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# 3-Channel Video Reconstruction Filter for RGB Component Video

### **General Description**

The MAX7449, 3-channel, buffered video reconstruction filter is ideal for anti-aliasing and digital-to-analog converter (DAC)-smoothing video applications or wherever analog video is reconstructed from a digital data stream (such as cable/satellite/terrestrial set-top boxes, DVD players, hard-disk recorders (HDRs), and personal video recorders (PVRs)). This device operates from a single +5V supply and has a flat passband out to 5MHz with a stopband attenuation of 43dB at 27MHz. This makes it ideal for use with NTSC, PAL, and standarddefinition digital TV (SDTV) video systems. Each output is capable of driving two standard 150 $\Omega$  video loads.

The MAX7449 processes component RGB video signals. The output video buffers have a fixed gain of +6dB. The output video drivers can be disabled with an external pin.

The MAX7449 is available in a 14-pin TSSOP package with an exposed pad, and is specified over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

### **Applications**

Set-Top Boxes/HDRs Desktop Video Editors Digital VCRs

Game Consoles **DVD Plavers** 

#### Features

- ♦ 3-Channel Filter and Buffer for RGB Video Signals
- ♦ External Sync Signal Input
- ♦ Filter Response Ideal for NTSC, PAL, and **Interlaced SDTV Video Signals**
- ♦ 43dB (typ) Stopband Attenuation at 27MHz
- ♦ ±0.75dB (max) Passband Ripple at 5MHz
- ♦ Blanking Level Voltage on Output <1V</p>
- ♦ Each Channel Drives Two 150Ω Video Loads
- ♦ +5V Single-Supply Voltage
- ♦ Small 14-Pin TSSOP Package

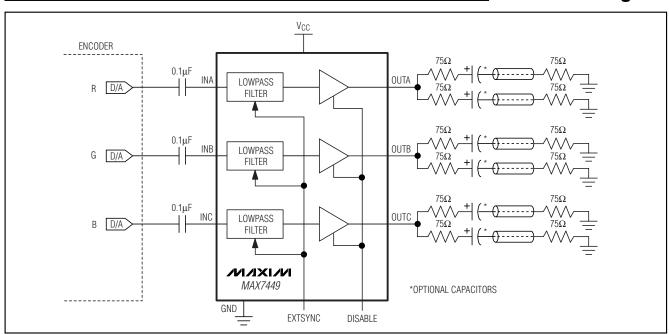
### **Ordering Information**

| PART       | TEMP RANGE     | PIN-PACKAGE  |  |  |
|------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| MAX7449EUD | -40°C to +85°C | 14 TSSOP-EP* |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>EP = Exposed pad.

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

# **Functional Diagram**



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +4.75V \text{ to } +5.25V, C_L = 0 \text{ to } 20\text{pF}, R_L = 75\Omega \text{ to } GND \text{ for DC-coupled load, } R_L = 75\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2 \text{ for AC-coupled load, } C_{IN} = 0.1\mu\text{F, } GAIN = +6dB, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .)

| PARAMETER                                               | SYMBOL                                       | CONDITIONS                                                           | MIN   | TYP   | MAX   | UNITS            |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| Passband Response                                       |                                              | f = 100kHz to 5MHz, relative to 100kHz, channels A, B, C             | -0.75 | +0.15 | +0.75 | dB               |
| Stopband Attenuation                                    | AsB                                          | f ≥ 27MHz                                                            | 39    | 43    |       | dB               |
| Differential Gain                                       | dG                                           | 5-step modulated staircase                                           |       | 0.15  | 0.50  | %                |
| Differential Phase                                      | erential Phase dθ 5-step modulated staircase |                                                                      |       | 0.15  | 0.50  | Degrees          |
| Signal-to-Noise Ratio                                   | SNR                                          | Peak signal (2V <sub>P-P</sub> ) to RMS noise,<br>f = 100Hz to 50MHz | 80    |       | dB    |                  |
| Group Delay Deviation                                   | Δtg                                          | Deviation from 100kHz to 4.1MHz                                      |       | 11    | 20    | ns               |
| Line-Time Distortion                                    | H <sub>DIST</sub>                            | 18µs, 100 IRE bar                                                    |       |       | 0.3   | %                |
| Field-Time Distortion                                   | V <sub>DIST</sub>                            | 130 lines, 18µs, 100 IRE bar                                         |       |       | 0.5   | %                |
| Clamp Settling Time                                     | tCLAMP                                       | To ±1%                                                               |       |       | 100   | Lines            |
| Output DC Clamp Level                                   |                                              | Channels A, B, C                                                     | 1.1   | 1.5   | 1.8   | V                |
| Low-Frequency Gain Accuracy                             | Ay                                           | f = 100kHz                                                           | -3    |       | +3    | %                |
| Low-Frequency Gain Matching                             | Av(match)                                    | Low-frequency channel-to-channel matching, f = 100kHz                | 4     |       | 4     | %                |
| Group Delay Matching                                    | tg(MATCH)                                    | Low-frequency channel-to-channel matching, f = 100kHz                | 2     |       | ns    |                  |
| Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk XTALK f = 100kHz to 3.58MH |                                              | f = 100kHz to 3.58MHz                                                |       | 60    |       | dB               |
| Output Short-Circuit Current I <sub>SC</sub>            |                                              | OUT_ shorted to GND or VCC                                           |       | 70    |       | mA               |
| Input Leakage Current I <sub>IN</sub>                   |                                              |                                                                      |       |       | 10    | μΑ               |
| Input Dynamic Swing                                     |                                              | Channels A, B, C                                                     |       |       | 0.9   | V <sub>P-P</sub> |
| SUPPLY                                                  | <u>.</u>                                     |                                                                      |       |       |       | •                |
| Supply Voltage Range                                    | Vcc                                          |                                                                      | 4.75  |       | 5.25  | V                |
| Supply Current                                          | Icc                                          | No load                                                              |       | 75    | 100   | mA               |
| Power-Supply Rejection Ratio                            | PSRR                                         | $V_{IN} = 100 \text{mV}_{P-P}, f = 0 \text{ to } 3.5 \text{MHz}$     |       | 40    |       | dB               |

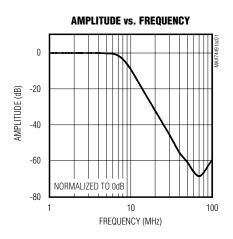
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

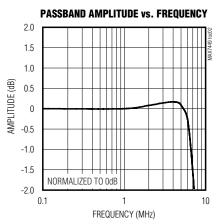
 $(V_{CC} = +4.75V \text{ to } +5.25V, C_L = 0 \text{ to } 20\text{pF}, R_L = 75\Omega \text{ to GND for DC-coupled load}, R_L = 75\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC} / 2 \text{ for AC-coupled load}, C_{IN} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, GAIN = +6dB, TA = TMIN to TMAX, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at <math>V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{CC} = +25V$ .

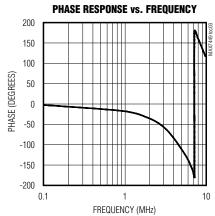
| PARAMETER                          | SYMBOL   | CONDITIONS                                                              | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| LOGIC INPUTS (DISABLE and EXTSYNC) |          |                                                                         |     |     |     |       |
| Output Impedance During Disable    | ZDISABLE | At 5MHz                                                                 |     | 2   |     | kΩ    |
| Logic-Input High Voltage           | VIH      |                                                                         | 2.0 |     |     | V     |
| Logic-Input Low Voltage            | VIL      |                                                                         |     |     | 0.8 | V     |
| Logic Input Current                | ILOGIC   | V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V (SINK), V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> (SOURCE) |     |     | ±10 | μΑ    |

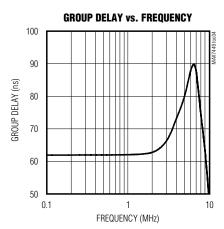
# Typical Operating Characteristics

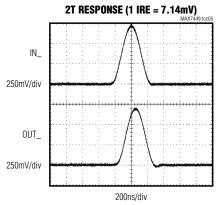
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

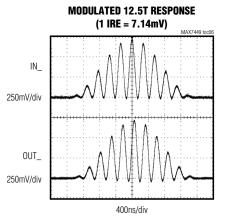






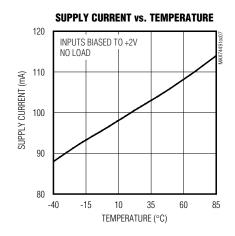


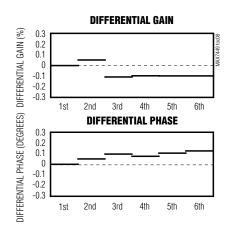




# Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 





# **Pin Description**

| PIN   | NAME    | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1, 10 | Vcc     | +5V Supply Input                                                                                                                                                    |
| 2     | INA     | Channel A Video Input. Use channel A for the red (R) video signal. AC-couple INA with a series 0.1µF capacitor.                                                     |
| 3     | INB     | Channel B Video Input. Use channel B for the green (G) video signal. AC-couple INB with a series 0.1µF capacitor.                                                   |
| 4     | INC     | Channel C Video Input. Use channel C for the blue (B) video signal. AC-couple INC with a series 0.1µF capacitor.                                                    |
| 5     | DISABLE | Disable Logic Input. Connect DISABLE to GND for normal operation. Connect DISABLE to $V_{CC}$ to disable all buffer outputs and put them in a high-impedance state. |
| 6     | EXTSYNC | External Sync Input. Use TTL logic levels. A logic high enables the DC restore loop and clamps the output voltages to +1.5V (typ).                                  |
| 7, 8  | GND     | Ground                                                                                                                                                              |
| 9, 14 | N.C.    | No Connection. Make no connection to these pins.                                                                                                                    |
| 11    | OUTC    | Channel C Buffer Output. This output can be either AC- or DC-coupled.                                                                                               |
| 12    | OUTB    | Channel B Buffer Output. This output can be either AC- or DC-coupled.                                                                                               |
| 13    | OUTA    | Channel A Buffer Output. This output can be either AC- or DC-coupled.                                                                                               |

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX7449 filters and buffers video-encoder DAC outputs in applications such as set-top boxes, HDRs, DVD players, and digital VCRs. The MAX7449 reconstructs and cleans up component RGB analog video signals. Each channel consists of a lowpass filter and an output video buffer that drives two standard  $150\Omega$  video loads.

This device operates from a single +5V supply and has a nominal cutoff frequency of 5MHz optimized for NTSC, PAL, and SDTV.

#### **Filter**

#### Filter Response

The reconstruction filter consists of two 2nd-order Sallen-Key stages. The Butterworth-type response features a maximally flat passband for NTSC and PAL bandwidths. The stopband offers at least 43dB (typ) of attenuation at a sampling frequency of ≥27MHz (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

#### **Output Buffers**

Each output buffer has a fixed gain of +6dB and can drive two 150 $\Omega$  video loads with a 2V<sub>P-P</sub> signal. The MAX7449 can drive an AC load or drive the video load directly without using a large output capacitor. The output buffers drive DC loads with an output blanking level of less than 1V.

#### **Output Clamp Level**

When a sync pulse is detected on EXTSYNC, the DC restore loop is activated for channels A, B, and C. The function of the loop is to set the DC level of the video signal to the desired level. See Table 1 for clamp levels.

**Table 1. Output Clamp Level** 

| CHANNEL | CLAMP LEVEL (V) |
|---------|-----------------|
| А       | 1.5             |
| В       | 1.5             |
| С       | 1.5             |

### **Applications Information**

#### **Input Considerations**

Use  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitors to AC-couple the inputs. These input capacitors store a DC level so the outputs are clamped to an appropriate DC voltage level. The MAX7449 allows R, G, or B video signals to be processed by any channel. G must not have sync information.

#### **Output Considerations**

The outputs are typically connected to a 75 $\Omega$  series back-match resistor followed by the video cable. Because of the inherent divide-by-two of this configuration, the voltage on the video cable is always less than 1V, complying with industry-standard video requirements such as the European SCART standard (which allows up to 2V of DC on the video cable). The video buffer can also drive an AC-coupled video load. Good video performance is achieved with an output capacitor as low as 220 $\mu$ F.

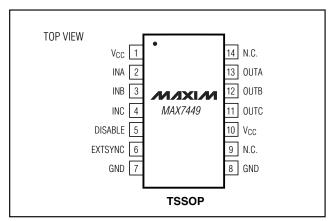
#### **Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout**

The MAX7449 operates from a single +5V supply. Bypass VCC to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor. Place all external components as close to the device as possible.

#### **Exposed Pads**

The TSSOP-EP package has an exposed pad on the bottom of the package. This pad is electrically connected to GND and should be connected to the ground plane for improved thermal conductivity. Do not route signals under this package.

# Pin Configuration



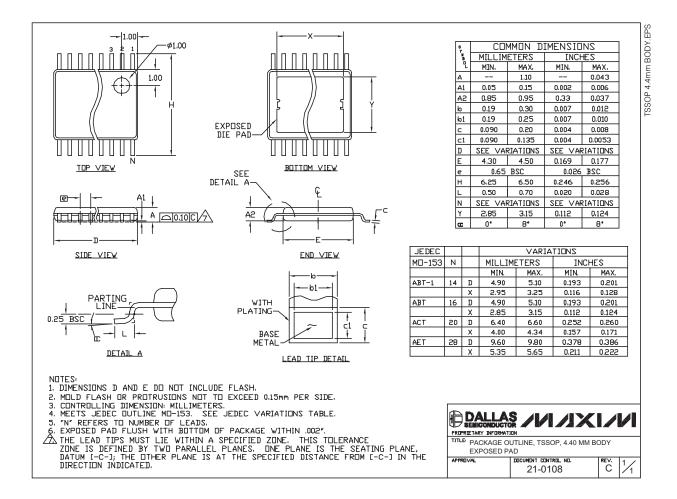
# Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 6300

PROCESS: BiCMOS

### **Package Information**

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



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