



## **Flat Panel Displays**

**Overcoming High-Ambient Light Conditions** 

Ferdinand Tercenio, Display BU Sr. Applications Engineer

Class ID: 4C04I

Renesas Electronics America Inc.

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### **Ferdinand Tercenio**

#### Senior Applications Engineer – REA Display Business Unit

- Provide Technical Customer Support on LCD applications in the Americas
  - Advise solutions to common LCD problems
  - Debug and troubleshoot customer's application
  - Work with NLT Technologies in Japan to resolve advanced technical issues
- Examine REA LCD RMA issues requiring further analysis
  - Scrutinize panel failure
  - Investigate for reasons of failure
- Assist of building demonstration computers and display housings for field demo program
  - Manage Inventory
  - Design and Specify custom peripherals
  - Add software support
  - Debug systems
- 12 years engineering experience in the Display BU





## Renesas Technology & Solution Portfolio



## **Display Module Solutions**

Sophisticated solutions Sustainable support

#### **LED Backlight LCDs**

#### **Enhanced View TFT (EVT)**

- Low power consum<sup>r</sup>
- Long life LEDs
- Thin profile and light
- Replaceable LED lic

#### Wide

- More data on a sine
- 16:9 aspect ratio

#### **Enhanced View TFT (EVT)**

- Suited for a variety of ambient-light environments
- Proprietary transflective LCD technologies
  - Reflective-Enhanced View TFT (R-EVT)

- - Transmissive-Enhanced View TFT (T-EVT)

#### **Industrial**

- Robust feature sets
- Long-term product support
- Amorphous silicon (A-Si) displays
- Low-temperature polysilicon (LTPS) displays

- 2D/3D displays
- On-cell touch
- PCAP touch

ient-light

) technologies TFT (R-EVT) iew TFT (T-ÉVT)

(SFT)

gamut

ologies





## **Innovation**

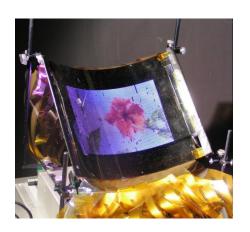














## **'Enabling The Smart Society'**

#### Challenge:

"In the smart society, obtaining information anywhere one goes will be typical. Usually it is through a display and being able to view these information under the sun via a portable devices or fix stations will require some classes of displays."

#### Solution:

"This class will introduce you to the technologies that are used to overcome high ambient light conditions, understand what light can do to displays and what NLT can do to provide and help solve these problems."



## **Agenda**

Properties of Light

Viewability in High Ambient Light Conditions

Solutions for High Ambient Light Conditions

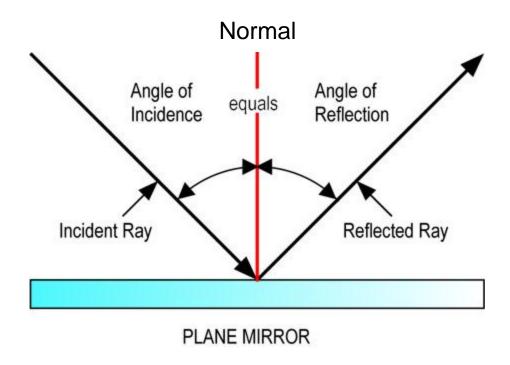
Technology Overview



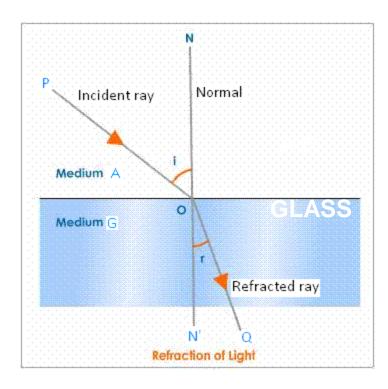




Specular Reflection - the mirror-like reflection of light.

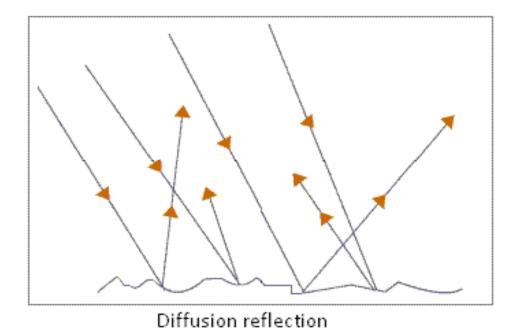


Refraction – the change in direction of light when passing through one transparent medium to another.



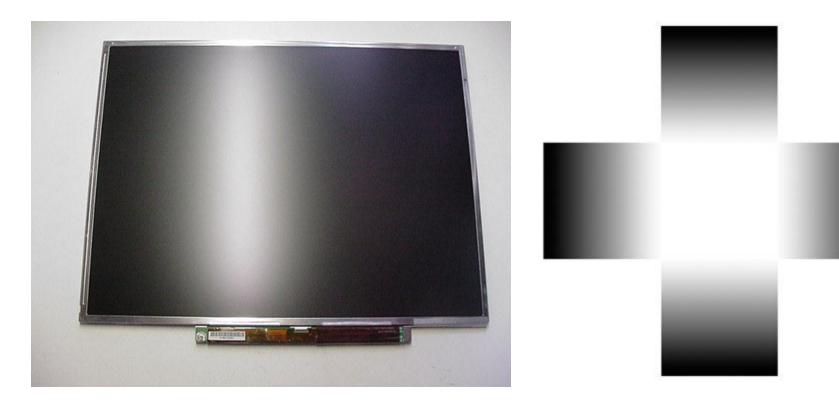


Diffusion – incident light is reflected in many directions



**DEVCON**Enabling the Smart Society

 Glare – Reduction of contrast of the source image due to high incident light reflections.



## **Issues Affecting FPD Viewability in High Ambient Light**



## **Environmental conditions**

Outdoor or direct sunlight





## **Reflection & Glare in Strong Sunlight**

#### **Standard AG surface**



High reflection Low contrast

#### **Enhanced for sunlight readability**



Low reflection Improved contrast

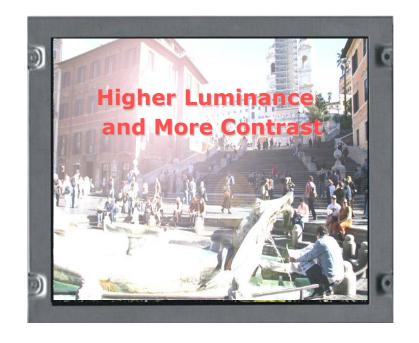
## **Attributes That Affect Viewability**

- Front of screen peak luminance
- Contrast

**Standard Clear Surface** 



## **Enhanced Panel Clearer but still whitish**



## **Solutions for High Ambient Light Conditions**



## **CCFL Backlight Systems**

- High bright CCFL
  - Touch panels will reduce a display's luminance and increase surface reflections making it harder to see.
  - Extreme brightness of 1100 nits offsets the reduction of luminance and reflection.



#### High bright CCFL backlight system

NL8060BC31-36

1100 nits





## **LED Backlight Systems**

- High bright LED
  - To improve backlight life, NLT Technologies, Ltd. optimized the LED alignment and heat dissipation design achieving a high bright LED backlight system comparable to high bright CCFL backlights.



#### **High bright LED backlight system**

NL10276BC24-21F

800 nits @ 50mA/circuit

1000 nits @ 70m/circuit





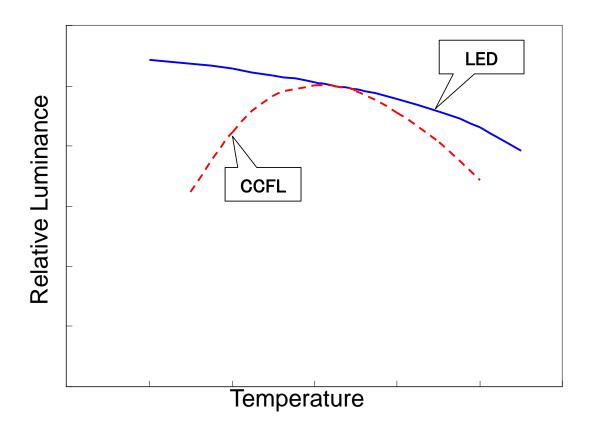
## **CCFL vs. LED Backlight Systems**

	CCFL	LED	
Light source type	Linear type	Spot type	
Drive method	AC High voltage INV creates harmonic noise	DC	
Dimming range	15 to 100%	0 to 100%	
Thermal property	Significant thermal independence	Linear thermal independence	
Optical property deviation	Luminance: $\pm 10\%$ Chromaticity: $\pm 0.010$	Luminance: over 10% Chromaticity:~0.025	
Power consumption	High	40% lower than CCFL	
Thermal performance	Low start-ability and shorter life at low temperatures	Exothermic	
Environmental	Small amount of Mercury	Mercury free	



## **CCFL vs. LED Backlighting**

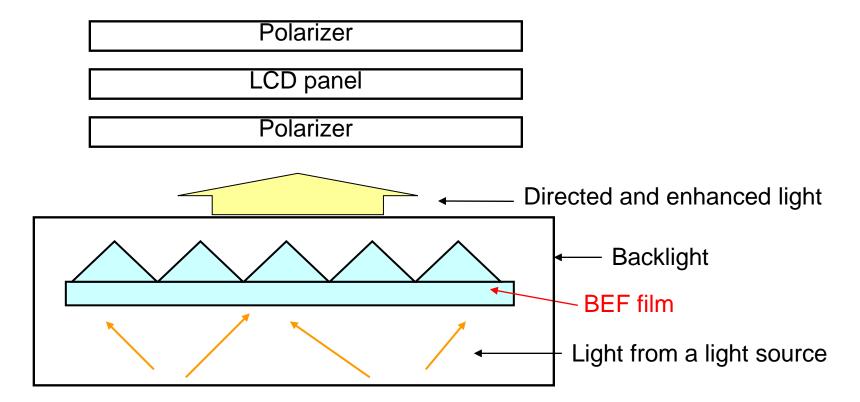
Relative luminance vs. temperature





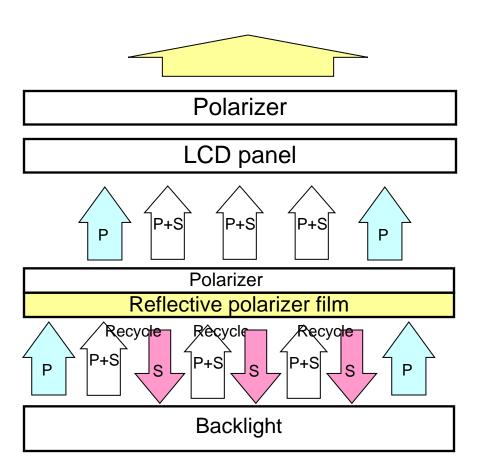
## **Brightness Enhancement Film (BEF)**

The film is inserted into a backlight to direct diffusive light from a light source.



# Reflective Polarizer Film (DBEF, APCF and etc...)

- Reflective polarizer made of multi layer plastic film.
- Reflects and transmits light from backlight selectively.



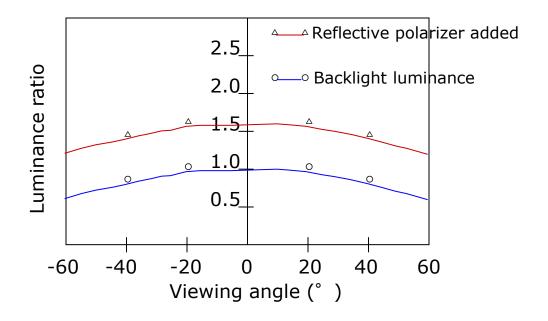
On the film S wave is reflected and goes back into a backlight and recycled.

The recycled light is mixed with S and P wave again.



## Reflective Polarizer Film (DBEF, APCF and etc...)

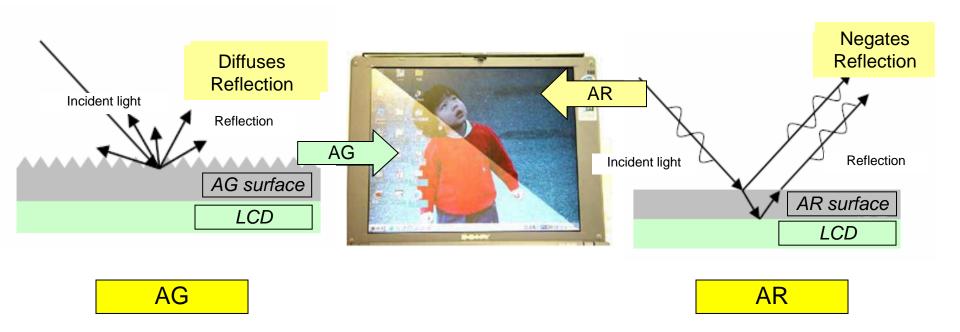
- By using the Reflective Polarizer Film, the brightness is boosted 1.3 to 1.6 times.
- By adding with another BEF film in a backlight, the brightness can be boosted further more.





#### **AG & AR Passive Enhancement Films**

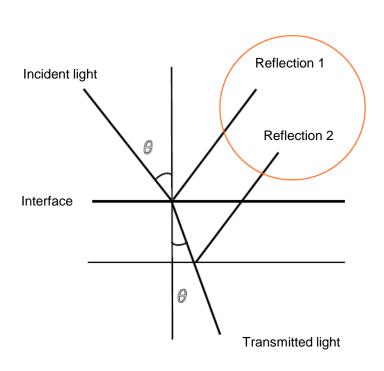
- Anti-Glare (AG) diffuses reflection
- Anti-Reflective (AR) negates reflection

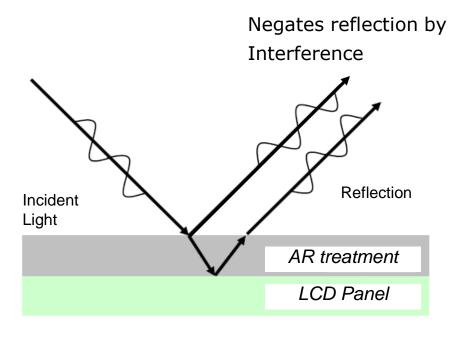




### **Anti-Reflection Film**

The difference in reflection index and path creates a phase difference that negates the effect.





## **AR Film Details**

#### **Front**

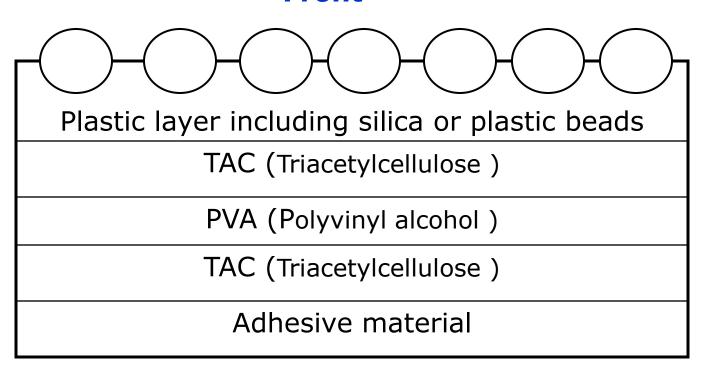
Low index layer (Sio2 and etc.)				
High index layer (TiO2, ITO, Nb2O5 and etc.)				
SiO2				
High index layer (TiO2)				
SiO2				
Hard coat or Anti-glare layer				
Base film (TAC, PET and etc.)				
Adhesive material				

#### **Back**



#### **AG Film Details**

#### **Front**

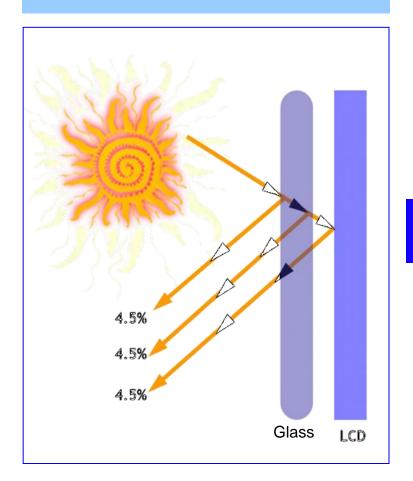


**Back** 

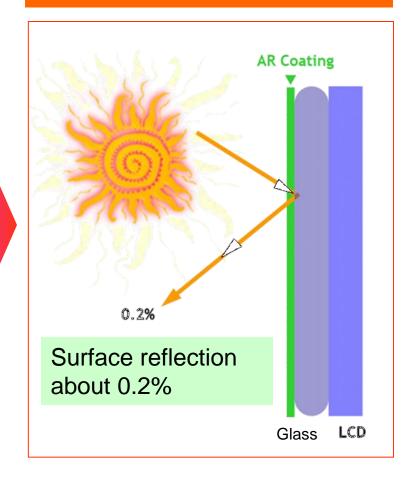


## **Glass Overlay vs. Direct Bonding**

#### **Glass Overlay**

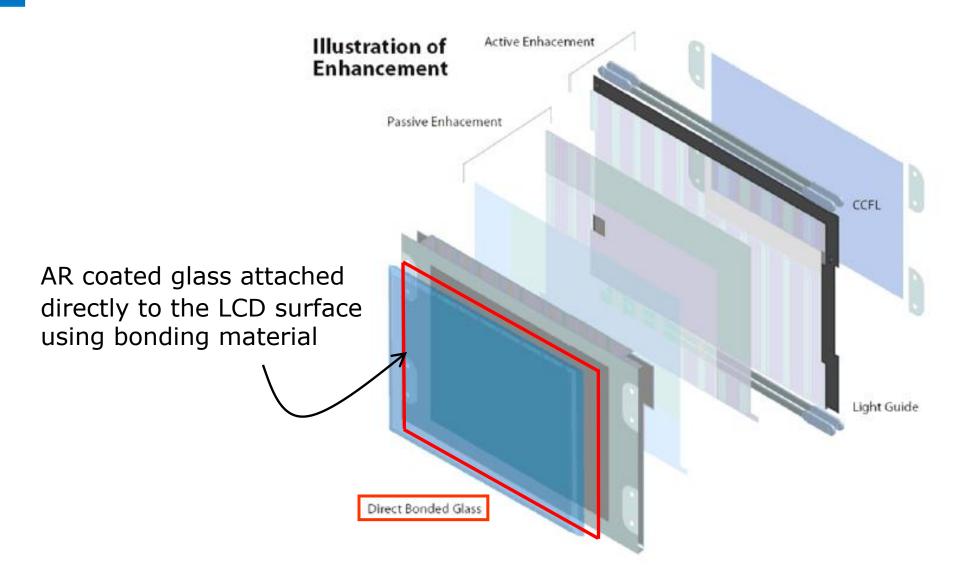


#### **Direct Bond + AR Coating**





## **Direct Bonding**



## **Solution Comparisons**

	Cost	Weight	Complexity
High bright backlight	High	Middle to heavy	Very complex
AG or AR film	Low	Low	Good
Bonding and Special overlays	Very High	Very heavy	Very complex

## **Technology Overview**



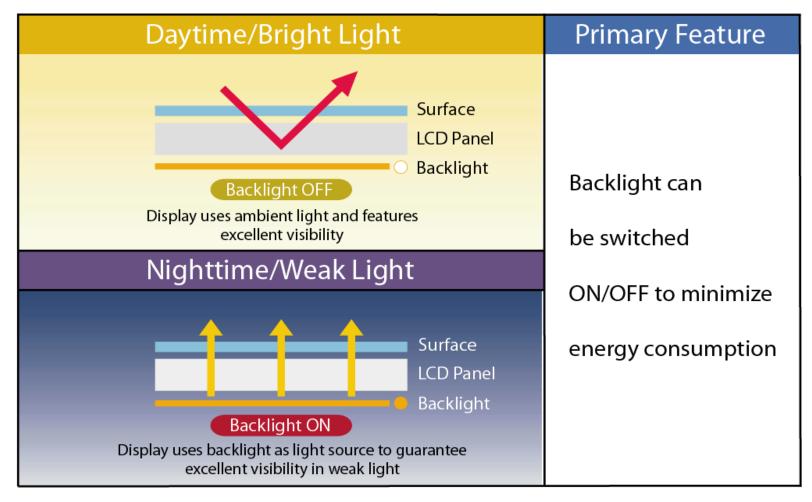
## **Enhanced View TFT (EVT)**

- Proprietary transflective LCD technologies
  - Reflective-Enhanced View TFT (R-EVT)
    - Formerly known as SR-NLT
  - Transmissive-Enhanced View TFT (T-EVT)
    - Formerly known as ST-NLT
- Suited for a variety of ambient-light environments

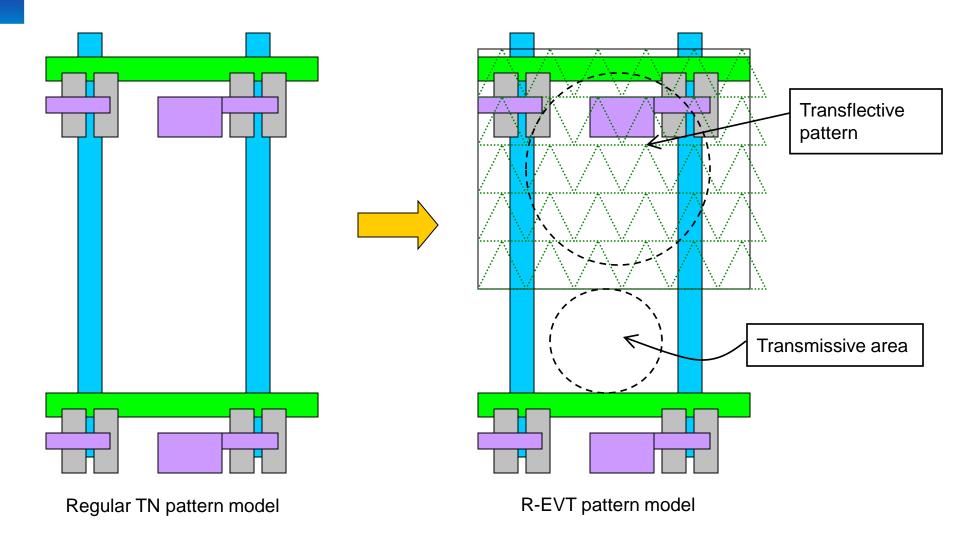


#### **R-EVT – Reflective-Enhanced View TFT**

Backlight ON or OFF - Highly reflective surface, great for direct sunlight applications where backlight is normally off for maximum power savings



### **R-EVT Mechanism**





#### **R-EVT Mechanism**

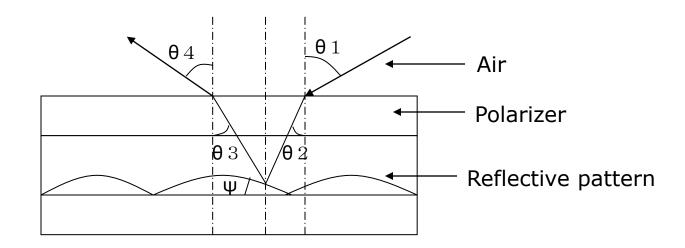
With full flat reflective pattern only frontal reflection can be seen.



Tiny bumpy reflective pattern makes the reflection more diffused.

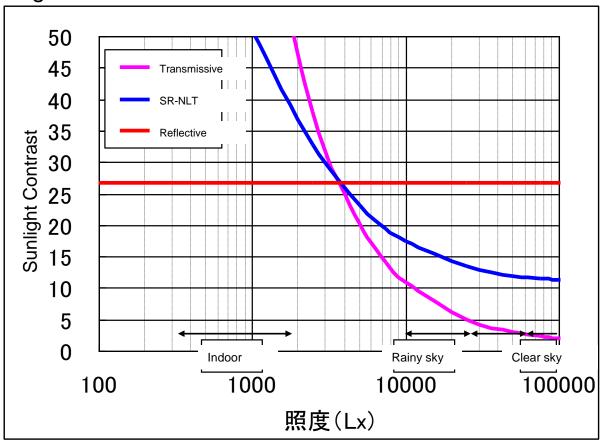


The reflection pattern design is the most crucial. Refraction index from gap between the reflective pattern and air has to be taken into consideration



### **R-EVT – Bright Ambient Contrast**

#### Bright ambient contrast



R-EVT has a medium contrast property between complete reflective and transmissive.



### **R-EVT Comparison**



**Standard TN** with BL Off

Reflection ratio: ~0%

**R-EVT** with BL Off

NEC NL10276BC20-10

Reflection ratio: 35%



### **R-EVT Comparison**

#### NLT NL10276BC20-10

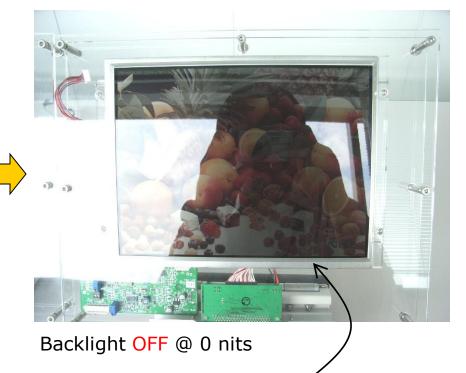


Backlight ON @ 175 nits

Reflection ratio: 35%

Contrast ratio: Transmissive: 150:1

Transflective: 15:1



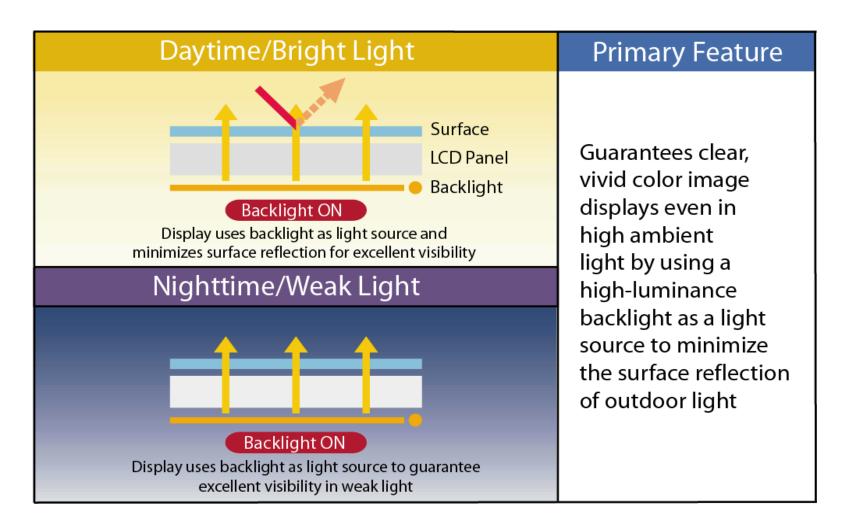
To contain reflection, even for R-EVT, AR is

recommended as best



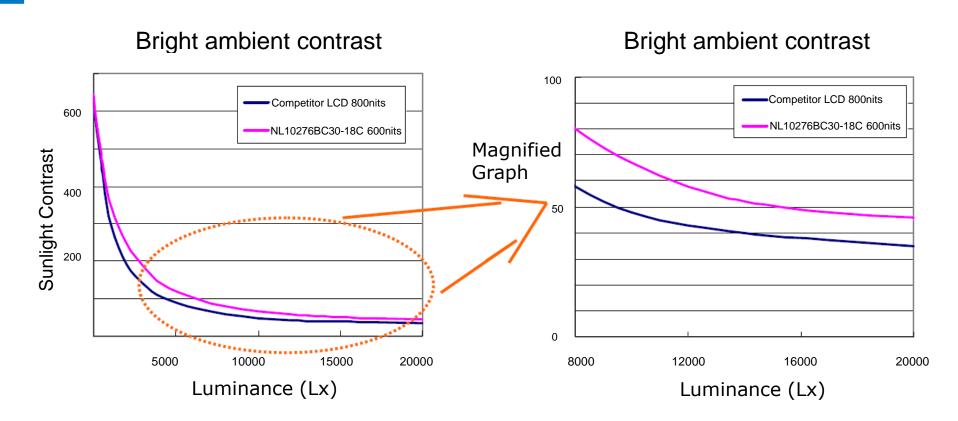
#### T-EVT - Transmissive-Enhanced View TFT

Backlight ON - High efficient backlight + proprietary AR





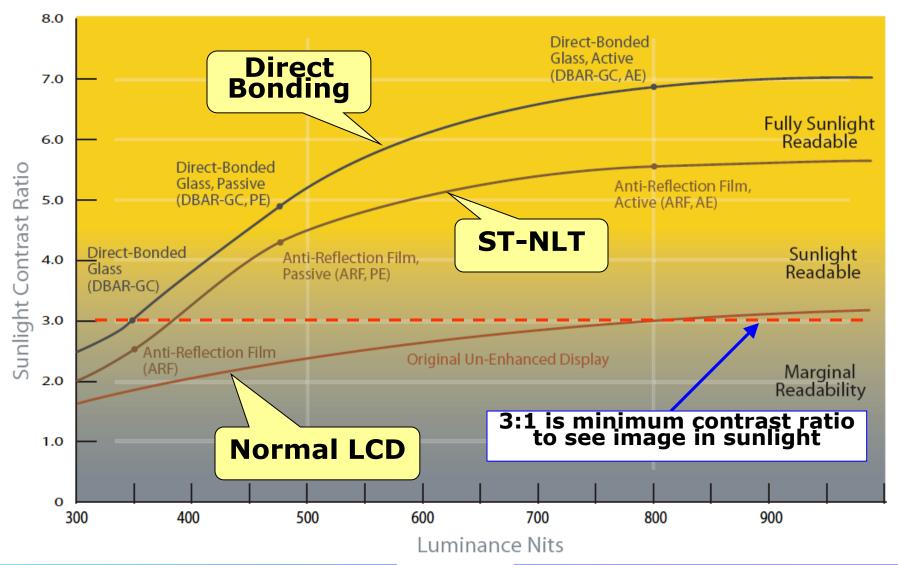
#### **T-EVT – Transmissive-Enhanced View TFT**



T-EVT is better in bright ambient



### **Contrast Ratio in Sunlight**



## **Competitive Comparison**



Competitor LCD

800 nits



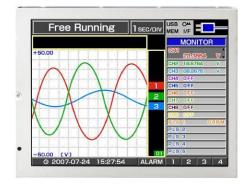
T-EVT

NLT NL10276BC30-18C

600 nits

200 nits lower but more viewable

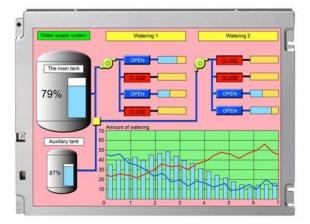
# **Examples of High Bright LED Backlight Systems**



NL6448BC20-30C/30F 900nits



NL8060BC21-11C/11F 800 nits



NL6448BC33-70C/70F 800nits



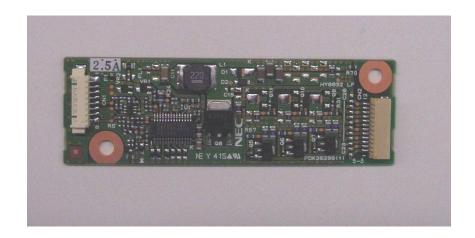


#### **Advantages of R-EVT & T-EVT**

- R-EVT & T-EVT products carry full manufacturer's warranty.
- NLT uses "passive" enhancements and avoids the reliability pitfalls of high brighting or overdriving lighting components by "brute force". (R-EVT)
- While most customers shop "peak luminance" figures what they should buy is "contrast". (R-EVT & T-EVT)
- An NLT T-EVT panel @ 375 nits equals a standard panel @ 810 nits. Overdriving backlights is not needed.
- In standard TN, increasing the peak (white) luminance, black level also rises making the panel no better in contrast. It may actually cause "wash out". Our T-EVT maintains contrast.

#### **NLT LED Driver Board**

- Same footprint as CCFL boards
- Support up to 6 series LED strings
- Compact size





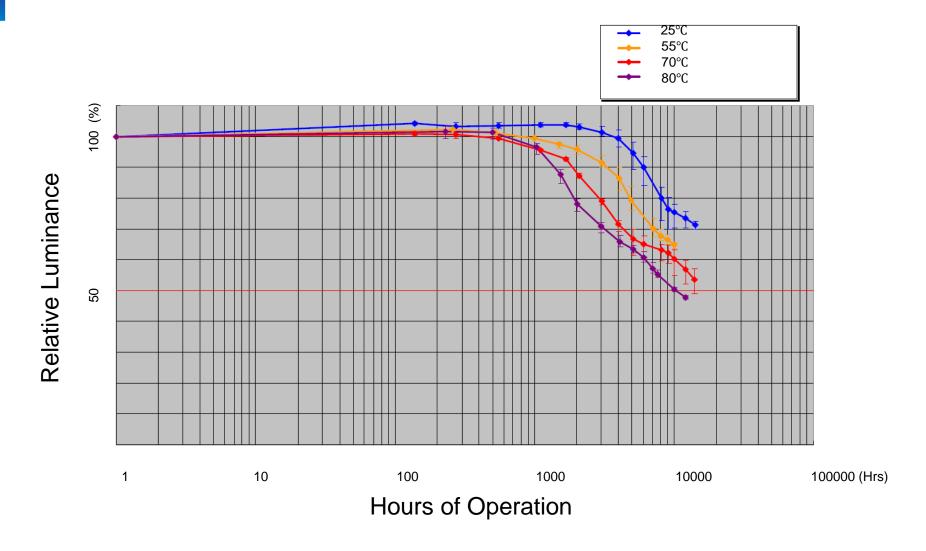
## **High Bright LED Backlight Systems**

#### NLT LED driver line up

Size	Part No.		LED driver board	Driver board harness
6.5	NL6448BC20-	30/30D	104PW03F	121CBL02
6.5	NL6448BC20-	30C/30F	104PW03F	121CBL02
8.4	NL6448BC26-	26/26D/27/27D	104PW03F	121CBL02
8.4	NL6448BC26-	26C/26F/27C/27F	104PW03F	121CBL02
8.4	NL8060BC21-	10/10D/11/11D	104PW03F	121CBL02
8.4	NL8060BC21-	10C/10F/11C/11F	104PW03F	121CBL02
9	NL8048BC24-	09/09D	104PW03F	121CBL02
10.4	NL6448BC33-	70/70D/71/71D	104PW03F	121CBL02
10.4	NL6448BC33-	70C/70F/71C/71F	104PW01F	121CBL02
10.4	NL8060BC26-	35/35D/36/36D	104PW03F	121CBL02
10.4	NL8060BC26-	35C/35F/36C/36F	104PW01F	121CBL02
10.4	NL10276BC20-	18/18D	104PW02F	104CBL01
12.1	NL8060BC31-	46/46D/47/47D	121PW02F	121CBL02
12.1	NL8060BC31-	46C/46F/47C/47F	104PW03F	121CBL02
12.1	NL8060BC31-	50C/50F	104PW03F	121CBL03
12.1	NL12880BC20-	05/05D	104PW03F	121CBL03
15	NL10276BC30-	34D	150PW02F	150CBL02

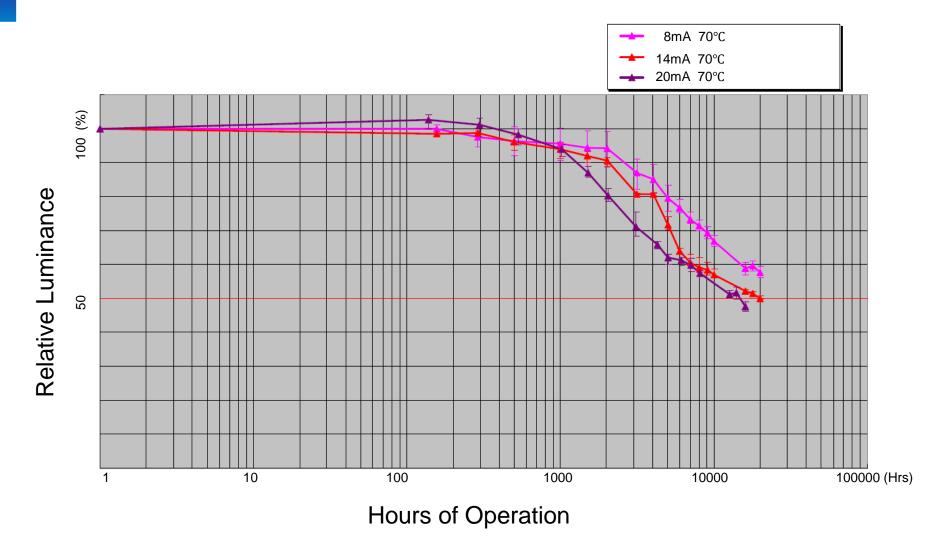


## **LED Lifetime @ Temperature**





# **LED Lifetime vs. Drive Current @ Temperature**



#### **Additional Comments**

#### Power is not free

- Higher power designs are typically more complex, larger & expensive.
- Higher power in the form of heat.
- Higher operating temperatures create opportunities for failure.
- Larger mechanical "footprint" dictates larger product designs.



### **Summary**

Properties of Light

Viewability in High Ambient Light Conditions

Solutions for High Ambient Light Conditions

Technology Overview





#### **Innovation**

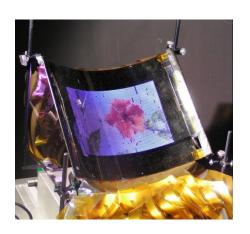






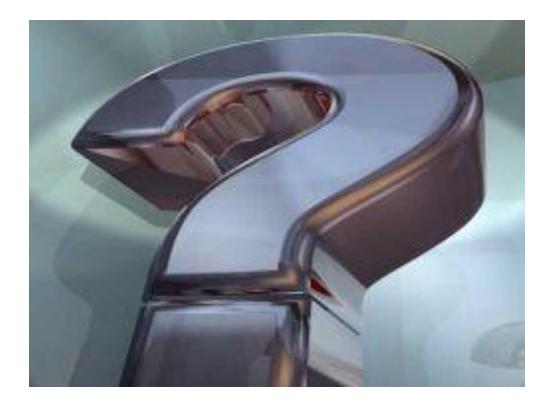








# **Questions?**



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#### Solution:

"This class will introduce you to the technologies that are used to overcome high ambient light conditions, understand what light can do to displays and what NLT can do to provide and help solve these problems."

Do you agree that we accomplished the above statement?



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