

SX1241 - Low Cost Integrated Transmitter IC

369 to 396 MHz RF Transmitter

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SX1241 is an ultra-low-cost, fully integrated FSK or OOK compatible transmitter suitable for operation from 369 to 396 MHz.

For applications where economy is paramount, the SX1241 may be used without the requirement for configuration via an MCU. The transmitter is configured for default operation at a frequency of 376.9 MHz with FSK modulation or 384 MHz with OOK modulation. However, in conjunction with a microcontroller the communication link parameters may be re-configured. Including, output power, modulation format and operating channel.

The SX1241 offers integrated radio performance with cost efficiency and is suited for operation in North America (FCC part 15.231).

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Qty. per Reel	Package
SX1241ISETRT	-40 °C to +85 °C	2500	SOIC8-EP

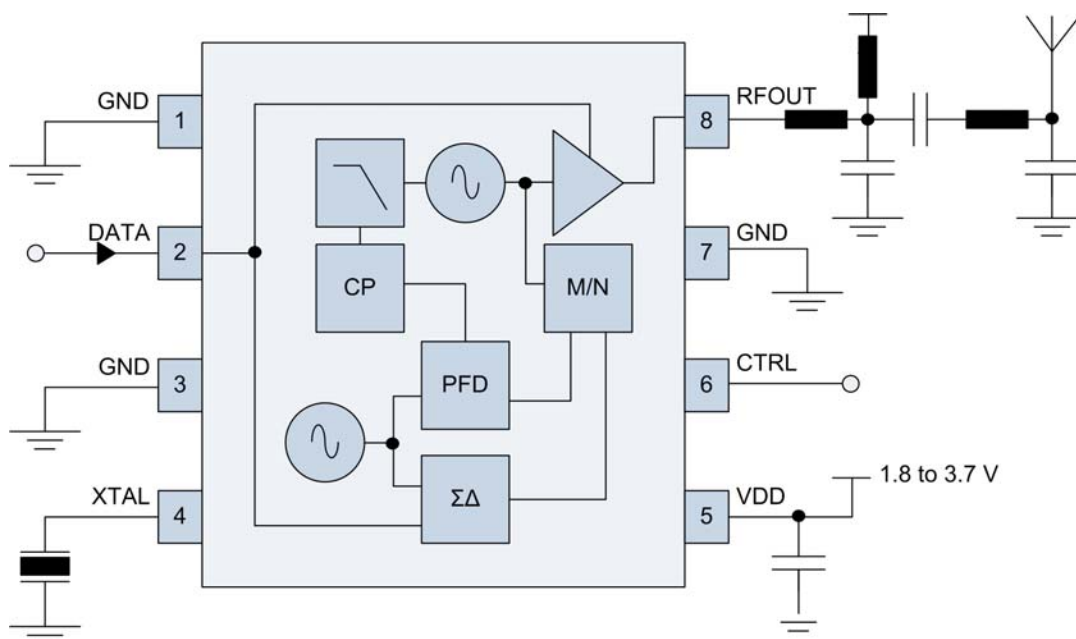
Pb-Free, Halogen Free, RoHS/WEEE compliant product.

APPLICATIONS

- ◆ Low-Cost Consumer Electronic Applications
- ◆ Remote Keyless Entry (RKE)
- ◆ Remote Control / Security Systems
- ◆ Audio Accessories
- ◆ Process and building / home control
- ◆ Active RFID

KEY PRODUCT FEATURES

- ◆ +12 dBm to 0 dBm Configurable output power
- ◆ Bit rates up to 100 kbps
- ◆ FSK and OOK modulation
- ◆ 2 Preconfigured Modes for Operation without MCU
376.9 MHz FSK & 384 MHz OOK
- ◆ 1.8 to 3.7 V supply range
- ◆ Low BOM Fully Integrated Tx
- ◆ 9 Selectable Centre Frequencies
- ◆ Programmable Frequency Tuning of low cost XTAL



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This product datasheet contains a detailed description of the SX1241 performance and functionality.

1. General Description

The SX1241 is a fully-integrated frequency-agile, single chip transmitter IC capable of FSK and OOK modulation of an input data stream. The full application circuit is shown in Figure 9. The SX1241 is configured, by default, to operate without a microcontroller with its pre-configured RF settings (see Section 3 for precise details of the default settings). Selection is made between 376.9 MHz FSK and 384 MHz OOK operation by setting the Control pin (6) either high or low at power-up. A full description of this functionality is given in Section 3.1.

Where greater flexibility is required, many of the default communication parameters can be dynamically configured. This includes the operating frequency, frequency deviation and modulation format. Upon the application of a serial clock to the Control pin (6), the Data pin (2) can be used to load a single 13-bit control word. Accessing this functionality is subject to the connection of the control pin at start-up. For full details of this, the configuration bits and the precise timing operations of this functionality please consult Section 3.2.

The SX1241 is designed for use with a variety of low-cost antenna technologies. A reference design with PCB-etched antenna is presented in Section 5.

Another key feature of the SX1241 is its low current consumption in transmit and sleep modes and its wide voltage operating range from 1.8 V to 3.7 V. This makes the SX1241 suitable for low-cost battery chemistries or energy harvesting applications.

The internal architecture of the SX1241 is shown in Figure 1. The SX1241 comprises a low-consumption PLL and power amplifier. For frequency modulation the modulation is performed digitally within the PLL bandwidth. OOK Modulation is performed via ramping of the PA reference DAC.

1.1. Pin Diagram

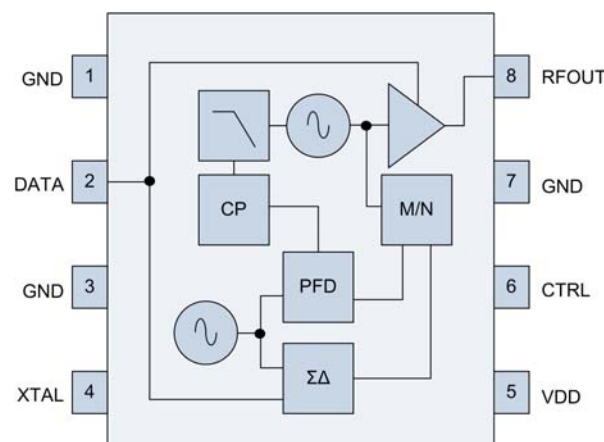


Figure 1. Pinouts, Top View

1.2. Marking Diagram

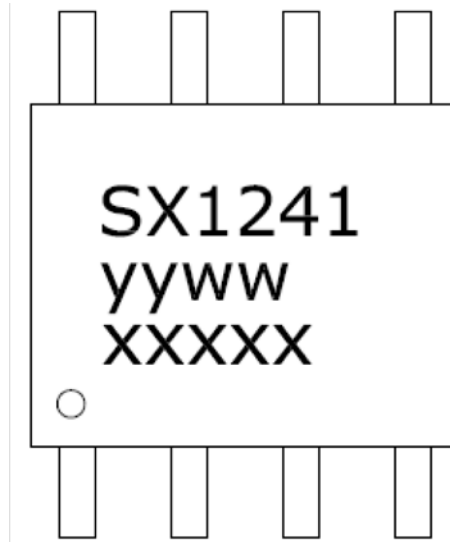


Figure 2. Marking Diagram

Notes yyww refers to the date code

xxxxx refers to lot numbers

1.3. Pin Description

Table 1 Description of the SX1241 Pinouts

Number	Name	Type	Function in 'Power & Go' Mode	Function in 'Advanced' Mode
0	GND	I	Exposed Pad, Ground	
1	GND	I	Ground	
2	DATA	I/O	Transmit Data	Transmit or Configuration Data
3	GND	I	Ground	
4	XTAL	I/O	Reference Crystal	
5	VDD	I	Power Supply 1.8V to 3.7V	
6	CTRL	I	Config Selection	Configuration Data Clock
7	GND	I	Ground	
8	RFOUT	O	Transmitter RF Output	

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2. Electrical Characteristics

2.1. ESD Notice

The SX1241 is a high performance radio frequency device, and satisfies Class 2 of the JEDEC standard JESD22-A114-B (human body model) on all pins.

It should thus be handled with all necessary ESD precautions to avoid any permanent damage.



2.2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the values listed below may cause permanent device failure. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
VDDmr	Supply Voltage	-0.5	3.9	V
Tmr	Temperature	-55	+115	° C
Tjunc	Junction Temperature	-55	+125	° C
Tstor	Storage Temperature	-55	150	° C

2.3. Operating Range

Operating ranges define the limits for functional operation and the parametric characteristics of the device as described in this section. Functionality outside these limits is not implied.

Table 3 Operating Range

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
VDDop	Supply voltage	1.8	3.7	V
Top	Operational temperature range	-40	85	° C
Clop	Load capacitance on digital ports	-	25	pF

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2.4. Electrical Specifications

The table below gives the electrical specifications of the transmitter under the following conditions: Supply voltage = 3.3 V, temperature = 25 °C, f_{XOSC} = 26 MHz, f_{RF} = 376.9 MHz, 2-level FSK modulation Df = 35 kHz, bit rate = 10 kbit/s and output power = +12 dBm terminated in a matched 50 ohm impedance, unless otherwise specified.

Table 4 Transmitter Specifications

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current Consumption						
IDDSL	Supply current in sleep mode		-	0.5	1	μA
IDDT	Supply current in transmit mode with appropriate external matching.	RF Power o/p = +12 dBm RF Power o/p = 0 dBm	- -	22 10	- -	mA mA
RF and Baseband Specifications						
FDA_D	Frequency deviation, FSK	Number of programmable values	-	8	-	
FDA	Frequency deviation, FSK*		10	-	100	kHz
BRF	Bit rate, FSK	Permissible Range	0.5	-	100	kbps
BRO	Bit rate, OOK	Permissible Range	0.5	-	10	kbps
OOK_B	OOK Modulation Depth		-	50	-	dB
RFOP	RF output power in 50 ohms	High Power Setting Low Power Setting**	9 -3	12 0	- -	dBm dBm
DRFOPV	Variation in RF output power with supply voltage	2.5 V to 3.3 V 1.8 V to 3.7 V	- -	- -	3 7	dB dB
PHN	Transmitter phase noise at 376.9 MHz	Offset from centre frequency: 100 kHz 350 kHz 550 kHz 1.15 MHz	- - - -	- - - -	-76 -81 -91 -101	dBc/Hz dBc/Hz dBc/Hz dBc/Hz
FR	Number of selectable Frequencies		-	9	-	
FXOSC	Crystal Oscillator Frequency		26	26	26	MHz
STEP	RF Frequency Step	376.9 MHz	-	1.587	- -	kHz
DFXOSC	Frequency Variation of the Oscillator Circuit	No crystal contribution	-	-	+/-25	ppm
Timing Specifications						
TS_TR	Time from Sleep to Tx mode		-	-	2	ms
TOFFT	Timer from Tx data activity to Sleep	Programmable	- -	2 20	- -	ms ms
RAMP	PA Ramp up and down time	****	-	20	-	us

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_START	Time before CTRL pin mode selection.	Time from power on to sampling of CTRL ***	-	200 us + TS_OSC	-	ms

* Frequency deviation is positive (+FDA) with DATA = '0', negative (-FDA) with DATA = '1'

** With two different matching networks

*** The oscillator startup time, TS_OSC, depends on the electrical characteristics of the crystal

**** Ramp-up time of the internal regulator turning the PA on. The typical 10% - 90% power ramp-up time is 10us

2.5. Timing Characteristics

The following table gives the operating specifications for the TWI interface of the SX1241.

Table 5 Serial Interface Timing Specifications

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{SCK}	CTRL Clock Frequency		-	-	10	MHz
t _{ch}	CTRL Clock High time		45	-	-	ns
t _{cl}	CTRL Clock Low time		45	-	-	ns
t _{rise}	CTRL Clock rise time		-	-	5	ns
t _{fall}	CTRL Clock Fall time		-	-	5	ns
t _{setup}	DATA Setup time	From Data transition to CTRL rising edge	45	-	-	ns
t _{hold}	DATA hold time	From CTRL rising edge to DATA transition	45	-	-	ns

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3. Application Modes

The SX1241 has two application modes. These are selected depending upon the load presented to the Control pin (6) at power-on of the device, as shown on Figure 3. By connecting the Control pin to logical '0' or '1' the 'Power & Go' mode is selected. A full description of operation in this mode is given in Section 3.1. By presenting a logical zero to the Control input, Advanced mode can be accessed by subsequent clocking of the control pin, in conjunction with the Data pin (2) permits programming of the SX1241 configuration register and manual control of the transmitter. For more information on Advanced Mode operation please consult Section 3.2. The diagram below summarises the mode selection process.

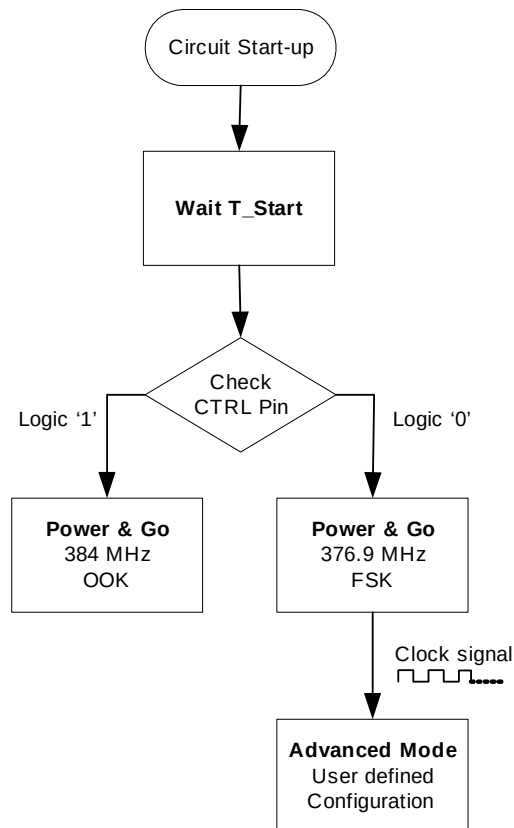


Figure 3. SX1241 Mode Selection

Table 6 Control Pin Selection of the Application Mode

CTRL Pin (6)	Application Mode
Logic '1' or '0'	Power & Go Mode (see Section 3.1)
Logic '0' then Clock on CTRL	Advanced Mode (see Section 3.2)

3.1. Application Mode: Power & Go

3.1.1. 'Power & Go' Mode: Configuration

The default 'Power & Go' application mode sees the SX1241 configured as detailed in the following table. By changing the logical state of the control pin (6) at power-up, one of a pair of default configuration modes can be selected. The power and go application mode hence permits microcontroller-less operation. By simply powering the transmitter application circuit, the SX1241 is pre-configured as either a 376.9 MHz FSK transmitter or a 384 MHz OOK transmitter. For appropriate matching circuits please see Section 5.

Table 7 Configuration and Band Selection in Power & Go Application Mode

Control (Pin 3)	Configuration
'High'	OOK 384 MHz, +12 dBm
'Low'	FSK 376.9 MHz, Fdev = +/-35 kHz, +12 dBm

3.1.2. Transmitter Operation in 'Power & Go' Mode

The timing of a typical transmit operation in 'Power & Go' mode is shown in Figure 4. Here we see that a rising edge on the DATA pin activates the transmitter start-up process. DATA must then be held high for the start-up time (T_{on}) of the SX1241. During this time the SX1241 undergoes an optimized, self-calibrating, trajectory from sleep mode to transmit mode. Once this time has elapsed, the SX1241 is ready to transmit. Any logical signal subsequently applied to the DATA pin is then transmitted.

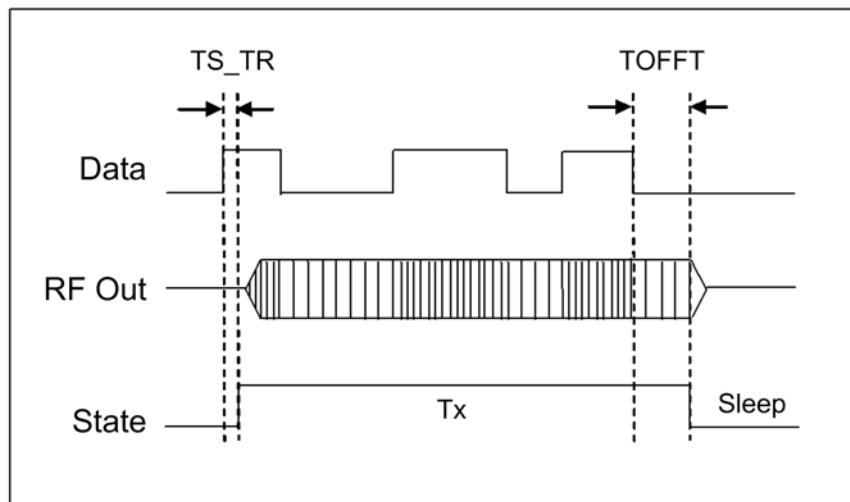


Figure 4. 'Power & Go' Mode: Transmitter Timing Operation

The transition back to sleep mode is managed automatically. In 376.9 MHz FSK modulation mode, after 2 ms of inactivity on the DATA line, the SX1241 returns to sleep mode. If in 384 MHz, OOK modulation mode, the SX1241 waits for 20 ms of inactivity before returning to sleep mode.

3.2. Application Mode: Advanced

3.2.1. Advanced Mode: Configuration

Advanced mode can be accessed as described on Figure 3. Programming is performed via a two wire interface (TWI) formed by CTRL and DATA pins.

Programming of the configuration register is triggered by a rising edge on the CTRL line. Upon detection of this rising edge, the data applied to the DATA pin is accepted as register configuration information, the data bits are clocked on subsequent rising edges of the clocking signal applied to the CTRL pin. The first bit of serial data selects register read or write operation (Read = 'high' and Write = 'low'). The timing for SX1241 configuration register 'write' is shown in Figure 5. Note that, once triggered, all 13 data bits must be written to the SX1241.

The contents of the configuration register and the role of each bit therein is described in Table 8 of Section 4.

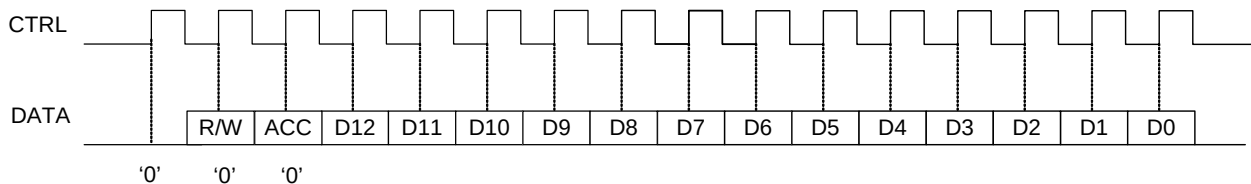


Figure 5. TWI Configuration Register 'Write'.

The configuration register may, similarly, be read using the timing of Figure 6.

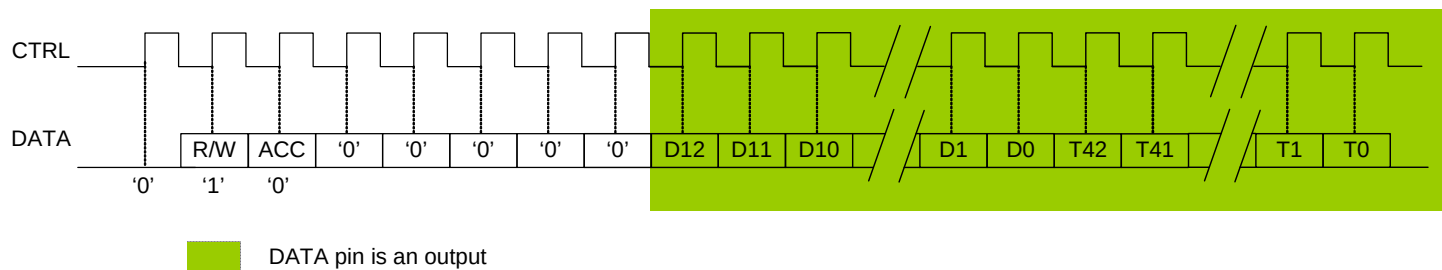


Figure 6. TWI Configuration Register 'Read'.

- Notes
- Logic level '0' on DATA during the first rising edge on CTRL is required to start the TWI access
 - Reading only the 13 configuration bits D0 to D12 is not allowed on the SX1241. In Read access, 64 clock cycles on CTRL pin must be issued, shifting out on pin DATA the 13 configuration bits (D0 to D12), plus 43 internal test bits (T0 to T42). Read access should be used when developing the device firmware, but is not intended for use in the normal operation mode.
 - During the register 'write' or 'read' phases the SX1241 remains in sleep mode.

When powering up the circuit (microcontroller and SX1241), the logic level of the CTRL pin is sampled after T_START , as described on Figure 3. During T_START , the microcontroller IO driving the CTRL pin must be configured as an output, driving the CTRL pin to the desired state.

Note whilst the logic level of CTRL pin during T_START (initialization phase of the microcontroller) does not have any effect on the device operation, the pin should not be connected to VDD through an impedance lower than 20kOhms or higher than 1MOhms.

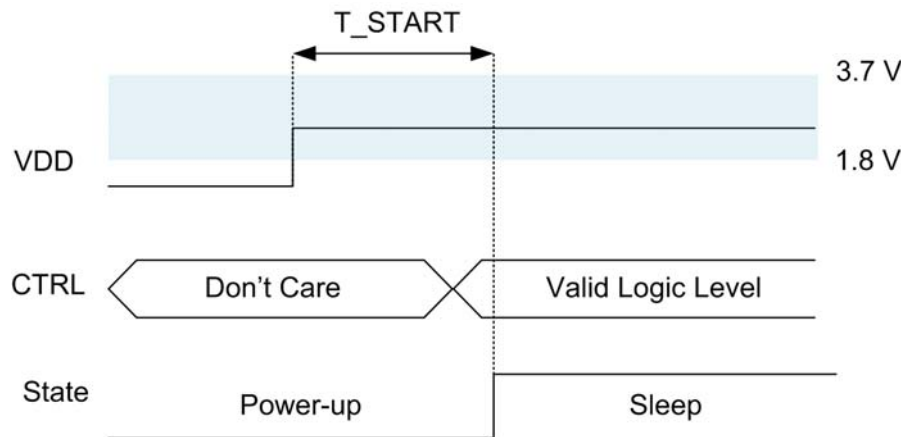


Figure 7. Power-up Timing

3.2.2. Transmitter Operation in Advanced Mode

When operating in advanced mode two possibilities exist for operation of the transmitter, these are dependent upon the state of the Tx Mode bit (D12 of the register description in Table 8).

Tx Mode = '0'

When set to logical '0' operation is identical to that of the 'Power & Go' mode, following completion of the programming phase, the SX1241 will be placed in transmit mode upon the next rising edge detected on the DATA pin. Transmit operation will then be in accordance with that of Figure 4 with the time TOFFT corresponding to that programmed.

Note that prior to programming the default, logical '0', configuration is loaded. Note also that subsequent programming iterations can only be performed once the transmit cycle is finished - including the time required for switching off the PA (TOFFT).

Tx Mode = '1'

With Tx Mode (D12) set to '1' during the register programming cycle detailed in Figure 5, the SX1241 is placed directly in transmit mode. It will then remain in transmit mode until a second TWI register write operation where, if reset to logical '0', the SX1241 returns to sleep mode. An illustration of this operation is shown in the following timing diagram.

Please also note that once in sleep mode, subsequent activity on the DATA pin (without clocking of the CTRL line) will trigger transmission in accordance with Figure 4. Care must hence be taken to avoid inadvertent transmission due to such activity.

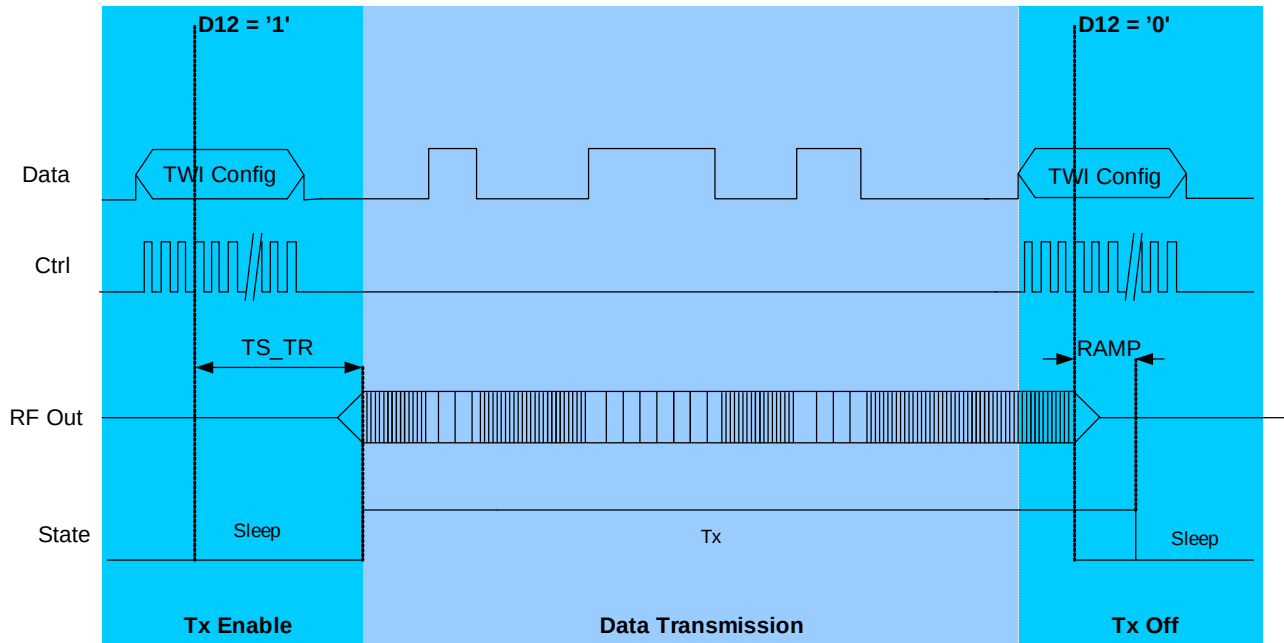


Figure 8. Manual Control of Transmitter Enable via the TWI

4. Configuration Register

Table 8 SX1241 TWI Register Description

Bit	Name	Nbits	State	Setting	Default		Notes
					CTRL = '0'	CTRL = '1'	
D12	Tx Mode	1	0 1	Power & Go Forced Transmit	0	0	When set to '1' SX1241 is in Continuous Tx until reset to '0'.
D(11:9)	Frequency	3	000 001 010 011 100 101 110 111	369.50 MHz 371.10 MHz 375.30 MHz 376.90 / 384 MHz * 388.30 MHz 391.50 MHz 394.30 MHz 395.90 MHz	011	011	RF Operating centre frequency * 384 MHz when OOK modulation is selected (Advanced or Power & Go mode)
D8	Modulation	1	0 1	FSK OOK	0	1	Modulation format
D(7:5)	Frequency Deviation	3	000 001 010 011 100 101 110 111	10 kHz 12.5 kHz 19.2 kHz 25 kHz 35 kHz 50 kHz 80 kHz 100 kHz	100	100	FSK Frequency deviation (not used in OOK mode).
D4	RF Power	1	0 1	0 dBm +12 dBm	1	1	Programmed RF output power.
D3	Tx Timer	1	0 1	2 ms 20 ms	0	1	Transmit power-off timer.
D(2:0)	Fine Tuning	3	011 010 001 000 111 110 101 100	fc + 12 * STEP fc + 8 * STEP fc + 4 * STEP fc + 0 * STEP fc - 4 * STEP fc - 8 * STEP fc - 12 * STEP fc - 16 * STEP	000	000	Fine tuning from programmed centre frequency.
T(42:0)	Test	43	-	-	-	-	Test registers

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5. Application Information

5.1. Crystal Specification

The SX1241 is designed to operate with a low-cost 26 MHz crystal.

Table 9 SX1241 Quartz Crystal Reference Oscillator Specification

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FXOSC	Crystal Frequency		26	26	26	MHz
LM	Crystal Motional Inductance		-	12.655	-	mH
CM	Crystal Motional Capacitance		-	2.962	-	fF
RS	Crystal Serial Resistance		-	20	100	Ohms
C0	Crystal Shunt Capacitance		-	1.0	7.0	pF
CL	Load Capacitance		-	15	-	pF

5.2. Reference Design Schematics

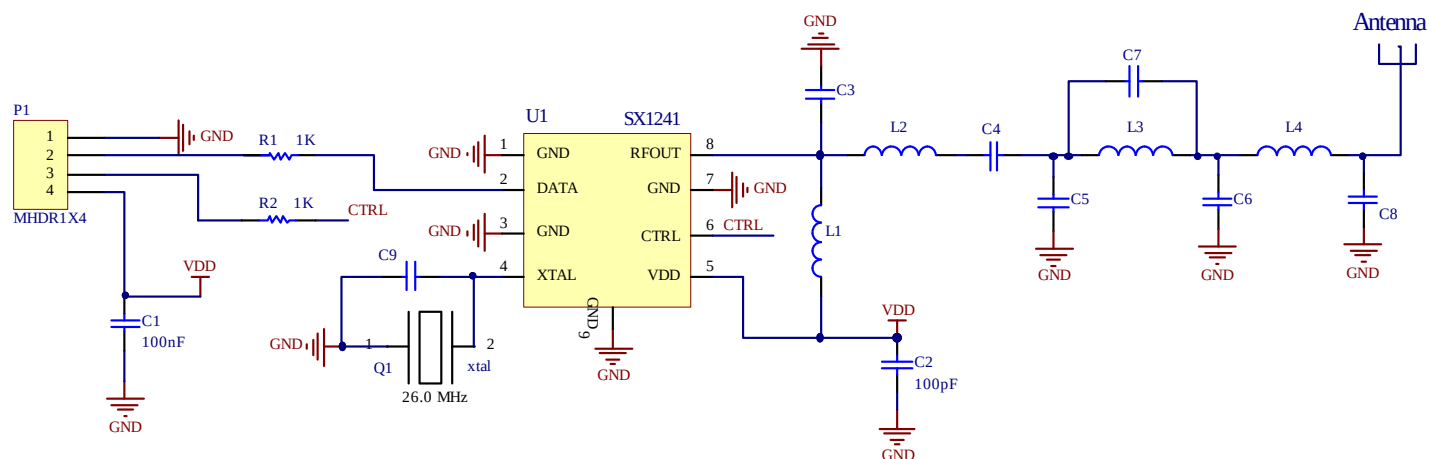


Figure 9. Application Module Schematics

5.3. Reference Design PCB Layout

With careful RF design practices, the SX1241 can be designed on a single-layer PCB, optimizing the cost of the application.

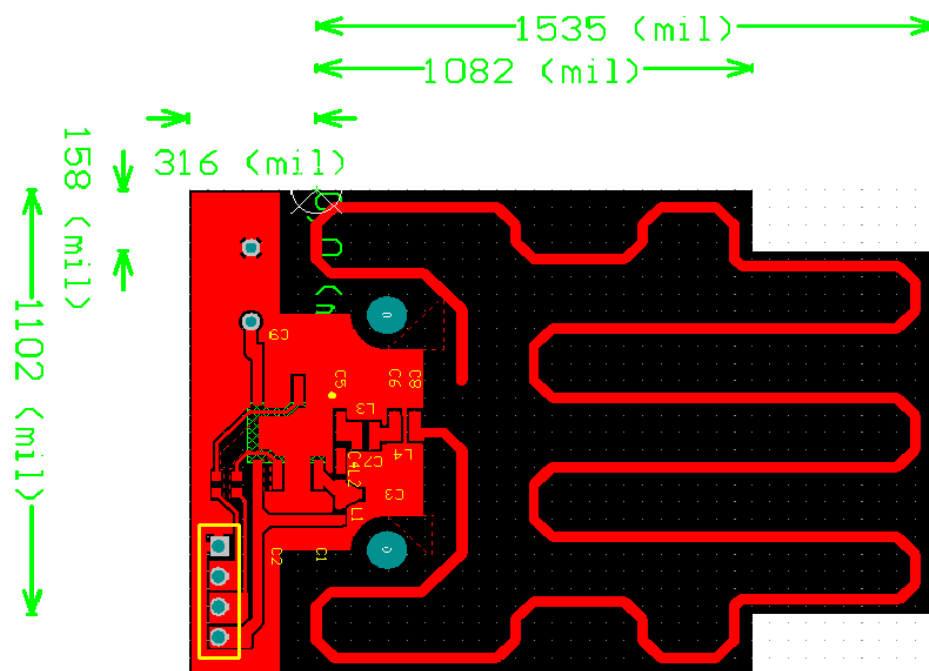


Figure 10. Reference Design PCB Layout

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5.4. Reference Design BOM

The following tables summarize the module BOM, at with +12 dBm and 0 dBm optimizations:

Table 10 +12 dBm Reference Design BOM

RefDes	MPN	Package	Value	Qty	Description	Manufacturer
U1	SX1241ISETRT	SO8	SX1241	1	RF transmitter IC	Semtech
Q1	-	HC49	26 MHz	1	Crystal 26 MHz CL=15 pF	-
C1	-	0402	100pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C2	-	0402	100nF	1	Capacitor X7R (+/-10%)	-
C3	-	0402	1.2pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-0.25pF)	-
C4	-	0402	100pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C5	-	0402	8.2pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C6	-	0402	8.2pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C7	-	0402	3.3pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-0.25pF)	-
C8	-	0402	4.7pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C9	-	0402	NC	0	-	-
L1	LQG15- or equivalent	0402	120nH	1	Multilayer chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.
L2	LQG15- or equivalent	0402	39nH	1	Multilayer chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.
L3	LQG15- or equivalent	0402	15nH	1	Multilayer chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.
L4	LQW18 - or equivalent	0603	47nH	1	Wire wound chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.

Table 11 0 dBm Reference Design BOM

RefDes	MPN	Package	Value	Qty	Description	Manufacturer
U1	SX1241ISETRT	SO8	SX1241	1	RF transmitter IC	Semtech
Q1	-	HC49	26 MHz	1	Crystal 26 MHz CL=15 pF	-
C1	-	0402	100pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C2	-	0402	100nF	1	Capacitor X7R (+/-10%)	-
C3	-	0402	2.2pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-0.25pF)	-
C4	-	0402	100pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C5	-	0402	8.2pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C6	-	0402	8.2pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C7	-	0402	3.3pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-0.25pF)	-
C8	-	0402	4.7pF	1	Capacitor NPO (+/-5%)	-
C9	-	0402	NC	0	-	-
L1	LQG15- or equivalent	0402	120nH	1	Multilayer chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.
L2	LQG15- or equivalent	0402	15nH	1	Multilayer chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.
L3	LQG15- or equivalent	0402	15nH	1	Multilayer chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.
L4	LQW18 - or equivalent	0603	47nH	1	Wire wound chip inductor (+/-5%)	Murata or equ.

Note: the values of C8 and L4 depend on the antenna implementation; they may be modify to accommodate a different antenna or antenna environment.

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6. Packaging Information

The SX1241 is delivered in an SOIC package with 8 leads and an exposed pad. See details below.

6.1. Package Outline Drawing

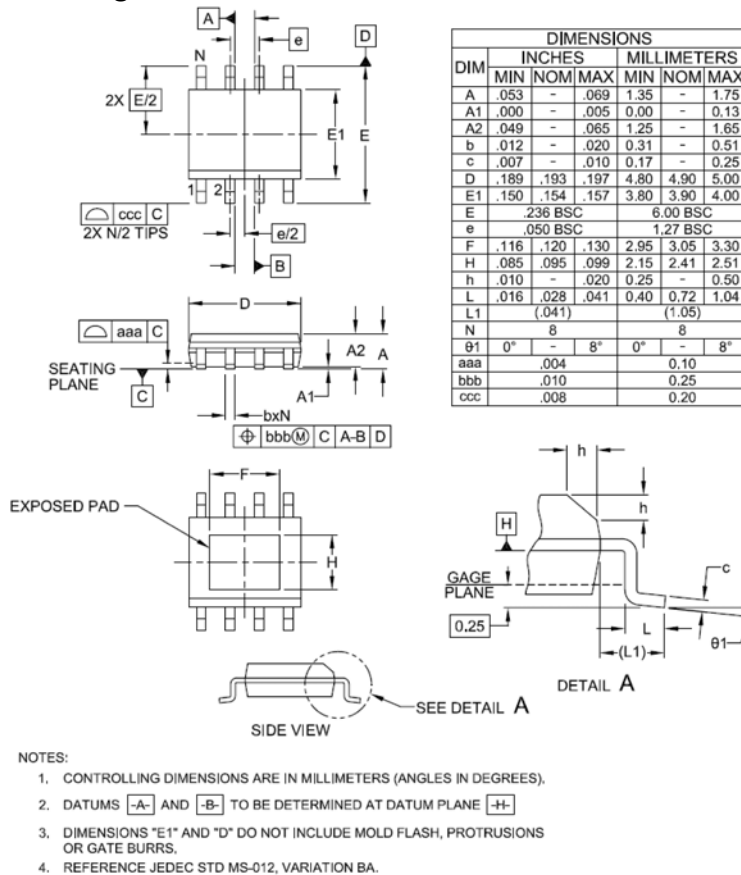


Figure 11. Package Outline Drawing

6.2. Land Pattern

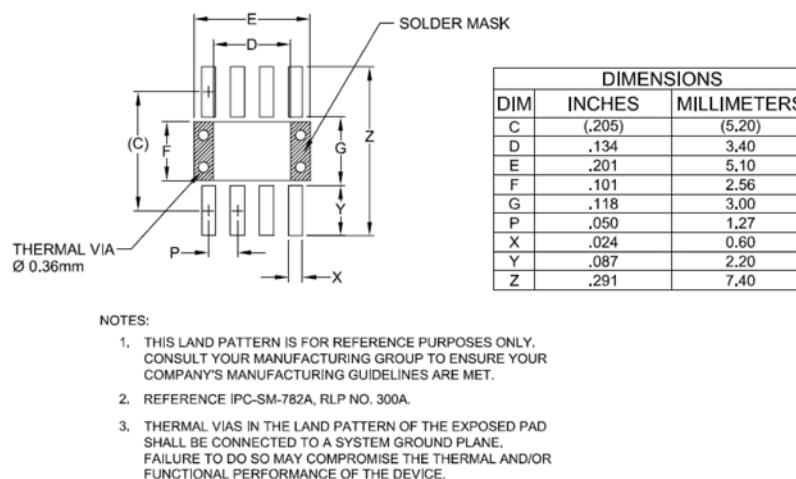
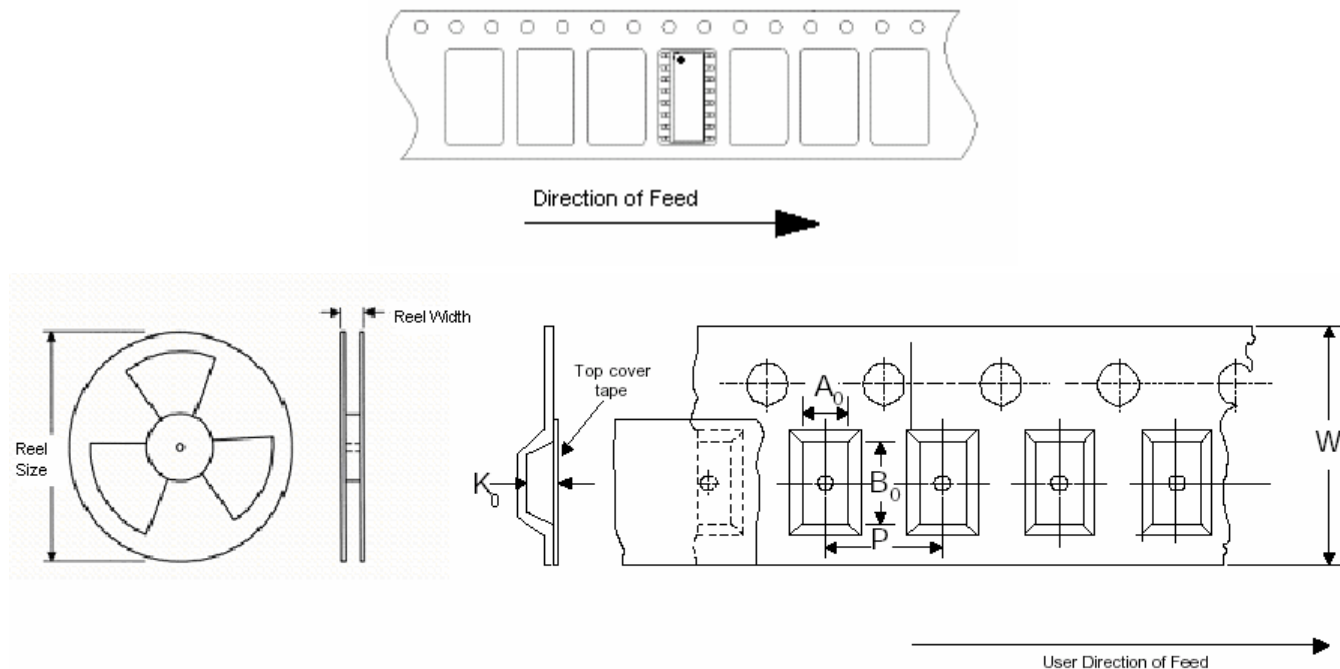


Figure 12. Land Pattern

6.3. Thermal Impedance

The thermal impedance of this package is: **$\Theta_{ja} = 36^{\circ} \text{C/W typ.}$** , calculated from a package in still air, on a 4-layer FR4 PCB, as per the Jedec standard.

6.4. Tape & Reel Specification



Carrier Tape				Reel		Min. Trailer Length	Min. Leader Length	QTY per	Unit
Tape Width (W)	Pocket Pitch (P)	Ao / Bo	Ko	Reel Size	Reel Width				
12 +/-0.30	8 +/-0.10	6.5 / 5.4 +/-0.30	2.00 +/-0.15	330.2	12.4	400	400	2500	mm

Figure 13. Tape & Reel Specification

Note Single Sprocket Holes

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7. Revision History

Table 12 Revision History

Revision	Date	Comment
3	August 2010	First FINAL datasheet version

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