

## 2a2b/3a1b/4a 4A polarized power relays

## **S RELAYS**



**RoHS** compliant

Protective construction: Sealed type

#### **FEATURES**

1. Compact with high sensitivity
The high-efficiency polarized
electromagnetic circuits of the 4-gap
balanced armature and our exclusive
spring alignment method achieves,
with high-sensitivity in a small
package, a relay that can be directly
controlled by a driver chip.

### 2. Strong resistance to vibration and shock

Use of 4G-BA technology realizes strong resistance to vibration and

- 3. High reliability and long life
  Our application of 4G-BA technology,
  along with almost perfectly complete
  twin contact, ensures minimal contact
  bounce and high reliability.
- 4. Ability to provide wide-ranging control

Use of 4G-BA technology with gold-clad silver alloy contacts in a twin contact structure enables control across a broad range from microcurrents of 100  $\mu$ A 100 mV DC to 4 A 250 V AC.

- 5. Latching types available With 4G-BA technology, as well as single side stable types, convenient 2 coil latching types for circuit memory applications are also available.
- 6. Wide variety of contact formations available

The compact size of the 4G-BA mechanism enables the provision of many kinds of package, including 2a2b, 3a1b, and 4a. These meet your needs across a broad range of applications.

#### 7. Low thermal electromotive force

High sensitivity (low power consumption) is realized by 4G-BA technology. Separation of the coil and spring sections has resulted in a relay with extremely low levels of thermal electromotive force (approx.  $3\,\mu\text{V}$ ).

#### 8. DIL terminal array

Deployed to fit a 2.54 mm .100 inch grid, the terminals are presented in DIL arrays which match the printed circuit board terminal patterns commonly in international use.

## Relays that push the boundaries of relay efficiency

High-density S relays take you close to the limits of relay efficiency.

10. Sockets are available.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Telecommunications equipment, data processing equipment, facsimiles, alarm equipment, measuring equipment.

#### 4-GAP BALANCED ARMATURE MECHANISM

## Armature mechanism has excellent resistance to vibration and shock

The armature structure enables free rotation around the armature center of gravity. Because the mass is maintained in balance at the fulcrum of the axis of rotation, large rotational forces do not occur even if acceleration is applied along any vector. The mechanism has proven to have excellent resistance to vibration and shock. All our S relays are based on this balanced armature mechanism, which is able to further provide many other characteristics.

## 2. High sensitivity and reliability provided by 4-gap balanced armature mechanism

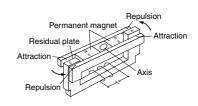
As a (polarized) balanced armature, the S relay armature itself has two permanent magnets. Presenting four interfaces, the armature has a 4-gap structure. As a result, the rotational axis at either end of the armature is symmetrical and, in an energized into a polarized state, the twin magnetic armature interfaces are subject to repulsion on one side and attraction on the other. This mechanism, exclusive to

-1-

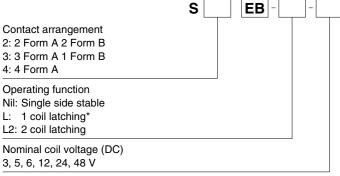
Panasonic Corporation, provides a highly efficient polarized magnetic circuit structure that is both highly sensitive and has a small form factor. Moreover, suitability for provision with many types of contact array and other advantages promise to make it possible to provide many of the various characteristics that are coming to be demanded of relays.

### HOW IT WORKS (single side stable type)

- 1) When current is passed through the coil, the yoke becomes magnetic and polarized.
- 2) At either pole of the armature, repulsion on one side and attraction on the other side is caused by the interaction of the poles and the permanent magnets of the armature.
- 3) At this time, opening and closing operates owing to the action of the simultaneously moulded balanced armature mechanism, so that when the force of the contact breaker spring closes the contact on one side, on the other side, the balanced armature opens the contact (2a2b).



#### ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: \*1 coil latching type are manufactured by lot upon receipt of order.

#### **TYPES**

| Contact arrangement   | Naminal asil valtage | Single side stable | 2 coil latching |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       | Nominal coil voltage | Part No.           | Part No.        |
|                       | 3V DC                | S2EB-3V            | S2EB-L2-3V      |
|                       | 5V DC                | S2EB-5V            | S2EB-L2-5V      |
| 2 Form A 2 Form B     | 6V DC                | S2EB-6V            | S2EB-L2-6V      |
| 2 F01111 A 2 F01111 B | 12V DC               | S2EB-12V           | S2EB-L2-12V     |
|                       | 24V DC               | S2EB-24V           | S2EB-L2-24V     |
|                       | 48V DC               | S2EB-48V           | S2EB-L2-48V     |
|                       | 3V DC                | S3EB-3V            | S3EB-L2-3V      |
|                       | 5V DC                | S3EB-5V            | S3EB-L2-5V      |
| 3 Form A 1 Form B     | 6V DC                | S3EB-6V            | S3EB-L2-6V      |
| 3 FOITH A 1 FOITH B   | 12V DC               | S3EB-12V           | S3EB-L2-12V     |
|                       | 24V DC               | S3EB-24V           | S3EB-L2-24V     |
|                       | 48V DC               | S3EB-48V           | S3EB-L2-48V     |
|                       | 3V DC                | S4EB-3V            | S4EB-L2-3V      |
| 4 Form A              | 5V DC                | S4EB-5V            | S4EB-L2-5V      |
|                       | 6V DC                | S4EB-6V            | S4EB-L2-6V      |
|                       | 12V DC               | S4EB-12V           | S4EB-L2-12V     |
|                       | 24V DC               | S4EB-24V           | S4EB-L2-24V     |
|                       | 48V DC               | S4EB-48V           | S4EB-L2-48V     |

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

#### **RATING**

#### 1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

| Туре       | Nominal coil voltage | Pick-up voltage<br>(at 20°C 68°F)               | Drop-out voltage<br>(at 20°C 68°F)              | Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) | Coil resistance<br>[±10%]<br>(at 20°C 68°F) | Nominal operating power | Max. applied voltage (at 40°C 104°F) |
|------------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|            | 3V DC                |   | 10%V or more of<br>nominal voltage<br>(Initial) | 66.7mA  | $45\Omega$                                  | 200mW                   | 5.5V DC                              |
| Standard - | 5V DC                | 70%V or less of<br>nominal voltage<br>(Initial) |   | 38.5mA  | 130Ω  | 192mW                   | 9.0V DC                              |
|            | 6V DC                |   |   | 33.3mA  | 180Ω  | 200mW                   | 11.0V DC                             |
|            | 12V DC               |   |   | 16.7mA  | 720Ω  | 200mW                   | 22.0V DC                             |
|            | 24V DC               |   |   | 8.4mA   | $2,850\Omega$                               | 202mW                   | 44.0V DC                             |
|            | 48V DC               |   |   | 5.6mA   | $8,500\Omega$                               | 271mW                   | 75.0V DC                             |

<sup>\*</sup> Sockets available.

ASCTB207E 201701-T

#### 2) 2 coil latching

| Туре                                      | Nominal coil Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F) |                 | Reset voltage<br>(at 20°C 68°F)                           | Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) |            | Coil resistance [±10%]<br>(at 20°C 68°F) |            | Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F) |            | Max. applied voltage |
|---|---|-----------------|---|---|------------|--|------------|--|------------|----------------------|
|   |   |                 |   | Set coil  | Reset coil | Set coil                                 | Reset coil | Set coil                               | Reset coil | (at 40°C 104°F)      |
| -   | 3V DC                                   | _               |   | 66.7mA  | 66.7mA     | 45Ω                                      | 45Ω        | 200mW                                  | 200mW      | 5.5V DC              |
| Standard 5V DC 6V DC 12V DC 24V DC 48V DC | 5V DC                                   |                 |   | 38.5mA  | 38.5mA     | 130Ω                                     | 130Ω       | 192mW                                  | 192mW      | 9.0V DC              |
|   | 70%V or less of                         | 70%V or less of | 33.7mA  | 33.7mA  | 180Ω       | 180Ω                                     | 200mW      | 200mW                                  | 11.0V DC   |                      |
|   | 12V DC                                  |                 | nominal voltage   nominal voltage   (Initial)   (Initial) | 16.7mA  | 16.7mA     | 720Ω                                     | 720Ω       | 200mW                                  | 200mW      | 22.0V DC             |
|   | 24V DC                                  | ()              |   | 8.4mA   | 8.4mA      | 2,850Ω                                   | 2,850Ω     | 202mW                                  | 202mW      | 44.0V DC             |
|   | 48V DC                                  |                 |   | 7.4mA   | 7.4mA      | 6,500Ω                                   | 6,500Ω     | 355mW                                  | 355mW      | 65.0V DC             |

#### 2. Specifications

| Characteristics | Item  |                                    | Specifications   |  |  |  |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                 | Arrangement   |                                    | 2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B, 4 Form A   |  |  |  |
|                 | Contact resistance (Initial)  |                                    | Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)   |  |  |  |
| Contact         | Electrostatic capacita  | ance (initial)                     | Approx. 3pF  |  |  |  |
| Contact         | Contact material  |                                    | Au clad Ag alloy (Cd free)   |  |  |  |
|                 | Thermal electromotiv (initial)  | re force (at nominal coil voltage) | Approx. 3μV  |  |  |  |
|                 | Nominal switching ca  | pacity (resistive load)            | 4 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V DC  |  |  |  |
|                 | Max. switching powe   | r (resistive load)                 | 1,000 VA, 90 W   |  |  |  |
| Rating          | Max. switching voltage  | je                                 | 250 V AC, 48 V DC (30 to 48 V DC at less than 0.5 A)   |  |  |  |
|                 | Max. switching current  |                                    | 4 A (AC), 3 A (DC)   |  |  |  |
|                 | Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1   |                                    | 100μA 100 m V DC   |  |  |  |
|                 | Insulation resistance (Initial)   |                                    | Min. 10,000M $\Omega$ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.                              |  |  |  |
|                 | Breakdown voltage<br>(Initial)  | Between open contacts              | 750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)  |  |  |  |
| Electrical      |   | Between contact sets               | 1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)  |  |  |  |
| characteristics |   | Between contact and coil           | 1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)  |  |  |  |
|                 | Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F)  |                                    | Max. 15 ms [15 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)                                |  |  |  |
|                 | Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)  |                                    | Max. 10 ms [15 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)                |  |  |  |
|                 | Ob I i-t  | Functional                         | Min. 490 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)   |  |  |  |
| Mechanical      | Shock resistance  | Destructive                        | Min. 980 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)  |  |  |  |
| characteristics | \( \( \) \( | Functional                         | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10µs.)  |  |  |  |
|                 | Vibration resistance Destructive  |                                    | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 4 mm  |  |  |  |
| Expected life   | Mechanical  |                                    | Min. 108 (at 50 cps)   |  |  |  |
| Conditions      | Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2   |                                    | Ambient temperature: -55°C to +65°C -67°F to +149°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) |  |  |  |
| Unit weight     |   |                                    | Approx. 8 g .28 oz   |  |  |  |

Notes: \*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load

#### 3. Electrical life

Condition: Resistive load, at 20 times/min.

| Types  | Switching capacity | No. of operations |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| 2 Form A 2Form B. 3 Form A 1 Form B. 4 Form A      | 4A 250 V DC        | Min. 1×10⁵        |
| 2 FOITH A 2FOITH B, 3 FOITH A 1 FOITH B, 4 FOITH A | 3A 30V DC          | Min. 2×10⁵        |

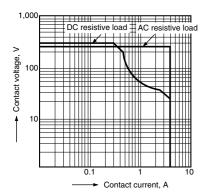
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actual load.

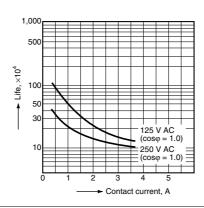
\*2. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

#### REFERENCE DATA

#### 1. Maximum switching power

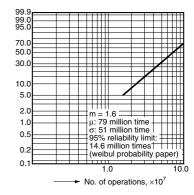


2. Life curve

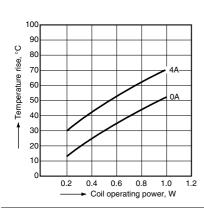


3. Contact reliability Condition: 1V DC, 1mA Detection level 10  $\Omega$ 

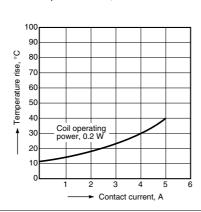
Tasted Sample: S4EB-24V, 10pcs



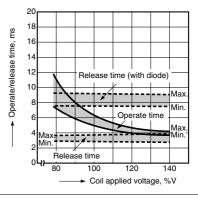
4.-(1) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 4 Form A



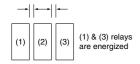
4.-(2) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 4 Form A



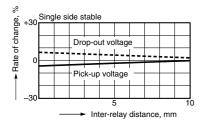
5. Operate and release time (Single side stable type) Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 10pcs

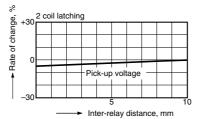


#### 6. Influence of adjacent mounting

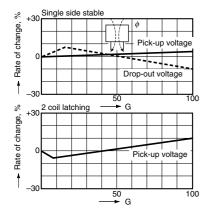


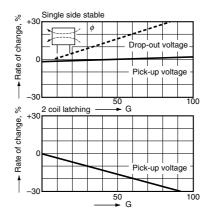
Note: When installing an S-relay near another, and there is no effect from an external magnetic field, be sure to leave at least 10 mm .394 inch between relays in order to achieve the performance listed in the catalog.





#### 7. Effect from an external magnetic field



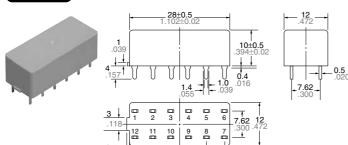


#### **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

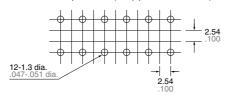
#### CAD Data

#### External dimensions



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

#### Schematic (Bottom view)

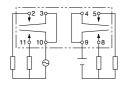
|      | Single side stable (Deenergized position)              | 2 coil latching<br>(Reset condition)            |
|------|--|---|
| 2a2b | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | 1 2 3 4 5 6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + |
| 3a1b | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | 1 2 3 4 5 6<br>1 4 5 6<br>1 1 10 9 8 7          |
| 4a   | 1 2 3 4 5 6<br>+ 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7                                   |

#### **SAFETY STANDARDS**

|          | UL/C-UL (Recognized)      |           | CSA (Certified) |  |  |
|----------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------|--|--|
| File No. | Contact rating            | File No.  | Contact rating  |  |  |
|          | 4A 250V AC                |           | 4A 250V AC      |  |  |
| E43028   | 3A 30V DC                 | LR26550   | 3A 30V DC       |  |  |
| E43026   | 1/20HP 250V AC (FLA0.75A) | - LN20330 | 1/20HP 250V AC  |  |  |
|          | 1/20HP 125V AC (FLA1.5A)  |           | 1/20HP 125V AC  |  |  |

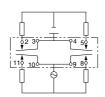
#### **NOTES**

- 1. For cautions for use, please read "GENERAL APPLICATION **GUIDELINES**".
- 2. Based on regulations regarding insulation distance, there is a restriction on same-channel load connections between terminals No. 2, 3 and 4, 5, as well as between No. 8, 9 and 10, 11. See the figure below for an example.



- Between 2, 3 and 4, 5: different channels, therefore not possible
   Between 10, 11 and 8, 9: different channels, therefore not possible

No good



- Between 2, 3 and 4, 5: same channels, therefore possible Between 10, 11 and 8, 9: same channels, therefore possible

Good

3. Please note that when this relay (2 Form A 2 Form B type, 3 Form A 1 Form B type) operates and releases, contacts a and b may go ON at the same time.

# 'anasonic



#### **ACCESSORIES**

32.4±0.6

# S RELAYS PC BOARD SOCKET



**DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

1.2±0.3 .047+ 012

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

CAD Data External dimensions PC board pattern (Copper-side view) 18.3±0.6

Terminal width: 1.3 .051 Terminal thickness: 1.2 .047

Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

**RoHS** compliant

#### **TYPES**

| Product name             | Part No. |
|--------------------------|----------|
| S Relays PC board socket | S-PS     |

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

| Maximum continuous current | 4 A  Note: Don't insert or remove relays while in the energized condition. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Breakdown voltage          | 1,500 Vrms between terminals   |
| Insulation resistance      | More than 100 M $\Omega$ between terminals at 500 V DC Mega                |
| Heat resistance            | 150 ±3°C (302 ±5.4°F) for 1 hour.  |

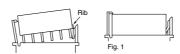
#### **NOTES**

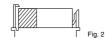
#### Inserting and removing method

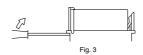
Inserting method: Insert the relay as shown in Fig. 1 unit the rib of the relay snaps into the clip of the socket.

#### Removing method:

- (1) Remove the relay straight from the socket holding the shaded portion of the relay as shown in Fig. 2.
- (2) When sockets are mounted in close proximity, use a slotted screw driver as shown in Fig. 3.







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