

Date	Rev.	Description

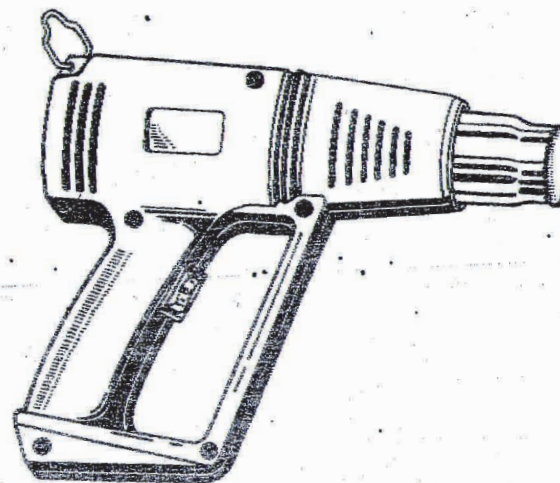
Persons removing paint should follow these guidelines:

- 1) Move the work-piece outdoors. If this is not possible, keep the work area well ventilated. Open the windows and put an exhaust fan in one of them. Be sure the fan is moving the air from inside to outside.
- 2) Remove or cover any carpets, rugs, furniture, clothing, cooking utensils and air ducts.
- 3) Place drop cloths in the work area to catch any paint chips or peelings. Wear protective clothing such as extra work shirts, overalls and hats.
- 4) Work in one room at a time. Furnishings should be removed or placed in the center of the room and covered. Work areas should be sealed off from the rest of the dwelling by sealing doorways with drop cloths.
- 5) Children, pregnant or potentially pregnant women and nursing mothers should not be present in the work area until the work is done and all clean up is complete.
- 6) Wear a dust respirator mask or a dual filter (dust and fume) respirator mask which has been approved by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the National Institute of Safety and Health (NIOSH), or the United States Bureau of Mines. These masks and replaceable filters are readily available at major hardware stores. Be sure the mask fits. Beards and facial hair may keep masks from sealing properly. Change filters often. **DISPOSABLE PAPER MASKS ARE NOT ADEQUATE.**
- 7) Use caution when operating the heat gun. Keep the heat gun moving as excessive heat will generate fumes which can be inhaled by the operator.
- 8) Keep food and drink out of the work area. Wash hands, arms and face and rinse mouth before eating or drinking. Do not smoke or chew gum or tobacco in the work area.
- 9) Clean up all removed paint and dust by wet mopping the floors. Use a wet cloth to clean all walls, sills and any other surface where paint or dust is clinging. **DO NOT SWEEP, DRY DUST OR VACUUM.** Use a high phosphate detergent or trisodium phosphate (TSP) to wash and mop areas.
- 10) At the end of each work session put the paint chips and debris in a double plastic bag, close it with tape or twist ties and dispose of properly.
- 11) Remove protective clothing and work shoes in the work area to avoid carrying dust into the rest of the dwelling. Wash work clothes separately. Wipe shoes off with a wet rag that is then washed with the work clothes. Wash hair and body thoroughly with soap and water.
- 12) when you not hold this product by hand, put it on the stand only. Don't let it lay on the floor or any supporting surface directly.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

HEAT GUN

OWNET'S MANUAL



Before Using Be Sure to
Read This Manual
MADE IN TAIWAN

DCC. NO.
A4 DRAWING NO.

MATERIAL		GOLDSUN ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.			
		JAMECO NO. 254925		GOLDSUN NO. GDT-1001A	
DRAWN: Ivan		DESCRIPTION HEAT GUN 1200W, 110VAC			
VERIFY PEOPLE: Jenny		UNIT: mm	SCALE: 1:1	SHEET 1 OF 1	Rev. 1
				CAS No:	ERN No:

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HELPFUL TIPS:

- **For Removing Paint** – The heat gun is an efficient tool for removing paint from wood. Removal of paint by using heat is based on the fact that all organic paints soften at elevated temperature. When soft, the paints can be easily scraped off without damage to the surface. Keep in mind that you are not trying to burn off the paint, but rather just heating it enough to soften it so that it can be easily scraped off. The best method of paint removal is to move the gun slowly and steadily forward at an angle to the surface with nozzle pointed in the direction of motion.
- **For Lifting Floor Tile** – Floor tile can be easily lifted by heating the tile to be removed, thus softening the adhesive backing. Inserting a blade such as a putty knife under the tile when the adhesive is soft will allow you to separate the tile from the floor.
- **For Window Repair** – When using the heat gun near glass, great care must be taken to gradually bring the glass surrounding the area to be worked on up in temperature or shielding the glass from direct heat or you may crack the glass.

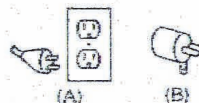
SPECIFICATIONS:

- High Temp. : 1000°F
- Low Temp. : 600°F
- Watts : 1200
- Amps : 10
- Btu's : 4100

SAFETY RULES:

This is designed with safety in mind. You can rely on and have confidence in it; however, you must follow basic safety rules as follows: –

1. Do not expose to rain or moisture. Put it indoors.
2. Avoid using the heat gun in an atmosphere containing explosive or combustible gases. Don't drop the heat gun or jar its nozzle; such mechanical shocks can cause damage to the unit.
3. Make sure it has cooled sufficiently before leaving it unattached in work area.
4. Never use the heat gun for hair drying or for drying off clothes while it is being worn.
5. This equipment should be plugged 3-prong grounding-type receptacle, as shown figure A. Do not use a 3-prong to 2-prong grounding (As shown, in figure B) adapter unless permitted by local and national codes and ordinances.



6. If it needs to use an extension cord with the heat gun, it should be the grounded type and should be at least 12 gauge. Don't abuse the extension cord, never allow wheels to ride over the cord.

7. Keep away the heat gun nozzle closer than "1" from the part being heated.

8. Don't touch a plugged-in heat gun while you are in wet surface.

9. Secure work. Don't disassemble the heat gun. This must only be done by qualified service personnel to ensure that the internal safety features are not damaged.

10. Don't overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.

CAUTION:

1. If heat gun doesn't turn on when switch is in a "ON" position, turn switch back to "OFF" position at once. And then, please send it to an authorized service location for repair.
2. Not to touch the metal nozzle when the gun is in use. Severe burns could result, because of high temperature of the nozzle.
3. Due to the high heat, the nozzle will discolor in use. And a small amount of smoke may also be noticed during the initial use. This is normal and will not affect the life of the unit.
4. For rapid cooling the unit, please stand the unit in a upright position when you shut off the heat gun.

Hidden areas such as behind walls, ceilings, floors, soffit boards and other panels may contain flammable materials that could be ignited by the heat gun when working in these locations. The ignition of these materials may not be readily apparent and could result in property damage and injury to persons.

When working in these locations, keep the heat gun moving in a back-and-forth motion.

Lingering or pausing in one spot could ignite the panel or the material behind it.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: Extreme care should be taken when stripping paint. The peelings, residue and vapors of paint may contain lead, which is poisonous. Any pre-1977 paint may contain lead and paint applied to homes prior to 1950 is likely to contain lead. Once deposited on surfaces, hand to mouth contact can result in the ingestion of lead. Exposure to even low levels of lead can cause irreversible brain and nervous system damage; young and unborn children are particularly vulnerable.

Before beginning any paint removal process you should determine whether the paint you are removing contains lead. This can be done by your local health department or by a professional who uses a paint analyzer to check the lead content of the paint to be removed. **LEAD-BASED PAINT SHOULD ONLY BE REMOVED BY A PROFESSIONAL AND SHOULD NOT BE REMOVED USING A HEAT GUN.**

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