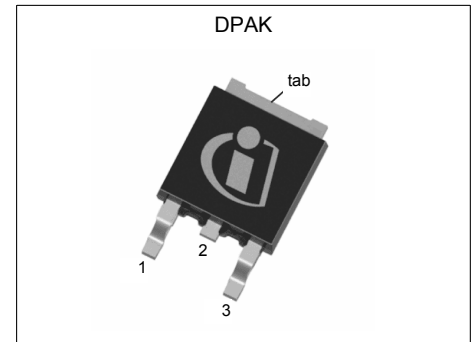


MOSFET

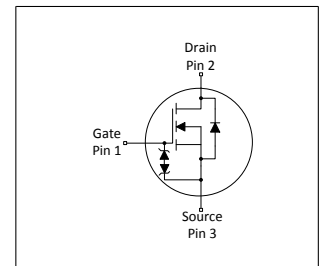
600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Transistor

The CoolMOS™ 7th generation platform is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. The 600V CoolMOS™ P7 series is the successor to the CoolMOS™ P6 series. It combines the benefits of a fast switching SJ MOSFET with excellent ease of use, e.g. very low ringing tendency, outstanding robustness of body diode against hard commutation and excellent ESD capability. Furthermore, extremely low switching and conduction losses make switching applications even more efficient, more compact and much cooler.



Features

- Suitable for hard and soft switching (PFC and LLC) due to an outstanding commutation ruggedness
- Significant reduction of switching and conduction losses
- Excellent ESD robustness >2kV (HBM) for all products
- Better $R_{DS(on)}/\text{package}$ products compared to competition enabled by a low $R_{DS(on)} \cdot A$ (below $10\text{m}\Omega \cdot \text{mm}^2$)
- Large portfolio with granular $R_{DS(on)}$ selection qualified for a variety of industrial and consumer grade applications according to JEDEC (J-STD20 and JESD22)



Benefits

- Ease of use and fast design-in through low ringing tendency and usage across PFC and PWM stages
- Simplified thermal management due to low switching and conduction losses
- Increased power density solutions enabled by using products with smaller footprint and higher manufacturing quality due to >2 kV ESD protection
- Suitable for a wide variety of applications and power ranges

Potential applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV, Lighting, Server, Telecom and UPS.

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	360	$\text{m}\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	13	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	26	A
$E_{oss}@400V$	1.6	μJ
Body diode di/dt	900	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPD60R360P7S	PG-TO 252-3	60S360P7	see Appendix A

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1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	9 6	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	26	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	27	mJ	$I_D=2.5\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.14	mJ	$I_D=2.5\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, single pulse	I_{AS}	-	-	2.5	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	80	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	41	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	-	Ncm	-
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	9.0	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	26	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq 9\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	900	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq 9\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Insulation withstand voltage	V_{ISO}	-	-	n.a.	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$. Maximum Duty Cycle $D = 0.50$

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_g

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	3.04	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	device on PCB, minimal footprint
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R_{thJA}	-	35	45	°C/W	Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm ² (one layer, 70µm thickness) copper area for drain connection and cooling. PCB is vertical without air stream cooling.
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	reflow MSL1

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3	3.5	4	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.14mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	1000	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.300 0.704	0.360 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	6.2	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	555	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=400V$, $f=250kHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	10	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=400V$, $f=250kHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	20	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	214	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	8	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $R_G=10.0\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	7	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $R_G=10.0\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	42	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $R_G=10.0\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	10	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $R_G=10.0\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	3	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	4	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	13	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.2	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=2.7A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.9	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=2.7A$, $T_J=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	145	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=1A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	0.74	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=1A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	11	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=1A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

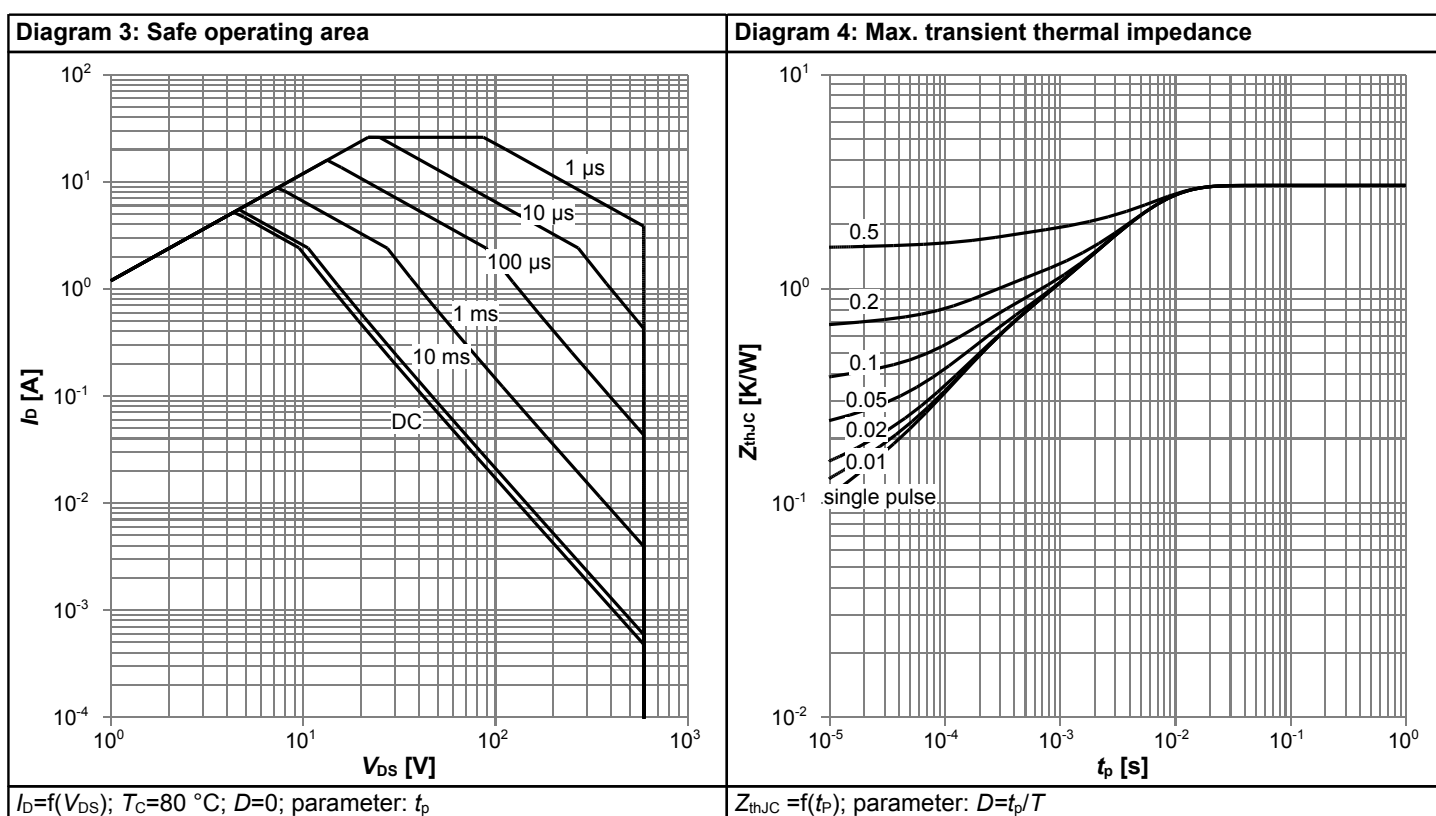
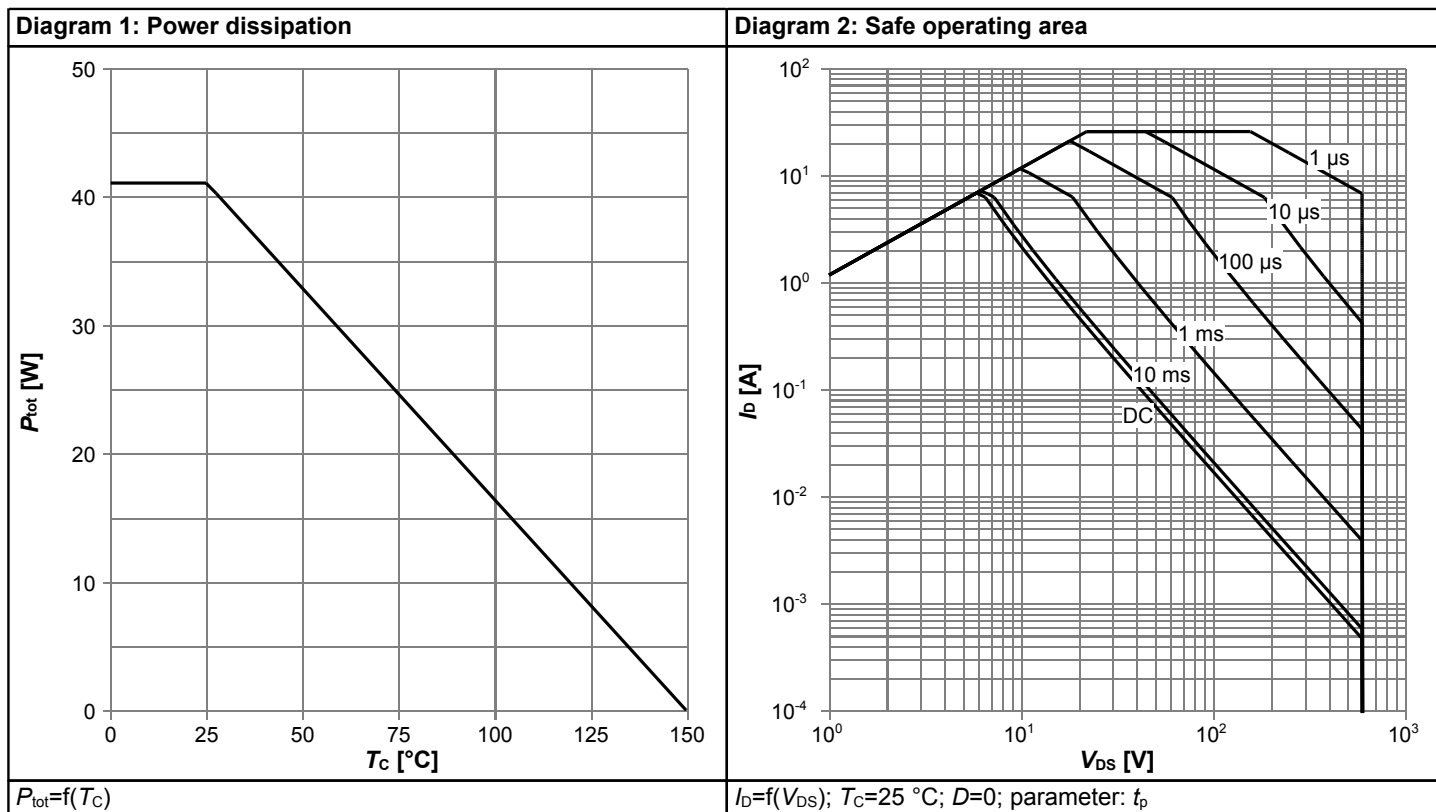
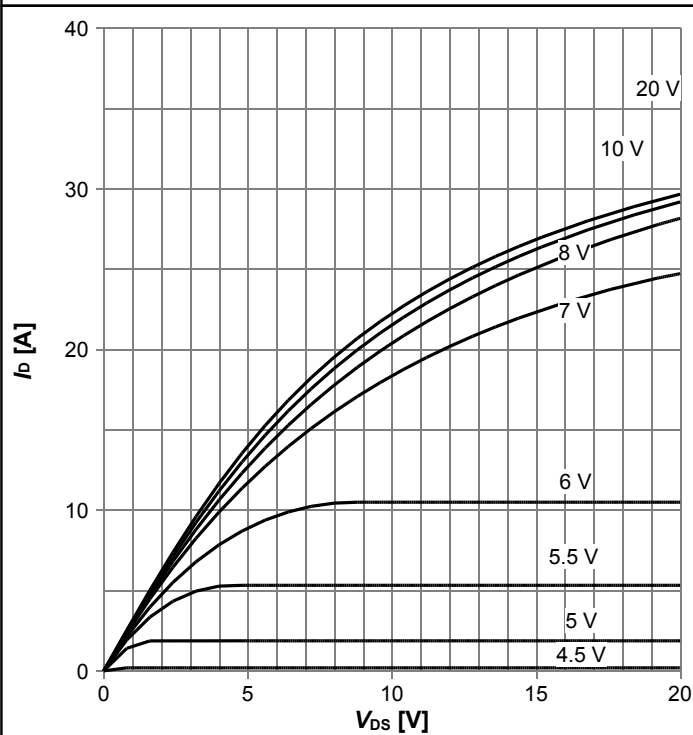
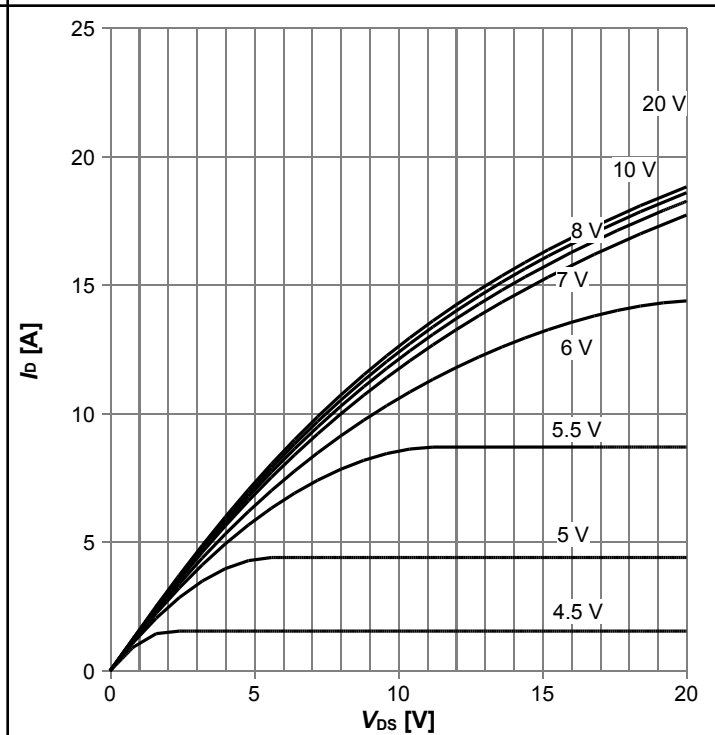


Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



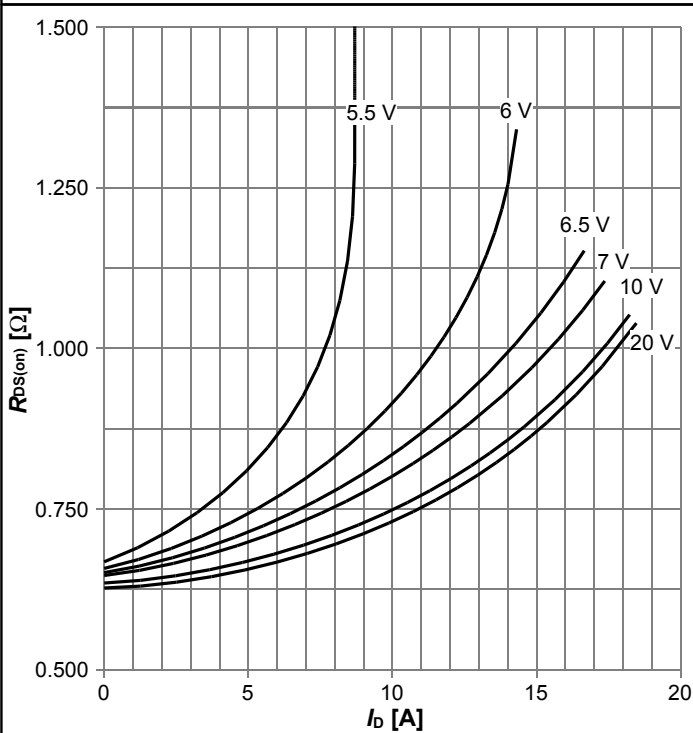
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics



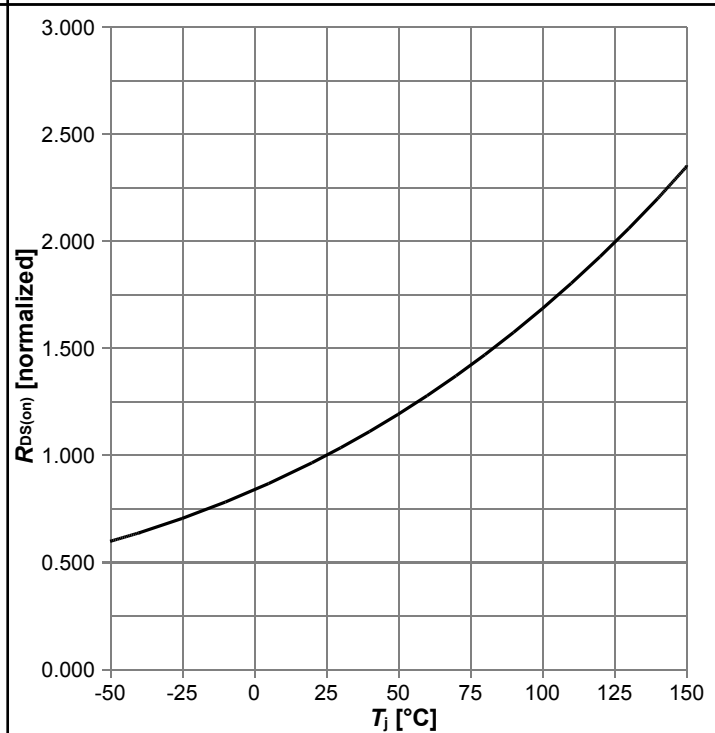
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



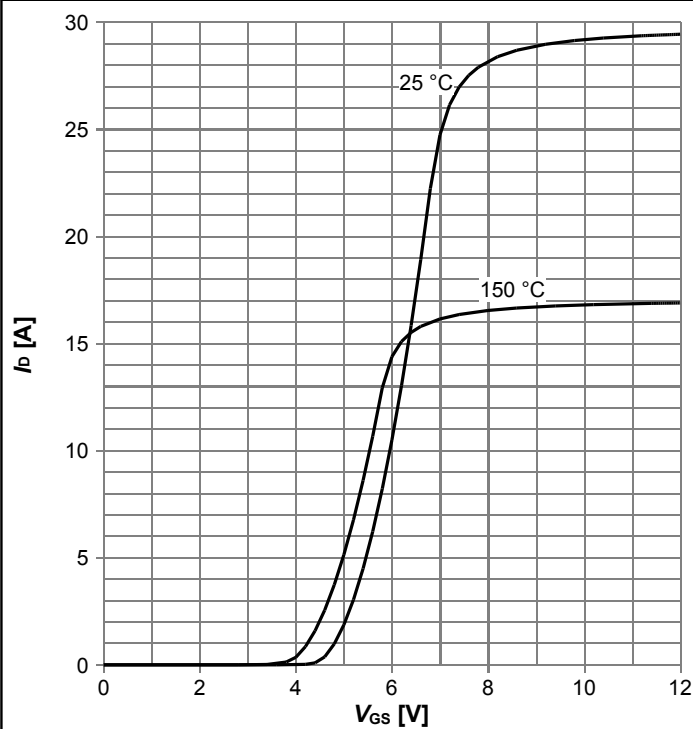
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance



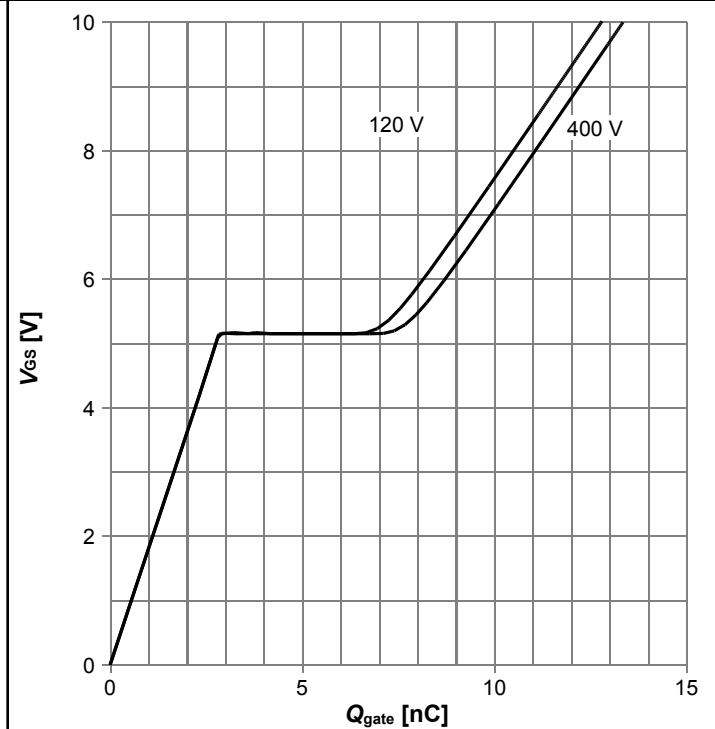
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J)$; $I_D = 2.7\text{ A}$; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics



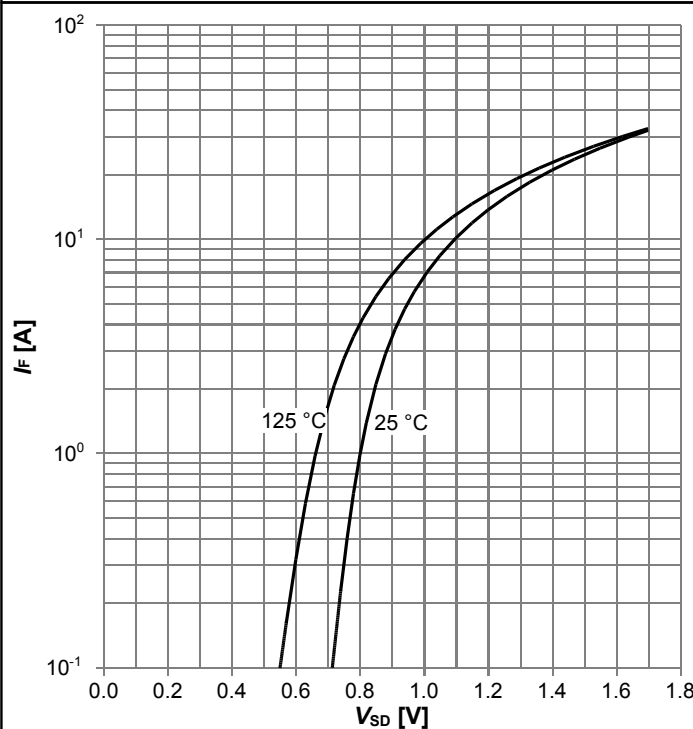
$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 20V$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge



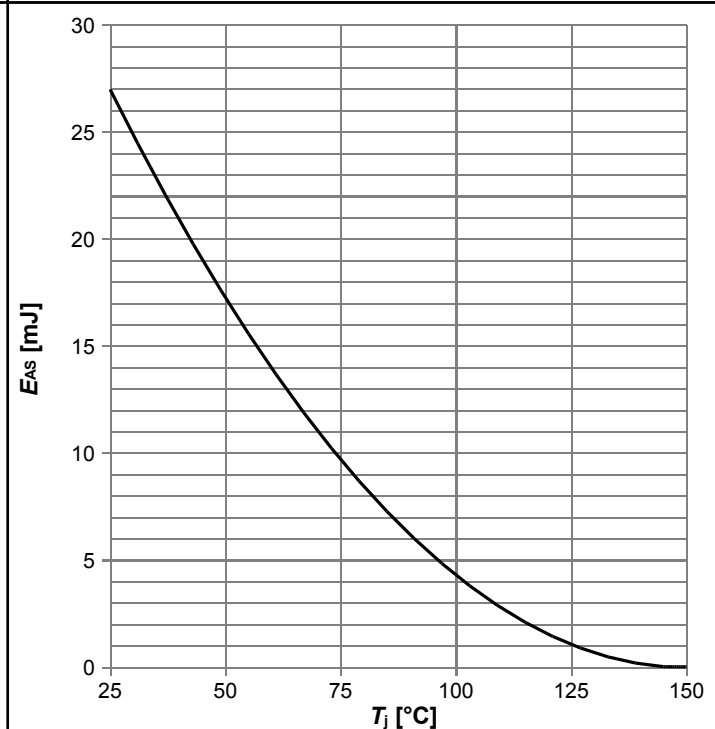
$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D = 2.7$ A pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



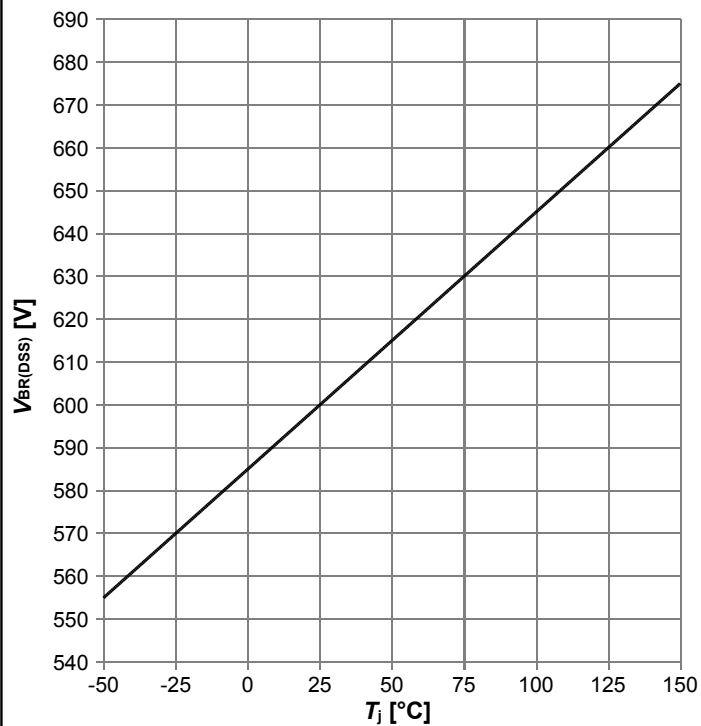
$I_F = f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy



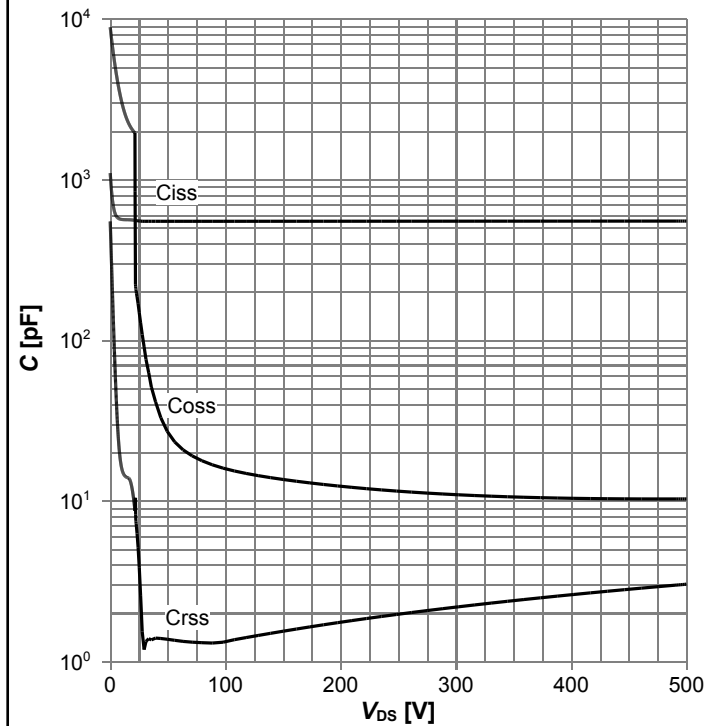
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 2.5$ A; $V_{DD} = 50$ V

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



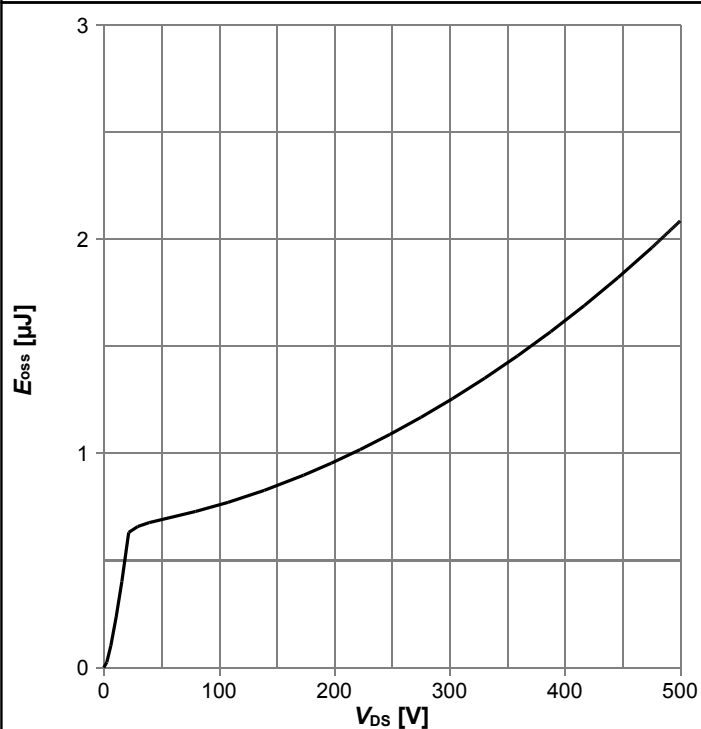
$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_J); I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 250 \text{ kHz}$

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

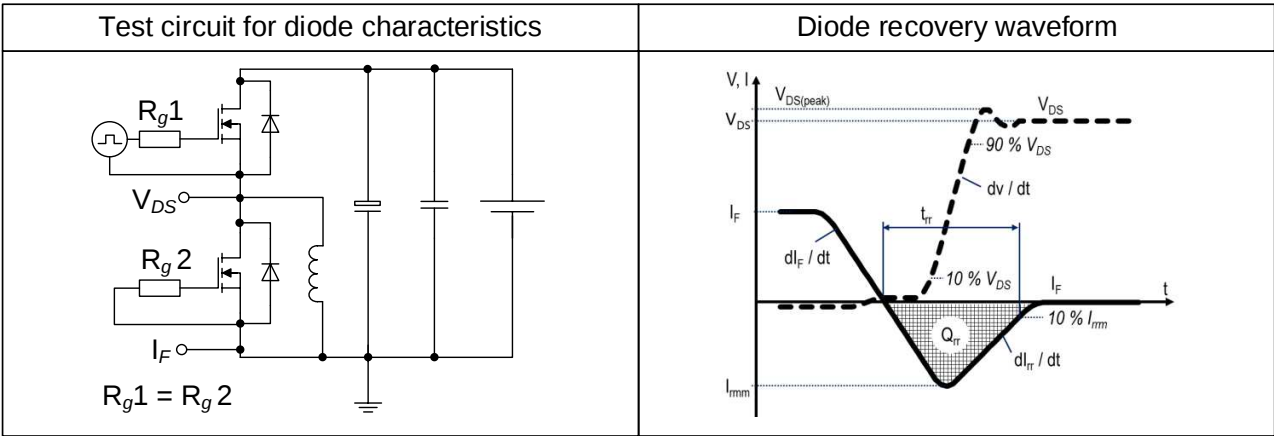


Table 9 Switching times

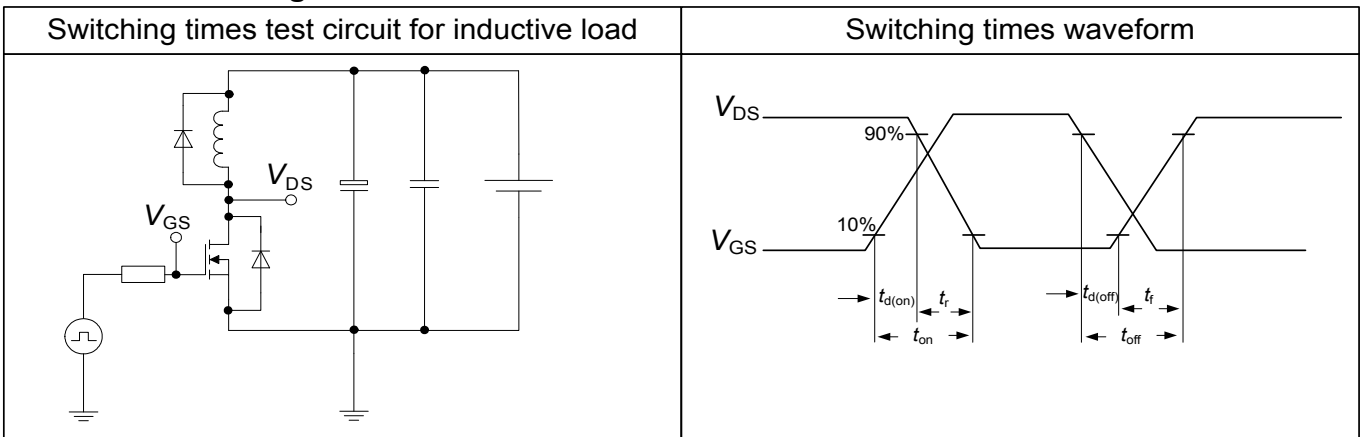
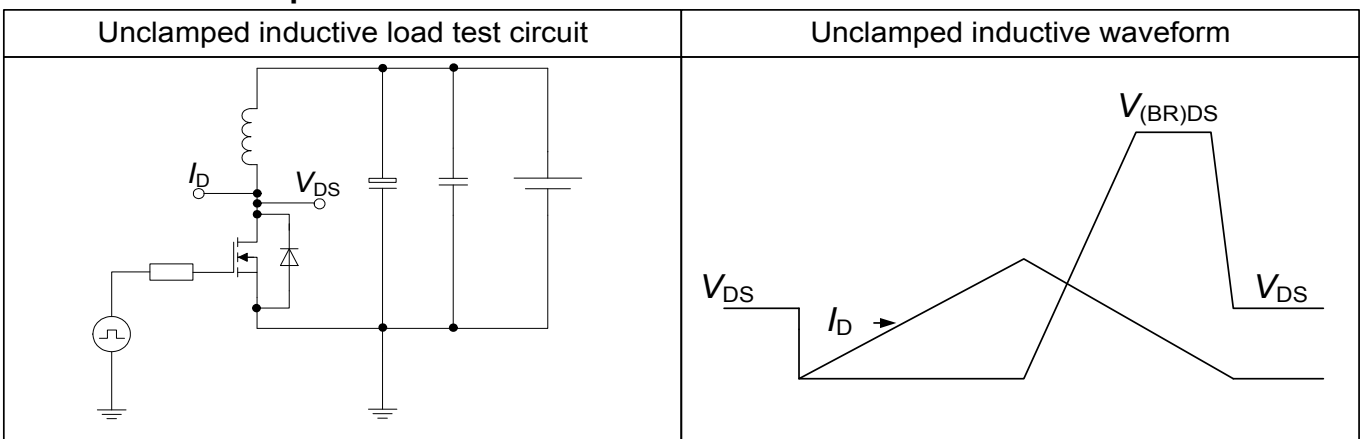


Table 10 Unclamped inductive load



6 Package Outlines

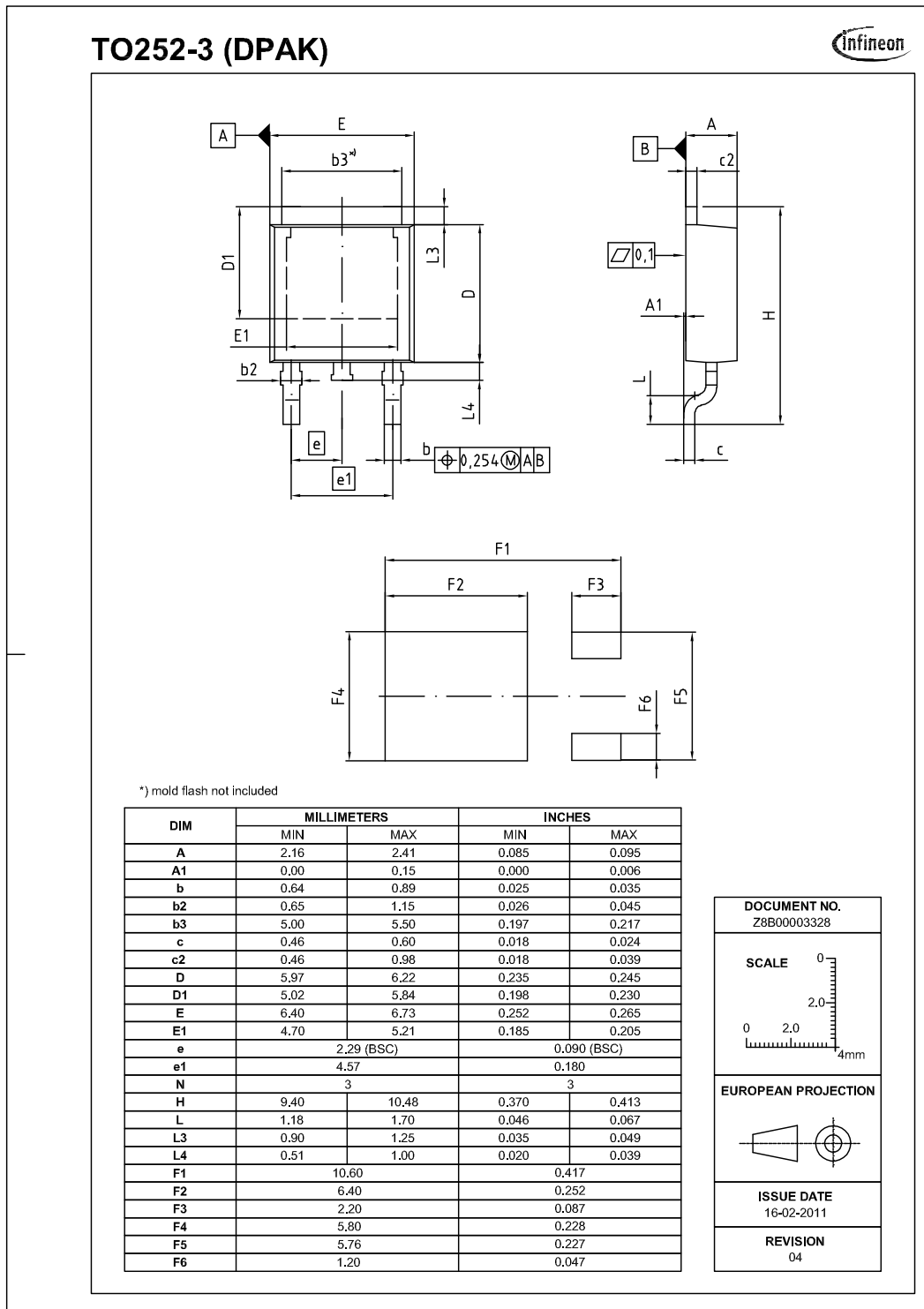


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 252-3, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS P7 Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS P7 application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS P7 simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPD60R360P7S

Revision: 2017-06-12, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2017-06-12	Release of final version

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