

IrDA Infrared Communication Module

RPM841-H16

RPM841-H16 is an infrared communication module for IrDA Ver. 1.2 (Low Power). The infrared LED, PIN photo diode, LSI are all integrated into a single package. This module is designed with power down function and low current consumption at stand-by mode. The ultra small package makes it a perfect fit for mobile devices.

●Features

- 1) Infrared LED, PIN photo diode, LED driver & Receiver frequency formation circuit built in. Improvement of EMI noise protection because of Shield Case.
- 2) Applied to SIR (2.4 to 115.2kbps)
- 3) Surface mount type.
- 4) Power down function built in.
- 5) Super small package (W=6.8mm, D=1.7mm, H=2.28mm).
- 6) Infrared remote control transmission driver built-in.

●Applications

Mobile phone, PDA, DVC, Digital Still Camera, Printer, Handy Terminal etc.

●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{max}	7.0 *	V
Input voltage	V _{in} (3, 4, 5pin)	-0.3 to V _{cc} +0.3	V
Operation temperature	T _{opr}	-30 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +100	°C

* This applies to all pins basis ground pins (7pin)

●Recommended operating conditions (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	2.4	3.0	3.6	V
LED supply voltage	V _{LEDVcc}	2.6	3.0	5.5	V

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●Block diagram and application circuit

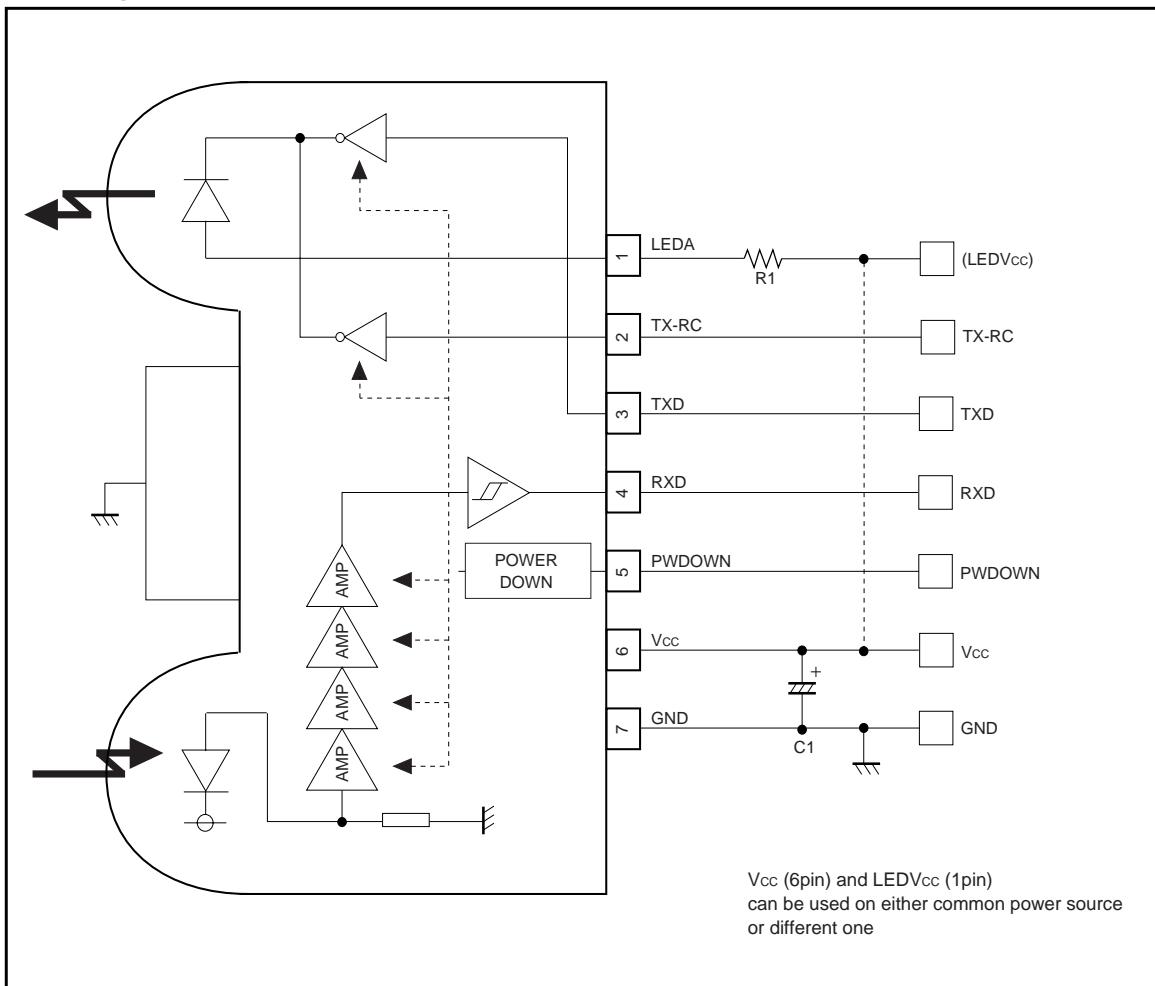


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● Terminal description

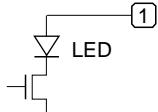
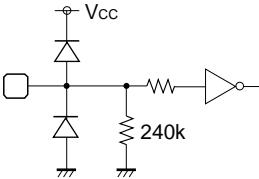
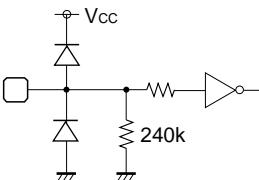
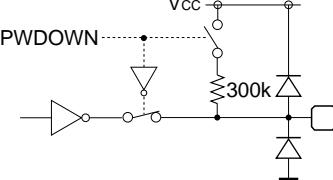
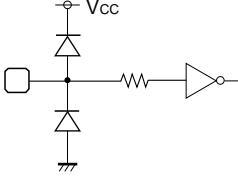
Pin No	Terminal	Circuit	Function
1	LEDA		LED ANODE Terminal Other power source can be used difference between LEDVcc and Vcc.
2	TX-RC		RC Transmitting Data Input Terminal H : LED Emitting (Remote Control Mode) CMOS Logic Level Input Holding TX-RC='H' status, LED will be turn off approximately 48μs.
3	TXD		Transmitting Data Input Terminal TXD input at PWDOWN=L H : LED Emitting CMOS Logic Level Input Holding TXD='H' status, LED will be turn off approximately 48μs.
4	RXD		Receiving Data Output Terminal CMOS Logic Level Output When PWDOWN (5pin)= 'H', the RXD output will be pulled up to Vcc at approximately 300kΩ.
5	PWDOWN		Power-down Control Terminal H : POWERDOWN L : OPERATION CMOS Logic Level Input When input is 'H', it will stop the receiving circuit and Pin-PD current.
6	Vcc		Power Supply Terminal For preventing from infection, connect a capacitor between Vcc (6pin) and GND (7pin).
7	GND		Ground Terminal
-	Shield Case		Connect to Ground.

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●Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, V_{CC}= 3.0V, V_{LEDVCC}=3.0V, Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Consumption current1	I _{CC1}	—	90	120	μA	PWDOWN=0V At no input light
Consumption current2	I _{CC2}	—	0.01	0.2	μA	PWDOWN=V _{CC} At no input light
Data rate		2.4	—	115.2	kbps	
PWDOWN input high voltage	V _{PDH}	2/3*V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} =2.4 to 3.6V
PWDOWN input low voltage	V _{PDL}	0	—	1/3*V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} =2.4 to 3.6V
PWDOWN input high current	I _{PDH}	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	PWDOWN=V _{CC}
PWDOWN input low current	I _{PDL}	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	PWDOWN=0V
<Transmitter>						
TXD input high voltage	V _{TXH}	2/3*V _{CC}	—	V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} =2.4 to 3.6V
TXD input low voltage	V _{TXL}	0	—	1/3*V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} =2.4 to 3.6V
TX-RC input high voltage	V _{TX-RCH}	1.5	—	V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} =2.4 to 3.6V
TX-RC input low voltage	V _{TX-RCL}	0	—	0.5	V	V _{CC} =2.4 to 3.6V
TXD/TX-RC input high current	I _{TXH}	6.2	12.5	25	μA	TXD=V _{CC} or TX-RC=V _{CC}
TXD/TX-RC input low current	I _{TXL}	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	TXD=0V or TX-RC=0V
LED anode current (IrDA Mode)	I _{LEDA1}	—	50	70	mA	TXD=V _{CC}
LED anode current (RC Mode)	I _{LEDA2}	—	211	245	mA	TX-RC=V _{CC} , R ₁ =2.2Ω
<Receiver>						
RXD output high voltage	V _{RXH}	V _{CC} -0.4	—	V _{CC}	V	IRXH=-200μA
RXD output low voltage	V _{RXL}	0	—	0.4	V	IRXL=200μA
RXD output rise Time	t _{RR}	—	25	100	ns	C _L =15pF
RXD output fall Time	t _{FR}	—	25	100	ns	C _L =15pF
RXD output pulse width	t _{W_RXD}	1.7	2.6	3.5	μs	C _L =15pF, 2.4 to 115.2kbps
Receiver latency time	t _{RT}	—	40	200	μs	

●Optical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, V_{CC}= 3.0V, V_{LEDVCC}=3.0V, Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Peak wave length1 (IrDA Mode)	λ _{P1}	880	888	892	nm	ILED=50mA, Duty20%
		850	—	900	nm	ILED=50mA, Duty20%, -20 to 60°C
Peak wave length2 (RC Mode)	λ _{P2}	880	890	920	nm	ILED=200mA, Duty20%
Intensity1 (IrDA Mode)	I _{E1}	4	12	28	mW/sr	-15°≤θ _L ≤15° R ₁ =2.2Ω
Intensity2 (RC Mode)	I _{E2}	25	50	120	mW/sr	-15°≤θ _L ≤15° R ₁ =2.2Ω
Half-angle	θ _L /2	±15	—	—	deg	
Optical pulse width1 (IrDA Mode)	T _{WLED1}	1.42	1.63	2.02	μs	TXD=1.63μs pulse input R ₁ =2.2Ω
Optical pulse width2 (RC Mode)	T _{WLED2}	9.5	10	10.5	μs	TX-RC=10μs pulse input R ₁ =2.2Ω
Rise time / Fall time	T _r /T _f	—	20	120	ns	10% to 90%
Optical over shoot		—	—	25	%	
Edge jitter	T _j	-40	—	40	ns	
Minimum Irradiance in angular	E _{emin}	—	4.0	8.1	μW/cm ²	-15°≤θ _L ≤+15°
Maximum Irradiance in angular	E _{emax}	500	—	—	mW/cm ²	-15°≤θ _L ≤+15°
Input half-angle	θ _D /2	±15	—	—	deg	
Maximum emitting time	T _{LEDmax}	20.5	48	96	μs	TXD=0→V _{CC} or TX-RC=0→V _{CC}

1. This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

2. This product dose not include laser transmitter.

3. This product includes one PIN photo diode.

4. The product dose not include optical load.

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● LED Operation Mode Table

PWDOWN (5pin)	TX-RC (4pin)	TXD (7pin)	LED Emitting Mode	IrDA Receiver Operation Condition
L	L	L	OFF	ON
L	L	□	IrDA	ON
L	□	L	RC	ON
H	L	L	OFF	OFF
H	L	□	OFF	OFF
H	□	L	RC	OFF

Notes)

- Please be sure to set up the TX-RC (2pin) and the TXD (3pin) input to be "L" (under 0.3V) except transmitting data (for < 90μs. ON Duty≤50%).
- □ of TX-RC (2pin) and TXD (3pin) in the table above is supposed to be the pulse input.
- When either TX-RC (2pin) input TXD (3pin) input keeps the state of "H" (more than approximately 48μs), LED will be turned off due to LED pulse width limiting circuit if the pulse is input from the other terminal. Therefore, don't use as the normal transmitting is impossible.
- Please input the pulse when both TX-RC (2pin) and TXD (3pin) are "L".
- Even if RPM841-H16 input H pulse into TXD in the state of a power down, LED does not emanate.

● Interface operating timing

(Emitting side)

(1) When TXD output for IrDA and TXD output for controller are different lines.

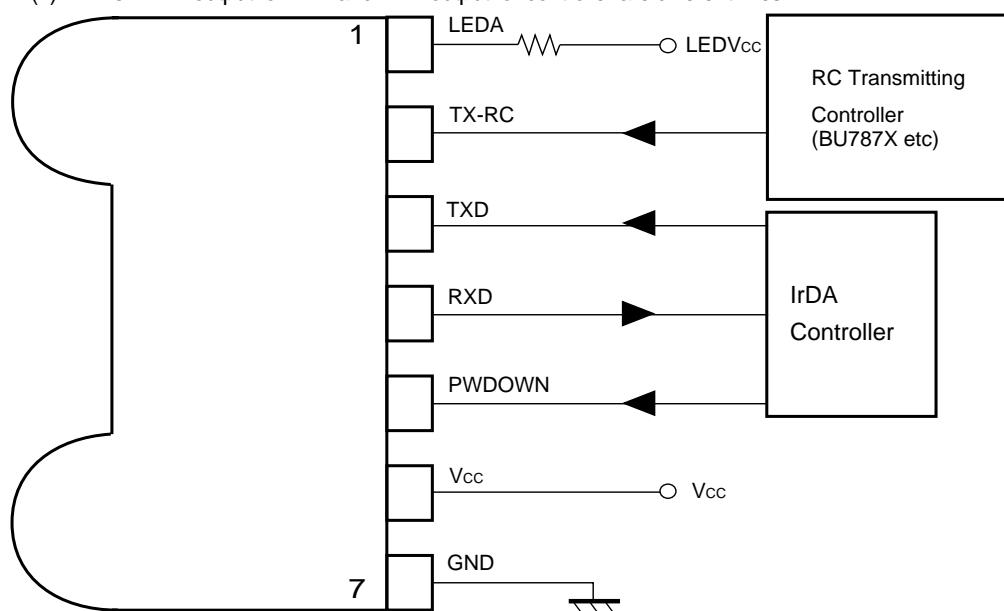
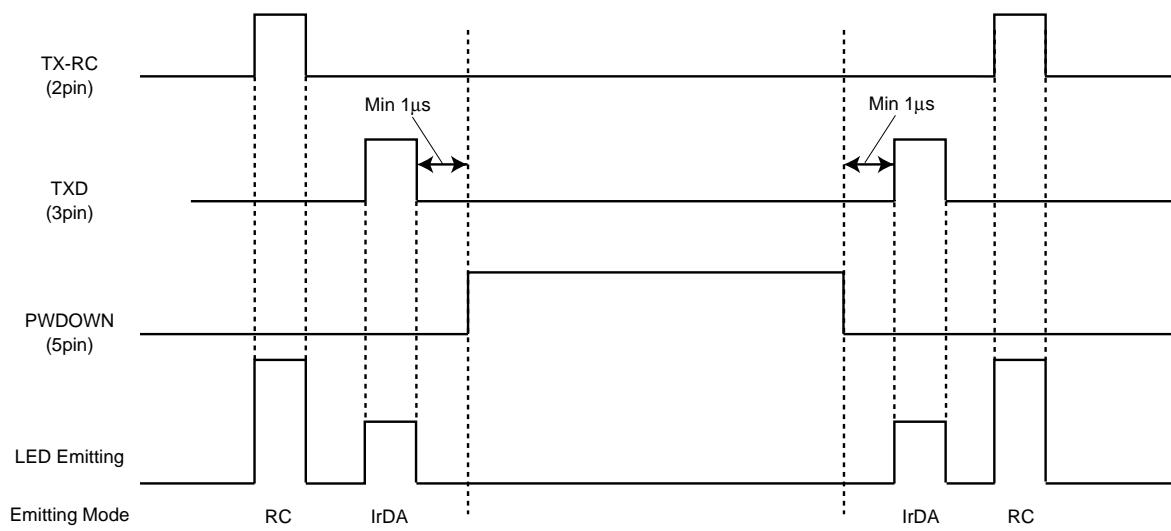


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(2-a) RC transmitting mode at IrDA receiver active condition.

Input			Condition	
PWDOWN	TX-RC	TXD	LED Mode	Recriver circuit
L	L	L	OFF	ON
L	L	□	IrDA	ON
L	□	L	RC	ON
H	L	L	OFF	OFF

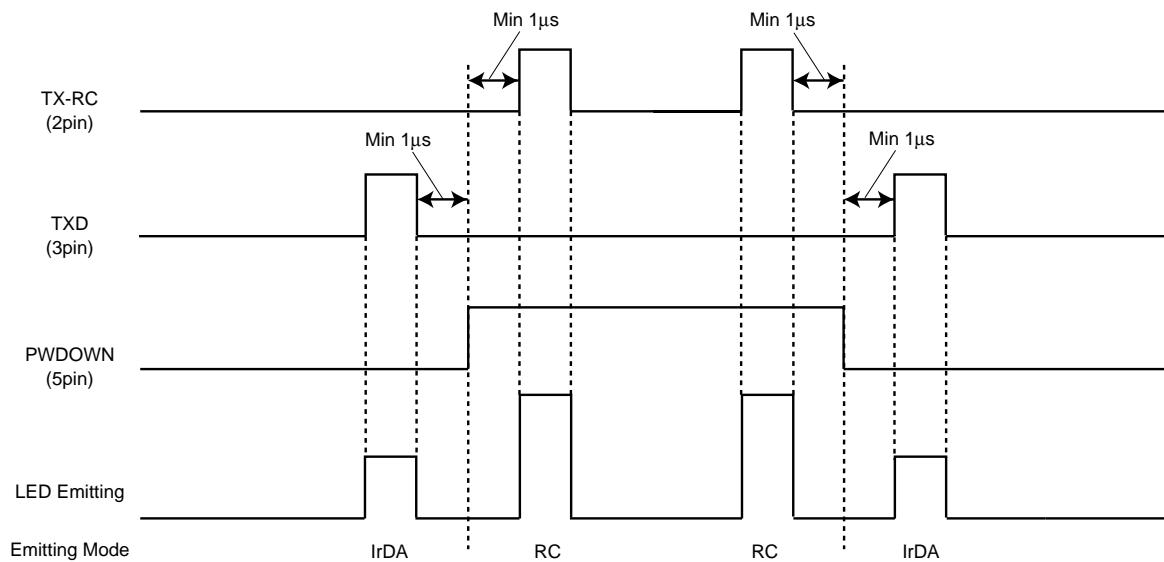


*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48µs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48µs.

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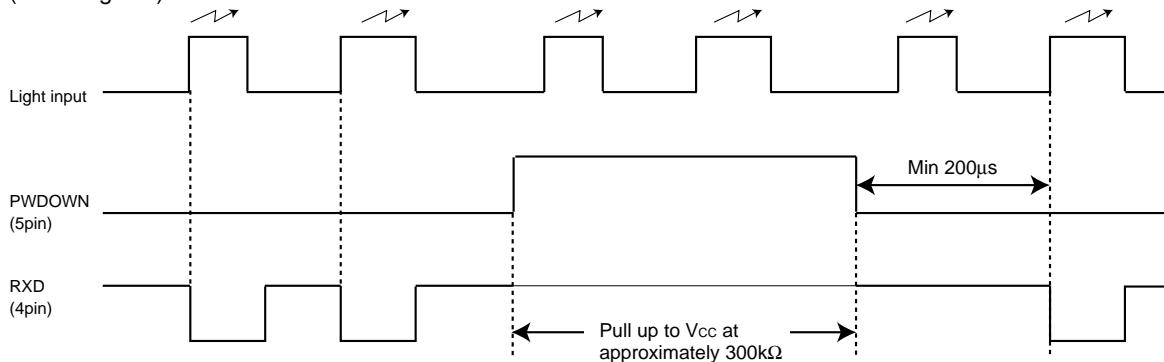
(2-b) RC transmit mode at IrDA receiver power down condition.

Input			Condition	
PWDOWN	TX-RC	TXD	LED Mode	Receiver circuit
L	L	L	OFF	ON
L	L	□	IrDA	ON
H	□	L	RC	OFF
H	L	L	OFF	OFF



*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48μs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48μs.

(Receiving side)



*RXD output width is fixed approximately 2.6μs.

Note RXD output become stable after 200μs since PWDOWN is changed from H to L.
 RXD output could be unstable at H to L within 200μs.

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●Attached components

Recommended values

Part symbol	Recommended value	Notice
C1	1μF, tantalum or ceramic Ex.) TCFG1A105M8R (ROHM)	Bigger capacitance is recommended with much noise from power supply
R1	2.2Ω±5%, 1/8W (VLEDVcc=3V)	At LED Emitting Duty=25%

[LED current set-up method for Remote control mode]

In case of using R1 with different condition from the above, formula is as follows :

LED resistance value : R1[Ω], LED average consumption current : ILED[mA], Supply voltage : VLEDVcc[V],

minimum necessary of irradiant intensity le1 [mW / sr]

(Including LED's distribution within ±15deg)

$$R1=166 \times (VLEDVcc-1.31) / le1-7.2$$

$$ILED=Duty \times (VLEDVcc-1.31) / (R1+5.8)$$

Duty : LED duty at emitting

* Please set up to be $ILED / Duty < 250[\text{mA}]$ (Duty ≤ 25%)

* At IrDA Mode, LED current is constantly approximately 50mA.

(Reference) In case of using R1, typical intensity (le1typ) and maximum intensity (le1max) on axis are described as below.

$$le1typ=280 \times (VLEDVcc-1.31) / (R1+5.8)$$

$$le1max=560 \times (VLEDVcc-1.31) / (R1+5.8)$$

●Notes

1) LEDVcc (1pin), Vcc (6pin)

- Other power source can be used difference between LEDVcc and Vcc.

2) Caution in designing board lay-out

To get maximum potential from RPM841-H16, please keep in mind following instruction.

- The line of RXD (4pin) should be connected at backside via through hole close to RPM841-H16 pin lead. Better not to be close to photo diode side (7pin).

⇒ This is to minimize feedback supplied to photo diode from RXD.

- As for C1 between 6-7 pin should be placed close to RPM841-H16.

- Better to be placed more than 1.0cm in radius from photo diode (pin7 side) and also away from the parts which generates noise, such as DC/DC converter.

3) Notes

- Please be sure to set up the TX-RC (2pin) and the TXD (3pin) input to be "L" (under 0.3V) except transmitting data (for < 90μs, ON duty ≤ 50%).
- Power down current might increase if exposed by strong light (ex. direct sunlight) at powerdown mode.
- Please use by the signal format at IrDA operating mode which is specified by IrDA Ver1.2 (2.4k to 115.2kbps). There might be an error if used by different signal format.
- Please pay attention to the lens carefully.

Dusts of scratch on the lens may effect the characteristics of product. Please handle it with care.

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4) Eye safe

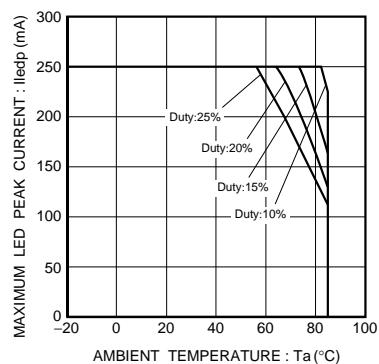
- IEC60825-1 (IEC60825-1 amendment2), Class 1 Eye Safe.

5) LED current derating and ambient temperature

The relation between LED peak current and maximum ambient temperature is shown below.

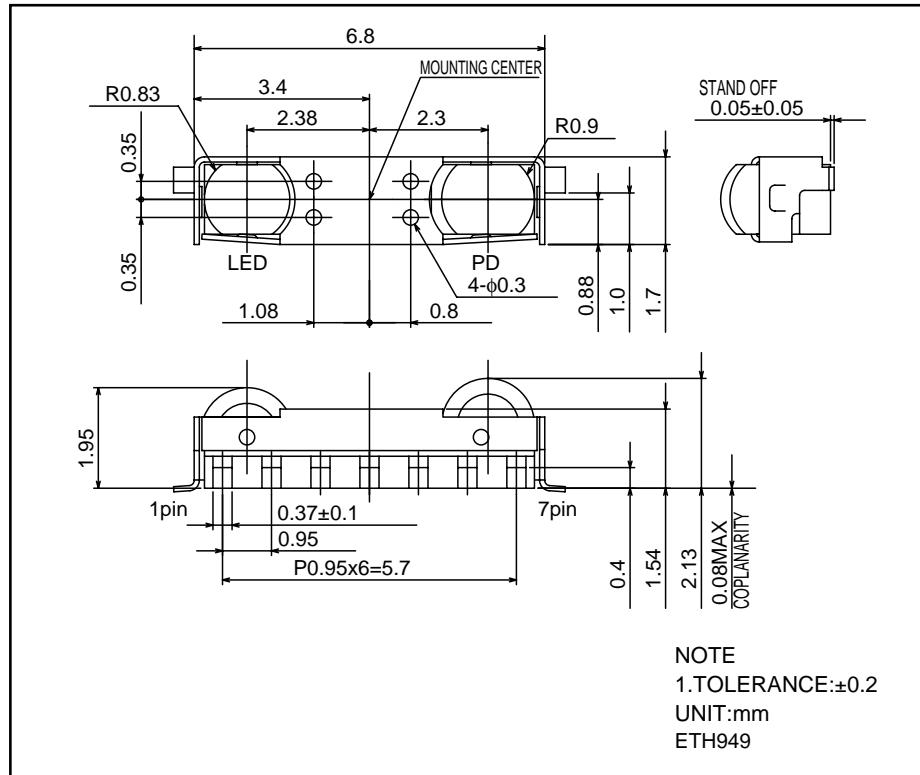
We recommend you to use within the range as indicated in below.

When glass-epoxy board (50×50×1.6mm) mounted.



●Dimensions (Unit : mm)

RPM841-H16



Appendix

Notes

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