

PAM8302A
2.5W FILTERLESS CLASS-D MONO AUDIO AMPLIFIER
Description

The PAM8302A is a 2.5W Class-D mono audio amplifier. Its low THD+N feature offers high quality sound reproduction. The new filterless architecture allows the device to drive speakers directly instead of using low-pass output filters, therefore saving system cost and PCB area.

With the same number of external components, the efficiency of the PAM8302A is much better than that of Class-AB cousins. It can optimize battery life thus is ideal for portable applications.

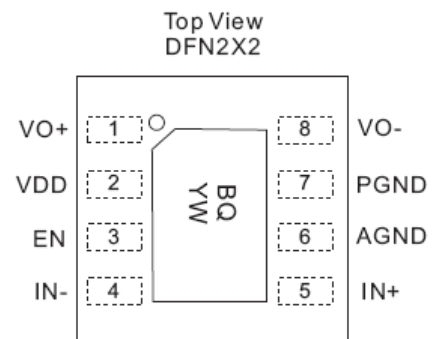
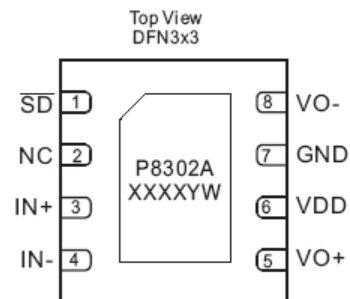
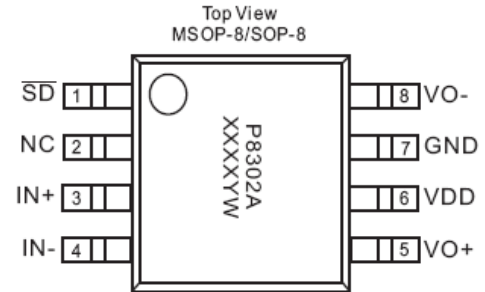
The PAM8302A is available in MSOP-8, SOP-8, DFN3x3-8 and DFN2x2-8 packages.

Features

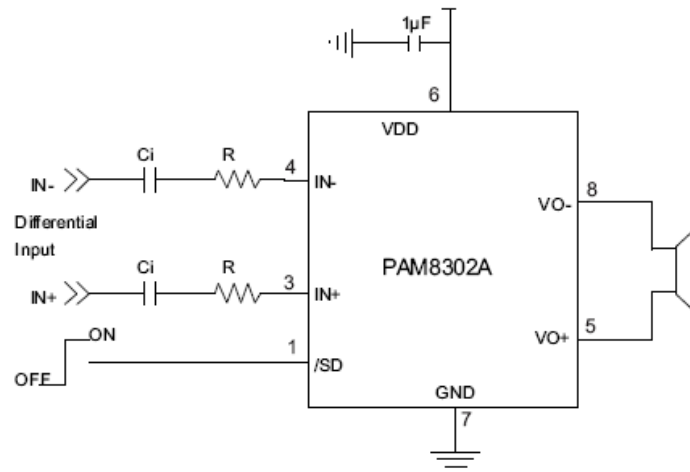
- 2.5W Output at 10% THD with a 4Ω Load and 5V Power Supply
- Filterless, Low Quiescent Current and Low EMI
- High Efficiency up to 88%
- Superior Low Noise
- Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown,
- Few External Components to Save Space and Cost
- MSOP-8, SOP-8, DFN3x3-8 and DFN2x2-8 Packages Available
- Pb-Free Packages

Applications

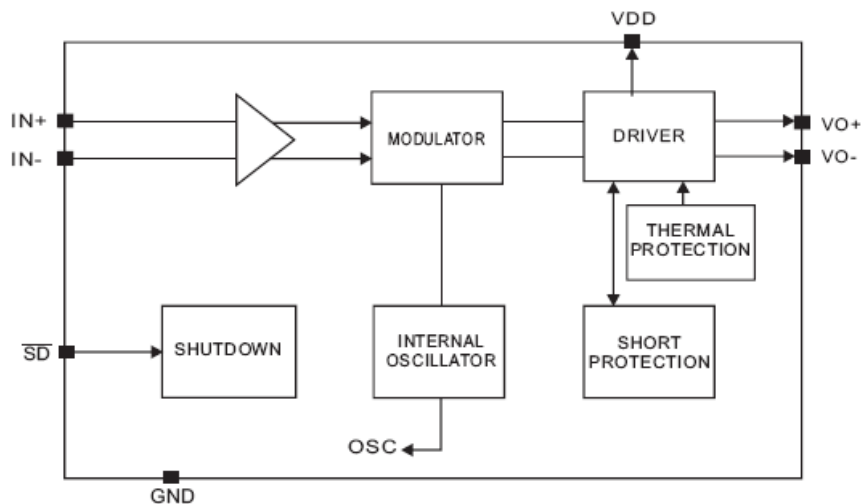
- PMP/MP4
- GPS
- Portable Speakers
- Walkie Talkie
- Handsfree phones/Speaker Phones
- Cellular Phones

Pin Assignments


Typical Applications Circuit



Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

These are stress ratings only and functional operation is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged time periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are with respect to ground.

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage at No Input Signal	6.0	V
Input Voltage	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	
Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	
Soldering Temperature	300, 5sec	

Recommended Operating Conditions (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	2.0 to 5.5	V
Operation Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C

Thermal Information

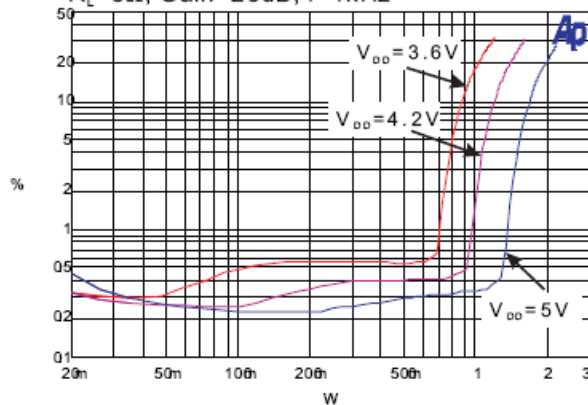
Parameter	Package	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	SOP-8	θ_{JA}	115	°C/W
	MSOP-8		180	
	DFN3x3-8		4739	
	DFN2x2-8		80	

Electrical Characteristics (@T_A = +25°C, V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_O = 1.8V, C_{IN} = 10μF, C_{OUT} = 10μF, L = 4.7μH, unless otherwise specified.)

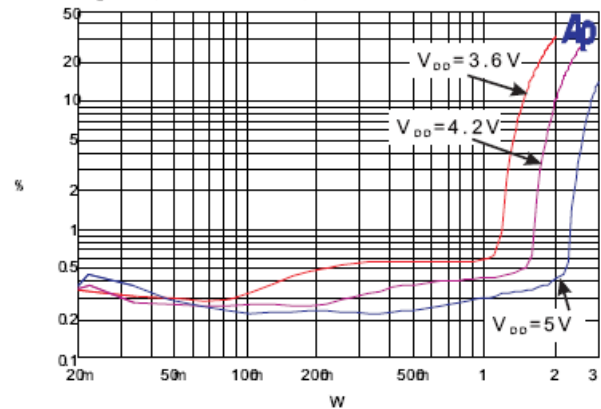
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}		2.0		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	I _Q	No Load		4	8	mA
Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}	V _{SHDN} = 0V			1	μA
Output Power	P _O	f = 1kHz, R _L = 4Ω, THD+N = 10%, V _{DD} = 5V	2.25	2.50		W
		f = 1kHz, R _L = 4Ω, THD+N = 10%, V _{DD} = 3.6V	1.10	1.25		
		f = 1kHz, R _L = 4Ω, THD+N = 1%, V _{DD} = 5V	1.80	2.00		
		f = 1kHz, R _L = 4Ω, THD+N = 1%, V _{DD} = 3.6V	0.86	0.95		
		f = 1kHz, R _L = 8Ω, THD+N = 10%, V _{DD} = 5V	1.35	1.50		
		f = 1kHz, R _L = 8Ω, THD+N = 10%, V _{DD} = 3.6V	0.72	0.80		
Peak Efficiency	η	f = 1kHz, V _{DD} = 5V		85	88	%
		f = 1kHz, V _{DD} = 3.6V		85	88	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	R _L = 8Ω, P _O = 0.1W, f = 1kHz		0.30	0.35	%
		R _L = 8Ω, P _O = 0.5W, f = 1kHz		0.45	0.50	
		R _L = 4Ω, P _O = 0.1W, f = 1kHz		0.35	0.40	
		R _L = 4Ω, P _O = 0.5W, f = 1kHz		0.40	0.45	
Gain	G _V		22.5	24.0	25.5	dB
Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	No Inputs, f = 1kHz, V _{PP} = 200mV	45	50		dB
Dynamic Range	DYN	f = 20 to 20kHz	85	90		dB
Signal to Noise Ratio	SNR	f = 20 to 20kHz	75	80		dB
Noise	V _N	No A-Weighting		180	300	μV
		A-Weighting		120	200	
Oscillator Frequency	f _{OSC}		200	250	300	kHz
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R _{DS(ON)}	I _{DS} = 100mA	P MOSFET	0.45	0.50	Ω
			N MOSFET	0.20	0.25	
SHDN Input High	V _{SH}		1.2			V
SHDN Input Low	V _{SL}				0.4	
Over Temperature Protection	OTP	Junction Temperature	120	135		°C
Over Temperature Hysteresis	OTH			30		°C

Typical Performance Characteristics (@ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

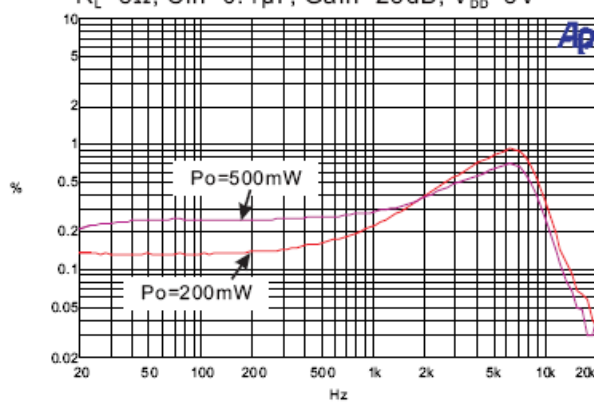
THD+N VS Output Power
 $R_L=8\Omega$, Gain=23dB, $f=1\text{kHz}$



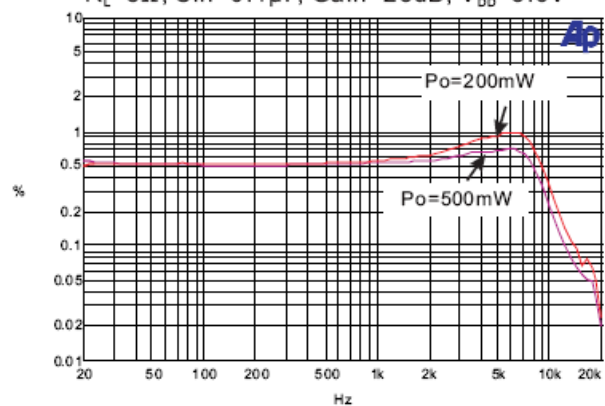
THD+N VS Output Power
 $R_L=4\Omega$, Gain=23dB, $f=1\text{kHz}$



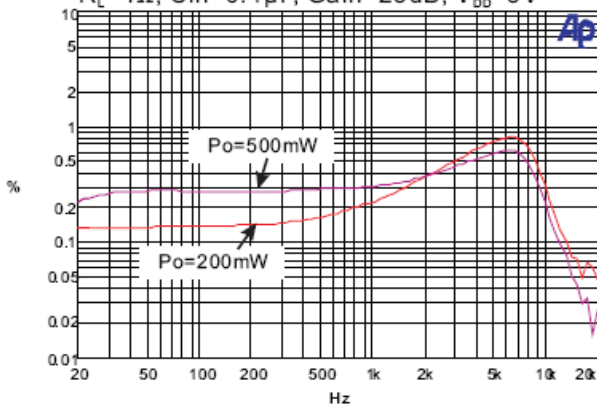
THD+N VS Frequency
 $R_L=8\Omega$, $C_{in}=0.1\mu\text{F}$, Gain=23dB, $V_{DD}=5\text{V}$



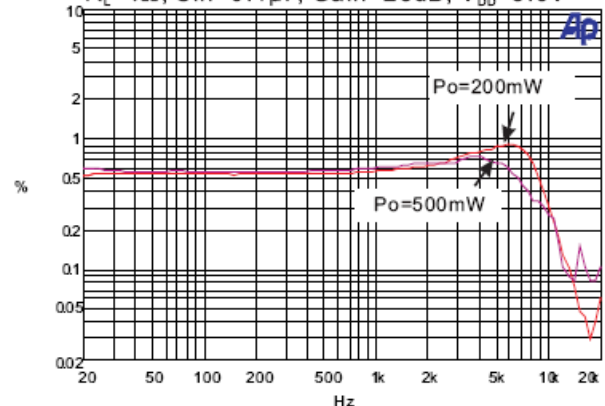
THD+N VS Frequency
 $R_L=8\Omega$, $C_{in}=0.1\mu\text{F}$, Gain=23dB, $V_{DD}=3.6\text{V}$



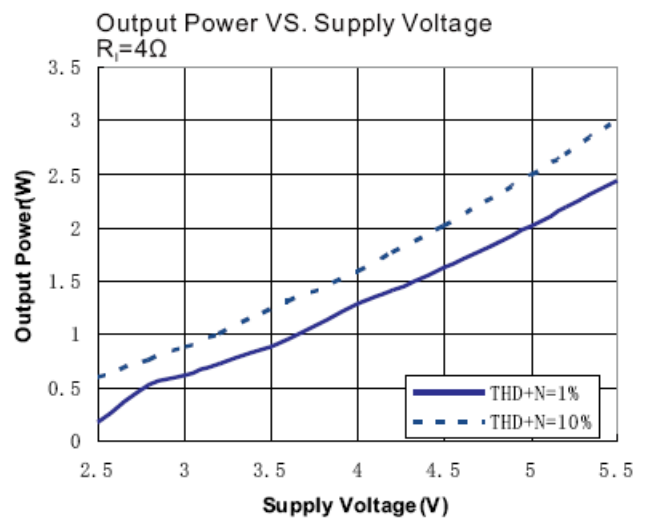
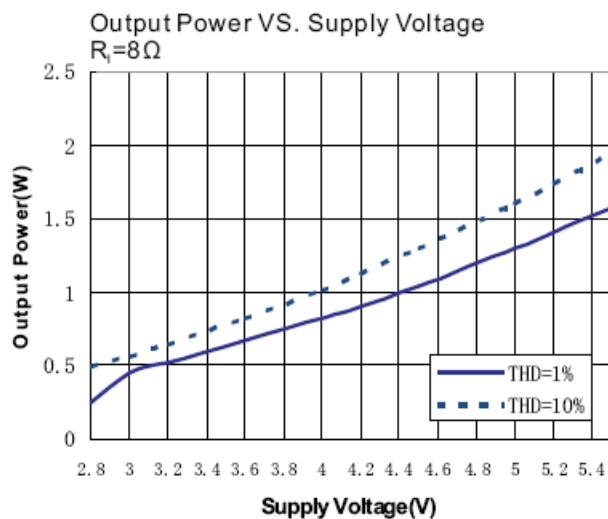
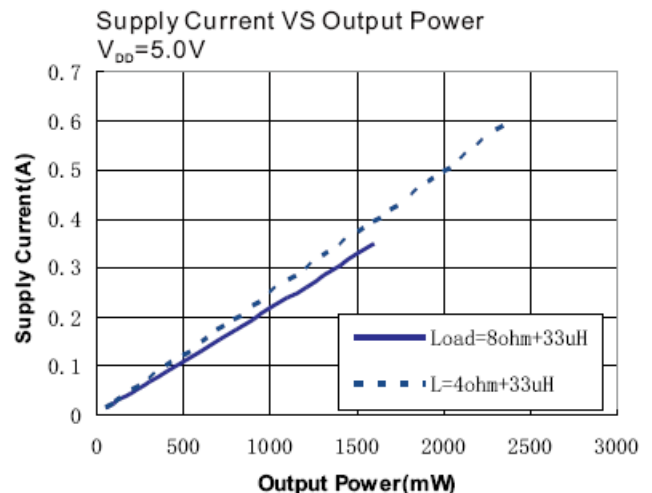
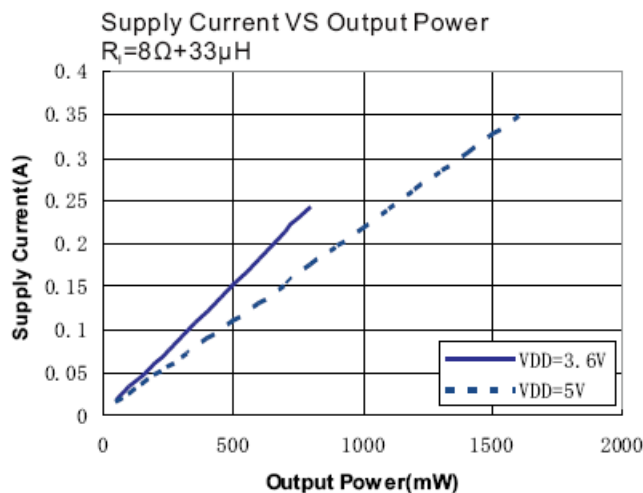
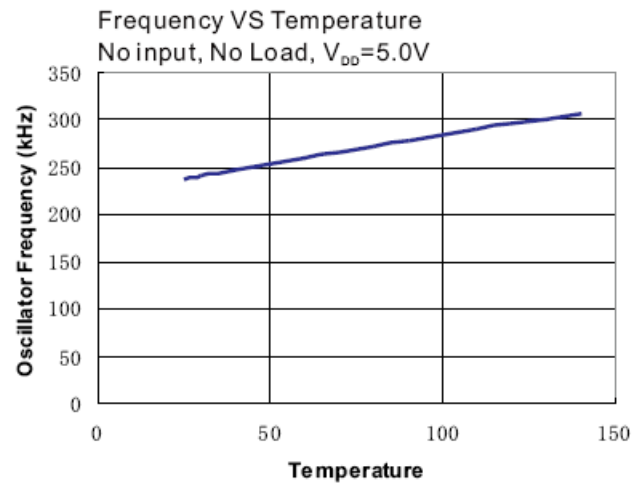
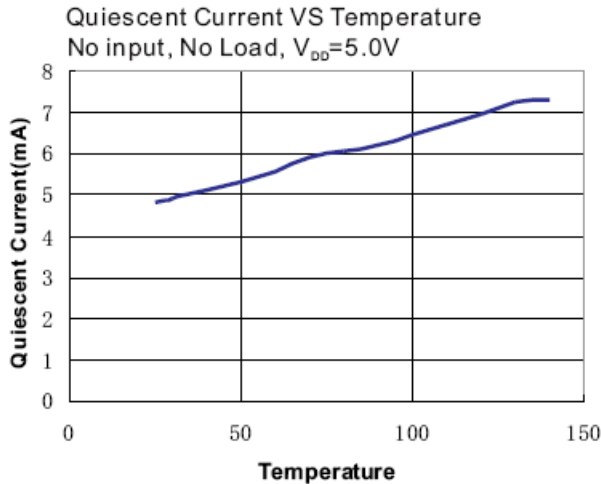
THD+N VS Frequency
 $R_L=4\Omega$, $C_{in}=0.1\mu\text{F}$, Gain=23dB, $V_{DD}=5\text{V}$



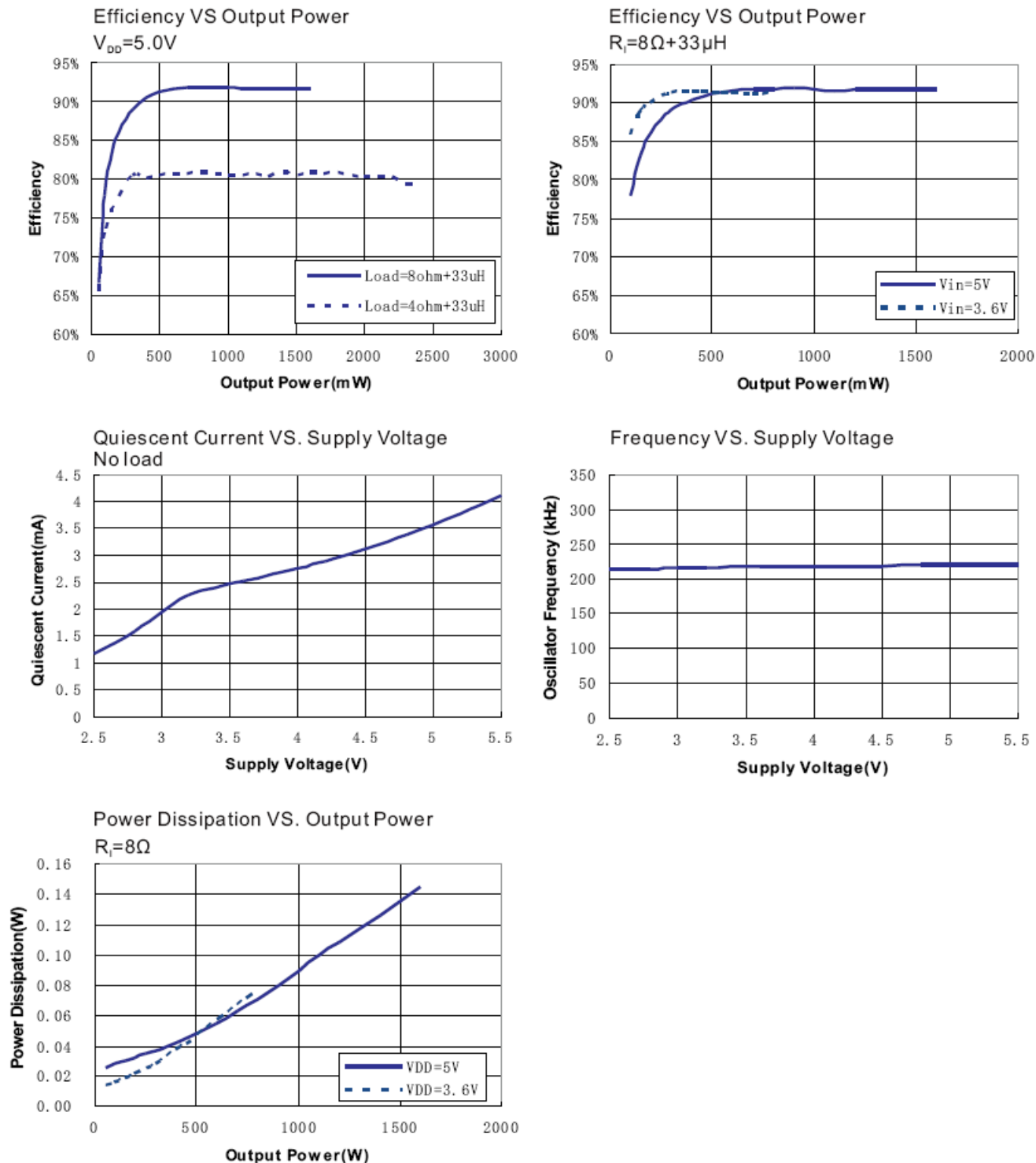
THD+N VS Frequency
 $R_L=4\Omega$, $C_{in}=0.1\mu\text{F}$, Gain=23dB, $V_{DD}=3.6\text{V}$



Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

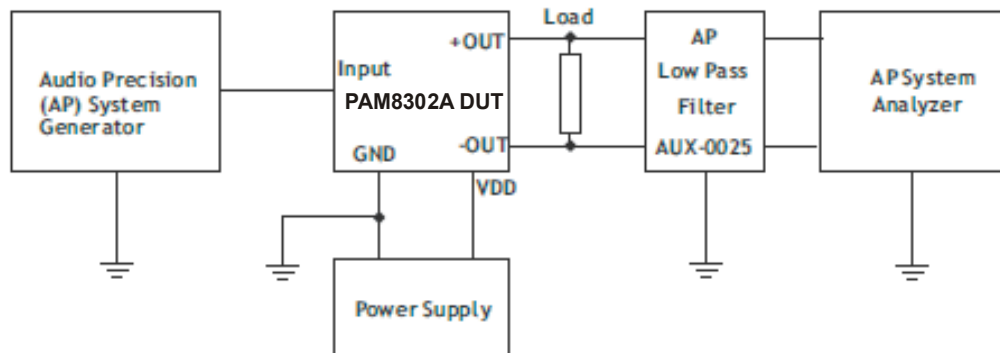


Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)



Application Information

Test Setup for Performance Testing



- Notes:
1. The AP AUX-0025 low pass filter is necessary for every class-D amplifier measurement with AP analyzer.
 2. Two 22μH inductors are used in series with load resistor to emulate the small speaker for efficiency measurement.

Maximum Gain

As shown in block diagram (Page 2), the PAM8302A has two internal amplifier stages. The first stage's gain is externally configurable, while the second stage's gain is internally fixed. The closed-loop gain of the first stage is set by selecting the ratio of R_F to R_I while the second stage's gain is fixed at 2x. The output of amplifier one serves as the input to amplifier two, thus the two amplifiers produce signals identical in magnitude, but different in phase by 180°. Consequently, the differential gain for the IC is

$$A = 20 \cdot \log [2 \cdot (R_F / R_I)]$$

The PAM8302A sets maximum $R = 80\text{k}\Omega$, minimum $R_I = 10\text{k}\Omega$, so the maximum closed-gain is 24dB.

Input Capacitor (C_I)

In typical application, an input capacitor, C_I is required to allow the amplifier to bias input signals to a proper DC level for optimum operation. In this case, C_I and the minimum input impedance R_I (10k internal) form a high pass filter with a corner frequency determined by the following equation:

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi R_I C_I}$$

It is important to choose the value of C_I as it directly affects low frequency performance of the circuit, for example, when an application requires a flat bass response as low as 100Hz. Equation is reconfigured as follows:

$$C_I = \frac{1}{2\pi R_I f_l}$$

As the input resistance is variable, for the C_I value of 0.16μF, one should actually choose the C_I within the range of 0.1μF to 0.22μF. A further consideration for this capacitor is the leakage path from the input source through the input network (R_I , R_F , C_I) to the load. This leakage current creates a DC offset voltage at the input to the amplifier that reduces useful headroom, especially in high gain application. For this reason, a low leakage tantalum or ceramic capacitor is the best choice. When a polarized capacitor is used, the positive side of the capacitor should face the amplifier input in most applications as the DC level is held at $V_{DD}/2$, which is likely higher than the source DC level. Please note that it is important to confirm the capacitor polarity in the application.

Application Information (cont.)

Power Supply Decoupling (C_S)

The PAM8302A is a high-performance CMOS audio amplifier that requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure the output THD and PSRR as low as possible. Power supply decoupling affects low frequency response. Optimum decoupling is achieved by using two capacitors of different types that target different types of noise on the power supply leads. For higher frequency transients, spikes, or digital hash on the line, a good low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitor, typically $1.0\mu\text{F}$ is good, placing it as close as possible to the device V_{DD} terminal. For filtering lower frequency noise signals, capacitor of $10\mu\text{F}$ or larger, closely located to near the audio power amplifier is recommended.

Shutdown Operation

In order to reduce shutdown power consumption, the PAM8302A contains shutdown circuitry for turn to turn off the amplifier. This shutdown feature turns the amplifier off when a logic low is applied on the $\overline{\text{SD}}$ pin. By switching the shutdown pin over to GND, the PAM8302A supply current draw will be minimized in idle mode.

For the best power on/off pop performance, the amplifier should be set in the shutdown mode prior to power on/off operation.

Under Voltage Lock-Out (UVLO)

The PAM8302A incorporates circuitry to detect low on or off voltage. When the supply voltage drops to 2.1V or below, the PAM8302A goes into a state of shutdown, and the device comes out of its shutdown state to normal operation by reset the power supply or $\overline{\text{SD}}$ pin.

How to Reduce EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference)

A simple solution is to put an additional capacitor $1000\mu\text{F}$ at power supply terminal for power line coupling if the traces from amplifier to speakers are short ($< 20\text{CM}$). Most applications require a ferrite bead filter as shown at Figure 1. The ferrite filter depresses EMI of around 1MHz and higher. When selecting a ferrite bead, choose one with high impedance at high frequencies and low impedance at low frequencies.

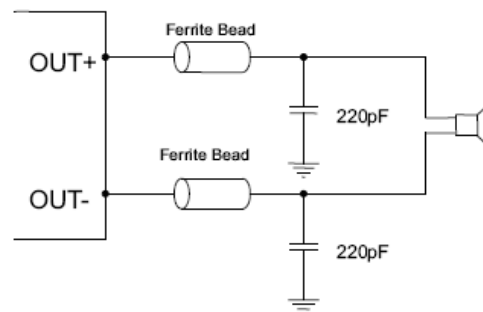
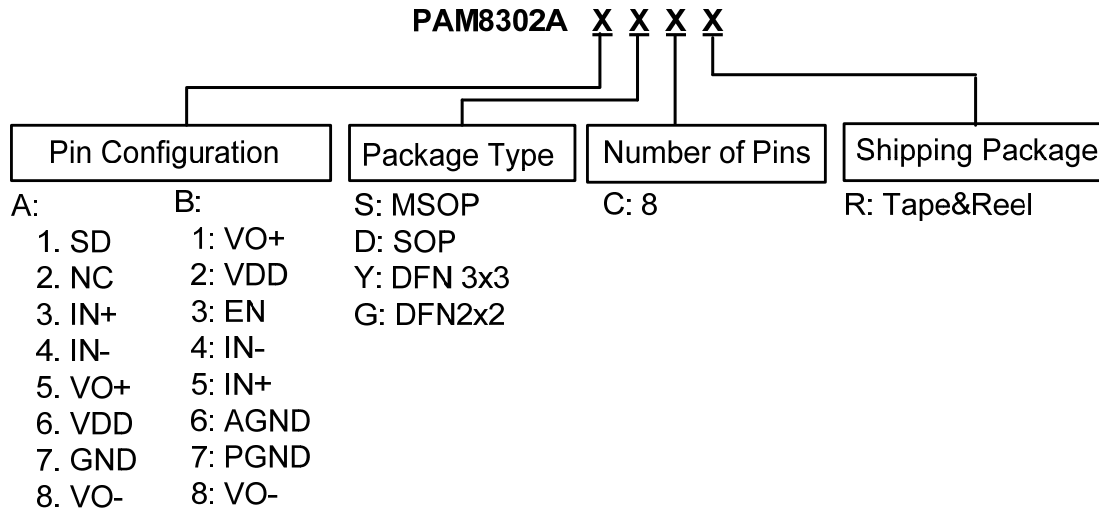


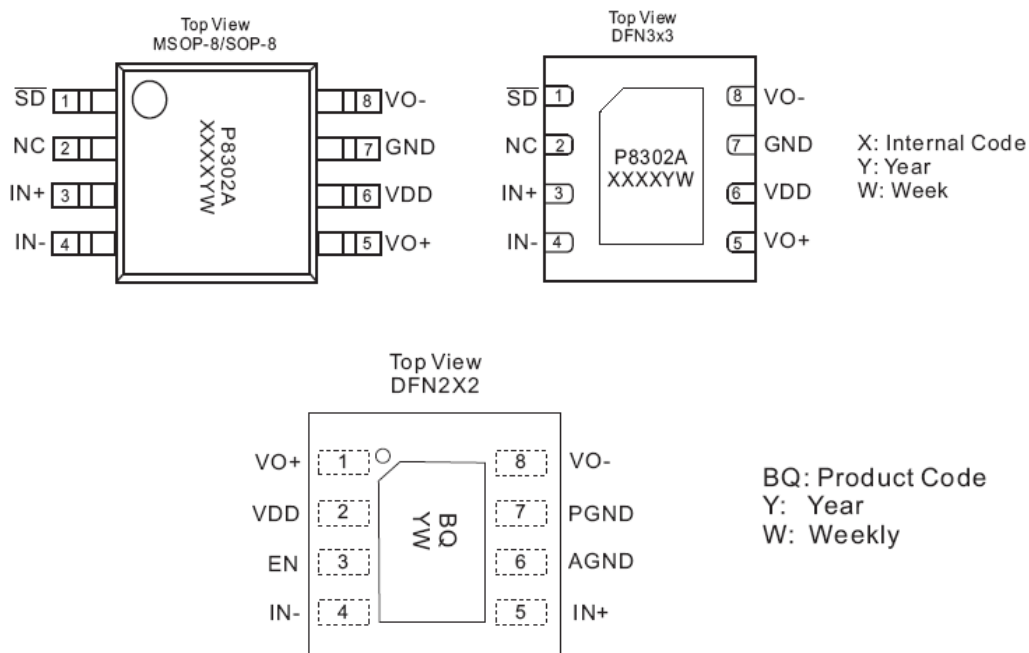
Figure 1. Ferrite Bead Filter to Reduce EMI

Ordering Information



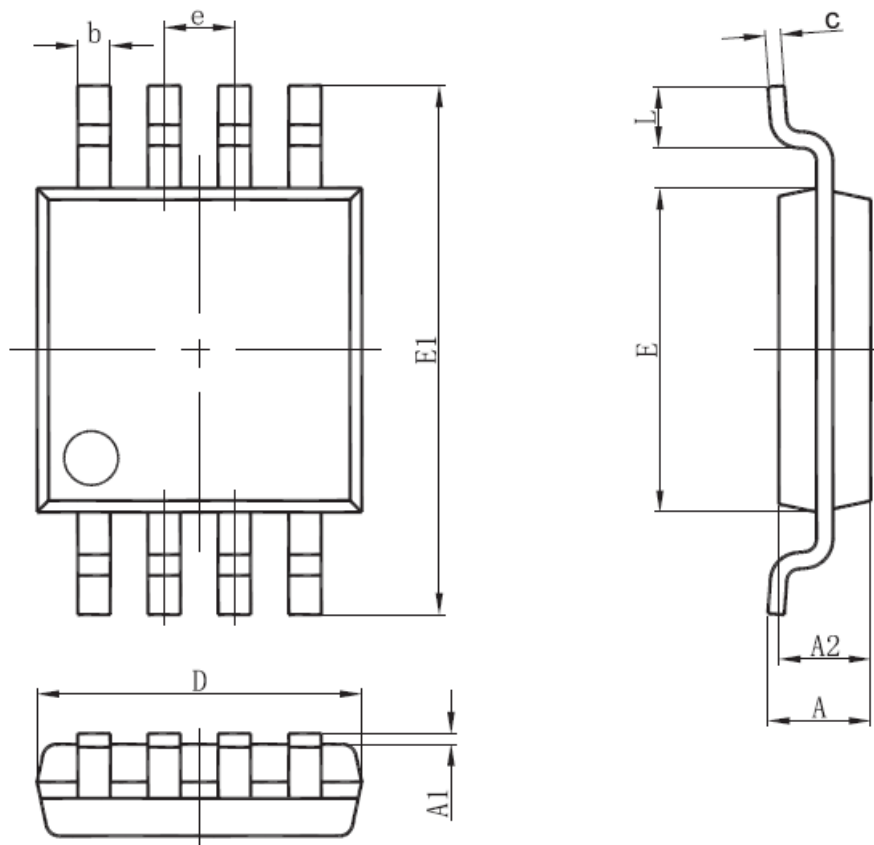
Part Number	Package Type	Standard Package
PAM8302AASCR	MSOP-8	2500 Units/Tape&Reel
PAM8302AADCR	SOP-8	2500 Units/Tape&Reel
PAM8302AAYCR	DFN3x3-8	3000 Units/Tape&Reel
PAM8302ABGCR	DFN2x2-8	3000 Units/Tape&Reel

Marking Information



Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm.)

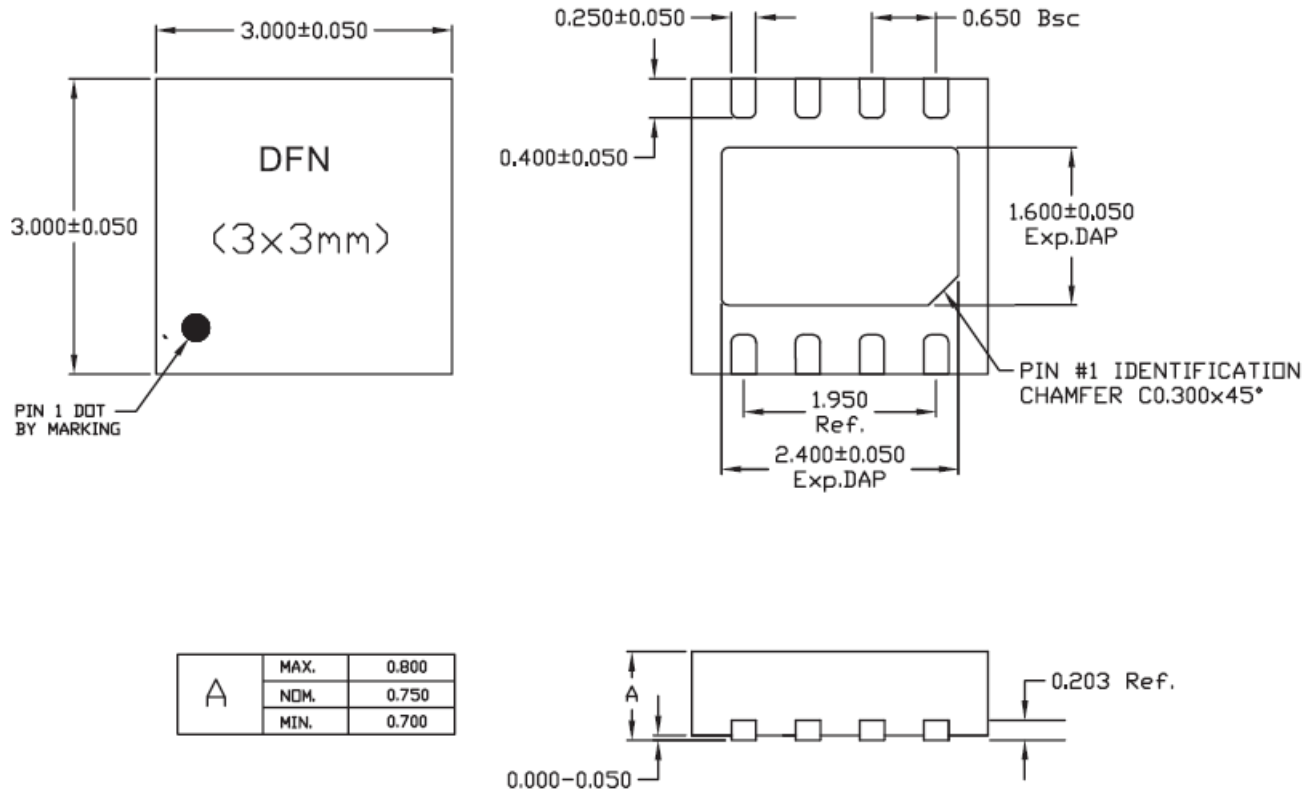
MSOP-8



REF	Millimeter	
	Min	Max
A	--	1.10
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.78	0.94
b	0.22	0.38
c	0.08	0.23
D	2.90	3.10
E	2.90	3.10
E1	4.75	5.05
e	0.65BSC	
L	0.40	0.70

Package Outline Dimensions (cont.) (All dimensions in mm.)

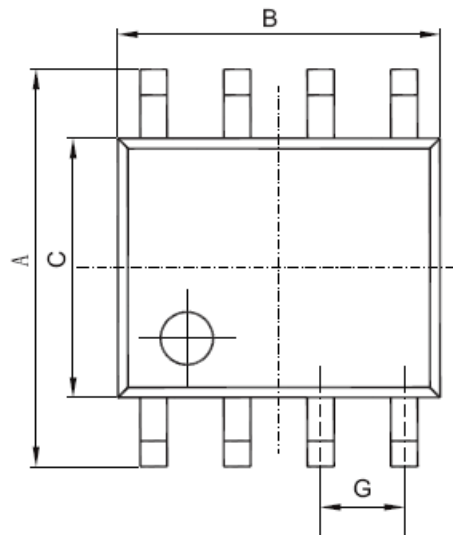
DFN3x3-8



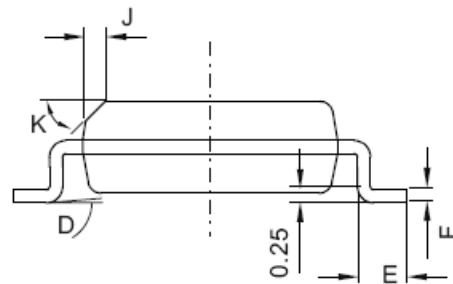
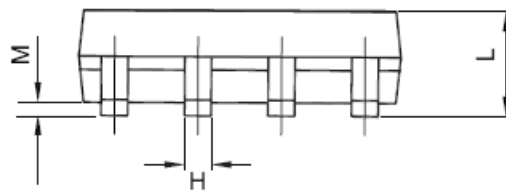
Note: All dimensions are in Millimeters.

Package Outline Dimensions (cont.) (All dimensions in mm.)

SOP-8

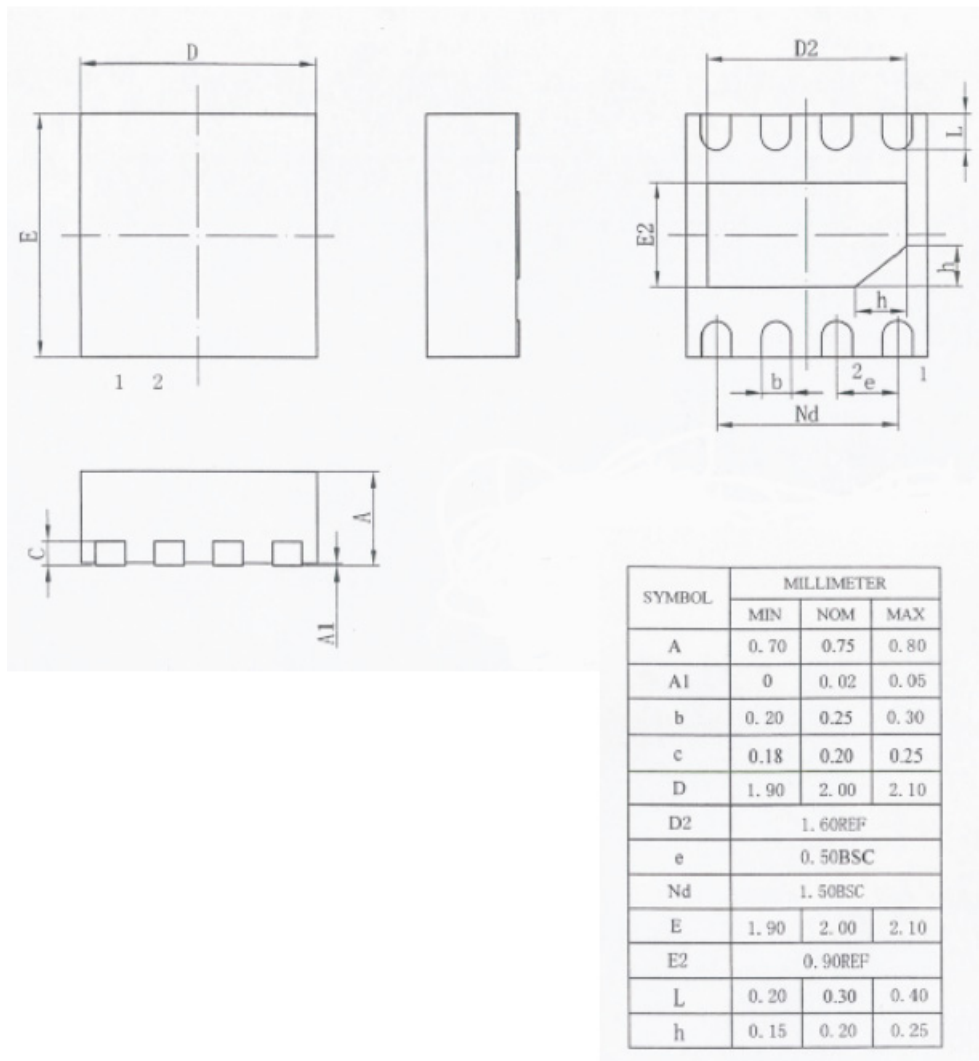


REF	DIMENSIONS	
	Millimeters	
	Min	Max
A	5.80	6.20
B	4.80	5.00
C	3.80	4.00
D	0°	8°
E	0.40	0.90
F	0.19	0.25
M	0.10	0.25
H	0.35	0.49
L	1.35	1.75
J	0.375 REF	
K	45°	
G	1.27 TYP	



Package Outline Dimensions (cont.) (All dimensions in mm.)

DFN2x2-8



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