

IR Receiver Module

RPM7100 series

RPM7100 series are remote control receiver modules. Small-sized, light-weight, and low current consumption modules have been achieved by using resin mold.

●Applications

All household electric appliances such as TV, DVD, air conditioner and audio equipment.

●Features

- 1) Low current consumption. (0.95mA Typ.)
- 2) High ripple rejection.
- 3) 5 types of holders available for each set.

●RPM7100 series

Sub carrier frequency	Straight type RSIP-A3	L forming RSIP-A3 V4	with holders				
			Horizontal board RSIP-A3 (H13)	Horizontal board RSIP-A3 (H5)	Vertical board RSIP-A3 (H4)	Vertical board RSIP-A3 (H8)	Vertical board RSIP-A3 (H9)
Height to lens	5.5mm	4.8mm	15.0mm	9.6mm	15.9mm	7.2mm	12.0mm
36.0kHz	RPM7136	RPM7136-V4	*RPM7136-H13	RPM7136-H5	RPM7136-H4	RPM7136-H8	RPM7136-H9
36.7kHz	RPM7137	RPM7137-V4	*RPM7137-H13	RPM7137-H5	RPM7137-H4	RPM7137-H8	RPM7137-H9
37.9kHz	RPM7138	RPM7138-V4	*RPM7138-H13	RPM7138-H5	RPM7138-H4	RPM7138-H8	RPM7138-H9
40.0kHz	RPM7140	RPM7140-V4	*RPM7140-H13	RPM7140-H5	RPM7140-H4	RPM7140-H8	RPM7140-H9

*Under development

●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

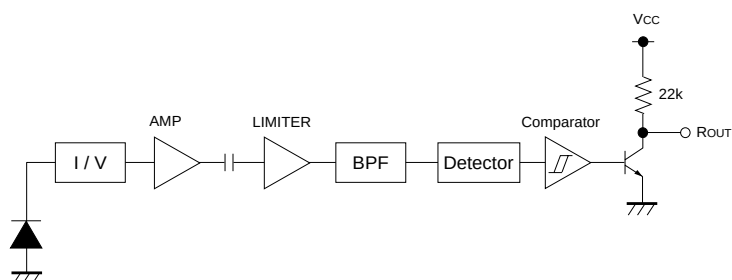
Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	6.3	V
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-30 to +100	°C
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-10 to +75	°C
Output Current	I _o	2.0	mA

●Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V

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●Block diagram



●Terminal description

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	ROUT	OUTPUT TERMINAL
2	GND	GROUND
3	VCC	POWER SUPPLY

●Electrical, Optical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Consumption Current	I_{CC}	—	0.95	1.5	mA	No outside light, No signal input
Effective Distance	L	8	15	—	m	Outer light condition $E_e < 10$ (lx) *1
High Level Output Voltage	V_H	4.5	—	—	V	*1
Low Level Output Voltage	V_L	—	—	0.5	V	$I_{sink} \leq 200\mu\text{A}$ *1
ON Pulse Width	T_{ON}	400	600	800	μs	Outer light condition $E_e < 10$ (lx) *1
OFF Pulse Width	T_{OFF}	400	600	800	μs	Outer light condition $E_e < 10$ (lx) *1
Center frequency	f_o	—	*3	—	kHz	
Horizontal half angle	$\theta_{1/2}$	—	45	—	deg	*2
Vertical half angle	$\theta_{1/2}$	—	35	—	deg	*2

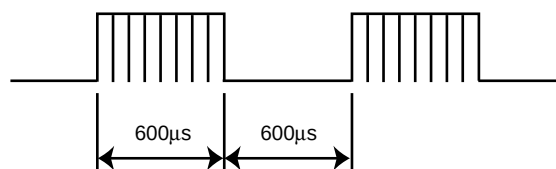
*1 600/600 μs burst wave is transmitted by standard transmitter. However, it must be measured after the initial transmission pulse is 10 pulse.

*2 It is an angle when the linear arrival distance become half.

*3 Four types of frequencies : 36, 36.7, 37.9, 40kHz.

● Measurement Conditions

(1) Transmit signal



Carrier frequency= f_o , Duty=50%

Fig.1 Transmit signal

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(2) Standard transmitter

$\lambda_{\text{peak}}=940\text{nm}$
 $\lambda_{\Delta}=40\text{nm}$

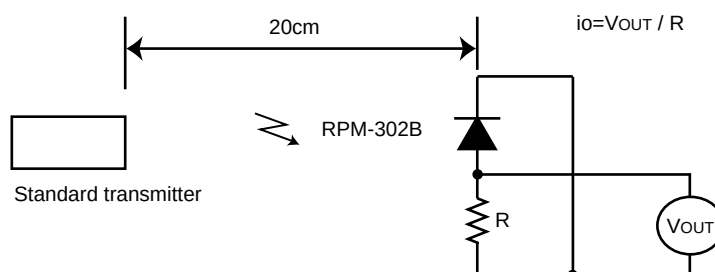


Fig.2 Measurement of standard transmitter proofreading

When standard transmitter output the signal at Fig.1 standard photodiode output become $i_o=5\mu\text{Ap-p}$ under the measurement condition Fig.2.

(The radiant intensity of standard transmitter : 50mW / sr)

RPM-302B : standard photodiode has short current $I_{sc}=27\mu\text{A}$ at $E=1000(\text{lx})$
 (using CIE standard light source A)

(3) Measurement effective distance, horizontal & vertical half angle

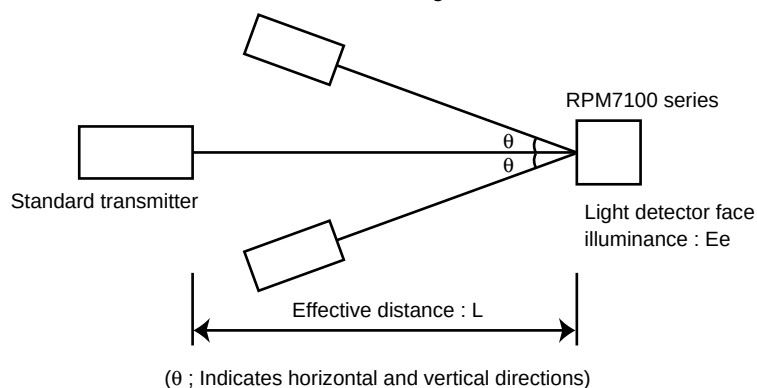


Fig.3 Measurement condition for effective distance

Effective distance L : Effective distance at $\theta=0^\circ$ Fig.3
 Horizontal & vertical half angle θ : The angle which effective distance became 50% of L.

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(4) Output signal

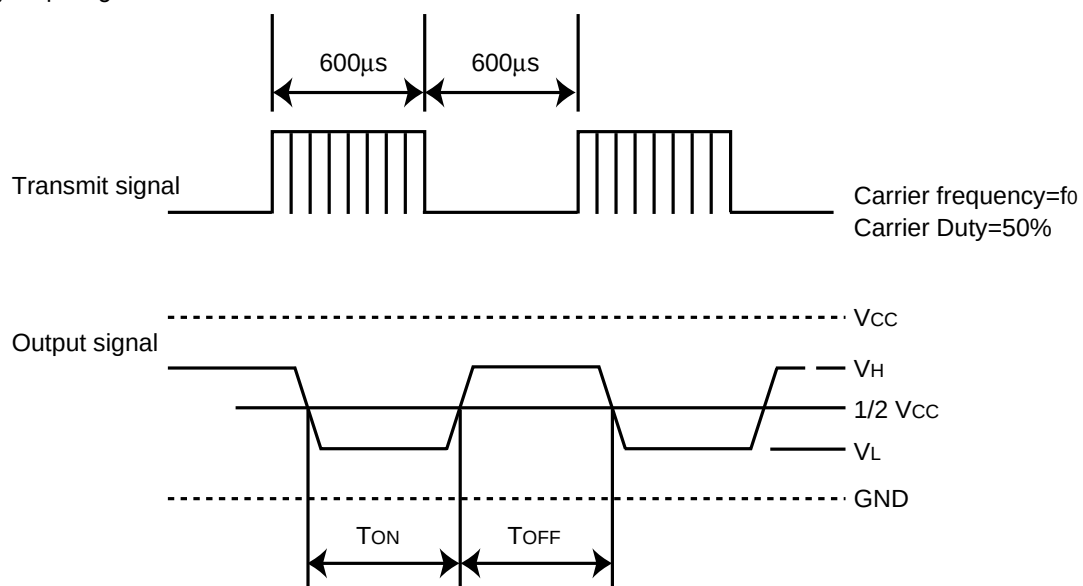


Fig.4

(5) Measurement circuit for the output voltage and the consumption current

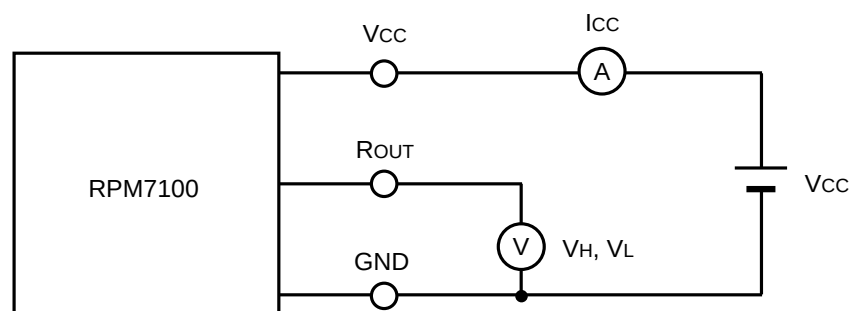
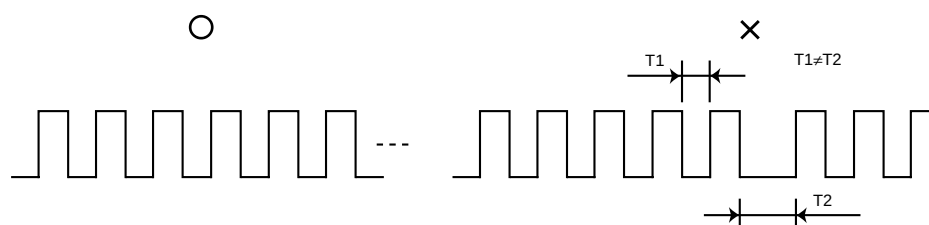


Fig.5

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●Notes

- (1) All characteristics of the receiver in this specification are specified by supplying burst wave form (Fig.1) with ROHM standard transmitter (Fig.2).
If in case of other burst wave form will be used, please check these spec. Carefully under the evaluations.
- (2) When the receiver will be used as the wire-less remote controller, please use the signal method the signal format which refer to "Measures to prevent malfunctioning of IR remote-controlled electric home appliances". (Published July 1987 by Association of Electric Home Appliances)
If using other signal method, signal format, (ex: signal format which not including the leader signal) the receiver might have chances to miss-function.
- (3) Please set up transmitter's carrier frequency as same as the receiver's f_0 frequency. Otherwise error might be occurred.
- (4) If transmission signal has non-continues carrier, error might be occurred. Continuous carrier is necessary.



- (5) The receiver was designed to use as in-door use only.
Therefore, please understand that the receiver cannot cover all characteristics, in case of using it out-door.
- (6) Noise environment (Light noise from inverter Lamp, and other kind of Lamps, Power ripple, electromagnetic noise from power circuit, and etc) may cause a reduced effective distance.
- (7) The receiver may not work properly if receiving signal judgement is done by single pulse due to the surrounding / environmental noises.
To prevent such misjudgement, please make sure that the receiver is set up to work only when receiving series of coded signal.
- (8) Emitting unit (remote control transmitter) has to be considered about its emitting device function, characteristics and characteristics of the receiver.
- (9) Please connect 'Holder' on to the 'Ground (GND)' of PCB. If the holder is not connected to the GND, there is a possibility of worsening the characteristics of product.
- (10) Do not supply unnecessary stress to lead.
- (11) Please pay careful attention to the lens.
It might have a chance to miss-function when the lens get dust or dirty. And also please do not touch the lens.
- (12) In order to prevent products from ESD, human body and solder iron, etc. are required to be grounded.

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●Electrical and optical characteristics curves

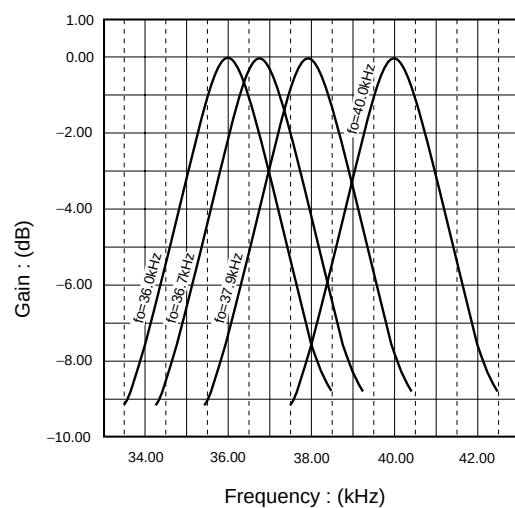


Fig.6 BPF characteristic

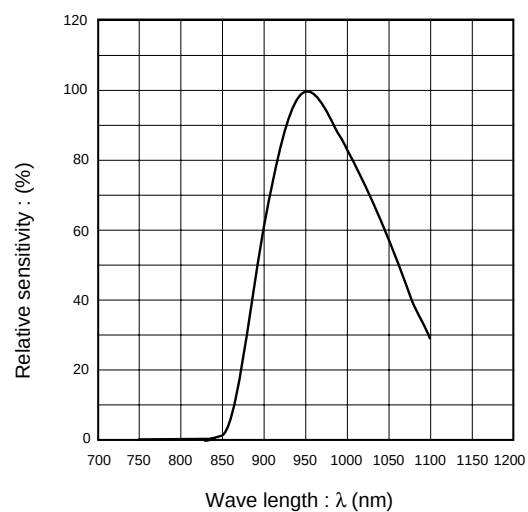


Fig.7 Relative spectral sensitivity of photo diode

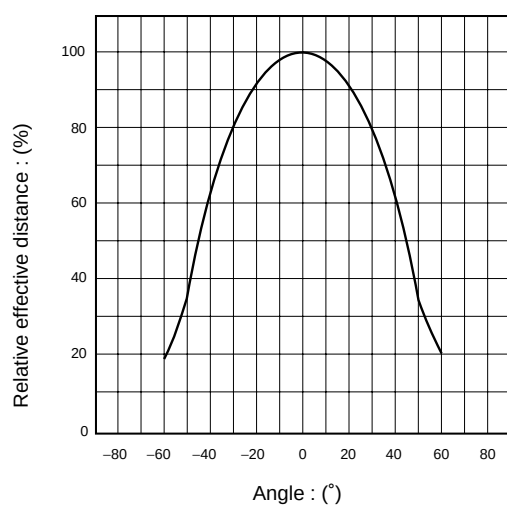


Fig.8 Direction characteristic (Horizontal direction)

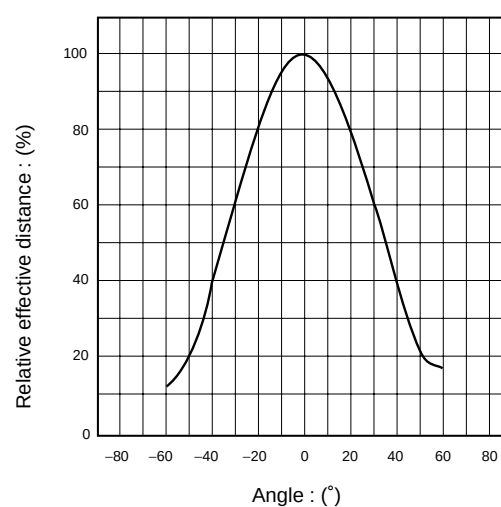
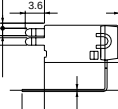


Fig.9 Direction characteristic (Vertical direction)

Technical drawing of a mechanical part with three views: front, top, and side. The front view shows a circular feature with a central hole and a flange. The top view shows the circular shape with a central hole and a flange. The side view shows the profile of the part with a central hole and a flange. Dimensions are given in millimeters.



Technical drawings of the 1000 Series 1/2" components. The top drawing is a side view of a component with dimensions: 2.35, 1.4, 0.05, 3.6, 15.9, 1.8, 12.66, 0.4, and 4.2. The bottom drawing is a top view of a component with dimensions: 7.3, 2.95, 7.0, 2.54, and 2.54. The bottom view is labeled ① ② ③.

[illegible]

The technical drawing illustrates a cable gland assembly. The top view shows three cables entering a cylindrical body with a diameter dimension of 6.0. A small circular feature has a diameter of 0.5. Below this, a cross-sectional side view provides detailed dimensions: a total height of 8.0 Max., a central hole diameter of 4.0, a base thickness of 2.5, and a mounting flange width of 1.5. The flange features two mounting holes with a center-to-center distance of 2.54 inches. To the right, a separate component, likely a bracket or connector, is shown with dimensions 4.8, 3.2, 0.8, and 0.4. It is connected to a cable labeled 20.0min. At the bottom, four circles are numbered ①, ②, ③, and ④, corresponding to different views or components.

Pin No.	
①	Rout
②	GND
③	Vcc

Pin No.	
①	Rout
②	GND
③	Vcc