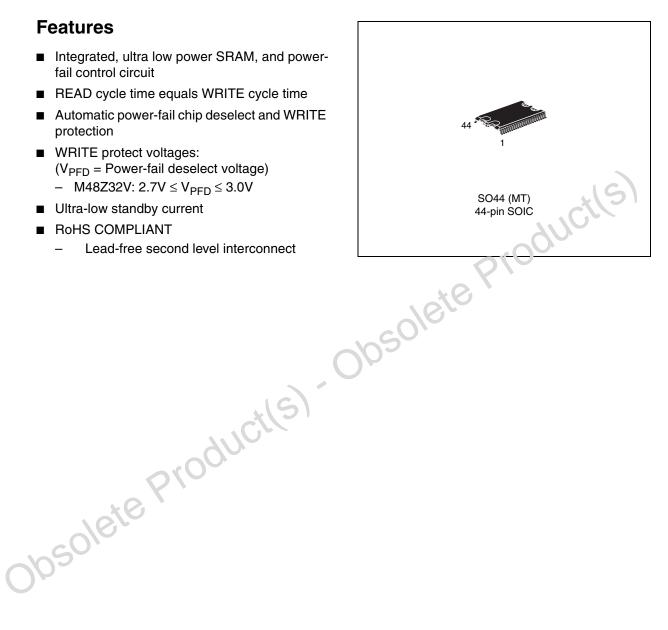


3.3V, 256Kbit (32Kbit x 8) ZEROPOWER® SRAM

Features

- Integrated, ultra low power SRAM, and powerfail control circuit
- READ cycle time equals WRITE cycle time
- Automatic power-fail chip deselect and WRITE protection
- WRITE protect voltages: (V_{PFD} = Power-fail deselect voltage) - M48Z32V: $2.7V \le V_{PFD} \le 3.0V$
- Ultra-low standby current
- RoHS COMPLIANT



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M48Z32V Summary

1 Summary

The M48Z32V ZEROPOWER® RAM is a 32K x 8, non-volatile static RAM that integrates power-fail deselect circuitry and battery control logic on a single die.

The 44-pin, 330mil SOIC provides a battery pin for an external, user-supplied battery. This is all that is required to fully non-volatize the SRAM.

Figure 1. Logic diagram

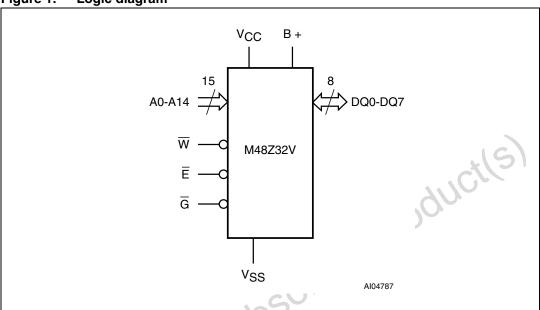


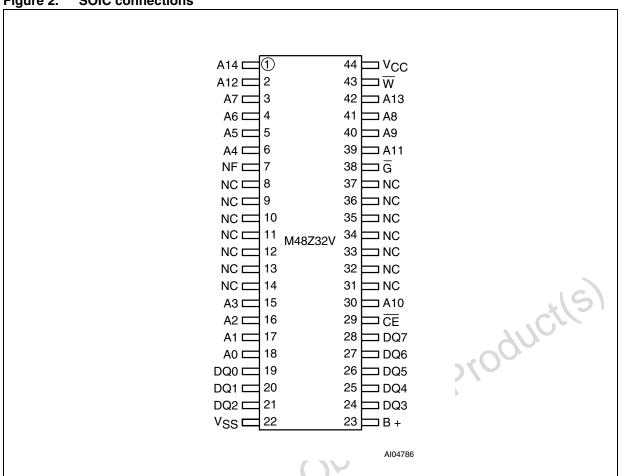
Table 1. Signal names

A0-A14	Address inputs
DQ0-DQ7	Data inputs / outputs
Ē	Chip enable input
G	Output enable input
W	WRITE enable input
V _{CC}	Supply voltage
V _{SS}	Ground
B+	Positive battery pin
NC	Not connected

Jbsole

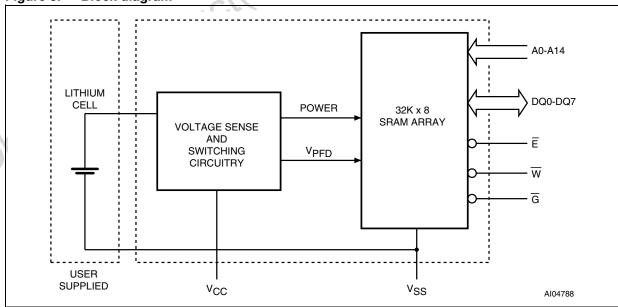
Summary M48Z32V

Figure 2. **SOIC** connections



Note: NF, Pin 7 must be tied to V_{SS} .

Figure 3. **Block diagram**



M48Z32V Operating modes

2 **Operating modes**

The M48Z32V also has its own Power-fail Detect circuit. The control circuitry constantly monitors the single power supply for an out of tolerance condition. When V_{CC} is out of tolerance, the circuit write protects the SRAM, providing a high degree of data security in the midst of unpredictable system operation brought on by low V_{CC} . As V_{CC} falls below approximately V_{SO}, the control circuitry connects the battery which maintains data until valid power returns.

Table 2. Operating modes

Mode	V _{CC}	Ē	G	W	DQ0-DQ7	Power	
Deselect		V _{IH}	Х	Х	High Z	Standby	
WRITE	3.0 to 3.6V	V _{IL}	Х	V _{IL}	D _{IN}	Active	
READ	3.0 to 3.0V	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	D _{OUT}	Active	
READ		V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	High Z	Active	
Deselect	V _{SO} to V _{PFD} (min) ⁽¹⁾	Х	Х	Х	High Z	CMOS standby	
Deselect	≤ V _{SO} ⁽¹⁾	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Battery back-up mode	
1. See Table 12 on page 15 for details. $X = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_{SO} = Battery\ back-up\ switchover\ voltage$.							
Read mode							

^{1.} See Table 12 on page 15 for details.

Note: $X = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_{SO} = Battery\ back-up\ switchover\ voltage$.

2.1 Read mode

The M48Z32V is in the READ Mode whenever \overline{W} (WRITE Enable) is high, \overline{E} (Chip Enable) is low. The device architecture allows ripple-through access of data from eight of 262,144 locations in the static storage array. Thus, the unique address specified by the 15 Address Inputs defines which one of the 32,768 bytes of data is to be accessed. Valid data will be available at the Data I/O pins within Address Access time (tayout) after the last address input signal is stable, providing that the E and G access times are also satisfied. If the E and G access times are not met, valid data will be available after the latter of the Chip Enable Access time (t_{ELOV}) or Output Enable Access time (t_{GLOV}).

The state of the eight three-state Data I/O signals is controlled by \overline{E} and \overline{G} . If the outputs are activated before t_{AVOV}, the data lines will be driven to an indeterminate state until t_{AVOV}. If the Address Inputs are changed while E and G remain active, output data will remain valid for Output Data Hold time (taxox) but will go indeterminate until the next Address Access.

Operating modes M48Z32V

A0-A14

VALID

tAVQV

tELQV

tELQX

TELQX

TOTAL TOTAL

Figure 4. Read mode AC waveforms

Note: $WRITE\ Enable\ (\overline{W}) = High.$

Table 3. Read mode AC characteristics

		M48	Z32V	
Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾		–35	
	leite	Min	Max	
t _{AVAV}	READ cycle time	35		ns
t _{AVQV}	Address valid to output valid		35	ns
t _{ELQV}	Chip enable low to output valid		35	ns
t _{GLQV}	Output enable low to output valid		15	ns
t _{ELQX} (2)	Chip enable low to output transition	5		ns
t _{GLQX} (2)	Output enable low to output transition	0		ns
t _{EHQZ} (2)	Chip enable high to output Hi-Z		13	ns
t _{GHQZ} (2)	Output enable high to output Hi-Z		13	ns
t _{AXQX}	Address transition to output transition	5	0	ns

^{1.} Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C; $V_{cc} = 3.0$ to 3.6V (except where noted).

2.2 Write mode

The M48Z32V is in the WRITE Mode whenever \overline{W} and \overline{E} are low. The start of a WRITE is referenced from the latter occurring falling edge of \overline{W} or \overline{E} . A WRITE is terminated by the earlier rising edge of \overline{W} or \overline{E} . The addresses must be held valid throughout the cycle. \overline{E} or \overline{W} must return high for a minimum of t_{EHAX} from Chip Enable or t_{WHAX} from WRITE Enable prior to the initiation of another READ or WRITE cycle. Data-in must be valid t_{DVWH} prior to the end of WRITE and remain valid for t_{WHDX} afterward. \overline{G} should be kept high during WRITE cycles to avoid bus contention; although, if the output bus has been activated by a low on \overline{E} and \overline{G} , a low on \overline{W} will disable the outputs t_{WI} or after \overline{W} falls.

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^{2.} C_L = 5pf (see Figure 8 on page 16).

M48Z32V Operating modes

Figure 5. Write enable controlled, write mode AC waveforms

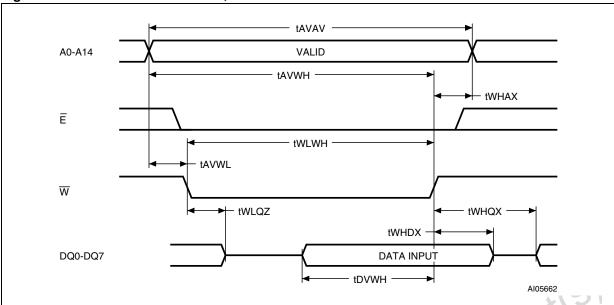
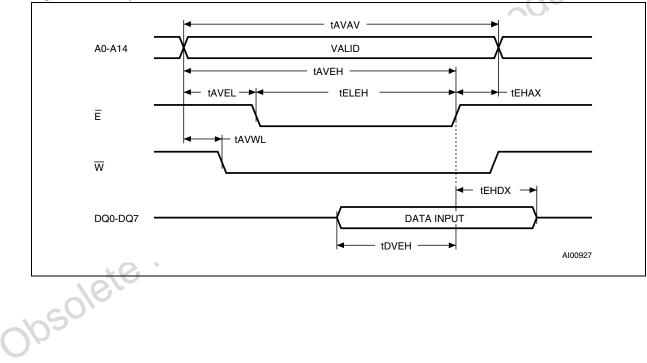


Figure 6. Chip enable controlled, write mode AC waveforms



Operating modes M48Z32V

M48Z32V Parameter⁽¹⁾ Symbol -35Unit Max Min WRITE cycle time 35 ns t_{AVAV} Address valid to WRITE enable low 0 ns t_{AVWL} Address valid to chip enable low 0 ns t_{AVEL} WRITE enable pulse width 25 twLwH Chip enable low to chip enable high 25 t_{ELEH} ns WRITE enable high to address transition 0 t_{WHAX} ns Chip enable high to address transition 0 ns t_{EHAX} Input valid to WRITE enable high 12 t_{DVWH} ns Input valid to chip enable high 12 ns t_{DVEH} WRITE enable high to input transition 0 t_{WHDX} ns Chip enable high to input transition 0 ns t_{EHDX} $t_{WLQZ}^{(2)(3)}$ WRITE enable low to output Hi-Z 13 ns Address valid to WRITE enable high 25 t_{AVWH} 25 Address valid to chip enable high t_{AVFH} ns

Table 4. Write mode AC characteristics

WRITE enable high to output transition

2.3 Data retention mode

 $t_{WHQX}^{(2)(3)}$

With valid V_{CC} applied, the M48Z32V operates as a conventional BYTEWIDE™ static RAM. Should the supply voltage decay, the RAM will automatically power-fail deselect, write protecting itself when V_{CC} falls within the V_{PFD} (max), V_{PFD} (min) window. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as "Don't care."

Note:

A power failure during a WRITE cycle may corrupt data at the currently addressed location, but does not jeopardize the rest of the RAM's content. At voltages below $V_{PFD}(\min)$, the user can be assured the memory will be in a write protected state, provided the V_{CC} fall time is not less than t_F The M48Z32V may respond to transient noise spikes on V_{CC} that reach into the deselect window during the time the device is sampling V_{CC} . Therefore, decoupling of the power supply lines is recommended.

When V_{CC} drops below V_{SO} , the control circuit switches power to the external battery which preserves data.

As system power returns and V_{CC} rises above V_{SO} , the battery is disconnected, and the power supply is switched to external V_{CC} . Write protection continues until V_{CC} reaches $V_{PFD}(min)$ plus $t_{REC}(min)$. Normal RAM operation can resume t_{REC} after V_{CC} exceeds $V_{PFD}(max)$.

For more information on Battery Storage Life refer to the Application Note AN1012.

ns

^{1.} Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6V (except where noted).

^{2.} $C_1 = 5pF$ (see Figure 8 on page 16).

^{3.} If \overline{E} goes low simultaneously with \overline{W} going low, the outputs remain in the high impedance state.

M48Z32V Operating modes

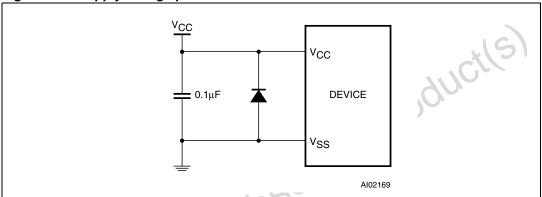
2.4 V_{CC} noise and negative going transients

 I_{CC} transients, including those produced by output switching, can produce voltage fluctuations, resulting in spikes on the V_{CC} bus. These transients can be reduced if capacitors are used to store energy which stabilizes the V_{CC} bus. The energy stored in the bypass capacitors will be released as low going spikes are generated or energy will be absorbed when overshoots occur. A ceramic bypass capacitor value of $0.1\mu F$ (see *Figure 7*) is recommended in order to provide the needed filtering.

In addition to transients that are caused by normal SRAM operation, power cycling can generate negative voltage spikes on V_{CC} that drive it to values below V_{SS} by as much as one volt. These negative spikes can cause data corruption in the SRAM while in battery backup mode. To protect from these voltage spikes, ST recommends connecting a schottky diode from V_{CC} to V_{SS} (cathode connected to V_{CC} , anode to V_{SS}). (Schottky diode 1N5817 is recommended for through hole and MBRS120T3 is recommended for surface mount).

Figure 7. Supply voltage protection

Obsolete Product(s)



Maximum rating M48Z32V

3 Maximum rating

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

Table 5. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
T _A	Ambient operating temperature Grade 1		0 to 70	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (V _{CC} Off, Oscillator Off)	re (V _{CC} Off, Oscillator Off) SOIC		°C
T _{SLD} ⁽¹⁾	Lead solder temperature for 10 seconds		260	°C
V _{IO}	Input or output voltages		-0.3 to V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 4.6	V
I _O	Output current	20	mA	
P _D	Power dissipation		1,10,10	W

^{1.} For Lead-free (Pb-free) lead finish: Reflow at peak temperature of 260°C (total thermal budget not to exceed 245°C for greater than 30 seconds).

ed on any obsolete Product(s). Negative undershoots below -0.3V are not allowed on any pin while in the battery back-up

4 DC and AC parameters

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, as well as the DC and AC characteristics of the device. The parameters in the following DC and AC Characteristic tables are derived from tests performed under the Measurement Conditions listed in *Table 6: Operating and AC measurement conditions*. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their projects match the measurement conditions when using the quoted parameters.

Table 6. Operating and AC measurement conditions

Parameter ⁽¹⁾	M48Z32V	Unit	
Supply voltage (V _{CC})		3.0 to 3.6	V
Ambient operating temperature (T _A)	Grade 1	0 to 70	°C
Load Capacitance (C _L)	50	pF	
Input rise and fall times	≤ 5	ns	
Input pulse voltages		0 to 3	V
Input and output timing ref. voltages		1.5	V

^{1.} Output Hi-Z is defined as the point where data is no longer driven.

Table 7. AC measurement load circuit

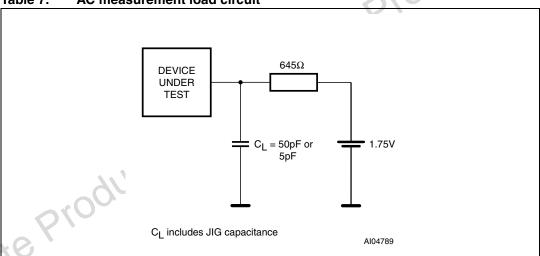


Table 8. Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Min	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance		10	pF
C _{IO} (3)	Input / output capacitance		10	pF

- 1. Effective capacitance measured with power supply at 3.3V; sampled only, not 100% tested.
- 2. At 25°C, f = 1MHz.
- 3. Outputs deselected.

Table 9. **DC** characteristics

eakage current It leakage current Ty current y current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$ $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$ $T_A = 40^{\circ}C; V_{CC} = 0V$ $V_{BAT} = 3V$ $I_O = 0mA; Cycle Time = Min$ $\overline{E} = 0.2V, other input = 0.2V$		0.2	±1 ±1 1.2	μΑ μΑ μΑ	
y current	$T_{A} = 40^{\circ}\text{C}; \ V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ $V_{BAT} = 3\text{V}$ $I_{O} = 0\text{mA}; \ \text{Cycle Time} = \text{Min}$ $\overline{E} = 0.2\text{V}, \ \text{other input} =$		0.2			
·	$V_{BAT} = 3V$ $I_{O} = 0$ mA; Cycle Time = Min $\overline{E} = 0.2$ V, other input =		0.2	1.2	μA	
y current	\overline{E} = 0.2V, other input =					
	V _{CC} – 2V or 0.2V			45	mA	
y current (TTL standby)	E = V _{IH}			800	μΑ	
y current (CMOS standby)	$\overline{E} = V_{CC} - 0.2V$			500	μΑ	
low voltage		-0.3		0.8	V	
high voltage		2.2		V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
t low voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA			0.4	V	
t high voltage	I _{OH} = −1mA	0.8V _{CC}			V	
 Valid for ambient operating temperature: T_A = 0 to 70°C; V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6V (except where noted). Outputs deselected. Negative spikes of –1V allowed for up to 10ns once per cycle. Table 10. Power down/up mode AC waveforms						
ie Ie	nt operating temperature: T _A = ected. s of -1V allowed for up to 10ns	nt operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V (exception of the context of the co	nt operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V (except where note octed.	nt operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V (except where noted). ected. s of -1 V allowed for up to 10ns once per cycle.	nt operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V (except where noted). ected.	

- 1. Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to $70^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6V (except where noted).
- 2. Outputs deselected.
- 3. Negative spikes of -1V allowed for up to 10ns once per cycle.

Table 10. Power down/up mode AC waveforms

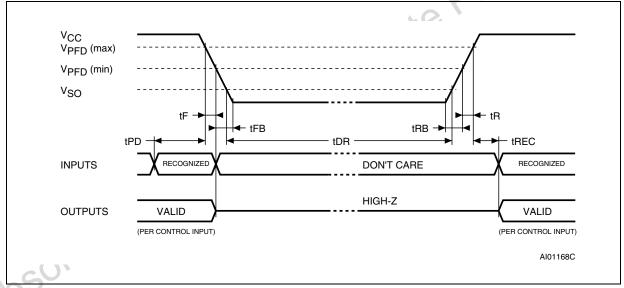


Table 11. Power down/up AC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Min	Max	Unit
t _{PD}	Ē or ₩ at V _{IH} before power down	0		μs
t _F ⁽²⁾	V _{PFD} (max) to V _{PFD} (min) V _{CC} fall time	300		μs
t _{FB} ⁽³⁾	V _{PFD} (min) to V _{SS} V _{CC} fall time	10		μs
t _R	V _{PFD} (min) to V _{PFD} (max) V _{CC} rise time	10		μs
t _{RB}	V _{SS} to V _{PFD} (min) V _{CC} rise time	1		μs
t _{REC} ⁽⁴⁾	V _{PFD} (max) to inputs recognized	40	200	ms

- 1. Valid for ambient operating temperature: T_A = 0 to 70°C; V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6V (except where noted).
- V_{PFD} (max) to V_{PFD} (min) fall time of less than t_F may result in deselection/write protection not occurring until 200 μ s after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} (min).
- 3. V_{PFD} (min) to V_{SS} fall time of less than t_{FB} may cause corruption of RAM data.
- 4. t_{REC} (min) = 20ms for industrial temperature Grade (6) device.

Table 12. Power down/up trip points DC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{PFD}	Power-fail deselect voltage	2.7	2.85	3.0	٧
V_{SO}	Battery back-up switchover voltage		V _{PFD} – 100mV	Mo.	V

- All voltages referenced to V_{SS}.
- Obsolete Product(s) 2. Valid for ambient operating temperature: $T_A = 0$ to 70° C or -40 to 85° C; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6V (except where

5 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect. The category of second Level Interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com.

Figure 8. SO44 – 44-lead plastic, small package outline

Note: Drawing is not to scale.

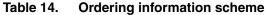
Table 13. SO44 – 44-lead plastic, small package mechanical data

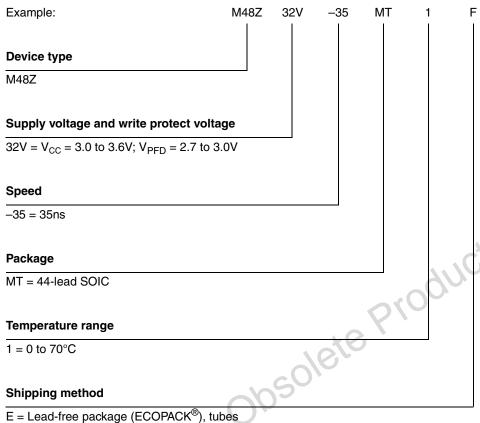
Symbol	mm			inch		
	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Max
Α	AU		3.05			0.120
A1	200	0.05	0.36		0.002	0.014
A2		2.34	2.69		0.092	0.106
В		0.36	0.46		0.014	0.018
С		0.15	0.32		0.006	0.012
D		17.71	18.49		0.697	0.728
E		8.23	8.89		0.324	0.350
е	0.81	_	-	0.032	-	_
Н		11.51	12.70		0.453	0.500
L		0.41	1.27		0.016	0.050
а		0°	8°		0°	8°
N		44			44	
CP			0.10			0.004

JOSO16

M48Z32V Part numbering

Part numbering 6





E = Lead-free package (ECOPACK®), tubes

F = Lead-free package (ECOPACK®), tape & reel

For other options, or for more information on any aspect of this device, please contact the ST sales office nearest you.

Jbsolete

Revision history M48Z32V

7 Revision history

Table 15. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
Oct-2002	1.0	First Issue
07-Nov-2002	1.1	Update Absolute Maximum Ratings, DC Characteristics (Table 5, 8)
22-Mar-2004	2.0	Reformatted; updated Lead-free information (Table 5, 12)
02-Nov-2007	3.0	Reformatted; added lead-free second level interconnect information to cover page and <i>Section 5: Package mechanical data</i> ; package name change from SOH44 to SO44 throughout document; updated <i>Section 1: Summary</i> ; updated <i>Table 3</i> ; 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 14 and <i>Figure 8</i> .



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