

PDP TRENCH IGBT

IRGB4086PbF

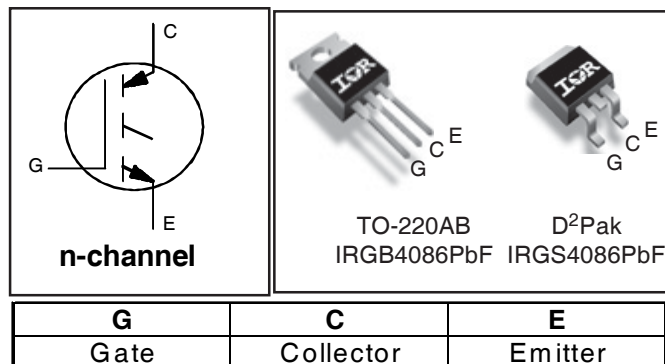
IRGS4086PbF

Features

- Advanced Trench IGBT Technology
- Optimized for Sustain and Energy Recovery Circuits in PDP Applications
- Low $V_{CE(on)}$ and Energy per Pulse (E_{PULSE}^{TM}) for Improved Panel Efficiency
- High Repetitive Peak Current Capability
- Lead Free Package

Key Parameters

$V_{CE\ min}$	300	V
$V_{CE(ON)}\ typ.\ @\ I_C = 70A$	1.90	V
$I_{RP}\ max\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C\ ①$	250	A
$T_J\ max$	150	$^\circ C$



Description

This IGBT is specifically designed for applications in Plasma Display Panels. This device utilizes advanced trench IGBT technology to achieve low $V_{CE(on)}$ and low E_{PULSE}^{TM} rating per silicon area which improve panel efficiency. Additional features are $150^\circ C$ operating junction temperature and high repetitive peak current capability. These features combine to make this IGBT a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for PDP applications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 30	V
$I_C\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current, $V_{GE}\ @\ 15V$	70	A
$I_C\ @\ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector, $V_{GE}\ @\ 15V$	40	
$I_{RP}\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Repetitive Peak Current ①	250	
$P_D\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	160	W
$P_D\ @\ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	63	
	Linear Derating Factor	1.3	W/ $^\circ C$
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-40 to + 150	$^\circ C$
	Soldering Temperature for 10 seconds	300	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	N

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT) ②	—	0.8	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount) ②④	—	40	
	Weight	6.0 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
BV_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	300	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{CE} = 1\text{ mA}$
$\Delta BV_{CES}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.29	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_{CE} = 1\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Static Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	—	1.29	1.55	V	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 25A$ ③
		—	1.49	1.67		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 40A$ ③
		—	1.90	2.10		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 70A$ ③
		—	2.57	2.96		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 120A$ ③
		—	2.27	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 70A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.6	—	5.0	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_{CE} = 500\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-11	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	2.0	25	μA	$V_{CE} = 300V, V_{GE} = 0V$
		—	5.0	—		$V_{CE} = 300V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
		—	100	—		$V_{CE} = 300V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GE} = 30V$
	Gate-to-Emitter Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GE} = -30V$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	29	—	S	$V_{CE} = 25V, I_{CE} = 25A$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	65	—	nC	$V_{CE} = 200V, I_C = 25A, V_{GE} = 15V$ ③
Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge	—	22	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	36	—	ns	$I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 196V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu\text{H}, L_S = 200\text{nH}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise time	—	31	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	112	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	65	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	30	—	ns	$I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 196V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu\text{H}, L_S = 200\text{nH}$ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise time	—	33	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	145	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	98	—		
t_{st}	Shoot Through Blocking Time	100	—	—	ns	$V_{CC} = 240V, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.1\Omega$
E_{PULSE}	Energy per Pulse	—	1075	—	μJ	$L = 220\text{nH}, C = 0.40\mu\text{F}, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 240V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	1432	—		$L = 220\text{nH}, C = 0.40\mu\text{F}, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 240V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	2250	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	110	—		$V_{CE} = 30V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	58	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig.13
L_C	Internal Collector Inductance	—	5.0	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.)
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—		from package and center of die contact

Notes:

- ① Half sine wave with duty cycle = 0.1, $t_{on} = 2\mu\text{sec}$.
 ② R_G is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .

- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
 ④ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).
 For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

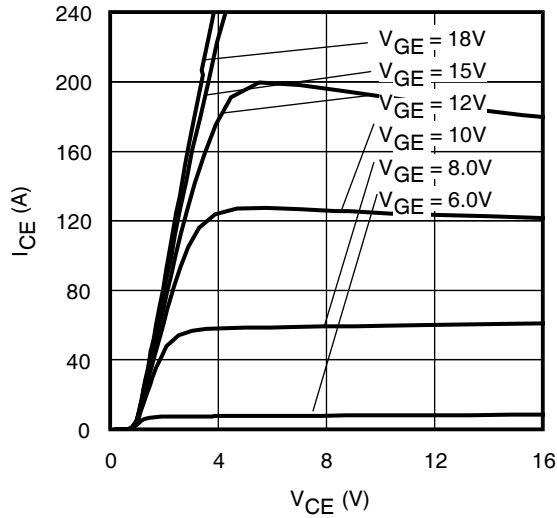


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics @ 25°C

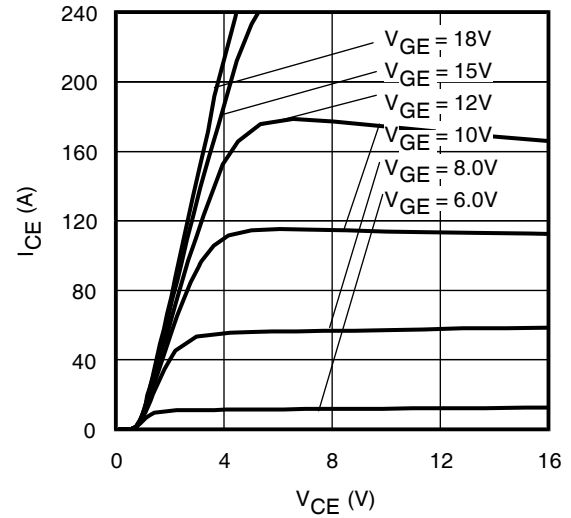


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics @ 75°C

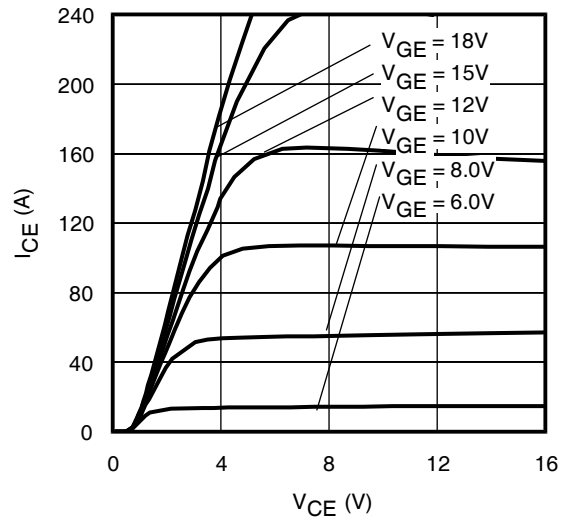


Fig 3. Typical Output Characteristics @ 125°C

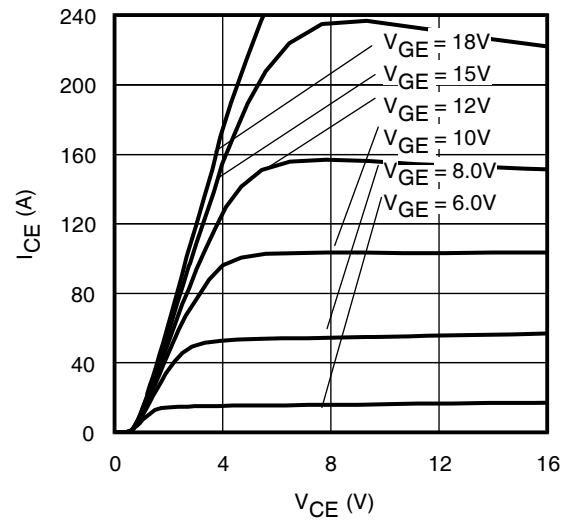


Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics @ 150°C

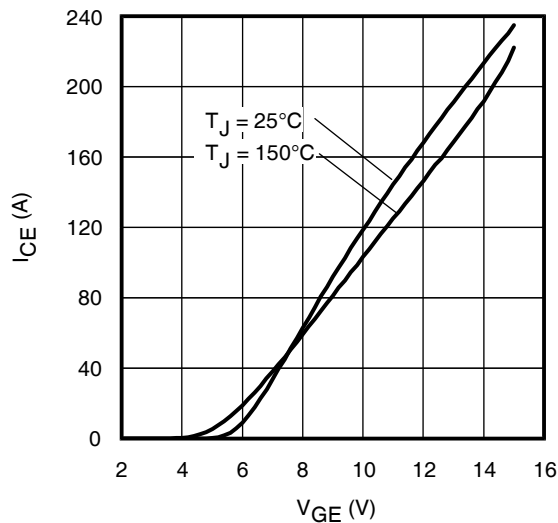


Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

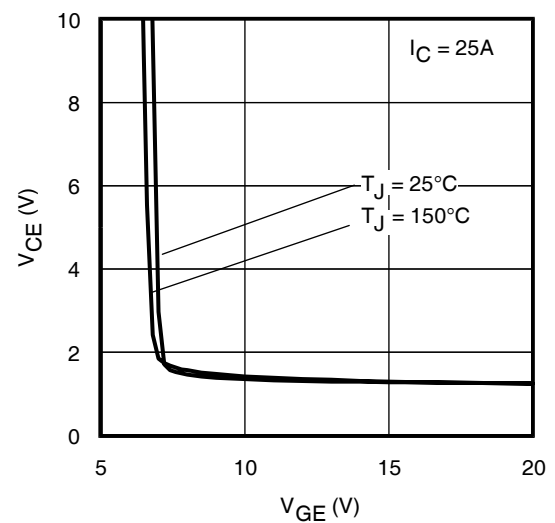


Fig 6. $V_{CE(ON)}$ vs. Gate Voltage

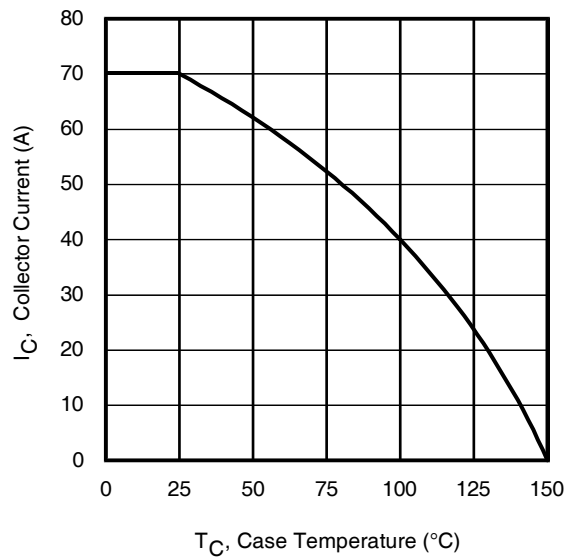


Fig 7. Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

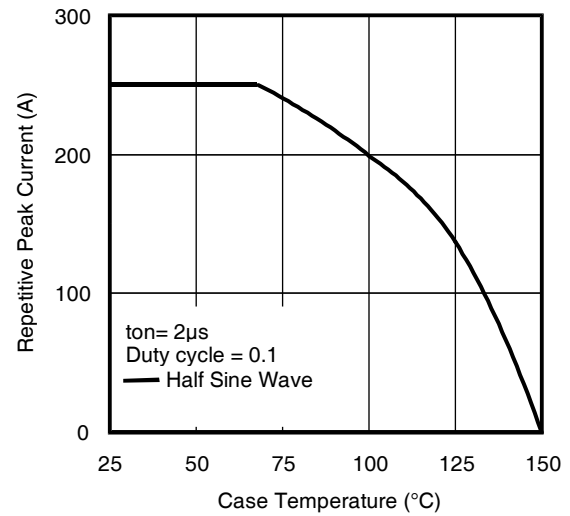


Fig 8. Typical Repetitive Peak Current vs. Case Temperature

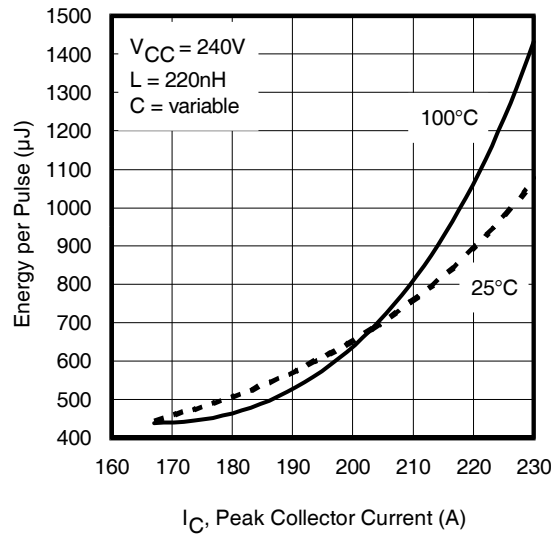


Fig 9. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Collector Current

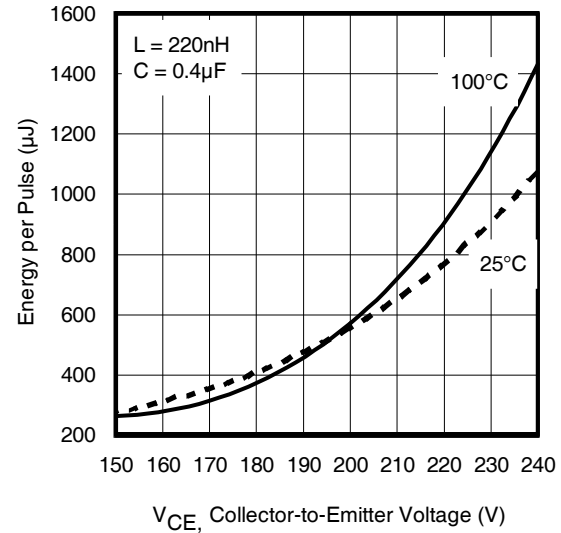


Fig 10. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

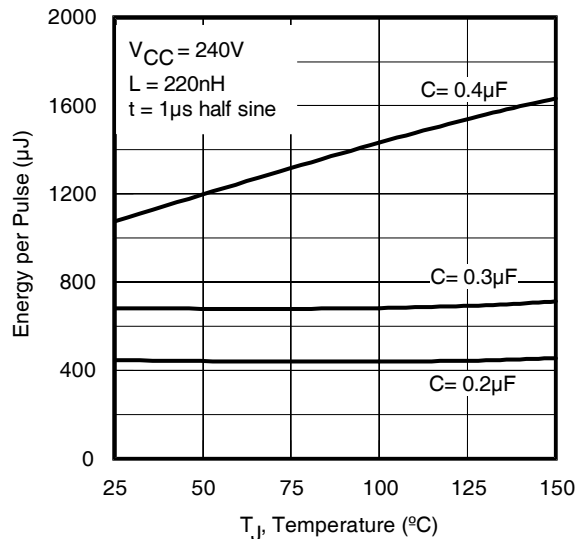


Fig 11. E_{PULSE} vs. Temperature

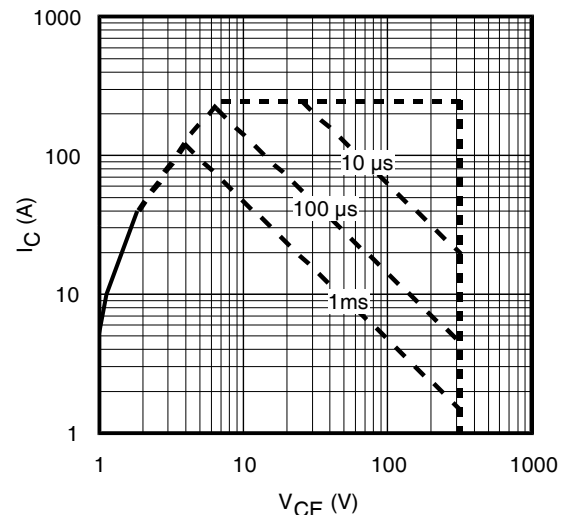


Fig 12. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

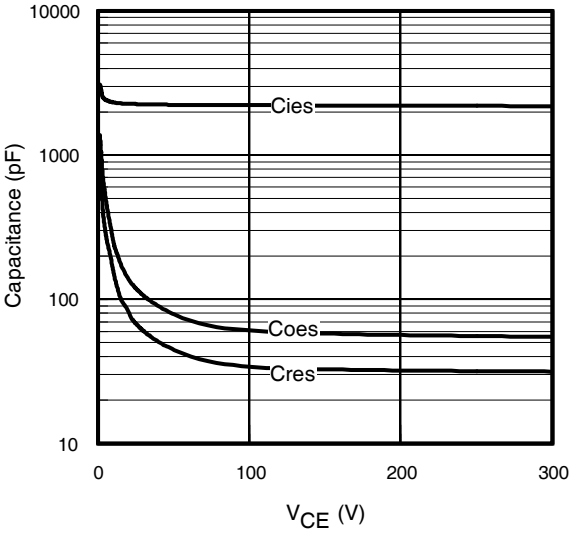


Fig 13. Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

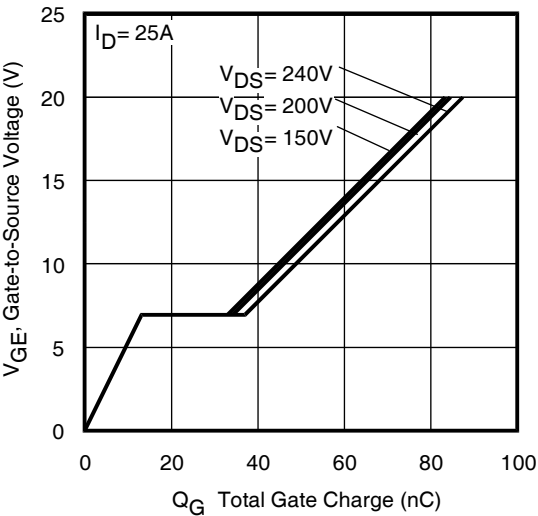


Fig 14. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

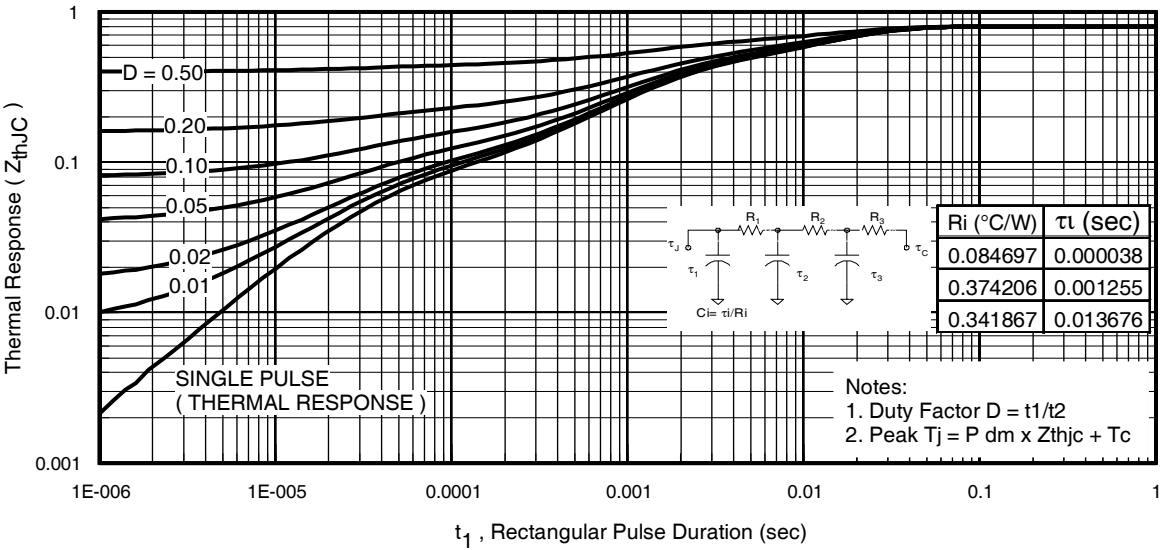


Fig 15. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

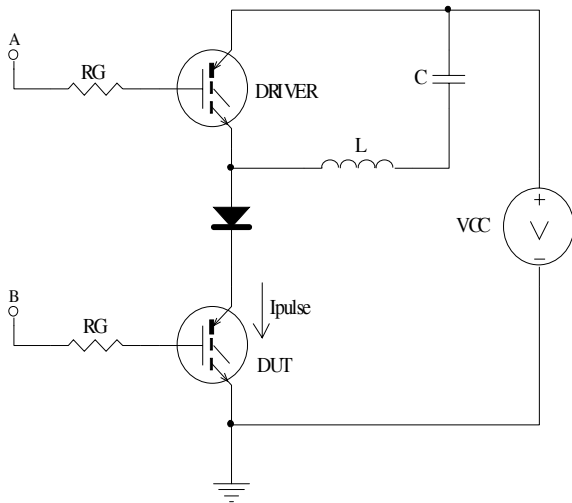


Fig 16a. t_{st} and E_{PULSE} Test Circuit

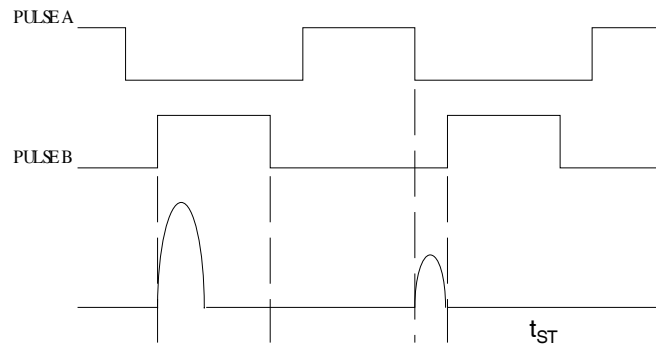


Fig 16b. t_{st} Test Waveforms

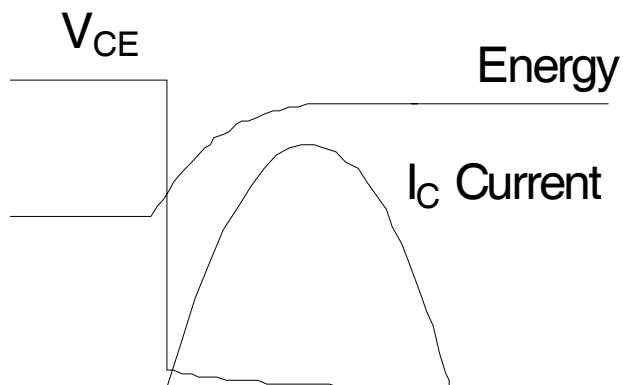


Fig 16c. E_{PULSE} Test Waveforms

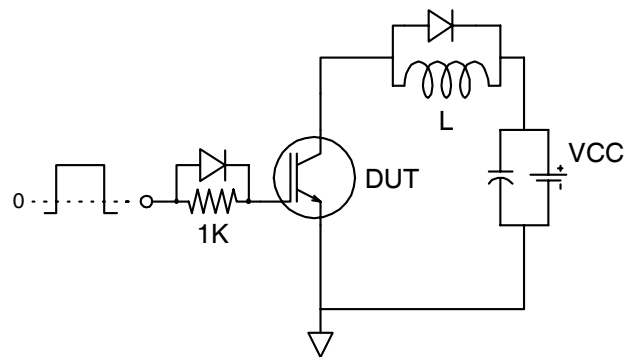
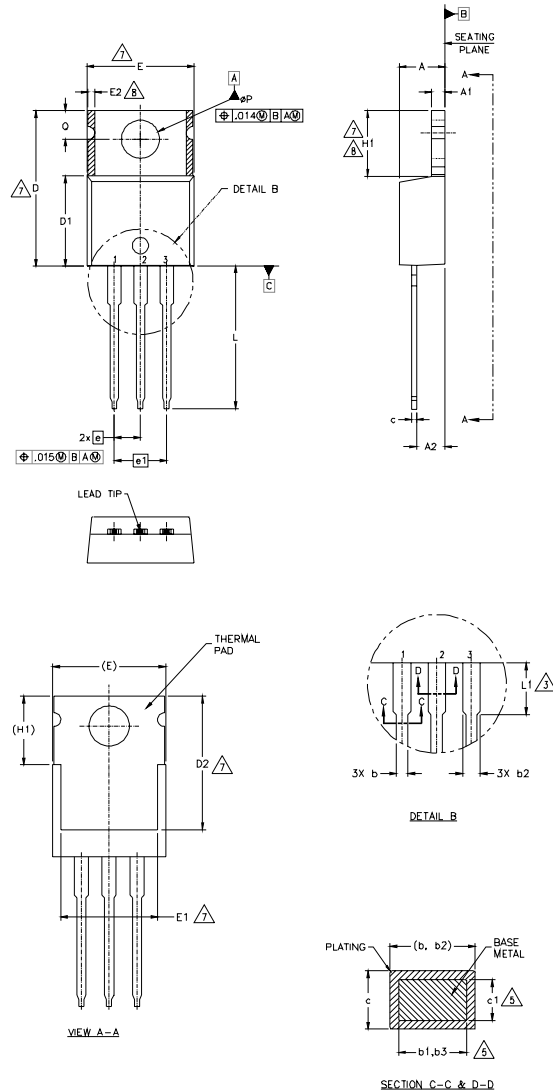


Fig. 17 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	5
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	5
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	7
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	
E2	-	0.76	-	.030	
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		7,8
e1	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	
ØP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, GbPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

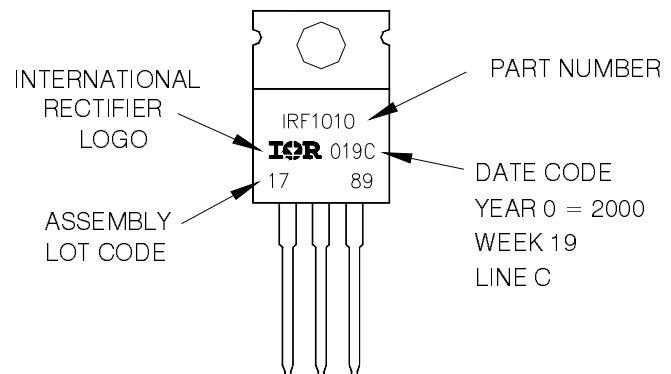
DIODES

- 1.- ANODE
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead - Free"

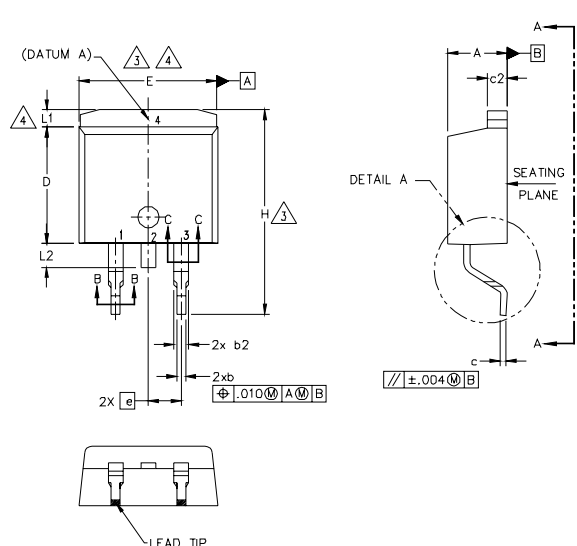


TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

www.irf.com

D²Pak Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	5
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	5
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	5
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	3
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	
D1	6.86	—	.270	—	4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	—	.245	—	4
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		4
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	—	1.65	—	.066	
L2	1.27	1.78	—	.070	4
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

DIODES

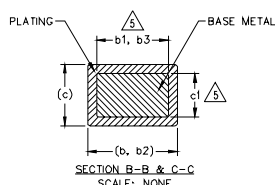
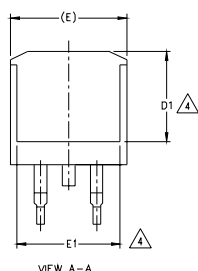
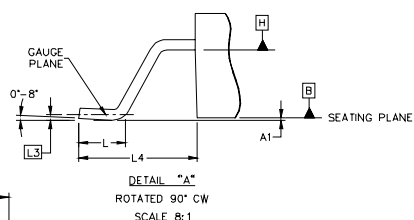
- 1.- ANODE (TWO DIE) / OPEN (ONE DIE)
- 2, 4.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER



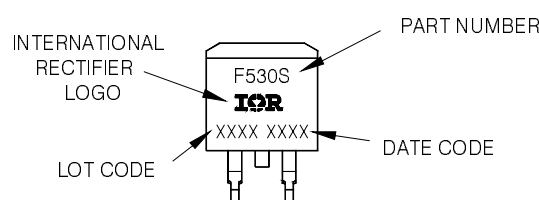
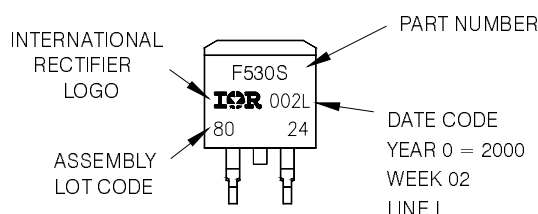
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
5. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
7. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263AB.

D²Pak Part Marking Information

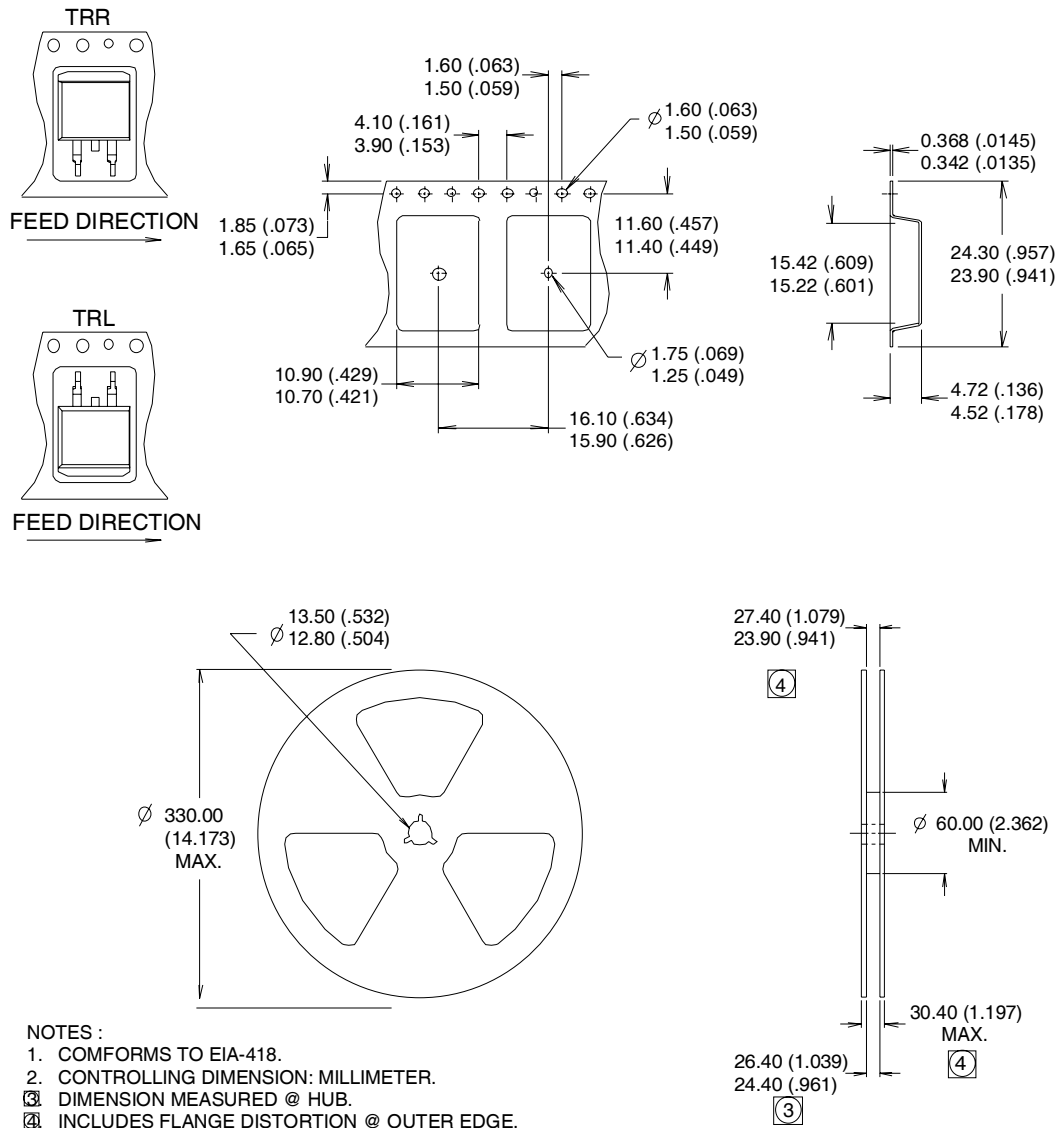
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
LOT CODE 8024
ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
LOT CODE 8024
For GB Produced ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak Tape & Reel Information



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed for the Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.