



128K X 36, 256K X 18
3.3V Synchronous SRAMs
3.3V I/O, Flow-Through Outputs
Burst Counter, Single Cycle Deselect

IDT71V3577S
IDT71V3579S
IDT71V3577SA
IDT71V3579SA

Features

- ♦ 128K x 36, 256K x 18 memory configurations
- ♦ Supports fast access times:
 - Commercial:
 - 7.5ns up to 117MHz clock frequency
 - Commercial and Industrial:
 - 8.0ns up to 100MHz clock frequency
 - 8.5ns up to 87MHz clock frequency
- ♦ $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input selects interleaved or linear burst mode
- ♦ Self-timed write cycle with global write control ($\overline{\text{GW}}$), byte write enable ($\overline{\text{BWE}}$), and byte writes ($\overline{\text{BW}}_x$)
- ♦ 3.3V core power supply
- ♦ Power down controlled by ZZ input
- ♦ 3.3V I/O
- ♦ Optional - Boundary Scan JTAG Interface (IEEE 1149.1 compliant)
- ♦ Packaged in a JEDEC Standard 100-pin plastic thin quad flatpack (TQFP), 119 ball grid array (BGA) and 165 fine pitch ball grid array

Description

The IDT71V3577/79 are high-speed SRAMs organized as 128K x 36/256K x 18. The IDT71V3577/79 SRAMs contain write, data, address and control registers. There are no registers in the data output path (flow-through architecture). Internal logic allows the SRAM to generate a self-timed write based upon a decision which can be left until the end of the write cycle.

The burst mode feature offers the highest level of performance to the system designer, as the IDT71V3577/79 can provide four cycles of data for a single address presented to the SRAM. An internal burst address counter accepts the first cycle address from the processor, initiating the access sequence. The first cycle of output data will flow-through from the array after a clock-to-data access time delay from the rising clock edge of the same cycle. If burst mode operation is selected ($\overline{\text{ADV}}=\text{LOW}$), the subsequent three cycles of output data will be available to the user on the next three rising clock edges. The order of these three addresses are defined by the internal burst counter and the $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input pin.

The IDT71V3577/79 SRAMs utilize IDT's latest high-performance CMOS process and are packaged in a JEDEC standard 14mm x 20mm 100-pin thin plastic quad flatpack (TQFP) as well as a 119 ball grid array (BGA) and a 165 fine pitch ball grid array (fBGA).

Pin Description Summary

A0-A17	Address Inputs	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable	Input	Synchronous
CS0, $\overline{\text{CS}}_1$	Chip Selects	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable	Input	Asynchronous
$\overline{\text{GW}}$	Global Write Enable	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{BWE}}$	Byte Write Enable	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{BW}}_1, \overline{\text{BW}}_2, \overline{\text{BW}}_3, \overline{\text{BW}}_4^{(1)}$	Individual Byte Write Selects	Input	Synchronous
CLK	Clock	Input	N/A
$\overline{\text{ADV}}$	Burst Address Advance	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{ADSC}}$	Address Status (Cache Controller)	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{ADSP}}$	Address Status (Processor)	Input	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{LBO}}$	Linear / Interleaved Burst Order	Input	DC
TMS	Test Mode Select	Input	Synchronous
TDI	Test Data Input	Input	Synchronous
TCK	Test Clock	Input	N/A
TDO	Test Data Output	Output	Synchronous
$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	JTAG Reset (Optional)	Input	Asynchronous
ZZ	Sleep Mode	Input	Asynchronous
I/O0-I/O31, I/OP1-I/OP4	Data Input / Output	I/O	Synchronous
VDD, VDDQ	Core Power, I/O Power	Supply	N/A
VSS	Ground	Supply	N/A

NOTE:

1. $\overline{\text{BW}}_3$ and $\overline{\text{BW}}_4$ are not applicable for the IDT71V3579.

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FEBRUARY 2009

Pin Definitions⁽¹⁾

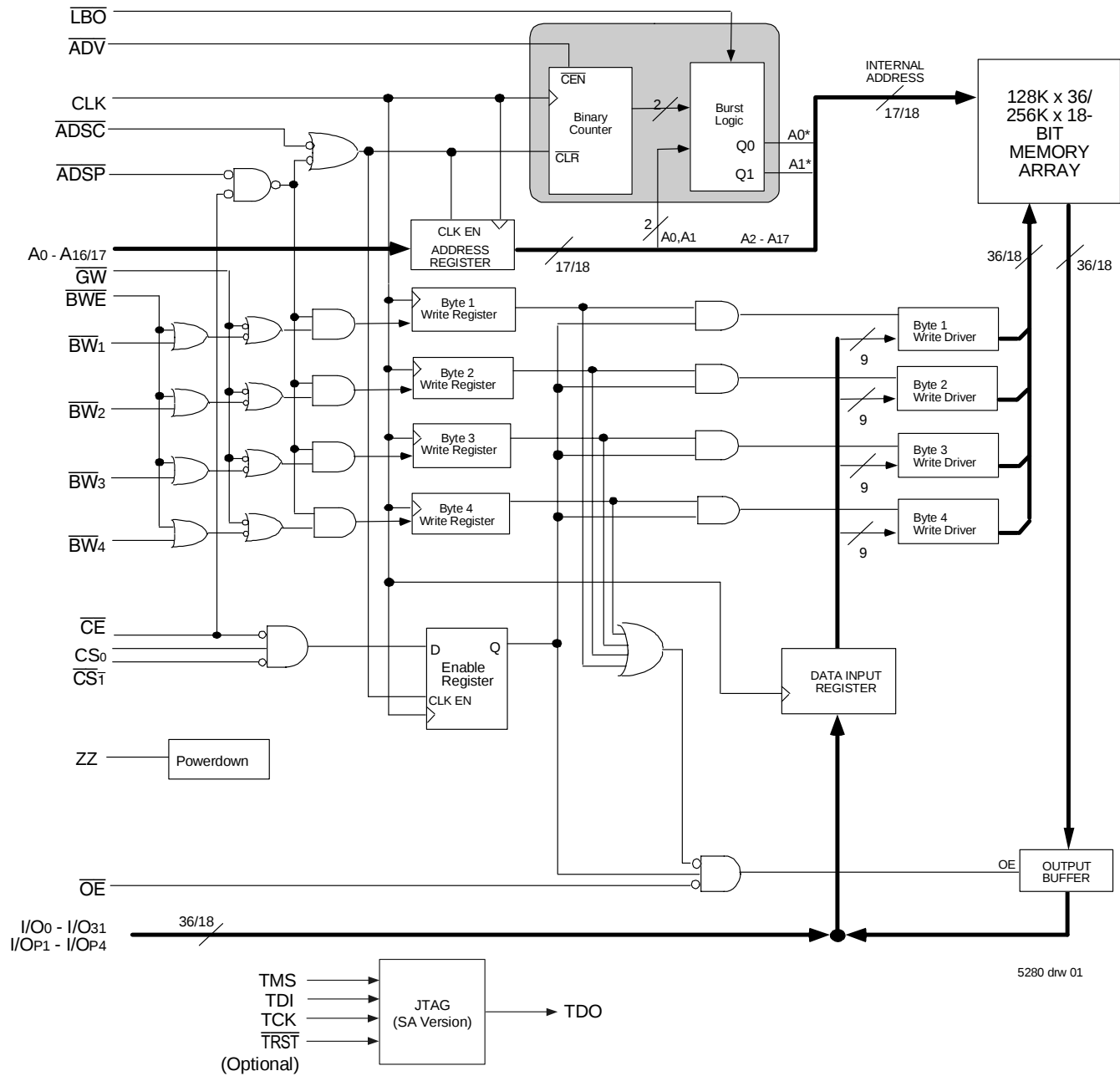
Symbol	Pin Function	I/O	Active	Description
A0-A17	Address Inputs	I	N/A	Synchronous Address inputs. The address register is triggered by a combination of the rising edge of CLK and $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ Low or $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ Low and $\overline{\text{CE}}$ Low.
$\overline{\text{ADSC}}$	Address Status (Cache Controller)	I	LOW	Synchronous Address Status from Cache Controller. $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ is an active LOW input that is used to load the address registers with new addresses.
$\overline{\text{ADSP}}$	Address Status (Processor)	I	LOW	Synchronous Address Status from Processor. $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is an active LOW input that is used to load the address registers with new addresses. $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is gated by $\overline{\text{CE}}$.
$\overline{\text{ADV}}$	Burst Address Advance	I	LOW	Synchronous Address Advance. $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ is an active LOW input that is used to advance the internal burst counter, controlling burst access after the initial address is loaded. When the input is HIGH the burst counter is not incremented; that is, there is no address advance.
$\overline{\text{BWE}}$	Byte Write Enable	I	LOW	Synchronous byte write enable gates the byte write inputs $\overline{\text{BW}}_1$ - $\overline{\text{BW}}_4$. If $\overline{\text{BWE}}$ is LOW at the rising edge of CLK then $\overline{\text{BW}}_x$ inputs are passed to the next stage in the circuit. If $\overline{\text{BWE}}$ is HIGH then the byte write inputs are blocked and only $\overline{\text{GW}}$ can initiate a write cycle.
$\overline{\text{BW}}_1$ - $\overline{\text{BW}}_4$	Individual Byte Write Enables	I	LOW	Synchronous byte write enables. $\overline{\text{BW}}_1$ controls I/O ₀₋₇ , I/O _{P1} , $\overline{\text{BW}}_2$ controls I/O ₈₋₁₅ , I/O _{P2} , etc. Any active byte write causes all outputs to be disabled.
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable	I	LOW	Synchronous chip enable. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is used with $\overline{\text{CS}}_0$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_1$ to enable the IDT71V3577/79. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ also gates $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$.
CLK	Clock	I	N/A	This is the clock input. All timing references for the device are made with respect to this input.
$\overline{\text{CS}}_0$	Chip Select 0	I	HIGH	Synchronous active HIGH chip select. $\overline{\text{CS}}_0$ is used with $\overline{\text{CE}}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_1$ to enable the chip.
$\overline{\text{CS}}_1$	Chip Select 1	I	LOW	Synchronous active LOW chip select. $\overline{\text{CS}}_1$ is used with $\overline{\text{CE}}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_0$ to enable the chip.
$\overline{\text{GW}}$	Global Write Enable	I	LOW	Synchronous global write enable. This input will write all four 9-bit data bytes when LOW on the rising edge of CLK. $\overline{\text{GW}}$ supersedes individual byte write enables.
I/O ₀ -I/O ₃₁ I/O _{P1} -I/O _{P4}	Data Input/Output	I/O	N/A	Synchronous data input/output (I/O) pins. The data input path is registered, triggered by the rising edge of CLK. The data output path is flow-through (no output register).
$\overline{\text{LBO}}$	Linear Burst Order	I	LOW	Asynchronous burst order selection input. When $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is HIGH, the inter-leaved burst sequence is selected. When $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is LOW the Linear burst sequence is selected. $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is a static input and must not change state while the device is operating.
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable	I	LOW	Asynchronous output enable. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is LOW the data output drivers are enabled on the I/O pins if the chip is also selected. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is HIGH the I/O pins are in a high-impedance state.
TMS	Test ModeSelect	I	N/A	Gives input command for TAP controller. Sampled on rising edge of TCK. This pin has an internal pullup.
TDI	Test Data Input	I	N/A	Serial input of registers placed between TDI and TDO. Sampled on rising edge of TCK. This pin has an internal pullup.
TCK	Test Clock	I	N/A	Clock input of TAP controller. Each TAP event is clocked. Test inputs are captured on rising edge of TCK, while test outputs are driven from the falling edge of TCK. This pin has an internal pullup.
TDO	Test DataOutput	O	N/A	Serial output of registers placed between TDI and TDO. This output is active depending on the state of the TAP controller.
$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	JTAG Reset (Optional)	I	LOW	Optional Asynchronous JTAG reset. Can be used to reset the TAP controller, but not required. JTAG reset occurs automatically at power up and also resets using TMS and TCK per IEEE 1149.1. If not used $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ can be left floating. This pin has an internal pullup. Only available in BGA package.
ZZ	Sleep Mode	I	HIGH	Asynchronous sleep mode input. ZZ HIGH will gate the CLK internally and power down the IDT71V3577/79 to its lowest power consumption level. Data retention is guaranteed in Sleep Mode. This pin has an internal pull down.
V _{DD}	Power Supply	N/A	N/A	3.3V core power supply.
V _{DDQ}	Power Supply	N/A	N/A	3.3V I/O Supply.
V _{SS}	Ground	N/A	N/A	Ground.
NC	No Connect	N/A	N/A	NC pins are not electrically connected to the device.

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NOTE:

1. All synchronous inputs must meet specified setup and hold times with respect to CLK.

Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Rating	Commercial & Industrial Values	Unit
V _{TERM} ⁽²⁾	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +4.6	V
V _{TERM} ^(3,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DD}	V
V _{TERM} ^(4,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DD} +0.5	V
V _{TERM} ^(5,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DDQ} +0.5	V
T _A ⁽⁷⁾	Commercial Operating Temperature	-0 to +70	°C
	Industrial Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	°C
P _T	Power Dissipation	2.0	W
I _{OUT}	DC Output Current	50	mA

NOTES:

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- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- V_{DD} terminals only.
- V_{DDQ} terminals only.
- Input terminals only.
- I/O terminals only.
- This is a steady-state DC parameter that applies after the power supplies have ramped up. Power supply sequencing is not necessary; however, the voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed V_{DDQ} during power supply ramp up.
- T_A is the "instant on" case temperature.

Recommended Operating Temperature Supply Voltage

Grade	Temperature ⁽¹⁾	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	0V	3.3V±5%	3.3V±5%
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	0V	3.3V±5%	3.3V±5%

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NOTES:

- T_A is the "instant on" case temperature.

Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Core Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DDQ}	I/O Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{SS}	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage - Inputs	2.0	—	V _{DD} +0.3	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage - I/O	2.0	—	V _{DDQ} +0.3 ⁽¹⁾	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3 ⁽²⁾	—	0.8	V

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NOTES:

- V_{IH} (max) = V_{DDQ} + 1.0V for pulse width less than t_{cy}/2, once per cycle.
- V_{IL} (min) = -1.0V for pulse width less than t_{cy}/2, once per cycle.

100 Pin TQFP Capacitance(T_A = +25° C, f = 1.0mhz)

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	5	pF
C _{IO}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	7	pF

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119 BGA Capacitance(T_A = +25° C, f = 1.0mhz)

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	7	pF
C _{IO}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	7	pF

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165 fBGA Capacitance(T_A = +25° C, f = 1.0mhz)

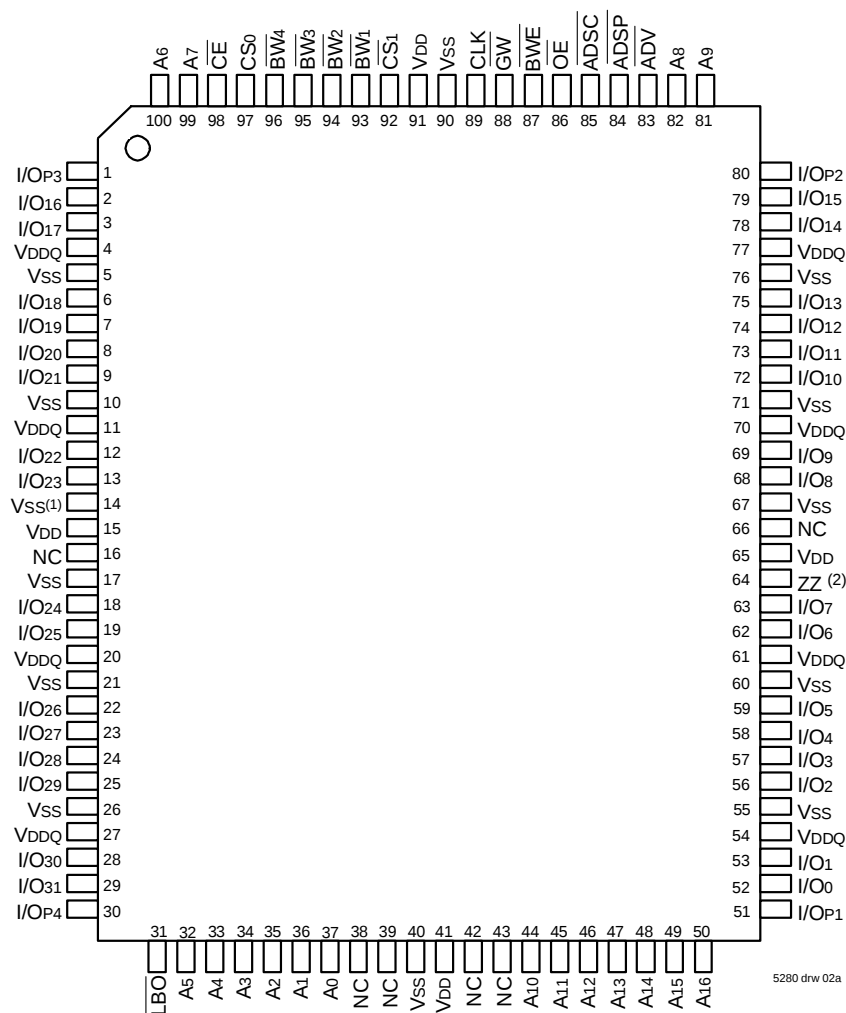
Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	7	pF
C _{IO}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	7	pF

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NOTE:

- This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but not production tested.

Pin Configuration – 128K x 36



100 TQFP Top View

NOTES:

- Pin 14 does not have to be directly connected to Vss as long as the input voltage is $\leq V_{IL}$.
- Pin 64 can be left unconnected and the device will always remain in active mode.

Pinout diagram for the 5280 device, showing pin numbers 1 through 51 and their corresponding functions. The diagram is a U-shaped package with pins on all four sides. Functions include NC (No Connection), VDDQ, VSS, I/O, and various control signals like A0-A17, CE, CS0, CS1, VDD, VSS, CLK, GW, BWE, OE, ADSC, ADSP, ADV, and A8-A9. A small circle is present on the top edge near pin 100.

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	NC	80	A10
2	NC	79	NC
3	NC	78	NC
4	VDDQ	77	VDDQ
5	VSS	76	VSS
6	NC	75	NC
7	NC	74	I/O _{P1}
8	I/O ₈	73	I/O ₇
9	I/O ₉	72	I/O ₆
10	VSS	71	VSS
11	VDDQ	70	VDDQ
12	I/O ₁₀	69	I/O ₅
13	I/O ₁₁	68	I/O ₄
14	VSS ⁽¹⁾	67	VSS
15	VDD	66	NC
16	NC	65	VDD
17	VSS	64	ZZ ⁽²⁾
18	I/O ₁₂	63	I/O ₃
19	I/O ₁₃	62	I/O ₂
20	VDDQ	61	VDDQ
21	VSS	60	VSS
22	I/O ₁₄	59	I/O ₁
23	I/O ₁₅	58	I/O ₀
24	I/O _{P2}	57	NC
25	NC	56	NC
26	VSS	55	VSS
27	VDDQ	54	VDDQ
28	NC	53	NC
29	NC	52	NC
30	NC	51	NC
31	LBO	48	A16
32	A5	49	A17
33	A4	46	A13
34	A3	47	A14
35	A2	45	A12
36	A1	44	A11
37	A0	43	NC
38	NC	42	NC
39	NC	41	VDD
40	VSS	40	VSS
41	VDD	39	NC
42	NC	38	NC
43	NC	37	A0
44	A11	36	A1
45	A12	35	A2
46	A13	34	A3
47	A14	33	A4
48	A15	32	A5
49	A16	31	LBO
50	A17		
51	NC		
52	NC		
53	NC		
54	VDDQ		
55	VSS		
56	NC		
57	NC		
58	I/O ₀		
59	I/O ₁		
60	VSS		
61	VDDQ		
62	I/O ₂		
63	I/O ₃		
64	ZZ ⁽²⁾		
65	VDD		
66	NC		
67	VSS		
68	I/O ₄		
69	I/O ₅		
70	VDDQ		
71	VSS		
72	I/O ₆		
73	I/O ₇		
74	I/O _{P1}		
75	NC		
76	VSS		
77	VDDQ		
78	NC		
79	NC		
80	A10		
81	A9		
82	A8		
83	ADV		
84	ADSP		
85	ADSC		
86	OE		
87	BWE		
88	GW		
89	CLK		
90	VSS		
91	VDD		
92	CS1		
93	BW1		
94	BW2		
95	NC		
96	NC		
97	CS0		
98	CE		
99	A7		
100	A6		

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NOTES:

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Pin Configuration – 128K x 36, 119 BGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	VDDQ	A6	A4	ADSP	A8	A16	VDDQ
B	NC	CS ₀	A3	ADSC	A9	CS1	NC
C	NC	A7	A2	VDD	A12	A15	NC
D	I/O16	I/OP3	VSS	NC	VSS	I/OP2	I/O15
E	I/O17	I/O18	VSS	CE	VSS	I/O13	I/O14
F	VDDQ	I/O19	VSS	OE	VSS	I/O12	VDDQ
G	I/O20	I/O21	BW3	ADV	BW2	I/O11	I/O10
H	I/O22	I/O23	VSS	GW	VSS	I/O9	I/O8
J	VDDQ	VDD	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	VDDQ
K	I/O24	I/O26	VSS	CLK	VSS	I/O6	I/O7
L	I/O25	I/O27	BW4	NC	BW1	I/O4	I/O5
M	VDDQ	I/O28	VSS	BWE	VSS	I/O3	VDDQ
N	I/O29	I/O30	VSS	A1	VSS	I/O2	I/O1
P	I/O31	I/OP4	VSS	A0	VSS	I/O0	I/OP1
R	NC	A5	LBO	VDD	VSS	A13	NC
T	NC	NC	A10	A11	A14	NC	ZZ ⁽³⁾
U	VDDQ	NC/TMS ⁽²⁾	NC/TDI ⁽²⁾	NC/TCK ⁽²⁾	NC/TDO ⁽²⁾	NC/TRST ^(2,4)	VDDQ

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Top View

Pin Configuration – 256K x 18, 119 BGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	VDDQ	A6	A4	ADSP	A8	A16	VDDQ
B	NC	CS ₀	A3	ADSC	A9	CS1	NC
C	NC	A7	A2	VDD	A13	A17	NC
D	I/O8	NC	VSS	NC	VSS	I/O7	NC
E	NC	I/O9	VSS	CE	VSS	NC	I/O6
F	VDDQ	NC	VSS	OE	VSS	I/O5	VDDQ
G	NC	I/O10	BW2	ADV	VSS	NC	I/O4
H	I/O11	NC	VSS	GW	VSS	I/O3	NC
J	VDDQ	VDD	NC	VDD	NC	VDD	VDDQ
K	NC	I/O12	VSS	CLK	VSS	NC	I/O2
L	I/O13	NC	VSS	NC	BW1	I/O1	NC
M	VDDQ	I/O14	VSS	BWE	VSS	NC	VDDQ
N	I/O15	NC	VSS	A1	VSS	I/O0	NC
P	NC	I/OP2	VSS	A0	VSS	NC	I/OP1
R	NC	A5	LBO	VDD	VSS	A12	NC
T	NC	A10	A15	NC	A14	A11	ZZ ⁽³⁾
U	VDDQ	NC/TMS ⁽²⁾	NC/TDI ⁽²⁾	NC/TCK ⁽²⁾	NC/TDO ⁽²⁾	NC/TRST ^(2,4)	VDDQ

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Top View

NOTES:

1. R5 does not have to be directly connected to Vss as long as the input voltage is $\leq V_{IL}$.
2. These pins are NC for the "S" version or the JTAG signal listed for the "SA" version. Note: If NC, these pins can either be tied to Vss, VDD or left floating.
3. T7 can be left unconnected and the device will always remain in active mode.
4. TRST is offered as an optional JTAG Reset if required in the application. If not needed, can be left floating and will internally be pulled to VDD.

Pin Configuration – 128K x 36, 165 fBGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	NC ⁽⁴⁾	A7	$\overline{CE}_1$	$\overline{BW}_3$	$\overline{BW}_2$	$\overline{CS}_1$	$\overline{BWE}$	$\overline{ADSC}$	$\overline{ADV}$	A8	NC
B	NC	A6	CS0	$\overline{BW}_4$	$\overline{BW}_1$	CLK	$\overline{GW}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{ADSP}$	A9	NC ⁽⁴⁾
C	I/O _{P3}	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O _{P2}
D	I/O ₁₇	I/O ₁₆	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₁₅	I/O ₁₄
E	I/O ₁₉	I/O ₁₈	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₁₃	I/O ₁₂
F	I/O ₂₁	I/O ₂₀	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₁₁	I/O ₁₀
G	I/O ₂₃	I/O ₂₂	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₉	I/O ₈
H	V _{SS} ⁽¹⁾	NC	NC	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	NC	NC	ZZ ⁽³⁾
J	I/O ₂₅	I/O ₂₄	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₇	I/O ₆
K	I/O ₂₇	I/O ₂₆	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₅	I/O ₄
L	I/O ₂₉	I/O ₂₈	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₃	I/O ₂
M	I/O ₃₁	I/O ₃₀	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₁	I/O ₀
N	I/O _{P4}	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{SS}	NC/TRST ^(2,5)	NC ⁽⁴⁾	NC	V _{SS}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O _{P1}
P	NC	NC ⁽⁴⁾	A5	A2	NC/TDI ⁽²⁾	A1	NC/TDO ⁽²⁾	A10	A13	A14	NC ⁽⁴⁾
R	$\overline{LBO}$	NC ⁽⁴⁾	A4	A3	NC/TMS ⁽²⁾	A0	NC/TCK ⁽²⁾	A11	A12	A15	A16

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Pin Configuration – 256K x 18, 165 fBGA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	NC ⁽⁴⁾	A7	$\overline{CE}_1$	$\overline{BW}_2$	NC	$\overline{CS}_1$	$\overline{BWE}$	$\overline{ADSC}$	$\overline{ADV}$	A8	A10
B	NC	A6	CS0	NC	$\overline{BW}_1$	CLK	$\overline{GW}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{ADSP}$	A9	NC ⁽⁴⁾
C	NC	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O _{P1}
D	NC	I/O ₈	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O ₇
E	NC	I/O ₉	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O ₆
F	NC	I/O ₁₀	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O ₅
G	NC	I/O ₁₁	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	NC	I/O ₄
H	V _{SS} ⁽¹⁾	NC	NC	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	NC	NC	ZZ ⁽³⁾
J	I/O ₁₂	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₃	NC
K	I/O ₁₃	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₂	NC
L	I/O ₁₄	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₁	NC
M	I/O ₁₅	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{DD}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}	I/O ₀	NC
N	I/O _{P2}	NC	V _{DDQ}	V _{SS}	NC/TRST ^(2,5)	NC ⁽⁴⁾	NC	V _{SS}	V _{DDQ}	NC	NC
P	NC	NC ⁽⁴⁾	A5	A2	NC/TDI ⁽²⁾	A1	NC/TDO ⁽²⁾	A11	A14	A15	NC ⁽⁴⁾
R	$\overline{LBO}$	NC ⁽⁴⁾	A4	A3	NC/TMS ⁽²⁾	A0	NC/TCK ⁽²⁾	A12	A13	A16	A17

5280 tbl 17a

NOTES:

- H1 does not have to be directly V_{SS} as long as input voltage is $\leq V_{IL}$.
- These pins are NC for the "S" version or the JTAG signal listed for the "SA" version. Note: If NC, these pins can either be tied to V_{SS}, V_{DD} or left floating.
- H11 can be left unconnected and the device will always remain in active mode.
- Pins P11, N6, B11, A1, R2 and P2 are reserved for 9M, 18M, 36M, 72M, 144M and 288M respectively.
- TRST is offered as an optional JTAG Reset if required in the application. If not needed, can be left floating and will internally be pulled to V_{DD}.

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range ($V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
$ I_L $	Input Leakage Current	$V_{DD} = \text{Max.}, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } V_{DD}$	—	5	μA
$ I_L $	ZZ, $\overline{LBO}$ and JTAG Input Leakage Current ⁽¹⁾	$V_{DD} = \text{Max.}, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } V_{DD}$	—	30	μA
$ I_{LO} $	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V \text{ to } V_{DDQ}$, Device Deselected	—	5	μA
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = +8mA$, $V_{DD} = \text{Min.}$	—	0.4	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -8mA$, $V_{DD} = \text{Min.}$	2.4	—	V

5280 tbl 08

NOTE:

- The $\overline{LBO}$, TMS, TDI, TCK and $\overline{TRST}$ pins will be internally pulled to V_{DD} and the ZZ in will be internally pulled to V_{SS} if they are not actively driven in the application.

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	7.5ns	8ns		8.5ns		Unit
			Com'l Only	Com'l	Ind	Com'l	Ind	
I_{DD}	Operating Power Supply Current	Device Selected, Outputs Open, $V_{DD} = \text{Max.}$, $V_{DDQ} = \text{Max.}$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{IH}$ or $\leq V_{IL}$, $f = f_{MAX}^{(2)}$	255	200	210	180	190	mA
I_{SB1}	CMOS Standby Power Supply Current	Device Deselected, Outputs Open, $V_{DD} = \text{Max.}$, $V_{DDQ} = \text{Max.}$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{HD}$ or $\leq V_{LD}$, $f = 0^{(2,3)}$	30	30	35	30	35	mA
I_{SB2}	Clock Running Power Supply Current	Device Deselected, Outputs Open, $V_{DD} = \text{Max.}$, $V_{DDQ} = \text{Max.}$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{HD}$ or $\leq V_{LD}$, $f = f_{MAX}^{(2,3)}$	90	85	95	80	90	mA
I_{ZZ}	Full Sleep Mode Supply Current	$ZZ \geq V_{HD}$, $V_{DD} = \text{Max.}$	30	30	35	30	35	mA

5280 tbl 09

NOTES:

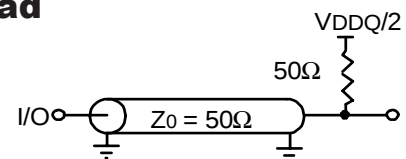
- All values are maximum guaranteed values.
- At $f = f_{MAX}$, inputs are cycling at the maximum frequency of read cycles of $1/t_{CYC}$ while $\overline{ADSC} = \text{LOW}$; $f=0$ means no input lines are changing.
- For I/Os $V_{HD} = V_{DDQ} - 0.2V$, $V_{LD} = 0.2V$. For other inputs $V_{HD} = V_{DD} - 0.2V$, $V_{LD} = 0.2V$.

AC Test Conditions ($V_{DDQ} = 3.3V$)

Input Pulse Levels	0 to 3V
Input Rise/Fall Times	2ns
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
AC Test Load	See Figure 1

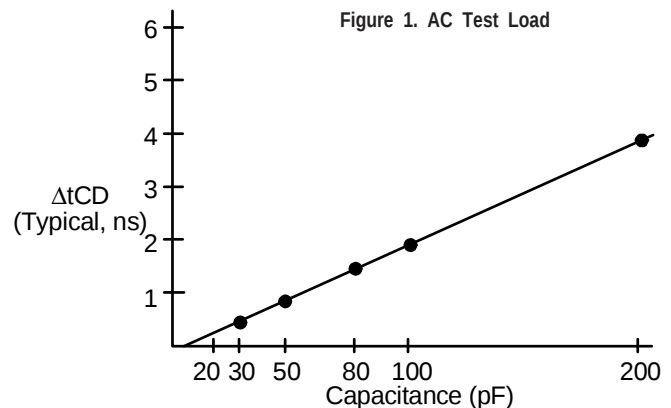
5280 tbl 10

AC Test Load



5280 drw 03

Figure 1. AC Test Load



5280 drw 05

Figure 2. Lumped Capacitive Load, Typical Derating

Synchronous Truth Table (1,3)

Operation	Address Used	$\overline{CE}$	CS_0	$\overline{CS}_1$	$\overline{ADSP}$	$\overline{ADSC}$	$\overline{ADV}$	$\overline{GW}$	$\overline{BWE}$	$\overline{BW}_x$	$\overline{OE}^{(2)}$	CLK	I/O
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	H	X	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	↑	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	X	H	L	X	X	X	X	X	X	↑	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	L	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	X	↑	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	X	H	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	↑	HI-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	L	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	H	X	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	L	H	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	L	H	H	↑	HI-Z
Write Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	H	L	L	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	H	L	H	L	X	L	X	X	X	↑	DN
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	H	X	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	H	X	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	X	H	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	X	H	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	H	X	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	H	X	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	X	H	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	X	H	H	↑	HI-Z
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	H	L	L	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	X	X	X	H	H	L	L	X	X	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	H	L	L	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	H	X	X	X	H	L	L	X	X	X	↑	DN
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	X	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	X	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	H	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	H	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	X	H	↑	HI-Z
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	X	H	L	↑	DOUT
Read Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	X	H	H	↑	HI-Z
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	L	L	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	X	X	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	L	X	↑	DN
Write Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	H	X	X	X	H	H	L	X	X	X	↑	DN

NOTES:

1. L = V_{IL} , H = V_{IH} , X = Don't Care.
2. $\overline{OE}$ is an asynchronous input.
3. ZZ - low for the table.

5280 tbl 11

Synchronous Write Function Truth Table ^(1, 2)

Operation	$\overline{GW}$	$\overline{BWE}$	$\overline{BW_1}$	$\overline{BW_2}$	$\overline{BW_3}$	$\overline{BW_4}$
Read	H	H	X	X	X	X
Read	H	L	H	H	H	H
Write all Bytes	L	X	X	X	X	X
Write all Bytes	H	L	L	L	L	L
Write Byte 1 ⁽³⁾	H	L	L	H	H	H
Write Byte 2 ⁽³⁾	H	L	H	L	H	H
Write Byte 3 ⁽³⁾	H	L	H	H	L	H
Write Byte 4 ⁽³⁾	H	L	H	H	H	L

5280 tbl 12

NOTES:

1. L = V_{IL} , H = V_{IH} , X = Don't Care.
2. $\overline{BW_3}$ and $\overline{BW_4}$ are not applicable for the IDT71V3579.
3. Multiple bytes may be selected during the same cycle.

Asynchronous Truth Table ⁽¹⁾

Operation ⁽²⁾	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{ZZ}$	I/O Status	Power
Read	L	L	Data Out	Active
Read	H	L	High-Z	Active
Write	X	L	High-Z – Data In	Active
Deselected	X	L	High-Z	Standby
Sleep Mode	X	H	High-Z	Sleep

5280 tbl 13

NOTES:

1. L = V_{IL} , H = V_{IH} , X = Don't Care.
2. Synchronous function pins must be biased appropriately to satisfy operation requirements.

Interleaved Burst Sequence Table ($\overline{LBO}=V_{DD}$)

	Sequence 1		Sequence 2		Sequence 3		Sequence 4	
	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0
First Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Second Address	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
Third Address	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fourth Address ⁽¹⁾	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0

5280 tbl 14

NOTE:

1. Upon completion of the Burst sequence the counter wraps around to its initial state.

Linear Burst Sequence Table ($\overline{LBO}=V_{SS}$)

	Sequence 1		Sequence 2		Sequence 3		Sequence 4	
	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0	A1	A0
First Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Second Address	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Third Address	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Fourth Address ⁽¹⁾	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0

5280 tbl 15

NOTE:

1. Upon completion of the Burst sequence the counter wraps around to its initial state.

AC Electrical Characteristics**(V_{DD} = 3.3V ±5%, Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges)**

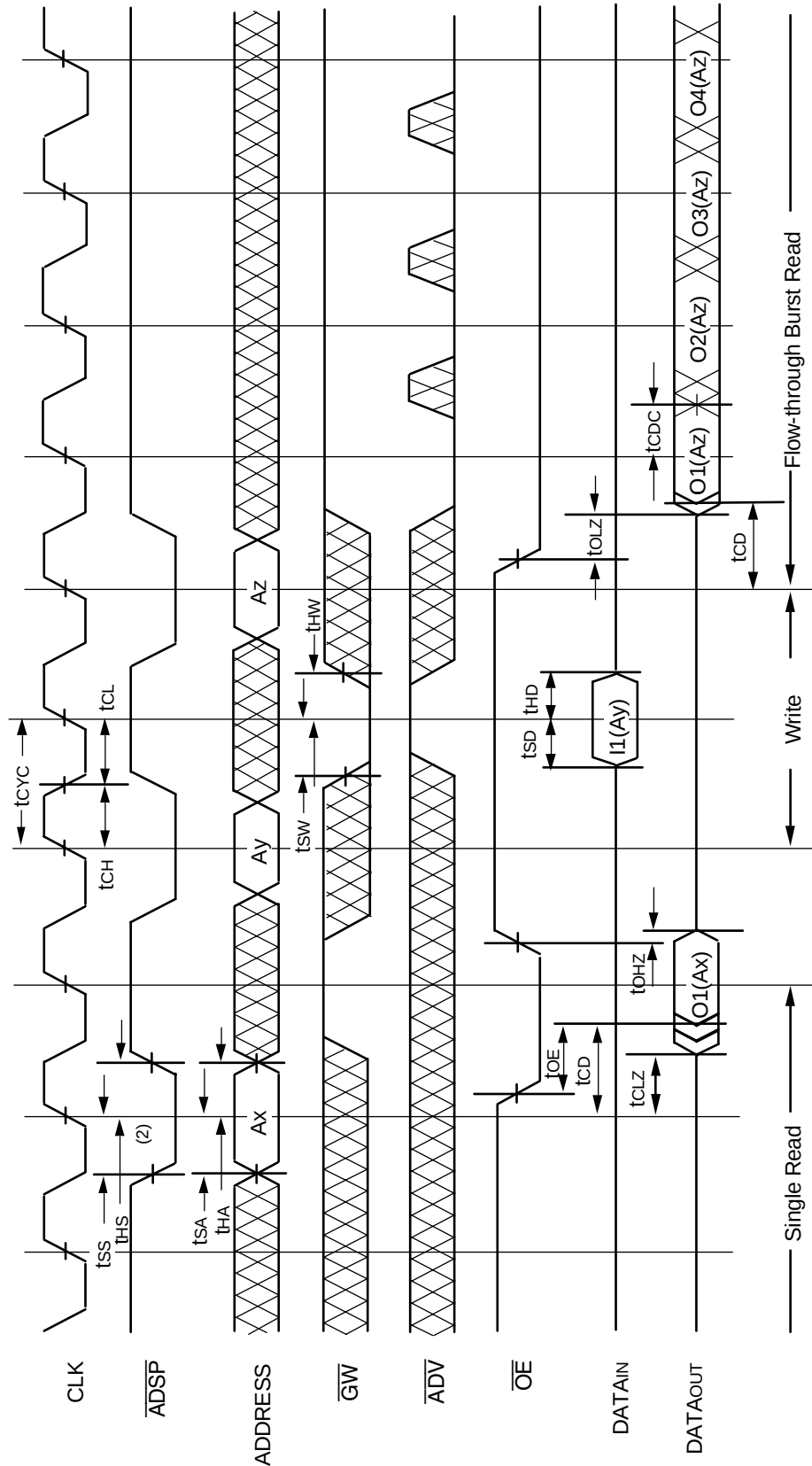
Symbol	Parameter	7.5ns ⁽⁵⁾		8ns		8.5ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Clock Parameter								
t _{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	8.5	—	10	—	11.5	—	ns
t _{CH} ⁽¹⁾	Clock High Pulse Width	3	—	4	—	4.5	—	ns
t _{CL} ⁽¹⁾	Clock Low Pulse Width	3	—	4	—	4.5	—	ns
Output Parameters								
t _{CD}	Clock High to Valid Data	—	7.5	—	8	—	8.5	ns
t _{ODC}	Clock High to Data Change	2	—	2	—	2	—	ns
t _{OLZ} ⁽²⁾	Clock High to Output Active	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{CHZ} ⁽²⁾	Clock High to Data High-Z	2	3.5	2	3.5	2	3.5	ns
t _{OE}	Output Enable Access Time	—	3.5	—	3.5	—	3.5	ns
t _{OLZ} ⁽²⁾	Output Enable Low to Output Active	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{OHZ} ⁽²⁾	Output Enable High to Output High-Z	—	3.5	—	3.5	—	3.5	ns
Set Up Times								
t _{SA}	Address Setup Time	1.5	—	2	—	2	—	ns
t _{SS}	Address Status Setup Time	1.5	—	2	—	2	—	ns
t _{SD}	Data In Setup Time	1.5	—	2	—	2	—	ns
t _{SW}	Write Setup Time	1.5	—	2	—	2	—	ns
t _{SAV}	Address Advance Setup Time	1.5	—	2	—	2	—	ns
t _{SC}	Chip Enable/Select Setup Time	1.5	—	2	—	2	—	ns
Hold Times								
t _{HA}	Address Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HS}	Address Status Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HD}	Data In Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HW}	Write Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HAV}	Address Advance Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HC}	Chip Enable/Select Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
Sleep Mode and Configuration Parameters								
t _{ZZPW}	ZZ Pulse Width	100	—	100	—	100	—	ns
t _{ZZR} ⁽³⁾	ZZ Recovery Time	100	—	100	—	100	—	ns
t _{CFG} ⁽⁴⁾	Configuration Set-Up Time	34	—	40	—	50	—	ns

NOTES:

5280 tbl 16

1. Measured as HIGH above V_{IH} and LOW below V_{IL}.
2. Transition is measured ±200mV from steady-state.
3. Device must be deselected when powered-up from sleep mode.
4. t_{CFG} is the minimum time required to configure the device based on the $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input. $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ is a static input and must not change during normal operation.
5. Commercial temperature range only.

Timing Waveform of Combined Flow-Through Read and Write Cycles (1,2,3)

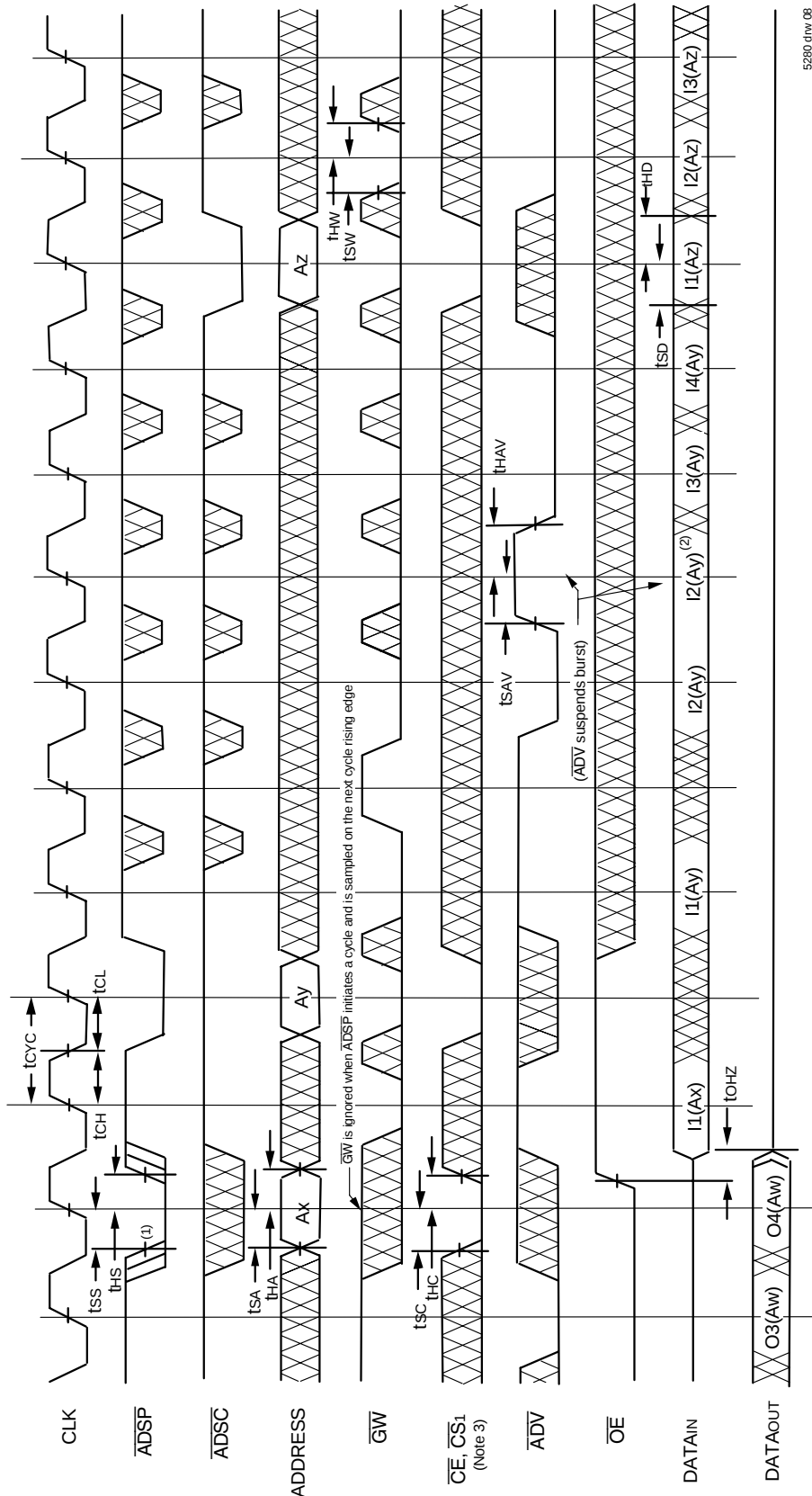


5280 drw 07

NOTES:

1. Device is selected through entire cycle; $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{CS_1}$ are LOW, $\overline{CS_0}$ is HIGH.
2. ZZ input is LOW and $\overline{LBO}$ is Don't Care for this cycle.
3. O1(Ax) represents the first output from the external address Ax. O1(Ay) represents the first output from the external address Ay. O1(Az) represents the first output from the external address Az. O2(Az) represents the next output data in the burst sequence of the base address Az, etc. where A0 and A1 are advancing for the four word burst in the sequence defined by the state of the LBO input.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle No. 1 - $\overline{GW}$ Controlled (1,2,3)



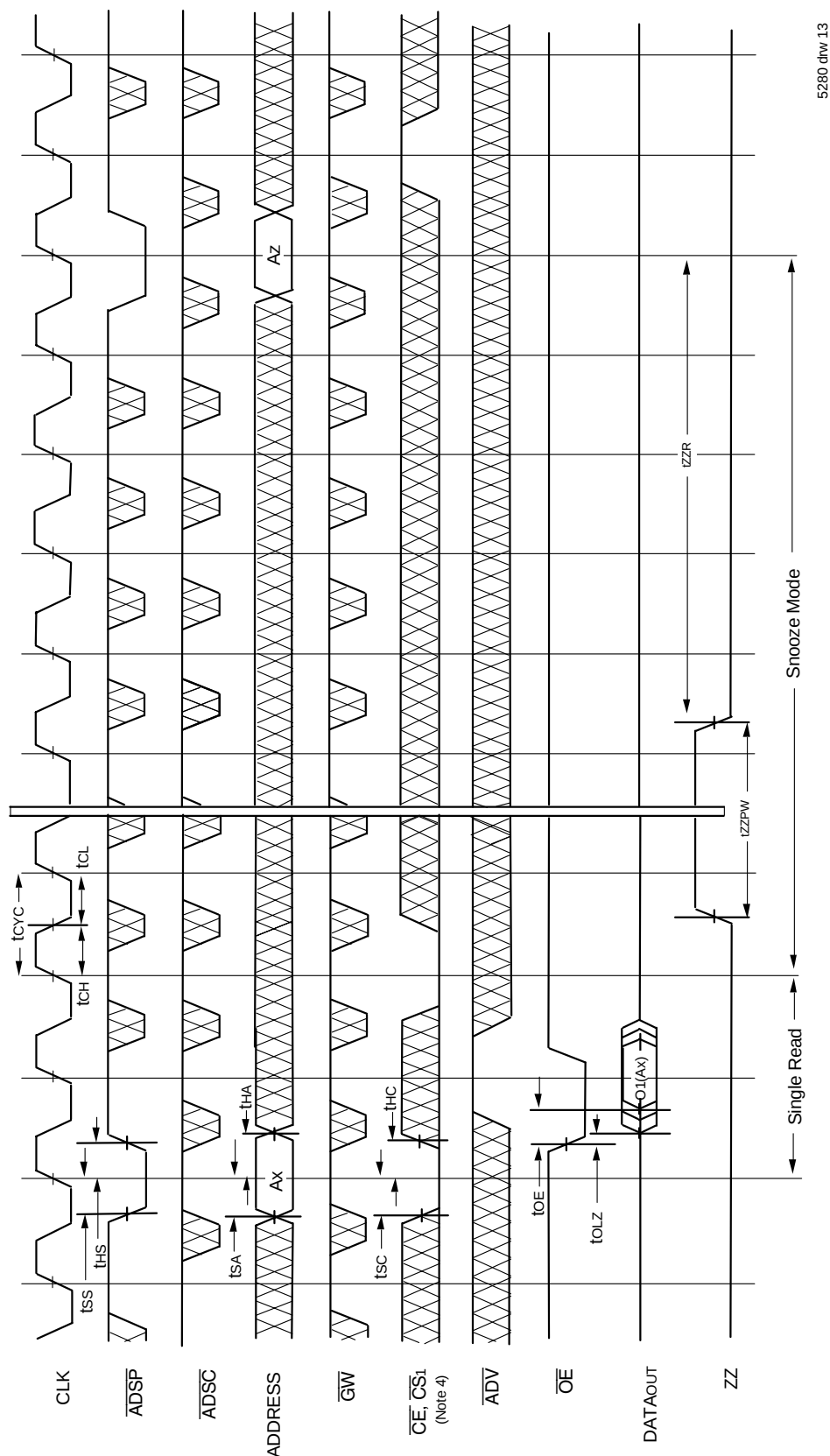
NOTES:

1. Z_Z input is LOW, $\overline{BWE}$ is HIGH and $\overline{LBO}$ is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. O₄ (Aw) represents the final output data in the burst sequence of the base address Aw. I₁ (Ax) represents the first input from the external address Ay; I₂ (Ay) represents the next input data in the burst sequence of the base address Ay, etc. where A₀ and A₁ are advancing for the four word burst in the sequence defined by the state of the LBO input. In the case of input I₂ (Ay) this data is valid for two cycles because ADV is high and has suspended the burst.
3. CS₀ timing transitions are identical but inverted to the $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{CS1}$ signals. For example, when $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{CS1}$ are LOW on this waveform, CS₀ is HIGH.

5280 drw 09

1. ZZ input is LOW, $\overline{GW}$ is HIGH and $\overline{LBO}$ is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. O4 ($\overline{Aw}$) represents the final output data in the burst sequence of the base address $\overline{Aw}$. I1 ($\overline{Ax}$) represents the first input from the external address $\overline{Ax}$. I11 ($\overline{Ay}$) represents the first input from the external address $\overline{Ay}$. I2 ($\overline{Ay}$) represents the next input data in the burst sequence of the base address $\overline{Ay}$, etc. where A0 and A1 are advancing for the four word burst in the sequence defined by the state of the LBO input. In the case of input I2 ($\overline{Ay}$) this data is valid for two cycles because $\overline{ADV}$ is high and has suspended the burst.
3. CS0 timing transitions are identical but inverted to the $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{CS1}$ signals. For example, when $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{CS1}$ are LOW on this waveform, CS0 is HIGH.

Timing Waveform of Sleep (ZZ) and Power-Down Modes (1,2,3)

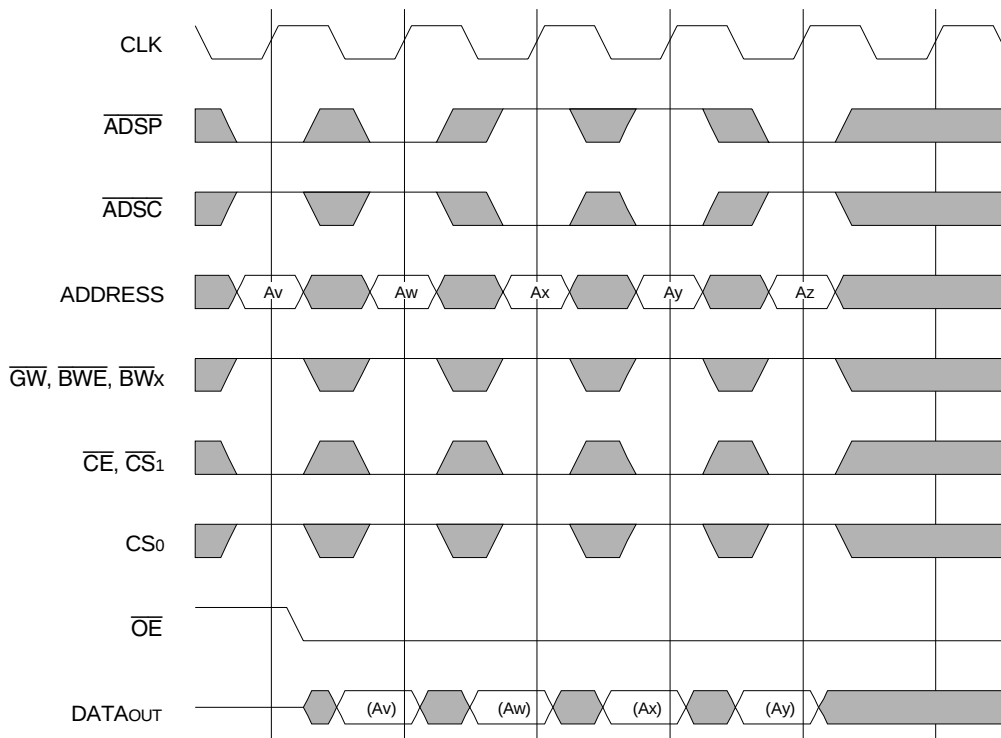


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NOTES:

1. Device must power up in deselected Mode.
2. $\overline{LB0}$ is Don't Care for this cycle.
3. It is not necessary to retain the state of the input registers throughout the Power-down cycle.
4. CS0 timing transitions are identical but inverted to the CE and CS1 signals. For example, when CE and CS1 are LOW on this waveform, CS0 is HIGH.

Non-Burst Read Cycle Timing Waveform

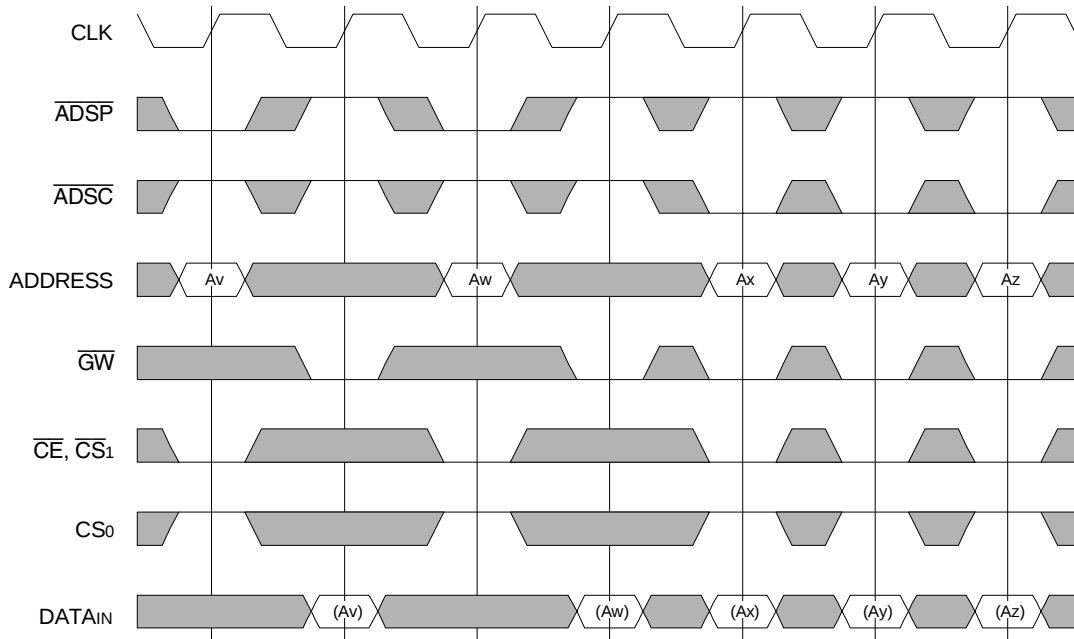


NOTES:

1. ZZ input is LOW, $\overline{ADV}$ is HIGH and $\overline{LBO}$ is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. (Ax) represents the data for address Ax, etc.
3. For read cycles, $\overline{ADSP}$ and $\overline{ADSC}$ function identically and are therefore interchangeable.

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Non-Burst Write Cycle Timing Waveform

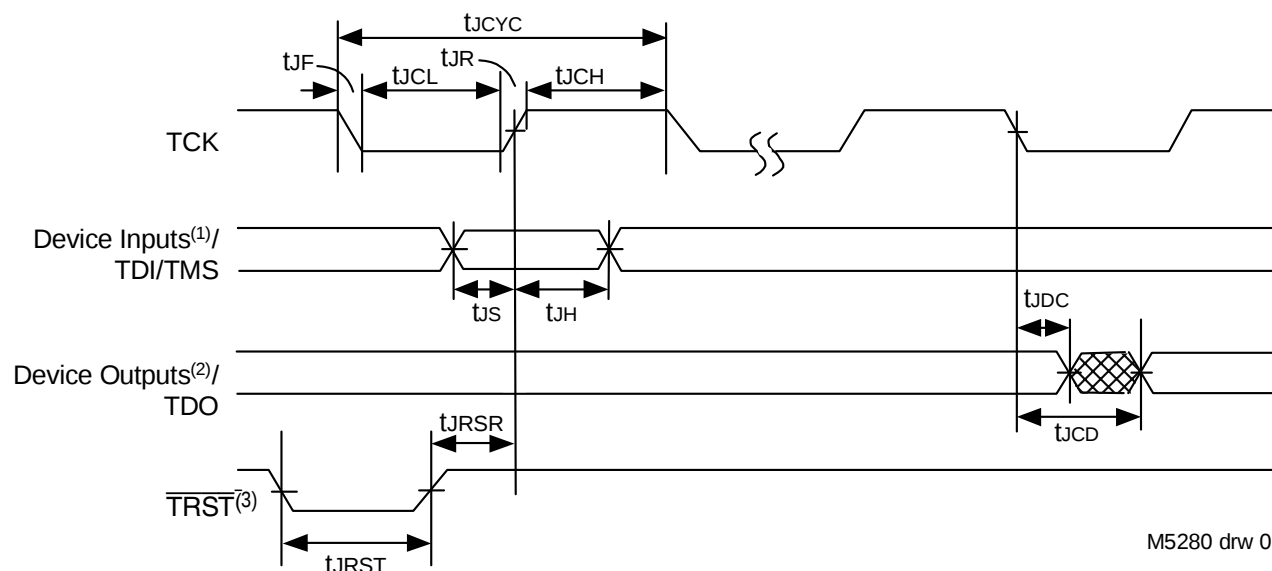


NOTES:

1. ZZ input is LOW, $\overline{ADV}$ and $\overline{OE}$ are HIGH, and $\overline{LBO}$ is Don't Care for this cycle.
2. (Ax) represents the data for address Ax, etc.
3. Although only $\overline{GW}$ writes are shown, the functionality of $\overline{BWE}$ and $\overline{BWx}$ together is the same as $\overline{GW}$.
4. For write cycles, $\overline{ADSP}$ and $\overline{ADSC}$ have different limitations.

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JTAG Interface Specification (SA Version only)



NOTES:

1. Device inputs = All device inputs except TDI, TMS and $\overline{\text{TRST}}$.
2. Device outputs = All device outputs except TDO.
3. During power up, $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ could be driven low or not be used since the JTAG circuit resets automatically. $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ is an optional JTAG reset.

JTAG AC Electrical Characteristics^(1,2,3,4)

Symbol	Parameter			
		Min.	Max.	Units
t _{JCYC}	JTAG Clock Input Period	100	—	ns
t _{JCH}	JTAG Clock HIGH	40	—	ns
t _{JCL}	JTAG Clock Low	40	—	ns
t _{JR}	JTAG Clock Rise Time	—	5 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JF}	JTAG Clock Fall Time	—	5 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JRST}	JTAG Reset	50	—	ns
t _{JRSR}	JTAG Reset Recovery	50	—	ns
t _{JCD}	JTAG Data Output	—	20	ns
t _{JDC}	JTAG Data Output Hold	0	—	ns
t _{JS}	JTAG Setup	25	—	ns
t _{JH}	JTAG Hold	25	—	ns

I5280 tbl 01

NOTES:

1. Guaranteed by design.
2. AC Test Load (Fig. 1) on external output signals.
3. Refer to AC Test Conditions stated earlier in this document.
4. JTAG operations occur at one speed (10MHz). The base device may run at any speed specified in this datasheet.

Scan Register Sizes

Register Name	Bit Size
Instruction (IR)	4
Bypass (BYR)	1
JTAG Identification (JIDR)	32
Boundary Scan (BSR)	Note (1)

I5280 tbl 03

NOTE:

1. The Boundary Scan Descriptive Language (BSDL) file for this device is available by contacting your local IDT sales representative.

JTAG Identification Register Definitions (SA Version only)

Instruction Field	Value	Description
Revision Number (31:28)	0x2	Reserved for version number.
IDT Device ID (27:12)	0x22C, 0x22E	Defines IDT part number 71V3577SA and 71V3579SA, respectively.
IDT JEDEC ID (11:1)	0x33	Allows unique identification of device vendor as IDT.
ID Register Indicator Bit (Bit 0)	1	Indicates the presence of an ID register.

15280 tbl 02

Available JTAG Instructions

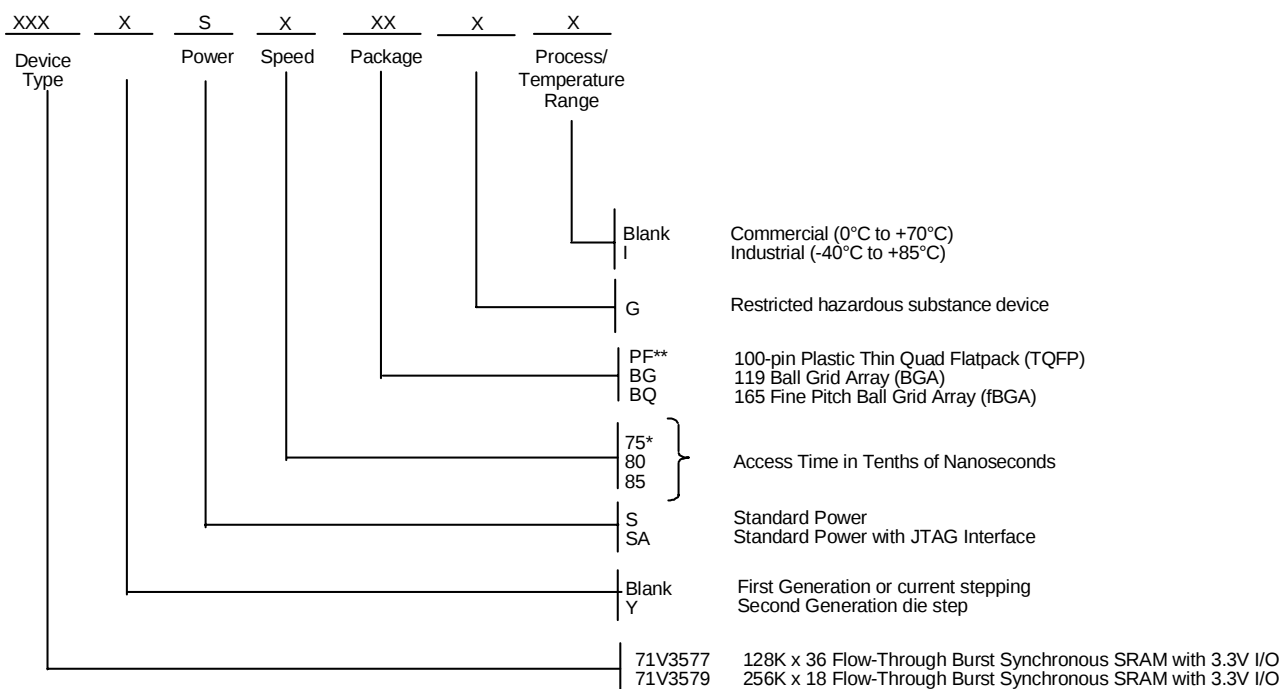
Instruction	Description	OPCODE
EXTEST	Forces contents of the boundary scan cells onto the device outputs ⁽¹⁾ . Places the boundary scan register (BSR) between TDI and TDO.	0000
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	Places the boundary scan register (BSR) between TDI and TDO. SAMPLE allows data from device inputs ⁽²⁾ and outputs ⁽¹⁾ to be captured in the boundary scan cells and shifted serially through TDO. PRELOAD allows data to be input serially into the boundary scan cells via the TDI.	0001
DEVICE_ID	Loads the JTAG ID register (JIDR) with the vendor ID code and places the register between TDI and TDO.	0010
HIGHZ	Places the bypass register (BYR) between TDI and TDO. Forces all device output drivers to a High-Z state.	0011
RESERVED	Several combinations are reserved. Do not use codes other than those identified for EXTEST, SAMPLE/PRELOAD, DEVICE_ID, HIGHZ, CLAMP, VALIDATE and BYPASS instructions.	0100
RESERVED		0101
RESERVED		0110
RESERVED		0111
CLAMP	Uses BYR. Forces contents of the boundary scan cells onto the device outputs. Places the bypass register (BYR) between TDI and TDO.	1000
RESERVED	Same as above.	1001
RESERVED		1010
RESERVED		1011
RESERVED		1100
VALIDATE	Automatically loaded into the instruction register whenever the TAP controller passes through the CAPTURE-IR state. The lower two bits '01' are mandated by the IEEE std. 1149.1 specification.	1101
RESERVED	Same as above.	1110
BYPASS	The BYPASS instruction is used to truncate the boundary scan register as a single bit in length.	1111

15280 tbl 04

NOTES:

1. Device outputs = All device outputs except TDO.
2. Device inputs = All device inputs except TDI, TMS, and $\overline{\text{TRST}}$.

Ordering Information



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*Commercial temperature range only.

** JTAG (SA version) is not available with 100 pin TQFP package

Package Information

100-Pin Thin Quad Plastic Flatpack (TQFP)

119 Ball Grid Array (BGA)

165 Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (fBGA)

Information available on the IDT website

Datasheet Document History

7/23/99		Updated to new format
9/17/99	Pg. 2	Revised I/O pin description
	Pg. 3	Revised block diagram for flow-through functionality
	Pg. 8	Revised t _{SB1} and t _{ZZ} for speeds 7.5 to 8.5ns
	Pg. 18	Added 119-lead BGA package diagram
	Pg. 20	Added Datasheet Document History
12/31/99	Pp. 1, 4, 8, 11, 19	Added Industrial Temperature range offerings
04/03/00	Pg. 18	Added 100pinTQFP Package Diagram Outline
	Pg. 4	Add capacitance table for BGA package; add Industrial temperature to table; Insert note to Absolute Max Ratings and Recommended Operating Temperature tables
06/01/00		Add new package offering, 13 x 15mm 165 fBGA
	Pg. 20	Correct 119BGA Package Diagram Outline
07/15/00	Pg. 7	Add note reference to BG119 pinout
	Pg. 8	Add DNU reference note to BQ165 pinout
	Pg. 20	Update BG119 Package Diagram Outline Dimensions
10/25/00		Remove Preliminary status
	Pg.8	Add reference note to pin N5 on BQ165 pinout, reserved for JTAG $\overline{\text{TRST}}$
04/22/03	Pg.4	Updated 165 BGA table information from TBD to 7
06/30/03	Pg. 1,2,3,5-9	Updated datasheet with JTAG information
	Pg. 5-8	Removed note for NC pins (38,39(PF package); L4, U4 (BG package) H2, N7 (BQ package)) requiring NC or connection to Vss.
	Pg. 19,20	Added two pages of JTAG Specification, AC Electrical, Definitions and Instructions
	Pg. 21-23	Removed old package information from the datasheet
	Pg. 24	Updated ordering information with JTAG and Y stepping information. Added information regarding packages available IDT website.
01/ /04	Pg. 21	Addedd "restricted hazardous substance device" to ordering information.
02/20/09	Pg. 21	Removed "IDT" from orderable part number.



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