TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74AC393FN

#### **Dual Binary Counter**

The TC74AC393 is an advanced high speed CMOS 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER fabricated with silicon gate and double-layer metal wiring C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology.

It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent Bipolar Schottky TTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It contains two independent counter circuits in one package, so that counting or frequency division of eight binary bits can be achieved with one IC.

This device changes state on the negative going transition of the  $\overline{\text{CLOCK}}$  pulse. The counter can be reset to "0" (QA to QD = "L") by a high at the CLEAR input regardless of other inputs.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

# Note: xxxFN (JEDEC SOP) is not available in Japan. TC74AC393FN SOL14-P-150-1,27

Weight SOL14-P-150-1.27

: 0.12 g (typ.)

#### **Features**

- High speed:  $f_{max} = 180 \text{ MHz}$  (typ.) at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$
- Low power dissipation: ICC = 8 μA (max) at Ta = 25°C
- High noise immunity: V<sub>NIH</sub> = V<sub>NIL</sub> = 28% V<sub>CC</sub> (min)
- Symmetrical output impedance: |IOH| = IOL = 24 mA (min)

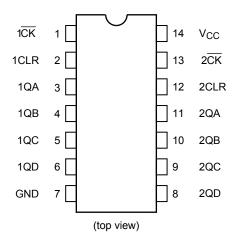
Capability of driving  $50 \Omega$  transmission lines.

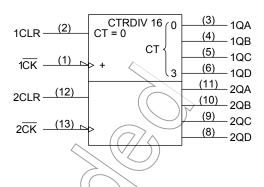
- Balanced propagation delays: tpLH \(\perp\) tpHL\(\lambda\)
- Wide operating voltage range: VCC (opr) = 2 to 5.5 V
- Pin and function compatible with 74F393



# **Pin Assignment**

# **IEC Logic Symbol**



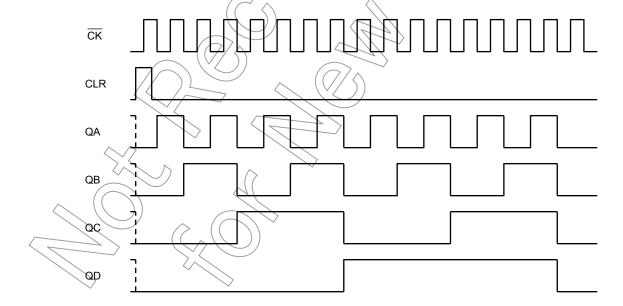


**Truth Table** 

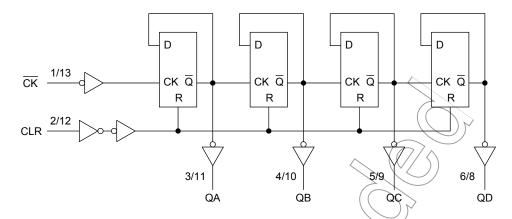
| Inp    | uts | Outputs   |    |       |   |  |  |  |
|--------|-----|-----------|----|-------|---|--|--|--|
| CK     | CLR | QA        | QB | QB QC |   |  |  |  |
| Х      | Н   | L         | L  | L     | L |  |  |  |
| $\Box$ | L   | Count Up  |    |       |   |  |  |  |
|        | L   | No Change |    |       |   |  |  |  |

X: Don't care

# **Timing Chart**



#### **System Diagram**



#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)**

|                                    |                  |                               | ( ' /         |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Characteristics                    | Symbol           | Rating                        | Unit          |
| Supply voltage range               | V <sub>CC</sub>  | -0.5 to 7.0                   | (A)           |
| DC input voltage                   | V <sub>IN</sub>  | +0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | K             |
| DC output voltage                  | V <sub>OUT</sub> | -0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | $\bigcap_{V}$ |
| Input diode current                | lik              | ±20                           | /mA           |
| Output diode current               | I <sub>OK</sub>  | ±50                           | mA            |
| DC output current                  | I <sub>OUT</sub> | ±50                           | mA            |
| DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current | Icc              | ±200                          | mA            |
| Power dissipation                  | PD               | 180                           | mW            |
| Storage temperature                | T <sub>stg</sub> | -65 to 150                    | °C            |

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/Derating Concept and Methods) and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

# **Operating Ranges (Note)**

| Characteristics          | Symbol           | Rating                                     | Unit   |  |
|--------------------------|------------------|--|--------|--|
| Supply voltage           | Vcc              | 2.0 to 5.5                                 | V      |  |
| Input voltage            | V <sub>IN</sub>  | 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>                       | V      |  |
| Output voltage           | V <sub>OUT</sub> | 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>                       | ٧      |  |
| Operating temperature    | T <sub>opr</sub> | -40 to 85                                  | °C     |  |
| Input rise and fall time | dt/dV            | 0 to 100 ( $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 ± 0.3 V)         | ns/V   |  |
| Input rise and fall time | avav             | 0 to 20 ( $V_{CC} = 5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ ) | 115/ V |  |

Note: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

#### **DC Characteristics**

| Characteristics          | Symbol          | Test Condition   |                                  |       | Ta = 25°C |                |      | Ta =<br>−40 to 85°C |               | Unit  |  |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|-------|-----------|----------------|------|---------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| - Simbol                 |                 |  |                                  |       | Min       | Тур.           | Max  | Min                 | Max           | Offic |  |
|                          |                 | _  |                                  | 2.0   | 1.50      | _ <            | //   | 1.50                | -             |       |  |
| High-level input voltage | $V_{IH}$        |  |                                  | 3.0   | 2.10      | _              |      | 2.10                | _             | V     |  |
|                          |                 |  |                                  | 5.5   | 3.85      | _              |      | 3.85                |               |       |  |
|                          |                 |  |                                  | 2.0   | > I       | <del>(</del> 0 | 0.50 | _                   | 0.50          |       |  |
| Low-level input voltage  | $V_{IL}$        |  | _                                |       | _<        | 7              | 0.90 | _                   | 0.90          | V     |  |
| Ü                        |                 |  |                                  | 5.5   | -(        | \<br>\<br>\    | 1.65 | _                   | 1.65          |       |  |
|                          | Vон             | V <sub>IN</sub><br>= V <sub>IH</sub> or<br>V <sub>IL</sub> |                                  | 2.0   | 1.9       | 2.0            | _    | 1.9                 | _             |       |  |
|                          |                 |  | $I_{OH} = -50 \mu A$             | 3.0   | 2.9       | 3.0            | _    | 2.9                 | _             |       |  |
| High-level output        |                 |  |                                  | 4.5   | 4.4       | 4.5            |      | 4.4                 | $\rightarrow$ | V     |  |
| voltage                  |                 |  | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$         | (3.0) | 2.58      | _              | -6   | 2.48                | > -           |       |  |
|                          |                 |  | I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA         | 4.5   | 3.94      | -<>            | 7    | 3.80                | ) —           |       |  |
|                          |                 |  | $I_{OH} = -75 \text{ mA}$ (Note) | 5.5   | _         | _              |      | 3.85                |               |       |  |
|                          | V <sub>OL</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub><br>= V <sub>IH</sub> or<br>V <sub>IL</sub> |                                  | 2.0   | _         | 0.0            | 0.1  | > _                 | 0.1           |       |  |
|                          |                 |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA          | 3.0   | _         | 0.0            | 0,1  | _                   | 0.1           |       |  |
| Low-level output         |                 |  |                                  | 4.5   | - (       | (0.0)          | 0.1  | _                   | 0.1           | V     |  |
| voltage                  |                 |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA          | 3.0   |           |                | 0.36 | _                   | 0.44          |       |  |
|                          |                 |  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA          | 4.5   | -         | \_             | 0.36 | _                   | 0.44          |       |  |
|                          |                 |  | $I_{OL} = 75 \text{ mA}$ (Note)  | 5.5   | \_        | ) )—           | _    | _                   | 1.65          |       |  |
| Input leakage current    | I <sub>IN</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND                   |                                  | 5.5   |           | _              | ±0.1 | _                   | ±1.0          | μΑ    |  |
| Quiescent supply current | Icc             | VIN VCC OF GND   |                                  | 5.5   | _         | _              | 8.0  | _                   | 80.0          | μΑ    |  |

Note: This spec indicates the capability of driving 50  $\Omega$  transmission lines.

One output should be tested at a time for a 10 ms maximum duration.

Timing Requirements (input:  $t_r = t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$ )

| Characteristics             | Symbol             |           | Test Condition |                     | Ta =<br>25°C | Ta =<br>-40 to<br>85°C | Unit |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|------|
|                             |                    |           |                | V <sub>CC</sub> (V) | Limit        | Limit                  |      |
| Minimum pulse width         | t <sub>w (H)</sub> |           |                | $3.3 \pm 0.3$       | 7.0          | 7.0                    | no   |
| (CK)                        | tw (L)             | $\supset$ | _              | $5.0 \pm 0.5$       | 5.0          | 5.0                    | ns   |
| Minimum pulse width         |                    |           |                | $3.3 \pm 0.3$       | 7.0          | 7.0                    | ns   |
| (CLR)                       | tw(H)              |           | _              | $5.0 \pm 0.5$       | 5.0          | 5.0                    | 110  |
| Minimum removal time        | •                  |           |                | $3.3 \pm 0.3$       | 6.0          | 6.0                    | 20   |
| wiiiiiiiuiii reiiiovai time | <sup>t</sup> rem   |           | _              | $5.0 \pm 0.5$       | 3.0          | 3.0                    | ns   |

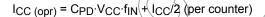
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AC Characteristics (C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R<sub>L</sub> = 500  $\Omega$ , input:  $t_r$  =  $t_f$  = 3 ns)

| Characteristics                 | Symbol           | Test Condition |                                | Ta = 25°C                              |            |      | Ta =<br>-40 to 85°C |      | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|------------|------|---------------------|------|------|
|                                 |                  |                | V <sub>CC</sub> (V)            | Min                                    | Тур.       | Max  | Min                 | Max  |      |
| Propagation delay time          | t <sub>pLH</sub> |                | $3.3 \pm 0.3$                  | _                                      | 8.0        | 13.2 | 1.0                 | 15.0 | ns   |
| ( $\overline{\text{CK}}$ - QA ) | t <sub>pHL</sub> |                | $5.0 \pm 0.5$                  | _                                      | 5.0        | 8.3  | 1.0                 | 9.5  |      |
| Propagation delay time          | t <sub>pLH</sub> | _              | 3.3 ± 0.3                      | _                                      | 10.1       | 16.7 | 1.0                 | 19.0 | ns   |
| ( $\overline{\text{CK}}$ - QB ) | t <sub>pHL</sub> |                | $5.0 \pm 0.5$                  | _                                      | 5.9        | 10.5 | / 1.0               | 12.0 |      |
| Propagation delay time          | t <sub>pLH</sub> | _              | 3.3 ± 0.3                      | _                                      | 12.0       | 20.2 | 1.0                 | 23.0 | ns   |
| ( <del>CK</del> -QC)            | t <sub>pHL</sub> |                | $5.0 \pm 0.5$                  | -((                                    | 6.8        | 12.3 | 1.0                 | 14.0 |      |
| Propagation delay time          | t <sub>pLH</sub> | _              | $3.3 \pm 0.3$                  |  | 13.0       | 23.0 | 1.0                 | 26.0 | ns   |
| ( <del>CK</del> -QD)            | t <sub>pHL</sub> |                | 5.0 ± 0.5                      | 1(- )                                  | 7.5        | 13.2 | 1.0                 | 15.0 |      |
| Propagation delay time          | t <sub>pHL</sub> | _              | 3.3 ± 0.3                      | >\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 8.0        | 13.2 | 1.0                 | 15.0 | ns   |
| (CLR-Q <sub>n</sub> )           |                  |                | 5.0 ± 0.5                      | <i>J</i>                               | 5.1        | 8.8  | (1/9)               | 10.0 |      |
| Maximum clock frequency         | f <sub>max</sub> | - (            | $3.3 \pm 0.3$<br>$5.0 \pm 0.5$ | 65<br>100                              | 125<br>160 | 7    | 65<br>100           | _    | MHz  |
| Input capacitance               | C <sub>IN</sub>  |                | 3.0 2 0.3                      |  | 5          | 10   | _                   | 10   | pF   |
| Power dissipation capacitance   | C <sub>PD</sub>  |                | (Note)                         |  | 36         | ) –  |                     |      | pF   |

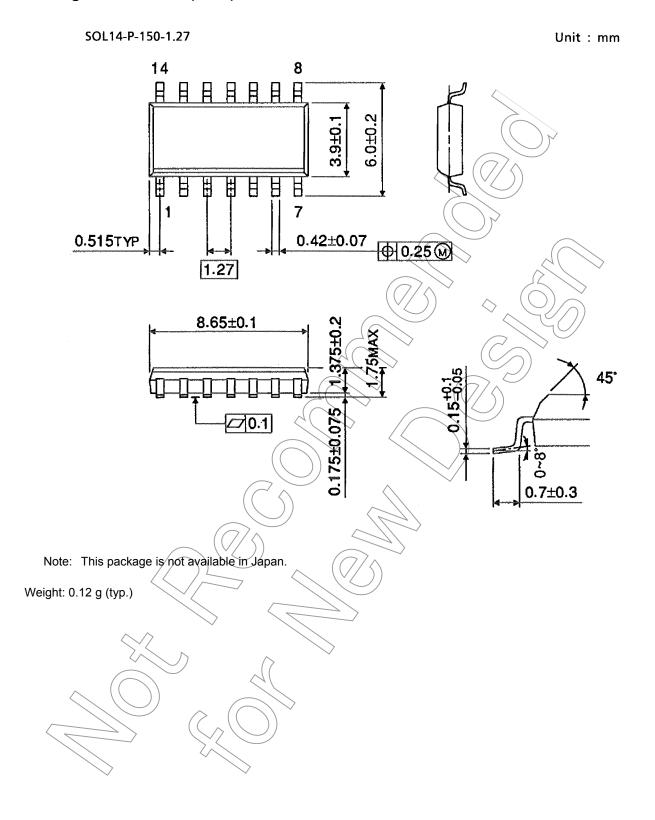
Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:





# **Package Dimensions (Note)**



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