

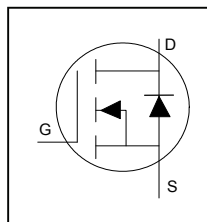
### Application

- Brushed Motor drive applications
- BLDC Motor drive applications
- PWM Inverterized topologies
- Battery powered circuits
- Half-bridge and full-bridge topologies
- Electronic ballast applications
- Synchronous rectifier applications
- Resonant mode power supplies
- OR-ing and redundant power switches
- DC/DC and AC/DC converters

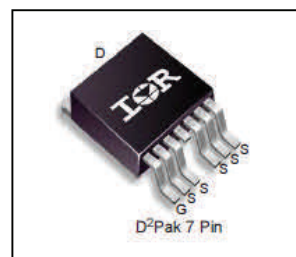
### Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant

HEXFET® Power MOSFET



|                                        |               |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>V<sub>DSS</sub></b>                 | <b>40V</b>    |
| <b>R<sub>DS(on)</sub> typ.</b>         | <b>0.55mΩ</b> |
| <b>max</b>                             | <b>0.75mΩ</b> |
| <b>I<sub>D</sub> (Silicon Limited)</b> | <b>522A①</b>  |
| <b>I<sub>D</sub> (Package Limited)</b> | <b>240A</b>   |



|          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>G</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>S</b> |
| Gate     | Drain    | Source   |

| Base part number | Package Type | Standard Pack      |          | Orderable Part Number |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|
|                  |              | Form               | Quantity |                       |
| IRFS7430-7PPbF   | D²Pak-7Pin   | Tube               | 50       | IRFS7430-7PPbF        |
|                  |              | Tape and Reel Left | 800      | IRFS7430TRL7PP        |

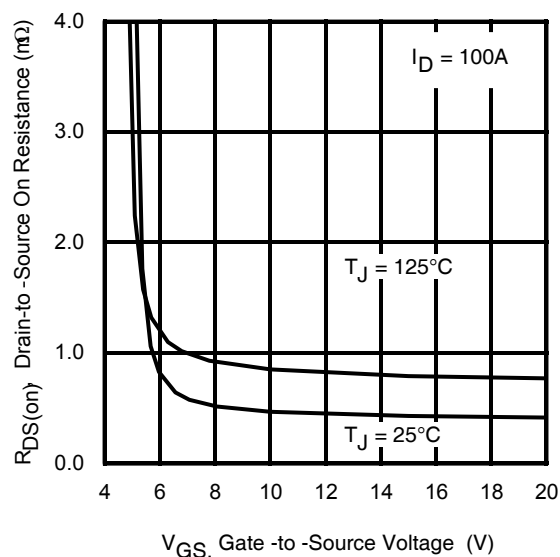


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

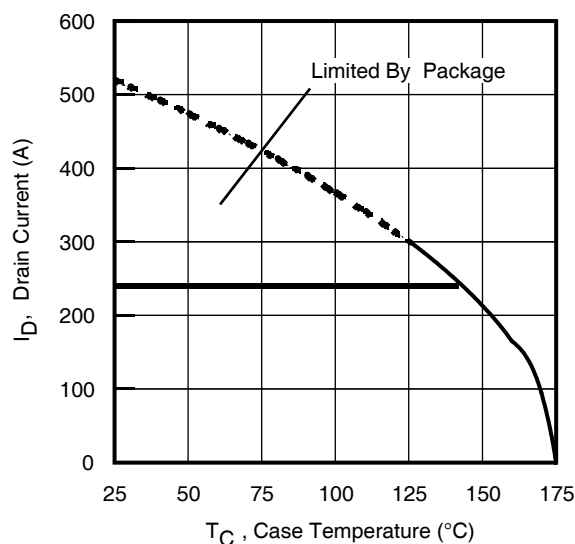


Fig 2. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

## Absolute Maximum Rating

| Symbol                          | Parameter                                                           | Max.             | Units |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------|
| $I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)   | 522 <sup>①</sup> | A     |
| $I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)   | 369 <sup>①</sup> |       |
| $I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Wire Bond Limited) | 240              |       |
| $I_{DM}$                        | Pulsed Drain Current <sup>②</sup>                                   | 1200*            |       |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Maximum Power Dissipation                                           | 375              | W     |
|                                 | Linear Derating Factor                                              | 2.5              | W/°C  |
| $V_{GS}$                        | Gate-to-Source Voltage                                              | $\pm 20$         | V     |
| $T_J$                           | Operating Junction and                                              | -55 to + 175     | °C    |
| $T_{STG}$                       | Storage Temperature Range                                           |                  |       |
|                                 | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)             | 300              |       |

## Avalanche Characteristics

|                              |                                            |                          |    |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----|
| $E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited) | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>③</sup> | 764                      | mJ |
| $E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited) | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>④</sup> | 1454                     |    |
| $I_{AR}$                     | Avalanche Current <sup>②</sup>             | See Fig 15, 16, 23a, 23b | A  |
| $E_{AR}$                     | Repetitive Avalanche Energy <sup>②</sup>   |                          | mJ |

## Thermal Resistance

| Symbol          | Parameter                        | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case <sup>⑧</sup>    | —    | 0.4  | °C/W  |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient <sup>⑩</sup> | —    | 40   |       |

## Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol                          | Parameter                            | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions                                                               |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $V_{(BR)DSS}$                   | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage    | 40   | —    | —    | V     | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$                            |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$ | Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient  | —    | 26   | —    | mV/°C | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 2\text{mA}$ <sup>②</sup>        |
| $R_{DS(on)}$                    | Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance | —    | 0.55 | 0.75 | mΩ    | $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $I_D = 100\text{A}$ <sup>⑤</sup>                 |
|                                 |                                      | —    | 0.93 | —    |       | $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}$ , $I_D = 50\text{A}$ <sup>⑤</sup>                   |
| $V_{GS(th)}$                    | Gate Threshold Voltage               | 2.2  | 3.0  | 3.9  | V     | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$                               |
| $I_{DSS}$                       | Drain-to-Source Leakage Current      | —    | —    | 1.0  | μA    | $V_{DS} = 40\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$                             |
|                                 |                                      | —    | —    | 150  |       | $V_{DS} = 40\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{GSS}$                       | Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage       | —    | —    | 100  | nA    | $V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$                                                    |
|                                 | Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage       | —    | —    | -100 |       | $V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$                                                   |
| $R_G$                           | Gate Resistance                      | —    | 2.2  | —    | Ω     |                                                                          |

### Notes:

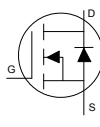
- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 240A by source bonding technology. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 153\mu\text{H}$ ,  $R_G = 50\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 100\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ .
- ④  $I_{SD} \leq 100\text{A}$ ,  $di/dt \leq 1403\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑥  $C_{oss}$  eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦  $C_{oss}$  eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑧  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑨ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 1\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 50\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 54\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ .
- ⑩ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). Please refer to AN-994 for more details:  
<http://www.irf.com/technical-info/appnotes/an-994.pdf>

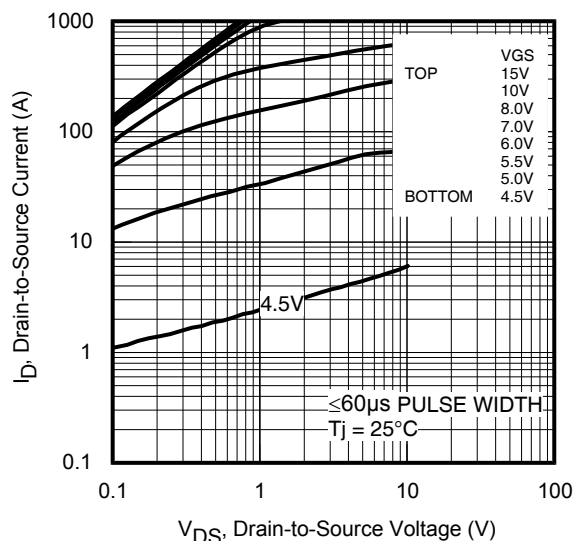
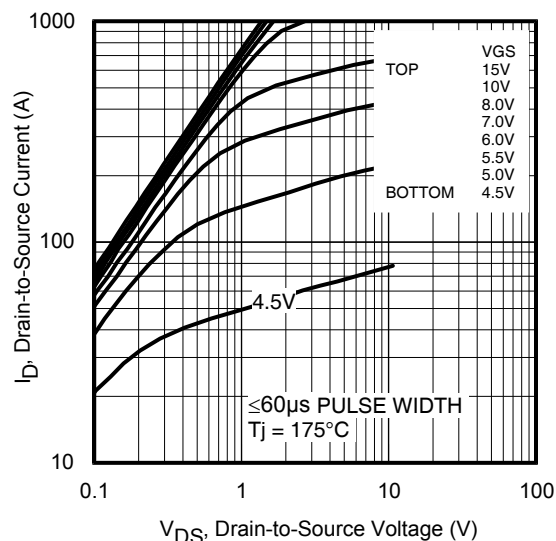
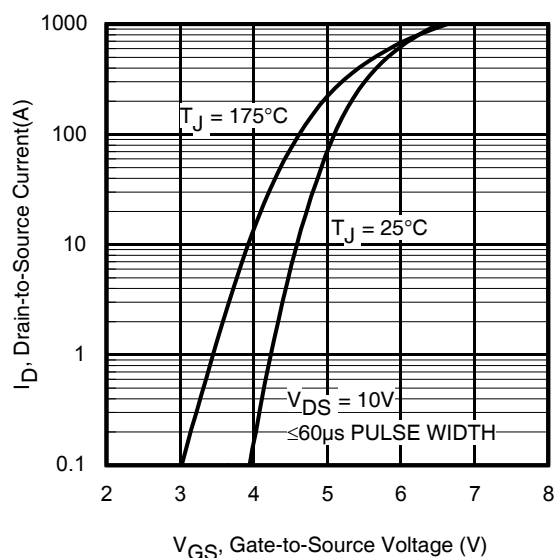
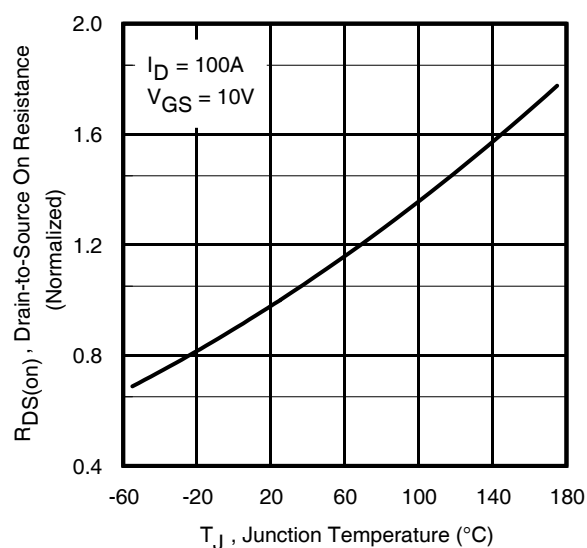
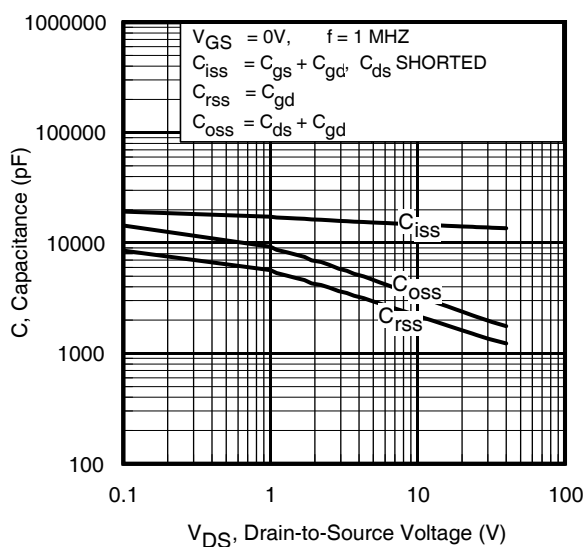
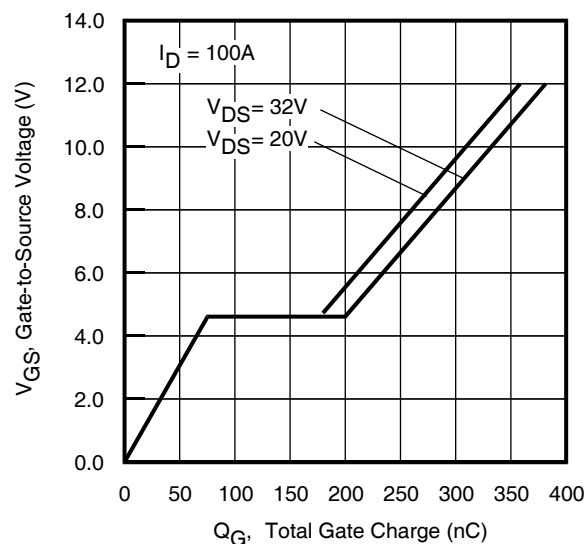
\* Pulse drain current is limited at 960A by source bonding technology.

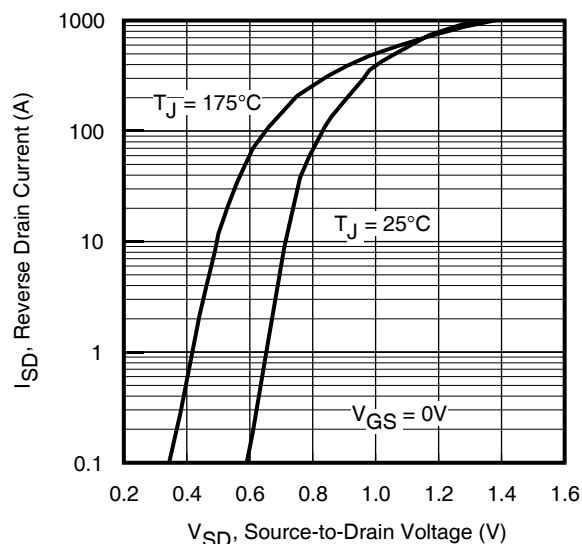
**Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

| Symbol                      | Parameter                                     | Min. | Typ.  | Max. | Units | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $g_{fs}$                    | Forward Transconductance                      | 176  | —     | —    | S     | $V_{DS} = 10\text{V}$ , $I_D = 100\text{A}$                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| $Q_g$                       | Total Gate Charge                             | —    | 305   | 460  | nC    | $I_D = 100\text{A}$<br>$V_{DS} = 20\text{V}$<br>$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}^{\text{⑤}}$                                                                                                                                                                   |
| $Q_{gs}$                    | Gate-to-Source Charge                         | —    | 84    | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $Q_{gd}$                    | Gate-to-Drain Charge                          | —    | 96    | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $Q_{sync}$                  | Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )    | —    | 209   | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $t_{d(on)}$                 | Turn-On Delay Time                            | —    | 28    | —    | ns    | $V_{DD} = 20\text{V}$<br>$I_D = 30\text{A}$<br>$R_G = 2.7\Omega$<br>$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}^{\text{⑤}}$                                                                                                                                               |
| $t_r$                       | Rise Time                                     | —    | 79    | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $t_{d(off)}$                | Turn-Off Delay Time                           | —    | 161   | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $t_f$                       | Fall Time                                     | —    | 93    | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $C_{iss}$                   | Input Capacitance                             | —    | 13975 | —    | pF    | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$<br>$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$<br>$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ , See Fig.7<br>$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to $32\text{V}^{\text{⑦}}$<br>See Fig.11<br>$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to $32\text{V}^{\text{⑥}}$ |
| $C_{oss}$                   | Output Capacitance                            | —    | 2140  | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $C_{rss}$                   | Reverse Transfer Capacitance                  | —    | 1438  | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) | —    | 2620  | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$ | Output Capacitance (Time Related)             | —    | 3306  | —    |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

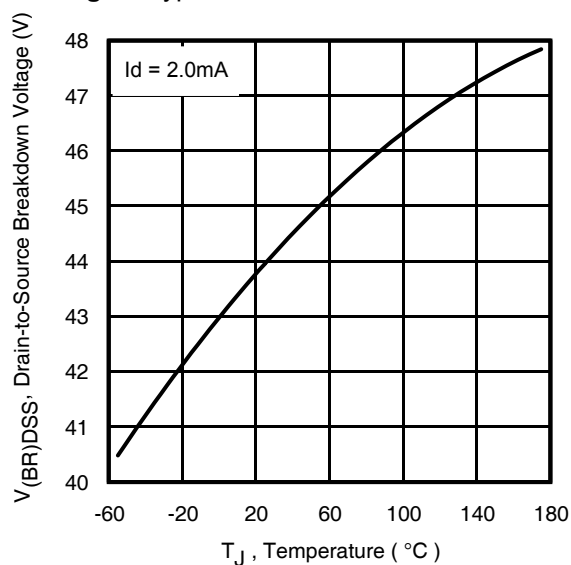
**Diode Characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                               | Min. | Typ. | Max.  | Units | Conditions                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I <sub>S</sub>   | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)① | —    | —    | 522①  | A     | MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.                |
| I <sub>SM</sub>  | Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①    | —    | —    | 1200* |       |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| V <sub>SD</sub>  | Diode Forward Voltage                   | —    | 0.8  | 1.2   | V     | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = 100A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V ⑤                                                                                              |
| dv/dt            | Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt④              | —    | 1.6  | —     | V/ns  | T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C, I <sub>S</sub> = 100A, V <sub>DS</sub> = 40V⑤                                                                                             |
| t <sub>rr</sub>  | Reverse Recovery Time                   | —    | 50   | —     | ns    | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C V <sub>DD</sub> = 34V<br>T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C I <sub>F</sub> = 100A,<br>T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C di/dt = 100A/μs ⑤<br>T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C |
|                  |                                         | —    | 58   | —     |       |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Q <sub>rr</sub>  | Reverse Recovery Charge                 | —    | 59   | —     | nC    |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |                                         | —    | 72   | —     |       |                                                                                                                                                                   |
| I <sub>RRM</sub> | Reverse Recovery Current                | —    | 2.2  | —     | A     | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C                                                                                                                                             |

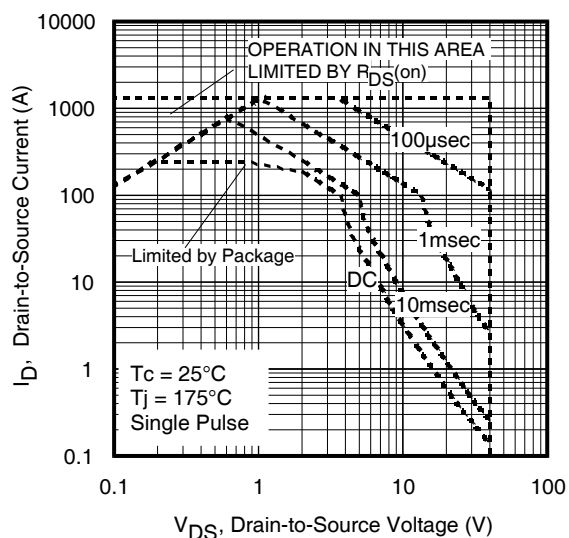

**Fig 3. Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**Fig 6. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature**

**Fig 7. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage**

**Fig 8. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage**



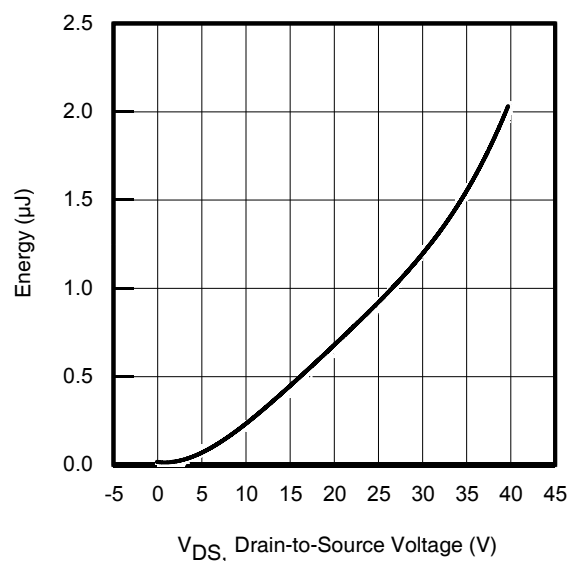
**Fig 9.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



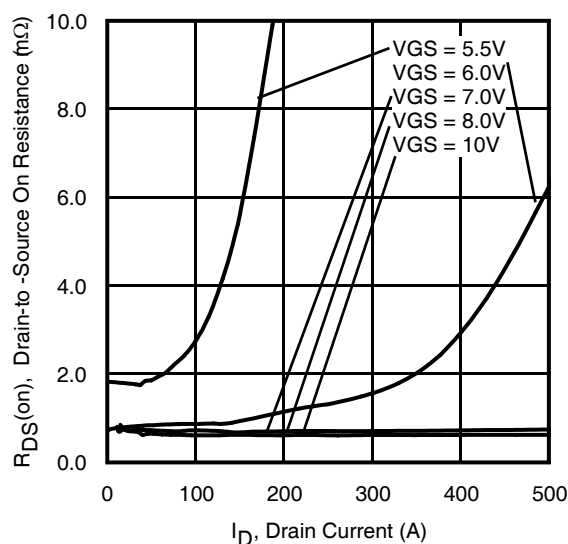
**Fig 11.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage



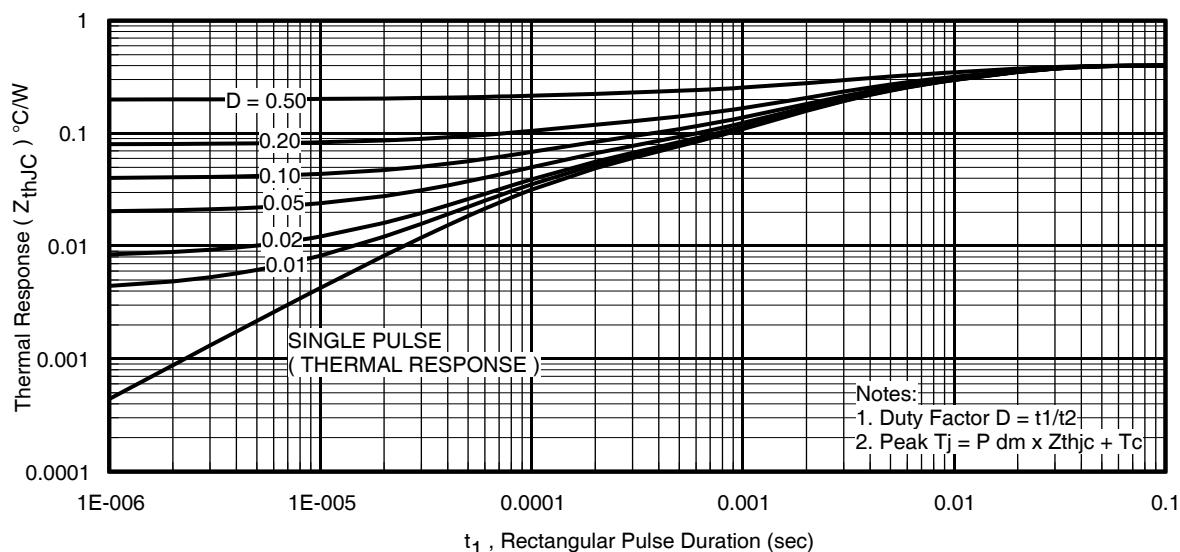
**Fig 10.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



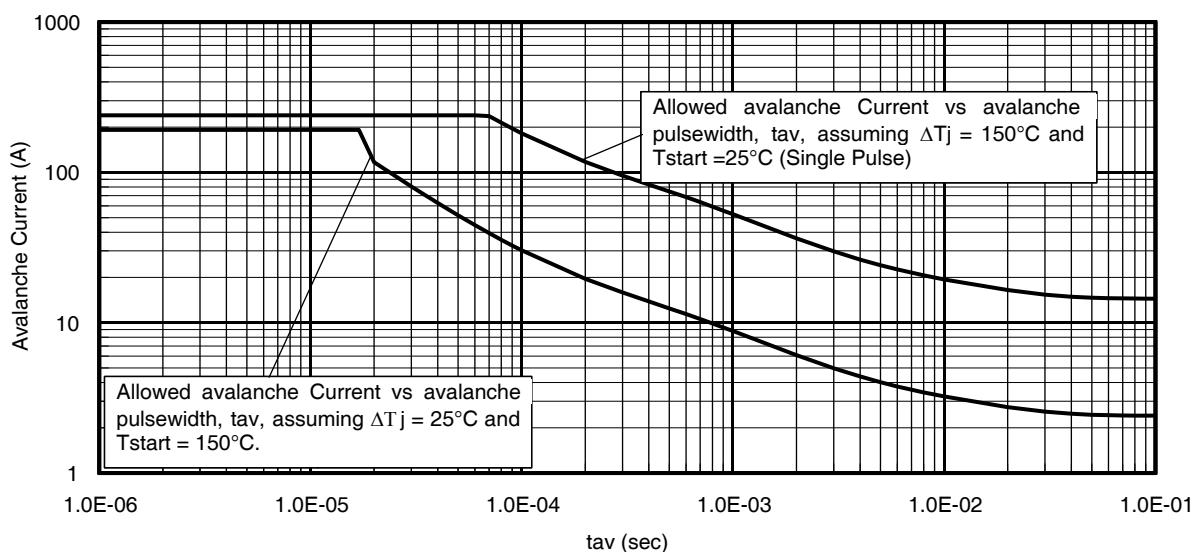
**Fig 12.** Typical  $C_{oss}$  Stored Energy



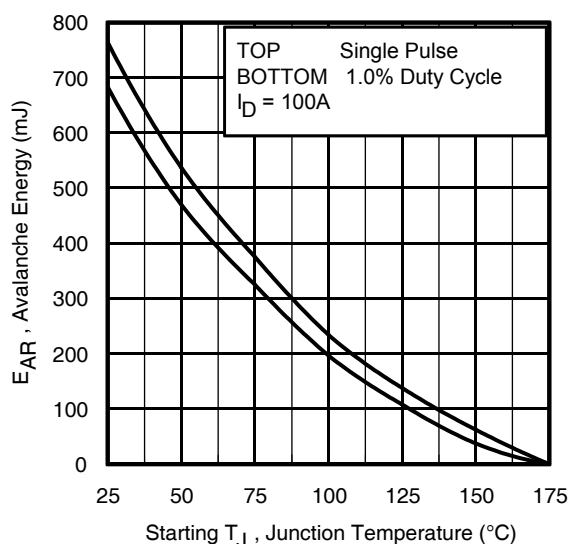
**Fig 13.** Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



**Fig 14.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



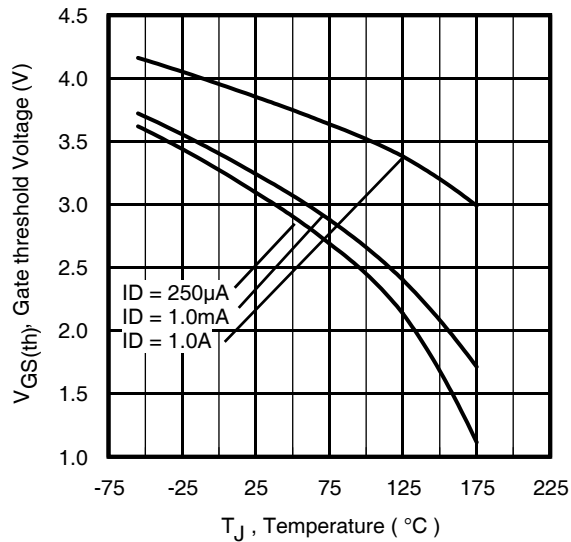
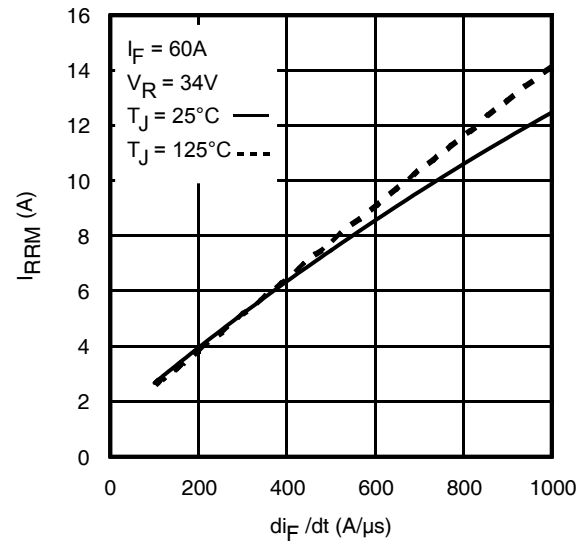
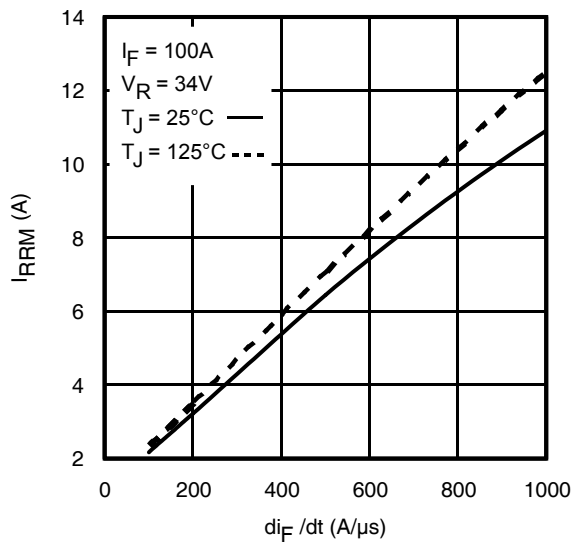
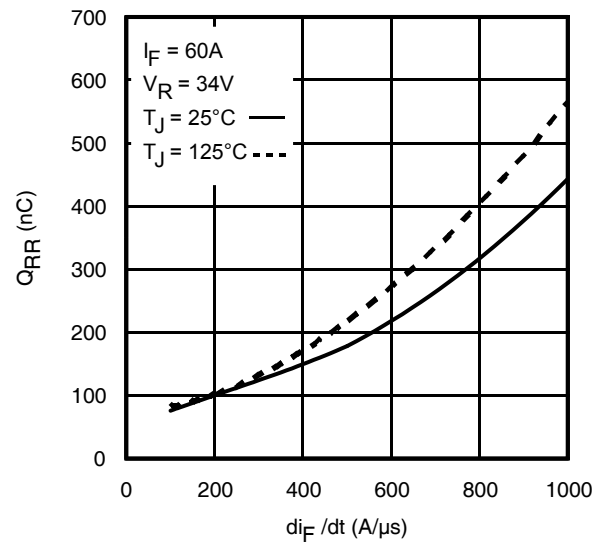
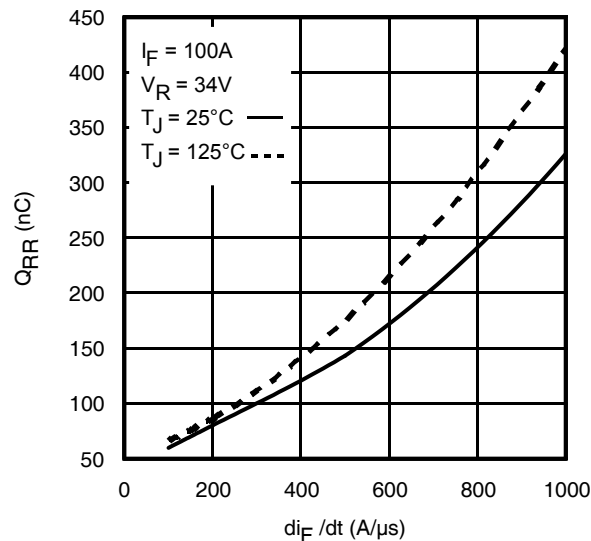
**Fig 15.** Avalanche Current vs. Pulse width

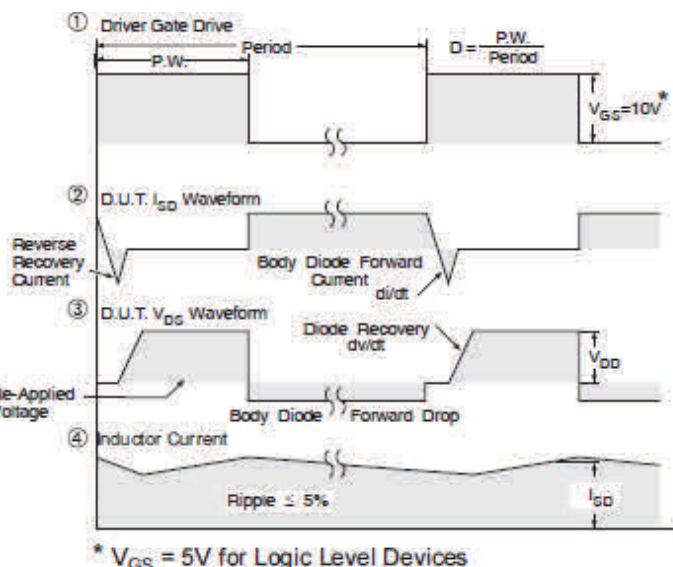
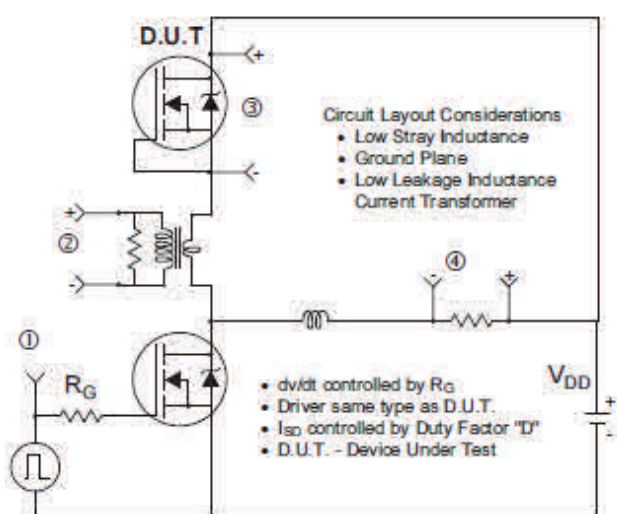


**Fig 16.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

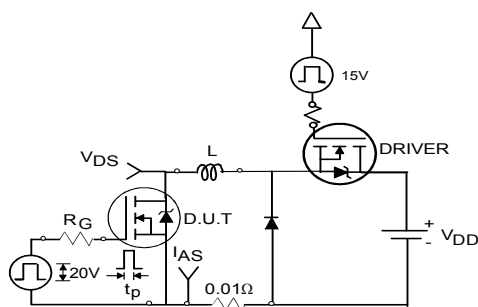
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:**  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 23a, 23b.
4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)  
 $P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$   
 $I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$   
 $E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$

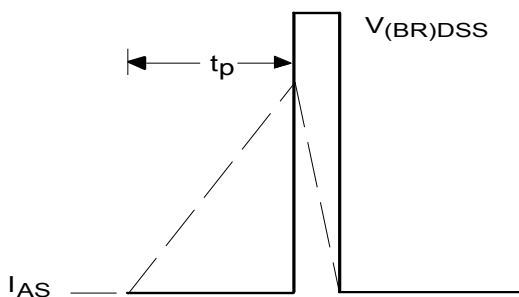

**Fig 17.** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

**Fig 18.** Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$ 

**Fig 19.** Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$ 

**Fig 20.** Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$ 

**Fig 21.** Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$



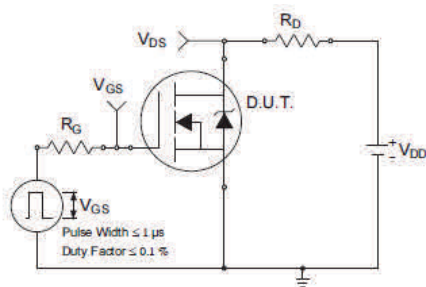
**Fig 22.** Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



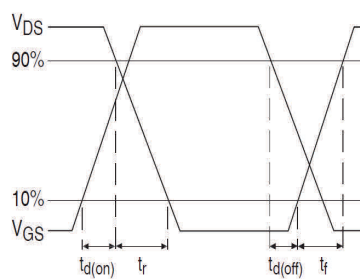
**Fig 23a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



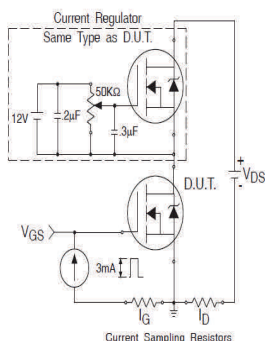
**Fig 23b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



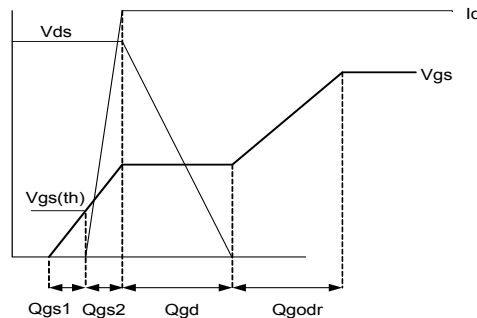
**Fig 24a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 24b.** Switching Time Waveforms

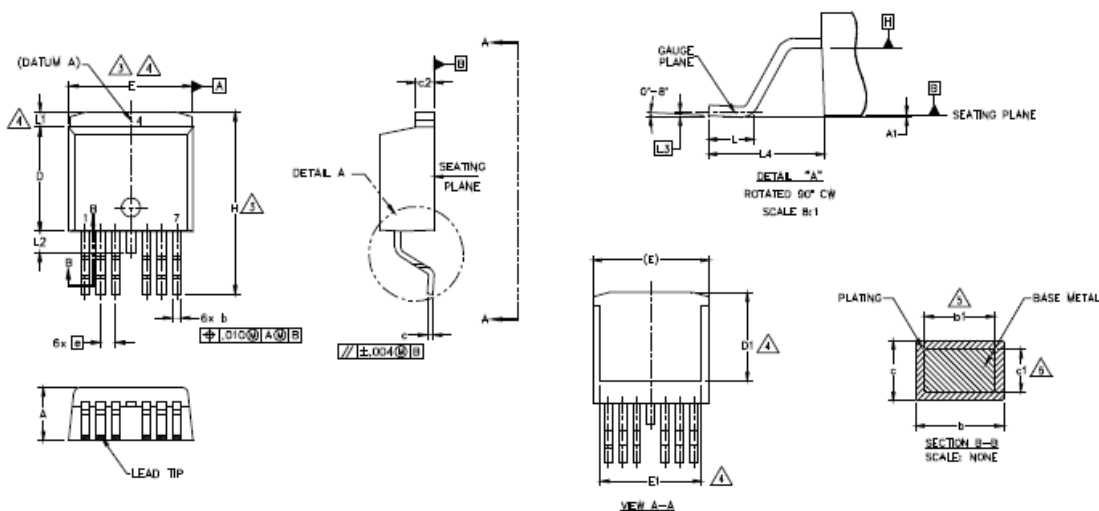


**Fig 25a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



**Fig 25b.** Gate Charge Waveform

# D<sup>2</sup>Pak-7Pin Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



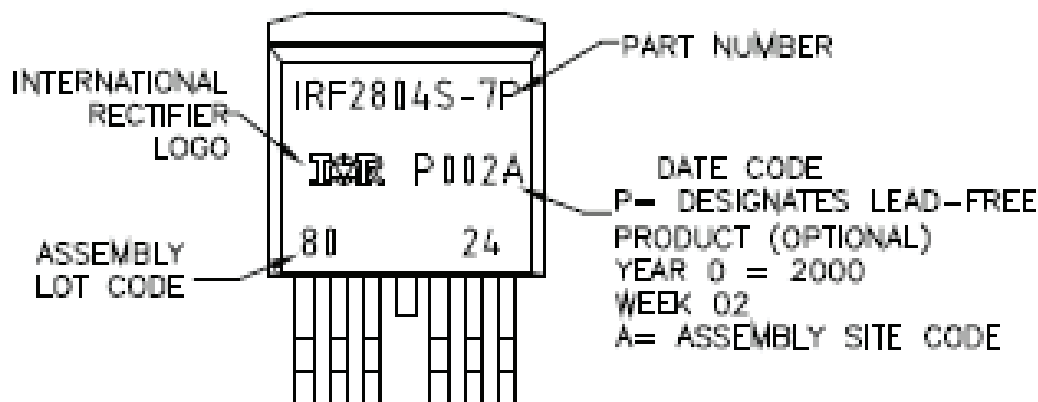
| SYMBOL | DIMENSIONS  |       |          |      | NOTES |
|--------|-------------|-------|----------|------|-------|
|        | MILLIMETERS |       | INCHES   |      |       |
|        | MIN.        | MAX.  | MIN.     | MAX. |       |
| A      | 4.06        | 4.83  | .160     | .190 | 5     |
| A1     | —           | 0.254 | —        | .010 |       |
| b      | 0.51        | 0.99  | .020     | .036 |       |
| b1     | 0.51        | 0.89  | .020     | .032 |       |
| c      | 0.38        | 0.74  | .015     | .029 | 5     |
| c1     | 0.38        | 0.58  | .015     | .023 |       |
| c2     | 1.14        | 1.65  | .045     | .065 |       |
| D      | 8.38        | 9.65  | .330     | .380 | 3     |
| D1     | 6.86        | —     | .270     | —    | 4     |
| E      | 9.65        | 10.67 | .380     | .420 | 3,4   |
| E1     | 6.22        | —     | .245     | —    | 4     |
| e      | 1.27 BSC    |       | .050 BSC |      | 4     |
| H      | 14.61       | 15.88 | .575     | .625 |       |
| L      | 1.78        | 2.79  | .070     | .110 |       |
| L1     | —           | 1.68  | —        | .066 |       |
| L2     | —           | 1.78  | —        | .070 |       |
| L3     | 0.25 BSC    |       | .010 BSC |      |       |
| L4     | 4.78        | 5.28  | .188     | .208 |       |

## NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES]
- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
- DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263CB.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak-7Pin Part Marking Information



## D2Pak-7Pin Tape and Reel

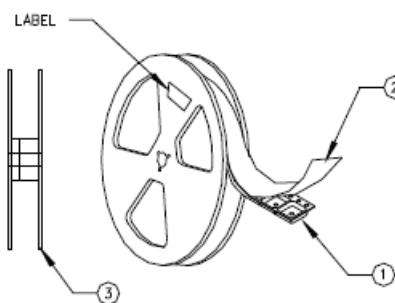
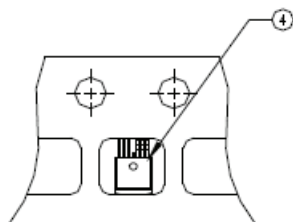
### NOTES, TAPE & REEL, LABELLING:

#### 1. TAPE AND REEL

- 1.1 REEL SIZE 13 INCH DIAMETER.
- 1.2 EACH REEL CONTAINING 800 DEVICES.
- 1.3 THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 42 SEALED POCKETS CONTAINED IN THE LEADER AND A MINIMUM OF 15 SEALED POCKETS IN THE TRAILER.
- 1.4 REEL STRENGTH MUST CONFORM TO THE SPEC. NO. 71-9667.
- 1.5 PART ORIENTATION SHALL BE AS SHOWN BELOW.
- 1.6 REEL MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF TWO UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS. REWORKED REELS MAY CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF THREE UNIQUE LOT CODE/DATE CODE COMBINATIONS. HOWEVER, THE LOT CODES AND DATE CODES WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE QUANTITIES SHALL APPEAR ON THE BAR CODE LABEL FOR THE AFFECTED REEL.

#### 2. LABELLING (REEL AND SHIPPING BAG).

- 2.1 CUST. PART NUMBER (BAR CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
- 2.2 CUST. PART NUMBER (TEXT CODE): IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
- 2.3 I.R. PART NUMBER: IRFXXXXSTRL-7P
- 2.4 QUANTITY:
- 2.5 VENDOR CODE: IR
- 2.6 LOT CODE:
- 2.7 DATE CODE:



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

**Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>**

|                                   |                                                 |      |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------|
| <b>Qualification Level</b>        | Industrial<br>(per JEDEC JESD47F) <sup>††</sup> |      |
| <b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b> | D <sup>2</sup> Pak-7Pin                         | MSL1 |
| <b>RoHS Compliant</b>             | Yes                                             |      |

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/>

†† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

**Revision History**

| Date      | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 11/6/2014 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated <math>E_{AS} (L = 1mH) = 1454mJ</math> on page 2</li> <li>Updated note 9 "Limited by <math>T_{Jmax}</math>, starting <math>T_J = 25^{\circ}C</math>, <math>L = 1mH</math>, <math>R_G = 50\Omega</math>, <math>I_{AS} = 54A</math>, <math>V_{GS} = 10V</math>". on page 2</li> </ul> |

International  
 Rectifier

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To contact International Rectifier, please visit <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/>