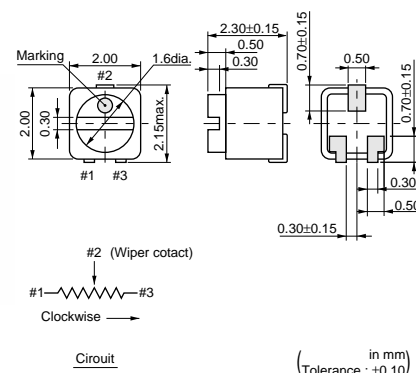
Trimmer Potentiometers



Chip Closed Type 2mm Size PVF2 Series

■ Features

1. Ultra-compact size of "2 x 2 x 2.3mm".
2. A sealed structure prevents liquids (water, cleaning liquid, sweat, etc.) from entering.
3. As for the resistance change characteristics, both a log curve type and linear type are available.
4. A rotation service life of 100 cycles is guaranteed.
5. Can be automatically mounted using a chip placer, as well as mounted using reflow soldering.




■ Applications

1. Hearing aids
2. Ultra-compact sensors or the like
3. Applications requiring ultra-compactness, and a sealed structure.

| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVF2A501A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A102A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A202A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A502A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A103A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A203A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A503A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A104A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A204A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A504A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A105A11 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1M ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A102A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A202A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A502A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A103A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A203A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A503A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A104A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A204A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A504A41 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A102A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A202A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A502A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A103A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A203A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A503A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A104A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A204A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A504A51 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A102A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A202A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A502A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A103A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A203A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |

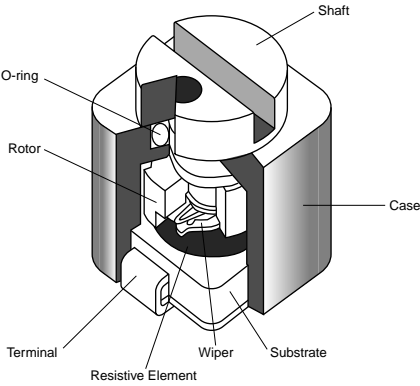
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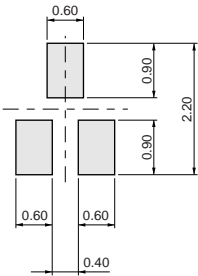
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVF2A503A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A104A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A204A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A504A81 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A102A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A202A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A502A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 5k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A103A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A203A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A503A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A104A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A204A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200k ohm ±30% | ±500 |
| PVF2A504A91 | 0.001(50°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500k ohm ±30% | ±500 |

The last three digits express the individual specification codes for Resistant Curve. Please refer to Resistant Curve below for each characteristics.

Construction




Standard Land Pattern



(in mm)
(Tolerance : ±0.10)

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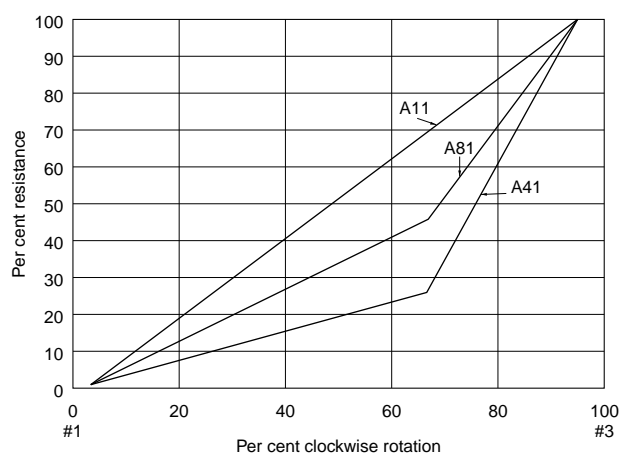
■ Characteristics

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Temperature Cycle | $\Delta TR \pm 5\%$ |
| Humidity | $\Delta TR \pm 15, -2\%$ |
| Vibration | $\Delta V.S.S. \pm 5\%$ |
| Shock (100G) | $\Delta V.S.S. \pm 5\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | $\Delta TR +2, -10\%$ |
| Low Temperature Exposure | $\Delta TR \pm 3\%$ |
| Rotational Life (100 cycles) | $\Delta TR \pm 10\%$ |

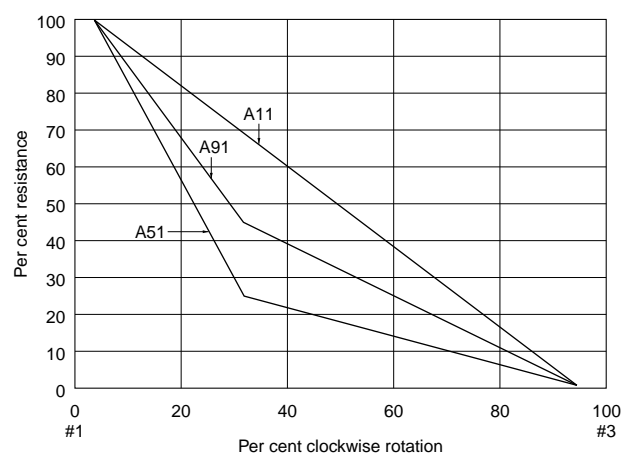
ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
 $\Delta V.S.S.$: Voltage Setting Stability

■ Resistance Curve

Linea-log. curve (Measured from terminal 1 to 2)



Linea-log. log. curve (Measured from terminal 2 to 3)



PVF2 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2) In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.
- (7) Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load(rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.
4. If the trimmer potentiometer is used in DC and high humidity condition, please connect wiper(#2) for plus and resistive element (#1 or #3) for minus.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

(1) Standard solder iron condition

- >Temperature of tip : 260 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
- >Diameter : 1mm dia. max.
- >Wattage of iron : 30W max.

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.
- (3) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.
- (4) Can not be soldered using the flow soldering method. If you use the flow soldering method, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.

2. Mounting

- (1) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land

area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.

- (2) Do not apply excessive force (preferable 4.9N (Ref.;500gf)max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (3) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.


3. Cleaning

- (1) Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2) The total cleaning time by cold dipping, vapor and ultrasonic washing (conditions as below) method shall be less than 3 minutes.
- (3) For ultra-sonic cleaning, the available condition is as follows.

- >Power : 600W(67liter) max.
- >Frequency : 28kHz
- >Temperature : Ambient temperature

Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment peculiar self resonance point and the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions.

If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be

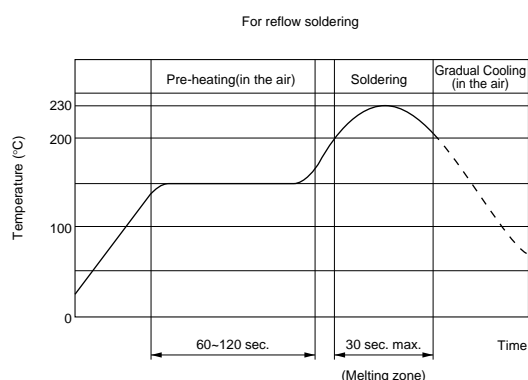
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PVF2 Series Notice

Continued from the preceding page.

damaged.

Reflow Soldering Standard Profile



Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdriver.
*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment
Murata P/N : KMDR140
We can supply above screwdrivers.
If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.
2. Don't apply more than 4.9N(Ref.;500gf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact

intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.

3. The rotational torque at the position of the adjustment range should not exceed the stop strength.
4. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").

Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

Trimmer Potentiometers



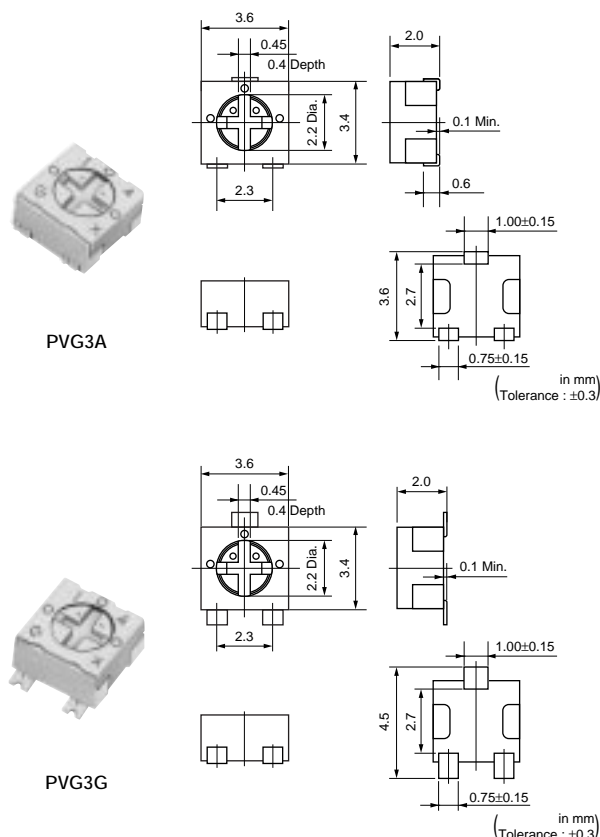
Chip Closed Type 3mm Size PVG3 Series

■ Features

1. Sealed construction protects the internal from dust and liquid, which achieves stable performance.
2. Driver plate with cross-slot is suitable for automatic adjustment.
3. Rotor with large diameter and deep groove improves driver insertion.
4. Regarding the terminal shape, both J-lead and gull wing type are available as standard ones.
5. 3mm and 4mm land pattern can be used without change. (Gull wing is suitable for 4mm size land pattern.)
6. Heat resistance performance enables high temperature peak re-flow soldering.
7. The lead terminals are plated with Sn, which achieves Pb free.

■ Applications

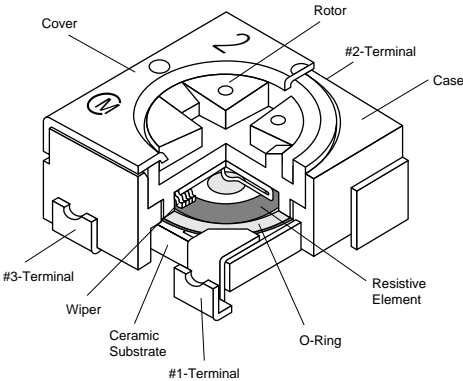
1. Small sensors
2. Optical Transceiver Module
3. Copier
4. Printer
5. Compact Power Supply
6. Wireless Radio module



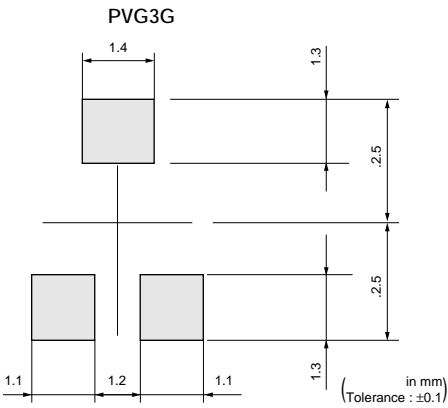
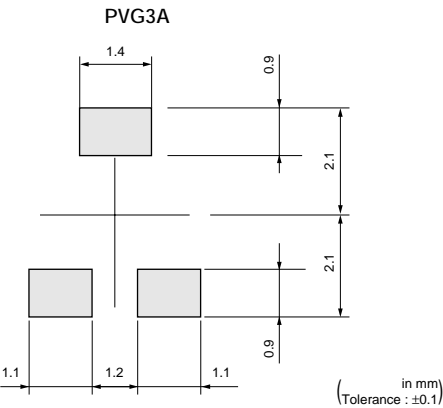
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVG3□100A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10ohm ±20% | ±250 |
| PVG3□200A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□500A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□101A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□201A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□501A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□102A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□202A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□502A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 5k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□103A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 10k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□203A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 20k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□503A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 50k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□104A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 100k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□204A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 200k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□504A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 500k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□105A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 1M ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVG3□205A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 1(210°±10°) | 2M ohm ±20% | ±100 |

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type A(top, J-hook) or G(top, gull-wing).

Construction



Standard Land Pattern



Characteristics

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | ΔTR $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 1\%$ |
| | IR 10Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (100G) | ΔTR $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR $\pm 3\%$ or 3ohm max., whichever is greater |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 1\%$ |
| Low Temperature Exposure | ΔTR $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 2\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | ΔTR $\pm 3\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S$ $\pm 2\%$ |
| Rotational Life (100cycles) | ΔTR $\pm 3\%$ or 3ohm max., whichever is greater |
| | |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
 $\Delta V.S.S$: Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PVG3 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2) In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.
- (7) Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load(rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

(1) Standard soldering condition

- (a) Reflow soldering : Refer to the standard temperature profile.

(b) Soldering iron

- >Temperature of tip : 260 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
- >Diameter of tip : 2mm dia. max.
- >Wattage of iron : 30W max.

Before using other soldering conditions more than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.

If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2) Can not be soldered using the flow soldering method. If you use the flow soldering method, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
- (3) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.
- (4) Apply the appropriate amount of solder paste. If the amount of solder paste applied to the land is insufficient, the required adhesive strength cannot be obtained. If an excessive amount of solder paste is applied, solder bridging or flux overflow to the resistive element surface can occur.

2. Mounting

- (1) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land


area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.

- (2) Do not apply excessive force(preferable 4.9N (Ref.;500gf)max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (3) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.
- (4) In chip placers, the size of the cylindrical pick-up nozzle should be outer dimension 2.5-2.8mm dia. and inner dimension 2.0-2.5mm dia..

3. Cleaning

- (1) Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2) Less than 3 minutes of total cleaning time by dipping, vapor and ultra-sonic method.
- (3) In case of ultra-sonic cleaning method, cleaning condition should be as follows.
 - (a) Power : 600W(67lit.) max.
 - (b) Frequency : 28kHz
 - (c) Temperature : Ambient temperature

Due to ultra-sonic cleaning equipment peculiar self resonance point and cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions.
If the condition is not suitable, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from specified

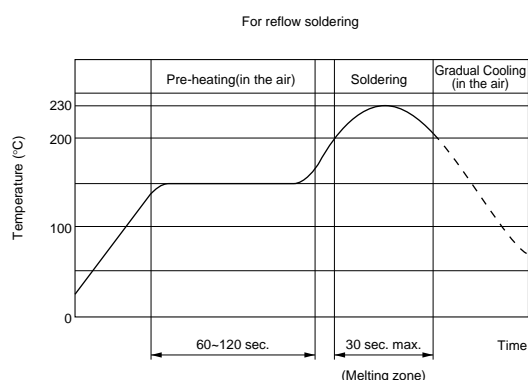
Continued on the following page. 

PVG3 Series Notice

Continued from the preceding page.

characteristics.

■ Reflow Soldering Standard Profile



■ Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot.

*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment

TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC. : SA-2225

(Murata P/N : KMDR070)

*Recommended screwdriver bit for automatic adjustment

TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC. : JB-2225

(Murata P/N : KMBT070)

We can supply above screwdrivers.

If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.

2. Don't apply more than 9.8N(Ref.;1kgf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence.
3. When adjusting with an adjustment tool, the applied force to the adjustment screw should not exceed 4.9N (Ref.;500gf). If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function due to damage.
4. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").

■ Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

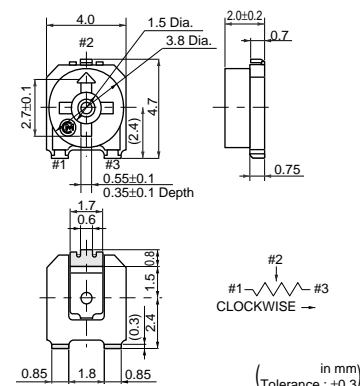
Trimmer Potentiometers

muRata

Chip Closed Type 4mm Size PVM4 Series

■ Fetures

1. Available for flow and reflow soldering method while maintaining unique sealed construction.
2. Simple construction by 3 piece parts achieve high reliability.
3. Available for cleaning after soldering.
4. Plated termination achieve a high resistance to solder leaching.
5. High grade version is available (PVM4AxxxB01).



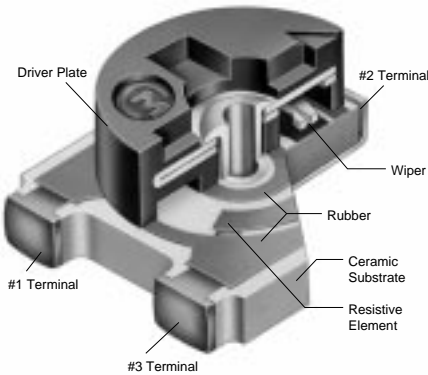
■ Applications

1. FDDs
2. HDDs
3. Measuring equipments
4. Encoders
5. Professional use cameras

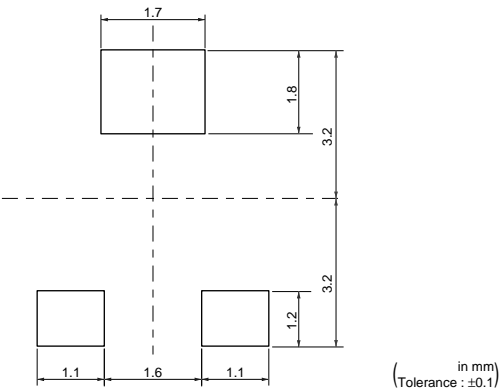
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVM4A201A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 200ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A301A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 300ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A501A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 500ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A102A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 1k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A202A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 2k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A302A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 3k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A502A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 5k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A103A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 10k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A203A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 20k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A303A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 30k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A503A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 50k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A104A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 100k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A204A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 200k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A304A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 300k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A504A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 500k ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A105A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 1M ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A205A01 | 0.1(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 2M ohm ±25% | ±250 |
| PVM4A101B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 100ohm ±20% | ±150 |
| PVM4A201B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 200ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A301B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 300ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A501B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 500ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A102B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 1k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A202B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 2k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A302B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 3k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A502B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 5k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A103B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 10k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A203B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 20k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A303B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 30k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A503B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 50k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PVM4A104B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 100k ohm ±20% | ±150 |
| PVM4A204B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 200k ohm ±20% | ±150 |
| PVM4A304B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 300k ohm ±20% | ±150 |
| PVM4A504B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 500k ohm ±20% | ±150 |
| PVM4A105B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 1M ohm ±20% | ±150 |
| PVM4A205B01 | 0.25(70°C) | Flow/Reflow | 1(240°±10°) | 2M ohm ±20% | ±150 |

The last three digits express the individual specification codes. A01 for standard type and B01 for high-liability type.

Construction



Standard Land Dimension



Characteristics

| Item | PVM4A01□□□A01 | PVM4A01□□□B01 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Humidity Exposure | Res. Change : ±3% | Res. Change : ±2% |
| High Temperature Exposure | Res. Change : ±3% | Res. Change : ±2% |
| Humidity Load Life | Res. Change : ±3% | Res. Change : ±3% |
| Temperature Load Life | Res. Change : ±3% | Res. Change : ±3% |
| Temperature Cycle | Res. Change : ±3% | Res. Change : ±2% |
| Rotational Life | Res. Change : ±10% (20 cycles) | Res. Change : ±5% (100 cycles) |

PVM4 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chlorine gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2) In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.
- (7) Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load (rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

- (1) Can be soldered by reflow soldering method, flow soldering method, and soldering iron. (In case of flow soldering, it is necessary to clean after soldering.)
- (2) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of the chip.
- (3) Standard soldering condition
 - (a) Reflow and flow soldering : Refer to the standard temperature profile.
 - (b) Soldering iron:
 - > Temperature of tip : 260 C. max.
 - > Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
 - > Diameter : 2mm dia. max.
 Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.
- (4) Apply the appropriate amount of solder paste.
The thickness of solder paste should be printed from 100μm to 150μm and the dimension of land pattern should be used Murata's standard land pattern at reflow soldering. Insufficient amounts of solder can lead to insufficient soldering strength on PCB. Excessive amounts of solder may cause the bridging between the

terminals.


- (5) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

2. Mounting

- (1) Do not apply excessive force (preferable 9.8N (Ref.; 1kgf) max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (2) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.
- (3) In chip placers, the recommended size of the cylindrical pick-up nozzle should be outer dimension 4.0mm dia. and inner dimension 2.0mm dia..

3. Cleaning

- (1) Isopropyl alcohol and Ethyl alcohol are available material for cleaning.
For other materials, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2) The total cleaning time by cold dipping method shall be less than 5 minutes.
The total cleaning time by hot dipping method shall be less than 2 minutes.
The total cleaning time by ultrasonic washing (conditions as below) method shall be less than 1 minutes.
In case of the mixed conditions with hot dipping and ultrasonic washing, the cleaning time by hot dipping shall be less than 1 minutes and the cleaning time by ultrasonic washing shall be less than 1 minutes. In case of the mixed conditions

Continued on the following page. 

PVM4 Series Notice

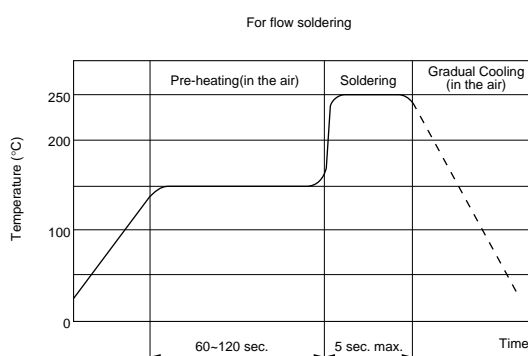
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with hot dipping, ultrasonic washing and vapor, the cleaning time by hot dipping shall be less than 1 minutes, the cleaning time by ultrasonic washing shall be less than 30 seconds and the cleaning time by vapor shall be less than 30 seconds. If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the sealing construction may be damaged.

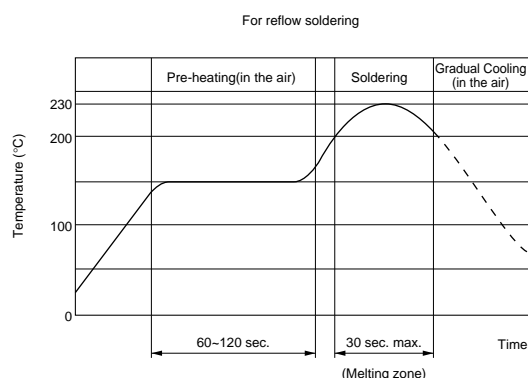
Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment

peculiar self resonance point and the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions. If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

Flow Soldering Standard Profile



Reflow Soldering Standard Profile



Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdriver.
*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment
VESSEL MFG.:NO.9000-2.6x30
(Murata P/N : KMDR120)
We can supply above screwdrivers. If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.
2. Don't apply more than 4.9N(Ref.:500gf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the

- trimmer potentiometer may not function.
3. Please use within the effective rotational angle.
The potentiometer does not have a mechanical stop for over rotation. In case out of effective rotational angle, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
4. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").

Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

Trimmer Potentiometers



Chip Closed Type Multi-turn Type PVG5/PV01 Series

PVG5 Series

■ Features

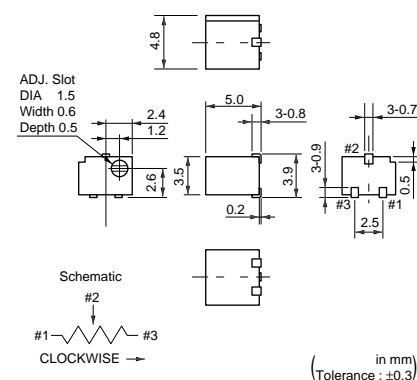
1. High resolution resulting from 11-turns design enables precise adjustment.
2. 5mm miniature size lead a high density PCB mounting.
3. Compatible with VPS reflow soldering method.
4. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
5. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

■ Applications

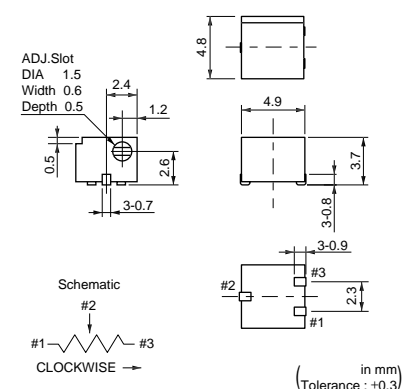
1. Measuring instruments
2. Sensors
3. CPUs
4. Industrial machines



PVG5A



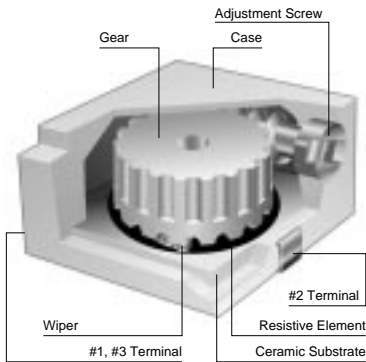
PVG5H



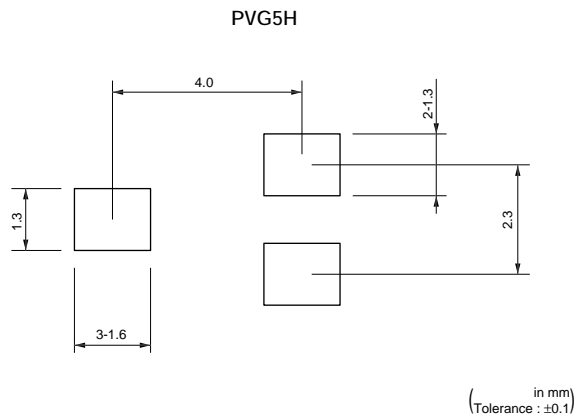
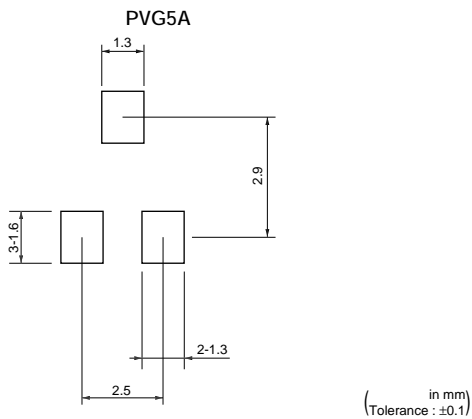
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVG5□100A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 10ohm ±10% | ±200 |
| PVG5□200A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 20ohm ±10% | ±200 |
| PVG5□500A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 50ohm ±10% | ±200 |
| PVG5□101A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 100ohm ±10% | ±200 |
| PVG5□201A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□501A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□102A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□202A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□502A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□103A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□203A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□253A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□503A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□104A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□204A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□254A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□504A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□105A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVG5□205A01 | 0.25(70°C) | Reflow | 11 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction A(top) or H(side).

Construction



Standard Land Pattern



Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 10Mohm min. |
| Vibration | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | $\pm 3\%$ or 3ohm max., whichever is greater |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Low Tamperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Tamperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (100 cycles) | ΔTR | $\pm 3\%$ or 3ohm max., whichever is greater |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
 $\Delta V.S.S.$: Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV01 Series

■ Features

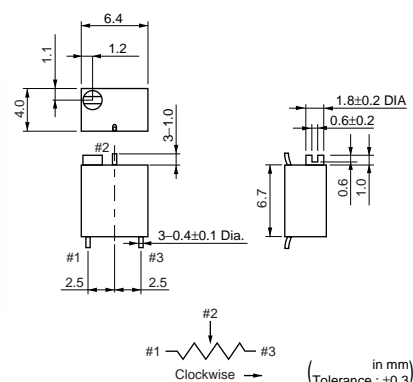
1. High resolution, resulting from 12-turns design enables precise adjustment.
2. Compatible with VPS reflow soldering method.
3. Small size (6.35x6.35x4.3mm).
4. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
5. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

■ Applications

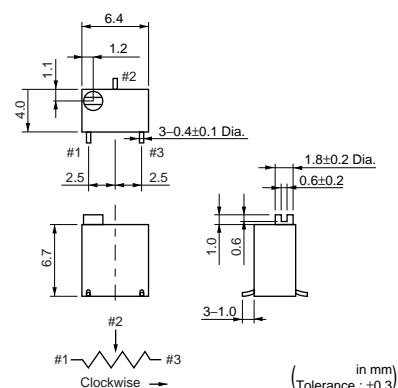
1. Measuring instruments
2. Facsimile machines
3. CPUs
4. PPCs
5. Printers
6. Sensors



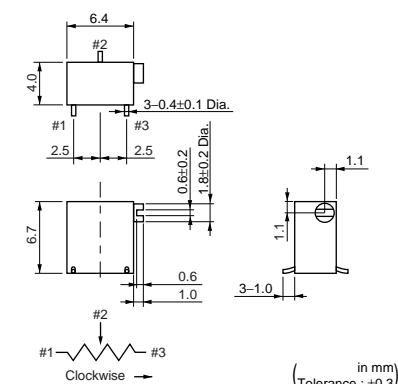
PV01P



PV01W




PV01X



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV01□100A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□200A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□500A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□101A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□201A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□501A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□102A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□202A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□502A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□103A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□203A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□253A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□503A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□104A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□204A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□254A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |

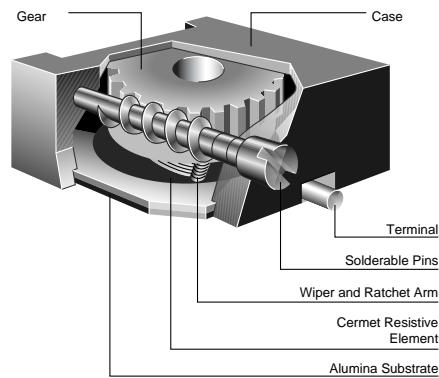
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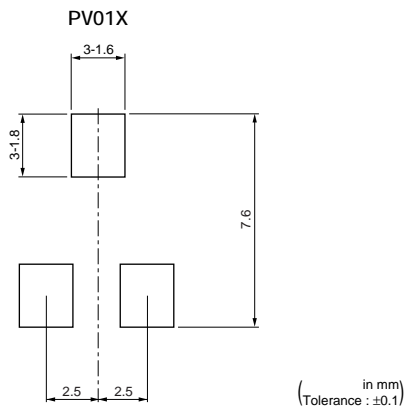
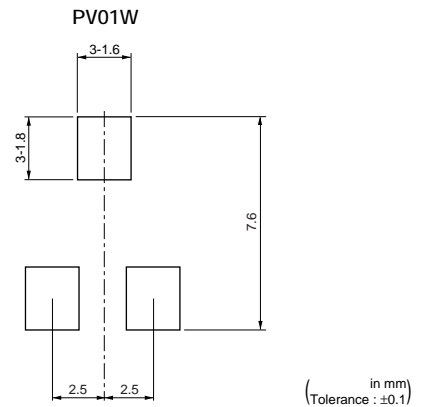
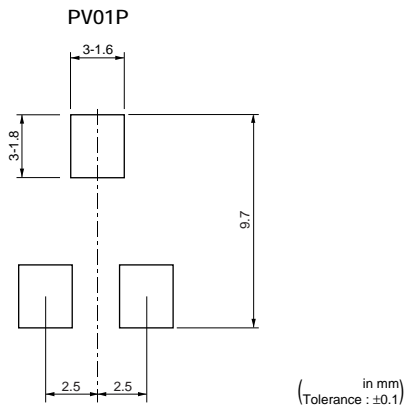
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV01□504A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV01□105A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Reflow | 12 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |


The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction P(side), W(top) or X(rear).
Magazine packaging is standard for PV01 series.


■ Construction



■ Standard Land Dimension



Continued on the following page. 

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■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (100G) | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 2\%$ |
| Low Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
 $\Delta V.S.S.$: Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PVG5/PV01 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1) Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2) In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3) Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4) Direct sunlight.
- (5) Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6) Direct sea breeze.
- (7) Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load (rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

(1) Standard soldering condition

(a) Reflow and flow soldering :

Refer to the standard temperature profile.

(b) Soldering iron :

- >Temperature of tip : 260 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
- >Diameter : 2mm dia. max.
- >Wattage of iron : 30W max.

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer capacitor may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2) Can not be soldered using the flow soldering method. If you use the flow soldering method, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
- (3) The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.
- (4) Insufficient amounts of solder can lead to insufficient soldering strength on PCB.
Excessive amounts of solder may cause the bridging between the terminals.

2. Mounting

- (1) Use our standard land dimension. Excessive land area causes displacement due to effect of the surface tension of the solder. Insufficient land area leads to insufficient soldering strength of

the chip.

- (2) Do not apply excessive force (preferable 9.8N (Ref.; 1kgf) max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.
- (3) Do not warp and/or bend PC board to prevent trimmer potentiometer from breakage.
- (4) In chip placers, the recommended size of the cylindrical pick-up nozzle should be outer dimension 4.0mm dia. and inner dimension 2.0mm dia..

3. Cleaning

- (1) Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2) The total cleaning time by cold dipping, vapor and ultrasonic washing (conditions as below) method shall be less than 3 minutes.
- (3) For ultra-sonic cleaning, the available condition is as follows.

>Power : 600W(67liter) max.

>Frequency : 28kHz

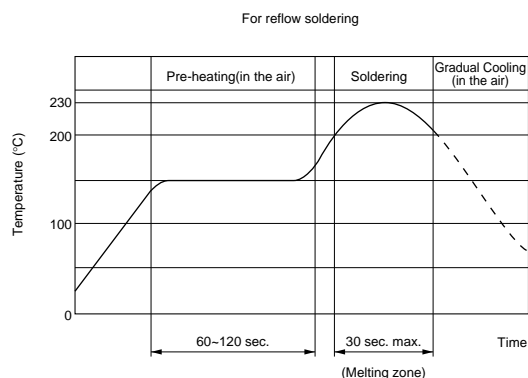
>Temperature : Ambient temperature

Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment peculiar self resonance point and the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions.

If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

PVG5/PV01 Series Notice

■ Reflow Soldering Standard Profile



■ Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdrivers.

*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment

<PVG5 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO.9000-1.3x30

(Murata P/N : KMDR130)

<PV01 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO.9000-1.8x30

(Murata P/N : KMDR110)

We can supply above screwdrivers.

If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.

2. Don't apply more than 9.8N(Ref.;1kgf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
3. When adjusting with a screwdriver, do not apply excessive force(preferable 4.9N(Ref;500gf) max.)
4. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").

■ Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

Trimmer Potentiometers

muRata

Lead Closed Single-turn Type PVC6/PV32/PV34 Series

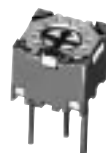
PVC6 Series

■ Features

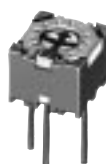
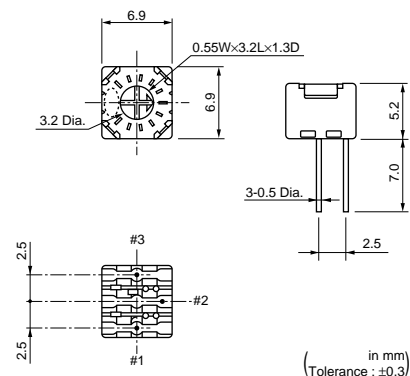
1. Enlarged rotor provides superior adjustability.
2. 11-scales are easy to see adjustment position.
3. Colored rotor provides superior adjustability.
4. Funnel shaped rotor allows for in-process automatic adjustment and it provides superior adjustability.
5. Available for "Zero" plus adjustment tool using.
6. Available for ultrasonic cleaning after soldering.

■ Applications

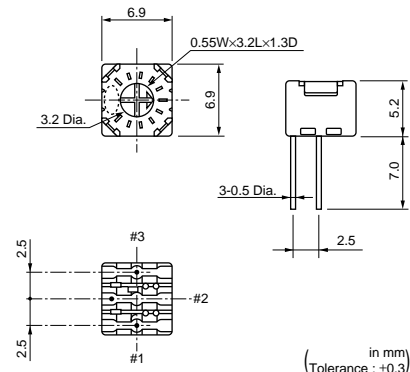
- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. DY | 2. CRT display |
| 3. Professional cameras | 4. CATV |
| 5. FAX | 6. Power supply |
| 7. Printers | 8. Sensors |
| 9. Industrial machines | |



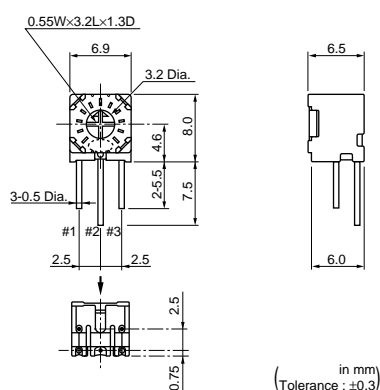
PVC6A



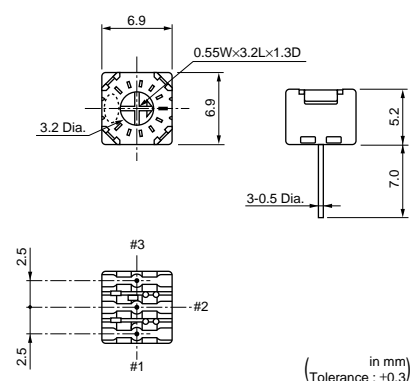
PVC6D



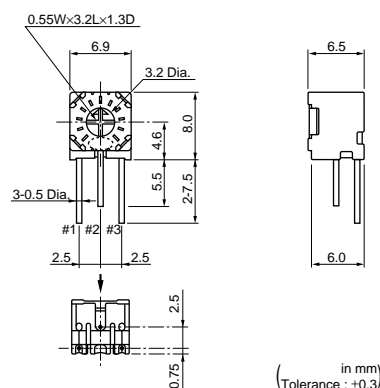
PVC6E



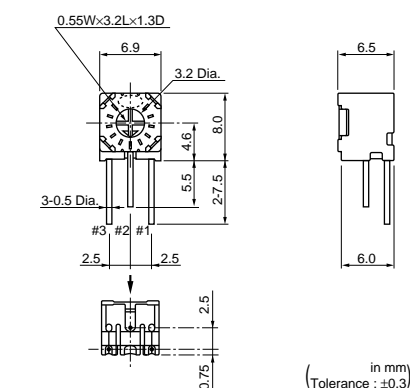
PVC6M



PVC6H

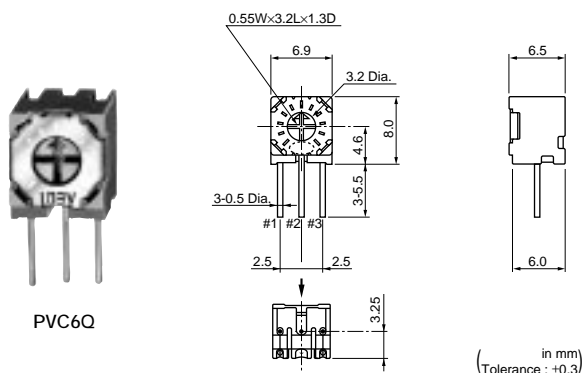


PVC6G



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PVC6Q

| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVC6□100A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□200A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□250A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 25ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□500A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□101A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□201A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□251A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 250ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□501A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□102A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□202A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□252A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 2.5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□502A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□103A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□203A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□253A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□503A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□104A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□204A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□254A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□504A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□105A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□205A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□505A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 5M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□100A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□200A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□250A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 25ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□500A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□101A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□201A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□251A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 250ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□501A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□102A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□202A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□252A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 2.5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□502A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□103A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□203A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□253A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□503A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□104A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□204A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□254A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□504A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□105A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

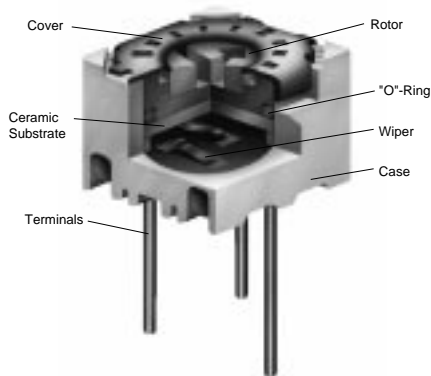
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| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PVC6□205A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PVC6□505A04 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(240°±5°) | 5M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C
The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (A, D, E, G, H, M and Q).
The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .
The last three digits express the individual specification codes. A01 for standard type and A04 for radial taping type(PVC6M/PVC6Q series only).

■ Construction



■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Humidity | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Shock (100G) | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±2% |
| Low Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| High Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | ΔTR | ±4% |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
ΔV.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV32 Series

■ Features

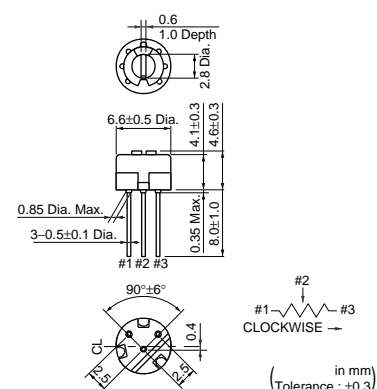
1. 6 standard terminal styles.
2. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
3. Single-turn cermet : 6.6mm round.
4. 6mm miniature size.
5. Flammability : UL94V-0

■ Applications

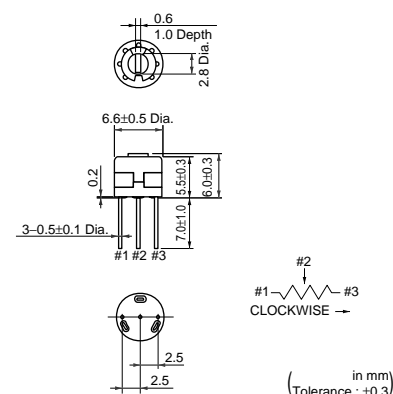
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 1. TVs | 2. HDTVs |
| 3. Professional cameras | 4. CATV |
| 5. Facsimile machines | 6. Printers |
| 7. CPUs | 8. Sensors |
| 9. Switching power supplies | |



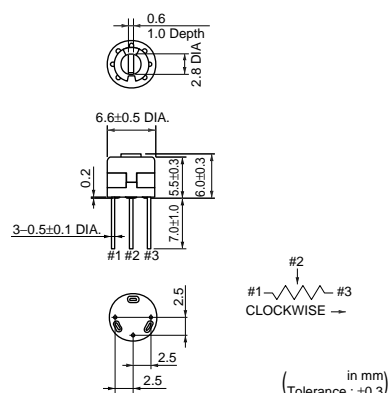
PV32H



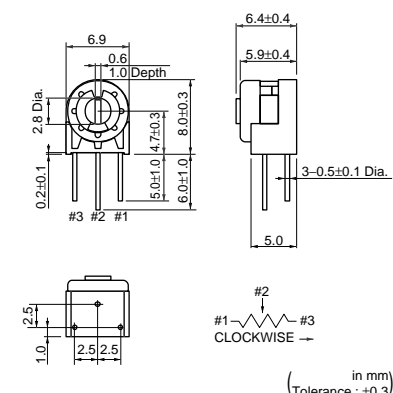
PV32R



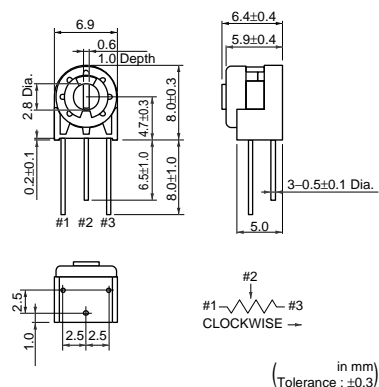
PV32P



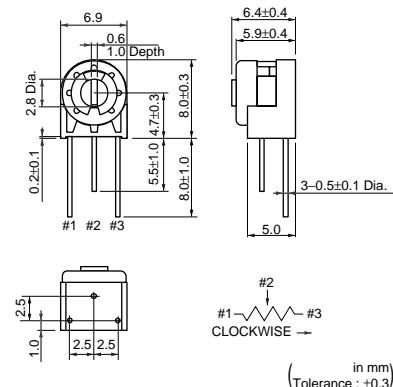
PV32N



PV32S




PV32T



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV32□100A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 10ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□200A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 20ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□250A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 25ohm ±20% | ±100 |

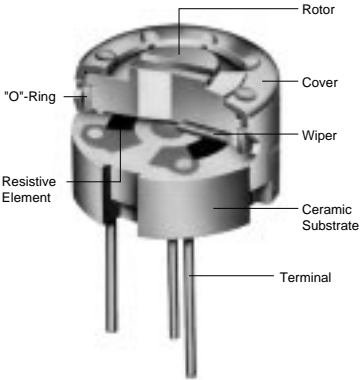
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| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV32□500A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 50ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□101A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 100ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□201A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 200ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□251A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 250ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□501A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 500ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□102A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 1k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□202A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 2k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□252A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 2.5k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□502A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 5k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□103A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 10k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□203A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 20k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□253A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 25k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□503A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 50k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□104A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 100k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□204A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 200k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□254A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 250k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□504A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 500k ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□105A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 1M ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□205A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 2M ohm ±20% | ±100 |
| PV32□505A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(230°±5°) | 5M ohm ±20% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C
The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (H, P, R, N, S and T).
The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .

■ Construction



Continued on the following page. 

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■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (100G) | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 2\%$ |
| Low Temperature Exposure | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | Δ TR | $\pm 4\%$ |

Δ TR : Total Resistance Change
 Δ V.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV34 Series

■ Features

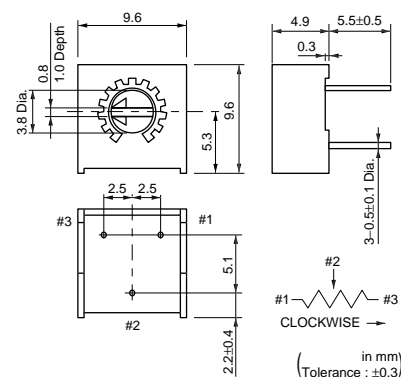
1. Single-turn, cermet construction in 9.6mm square.
2. Flammability : UL94V-0
3. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.

■ Applications

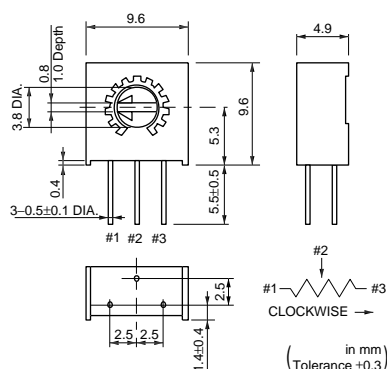
1. TVs
2. HDTVs
3. Professional cameras
4. CATV
5. Facsimile machines
6. Printers
7. CPUs
8. Sensors
9. Switching power supplies



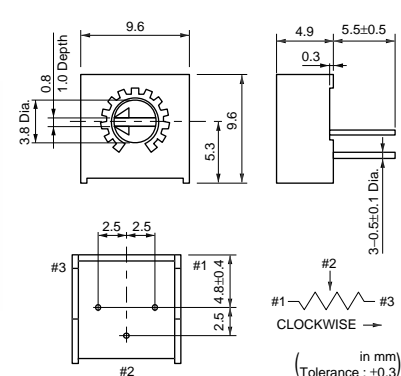
PV34F



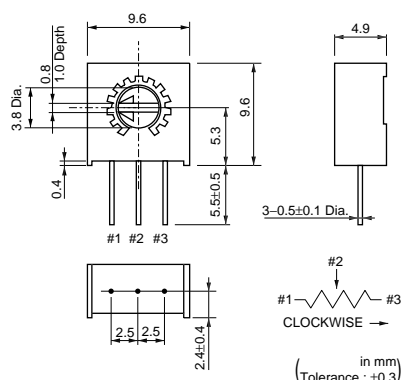
PV34H



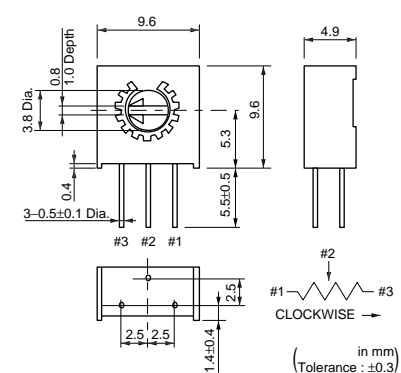
PV34P



PV34W




PV34X



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV34□100A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□200A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□500A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□101A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□201A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□501A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□102A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□202A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□502A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□103A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□203A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□253A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□503A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□104A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□204A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□254A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |

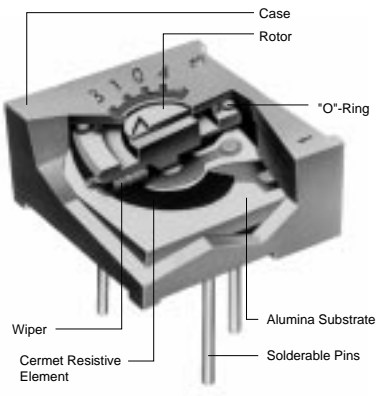
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| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV34□504A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□105A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV34□205A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 1(280°±15°) | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C
The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (F, H, P, X and W).
The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .

Construction



Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Humidity | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Shock (100G) | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±2% |
| Low Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| High Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | ΔTR | ±3% |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
ΔV.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PVC6/PV32/PV34 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1)Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2)In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3)Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4)Direct sunlight.
- (5)Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6)Direct sea breeze.
- (7)Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load(rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

(1)Standard soldering condition

(a)Flow soldering :

- >Pre-heating temp. : 80-100 C.
- >Soldering temp. : 260 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.

(b)Soldering iron :

- >Temperature of tip : 300 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
- >Wattage of iron : 40W max.

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2)To minimize mechanical stress when adjusting, the trimmer potentiometer shall be mounted onto PCB without gap.
- (3)The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

2. Mounting

- (1)Use PCB hole to meet the pin of the trimmer potentiometer. If the trimmer potentiometer

installs into insufficient PCB hole, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged by mechanical stress.

- (2)Do not apply excessive force (preferable 9.8N (Ref.;1kgf)max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.

3. Cleaning

- (1)Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2)The total cleaning time by cold dipping, vapor and ultrasonic washing(conditions as below) method shall be less than 3 minutes.
- (3)For ultra-sonic cleaning, the available condition is as follows.

- >Power : 600W(67liter) max.
- >Frequency : 28kHz
- >Temperature : Ambient temperature

Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment peculiar self resonance point and the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions. If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

PVC6/PV32/PV34 Series Notice

■ Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdrivers.

*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment

<PVC6 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO.9000+0x30

(Murata P/N : KMDR150)

TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC. : SA-2225

(Murata P/N : KMDR070)

<PV32/34 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO.9000-1.8x30

(Murata P/N : KMDR110)

*Recommended screwdriver bit for automatic adjustment

<PVC6 series>

VESSEL MFG. : NO.CA-10

(Murata P/N : KMBT090)

TORAY INDUSTRIES, INC. : JB-2225

(Murata P/N : KMBT070)

We can supply above screwdrivers.

If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.

2. Don't apply more than 9.8N(Ref.;1kgf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function.
3. When adjusting with an adjustment tool, the applied force to the adjustment screw should not exceed 4.9N(Ref.;500gf). If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function due to damage.
4. The rotational torque at the position of the adjustment range should not exceed the stop strength.
5. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").

■ Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.

Trimmer Potentiometers

muRata

Lead Closed Multi-turn Type PV12/PV37/PV23/PV22/PV36 Series

PV12 Series

■ Features

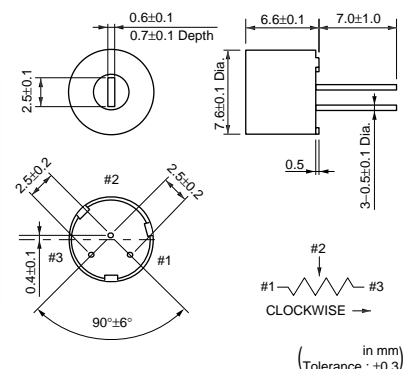
1. Cermet with 4-turns construction in 7.6mm round.
2. Unique planetary drive enables precise wiper setting.
3. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.
4. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.

■ Applications

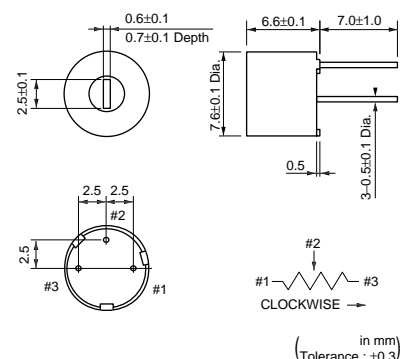
1. Measuring instruments
2. Facsimile machines
3. CPUs
4. PPCs
5. Printers
6. Sensors



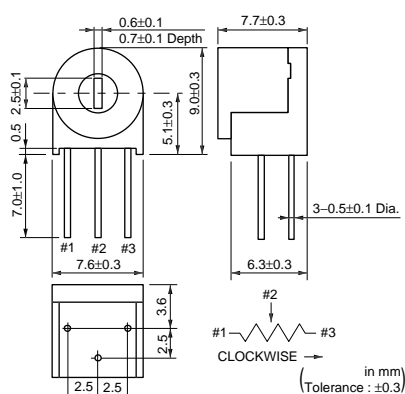
PV12H



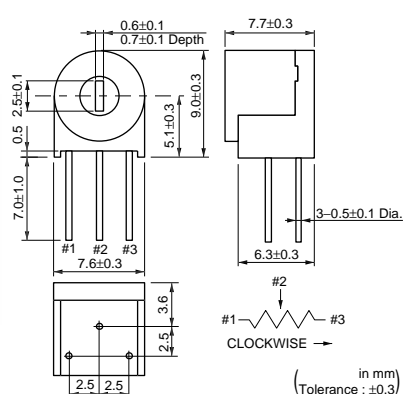
PV12P



PV12S




PV12T



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV12□100A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□200A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□500A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□101A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□201A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□501A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□102A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□202A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□502A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□103A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |

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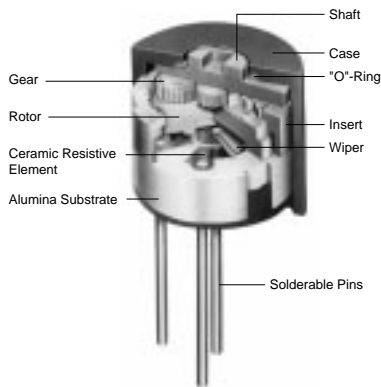
muRata

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| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV12□203A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□503A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□104A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□204A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□504A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□105A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV12□205A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 4 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C
The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (H, P, T and S).
The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .

■ Construction



■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Humidity | ΔTR | ±2% |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Shock (100G) | ΔTR | ±1% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1% |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | ±3% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±2% |
| Low Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | ±3% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1.5% |
| High Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | ±3% |
| | ΔV.S.S. | ±1.5% |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | ΔTR | ±3% |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
ΔV.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV37 Series

■ Features

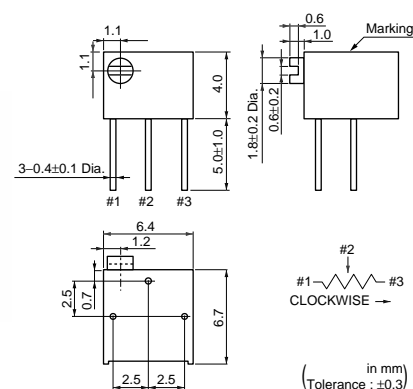
1. High resolution, 12-turns cermet.
2. Listed on the QPL for style RJ26 per MIL-R-22097.
3. Small size (6.35x6.35x4.3mm).
4. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
5. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

■ Applications

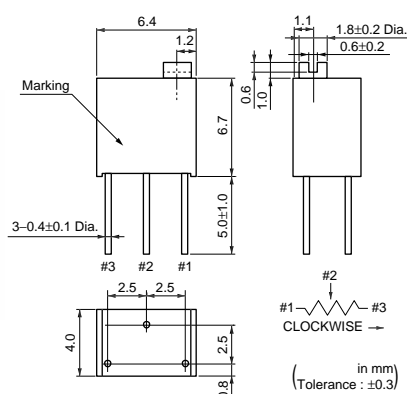
1. Measuring instruments
2. Facsimile machines
3. CPUs
4. PPCs
5. Printers
6. Sensors



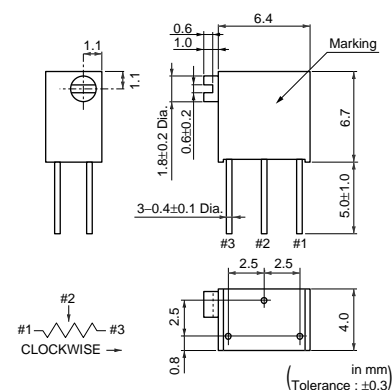
PV37P



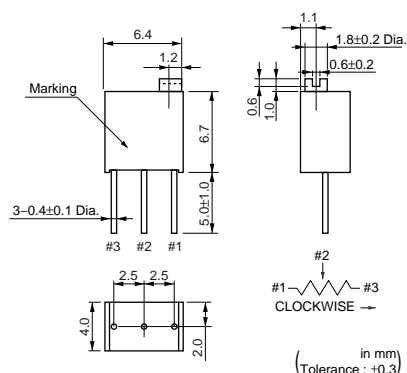
PV37W



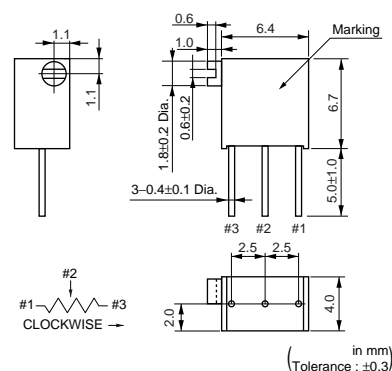
PV37X



PV37Y




PV37Z



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV37□100A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□200A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□500A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□101A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□201A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□501A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□102A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□202A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□502A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□103A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□203A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□253A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□503A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□104A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□204A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□254A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |

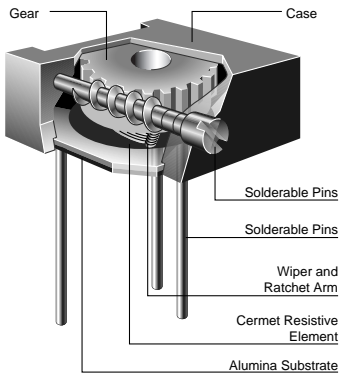
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| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV37□504A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□105A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□205A01 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□100A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□200A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□500A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□101A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□201A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□501A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□102A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□202A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□502A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□103A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□203A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□253A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□503A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□104A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□204A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□254A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□504A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□105A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV37□205A31 | 0.25(85°C) | Soldering Iron | 12 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C
The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (P, X, Y, W and Z).
The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .
The last three digits express the individual specification codes. A01 for standard type and A31 for radial tapping type(PV37Y/PV37Z series only).

■ Construction



Continued on the following page. 

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■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (100G) | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 2\%$ |
| Low Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
 $\Delta V.S.S.$: Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV23 Series

■ Features

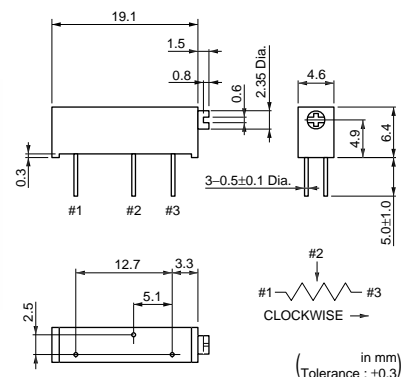
1. Recommended for applications requiring side adjustment.
2. Rectangular parallelepiped, 15-turns, space saving design (4.6x6.4x19.1mm).
3. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
4. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

■ Applications

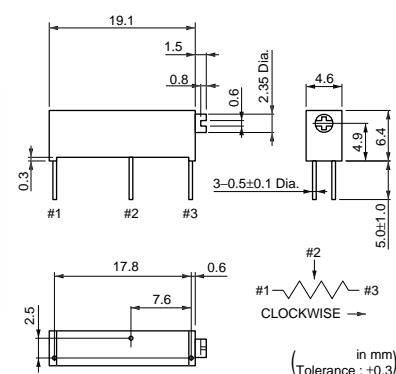
- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Measuring instruments | 2. Facsimile machines |
| 3. CPUs | 4. PPCs |
| 5. Printers | 6. Sensors |



PV23P



PV23Y



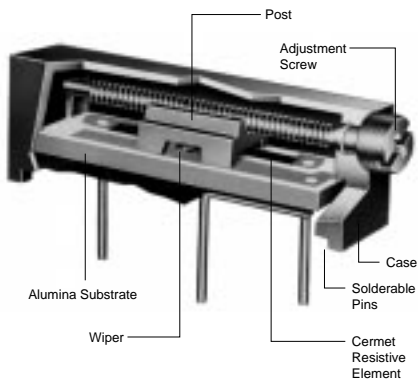
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV23□100A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□200A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□500A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□101A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□201A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□501A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□102A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□202A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□502A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□103A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□203A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□503A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□104A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□204A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□504A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□105A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV23□205A01 | 0.75(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 15 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (P and Y).

The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .

■ Construction



■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (50G) | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | ΔTR | $\pm 3\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Low Tamperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Tamperature Exposure | ΔTR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | $\Delta V.S.S.$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | ΔTR | $\pm 3\%$ |

ΔTR : Total Resistance Change
 $\Delta V.S.S.$: Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV22 Series

■ Features

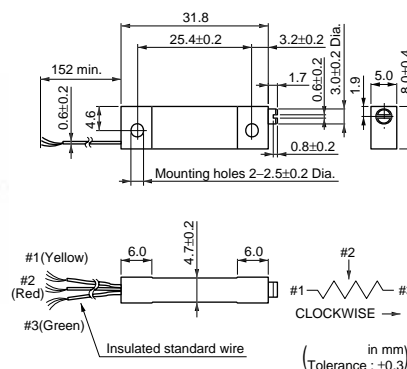
1. Recommended for applications requiring side adjustment.
2. High power rating(1W at 70 C.), 22-turns.
3. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning.
4. Clutch mechanism prevents excessive wiper rotation.

■ Applications

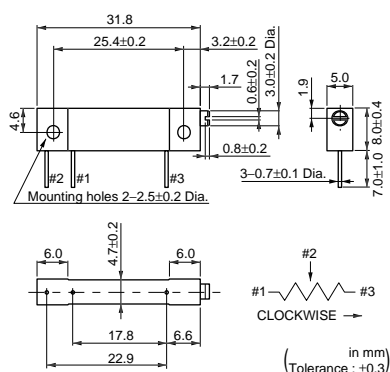
1. Measuring instruments
2. Facsimile machines
3. CPUs
4. PPCs
5. Printers
6. Sensors



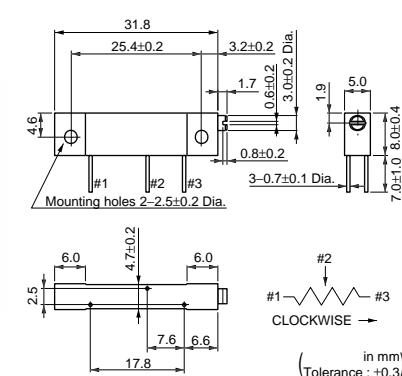
PV22L



PV22S



PV22Y



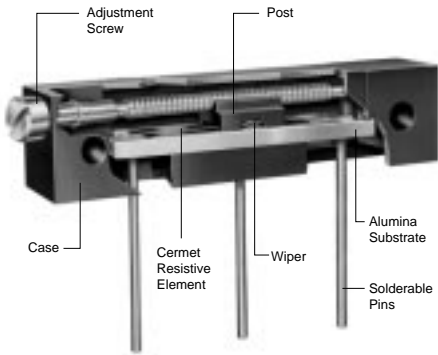
| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV22□100A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□200A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□500A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□101A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□201A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□501A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□102A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□202A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□502A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□103A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□203A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□503A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□104A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□204A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□504A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□754A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 750k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□105A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV22□205A01 | 1.0(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 22 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 150 °C

The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (L, S and Y).

The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .

■ Construction



■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (50G) | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | Δ TR | $\pm 3\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Low Tamperature Exposure | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Tamperature Exposure | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | Δ TR | $\pm 3\%$ |

Δ TR : Total Resistance Change
 Δ V.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV36 Series

■ Features

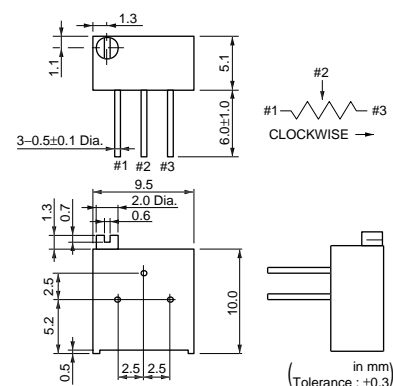
1. 25-turns, cermet, square, 9.5mm package
2. 5 terminal styles, top and side adjustment
3. Compatible with ultrasonic cleaning
4. Clutch mechanism presents excessive wiper rotation

■ Applications

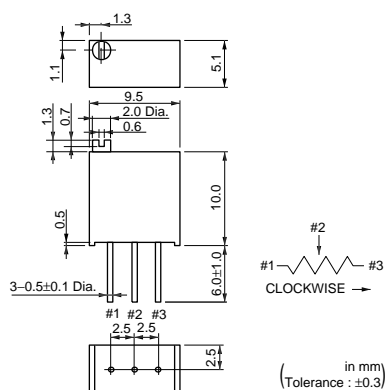
1. Measuring instruments
2. Facsimile machines
3. CPUs
4. PPCs
5. Printers
6. Sensors



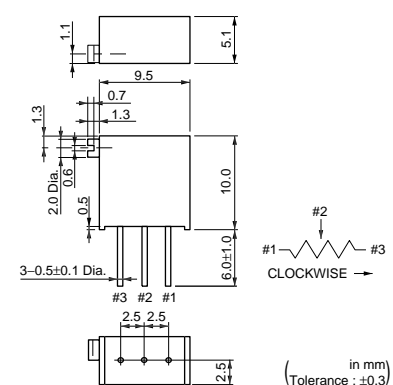
PV36P



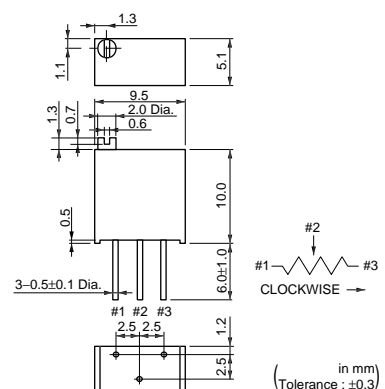
PV36W



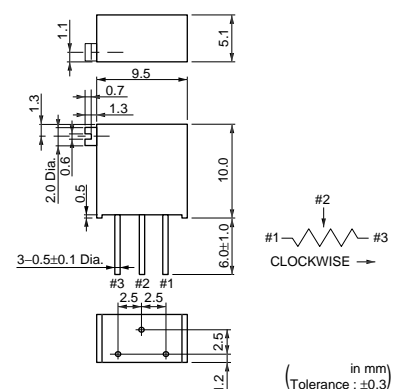
PV36X



PV36Y




PV36Z



| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV36□100A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□200A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□500A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□101A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□201A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□501A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□102A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□202A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□502A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□103A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□203A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□253A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□503A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□104A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□204A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□254A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |

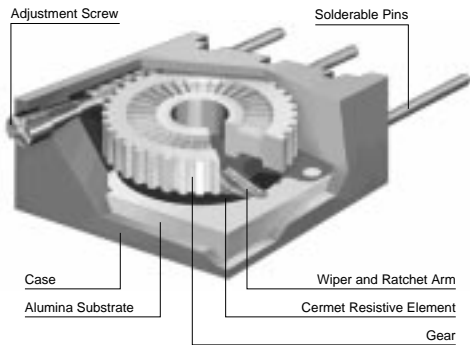
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| Part Number | Power Rating (W) | Soldering Method | Number of Turns (Effective Rotation Angle) | Total Resistance Value | TCR (ppm/°C) |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|--------------|
| PV36□504A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□105A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□205A01 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□100A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 10ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□200A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 20ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□500A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 50ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□101A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 100ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□201A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 200ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□501A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 500ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□102A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 1k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□202A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 2k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□502A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 5k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□103A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 10k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□203A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 20k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□253A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 25k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□503A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 50k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□104A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 100k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□204A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 200k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□254A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 250k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□504A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 500k ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□105A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 1M ohm ±10% | ±100 |
| PV36□205A31 | 0.5(70°C) | Soldering Iron | 25 | 2M ohm ±10% | ±100 |

Operating Temperature Range: -55 to 125 °C
The blank column is filled with the code of adjustment direction and lead type (P, X, Y, W and Z).
The order quantity should be an integral multiple of the "Minimum Quantity" .
The last three digits express the individual specification codes. A01 for standard type and A31 for radial taping type(PV36W/PV36X series only).

■ Construction



Continued on the following page. 

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■ Characteristics

| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Temperature Cycle | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Humidity | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | IR | 100Mohm min. |
| Vibration (20G) | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Shock (100G) | Δ TR | $\pm 1\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Temperature Load Life | Δ TR | $\pm 3\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Low Temperature Exposure | Δ TR | $\pm 2\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| High Temperature Exposure | Δ TR | $\pm 3\%$ |
| | Δ V.S.S. | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Rotational Life (200 cycles) | Δ TR | $\pm 3\%$ |

Δ TR : Total Resistance Change
 Δ V.S.S. : Voltage Setting Stability
IR : Insulation Resistance

PV12/PV37/PV23/PV22/PV36 Series Notice

■ Notice (Operating and Storage Conditions)

1. Store that the temperature is -10 to +40 C. and the relative humidity is 30-85%RH.
2. Do not store in or near corrosive gases.
3. Use within six months after delivery.
4. Open the package just before using.
5. Do not store under direct sunlight.
6. The trimmer potentiometer should not be used under the following environmental conditions:
If you use the trimmer potentiometer in an environment other these listed below, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to

using.

- (1)Corrosive gaseous atmosphere.
(Ex. Chloring gas, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Ammonia gas, Sulfuric acid gas, Nitric oxide gas, etc)
- (2)In liquid.
(Ex. Oil, Medical liquid, Organic solvent, etc)
- (3)Dusty / dirty atmosphere.
- (4)Direct sunlight.
- (5)Static voltage nor electric/magnetic fields.
- (6)Direct sea breeze.
- (7)Other variations of the above.

■ Notice (Rating)

1. When using with partial load(rheostat), minimize the power depend on the resistance value.
2. The maximum input voltage to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$ or the maximum operating voltage, whichever is smaller.
3. The maximum input current to a trimmer potentiometer should not exceed $(P/R)^{1/2}$ or the allowable wiper current, whichever is smaller.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Soldering

(1)Standard soldering condition

(a)Flow soldering :

- >Pre-heating temp. : 80-100 C.
- >Soldering temp. : 260 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.

(b)Soldering iron :

- >Temperature of tip : 300 C. max.
- >Soldering time : 3 sec. max.
- >Wattage of iron : 40W max.

Before using other soldering conditions than those listed above, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using. If the soldering conditions are not suitable, e.g., excessive time and/or excessive temperature, the trimmer potentiometer may deviate from the specified characteristics.

- (2)To minimize mechanical stress when adjusting, the trimmer potentiometer shall be mounted onto PCB without gap.
- (3)The soldering iron should not come in contact with the case of the trimmer potentiometer. If such contact does occur, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

2. Mounting

- (1)Use PCB hole to meet the pin of the trimmer potentiometer. If the trimmer potentiometer

installs into insufficient PCB hole, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged by mechanical stress.

- (2)Do not apply excessive force (preferable 9.8N (Ref.;1kgf)max.), when the trimmer potentiometer is mounted to the PCB.

3. Cleaning

- (1)Isopropyl-alcohol and Ethyl-alcohol are applicable solvent for cleaning. If you use any other types of solvents, please consult with Murata factory representative prior to using.
- (2)The total cleaning time by cold dipping, vapor and ultrasonic washing(conditions as below) method shall be less than 3 minutes.
- (3)For ultra-sonic cleaning, the available condition is as follows.

- >Power : 600W(67liter) max.
- >Frequency : 28kHz
- >Temperature : Ambient temperature

Due to the ultra-sonic cleaning equipment peculiar self resonance point and the cleaning compatibility usually depends on the jig construction and/or the cleaning condition such as the depth of immersion, please check the cleaning equipment to determine the suitable conditions. If the trimmer potentiometer is cleaned by other conditions, the trimmer potentiometer may be damaged.

PV12/PV37/PV23/PV22/PV36 Series Notice

■ Notice (Handling)

1. Use suitable screwdrivers that fit comfortably in driver slot. We recommend the below screwdrivers.

*Recommended screwdriver for manual adjustment

VESSEL MFG. : NO.9000-1.8x30

(Murata P/N : KMDR110)

We can supply above screwdrivers.

If you place order, please nominate Murata P/N.

2. Don't apply more than 9.8N(Ref.;1kgf) of twist and stress after mounted onto PCB to prevent contact intermittence. If excessive force is applied, the

trimmer potentiometer may not function.

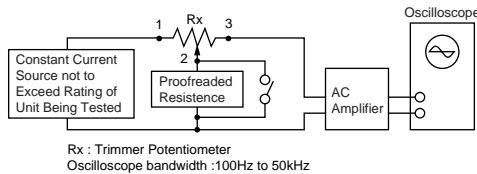
3. When adjusting with an adjustment tool, the applied force to the adjustment screw should not exceed 4.9N(Ref.;500gf). If excessive force is applied, the trimmer potentiometer may not function due to damage.
4. When using a lock paint to fix slot position, please use adhesive resin without chlorine or sulfur (Three-bond "1401series").


■ Notice (Other)

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Murata cannot guarantee trimmer potentiometer integrity when used under conditions other than those specified in this document.


Chip Open Type and PVM4A_A01 Series Specifications and Test Methods

The tests and measurements shall be conducted under the condition of 15 to 35°C of temperature, 25 to 75% of relative humidity and 86 to 106 kpa of atmospheric pressure unless otherwise specified. In case when entertained a doubt in judgment obtained from results measured in accordance with the above mentioned conditions, the tests and measurements shall be conducted under the condition of 25±2°C of temperature and, 45 to 55% of relative humidity and 86 to 106 kpa of atmospheric pressure.

| No. | Item | Test Methods | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|---------------------|-------|------------|-------|--------|------|--------|----------|---|---|---|---|-----------|-------|-------|--------|-------|------------|------|--------|------|--------|
| 1 | Total Resistance | <p>Measure total resistance between the resistance element and terminals (terminals #1 and #3) with the contact arm positioned against a stop. The positioning of the contact arm and terminal shall be the same for subsequent total resistance measurements on the same device.</p> <p>Use the test voltage specified in Table-1 for total resistance measurements. This voltage shall be used whenever a subsequent total resistance measurement is made.</p> <table><tr><th>Total resistance, Nominal (ohm)</th><th>Maximum Test Voltage (V)</th></tr><tr><td>$10 \leq R \leq 100$</td><td>1.0</td></tr><tr><td>$100 < R \leq 1k$</td><td>3.0</td></tr><tr><td>$1k < R \leq 10k$</td><td>10.0</td></tr><tr><td>$10k < R \leq 100k$</td><td>30.0</td></tr><tr><td>$100k < R$</td><td>100.0</td></tr></table> <p>Table-1 Total resistance test voltage</p> | Total resistance, Nominal (ohm) | Maximum Test Voltage (V) | $10 \leq R \leq 100$ | 1.0 | $100 < R \leq 1k$ | 3.0 | $1k < R \leq 10k$ | 10.0 | $10k < R \leq 100k$ | 30.0 | $100k < R$ | 100.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total resistance, Nominal (ohm) | Maximum Test Voltage (V) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $10 \leq R \leq 100$ | 1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100 < R \leq 1k$ | 3.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1k < R \leq 10k$ | 10.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $10k < R \leq 100k$ | 30.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100k < R$ | 100.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Residual Resistance | <p>Position the contact arm at the extreme counterclockwise limit of mechanical travel and measure the resistance between the contact arm and the corresponding end terminal. Then, position the contact arm at the extreme clockwise limit of mechanical travel and measure the resistance between the contact arm and the corresponding end terminal. During this test, take suitable precautions to ensure that the rated current of the resistance element is not exceeded.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Contact Resistance | <p>Contact resistance variation shall be measured with the measuring circuit shown in below, or its equivalent. The operating wiper shall be rotated in both directions through 90% of the actual effective-electrical travel for a total of 6 cycles.</p> <p>The rate of rotation of the operating wiper shall be such that the wiper completes 1 countin determining whether or not a contact resistance variation is observed at least twice in the same location. The test current shall follow the value given in Table-2 unless otherwise limited by the power rating.</p> <table><tr><th>Standard total resistance R (ohm)</th><th>Test Current</th></tr><tr><td>$100 \leq R < 10k$</td><td>10mA Max.</td></tr><tr><td>$10k \leq R < 100k$</td><td>1mA Max.</td></tr><tr><td>$100 \leq R$</td><td>100µA Max.</td></tr></table> <p>Table-2 Test current for CRV</p> <div><p>Rx : Trimmer Potentiometer Oscilloscope bandwidth :100Hz to 50kHz</p><p>Figure-1 CRV measuring circuit</p></div> | Standard total resistance R (ohm) | Test Current | $100 \leq R < 10k$ | 10mA Max. | $10k \leq R < 100k$ | 1mA Max. | $100 \leq R$ | 100µA Max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Standard total resistance R (ohm) | Test Current | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100 \leq R < 10k$ | 10mA Max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $10k \leq R < 100k$ | 1mA Max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100 \leq R$ | 100µA Max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Humidity Exposure | <p>The wiper contact point shall be pre-setted at about 50% position of effective rotational angle. After that, the potentiometer shall be placed in a chamber at 40±2°C and 90 - 95% without loading for 500±12 hours.</p> <p>The resistance value shall be measured after keeping the potentiometer in a room for 5±1/6 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | High Temperature Exposure | <p>The wiper contact point shall be pre-setted at about 50% position of effective rotational angle. After that, the potentiometer shall be placed in a chamber at 70±2°C without loading for 500±12 hours. The resistance value shall be measured after keeping the potentiometer in a room for 1.5±1/6 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Humidity Load Life | <p>The wiper contact point shall be pre-setted at about 50% position of effective rotational angle. After that, the potentiometer shall be placed in a chamber at 40±2°C and 90 - 95% with loading the 1/2 rated voltage between #1 and #2 terminals, intermittently 1.5 hours ON and 0.5 hours OFF for 1000±12hours.</p> <p>The resistance value shall be measured after keeping the potentiometer in a room for 5±1/6 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Load Life | <p>The wiper contact point shall be pre-setted at about 50% position of effective rotational angle. After that, the potentiometer shall be placed in a chamber at 70±2°C (50±2°C for PVZ) with loading the 1/2 rated voltage between #1 and #2 terminals, intermittently 1.5 hours ON and 0.5 hours OFF for 1000±12 hours. The resistance value shall be measured after keeping the potentiometer in a room for 1.5±1/6 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Temperature Cycle | <p>The wiper contact point shall be pre-setted at about 50% position of effective rotational angle. After that, the potentiometer shall be subjected to Table-3, Table-4 temperature for 5 cycles. The resistance value shall be measured after keeping the potentiometer in a room for 1.5±10 minutes.</p> <table><tr><th>Sequence</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th></tr><tr><td>Temp.(°C)</td><td>-25±3</td><td>+25±2</td><td>+85±3</td><td>+25±2</td></tr><tr><td>Time(min.)</td><td>30±3</td><td>10Max.</td><td>30±3</td><td>10Max.</td></tr></table> <p>Table-3 PVZ</p> <table><tr><th>Sequence</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th></tr><tr><td>Temp.(°C)</td><td>-55±3</td><td>+25±2</td><td>+125±3</td><td>+25±2</td></tr><tr><td>Time(min.)</td><td>30±3</td><td>10Max.</td><td>30±3</td><td>10Max.</td></tr></table> <p>Table-4 PVA3/PVS3/PVM4A□□A01</p> | Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Temp.(°C) | -25±3 | +25±2 | +85±3 | +25±2 | Time(min.) | 30±3 | 10Max. | 30±3 | 10Max. | Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Temp.(°C) | -55±3 | +25±2 | +125±3 | +25±2 | Time(min.) | 30±3 | 10Max. | 30±3 | 10Max. |
| Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temp.(°C) | -25±3 | +25±2 | +85±3 | +25±2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Time(min.) | 30±3 | 10Max. | 30±3 | 10Max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temp.(°C) | -55±3 | +25±2 | +125±3 | +25±2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Time(min.) | 30±3 | 10Max. | 30±3 | 10Max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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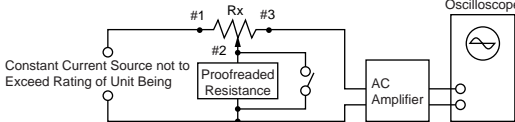
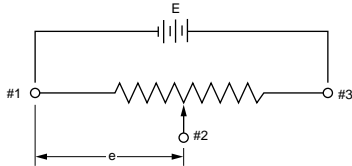
Chip Open Type and PVM4A_A01 Series Specifications and Test Methods


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| No. | Item | Test Methods | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--------|----|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| 9 | Temperature Coefficient of Resistance | The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected to the following each temperature(see Table-5,Table-6) for 30 to 45 minutes. The resistance value shall be measured in the chamber. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | $TCR=\frac{R_2-R_1}{R_1(T_2-T_1)}\times 10^6\text{ (ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C)}$ <p>T₁ : Reference temperature in degrees celsius T₂ : Test temperature in degrees celsius R₁ : Resistance at reference temperature in ohm R₂ : Resistance at test temperature in ohm</p> | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | <table><tr><th>Sequence</th><th>1*</th><th>2</th><th>3*</th><th>4</th></tr><tr><td>Temp.(°C)</td><td>+25±2</td><td>-25±3</td><td>+25±2</td><td>+85±3</td></tr></table> | Sequence | 1* | 2 | 3* | 4 | Temp.(°C) | +25±2 | -25±3 | +25±2 | +85±3 |
| | | Sequence | 1* | 2 | 3* | 4 | | | | | | |
| Temp.(°C) | +25±2 | -25±3 | +25±2 | +85±3 | | | | | | | | |
| <table><tr><th>Sequence</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3*</th><th>4</th></tr><tr><td>Temp.(°C)</td><td>+25±2</td><td>-55±3</td><td>+25±2</td><td>+125±3</td></tr></table> | Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3* | 4 | Temp.(°C) | +25±2 | -55±3 | +25±2 | +125±3 | | |
| Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3* | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| Temp.(°C) | +25±2 | -55±3 | +25±2 | +125±3 | | | | | | | | |
| Note)*:Norm Temp. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Table-5 PVZ | | Table-6 PVA3/PVS3/PVM4A□□□A01 | | | | | | | | | | |

Chip Closed Type/Closed Lead Type Specifications and Test Methods

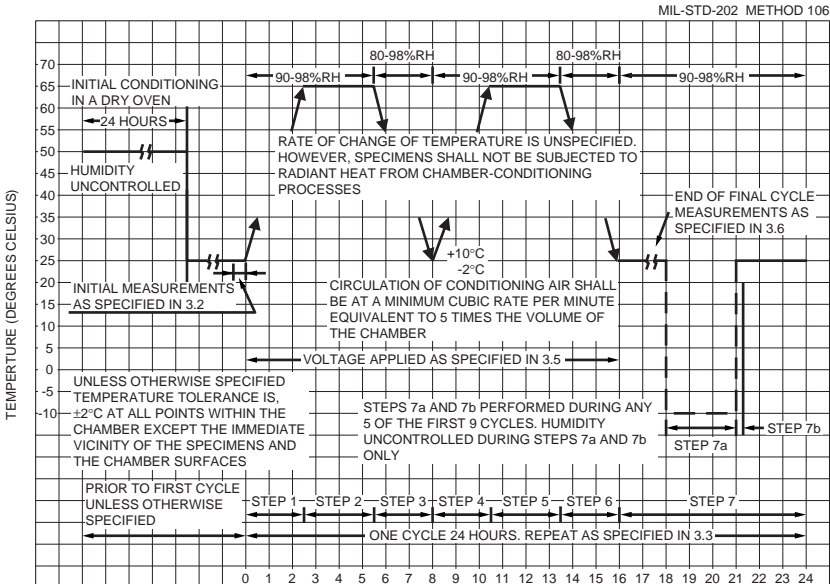
The following describes trimmer potentiometer testing conducted by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. in accordance with MIL-R-22097 (Military specification for variable resistors, non-wirewound) and MIL-STD-202 (Test methods for electronic and electrical component parts).

| No. | Item | Test Methods | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------|------------------|------|-------------|------|
| 1 | Total Resistance | <p>Measure total resistance between the resistance element and terminals (#1 and #3) with the contact arm positioned against a stop. The positioning of the contact arm and terminal shall be the same for subsequent total resistance measurements on the same device. Use the test voltage specified in Table-1 for total resistance measurements. This voltage shall be used for all subsequent total resistance measurements.</p> <table><tr><th>Total resistance, Nominal (ohm)</th><th>Maximum Test Voltage (V)</th></tr><tr><td>$10 \leq R \leq 100$</td><td>1.0</td></tr><tr><td>$100 < R \leq 1k$</td><td>3.0</td></tr><tr><td>$1k < R \leq 10k$</td><td>10.0</td></tr><tr><td>$10k < R \leq 100k$</td><td>30.0</td></tr><tr><td>$100k < R$</td><td>100.0</td></tr></table> <p>Table-1 Total resistance test voltage</p> | Total resistance, Nominal (ohm) | Maximum Test Voltage (V) | $10 \leq R \leq 100$ | 1.0 | $100 < R \leq 1k$ | 3.0 | $1k < R \leq 10k$ | 10.0 | $10k < R \leq 100k$ | 30.0 | $100k < R$ | 100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| Total resistance, Nominal (ohm) | Maximum Test Voltage (V) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $10 \leq R \leq 100$ | 1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100 < R \leq 1k$ | 3.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1k < R \leq 10k$ | 10.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $10k < R \leq 100k$ | 30.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100k < R$ | 100.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Residual Resistance | <p>Position the contact arm at the extreme counterclockwise limit of mechanical travel and measure the resistance between the contact arm and the corresponding end terminal. Then, position the contact arm at the extreme clockwise limit of mechanical travel and measure the resistance between the contact arm and the corresponding end terminal. During this test, take suitable precautions to ensure that the rated current of the resistance element is not exceeded.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Contact Resistance Variation | <p>Contact resistance variation shall be measured with the measuring circuit shown in Figure-1, or its equivalent. The adjustment rotor(screw) shall be rotated in both directions through 90% of the actual effective-electrical rotational angle(number of turns) for a total of 6 cycles. Only the last 3 cycles shall count in determining whether or not a contact resistance variation is observed at least twice in the same location, exclusive of the roll-on or roll-off points where the contact arm moves from the termination, on or off, the resistance element. The rate of rotation of the adjustment rotor(screw) shall be such that the adjustment rotor (screw) completes 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2 minutes maximum. The test current used shall follow the value given in Table-2 unless otherwise limited by power rating.</p> <table><tr><th>Standard total resistance R (ohm)</th><th>Test current</th></tr><tr><td>$R \leq 100$</td><td>20mA</td></tr><tr><td>$100 < R < 500$</td><td>10mA</td></tr><tr><td>$500 \leq R < 1k$</td><td>4mA</td></tr><tr><td>$1k \leq R < 2k$</td><td>2mA</td></tr><tr><td>$2k \leq R < 50k$</td><td>1mA</td></tr><tr><td>$50k \leq R < 200k$</td><td>200μA</td></tr><tr><td>$200k \leq R < 1M$</td><td>100μA</td></tr><tr><td>$1M \leq R < 2M$</td><td>50μA</td></tr><tr><td>$2M \leq R$</td><td>30μA</td></tr></table> <p>Table-2 Test current for CRV</p> <div><p>Rx : Trimmer Potentiometer Oscilloscope bandwidth : 100Hz to 50kHz</p><p>Figure-1 CRV measuring circuit</p></div> | Standard total resistance R (ohm) | Test current | $R \leq 100$ | 20mA | $100 < R < 500$ | 10mA | $500 \leq R < 1k$ | 4mA | $1k \leq R < 2k$ | 2mA | $2k \leq R < 50k$ | 1mA | $50k \leq R < 200k$ | 200μA | $200k \leq R < 1M$ | 100μA | $1M \leq R < 2M$ | 50μA | $2M \leq R$ | 30μA |
| Standard total resistance R (ohm) | Test current | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $R \leq 100$ | 20mA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $100 < R < 500$ | 10mA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $500 \leq R < 1k$ | 4mA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1k \leq R < 2k$ | 2mA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $2k \leq R < 50k$ | 1mA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $50k \leq R < 200k$ | 200μA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $200k \leq R < 1M$ | 100μA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1M \leq R < 2M$ | 50μA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $2M \leq R$ | 30μA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Temperature Coefficient of Resistance | <p>The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected to the following each temperature (see Table-3) for 30-45 minutes. Temperature coefficient of resistance shall be applied to the following formula.</p> $TCR = \frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1 (T_2 - T_1)} \times 10^6 \text{ (ppm/}^\circ\text{C)}$ <p>T_1 : Reference temperature in degrees celsius T_2 : Test temperature in degrees celsius R_1 : Resistance at reference temperature ohm R_2 : Resistance at test temperature in ohm</p> <table><tr><th>Sequence</th><th>1*</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4*</th><th>5</th><th>6</th></tr><tr><th>Temperature(°C)</th><td>+25</td><td>-15</td><td>Min. operating temperature</td><td>+25</td><td>+65</td><td>Max. operating temperature</td></tr></table> <p>Note) * : Reference temperature</p> <p>Table-3 Test temperatures</p> | Sequence | 1* | 2 | 3 | 4* | 5 | 6 | Temperature(°C) | +25 | -15 | Min. operating temperature | +25 | +65 | Max. operating temperature | | | | | | |
| Sequence | 1* | 2 | 3 | 4* | 5 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature(°C) | +25 | -15 | Min. operating temperature | +25 | +65 | Max. operating temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Voltage Setting Stability | <p>The wiper shall be set at approximately 40% of the actual effective-electrical rotational angle(number of turns). An adequate DC test potential shall be applied between the terminal #1 and the terminal #3. The voltage between the terminal #1 and the terminal #3, and the voltage between the terminal #1 and the terminal #2, shall be measured and applied to the following formula.</p> $\text{Voltage setting stability} = \left(\frac{e'}{E} - \frac{e}{E} \right) \times 100 \text{ (\%)}$ <p>e : Before test (The voltage between the terminal #1 and the terminal #2) e' : After test (The voltage between the terminal #1 and the terminal #2) E : The voltage between the terminal #1 and the terminal #3</p> <div><p>Figure-2</p></div> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Chip Closed Type/Closed Lead Type Specifications and Test Methods

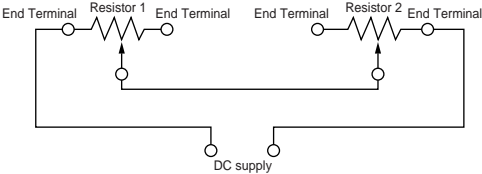
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| No. | Item | Test Methods | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|---------------------------|--------|---|---|---|------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------|----|--------|----|--------|
| 6 | Temperature Cycle | <p>The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected to Table-4 temperature for 5 cycles. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1~2 hours.</p> <table><tr><th>Sequence</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th></tr><tr><td>Temp. (°C)</td><td>PV□□ series PV22 series PVF2 series</td><td>-55±3 +25±2 -25±3</td><td>+125±3 +150±3 +60±3</td><td>+25±2</td></tr><tr><td>Time (min.)</td><td>30</td><td>5 max.</td><td>30</td><td>5 max.</td></tr></table> <p>Table-4 One cycle of temperature cycle.</p> | Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Temp. (°C) | PV□□ series PV22 series PVF2 series | -55±3 +25±2 -25±3 | +125±3 +150±3 +60±3 | +25±2 | Time (min.) | 30 | 5 max. | 30 | 5 max. |
| Sequence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temp. (°C) | PV□□ series PV22 series PVF2 series | -55±3 +25±2 -25±3 | +125±3 +150±3 +60±3 | +25±2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Time (min.) | 30 | 5 max. | 30 | 5 max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Humidity | <p>1) PVC6, PV12, PV32, PV34 PVM4A□□□B01series The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a chamber at a temperature of 40±2°C and a humidity of 90~95% without loading for 250±8 hours. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 5±1/6 hours.</p> <p>2) PVF2series The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a chamber at 60±2°C and 90~95% without loading for 1000±12 hours. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 5±1/6 hours</p> <p>2) PVG3, PVG5, PV01, PV22, PV23, PV36, PV37series The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected Figure-3 the programmed humidity environment for 10 cycle. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 5±1/2 hours.</p>  <p>Figure-3</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Vibration | <p>1) PV□□ series The trimmer potentiometer shall be vibrated throughout the frequency range at the 20G level. A complete frequency range, 10Hz to 2000Hz and back, shall be made within 15 minutes for a total of 4 sweeps in each of the three axis direction for a total of 12 sweeps.</p> <p>2) PVF2 series The trimmer potentiometer shall be subjected to vibration at 0.3 inch amplitude. The frequency shall be varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 Hz and 55Hz. This motion shall be applied for preiod of 2 hours in each of 3 mutually perpendicular direction (total of 6 hours).</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Shock | <p>1) PV□□ series The trimmer potentiometer shall be shocked at the 100G(50G for PV22 and PV23series) level and shall be subjected to 4 shocks in each of the three axis direction for a total of 12 shocks.</p> <p>2) PVM4A□□□B01series The trimmer potentiometer shall be shocked at the 100G level and shall be subjected to 3 shocks in each of the six axis direction for a total of 18 shocks.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Temperature Road Life | <p>Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage shall be applied intermittently between the terminal #1 and the terminal #3 of the trimmer potentiometer, 1.5 hours on and 0.5 hours off, for a total of 1000±12 hours, at a temperature of 70±2°C(85±2°C for PV01 and PV37series, 50±2°C for PVF2series). The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1 to 2 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | High Temperature Exposure (Except for PVF2) | <p>The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a camber at a temperature of 125±3°C(150±3°C for PV12series) 250±8 hours without loading. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the camber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 1 to 2 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Low Temperature Exposure (Except for PVF2 and PVM4A□□□B01) | <p>The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a camber at a temperature of -55±3°C for 1 hours without loading. Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage shall be applied for 45 minutes. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for approximately 24 hours.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Chip Closed Type/Closed Lead Type Specifications and Test Methods

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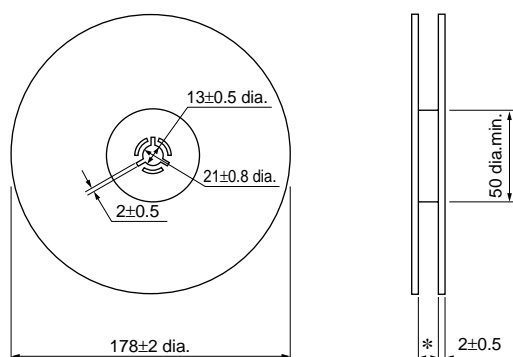
| No. | Item | Test Methods |
|-----|--|---|
| 13 | Low Temperature Operation (Only for PVF2 and PVM4A□□□B01) | The trimmer potentiometer shall be placed in a camber at a temperature of -25±3°C(-55±3°C for PVM4A□□□B01series) 48±4 hours without loading. The trimmer potentiometer shall be removed from the chamber, and maintained at a temperature of 25±5°C for 5±1/6 hours |
| 14 | Rotational Life | <div>1)PV□□ series Full rated continuous working voltage not exceeding the maximum rated voltage shall be applied with the circuit shown in the figure. The adjustment rotor(screw) shall be continuously cycled through not less than 90% of effective- electrical rotational angle(number of turns), at the rate of 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2.5 a minutes maximum for total of 200 cycles.</div> <div><p>Figure-4</p></div> <div>2) PVG3, PVG5series The adjustment rotor(screw) shall be continuously cycled though not less than 90% of effective- electrical rotational angle(number of turns), at the rate of 1 cycle for 5 seconds minimum to 2.5 minutes maximum for a total of 50 (100 for PVG5) cycles, without loading.</div> <div>3) PVF2, PVM4A□□□B01series The wiper shall be rotated over 90% of the effective rotational angle without loading at a speed of 10 cycles per minute, for 100 cycles continuously.</div> |

Packaging

■ Minimum Quantity

| Part Number | Minimum Quantity (pcs.) | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|----------|------|
| | ø180mm reel | ø330mm reel | Ammo Pack | Magazine | Bulk |
| PVZ2A | 3000 | 12000 | — | — | 1000 |
| PVZ2K | 3000 | — | — | — | 1000 |
| PVZ3A | 2000 | 8000 | — | — | 1000 |
| PVZ3K | 1500 | — | — | — | 1000 |
| PVS3 | 2500 | 8000 | — | — | 500 |
| PVA3 | 2000 | 8000 | — | — | 500 |
| PVG3 | 1000 | — | — | — | 500 |
| PVM4 | 500 | 3000 | — | — | 500 |
| PVF2A | 500 | — | — | — | 100 |
| PVG5A | 250 | — | — | — | 50 |
| PVG5H | 500 | — | — | — | 50 |
| PV01W | — | — | — | 70 | — |
| PV01P/X | — | — | — | 60 | — |
| PVC6A/D/G/H/E | — | — | — | 50 | 50 |
| PVC6M/Q | — | — | 1000 | 50 | 50 |
| PV34 | — | — | — | — | 100 |
| PV32 | — | — | — | — | 100 |
| PV23/12 | — | — | — | — | 50 |
| PV22 | — | — | — | — | 30 |
| PV36/37 | — | — | 1000 | — | 50 |

■ Dimensions of Reel



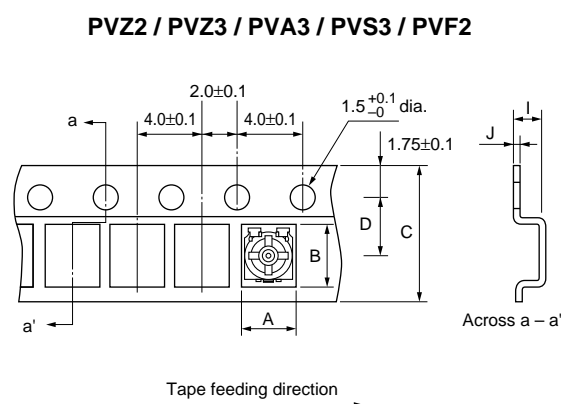
* 10 ± 1.5 (8mm Width) — PVZ2A, PVZ3A, PVS3, PVA3, PVF2
 14 ± 1.5 (12mm Width) — PVG5H, PVG3, PVZ2K, PVZ3K, PVM4
 18 ± 1.5 (16mm Width) — PVG5A

(in mm)

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■ Dimensions of Plastic Tape

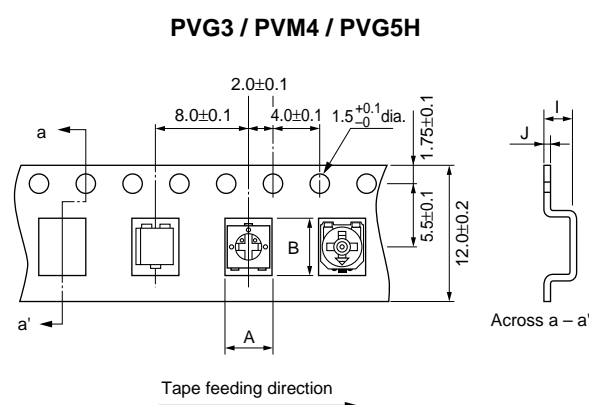


| Part Number | A | B | C | D | I | J |
|-------------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| PVZ2A | 2.4±0.1 | 3.1±0.1 | 8.0±0.2 | 3.5±0.1 | 1.1±0.1 | 0.2±0.1 |
| PVZ2K | | 5.7±0.1 | 12.0±0.1 | 5.5±0.1 | | 0.3±0.1 |
| PVZ3A/PVA3 | 3.3±0.2 | 3.8±0.2 | 8.0±0.2 | 3.5±0.1 | 1.95±0.1 | 0.2±0.1 |
| PVZ3K | | 5.8±0.2 | 12.0±0.2 | 5.5±0.1 | 2.3±0.1 | 0.3±0.1 |
| PVS3 | | 4.1±0.2 | 8.0±0.2 | 3.5±0.1 | 1.6±0.1 | 0.2±0.1 |
| PVF2 | 2.3±0.2 | 2.3±0.2 | | | 2.3±0.1 | 0.3±0.1 |

- The side containing terminals #1 and #3 faces the plastic tape pilot holes.

(in mm)


■ Dimensions of Plastic Tape



| Part Number | A | B | I | J |
|--------------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| PVG3A | 4.0±0.1 | 4.0±0.1 | 2.1±0.1 | 0.3±0.1 |
| PVG3G | | 4.9±0.1 | | |
| PVM4 | 5.4±0.2 | 5.5±0.2 | 2.15±0.1 | 0.3±0.1 |
| PVG5H | 5.4±0.2 | 5.8±0.2 | 4.0±0.1 | 0.4±0.1 |

- The side containing terminals #1 and #3 faces the plastic tape pilot holes.
(except PVG3)

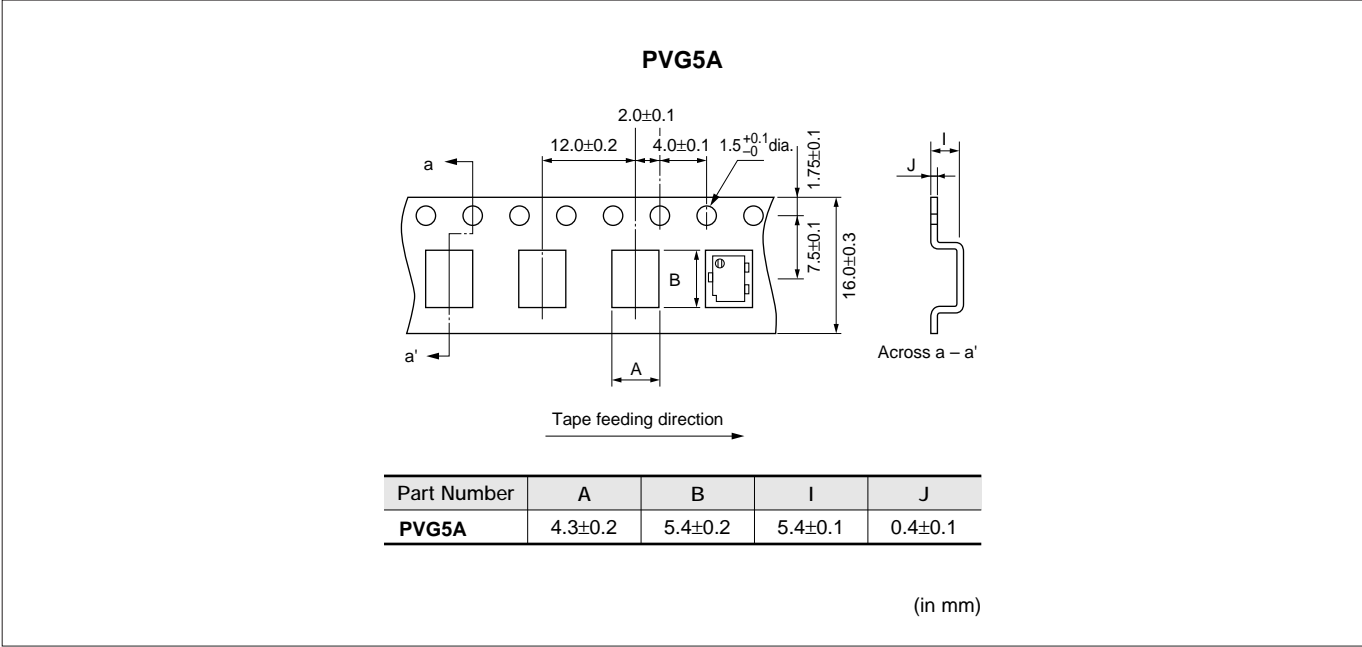
(in mm)

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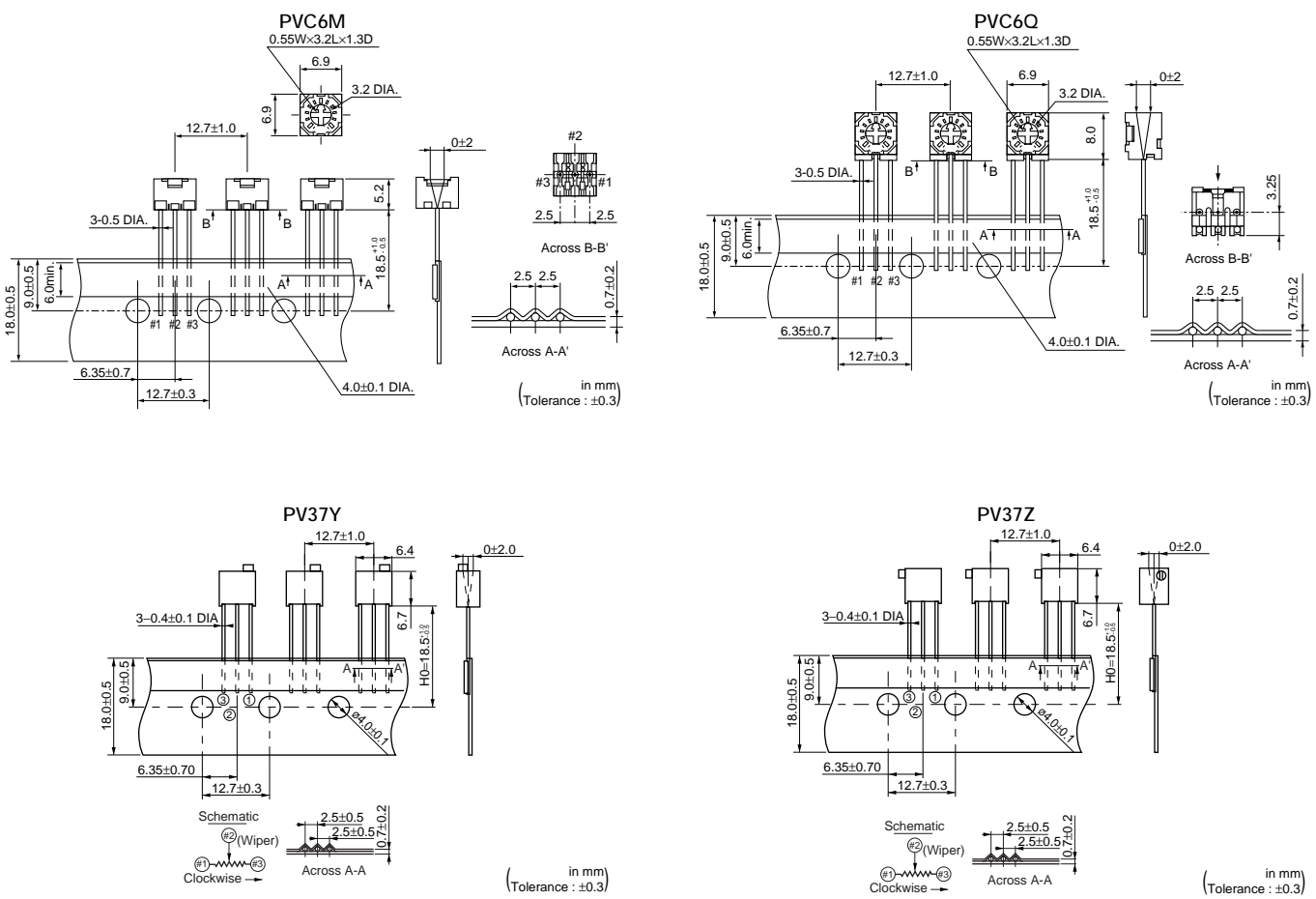
Packaging

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■ Dimensions of Plastic Tape




■ Dimensions of Radial Taping

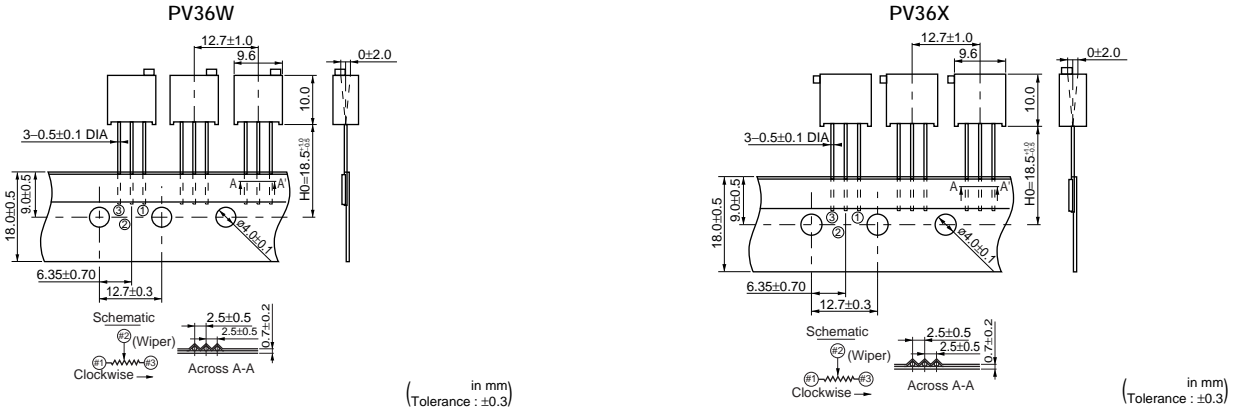


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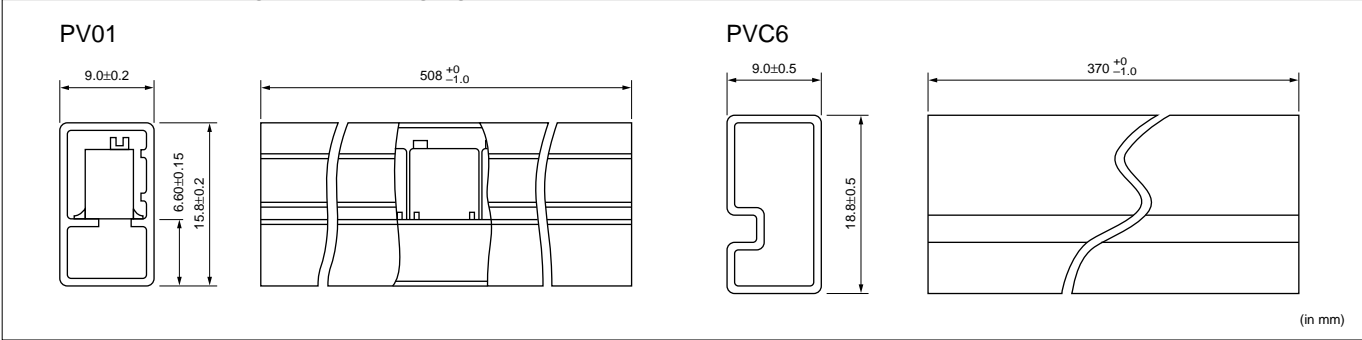
Packaging

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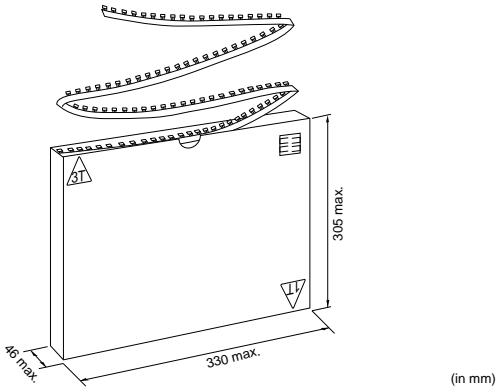
■ Dimensions of Radial Taping



■ Dimensions of Magazine Packaging



■ Dimensions of Ammo Pack



Packaging

■ Recommendable adjustment tools

| Trimmer Potentiometer Series | Manufactures | Model Number | MURATA Model Number | Blade |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| PVZ2 | MURATA MFG. | KMDR090 | KMDR090 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| PVZ3 | VESSEL MFG. | No.9000+1.7×30 | KMDR080 | + Cross |
| | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | SA-2225 | KMDR070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| PVA3 | VESSEL MFG. | No.9000+1.7×30 | KMDR080 | + Cross |
| | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | SA-2225 | KMDR070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| PVS3 | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | SA-2225 | KMDR070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| PVG3 | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | SA-2225 | KMDR070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| PVM4 | VESSEL MFG. | No.9000–2.6×30 | KMDR120 | – Minus |
| PVF2 | MURATA MFG. | KMDR140 | KMDR140 | – Minus |
| PVG5 | VESSEL MFG. | No.9000–1.3×30 | KMDR130 | – Minus |
| | FUTABA TOOL MFG. | DA54 | | – Minus |
| PVC6 | VESSEL MFG. | No.9000+0×30 | KMDR150 | + Cross |
| | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | SA-2225 | KMDR070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| others | VESSEL MFG. | No.9000–1.8×30 | KMDR110 | – Minus |
| | FUTABA TOOL MFG. | DA55 | | – Minus |

■ For Automatic Adjustment

| Trimmer Potentiometer Series | Manufactures | Model Number | MURATA Model Number | Blade |
|--|------------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| PVZ3 PVA3 PVS3 PVG3 | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | JB-2225 | KMBT070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |
| PVC6 | VESSEL MFG. | No.CA-10 | KMBT090 | + Cross |
| | TORAY INDUSTRIES. INC. | JB-2225 | KMBT070 | – Minus (Raund edge) |

Qualified Standards

The products listed here has been produced by the QS9000 and ISO9002 certified factory

| MURATA FACTORY | Qualified Date | Standard | Qualified Number |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Kanazu Murata Mfg.Co.,Ltd. | JUNE.1.1998 | UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC. | A6734 |

* No ODCs (Ozone Depleting Chemicals) are used on Murata's all trimmer potentiometers

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Murata products should not be used or sold for use in the development, production, stockpiling or utilization of any conventional weapons or mass-destructive weapons (nuclear weapons, chemical or biological weapons, or missiles), or any other weapons.

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- ② Aerospace equipment
- ③ Undersea equipment
- ④ Power plant equipment
- ⑤ Medical equipment
- ⑥ Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- ⑦ Traffic signal equipment
- ⑧ Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- ⑨ Data-processing equipment
- ⑩ Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

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Head Office
2-26-10, Tenjin Nagaokakyo-shi, Kyoto 617-8555, Japan Phone:81-75-951-9111

International Division
3-29-12, Shibuya, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150-0002, Japan
Phone:81-3-5469-6123 Fax:81-3-5469-6155 E-mail:intl@murata.co.jp