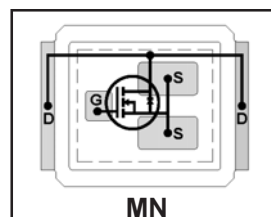


# IRF6646

DirectFET™ Power MOSFET ②

Typical values (unless otherwise specified)

| $V_{DS}$     | $V_{GS}$ | $R_{DS(on)}$ |
|--------------|----------|--------------|
| 80V max      | ±20V max | 7.6mΩ @ 10V  |
| $Q_{g\ tot}$ | $Q_{gd}$ | $V_{gs(th)}$ |
| 36nC         | 12nC     | 3.8V         |



- RoHS compliant containing no lead or bromide ①
- Low Profile (<0.7 mm)
- Dual Sided Cooling Compatible ①
- Ultra Low Package Inductance
- Optimized for High Frequency Switching ①
- Ideal for High Performance Isolated Converter Primary Switch Socket
- Optimized for Synchronous Rectification
- Low Conduction Losses
- Compatible with existing Surface Mount Techniques ①

Applicable DirectFET Outline and Substrate Outline (see p.7,8 for details)①

|    |    |    |  |    |    |    |           |  |  |  |
|----|----|----|--|----|----|----|-----------|--|--|--|
| SQ | SX | ST |  | MQ | MX | MT | <b>MN</b> |  |  |  |
|----|----|----|--|----|----|----|-----------|--|--|--|

## Description

The IRF6646 combines the latest HEXFET® Power MOSFET Silicon technology with the advanced DirectFET™ packaging to achieve the lowest on-state resistance in a package that has the footprint of an SO-8 and only 0.7 mm profile. The DirectFET package is compatible with existing layout geometries used in power applications, PCB assembly equipment and vapor phase, infra-red or convection soldering techniques, when application note AN-1035 is followed regarding the manufacturing methods and processes. The DirectFET package allows dual sided cooling to maximize thermal transfer in power systems, improving previous best thermal resistance by 80%.

The IRF6646 is optimized for primary side bridge topologies in isolated DC-DC applications, for 48V(±10%) or 36V to 60V ETSI input voltage range systems, and is also ideal for secondary side synchronous rectification in regulated isolated DC-DC topologies. The reduced total losses in the device coupled with the high level of thermal performance enables high efficiency and low temperatures, which are key for system reliability improvements, and makes this device ideal for high performance isolated DC-DC converters.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

|                                | Parameter                                         | Max. | Units |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------|-------|
| $V_{DS}$                       | Drain-to-Source Voltage                           | 80   | V     |
| $V_{GS}$                       | Gate-to-Source Voltage                            | ±20  |       |
| $I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ ③ | 12   | A     |
| $I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ ③ | 9.6  |       |
| $I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ ④ | 68   |       |
| $I_{DM}$                       | Pulsed Drain Current ⑤                            | 96   |       |
| $E_{AS}$                       | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ⑥                   | 230  | mJ    |
| $I_{AR}$                       | Avalanche Current ⑤                               | 7.2  | A     |

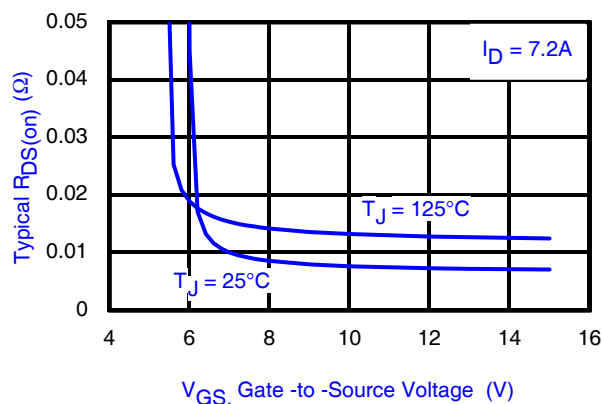


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

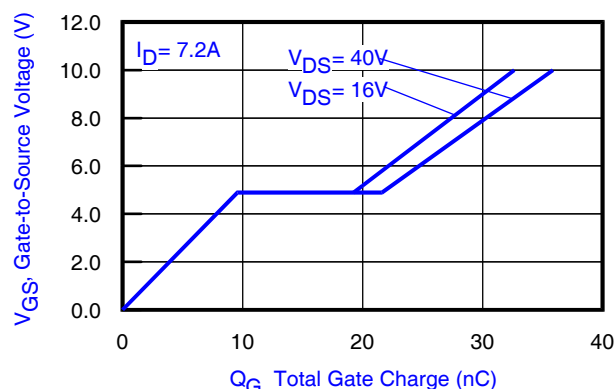


Fig 2. Typical Total Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

Notes:

- ① Click on this section to link to the appropriate technical paper.
- ② Click on this section to link to the DirectFET Website.
- ③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board, steady state.

- ④  $T_C$  measured with thermocouple mounted to top (Drain) of part.
- ⑤ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ⑥ Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 8.8\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 7.2\text{A}$ .

**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

|                                | Parameter                            | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units                | Conditions                                                          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $BV_{DSS}$                     | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage    | 80   | —    | —    | V                    | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$                                       |
| $\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$   | Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient  | —    | 0.10 | —    | V/ $^\circ\text{C}$  | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$                |
| $R_{DS(on)}$                   | Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance | —    | 7.6  | 9.5  | m $\Omega$           | $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 12A$ ①                                         |
| $V_{GS(th)}$                   | Gate Threshold Voltage               | 3.0  | —    | 4.9  | V                    | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 150\mu A$                                   |
| $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$ | Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient   | —    | -11  | —    | mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |                                                                     |
| $I_{DSS}$                      | Drain-to-Source Leakage Current      | —    | —    | 20   | $\mu A$              | $V_{DS} = 80V, V_{GS} = 0V$                                         |
|                                |                                      | —    | —    | 250  |                      | $V_{DS} = 64V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$                |
| $I_{GSS}$                      | Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage       | —    | —    | 100  | nA                   | $V_{GS} = 20V$                                                      |
|                                | Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage       | —    | —    | -100 |                      | $V_{GS} = -20V$                                                     |
| $g_{fs}$                       | Forward Transconductance             | 17   | —    | —    | S                    | $V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 7.2A$                                          |
| $Q_g$                          | Total Gate Charge                    | —    | 36   | 50   | nC                   | $V_{DS} = 40V$<br>$V_{GS} = 10V$<br>$I_D = 7.2A$<br>See Fig. 17     |
| $Q_{gs1}$                      | Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge        | —    | 7.6  | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $Q_{gs2}$                      | Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge       | —    | 2.0  | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $Q_{gd}$                       | Gate-to-Drain Charge                 | —    | 12   | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $Q_{godr}$                     | Gate Charge Overdrive                | —    | 14   | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $Q_{sw}$                       | Switch Charge ( $Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$ ) | —    | 14   | —    | nC                   | $V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$                                         |
| $Q_{oss}$                      | Output Charge                        | —    | 18   | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $R_G$                          | Gate Resistance                      | —    | 1.0  | —    | $\Omega$             |                                                                     |
| $t_{d(on)}$                    | Turn-On Delay Time                   | —    | 17   | —    | ns                   | $V_{DD} = 40V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ①<br>$I_D = 7.2A$<br>$R_G = 6.2\Omega$ |
| $t_r$                          | Rise Time                            | —    | 20   | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $t_{d(off)}$                   | Turn-Off Delay Time                  | —    | 31   | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $t_f$                          | Fall Time                            | —    | 12   | —    |                      |                                                                     |
| $C_{iss}$                      | Input Capacitance                    | —    | 2060 | —    | pF                   | $V_{GS} = 0V$                                                       |
| $C_{oss}$                      | Output Capacitance                   | —    | 480  | —    |                      | $V_{DS} = 25V$                                                      |
| $C_{rss}$                      | Reverse Transfer Capacitance         | —    | 120  | —    |                      | $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$                                                 |
| $C_{oss}$                      | Output Capacitance                   | —    | 2180 | —    |                      | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$                     |
| $C_{oss}$                      | Output Capacitance                   | —    | 310  | —    |                      | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 64V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$                      |

**Diode Characteristics**

|          | Parameter                                 | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions                                                                   |
|----------|-------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $I_S$    | Continuous Source Current<br>(Body Diode) | —    | —    | 2.5③ | A     | MOSFET symbol<br>showing the<br>integral reverse<br>p-n junction diode.      |
| $I_{SM}$ | Pulsed Source Current<br>(Body Diode) ②   | —    | —    | 96   |       |                                                                              |
| $V_{SD}$ | Diode Forward Voltage                     | —    | —    | 1.3  | V     | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 7.2A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ①                          |
| $t_{rr}$ | Reverse Recovery Time                     | —    | 36   | 54   | ns    | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 7.2A, V_{DD} = 40V$<br>$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ① |
| $Q_{rr}$ | Reverse Recovery Charge                   | —    | 48   | 72   | nC    |                                                                              |

**Notes:**① Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

③ Thermally limited and used  $R_{\theta JA}$  to calculate.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Absolute Maximum Ratings           |                            |              |                    |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
|                                    | Parameter                  | Max.         | Units              |
| $P_D$ @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | Power Dissipation ①        | 2.8          | W                  |
| $P_D$ @ $T_A = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ | Power Dissipation ①        | 1.8          |                    |
| $P_D$ @ $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | Power Dissipation ④        | 89           |                    |
| $T_P$                              | Peak Soldering Temperature | 270          | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| $T_J$                              | Operating Junction and     | -40 to + 150 |                    |
| $T_{STG}$                          | Storage Temperature Range  |              |                    |

## Thermal Resistance

|                    | Parameter               | Typ. | Max. | Units              |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------|------|--------------------|
| $R_{\theta JA}$    | Junction-to-Ambient ①⑤  | —    | 45   | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$    | Junction-to-Ambient ②⑤  | 12.5 | —    |                    |
| $R_{\theta JA}$    | Junction-to-Ambient ③⑤  | 20   | —    |                    |
| $R_{\theta JC}$    | Junction-to-Case ④⑤     | —    | 1.4  |                    |
| $R_{\theta J-PCB}$ | Junction-to-PCB Mounted | 1.0  | —    |                    |

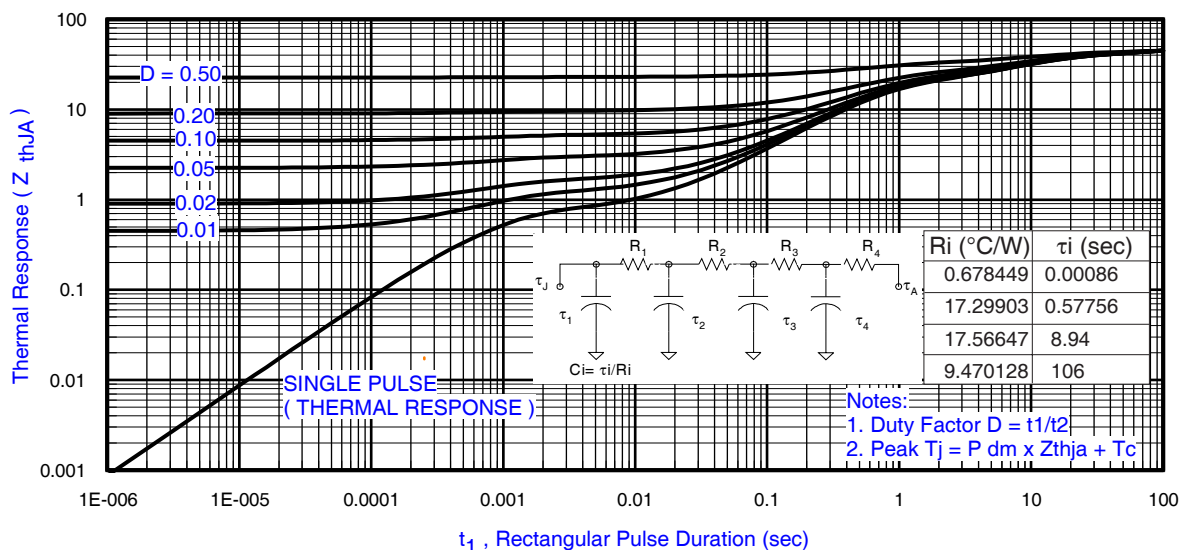


Fig 3. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient ①

### Notes:

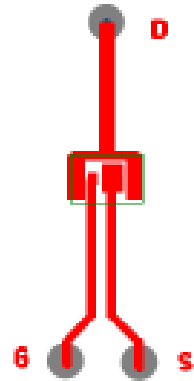
- ① Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board, steady state.
- ② Used double sided cooling, mounting pad.
- ③ Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink.
- ④  $T_C$  measured with thermocouple incontact with top (Drain) of part.
- ⑤  $R_{\theta}$  is measured at  $T_J$  of approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .



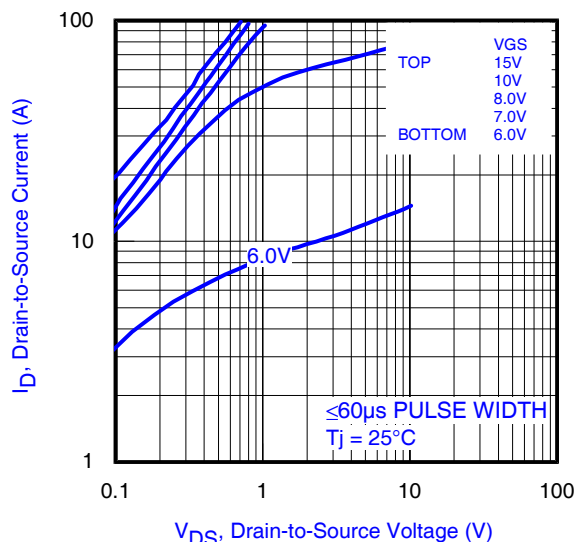
① Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board (still air).



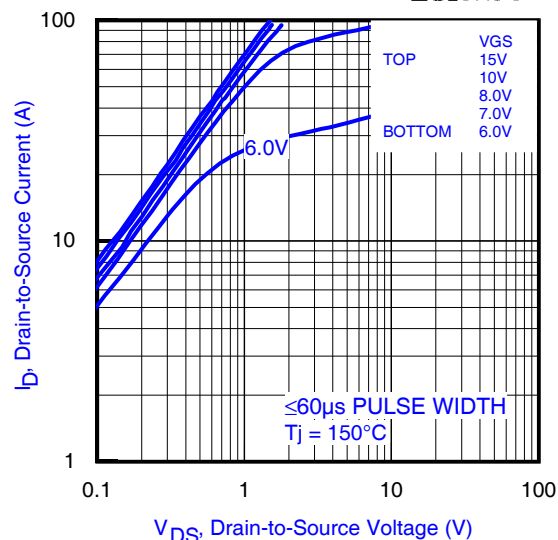
③ Mounted to a PCB with small clip heatsink (still air)



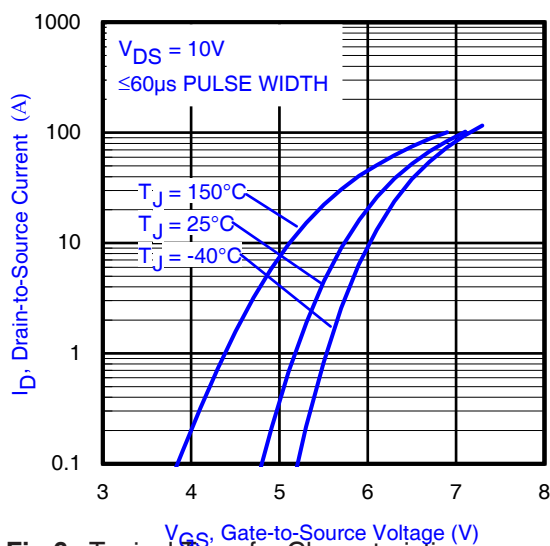
③ Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink (still air)



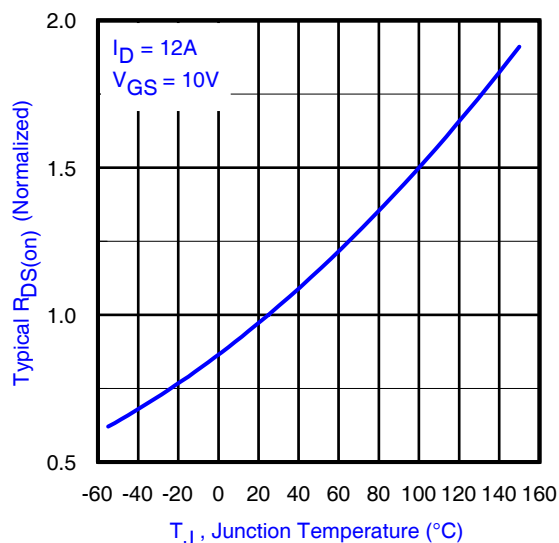
**Fig 4.** Typical Output Characteristics



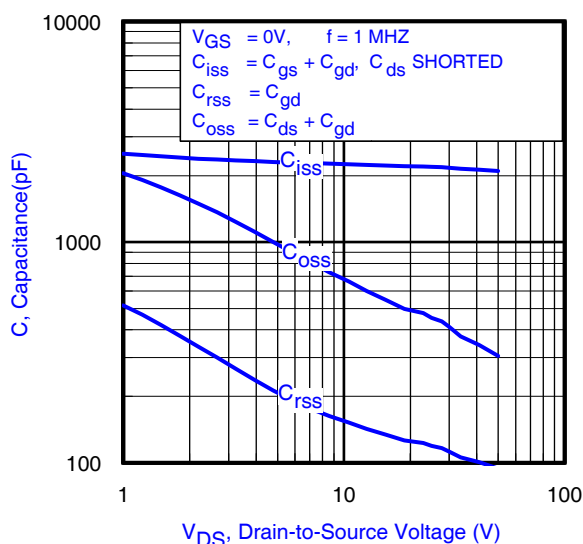
**Fig 5.** Typical Output Characteristics



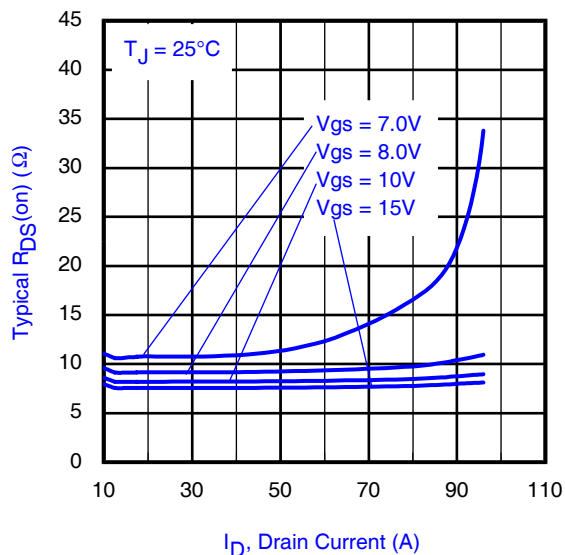
**Fig 6.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 7.** Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



**Fig 8.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 9.** Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

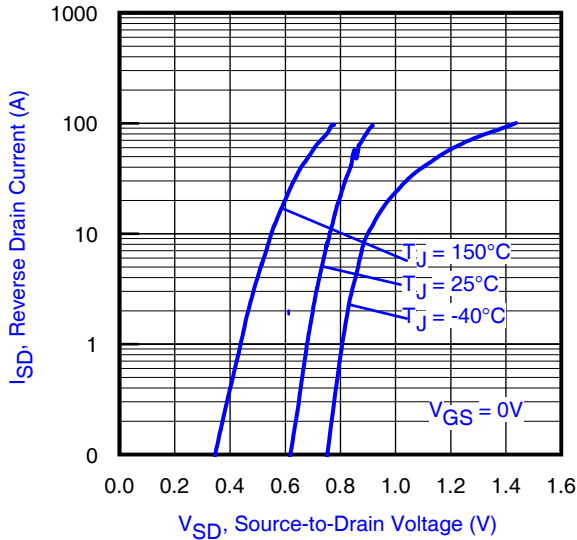


Fig 10. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

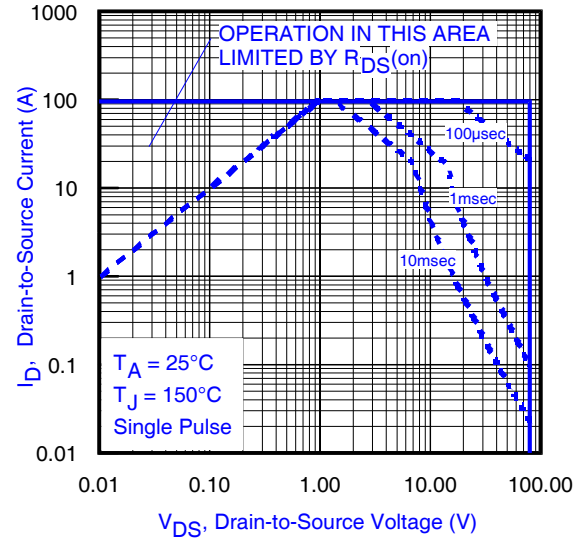


Fig 11. Maximum Safe Operating Area

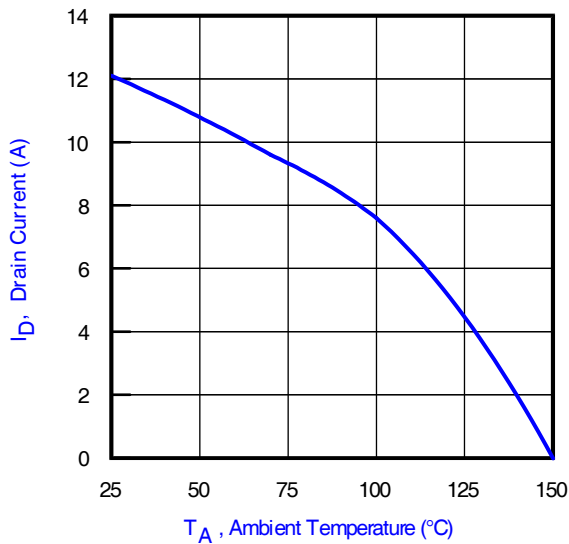


Fig 12. Maximum Drain Current vs. Ambient Temperature

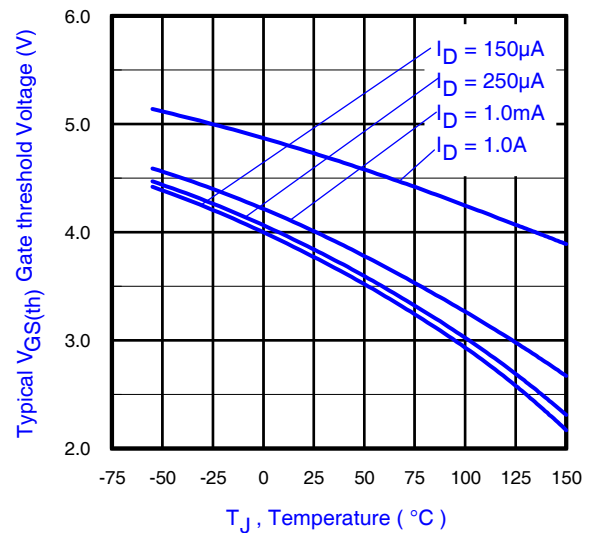


Fig 13. Typical Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

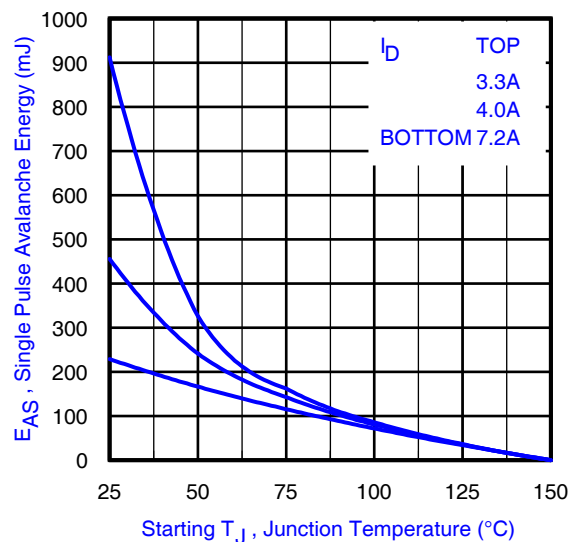
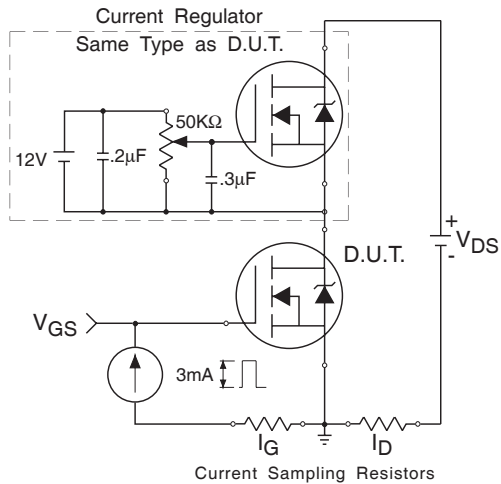
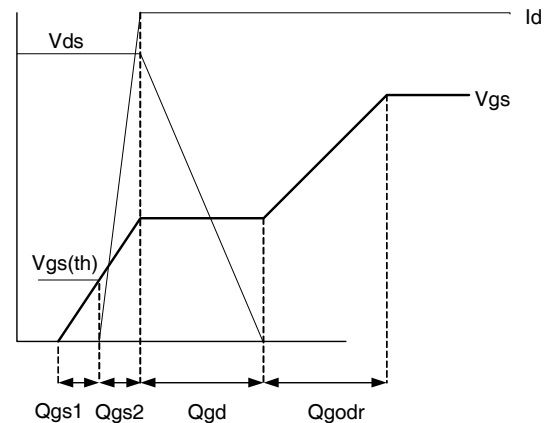


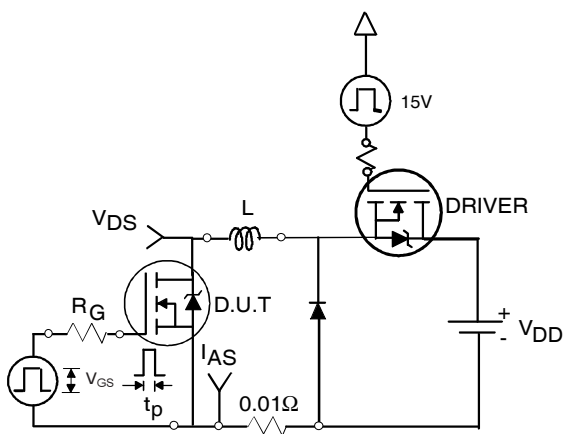
Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current



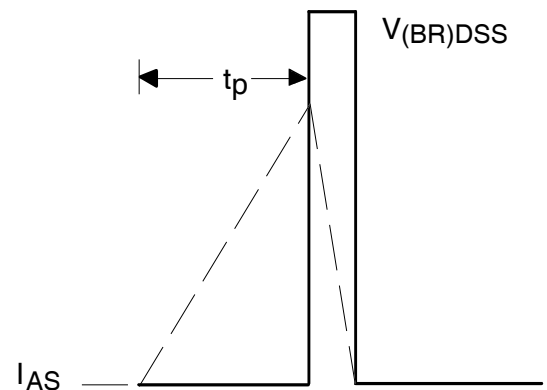
**Fig 15a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



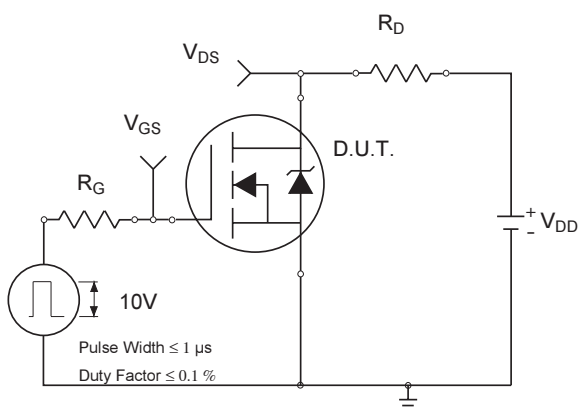
**Fig 15b.** Gate Charge Waveform



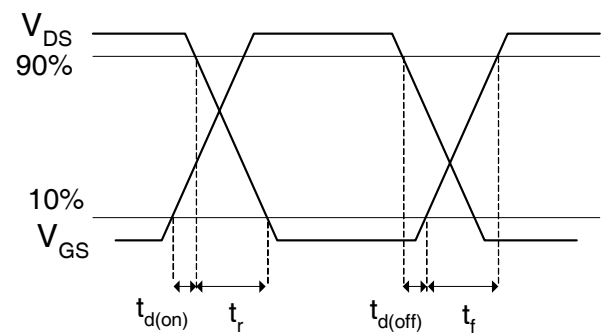
**Fig 16a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



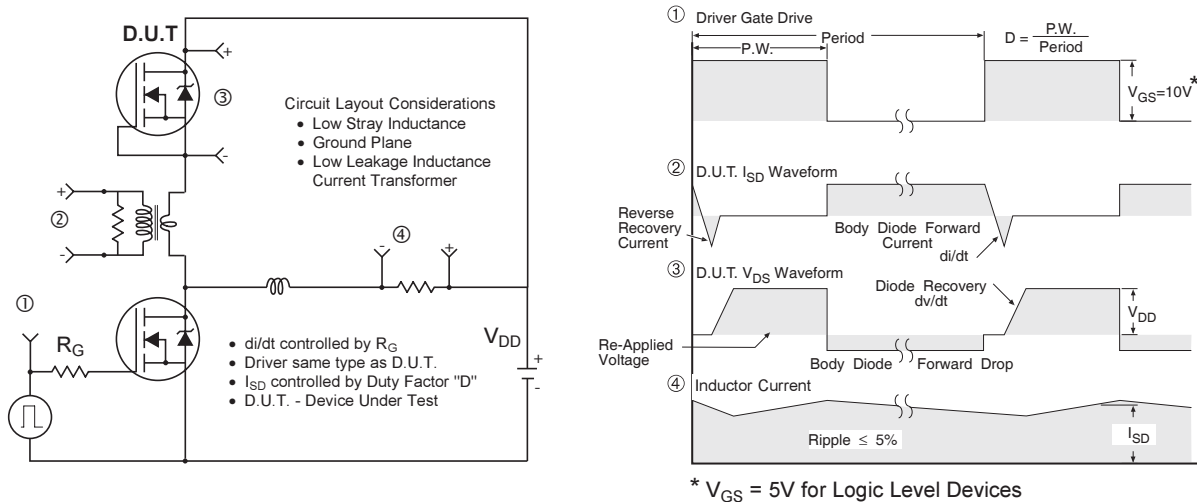
**Fig 16b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



**Fig 17a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 17b.** Switching Time Waveforms

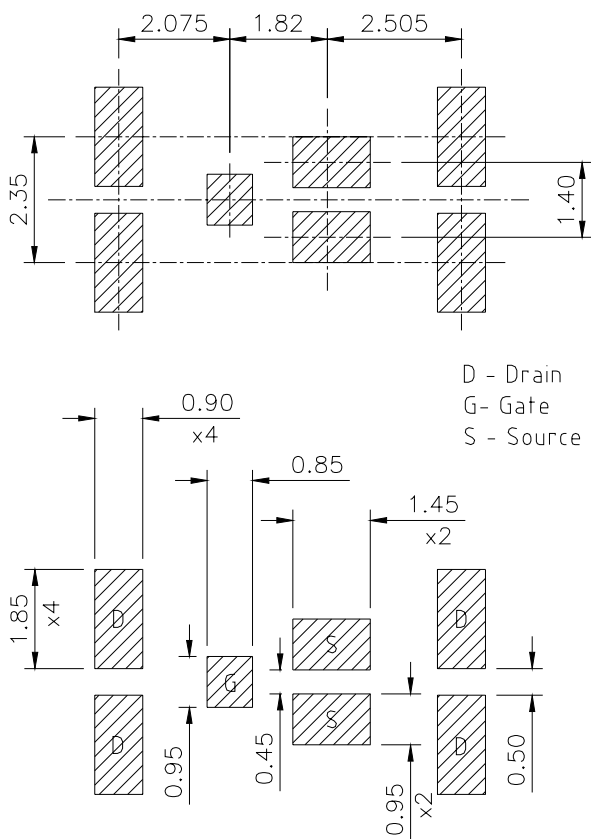


**Fig 18.** Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

## DirectFET™ Substrate and PCB Layout, MN Outline (Medium Size Can, N-Designation).

Please see DirectFET application note AN-1035 for all details regarding the assembly of DirectFET.

This includes all recommendations for stencil and substrate designs.

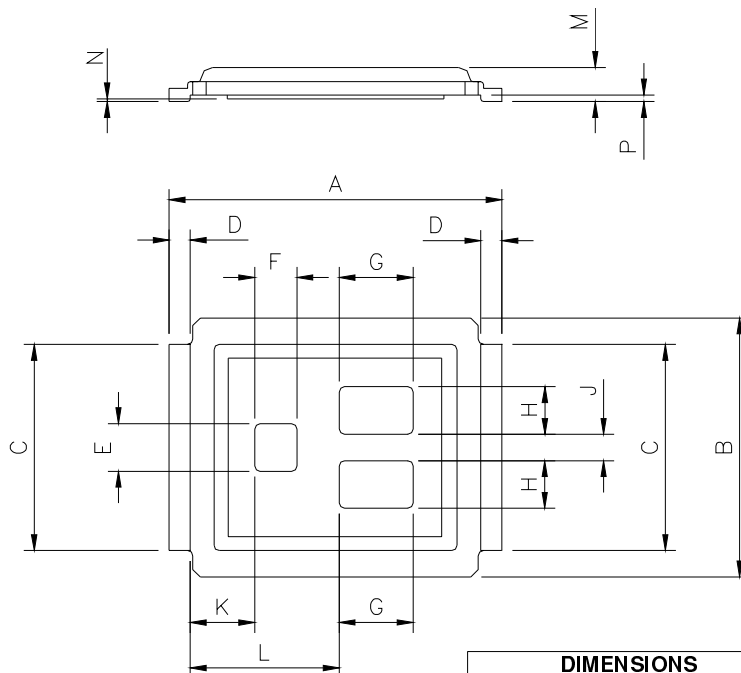


# IRF6646

## DirectFET™ Outline Dimension, MN Outline (Medium Size Can, N-Designation).

Please see DirectFET application note AN-1035 for all details regarding the assembly of DirectFET.

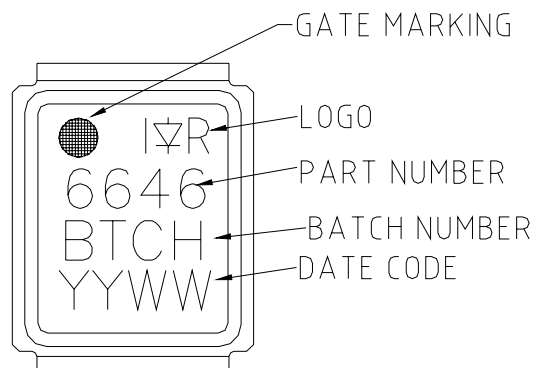
This includes all recommendations for stencil and substrate designs.



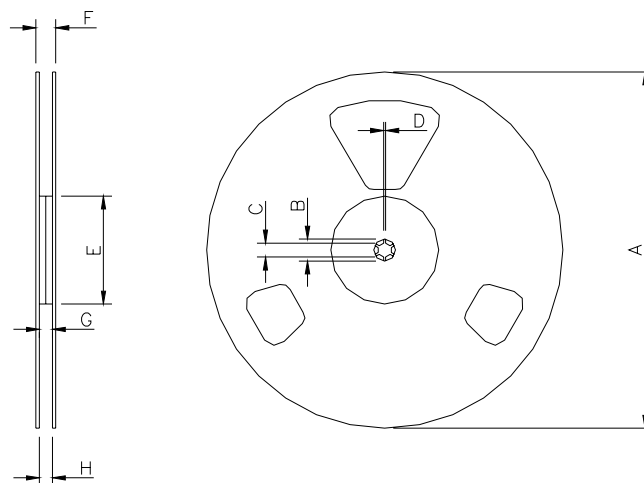
**NOTE: CONTROLLING  
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM**

| DIMENSIONS |        |      |          |       |
|------------|--------|------|----------|-------|
|            | METRIC |      | IMPERIAL |       |
| CODE       | MIN    | MAX  | MIN      | MAX   |
| A          | 6.25   | 6.35 | 0.246    | 0.250 |
| B          | 4.80   | 5.05 | 0.189    | 0.201 |
| C          | 3.85   | 3.95 | 0.152    | 0.156 |
| D          | 0.35   | 0.45 | 0.014    | 0.018 |
| E          | 0.88   | 0.92 | 0.034    | 0.036 |
| F          | 0.78   | 0.82 | 0.031    | 0.032 |
| G          | 1.38   | 1.42 | 0.054    | 0.056 |
| H          | 0.88   | 0.92 | 0.034    | 0.036 |
| J          | 0.48   | 0.52 | 0.002    | 0.020 |
| K          | 1.16   | 1.29 | 0.046    | 0.051 |
| L          | 2.74   | 2.91 | 0.109    | 0.115 |
| M          | 0.59   | 0.70 | 0.023    | 0.028 |
| N          | 0.03   | 0.08 | 0.001    | 0.003 |
| P          | 0.17   | 0.07 | 0.007    | 0.003 |

## DirectFET™ Part Marking

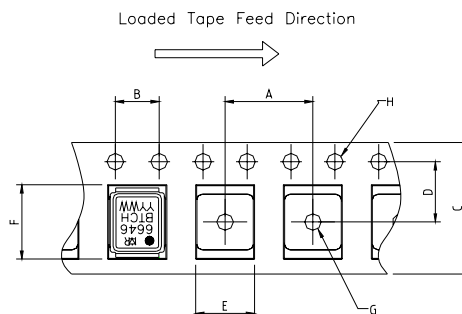


DirectFET™ Tape & Reel Dimension (Showing component orientation).



NOTE: Controlling dimensions in mm  
Std reel quantity is 4800 parts. (ordered as IRF6646). For 1000 parts on 7" reel, order IRF6646TR1

| REEL DIMENSIONS            |        |      |          |       |                       |       |          |      |
|----------------------------|--------|------|----------|-------|-----------------------|-------|----------|------|
| STANDARD OPTION (QTY 4800) |        |      |          |       | TR1 OPTION (QTY 1000) |       |          |      |
|                            | METRIC |      | IMPERIAL |       | METRIC                |       | IMPERIAL |      |
| CODE                       | MIN    | MAX  | MIN      | MAX   | MIN                   | MAX   | MIN      | MAX  |
| A                          | 330.0  | N.C  | 12.992   | N.C   | 177.77                | N.C   | 6.9      | N.C  |
| B                          | 20.2   | N.C  | 0.795    | N.C   | 19.06                 | N.C   | 0.75     | N.C  |
| C                          | 12.8   | 13.2 | 0.504    | 0.520 | 13.5                  | 12.8  | 0.53     | 0.50 |
| D                          | 1.5    | N.C  | 0.059    | N.C   | 1.5                   | N.C   | 0.059    | N.C  |
| E                          | 100.0  | N.C  | 3.937    | N.C   | 58.72                 | N.C   | 2.31     | N.C  |
| F                          | N.C    | 18.4 | N.C      | 0.724 | N.C                   | 13.50 | N.C      | 0.53 |
| G                          | 12.4   | 14.4 | 0.488    | 0.567 | 11.9                  | 12.01 | 0.47     | N.C  |
| H                          | 11.9   | 15.4 | 0.469    | 0.606 | 11.9                  | 12.01 | 0.47     | N.C  |



NOTE: CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS IN MM

| DIMENSIONS |        |       |          |       |
|------------|--------|-------|----------|-------|
| CODE       | METRIC |       | IMPERIAL |       |
|            | MIN    | MAX   | MIN      | MAX   |
| A          | 7.90   | 8.10  | 0.311    | 0.319 |
| B          | 3.90   | 4.10  | 0.154    | 0.161 |
| C          | 11.90  | 12.30 | 0.469    | 0.484 |
| D          | 5.45   | 5.55  | 0.215    | 0.219 |
| E          | 5.10   | 5.30  | 0.201    | 0.209 |
| F          | 6.50   | 6.70  | 0.256    | 0.264 |
| G          | 1.50   | N.C   | 0.059    | N.C   |
| H          | 1.50   | 1.60  | 0.059    | 0.063 |

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Consumer market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105  
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

Visit us at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com) for sales contact information.11/05

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:  
<http://www.irf.com/package/>

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