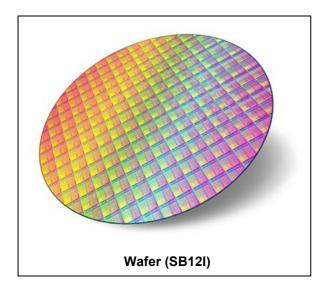
ST25TA16K



NFC Forum Type 4 Tag IC with 16-Kbit EEPROM

Datasheet - production data



Description

The ST25TA16K device is an NFC tag IC embedding an EEPROM memory. It can be operated from a 13.56 MHz RFID reader or an NFC phone.

The RF protocol is compatible with ISO/IEC 14443 Type A and NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

Features

Contactless interface

- NFC Forum Type 4 Tag
- ISO/IEC 14443 Type A
- 106 Kbps data rate
- Internal tuning capacitance: 25 pF

Memory

- 2-Kbyte (16-kbit) EEPROM
- · Supports NDEF data structure
- · Data retention: 200 years
- Endurance: 1 million erase-write cycles
- · Reads up to 246 bytes in a single command
- · Writes up to 246 bytes in a single command
- 7-byte unique identifier (UID)
- 128-bit password protection

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1 Functional description

The ST25TA16K device is a dynamic NFC/RFID tag that can be accessed from the RF interface. The RF interface is based on the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A standard.

The ST25TA16K is compatible with the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag specifications and supports all corresponding commands.

Figure 1 shows the block diagram of the ST25TA16K device.

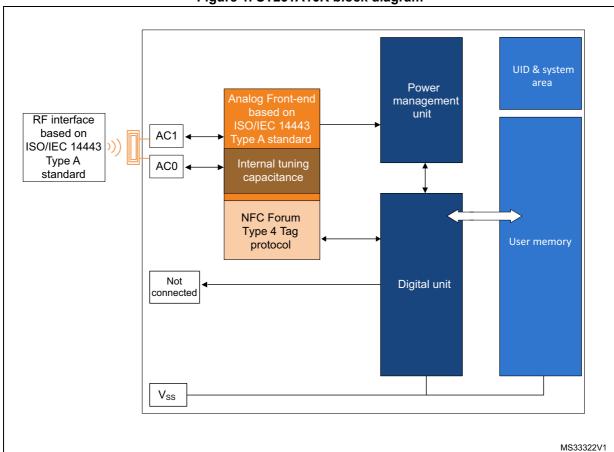


Figure 1. ST25TA16K block diagram

Table 1. Signal names

| Signal name | Function | Direction | |
|-------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| AC0, AC1 | Antenna coils | - | |

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1.1 Functional modes

The ST25TA16K has just one functional mode (see Table 2).

Table 2. Functional mode

| Mode | Supply source | Comments |
|----------|---------------|----------------------------|
| Tag mode | RF field only | The interface is connected |

1.1.1 Tag mode

The ST25TA16K is supplied by the RF field and can communicate with an RF host (RFID reader or an NFC phone). The User memory can only be accessed by the RF commands.

Signal descriptions ST25TA16K

2 Signal descriptions

2.1 Antenna coil (AC0, AC1)

These inputs are used to connect the device to an external coil exclusively. It is advised not to connect any other DC or AC path to AC0 or AC1.

When correctly tuned, the coil is used to access the device using NFC Forum Type 4 commands.



3 ST25TA16K memory management

3.1 Memory structure

The ST25TA16K supports the NDEF Tag Application as defined in the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag. The ST25TA16K is composed of three files:

- one Capability Container file;
- one NDEF file;
- one System file: this is an ST-proprietary file.

The System file contains some information on the configuration of the ST25TA16K device. The CC file gives some information about the ST25TA16K itself and the NDEF file. The NDEF file contains the User data.

3.1.1 File identifier

The file identifier is the value used in the Select command to select a file.

Table 3. File identifier

| File identifier | Meaning |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 0xE101 | System file |
| 0xE103 | CC file |
| 0x0001 | NDEF file |

3.1.2 CC file layout

The CC file gives some information about the ST25TA16K and the NDEF file. This file is a read-only file for the RF host and cannot be modified by issuing a write command.

The T, Read Access and Write Access fields can be changed by the RF host through a specific process (refer to Section 7: Functional procedures).

Table 4. CC file layout for one NDEF file

| File offset | Meaning | Value | Comments |
|-------------|---|--------------|----------------|
| 0x0000 | Number of bytes of CC file | 0x000F | 15 bytes |
| 0x0002 | Mapping version ⁽¹⁾ | 0x20 or 0x10 | V 2.0 or V 1.0 |
| 0x0003 | Maximum number of bytes that can be read | 0x00F6 | 246 bytes |
| 0x0005 | Maximum number of bytes that can be written | 0x00F6 | 246 bytes |

| File offset | Meaning | Value | Comments |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 0x0007 | | 0x04 ⁽²⁾ | T field |
| 0x0008 | | 0x06 | L field |
| 0x0009 | | 0x0001 | FileID |
| 0x000B | NDEF file control TLV | 0x0800 | Maximum NDEF file size |
| 0x000D | | 0x00 ⁽²⁾ | Read access |
| 0x000E | | 0x00 ⁽²⁾ | Write access |

Table 4. CC file layout for one NDEF file (continued)

- 1. According to the reader.
- 2. Delivery state.

3.1.3 NDEF file layout

The NDEF file contains the NDEF message that contains the User data. The RF host can read and write data inside the file. The first two bytes named NDEF Message Length define the size of the NDEF message. The NDEF Message Length shall be managed by the application and the ST25TA16K device does not check if its value is relevant vs the data written by the RF host. The ST25TA16K device uses the NDEF Message Length, e. g. the standard read can be processed only inside the NDEF message; otherwise, the ST25TA16K device returns an error code. For more details about the read command, refer to Section 5.6.7: ReadBinary command.

File offset Byte 0 Byte 1 Byte 2 Byte 3 0x0000 User data User data NDEF message length User data 0x0004 User data User data User data 0x07FC User data

Table 5. NDEF file layout

3.1.4 System file layout

The system file specifies the configuration of the ST25TA16K. *Table* 6 lists the different fields.

Table 6. Field list

| File offset | Field name | Number of bytes | Read access | Write access | Delivery state | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| 0x0000 | Length system file | 2 | RF | - | 0x0012 | | |
| 0x0002 | ST reserved | 1 | RF | none | 0x01 | | |
| 0x0003 | ST reserved | 1 | RF | none | 0x00 | | |

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| File offset | Field name | Number of bytes | Read access | Write access | Delivery state |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| 0x0004 | ST reserved | 1 | RF | none | 0x11 |
| 0x0005 | ST reserved | 1 | RF | none | 0x00 |
| 0x0006 | ST reserved | 1 | RF | none | 0x01 |
| 0x0007 | NDEF File number (RFU) | 1 | RF | none | 0x00 |
| 0x0008 | UID | 7 | RF | none | 0x02C5 xx xx xx xx xx xx ⁽¹⁾ |
| 0x000F | Memory Size | 2 | RF | none | 0x07FF |
| 0x0011 | Product Code | 1 | RF | none | 0xC5 |

Table 6. Field list (continued)

3.2 Read and write access rights to the memory

An NDEF file can be locked for read or write accesses. It is also protected by a 128-bit password that the host shall present before accessing the NDEF file. There are two 128-bit passwords, one for the read access and the other one for the write access.

An NDEF file can be permanently locked for read or write accesses. Thus, the host cannot access the NDEF file.

The read password shall be sent to the ST25TA16K device before reading a read-locked NDEF file.

The write password shall be present on the ST25TA16K device before writing a write-locked NDEF file. The write password shall be sent to change the read or write access. The read or write access right is defined for the NDEF file.

3.2.1 State of the Read and Write access rights

Two bytes in the CC file are used to define the Read and Write access rights to the NDEF file. For more details, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout.

Table 7. Read access right

| Value | Meaning |
|-------|----------------------------------|
| 0x00 | Read access without any security |
| 0x80 | Locked (1) |
| 0xFE | Read not authorized |

1. The read password shall be sent before reading in the NDEF file.



^{1.} x values are defined by ST to insure UID unicity.

Table 8. Write access right

| Value | Meaning | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 0x00 | Write access without any security | | | |
| 0x80 | Locked (1) | | | |
| 0xFF | Write not authorized | | | |

^{1.} The write password shall be sent before writing in the NDEF file.

The state 0xFF and 0xFE cannot be changed by using the Read or Write passwords.

3.2.2 Changing the read access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 2 shows how to change the access right to read an NDEF file.

Figure 2. Changing the read access right to an NDEF file 0x00 Lock the NDEF file (1) Unlock the NDEF file (2) 0x80 (4) 0xFE (4) Permanently lock the NDEF file (3) MS33320V5

- 1. See the procedure to lock the read access (Section 7.4: Locking an NDEF file).
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the read access (Section 7.5: Unlocking an NDEF file).
- 3. See the procedure to permanently lock the read access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file).
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

3.2.3 Changing the write access right to NDEF files

The state diagram on Figure 3 shows how to change the write access right to an NDEF file.

Lock the NDEF file (1)

Unlock the NDEF file (2)

0x80 (4)

Permanently lock the NDEF file (3)

MS33321V4

Figure 3. Changing the write access right to an NDEF file

- 1. See the procedure to lock the write access.
- 2. See the procedure to unlock the write access.
- See the procedure to permanently lock the write access (Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file).
- 4. Proprietary state, not defined by NFC Forum Type 4 Tag.

3.3 Access right life time

The access right life time is validated while the NDEF file is selected or until the end of the RF session. Once the read or write access right is granted, the host can send one or more ReadBinary or UpdateBinary commands.

At the end of a session or when the host selects another file, the read and write access rights are initialized.

3.4 NDEF file passwords

The NDEF file passwords protect the read or write access from an RF interface from/to an NDEF file.

Two NDEF file passwords are available for each NDEF file:

- · Read password
- Write password

The length of a password is 128 bits (16 bytes).

4 Communication mechanism

This chapter describes the principle of communication between an RF host and the ST25TA16K device.

4.1 Master and slave

The ST25TA16K acts as a slave device on the RF channel and therefore waits for a command from the RF host before sending its response.

The RF host shall generate the RF field and the RF commands.



5 RF command sets

This section describes the ST25TA16K command sets that can be issued by the RF host.

There are three command families:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set

The NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set and the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set use the I-Block format. For more details about the I-Block format, refer to Section 5.2: I-Block format.

Two other command formats exist:

- · the commands using the R-Block format
- the commands using the S-Block format

For more details about these formats, refer to the corresponding sections: Section 5.3: R-Block format and Section 5.4: S-Block format.

This section gives a brief description of the RF host commands. The format of these command sets is the I-Block format.

Table 9 lists the RF command sets.

Table 9. RF command sets

| Family command set | Command name | Class byte | Instruction code | Brief description |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|--|
| | NDEF Tag Application Select | 0x00 | 0xA4 | NDEF Tag Application Select |
| NFC Forum Type 4 Tag | CC select | 0x00 | 0xA4 | Selects the CC file |
| | NDEF select | 0x00 | 0xA4 | Selects the NDEF file |
| | System select | 0x00 | 0xA4 | Selects the system file |
| | ReadBinary | 0x00 | 0xB0 | Reads data from file |
| | UpdateBinary | 0x00 | 0xD6 | Writes or erases data to a NDEF file |
| | Verify | 0x00 | 0x20 | Checks the right access of a NDEF file or sends a password |
| ISO/IEC 7816-4 | ChangeReferenceData | 0x00 | 0x24 | Changes a Read or write password |
| | EnableVerificationRequirement | 0x00 | 0x28 | Activates the password security |
| | DisableVerificationRequirement | 0x00 | 0x26 | Disables the password security |

| Family command set | Command name | Class byte | Instruction code | Brief description |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------|--|
| | EnablePermanentState | 0xA2 | 0x28 | Enables the Read Only or Write Only security state |
| ST proprietary | ExtendedReadBinary | 0xA2 | 0xB0 | Reads data from file |
| | UpdateFileType | 0xA2 | 0xD6 | Sets file type to NDEF or proprietary |

Table 9. RF command sets (continued)

5.1 Structure of the command sets

The exchange of data between the RF host and the ST25TA16K uses three kinds of data formats, called blocks:

- I-Block: to exchange the command and the response
- R-Block: to exchange positive or negative acknowledgment
- S-Block: to use either the Deselect command or the Frame Waiting eXtension (WTX) command or response

This section describes the structure of the I-Block, R-block and S-Block. This format is used for the application command set.

5.2 I-Block format

The I-Block is used to exchange data between the RF host and the ST25TA16K. It is composed of three fields. *Table 10* details the I-Block format.

SoD **Payload EoD** Name **PCB** DID **CRC** Length 1 to 251 bytes 2 bytes 1 byte 1 byte PCB field DID field (optional) RF host to ST25TA16K: C-APDU ST25TA16K to RF host: R-APDU 2 CRC bytes

Table 10. I-Block format

Table 11. PCB field of the I-Block format

| | b7-b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
|-----------------|------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 0b00 | 0 | 0 | х | 0 | 1 | х |
| I-Block | | | | | | | |
| RFU | | | | | | | |
| Must be set | to 0 | | • | | | | |
| DID field, if I | oit is set | | | • | | | |
| Must be set | to 0 | | | | • | | |
| Must be set | to 1 | | | | | • | |
| Block numb | er | | | | | | - |

When the RF host sends a command to the ST25TA16K the format of the payload is the C-APDU.

When the ST25TA16K sends a command to the RF host, the format of the payload is the R-APDU.

5.2.1 C-APDU: payload format of a command

The C-APDU format is used by the RF host to send a command to the ST25TA16K. *Table 12* describes its format.

Table 12. C-APDU format

| Nama | | Payload field | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| Name | CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | LC | Data | Le | | | |
| Length | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | Lc byte | 1 byte | | | |
| Class byte 0x00: standar 0xA2: ST con | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction byte | | | | | | | | | | |
| Param Byte 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Param Byte 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of bytes of the Data field | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data bytes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of bytes to be read in the ST25TA16K memory | | | | | | | | | | |

5.2.2 R-APDU: payload format of a response

The ST25TA16K uses the I-Block format to reply to a command that used the I-Block format. This format is described in *Table 13*.

Table 13. R-APDU format

| Name | Payload field | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Name | Data (optional) | SW1 | SW2 | | | |
| Length Le byte | | 1 byte | 1 byte | | | |
| Data | | | | | | |
| Status byte 1 | | • | | | | |
| Status byte 2 | | | - | | | |

5.3 R-Block format

The R-Block is used to convey positive or negative acknowledgment between the RF host and the ST25TA16K.

Table 14. R-Block format

| РСВ | CRC |
|---|-------------|
| R(ACK) without the DID field: 0xA2 or 0xA3 R(ACK) with the DID field: 0xAA or 0xAB R(NAK) without the DID field: 0xB2 0xB3 R(NAK) with the DID field: 0xBA 0xBB | 2 CRC bytes |

There are two kinds of R-Blocks:

- R(ACK): the acknowledgment block sent by the RF host or by the ST25TA16K
- R(NAK): the non-acknowledgment block sent by the RF host or by the ST25TA16K

Table 15. R-Block detailed format

| | b7-b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
|-------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | 0b10 | 1 | х | х | 0 | 0 | х |
| R-Block | | | | | | | |
| RFU | | • | | | | | |
| 0: NAK | | | , | | | | |
| 1: ACK | | | | | | | |
| 0: DID field is n | | | | | | | |
| 1: DID field is p | resent | | | | | | |
| Must be set to 0 |) | | | | • | | |
| RFU | | | | | | • | |
| Block number | | | | | | | • |

5.4 S-Block format

The S-Block is used to exchange control information between a reader and a contactless tag.

Table 16. S-Block format

| NFC frame | SoD | | Payload | EoD |
|---|--|--------|-------------|---------|
| NFC ITAILIE | РСВ | DID | - | CRC |
| Length | 1 byte | 1 byte | 0 to 1 byte | 2 bytes |
| 0xC2: for S(DES) when the 0xCA: for S(DES) when the 0xF2: for S(WTX) when the 0xFA: for S(WTX) when the | e DID field is present e DID field is not present | | | |
| DID field (optional) | | | | |
| WTX field ⁽¹⁾ | | | - | |
| 2 CRC bytes | | | | |

^{1.} This field is present when b5-b4 bits are set to 0b11 (S-Block is a WTX). see Table 17: S-Block detailed format.

There are two requests using the S-Block format:

- S(DES): the deselect command
- S(WTX): the Waiting Frame eXtension command or response.

Table 17. S-Block detailed format

| | b7-b6 | b5-b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
|---|-------|-------|----|----|----|----|
| | 0b11 | X | x | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| S-Block | | | | | | |
| 0b00: Deselect 0b11: WTX | | | | | | |
| 0: DID field is no 1: DID field is pre | = | | • | | | |
| - | | | | • | | |
| RFU | | | | | • | |
| RFU | | | | | | - |

Note:

After receiving the deselect command, the session is released and ST25TA16K enters the Standby power mode.

In response to a RATS command, ST25TA16K returns FWI parameter (default frame waiting time used); when ST25TA16K needs more time for a command execution, it requests a frame waiting time extension by responding 0xF2 0xWTX (Request waiting time = FWI * WTX). If the reader accepts ST25TA16K request, it acknowledges by sending the command 0xF2 0xWTX. The frame waiting time becomes FWI * WTX for the current command only.

5.5 CRC of the RF frame

The two CRC bytes check the data transmission between the RF host and the ST25TA16K. For the RF frame, the CRC is computed on all the data bits in the frame, excluding parity bits, SOF and EOF, and the CRC itself.

The CRC is as defined in ISO/IEC 13239. The initial register content shall be 0x6363 and the register content shall not be inverted after calculation.

5.6 NFC Forum Type 4 Tag protocol

5.6.1 Commands set

Table 18. Command set overview

| Command name | Brief description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| NDEF Tag Application Select | Select the NDEF Tag Application |
| Capability Container Select | Select the capability container (CC) file using the Select command |
| NDEF Select | Select the NDEF file |
| System File Select | Select the system file |
| ReadBinary | Read data from a file |
| UpdateBinary | Write new data to a file |

5.6.2 Status and error codes

This section lists the status and the error code of the ST25TA16K.

Table 19. Status code of the ST25TA16K

| | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|-------|------|------|--------------------------------|
| Value | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed successfully |

Table 20. Error codes of the ST25TA16K

| | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Length | 1 byte | 1 byte | Comment |
| Value | 0x62 | 0x80 | File overflow (Le error) |
| Value | 0x62 | 0x82 | End of file or record reached before reading Le bytes |
| Value | 0x63 | 0x00 | Password is required |
| Value | 0x63 | 0xCX | Password is incorrect, X further retries allowed (X can take value 0,1, 2) |
| Value | 0x65 | 0x81 | Unsuccessful updating |

Table 20. Error codes of the ST25TA16K (continued)

| | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|-------------------|------|---|
| Length | gth 1 byte 1 byte | | Comment |
| Value | 0x67 | 0x00 | Wrong length |
| Value | 0x69 | 0x81 | Command is incompatible with the file structure |
| Value | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | 0x69 | 0x84 | Reference data not usable |
| Value | 0x6A | 0x80 | Incorrect parameters Le or Lc |
| Value | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | 0x6A | 0x84 | File overflow (Lc error) |
| Value | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |
| Value | 0x6D | 0x00 | INS field not supported |
| Value | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

5.6.3 NDEF Tag Application Select command

the RF host shall send this command to activate the NDEF Tag Application.

To activate the NDEF Tag Application, the RF host sends the Select command (see *Table 21*) in addition to the sequence defined in the NFC Forum digital protocol.

Table 21 defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF Tag Application (called NDEF Tag Application Select).

Table 21. C-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data | Le | |
|-------------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|----------------------|------|--|
| - | 0x00 | 0xA4 | 0x04 | 0x00 | 0x07 | 0xD27600 00850101 | 0x00 | |
| Class byte | | | | | | | | |
| Select instru | ction code | | | | | | | |
| P1 field | | | | | | | | |
| P2 field | | | • | | | | | |
| Number of bytes of data | | | | | | | | |
| Application ID | | | | | | | | |
| Le field | | | | | | | | |

Table 22 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command.

Table 22. R-APDU of the NDEF Tag Application Select command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment | | |
|--------|------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - | | |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed | | |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | NDEF Tag Application not found | | |
| Value | - | 0x6D | 0x00 | Class not supported | | |

5.6.4 Capability Container Select command

The RF host uses the Capability Container Select procedure to select the capability container (CC) file.

The CC file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 23* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the CC file (called Capability Container Select).

Table 23. C-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data | Le |
|-------------------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|--------|----|
| - | 0x00 | 0xA4 | 0x00 | 0x0C | 0x02 | 0xE103 | - |
| Class byte | | | | | | | |
| Select instru | iction code | | | | | | |
| P1 field | | | | | | | |
| P2 field | | | | • | | | |
| Number of bytes of data | | | | | | | |
| CC file ID | | | | | | • | |
| - | | | | | | | • |

Table 24 defines the R-APDU of the CC Select command.

Table 24. R-APDU of the Capability Container Select command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6D | 0x00 | Class not supported |

5.6.5 NDEF Select command

The RF host uses the NDEF Select command to select the NDEF file.

The NDEF file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU. *Table 25* defines the C-APDU of the Select command to select the NDEF file (called NDEF Select).

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Table 25. C-APDU of the NDEF Select command

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data | Le | |
|-------------------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|--------|----|--|
| - | 0x00 | 0xA4 | 0x00 | 0x0C | 0x02 | 0x000X | - | |
| Class byte | ' | | | | | | | |
| Select instru | iction code | | | | | | | |
| P1 field | | | | | | | | |
| P2 field | | | | | | | | |
| Number of bytes of data | | | | | | | | |
| 0x0001: first | NDEF file | | | | | • | | |
| - | | | | | | | ı | |

Table 26 defines the R-APDU of the NDEF Select command.

Table 26. R-APDU of the NDEF Select command

| _ | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |

5.6.6 System File Select command

The RF host uses this command to select the system file.

The System file is selected when this command returns "command completed" in the R-APDU.

Table 27 defines the C-APDU of the command to select the System file (called System Select).

Table 27. C-APDU of the System File Select command

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data | Le |
|---------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|--------|----|
| - | 0x00 | 0xA4 | 0x00 | 0x0C | 0x02 | 0xE101 | - |
| Class byte | | | | | | | |
| Select instru | iction code | | | | | | |
| P1 field | | | • | | | | |
| P2 field | | | | • | | | |
| Number of b | ytes of data | • | | | | | |
| System file | ID | | | | | • | |
| - | | | | | | | |

Table 28 defines the R-APDU of the System File Select command.

Table 28. R-APDU of the System File Select command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|---|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | Capability container not found, no data is returned |

5.6.7 ReadBinary command

On receiving the ReadBinary command, the ST25TA16K reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending a ReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by using a Select command.

The Response of the ReadBinary command is successful when the data to be read is within the selected file ^(a); in other words, when the sum of P1-P2 and Le fields is equal to or lower than the selected file length.

Table 29 defines the ReadBinary command.

Table 29. C-APDU of the ReadBinary command

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le | | |
|------------------|--|------|---------|----|------|--------|--|--|
| - | 0x00 | 0xB0 | 2 bytes | - | - | 1 byte | | |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | | |
| Read instructi | on code | • | | | | | | |
| Offset in the fi | Offset in the file selected | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | | | | | | | |
| | Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ≤ Le ≤ max(Selected File length, 0xF6) | | | | | | | |

Table 30 defines the R-APDU of the ReadBinary command.

Table 30. R-APDU of the ReadBinary command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | Content read | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |

a. For more details about CC file, refer to Section 3.1.2: CC file layout. For more details about NDEF file, refer to Section 3.1.3: NDEF file layout. For more details about System file, refer to Section 3.1.4: System file layout.



Table 30. R-APDU of the ReadBinary command (continued)

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment | | | | |
|-------|------|------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Value | - | 0x67 | 0x00 | Wrong length | | | | |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied | | | | |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 File or application not found | | | | | |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported | | | | |

5.6.8 UpdateBinary command

On receiving the UpdateBinary command, the ST25TA16K writes the data field into the selected file and sends back a status in the R-APDU response.

Before sending an UpdateBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing a Select command.

Table 31 defines the UpdateBinary command.

Table 31. C-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

| | | | • | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|--------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | | | | | | |
| - | 0x00 | 0xD6 | 2 bytes | 1 byte | Lc bytes | | | | | | |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Write instruction | on code | | | | | | | | | | |
| Offset in the fi | le selected | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of by | tes of data (0x | 01 ≤Lc ≤0xF6) | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Data to write in the ST25TA16K memory | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 32 defines the R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command.

Table 32. R-APDU of the UpdateBinary command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 Command completed | |
| Value | - | 0x65 | 0x81 Unsuccessful updating | |
| Value | - | 0x67 | 0x00 | Wrong length |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

Note: For further return codes and definitions, refer to Status and error codes.

5.7 ISO/IEC 7816-4 commands

The ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set offers some extended features such as the protection of the NDEF file. This command set is used to manage the right access of the NDEF file.

5.7.1 Verify command

The Verify command has two functions:

- 1. Check if a password is required to access to the NDEF file (the LC field = 0x00).
- 2. Check that the password embedded in the Verify command allows the access to the memory (the Lc field = 0x10 and the password is present).

When the Lc field if equal to 0x00, the verify command returns a success code (0x90 00) provided that the access to the NDEF file does not require a password. When the access to the NDEF file is protected, the response to the Verify command returns an error code (0x63 00).

When the Lc field equals 0x10, on receiving the Verify command, the ST25TA16K compares the requested password with the data contained in the request and reports whether the operation has been successful in the response.

Before sending this command, an NDEF file shall be selected by issuing the NDEF Select command. Thus, this command checks the right access condition of the last NDEF file selected.

After a successful command, an access is granted for the whole NDEF file.

Table 33 defines the Verify command.

Table 33. Verify command format

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le | | |
|----------------|---|------|---------|--------|----------|----|--|--|
| - | 0x00 | 0x20 | 2 bytes | 1 byte | Lc bytes | - | | |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | | |
| Instruction co | de | | | | | | | |
| | ntification I NDEF passwo NDEF passwo | | | | | | | |
| • | 0x00: the password is not present 0x10: the password is present in the data field | | | | | | | |
| Password | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | • | | |

Table 34 defines the R-APDU of the Verify command.

Table 34. R-APDU of the Verify command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|---------------------|--|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed, the password is correct |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x85 | The conditions of use are not satisfied (e.g. no NDEF file was selected) |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x81 | Command incompatible with file structure |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x80 | Incorrect parameter in command data field |
| Value | - | 0x63 | 0x00 | A password is required |
| Value | - | 0x63 | 0xCX ⁽¹⁾ | The password transmitted is incorrect and X encodes the number of further allowed retries. |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

^{1.} At each session, the RF host can check a password 3 times.

5.7.2 Change Reference Data command

The Change Reference Data command replaces the read or write password related to the NDEF files previously selected. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the reference data of the NDEF file.

Table 35 defines the Change Reference Data command.

Table 35. Change reference data command format

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------|---------|--------|----------|----|--|
| - | 0x00 | 0x24 | 2 bytes | 1 byte | Lc bytes | - | |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | |
| Instruction co | de | | | | | | |
| | ntification I password trar password tran | | | | | | |
| 0x10: the pas | sword is presei | nt in the data fi | eld | | | | |
| NDEF file Password | | | | | | | |
| - | | • | | | | | |

Table 36 defines the R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command.

Table 36. R-APDU of the Change Reference Data command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|--|
| Length | 0 | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed, the access right has been changed |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x81 | Command is incompatible with the file structure |
| Value | - | 0x65 | 0x81 | Unsuccessful updating |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x80 | CC file or System file selected |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

5.7.3 Enable Verification Requirement command

The Enable Verification Requirement command activates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is protected by a 128-bit password. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 5 ms.

Before sending this command, the verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

Table 37 defines the Enable Verification requirement command.

Table 37. Enable Verification Requirement command format

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le |
|----------------|---|------|---------|----|------|----|
| - | 0x00 | 0x28 | 2 bytes | - | - | - |
| Class byte | • | | | | | |
| Instruction co | de | • | | | | |
| | attributes le the read pro le the write pro | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | |

The last five bits identify the password sent in the Verify command.

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Table 38 defines the R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command.

Table 38. R-APDU of the Enable Verification Requirement command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|---|
| Length | 0 | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed, the password is correct |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x81 | Command is incompatible with the file structure |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x80 | CC file or System file selected |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |

5.7.4 Disable Verification Requirement command

The Disable Requirement command deactivates the protection by password of the NDEF file. When this command is successful, the read or write access to the NDEF file is granted without security requirements. It can be performed only if the security status satisfies the security attributes for this command.

Before sending this command, the Verify command with the correct NDEF write password shall be issued. Thus, this command changes the access right of the NDEF file.

This command can update the right access of the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 39 defines the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Table 39. Disable Verification Requirement command format

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le | |
|----------------|---|------|---------|----|------|----|--|
| - | 0x00 | 0x26 | 2 bytes | - | - | - | |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | |
| Instruction co | de | | | | | | |
| | attributes ble the read pro ble the write pro | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | - | |

Table 40 defines the R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command.

Table 40. R-APDU of the Disable Verification Requirement command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|---|
| Length | 0 | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed, the password is correct |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x81 | Command is incompatible with the file structure |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x80 | CC file or System file selected |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |
| Value | - | 0x65 | 0x81 | Update failed |

5.8 ST proprietary command set

The RF host can be issued with the command set described in this section.

5.8.1 ExtendedReadBinary command

On receiving the ExtendedReadBinary command, the ST25TA16K reads the requested memory field and sends back its value in the R-APDU response.

Before sending an ExtendedReadBinary command, a file shall be selected by issuing an NDEF select command.

The response of the ExtendedReadBinary command will be successful even if the data to be read is beyond the NDEF message. The command returns an error code if the data to be read goes beyond the end of the file.

Table 41. C-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le | | | |
|--|-------------|------|---------|----|------|--------|--|--|--|
| Length | 0xA2 | 0xB0 | 2 bytes | - | - | 1 byte | | | |
| ST Class byte | | | | | | | | | |
| Read instructi | on code | • | | | | | | | |
| Offset in the fi | le selected | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of bytes to read between 0x01 ≤ Le ≤ 0xF6 | | | | | | | | | |

Table 42 defines the R-APDU of the read binary command.



Table 42. R-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Length | Le bytes | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | Content read | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |
| Value | - | 0x67 | 0x00 | Wrong length |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

5.8.2 EnablePermanentState command

The command configures the NDEF file to the ReadOnly or to the WriteOnly State.

This command can update the right access to the NDEF file by writing into the EEPROM. In this case, the response timing will be around 6 ms.

Table 43 defines the EnablePermanentState requirement command.

Table 43. EnablePermanentState command format

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 & P2 | Lc | Data | Le | | |
|-----------------|---|------|---------|----|------|----|--|--|
| Length | 0xA2 | 0x28 | 2 bytes | - | - | - | | |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | | |
| Instruction cod | de | • | | | | | | |
| | attributes le the read pro le the write pro | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | |

Table 44 defines the R-APDU of the EnablePermanentState command.

Table 44. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |
| Value | - | 0x65 | 0x81 | Update failed |
| Value | - | 0x67 | 0x00 | Wrong length |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |

Table 44. R-APDU table of the EnablePermanentState command (continued)

| | | | | , |
|-------|------|------|------|---------------------------------|
| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x80 | CC file or System file selected |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

5.8.3 UpdateFileType command

This command allows the user to modify the file type of a selected file to Proprietary file (0x05) or NDEF file (0x04).

The command is executed only when the application and the file are selected and the file length and access right have previously been set to 0X00h (message invalid, all access rights granted).

This command will update the file type located in the CC file by writing in the EEPROM. In this case the response timing will be approximately 6 ms.

Table 45 defines the UpdateFileType command.

Table 45. UpdateFileType command format

| Name | CLA | INS | P1 | P2 | Lc | Data | Le |
|-------------|------------|------|------|------|------|--------------|----|
| Length | 0xA2 | 0xD6 | 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x01 | 0x04 or 0x05 | - |
| Class byte | • | | | | | | |
| Instruction | code | • | | | | | |
| P1 field | | | • | | | | |
| P2 field | | | | • | | | |
| Number of | data bytes | | | | • | | |
| File type | | | | | | <u>-</u> | |
| - | | | | | | | • |

Table 46 defines the R-APDU of the UpdateFileType command.

Table 46. R-APDU table of the UpdateFileType command

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|--------|------|--------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Length | - | 1 byte | 1 byte | - |
| Value | - | 0x90 | 0x00 | Command completed |
| Value | - | 0x69 | 0x82 | Security status not satisfied |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x80 | CC file or System file selected |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x82 | File or application not found |
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |



Table 46. R-APDU table of the UpdateFileType command (continued)

| | Data | SW1 | SW2 | Comment |
|-------|------|------|------|---------------------------|
| Value | - | 0x6A | 0x86 | Incorrect P1 or P2 values |
| Value | - | 0x6E | 0x00 | Class not supported |

5.9 Specific RF command set

This section describes the command set that can be issued only by the RF host.

5.9.1 Anticollision command set

Table 47 lists the commands that can be issued only by the RF host. The format of these commands is described in the NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification.

Table 47. Commands issues by the RF host

| Family command set | Command name | Instruction code |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| | ALL_REQ | 0x52 ⁽¹⁾ |
| | SENS_REQ | 0x26 ⁽¹⁾ |
| NFC-A technology | SDD_REQ | 0x93 or 0x95 or 0x97 |
| | SEL_REQ | 0x93 or 0x95 or 0x97 |
| | SLP_REQ | 0x50 |

^{1.} Code on 7 bits.

Note:

In response to a SDD_REQ Command with a SEL_PAR value equal to 20h, the ST25TA16Ks in the Operating Field transmit the requested cascade level of their NFCID1 (NFCID1 CLn, with n=1 or 2). The NFCID1 of the ST25TA16K consists of 7 bytes. The length of the Response containing a complete NFCID1 cascade level (i.e., NFCID1 CL1, or NFCID1 CL2) is always 5 bytes. The coding of the Response depends on the value of the SEL_CMD byte and the size of the NFCID1. Refer to the example in Table 48 for more details.

Table 48. Example of anticollision sequence

| Command | Code | Comment | Response | Code | Comment |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------|--------------------------------|---|
| SENS_REQ or | 26 | _ | ATQA | 42 00 | UID double size bit frame anticollision |
| ALL-REQ 5 | 52 | _ | AIQA | 42 00 | |
| SDD_REQ 1 | 93 20 | NVB 20 Number Valid bit (2 bytes Code & NVB) | - | CT uid1 uid2 uid3 BCC | CT Cascade Tag "0x88" (UID 7bytes) BCC Block Check Character (XOR previous Bytes) |
| SEL_REQ 1 | 93 70 CT uid1 uid2 uid3 BBC | NVB 70 (cmd NVB Uid lower bytes) CT Cascade Tag "0x88" | SAK & CRC | 04 DAD7 | UID Not complete |

| Command | Code | Comment | Response | Code | Comment |
|-----------|--|--|-----------|-------------------------------|---|
| SDD_REQ 2 | 95 20 | NVB 20 Number Valid bit (2 bytes Code & NVB) | - | uid4 uid5 uid6 uid7 BCC | (UID 7bytes) BCC Block Check Character (XOR previous Bytes) |
| SEL_REQ 1 | 95 70 uid4 uid5 uid6 uid7 BBC | NVB 70 (cmd NVB Uid Upper bytes) | SAK & CRC | 20 FC70 | UID complete |

Table 48. Example of anticollision sequence (continued)

5.9.2 RATS command and ATS response

RATS command and ATS response are used for NFC Forum Type 4A Tag Platform Device Activation (as defined in NFC Forum Digital Protocol specification).

Table 49 details the RATS command. This command shall be sent after the anticollision process.

| | Tub | 10 40: 14410 0011111 | laria | |
|--------------------|------|----------------------|-------|---------|
| Name | INS | Pai | Param | |
| Byte field | 0xE0 | 1 byte | | 2 bytes |
| Bit field | - | b7-b4 b3-b0 | | - |
| Instruction code | | | | |
| FSDI | | _ | | |
| DID (0 ≤ DID ≤ 14) | | | • | |
| 2 CRC bytes | | | | - |

Table 49, RATS command

The FSDI field codes the FSD, which defines the maximum size that an RF host is able to receive. *Table 50* gives the conversion from FSDI to FSD.

Table 50. Conversion from FSDI to FSD

| FSDI | 0x0 | 0x1 | 0x2 | 0x3 | 0x4 | 0x5 | 0x6 | 0x7 | 0x8 | 0x9h- 0xE | 0xF |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-----|
| FSD | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 64 | 96 | 128 | 256 | RFU | 256 |

The DID (Dynamic ID, optionally affected to the ST25TA16K by the host to address ST25TA16K in all commands) field defines the value of the addressed ST25TA16K. If DID is not '0', the ST25TA16K will ignore the command if it contains a DID different from the one affected to it during RATS.

Table 51. ATS response

| Name | TL | ТО | TA(1) | TB(1) | | TC(1) | CRC |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Byte field | 0x05 | 0x78 | 1 byte | 1 b | yte | 0x02 | 2 bytes |
| Bit field | - | - | - | b8-b5 | b4-b1 | - | - |
| Length of the response | e ATS | | | | | | |
| FSCI = 256 | bytes | • | | | | | |
| | ım ascending ım descendin | | • | | | | |
| FWI field (15 | 55 ms when 1 | TB = 0x90) | | • | | | |
| SFGI field (302 µs when TB = 0x90) | | | | | • | | |
| The DID is supported | | | | | | | |
| 2 CRC bytes | 3 | | | | | • | - |

The FSCI codes the FSC, which stands for the maximum frame size that the ST25TA16K is able to receive. The ST25TA16K is able to receive up to 256 bytes of command. If the RF host sends a command with more than 256 bytes, the ST25TA16K will not be able to treat the command and will not reply.

The FWI (Frame Waiting time Integer) codes the FWT, which stands for the Frame Waiting Time. This time corresponds to the maximum duration while an RF host shall send before sending the next command.

The SFGI codes the SFGT, which stands for the Start-up Frame Guard Time. This is the minimum time that the reader shall wait after receiving the response of the ST25TA16K.

5.9.3 PPS command and response

PPS (Protocol and Parameter Selection) command and response are defined in ISO/IEC 14443-4, in the Protocol Activation of PICC Type A.

The PPS command allows to change the data rates of the ascending (RF host to ST25TA16K) and descending (ST25TA16K to RF host) data rates.

Table 52. PPS command

| | Name | INS | | PPS0 | PPS1 | | | CRC |
|------|----------------------|-------|-------|------|--------|--------|-------|---------|
| | Byte field | 0xDX | | 0x11 | | 1 byte | | 2 bytes |
| | Bit field | b7-b4 | b3-b0 | - | 0b0000 | b3-b2 | b1-b0 | - |
| INS | Instruction | code | | | | | | |
| IINO | DID | | • | | | | | |
| - | PPS1 is pre | esent | | • | | | | |
| | RFU | | | | | | | |
| PPS1 | Descending data rate | | | | | | | |
| | Ascending data rate | | | | | | | |
| - | 2 CRC byte | es | | | | | | |

The ascending and descending data rates shall be coded as described in *Table 53*.

Table 53. Ascending and descending data rate coding

| Value | 0b00 | 0b01 | 0b10 | 0b11 |
|-----------|----------|------|------|------|
| Data rate | 106 kbps | RFU | RFU | RFU |

When the ST25TA16K is able to change both data rates, it returns the response detailed in *Table 54*. The data rate of this response is 106 kbps; then, the ST25TA16K changes the ascending and descending data rates.

Table 54. PPS response

| Name | INS | - | PPS0 |
|-----------------|-------|-------|------|
| Byte field 0xDX | | - | 0x11 |
| Bit field | b8-b5 | b4-b1 | - |
| Response code | | | |
| DID field | | • | |
| 2 CRC bytes | | | • |

ST25TA16K RF device operation

6 RF device operation

6.1 Anticollision and Device Activation command set for the RF interface

The ST25TA16K device supports the command set defined in the NFC-A Technology and the Type 4A Tag Platform chapters of the NFC Digital Protocol V1.0 specification.

6.2 Open an RFsession

Once the RF host has terminated the anticollision procedure and retrieve the ATS response, it shall send the SelectApplication command. The ST25TA16K will open an RF session. At this point, the RF host can send the applicative command set.

6.3 Close an RFsession

The RF host can close the RF session by issuing one of these methods:

- send an S(DES) command
- turn off the RF field

6.4 Applicative command set

The applicative command set is composed of the following command sets:

- the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag command set
- the ISO/IEC 7816-4 command set
- the proprietary command set

7 Functional procedures

This section describes procedures to access the memory or to manage its protection.

7.1 Selection of an NDEF message

The RF host shall use this procedure to detect the NDEF message inside an ST25TA16K.

The NDEF detection procedure is as follows:

- 1. Open an RF session
- 2. Send the SelectNDEFTagApplication command
- 3. Select the CC file
- 4. Read the CC file
- 5. Select the NDEF file.

7.2 Reading of an NDEF message

The RF host executes the NDEF read procedure to read the NDEF file.

- 1. Detect successfully the NDEF file using the NDEF detection procedure
- 2. Check that the read access without any security is granted for the NDEF file from the information provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Read the NDEF file.

7.3 Reading a locked NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file that has been locked previously.

- Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Verify the Read password by using the Verify command
- 4. Read the data in the NDEF file.

7.4 Locking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to protect an NDEF file.

- Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Check the right access provided by the CC file
- 3. Select the NDEF file
- 4. Transmit the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 5. Lock the NDEF file by sending the Enable verification command.

7.5 Unlocking an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file that has been locked previously.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Verify the NDEF file Write password by using the Verify command
- 4. Unlock the NDEF file by sending the Disable verification command

7.6 Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file

The RF host executes this procedure to read an NDEF file that has been locked previously.

- Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- 3. Transmit the NDEF file Write password using the Verify command
- 4. Send an EnablePermanentState command

7.7 Creating or updating an NDEF file

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the NDEF file
- Set the File Length to 0x00 using the UpdateBinary command
- 4. Write NDEF message content using the UpdateBinary command
- 5. Set the new File Length (must be always two written bytes), and elect the NDEF Tag Application

7.8 Changing the file type (applicable only on file 0x0001)

The RF host executes this procedure to change the File Type of a file for which all access rights were previously granted.

- 1. Select the NDEF Tag Application
- 2. Select the file 0x0001
- 3. Set the File Length to 0x00 using the UpdateBinary command
- 4. Send an UpdateFileType command with the New file Type as data.

UID: Unique identifier ST25TA16K

8 UID: Unique identifier

The ST25TA16K is uniquely identified by a 7 bytes unique identifier (UID). The UID is a read-only code and comprises:

- The IC manufacturer code on 1 byte (0x02 for STMicroelectronics).
- The Product code on 1 byte.
- A device number on 5 bytes.

Table 55 describes the UID format.

Table 55. UID format

| | 0x02 | 0xC5 | 5 bytes |
|------------------------|------|------|---------|
| IC manufacturer code | | | |
| ST25TA16K product code | | • | |
| Device number | | | • |

ST25TA16K Maximum ratings

9 Maximum ratings

Stressing the device above the ratings listed in *Table 56* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

Table 56. Absolute maximum ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit | |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------|------------------|--------|
| T _A | Ambient operating temperatu | ıre | -40 | 85 | °C |
| T _{STG} | Storage temperature | Sawn wafer on UV tape (kept in | 15 | 25 | °C |
| t _{STG} | Storage time | its original packing form) | - | 9 ⁽¹⁾ | months |
| T _{STG} | Storage temperature | Sawn bumped wafer (kept in its | 15 | 25 | °C |
| t _{STG} | Storage time | | | 9 (2) | months |
| I _{CC} (3) | RF supply current AC0 - AC | 1 | - | 100 | mA |
| V _{MAX_1} (3) | RF input voltage amplitude between AC0 and AC1, GND pad left floating | VAC0-VAC1 | - | 10 | ٧ |
| V _{MAX_2} (3) | AC voltage between AC0 and GND, or AC1 and GND | | | 4.5 | V |
| V _{ESD} | Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) (4) AC0-AC1 | | - | 1000 | V |
| V _{ESD} | Electrostatic discharge voltage (Machine model) | | - | 200 | V |

^{1.} Counted from ST shipment date.

^{2.} Counted from ST production (taping) date.

^{3.} Based on characterization, not tested in production. Maximum absorbed power = 100 mW at 7.5 A/m.

^{4.} AEC-Q100-002 (compliant with JEDEC Std JESD22-A114A, C1 = 100 pF, R1 = 1500 Ω , R2 = 500 Ω).

RF electrical parameters 10

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device in RF mode.

The parameters in the DC and AC characteristics tables that follow are derived from tests performed under the Measurement Conditions summarized in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the measurement conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

Table 57. Default operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| T _A | Ambient operating temperature | -40 | 85 | °C |

Table 58. RF characteristics (1)

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------------------|------|
| f _C | External RF signal frequency | - | 13.553 | 13.56 | 13.567 | MHz |
| H_ISO | Operating field according to ISO | T _A = 0 °C to 50 °C | 1500 | - | 7500 | mA/m |
| H_Extended | Operating field in extended temperature range | T _A = -40 °C to 85 °C | | - | 7500 | mA/m |
| MI _{CARRIER} | 100% carrier modulation index | MI=(A-B)/(A+B) | 90 | - | 100 | % |
| t ₁ | Pause A length | - | 28/f _C | - | 40.5/f _C | μs |
| t ₂ | Pause A low time | - | 7/f _C | - | t1 | μs |
| t ₃ | Pause A rise time | - | 1.5xt4 | - | 16/f _C | μs |
| t ₄ | Pause A rise time section | - | 0 | - | 6/f _C | μs |
| t _{MIN CD} | Minimum time from carrier generation to first data | From H-field min | - | - | 5 | ms |
| W _t | RF write time (including internal Verify) for one page | - | - | 6 | - | ms |
| C _{TUN} | Internal tuning capacitor in SO8 (2) | f _C = 13.56 MHz | 22.5 | 25 | 27.5 | pF |
| t _{RF_OFF} | RF OFF time | Chip reset | - | - | 5 | ms |

^{1.} All timing characterizations were performed on a reference antenna with the following characteristics:

External size: 75 mm x 48 mm

Number of turns: 6
Width of conductor: 0.6 mm
Space between two conductors: 0.6 mm
Value of the tuning capacitor in SO8: 25 pF (ST25TA16K)
Value of the coil: 5 µH

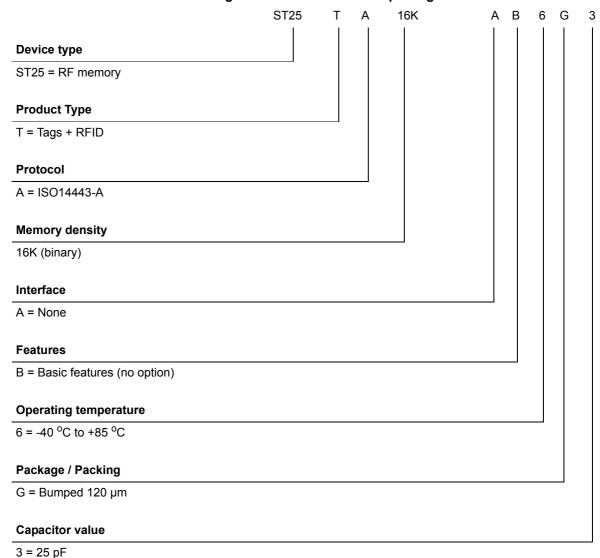
Tuning frequency: 14.2 MHz.

2. Characterized only, at room temperature only, measured at VAC0-VAC1 = 1 V peak to peak, at 13.56 MHz.

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11 Ordering information

Table 59. Ordering information scheme for packaged devices



Note:

Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

Revision history ST25TA16K

12 Revision history

Table 60. Document revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|----------|---|
| 05-May-2015 | 1 | Initial release. |
| 31-Aug-2016 | 2 | Updated Description and image on Cover page. Updated Figure 2: Changing the read access right to an NDEF file and Figure 3: Changing the write access right to an NDEF file. Added Section 5.8.3: UpdateFileType command. Updated Section 5.9.2: RATS command and ATS response, Section 5.9.3: PPS command and response, Section 7.6: Reaching the read-only state for an NDEF file, Section 7.7: Creating or updating an NDEF file and Section 7.8: Changing the file type (applicable only on file 0x0001). Updated Table 9: RF command sets, Table 10: I-Block format, Table 16: S-Block format, Table 41: C-APDU of the ExtendedReadBinary command and Table 59: Ordering information scheme for packaged devices. Updated Table 56: Absolute maximum ratings and added footnote 2. Updated title of Table 50: Conversion from FSDI to FSD and of Section 11: Ordering information. |
| 21-Oct-2016 | 3 | Updated Features, Section 3.4: NDEF file passwords, Section 5.9.1: Anticollision command set and Section 5.9.2: RATS command and ATS response. Updated Table 4: CC file layout for one NDEF file, Table 5: NDEF file layout and Table 6: Field list. Added Table 48: Example of anticollision sequence. Removed former footnote 1 from Table 6: Field list. |
| 16-Feb-2017 | 4 | Updated footnote 2 of Table 58: RF characteristics. |

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