

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74LCXR164245FT

16-Bit Dual Supply Bus Transceiver with Series Resistor

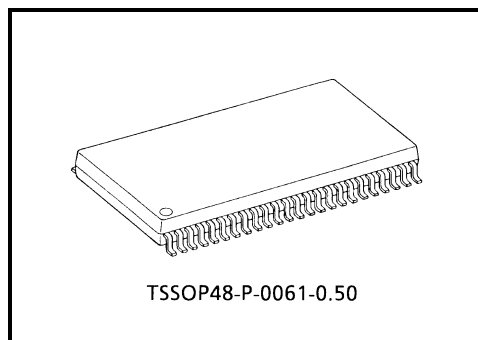
The TC74LCXR164245FT is a dual supply, advanced high-speed CMOS 16-bit dual supply voltage interface bus transceiver fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology.

Designed for use as an interface between a 5-V bus and a 3.3-V or 2.5-V bus in mixed 5-V/3.3-V or 2.5-V supply systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is intended for 2 way asynchronous communication between data busses. The direction of data transmission is determined by the level of the DIR input. The enable input (\overline{OE}) can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated. The B-port interfaces with the 5-V bus, the A-port with the 3.3-V or 2.5-V-bus.

The 26- Ω series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

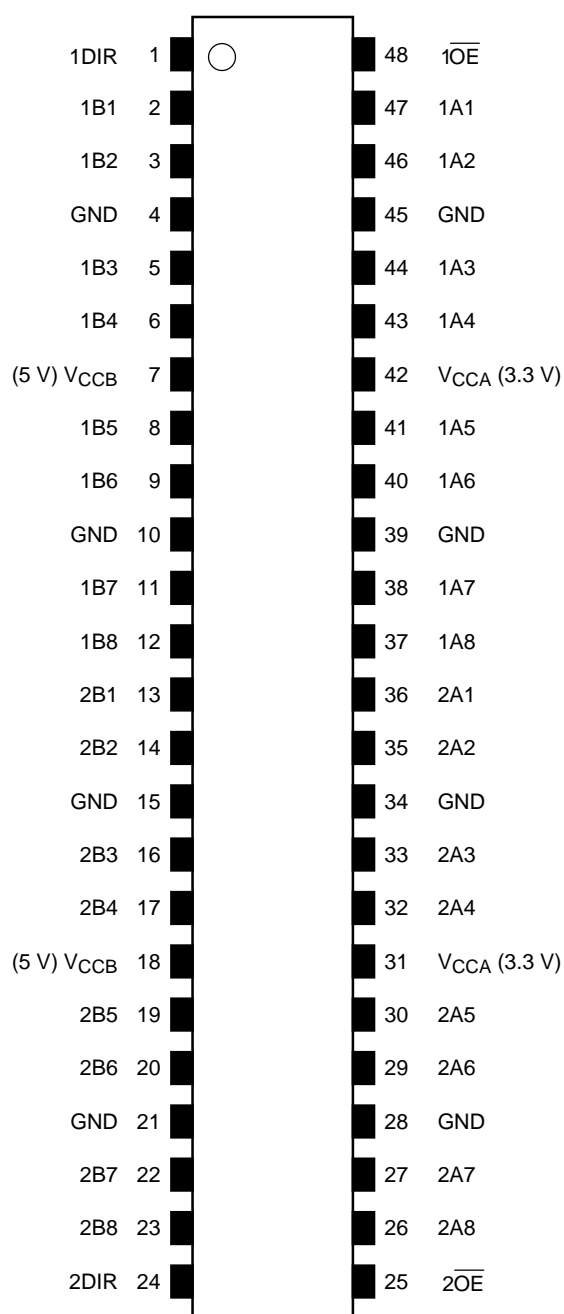
Features

- Bidirectional interface between 5 V and 3.3 V or 2.5 V buses
- 26- Ω series resistors on outputs
- High-speed: $t_{pd} = 6.8$ ns (max)
($V_{CCB} = 5.0 \pm 0.5$ V/ $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V, $T_a = -40$ to 85°C)
- Low power dissipation: $I_{CC} = 80$ μA (max) ($T_a = -40$ to 85°C)
- Symmetrical output impedance: $I_{OUTB} = \pm 12$ mA (min)
 $I_{OUTA} = \pm 12$ mA (min)
($V_{CCB} = 4.5\text{V}/V_{CCA} = 3.0$ V)
- Power-down protection is provided on all inputs and outputs.
- Allows A port and V_{CCA} to float simultaneously when \overline{OE} is "H"
- Latch-up performance: ± 500 mA
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)

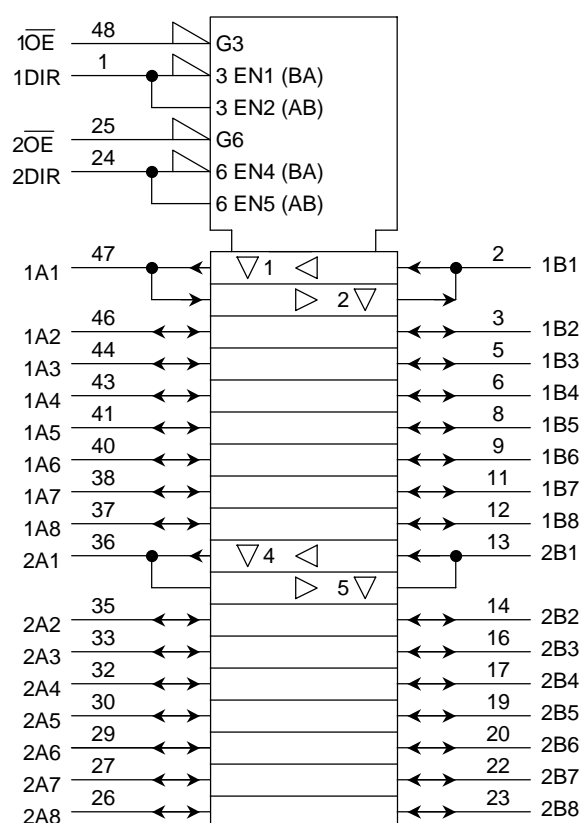
Note 1: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

Pin Assignment (top view)



IEC Logic Symbol



Truth Table

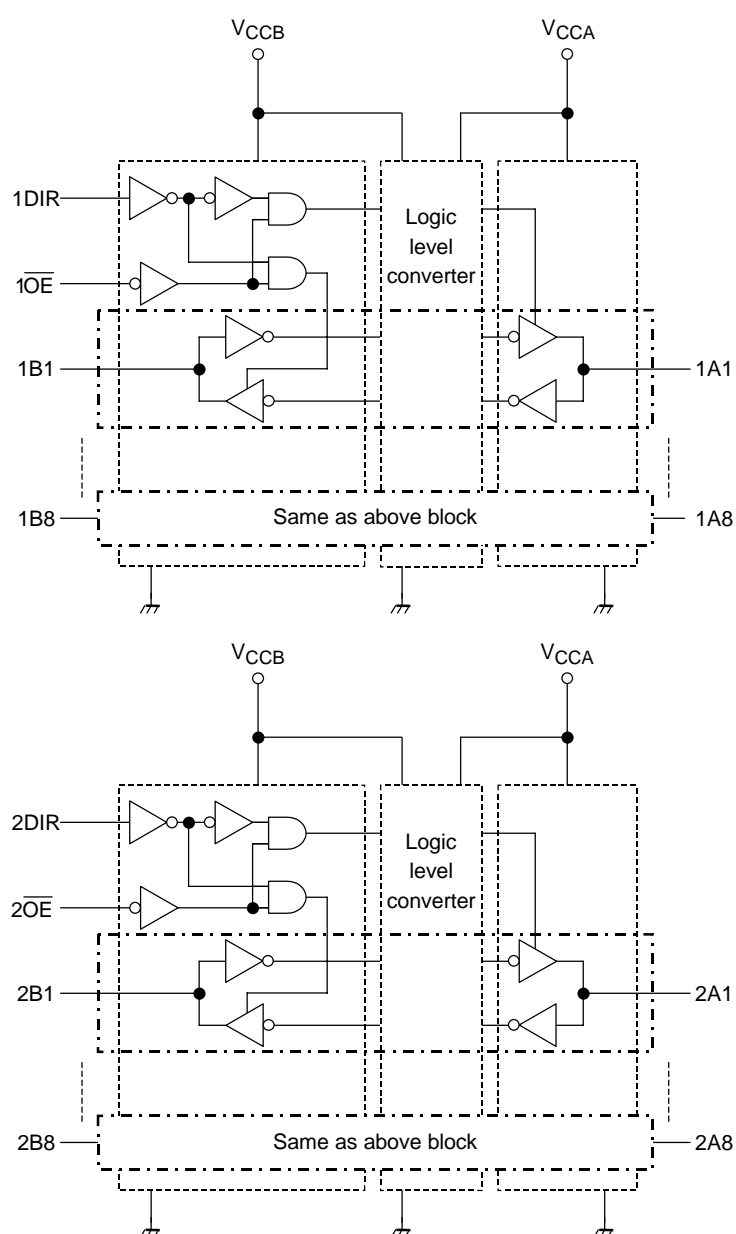
Inputs		Function		Outputs
$\overline{1OE}$	1DIR	Bus 1A1-1A8	Bus 1B1-1B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

Inputs		Function		Outputs
$\overline{2OE}$	2DIR	Bus 2A1-2A8	Bus 2B1-2B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

Block Diagram



Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage (Note 2)	V_{CCB}	−0.5 to 7.0	V
	V_{CCA}	−0.5 to $V_{CCB} + 0.5$	
DC input voltage (DIR, \overline{OE})	V_{IN}	−0.5 to 7.0	V
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/OB}$	−0.5 to 7.0 (Note 3)	V
		−0.5 to $V_{CCB} + 0.5$ (Note 4)	
	$V_{I/OA}$	−0.5 to 7.0 (Note 3)	
		−0.5 to $V_{CCA} + 0.5$ (Note 4)	
Input diode current	I_{IK}	−50	mA
Output diode current	$I_{I/OK}$	±50 (Note 5)	mA
DC output current	I_{OUTB}	±50	mA
	I_{OUTA}	±50	
DC V_{CC} /ground current per supply pin	I_{CCB}	±100	mA
	I_{CCA}	±100	
Power dissipation	P_D	400	mW
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	−65 to 150	°C

Note 2: $V_{CCB} > V_{CCA}$

Don't supply a voltage to V_{CCA} terminal when V_{CCB} is in the off-state.

Note 3: OFF state

Note 4: High or low state. I_{OUT} absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 5: $V_{OUT} < GND$, $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

Recommended Operating Range

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CCB}	4.5 to 5.5	V
	V_{CCA}	2.3 to 3.6	
Input voltage (DIR, \overline{OE})	V_{IN}	0 to 5.5	V
Bus I/O voltage	V_{IOB}	0 to 5.5 (Note 6)	V
		0 to V_{CCB} (Note 7)	
	V_{IOA}	0 to 5.5 (Note 6)	
		0 to V_{CCA} (Note 7)	
Output current	I_{OUTB}	± 12 (Note 8)	mA
		± 12 (Note 9)	
	I_{OUTA}	± 4 (Note 10)	
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 11)	ns/V

Note 6: OFF state

Note 7: High or low state

 Note 8: $V_{CCB} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V

 Note 9: $V_{CCA} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V

 Note 10: $V_{CCA} = 2.3$ to 2.7 V

 Note 11: $V_{INB} = 0.8$ to 2.0 V, $V_{CCB} = 5.0$ V
 $V_{INA} = 0.8$ to 2.0 V, $V_{CCA} = 3.0$ V

Electrical Characteristics
DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CCB} (V)	V_{CCA} (V)	Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit
						Min	Max	
H-level input voltage	V_{IHB}	DIR, \overline{OE} , Bn		5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	V_{IHA}	An		5.0 ± 0.5	2.5 ± 0.2	1.7	—	
				5.0 ± 0.5	3.3 ± 0.3	2.0	—	
L-level input voltage	V_{ILB}	DIR, \overline{OE} , Bn		5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	0.8	V
	V_{ILA}	An		5.0 ± 0.5	2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.7	
				5.0 ± 0.5	3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.8	
H-level output voltage	V_{OHB}	$V_{INA} = V_{IHA}$ or V_{ILA}	$I_{OHB} = -100 \mu A$	5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	$V_{CCB} - 0.2$	—	V
			$I_{OHB} = -12 \text{ mA}$	4.5	2.3 to 3.6	3.8	—	
	V_{OHA}	$V_{INB} = V_{IHB}$ or V_{ILB}	$I_{OHA} = -100 \mu A$	5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	$V_{CCA} - 0.2$	—	
			$I_{OHA} = -12 \text{ mA}$	5.0 ± 0.5	3.0	2.2	—	
			$I_{OHA} = -4 \text{ mA}$	5.0 ± 0.5	2.3	1.8	—	
L-level output voltage	V_{OLB}	$V_{INA} = V_{IHA}$ or V_{ILA}	$I_{OLB} = 100 \mu A$	5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	0.2	V
			$I_{OLB} = 12 \text{ mA}$	4.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	0.7	
	V_{OLA}	$V_{INB} = V_{IHB}$ or V_{ILB}	$I_{OLA} = 100 \mu A$	5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	0.2	
			$I_{OLA} = 12 \text{ mA}$	5.0 ± 0.5	3.0	—	0.8	
			$I_{OLA} = 4 \text{ mA}$	5.0 ± 0.5	2.3	—	0.6	
3-state output OFF state current	I_{OZB}	$V_{IN} = V_{IHB}$ or V_{ILB} $V_{I/OB} = 0$ to 5.5 V		5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	± 5.0	μA
	I_{OZA}	$V_{IN} = V_{IHB}$ or V_{ILB} $V_{I/OA} = 0$ to 5.5 V		5.0 ± 0.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	± 5.0	
Input leakage current	I_{IN}	V_{IN} (DIR, \overline{OE}) = 0 to 5.5 V		5.5	3.6	—	± 5.0	μA
Power-off leakage current	I_{OFF}	$V_{INA}/V_{INB} = 5.5 \text{ V}$		0	0	—	10	μA
Quiescent supply current	I_{CCB1}	$V_{I/OA} = \text{Open}$, $V_{CCA} = \text{Open}$ $V_{\overline{OE}} = V_{CCB}$, DIR = GND		5.5	Open	—	80	μA
	I_{CCB2}	$V_{INA} = V_{CCA}$ or GND $V_{INB} = V_{CCB}$ or GND		5.5	3.6	—	80	
	I_{CCA}	$V_{INA} = V_{CCA}$ or GND $V_{INB} = V_{CCB}$ or GND		5.5	3.6	—	50	
	I_{CCTB}	$V_{INB} = 3.4 \text{ V}$ per input		5.5	2.3 to 3.6	—	2.0	mA
	I_{CCTA}	$V_{INA} = V_{CCA} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ per input		5.0 ± 0.5	3.6	—	500	μA

AC Characteristics (input: $t_r = t_f = 2.5 \text{ ns}$, $R_L = 500 \Omega$)
 $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	CL (pF)	V_{CCB} (V)	Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit
					Min	Max	
Propagation delay time (Bn → An)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Input: Bn Output: An (DIR = "L")	50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	6.8	ns
3-state output enable time (\overline{OE} → An)	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}		50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	10.0	
3-state output disable time (\overline{OE} → An)	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}		50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	9.5	
Propagation delay time (An → Bn)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Input: An Output: Bn (DIR = "H")	50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	6.8	ns
3-state output enable time (\overline{OE} → Bn)	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}		50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	10.0	
3-state output disable time (\overline{OE} → Bn)	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}		50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	9.5	
Output to output skew	t_{osLH} t_{osHL}	(Note 12)	50	5.0 ± 0.5	—	1.0	ns

Note 12: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$
 $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	CL (pF)	V_{CCB} (V)	Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit
					Min	Max	
Propagation delay time (Bn → An)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Input: Bn Output: An (DIR = "L")	30	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	9.0	ns
3-state output enable time (\overline{OE} → An)	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}		30	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	12.5	
3-state output disable time (\overline{OE} → An)	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}		30	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	11.5	
Propagation delay time (An → Bn)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Input: An Output: Bn (DIR = "H")	50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	10.0	ns
3-state output enable time (\overline{OE} → Bn)	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}		50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	12.5	
3-state output disable time (\overline{OE} → Bn)	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}		50	5.0 ± 0.5	1.0	11.5	
Output to output skew	t_{osLH} t_{osHL}	(Note 12)	30 or 50	5.0 ± 0.5	—	1.0	ns

Note 12: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$

Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)
V_{CCB} = 5.0 V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	V _{CCA} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	—	DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$	2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Output capacitance	C _{I/O}	—	An, Bn	2.5, 3.3	8	pF
Power dissipation capacitance (Note 13)	C _{PDA}	—	A ⇒ B (DIR = "H")	2.5, 3.3	2	pF
			B ⇒ A (DIR = "L")	2.5, 3.3	26	
	C _{PDB}	—	A ⇒ B (DIR = "H")	2.5, 3.3	36	pF
			B ⇒ A (DIR = "L")	2.5, 3.3	4	

Note 13: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

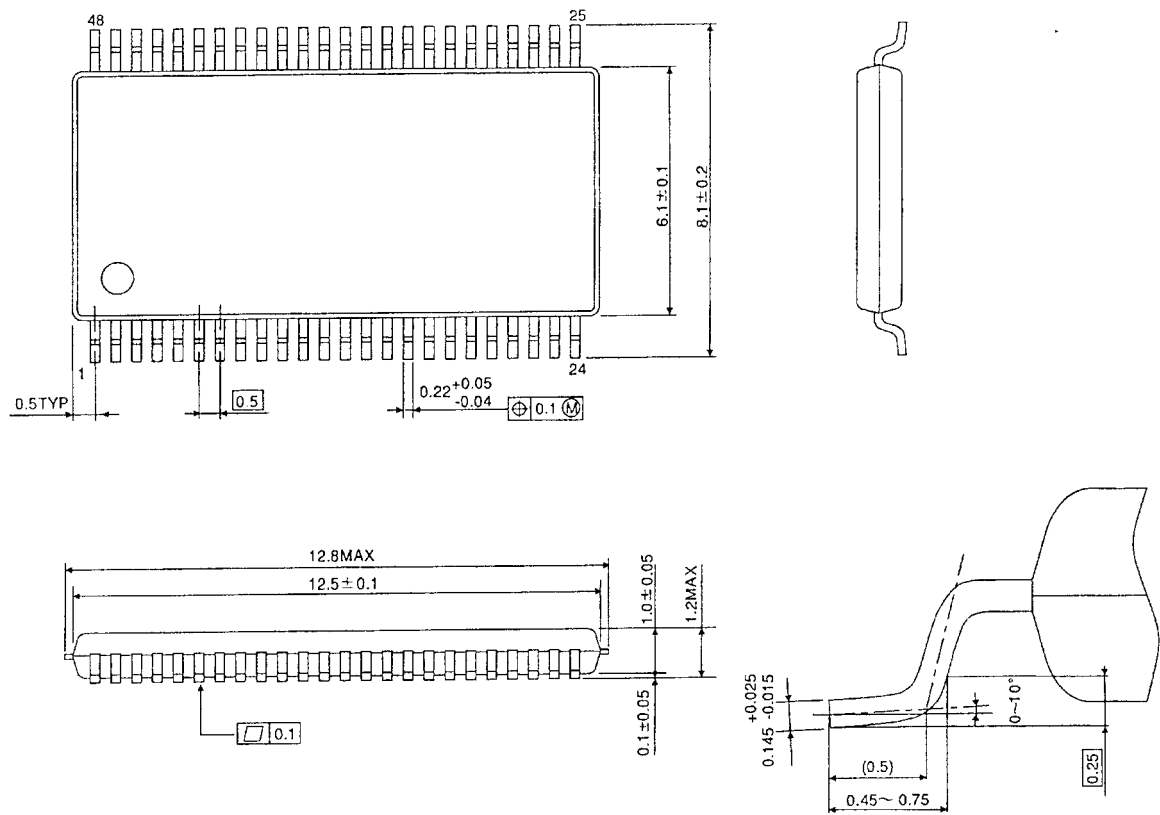
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(\text{opr})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$$

Package Dimensions

TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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