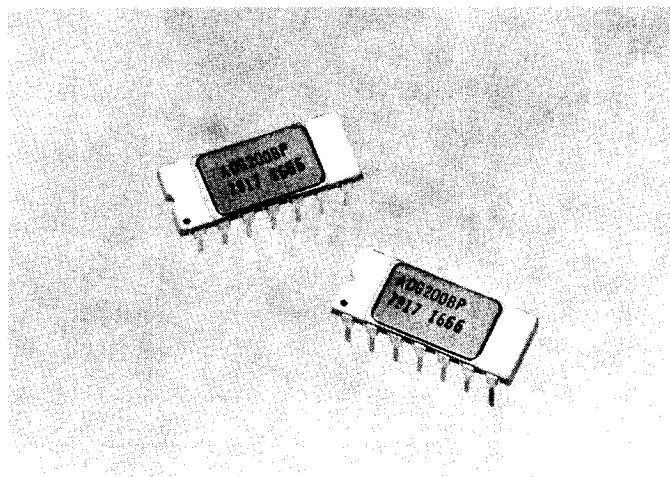


FEATURES

Latch-Proof DI CMOS
Overvoltage-Proof: $V_{\text{SUPPLY}} \pm 25\text{V}$
Superior DG-200 Replacement
Break-Before-Make Switching Action
 R_{ON} : 100Ω max over Full Temperature Range
Direct TTL/CMOS Interface

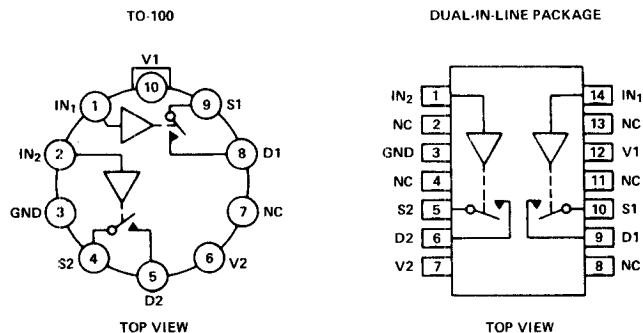


GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG200 is a dual single-pole-single-throw analog switch. In the ON condition, the switch conducts current in either direction, maintaining nearly constant ON resistance over the entire analog signal range. In the OFF condition, the switch blocks voltages of peak values equal to the switch $V+$ and $V-$ supplies. Switch action is break-before-make. The digital inputs interface directly to TTL or CMOS logic over the full operating temperature range.

Fabricated using an advanced monolithic dielectrically-isolated CMOS process, the ADG200 is a superior plug-in replacement for the DG200. The ADG200 provides additional advantages (over the DG200) of: overvoltage protection to $\pm 25\text{V}$ beyond the power supplies, total latch-free operation, much lower power dissipation (30mW max) and faster switching time.

PIN CONFIGURATION



SWITCH STATES ARE FOR LOGIC "1" INPUT (POSITIVE LOGIC)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Commercial 0 to +70°C	Industrial -25°C to +85°C		Military -55°C to +125°C	
Plastic	Ceramic	TO-100	Ceramic	TO-100
ADG200CJ	ADG200BP	ADG200BA	ADG200AP	ADG200AA ADG200AA/883

Note: "/883" version is 100% screened to MIL-STD-883, class B as per note 7, page 310S.

SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTIC		TYP ¹ +25°C	MAX LIMITS						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS ⁸ Unless Noted V ₁ = +15V V ₂ = -15V, GND = 0V	
			AA, AP Suffix			BA, BP/CJ Suffix					
			-55°C ²	+25°C	+125°C	-25/0°C ²	+25°C	+85/70°C ²			
SWITCH											
I_{DS(ON)}	Drain-Source ON Resistance	60 40	70 70	70 70	100 100	80 80	80 80	100 100	Ω	V _D = 10V V _D = -10V	V _{IN} = 0.8V I _S = 0.1mA
I_{S(OFF)}	Source OFF Leakage Current	0.2 -0.2	500 -500	2 -2	500 -500	500 -500	5 -5	500 -500	nA	V _S = 10V, V _D = -10V V _S = -10V, V _D = 10V	V _{IN} = 2.4V
I_{D(OFF)}	Drain OFF Leakage Current	0.3 -0.3	500 -500	2 -2	500 -500	500 -500	5 -5	500 -500		V _D = 10V, V _S = -10V V _D = -10V, V _S = 10V	
I_{D(ON)} ³	Channel ON Leakage Current	0.1 -0.1	500 -500	2 -2	500 -500	500 -500	2 -2	500 -500		V _D = V _S = 10V V _D = V _S = -10V	
INPUT											
I_{INH}	Input Current Input Voltage High		-10 10	-1 1	-10 10	-10 10	-1 1	-10 10	μA	V _{IN} = 2.4V V _{IN} = 15V	
I_{IN(PEAK)} ⁴	Peak Input Current Required for Transition		NOT APPLICABLE ⁴								
I_{INL}	Input Current Input Voltage Low		-10	-1	-10	-10	-1	-10	μA	V _{IN} = 0V	
DYNAMIC											
t_{ON}	Turn-ON Time ⁵	300	1000 ²			1000 ²			ns	V _{IN} = 3.5V to 0V	R _L = 1kΩ, C _L = 35pF V _S = ±5V
t_{OFF}	Turn-OFF Time ⁵	120	500 ²			500 ²				V _{IN} = 0V to 3.5V	
C_{S(OFF)}	Source OFF Capacitance	11							pF	V _S = 0V, V _{IN} = 5V	
C_{D(OFF)}	Drain OFF Capacitance	11							pF	V _D = 0V, V _{IN} = 5V	f = 140kHz
C_{D(ON)} + C_{S(ON)}	Channel ON Capacitance	28							pF	V _D = V _S = 0V V _{IN} = 0V	
OFF Isolation ⁶		64							dB	V _{IN} = 5V, R _L = 1kΩ, C _L = 15pF V _S = 7V _{rms} , f = 500kHz	
SUPPLY											
I₁	Positive Supply Current	0.02	2	1	2	2	1	2	mA	Both Channels ON; V _{IN} = 0V	
I₂	Negative Supply Current	-0.02	-2	-1	-2	-2	-1	-2	mA		
I₁	Positive Supply Current	0.1	2	1	2	2	1	2	mA	Both Channels OFF; V _{IN} = 5V	
I₂	Negative Supply Current	-0.02	-2	-1	-2	-2	-1	-2	mA		

NOTES:

¹ Typical values for information only, not guaranteed or production tested.

² Guaranteed, not subject to 100% production test.

³ I_{D(ON)} is leakage from driver gate into ON switch.

⁴ Digital inputs are MOS gates. Typical leakage (+25°C) is less than 1 nA to 100 nA.

This is in contrast to other designs which require typically 150μA to switch.

⁵ Switch action is guaranteed break-before-make.

⁶ OFF isolation (dB) = 20 log V_S/V_D where V_S = input to OFF switch and V_D = output.

* Functional operation is possible for supply voltages less than ±15V, but the input logic switching threshold will shift (see page 312S).

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{IN}(Digital Input) to Ground -0.3V, V₁
V_S or V_D to V₁
(1 second surge) +25V, -40V
(continuous) +20V, -35V
V_S or V_D to V₂
(1 second surge) -25V, +40V
(continuous) -20V, +35V
V₁ to Ground -0.3V, +17V
V₂ to Ground +0.3V, -17V
Current, Any Terminal Except S or D 30mA
Current, S or D 50mA
Current, S or D Pulsed
(1ms, 10% duty cycle max) 150mA

Operating Temperature

AA, AP Suffix -55°C to +125°C
BA, BP Suffix -25°C to +85°C
CJ Suffix 0°C to +70°C

Storage Temperature

CJ Suffix -65°C to +125°C
All Others -65°C to +150°C

Power Dissipation (Package)*

Metal Can** 450mW
14 Pin Ceramic DIP*** 825mW
14 Pin Plastic DIP**** 470mW

* Devices with all leads welded or soldered to printed circuit board
** Derate 6mW/°C above +75°C
*** Derate 11mW/°C above +75°C
**** Derate 6.5mW/°C above +25°C

ESD (Electro-Static-Discharge) sensitive device. The digital control inputs are zener protected; however, permanent damage may occur on unconnected devices subject to high energy electrostatic fields. Unused devices must be stored in conductive foam or shunts. The protective foam should be discharged to the destination socket before devices are removed.



Figure 2. ADG200 Output Switch Diode Equivalent Circuit

For an "OFF" switch, device numbers 18 and 19 are "OFF", and the back-gates of devices 17 and 20 are tied through $1\text{k}\Omega$ resistors R_3 and R_4 to the respective supply voltages through the "ON" devices 14, 15, and 16.

An equivalent circuit of the output switch element in Figure 2 shows that, indeed, the $1\text{k}\Omega$ limiting resistors are in series with the back-gates of the P- and N-channel output devices – *not* in series with the signal path between the S & D terminals.

In some applications it is possible to run on a parasitic NPN (drain to back-gate to source of the N-channel) transistor which causes device destruction under certain conditions. This case will only manifest itself when a negative overvoltage (and not a positive overvoltage) exists with another voltage source on the other side of the switch. Current limitation through external resistors (200Ω) or the output of op amps will prevent damage to the device.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

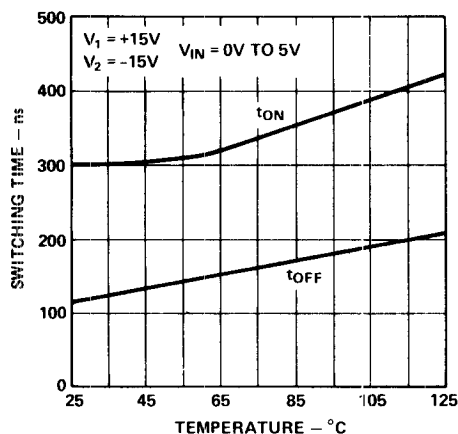


Figure 3. Switching Time vs. Temperature

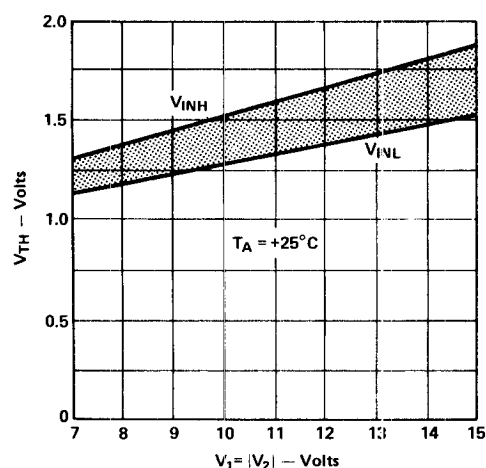
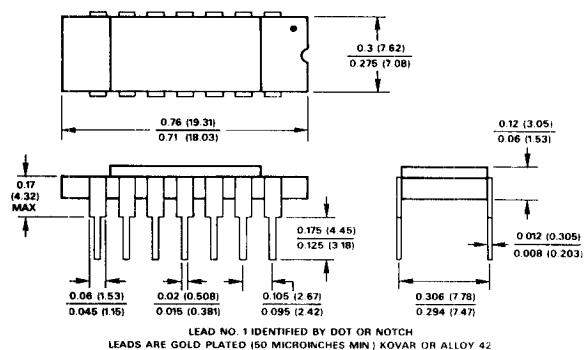
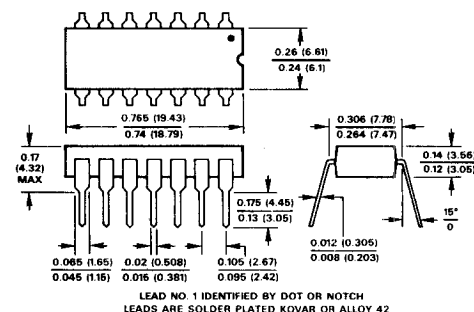


Figure 4. Input Logic Threshold vs. Power Supply Voltage

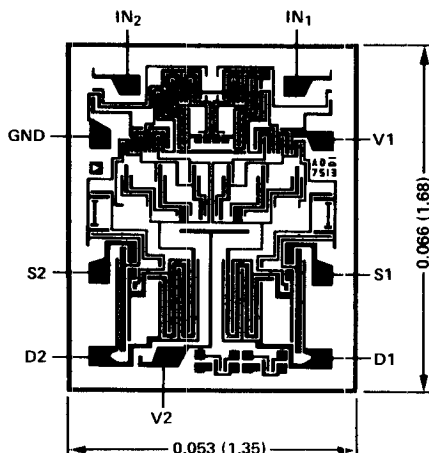
MECHANICAL INFORMATION

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

14-PIN CERAMIC DIP**14-PIN PLASTIC DIP**

BONDING DIAGRAM

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).



NOTES:
1. BOND GND PIN FIRST TO MINIMIZE ESD HAZARD.
2. BONDING PADS ARE 0.004 × 0.004 INCHES (0.102 × 0.102mm).

TO-100

