

May 2007

# **74ACTQ533**

# **Quiet Series Octal Transparent Latch with 3-STATE Outputs**

#### **Features**

- I<sub>CC</sub> and I<sub>OZ</sub> reduced by 50%
- Guaranteed simultaneous switching noise level and dynamic threshold performance
- Guaranteed pin-to-pin skew AC performance
- Improved latch up immunity
- Eight latches in a single package
- 3-STATE outputs drive bus lines or buffer memory address registers
- Outputs source/sink 24mA
- Inverted version of the ACTQ373
- 4kV minimum ESD immunity

### **General Description**

The ACTQ533 consists of eight latches with 3-STATE outputs for bus organized system applications. The flip-flops appear transparent to the data when Latch Enable (LE) is HIGH. When LE is LOW, the data satisfying the input timing requirements is latched. Data appears on the bus when the Output Enable (OE) is LOW. When OE is HIGH, the bus output is in the high impedance state.

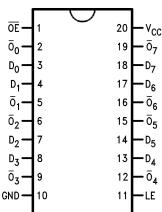
The ACTQ533 utilizes Fairchild Quiet Series™ technology to guarantee quiet output switching and improve dynamic threshold performance. FACT Quiet Series features GTO™ output control and undershoot corrector in addition to a split ground bus for superior performance.

## **Ordering Information**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74ACTQ533SC	M20B	20-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide Body
74ACTQ533MTC	MTC20	20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide

Device also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering number.

# **Connection Diagram**

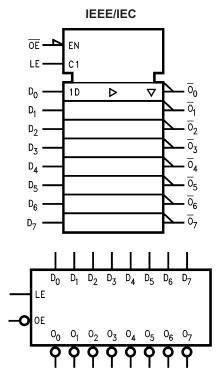


## **Pin Description**

Pin Names	Description
D <sub>0</sub> –D <sub>7</sub> Data Inputs	
LE	Latch Enable Input
ŌĒ	Output Enable Input
$\overline{O}_0 - \overline{O}_7$	3-STATE Latch Outputs

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# **Logic Symbols**



### **Truth Table**

	Inputs						
LE	ŌĒ	D <sub>n</sub>	$\overline{O}_{n}$				
Х	Н	Х	Z				
Н	L	L	Н				
Н	L	Н	L				
L	L	Х	$\overline{O}_0$				

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

Z = High Impedance

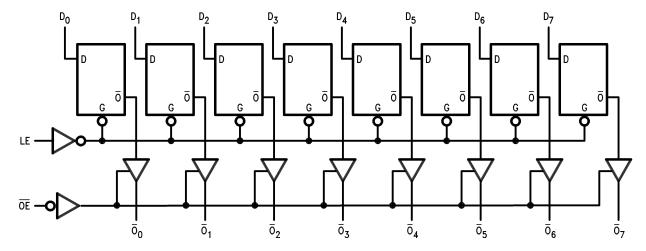
X = Immaterial

 $\overline{\rm O}_0 = {\rm Previous} \; \overline{\rm O}_0$  before HIGH-to-LOW transition of Latch Enable

### **Functional Description**

The ACTQ533 contains eight D-type latches with 3-STATE standard outputs. When the Latch Enable (LE) input is HIGH, data on the  $D_n$  inputs enters the latches. In this condition the latches are transparent, i.e., a latch output will change state each time its D input changes. When LE is LOW, the latches store the information that was present on the D inputs at setup time preceding the HIGH-to-LOW transition of LE. The 3-STATE standard outputs are controlled by the Output Enable  $(\overline{\text{OE}})$  input. When  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  is LOW, the standard outputs are in the 2-state mode. When  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance mode but this does not interfere with entering new data into the latches.

## **Logic Diagram**



Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Rating
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	-0.5V to +7.0V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current	
	$V_{I} = -0.5V$	–20mA
	$V_{I} = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+20mA
V <sub>I</sub>	DC Input Voltage	-0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V
lok	DC Output Diode Current	
	$V_{O} = -0.5V$	–20mA
	$V_{O} = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+20mA
Vo	DC Output Voltage	-0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V
Io	DC Output Source or Sink Current	±50mA
I <sub>CC</sub> or I <sub>GND</sub>	DC V <sub>CC</sub> or Ground Current per Output Pin	±50mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	−65°C to +150°C
	DC Latch-Up Source or Sink Current	±300mA
TJ	Junction Temperature	140°C

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Rating
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	4.5V to 5.5V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage	0V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Vo	Output Voltage	0V to V <sub>CC</sub>
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
ΔV / Δt	Minimum Input Edge Rate:	125mV/ns
	V <sub>IN</sub> from 0.8V to 2.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> @ 4.5V, 5.5V	

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

				T <sub>A</sub> = -	+25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Conditions	Тур.	G	uaranteed Limits	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum HIGH Level Input Voltage	4.5	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1V	1.5	2.0	2.0	V
		5.5	or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V	1.5	2.0	2.0	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum LOW Level	4.5	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1V	1.5	0.8	0.8	V
	Input Voltage	5.5	or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V	1.5	0.8	0.8	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Minimum HIGH Level	4.5	$I_{OUT} = -50\mu A$	4.49	4.4	4.4	V
	Output Voltage	5.5		5.49	5.4	5.4	
			$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$ :				
		4.5	I <sub>OH</sub> = –24mA		3.86	3.76	
		5.5	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{mA}^{(1)}$		4.86	4.76	
$V_{OL}$	Maximum LOW Level	4.5	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50μA	0.001	0.1	0.1	V
	Output Voltage	5.5		0.001	0.1	0.1	
			$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}^{:}$				
		4.5	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24mA		0.36	0.44	
		5.5	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{mA}^{(1)}$		0.36	0.44	
I <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Input Leakage Current	5.5	$V_I = V_{CC}$ , GND		±0.1	±1.0	μA
l <sub>OZ</sub>	Maximum 3-STATE Leakage Current	5.5	$V_I = V_{IL}, V_{IH};$ $V_O = V_{CC}, GND$		±0.25	±2.5	μA
I <sub>CCT</sub>	Maximum I <sub>CC</sub> /Input	5.5	$V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1V$	0.6		1.5	mA
I <sub>OLD</sub>	Minimum Dynamic	5.5	V <sub>OLD</sub> = 1.65V Max.			75	mA
I <sub>OHD</sub>	Output Current <sup>(2)</sup>	5.5	V <sub>OHD</sub> = 3.85V Min.			<b>-</b> 75	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	5.5	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		4.0	40.0	μA
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Maximum Dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	5.0	Figures 1 & 2 <sup>(3)</sup>	1.1	1.5		V
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	5.0	Figures 1 & 2 <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.6	-1.2		V
$V_{IHD}$	Minimum HIGH Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	(4)	1.9	2.2		V
$V_{ILD}$	Maximum LOW Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	(4)	1.2	0.8		V

#### Notes:

- 1. All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.
- 2. Maximum test duration 2.0ms, one output loaded at a time.
- 3. Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are driven 0V to 3V. One output @ GND.
- 4. Max number of data inputs (n) switching. (n–1) inputs switching 0V to 3V Input-under-test switching: 3V to threshold ( $V_{ILD}$ ), 0V to threshold ( $V_{IHD}$ ), f = 1 MHz.

### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

				T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF		$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, $C_L = 50$ pF		
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}(V)^{(5)}$	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay, D <sub>n</sub> to O <sub>n</sub>	5.0	2.0	6.0	8.0	2.0	8.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay, LE to O <sub>n</sub>	5.0	2.5	7.0	9.0	2.5	9.5	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output Enable Time	5.0	2.0	7.0	9.0	2.0	9.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	5.0	1.0	8.0	10.0	1.0	10.5	ns
t <sub>OSHL</sub> , t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output to Output Skew, D <sub>n</sub> to O <sub>n</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>	5.0		0.5	1.0		1.0	ns

### Notes:

- 5. Voltage range 5.0 is  $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ .
- 6. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>). Parameter guaranteed by design.

# **AC Operating Requirements**

					$T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, $C_L = 50$ pF	
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}(V)^{(7)}$	Тур.	Gı	uaranteed Minimum	Units
t <sub>S</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW, D <sub>n</sub> to LE	5.0	0	3.0	3.0	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW, D <sub>n</sub> to LE	5.0	0	1.5	1.5	ns
t <sub>W</sub>	LE Pulse Width, HIGH	5.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	ns

#### Note:

7. Voltage range 5.0 is  $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ .

## Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур.	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = OPEN	4.5	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	40	pF

### **FACT Noise Characteristics**

The setup of a noise characteristics measurement is critical to the accuracy and repeatability of the tests. The following is a brief description of the setup used to measure the noise characteristics of FACT.

### **Equipment:**

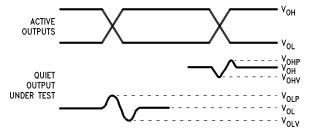
Hewlett Packard Model 8180A Word Generator

PC-163A Test Fixture

Tektronics Model 7854 Oscilloscope

#### Procedure:

- 1. Verify Test Fixture Loading: Standard Load 50pF,  $500\Omega$ .
- Deskew the HFS generator so that no two channels have greater than 150ps skew between them. This requires that the oscilloscope be deskewed first. It is important to deskew the HFS generator channels before testing. This will ensure that the outputs switch simultaneously.
- 3. Terminate all inputs and outputs to ensure proper loading of the outputs and that the input levels are at the correct voltage.
- Set the HFS generator to toggle all but one output at a frequency of 1MHz. Greater frequencies will increase DUT heating and effect the results of the measurement.
- Set the HFS generator input levels at 0V LOW and 3V HIGH for ACT devices and 0V LOW and 5V HIGH for AC devices. Verify levels with a digital volt meter.



#### Notes:

- V<sub>OHV</sub> and V<sub>OLP</sub> are measured with respect to ground reference.
- 9. Input pulses have the following characteristics:  $f=1MHz,\ t_r=3ns,\ t_f=3ns,\ skew<150ps.$

Figure 1. Quiet Output Noise Voltage Waveforms

## V<sub>OLP</sub>/V<sub>OLV</sub> and V<sub>OHP</sub>/V <sub>OHV</sub>:

- Determine the quiet output pin that demonstrates the greatest noise levels. The worst case pin will usually be the furthest from the ground pin. Monitor the output voltages using a  $50\Omega$  coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- Measure V<sub>OLP</sub> and V<sub>OLV</sub> on the quiet output during the worst case transition for active and enable.
  Measure V<sub>OHP</sub> and V<sub>OHV</sub> on the quiet output during the worst case active and enable transition.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

### V<sub>ILD</sub> and V<sub>IHD</sub>:

- Monitor one of the switching outputs using a  $50\Omega$  coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- First increase the input LOW voltage level, V<sub>IL</sub>, until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V<sub>IL</sub> limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V<sub>IH</sub> limits. The input LOW voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V<sub>ILD</sub>.
- Next decrease the input HIGH voltage level on the V<sub>IH</sub> until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V<sub>IL</sub> limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V<sub>IH</sub> limits. The input HIGH voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V<sub>IHD</sub>.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

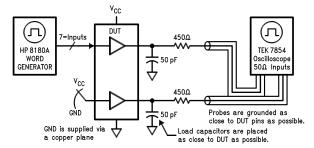
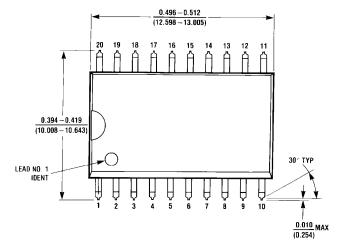
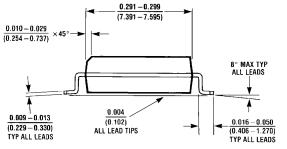


Figure 2. Simultaneous Switching Test Circuit

# **Physical Dimensions**

Dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.





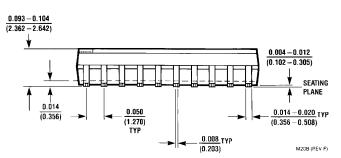
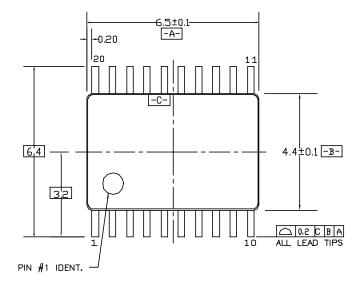
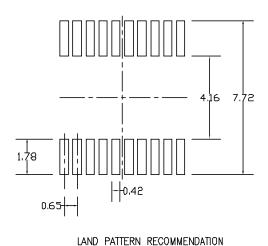


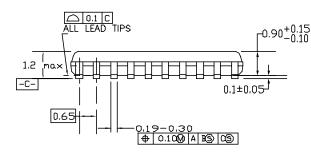
Figure 3. 20-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide Package Number M20B

# Physical Dimensions (Continued)

Dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise noted.



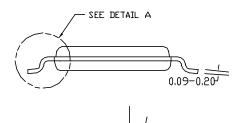


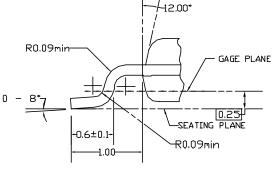




### NOTES:

- A. CONFORMS TO JEDEC REGISTRATION MD-153, VARIATION AC, REF NOTE 6, DATE 7/93.
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF BURRS, MOLDS FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSIONS.
- D. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.





DETAIL A

MTC20REVD1

Figure 4. 20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide Package Number MTC20





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### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

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Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
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No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
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