



## FAST-TRANSIENT RESPONSE, 3A, LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

### FEATURES

- 3A Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator
- Available in 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V Fixed-Output and Adjustable Versions
- Dropout Voltage Typically 150mV at 3A (TPS75833)
- $V_{REF}$  and Pinout Compatible with MIC29302 (TPS758A01)
- Low 125 $\mu$ A Typical Quiescent Current
- Fast Transient Response
- 3% Tolerance Over Specified Conditions for Fixed-Output Versions
- Available in 5-Pin TO-220 and TO-263 Surface-Mount Packages
- Thermal Shutdown Protection

### DESCRIPTION

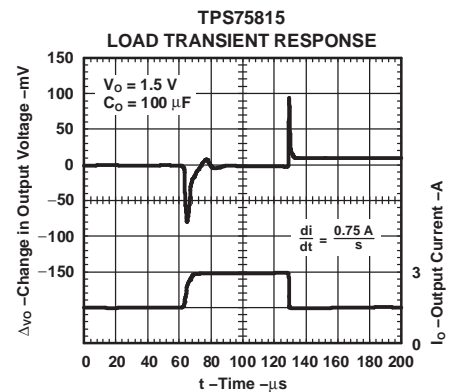
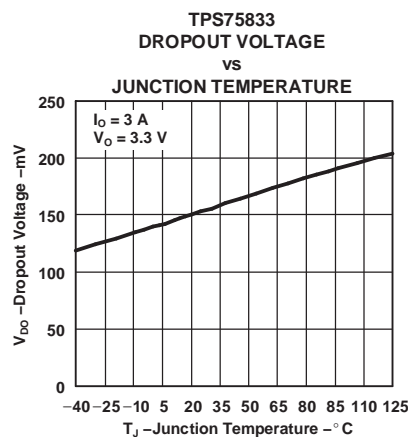
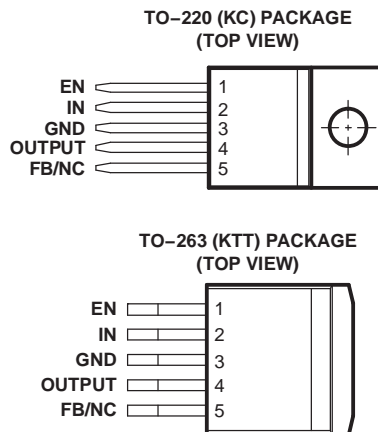
The TPS758xx family of 3A low dropout (LDO) regulators contains four fixed voltage option regulators and an adjustable voltage option regulator. These devices are capable of supplying 3A of output current with a dropout of 150mV (TPS75833). Therefore, the device is capable of performing a 3.3V to 2.5V conversion.

Quiescent current is 125 $\mu$ A at full load and drops to less than 1 $\mu$ A when the device is disabled. The TPS758xx is designed to have fast transient response for large load current changes.

Because the PMOS device behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low (typically 150mV at an output current of 3A for the TPS75833) and is directly proportional to the output current. Additionally, since the PMOS pass element is a voltage-driven device, the quiescent current is very low and independent of output loading (typically 125 $\mu$ A over the full range of output current). These two key specifications yield a significant improvement in operating life for battery-powered systems.

The device is enabled when EN (enable) is connected to a high voltage level ( $> 2V$ ). Applying a low voltage level ( $< 0.7V$ ) to EN shuts down the regulator, reducing the quiescent current to less than 1 $\mu$ A at  $T_J = +25^\circ C$ .

The TPS758xx is offered in 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V fixed-voltage versions and in an adjustable version (programmable over the range of 1.22V to 5V). Output voltage tolerance is specified as a maximum of 3% over line, load, and temperature ranges. The TPS758xx family is available in a 5-pin TO-220 (KC) and TO-263 (KTT) packages.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## ORDERING INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

| PRODUCT  | V <sub>OUT</sub>  |
|--|---|
| TPS758xxyyyz<br>or<br>TPS758A01yyyz <sup>(2)</sup> | XX is nominal output voltage (for example, 25 = 2.5V, 01 = Adjustable).<br>YYY is package designator.<br>Z is package quantity. |

(1) For the most current specification and package information, refer to the Package Option Addendum located at the end of this datasheet or see the TI website at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

(2) TPS758A01 available in adjustable version only. See *TPS758A01 Reference Voltage* in [Electrical Characteristics](#) for different V<sub>REF</sub> range.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Over operating junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

|  | TPS758xx                                      | UNIT |
|--|---|------|
| Input voltage range, V <sub>IN</sub>                 | –0.3 to 6                                     | V    |
| Voltage range at EN                                  | –0.3 to 6                                     | V    |
| Peak output current                                  | Internally limited                            |      |
| Continuous total power dissipation                   | See <a href="#">Dissipation Ratings Table</a> |      |
| Output voltage, V <sub>OUT</sub> (OUT, FB)           | 5.5   | V    |
| Operating junction temperature range, T <sub>J</sub> | –40 to +150                                   | °C   |
| Storage temperature range, T <sub>STG</sub>          | –65 to +150                                   | °C   |
| ESD rating, HBM                                      | 2   | kV   |
| ESD rating, CDM                                      | 500   | V    |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to network terminal ground.

## DISSIPATION RATINGS TABLE

| PACKAGE | R <sub>θJC</sub> (°C/W) | R <sub>θJA</sub> (°C/W) <sup>(1)</sup> |
|---------|-------------------------|--|
| TO-220  | 2                       | 58.7 <sup>(2)</sup>                    |
| TO-263  | 2                       | 38.7 <sup>(3)</sup>                    |

(1) For both packages, the R<sub>θJA</sub> values were computed using a JEDEC High-K board (2S2P) with a 1-ounce internal copper plane and ground plane. There was no air flow across the packages.

(2) R<sub>θJA</sub> was computed assuming a vertical, free-standing TO-220 package with pins soldered to the board. There is no heatsink attached to the package.

(3) R<sub>θJA</sub> was computed assuming a horizontally-mounted TO-263 package with pins soldered to the board. There is no copper pad underneath the package.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating junction temperature range ( $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ),  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 100\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

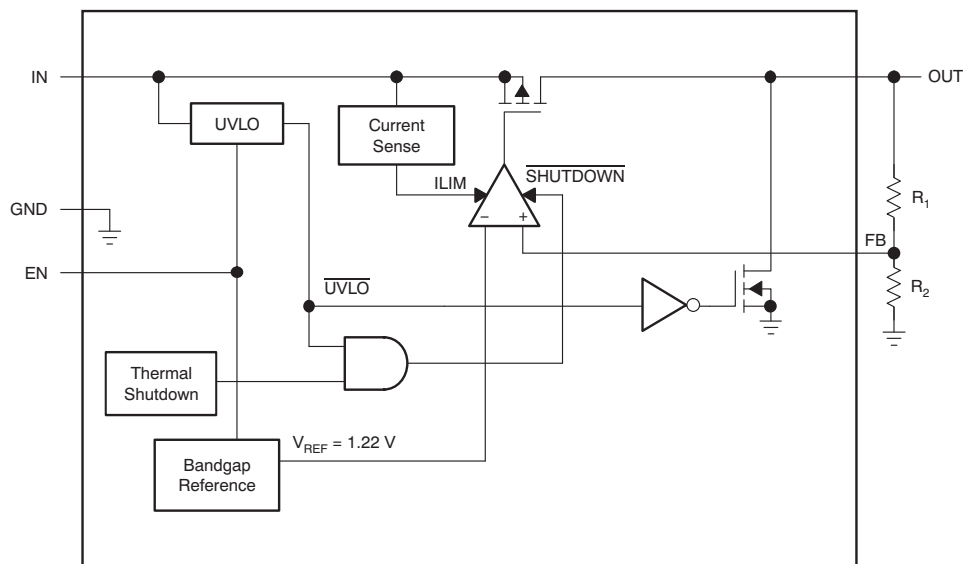
| PARAMETER                       |   |                      | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN       | TYP   | MAX  | UNIT                |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|-----------|-------|------|---------------------|
| $V_{IN}$                        | Input voltage range <sup>(1)</sup>              |                      |   | 2.8       |       | 5.5  | V                   |
| $V_{REF}$                       | Reference voltage                               | TPS75801             |   |           | 1.225 |      | V                   |
|                                 |   | TPS758A01            |   |           | 1.24  |      | V                   |
| $V_{OUT}$                       | Output voltage range                            |                      |   | $V_{REF}$ |       | 5    | V                   |
|                                 | Accuracy <sup>(1)</sup>                         | TPS75801             | $V_{OUT} + 1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ , $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 3\text{A}$ | –3        |       | +3   | %                   |
|                                 |   | TPS758A01            | $V_{OUT} + 1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ , $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 3\text{A}$ | –3        |       | +3   | %                   |
| $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$  | Line regulation <sup>(1)</sup>                  |                      | $V_{OUT} + 1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} < 5.5\text{V}$   |           | 0.04  | 0.1  | %/V                 |
| $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$ | Load regulation                                 |                      | $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 3\text{A}$  |           | 0.15  |      | %                   |
| $V_{DO}$                        | Dropout voltage <sup>(2)</sup>                  |                      | $V_{IN} = 3.2\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$  |           | 150   | 300  | mV                  |
| $I_{CL}$                        | Output current limit                            |                      | $V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$   | 5.5       | 10    | 14   | A                   |
| $I_{GND}$                       | Ground pin current                              |                      | $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 3\text{A}$  |           | 125   | 200  | $\mu\text{A}$       |
| $I_{SHDN}$                      | Shutdown current ( $I_{GND}$ )                  |                      | $V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$  |           | 0.1   | 3    | $\mu\text{A}$       |
| $I_{FB}$                        | FB pin current                                  |                      | $FB = 1.5\text{V}$  | –1        |       | 1    | $\mu\text{A}$       |
| PSRR                            | Power-supply rejection ratio (ripple rejection) |                      | $f = 100\text{Hz}$ , $V_{IN} = 2.8\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$ |           | 62    |      | dB                  |
| $V_N$                           | Output noise voltage                            |                      | $BW = 300\text{Hz}$ to $50\text{kHz}$ , $V_{IN} = 2.8\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$      |           | 35    |      | $\mu\text{V}_{RMS}$ |
| $V_{EN(HI)}$                    | Enable high (enabled)                           |                      |   | 2         |       |      | V                   |
| $V_{EN(LO)}$                    | Enable low (shutdown)                           |                      |   |           |       | 0.7  | V                   |
| $I_{EN(HI)}$                    | Enable pin current (enabled)                    | $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$    |   | –1        |       | 1    | $\mu\text{A}$       |
|                                 |   | $V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$ |   | –1        | 0     | 1    | $\mu\text{A}$       |
|                                 | Output discharge transistor current             |                      | $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$   | 10        | 25    |      | mA                  |
| UVLO                            | Undervoltage lockout                            |                      | $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{IN}$ rising   | 2.2       |       | 2.75 | V                   |
|                                 | Hysteresis                                      |                      | $V_{IN}$ falling  |           | 100   |      | mV                  |
| $T_{SD}$                        | Thermal shutdown temperature                    |                      |   |           | +150  |      | $^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
| $T_J$                           | Operating junction temperature                  |                      |   | –40       |       | +125 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$  |

(1) Minimum  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DO}$  or  $2.8\text{V}$ , whichever is greater.

(2)  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} - 0.1\text{V}$ .  $V_{DO}$  is not measured for devices with  $V_{OUT(nom)} < 2.9\text{V}$  because minimum  $V_{IN} = 2.8\text{V}$ .

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

### ADJUSTABLE VOLTAGE VERSION



### FIXED VOLTAGE VERSIONS

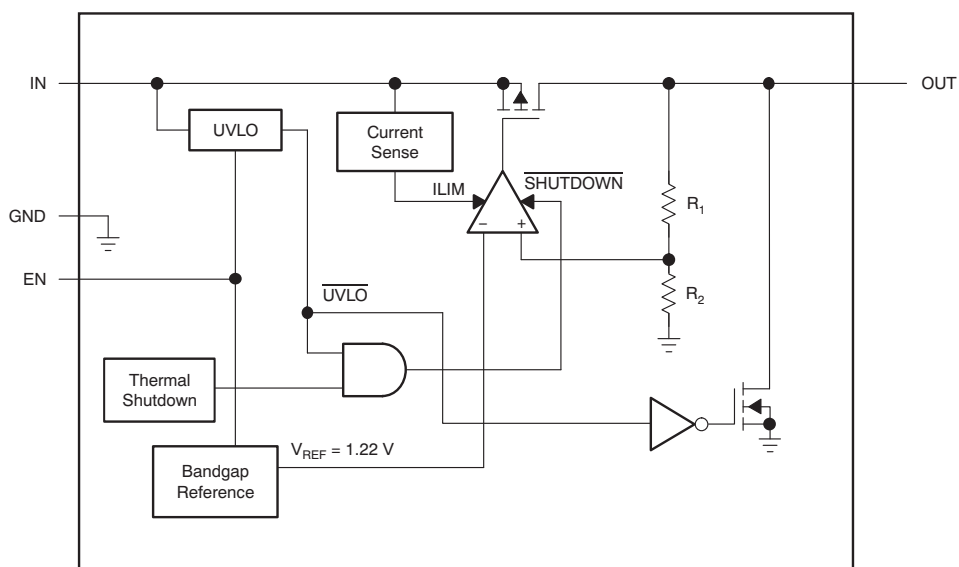


Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

| TPS758xx |         |   |
|----------|---------|---|
| NAME     | PIN NO. | DESCRIPTION   |
| EN       | 1       | Enable input  |
| IN       | 2       | Input supply  |
| GND      | 3       | Ground  |
| OUT      | 4       | Regulated output voltage; see <a href="#">Output Capacitor</a> section for output capacitor requirements. |
| FB/NC    | 5       | Feedback voltage for adjustable device. Connect to GND or leave open for fixed V <sub>OUT</sub> devices.  |

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

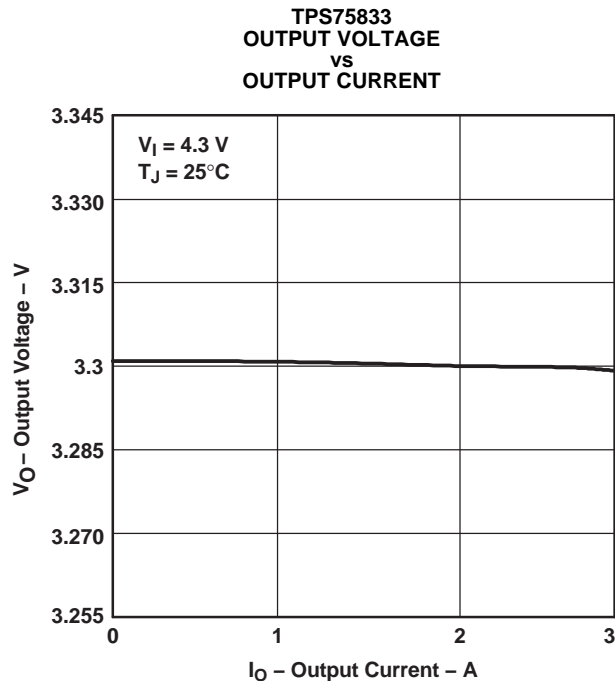


Figure 1.

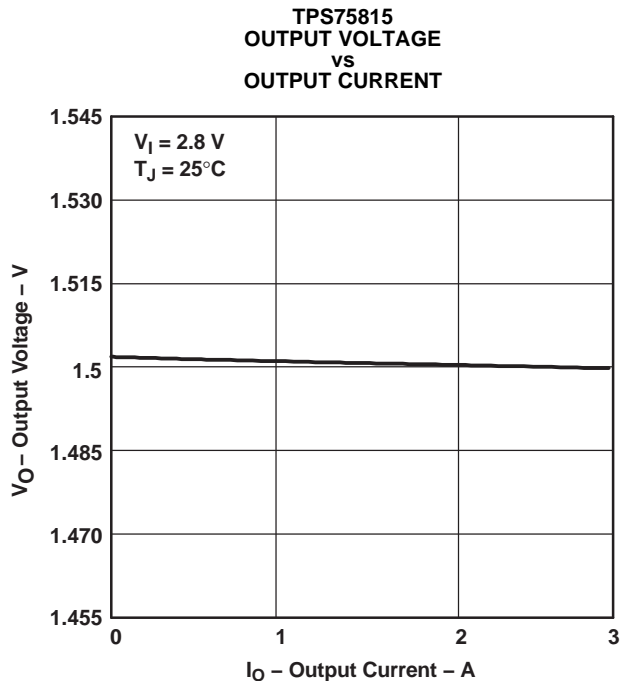


Figure 2.

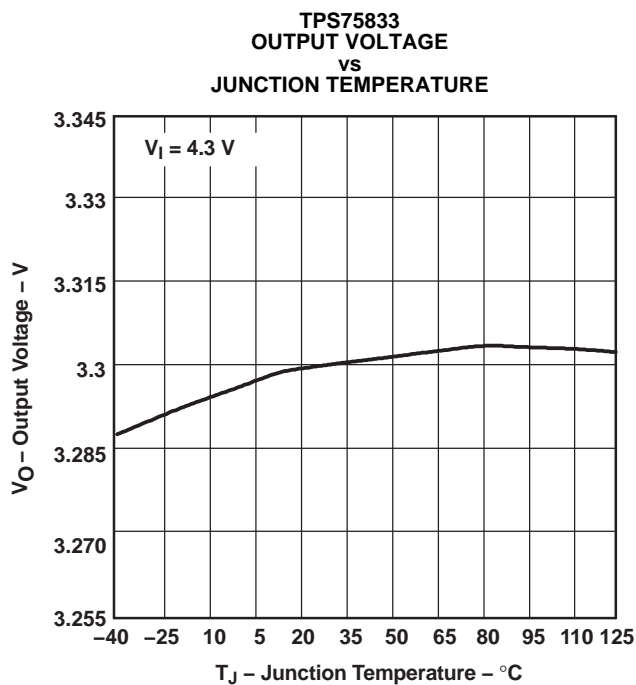


Figure 3.

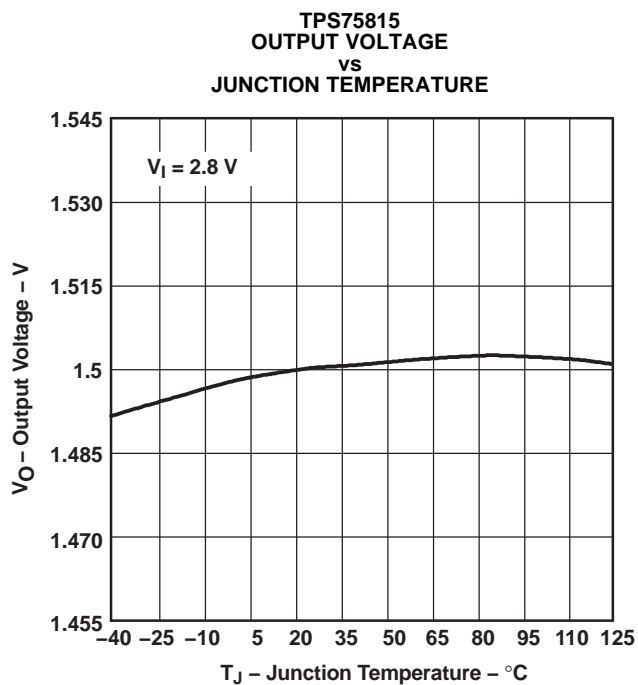


Figure 4.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

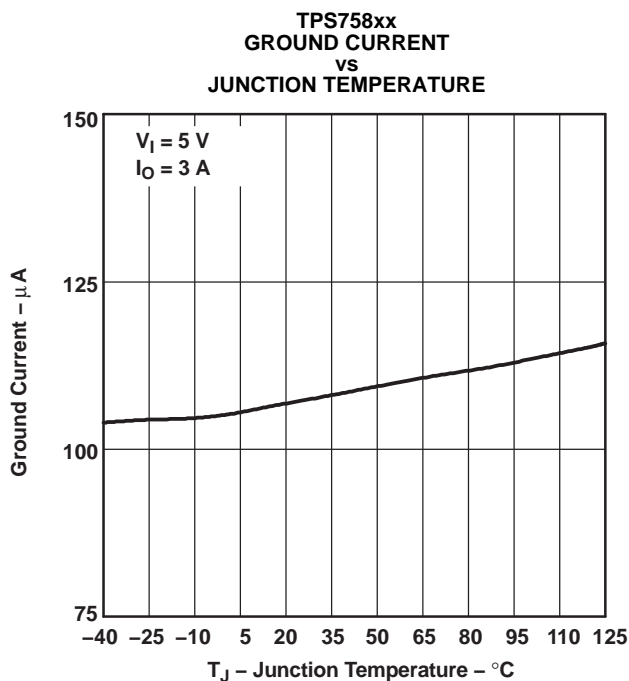


Figure 5.

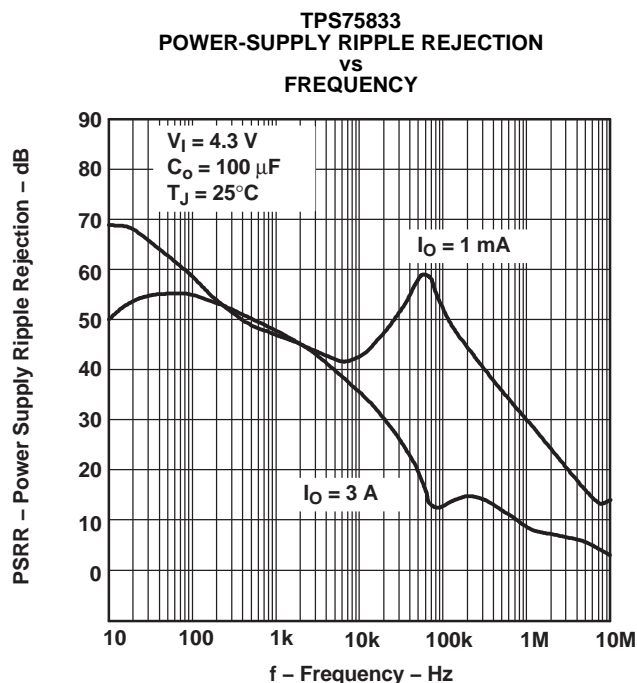


Figure 6.

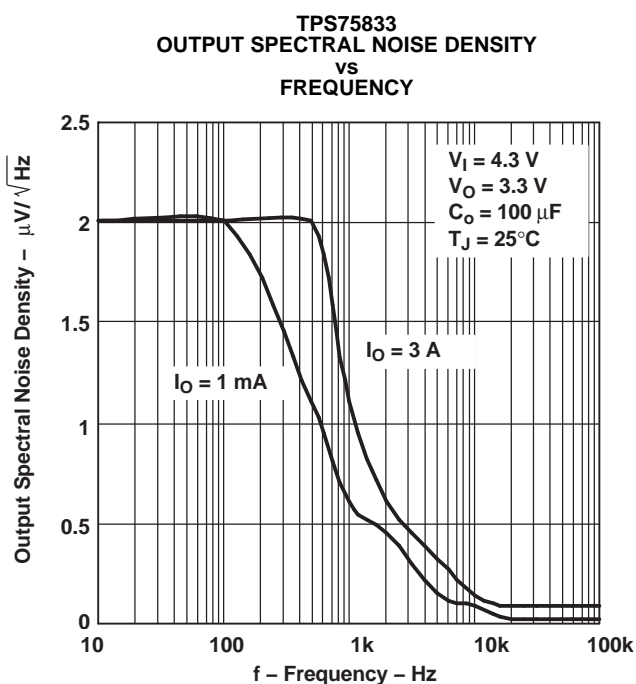


Figure 7.

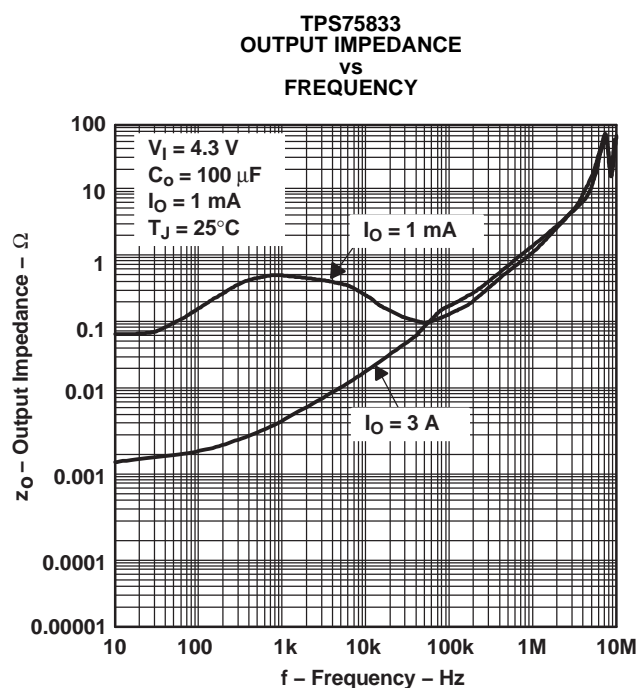


Figure 8.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

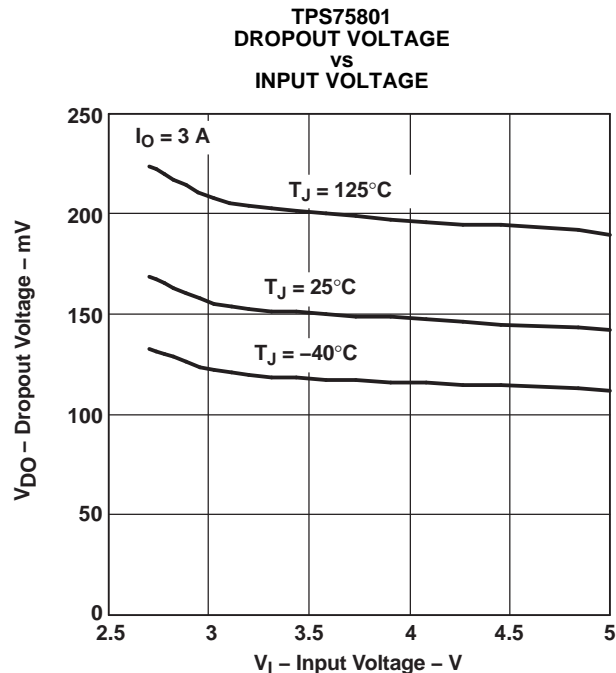


Figure 9.

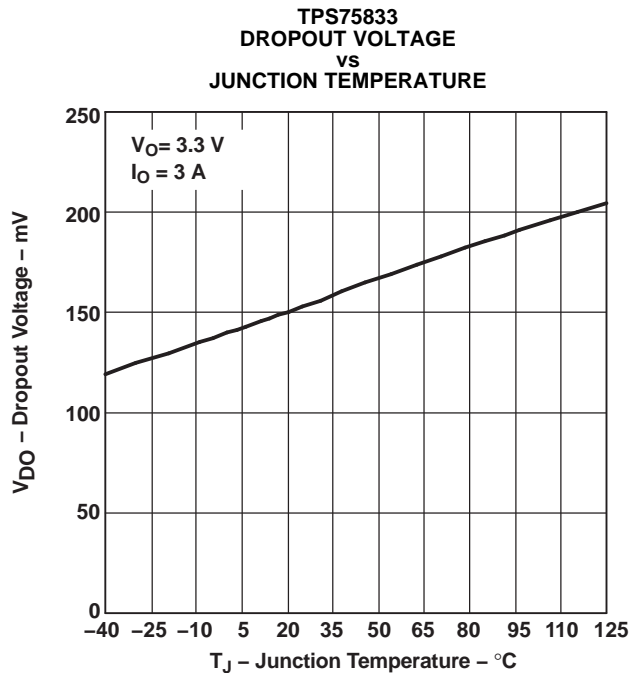


Figure 10.

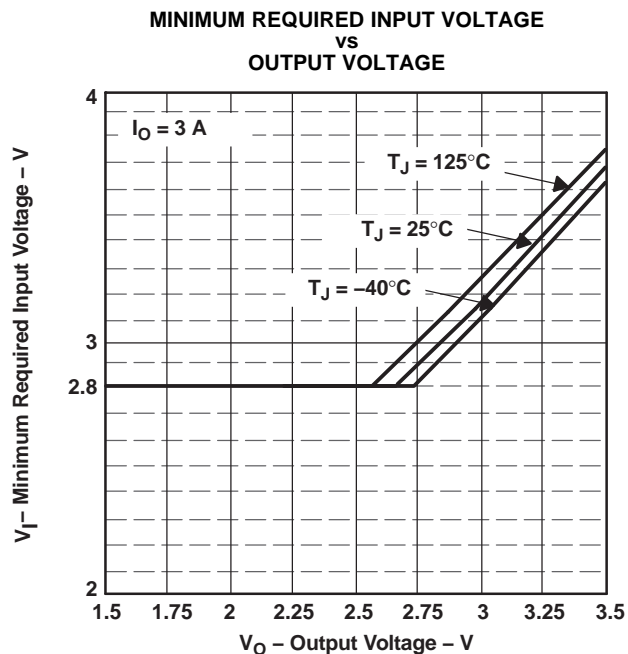


Figure 11.

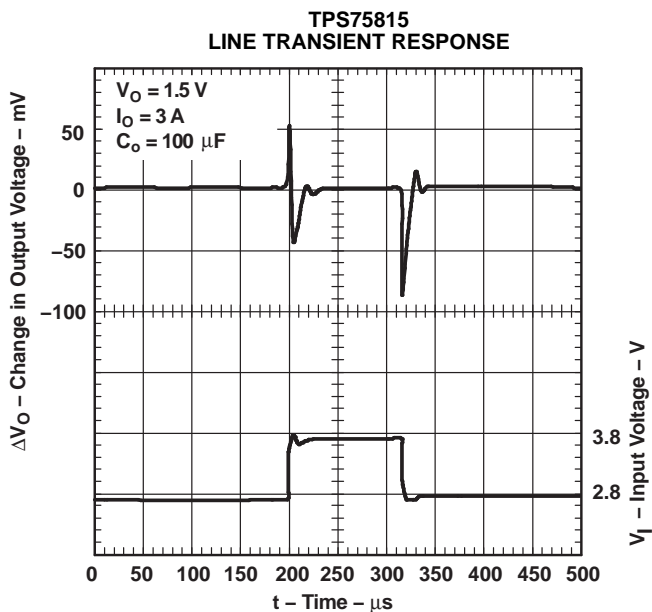


Figure 12.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

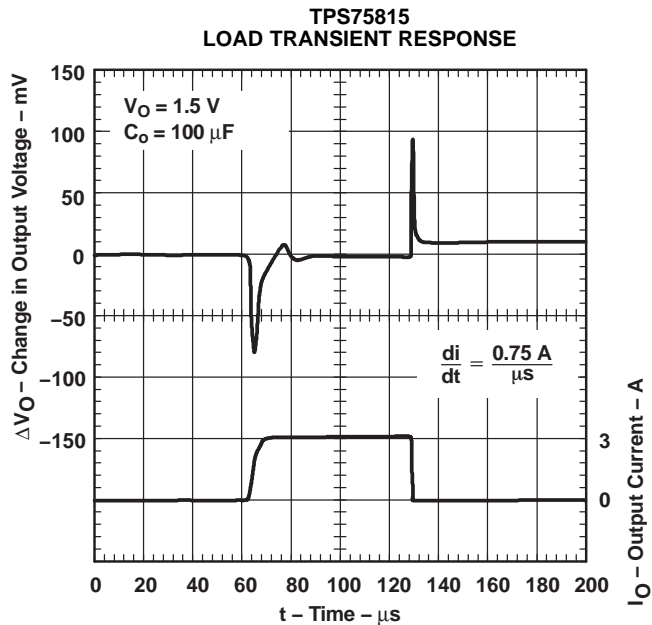


Figure 13.

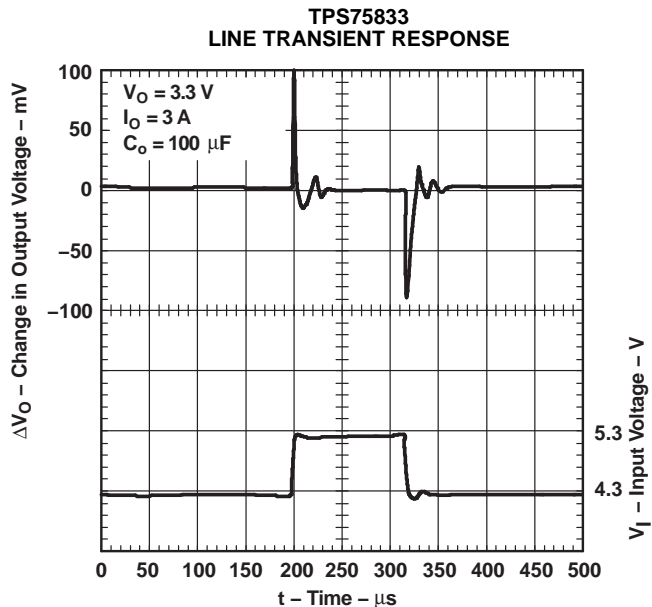


Figure 14.

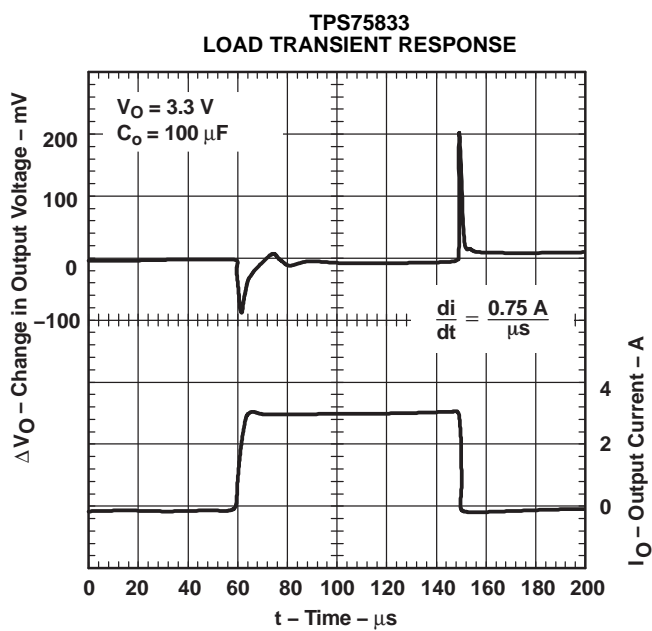


Figure 15.

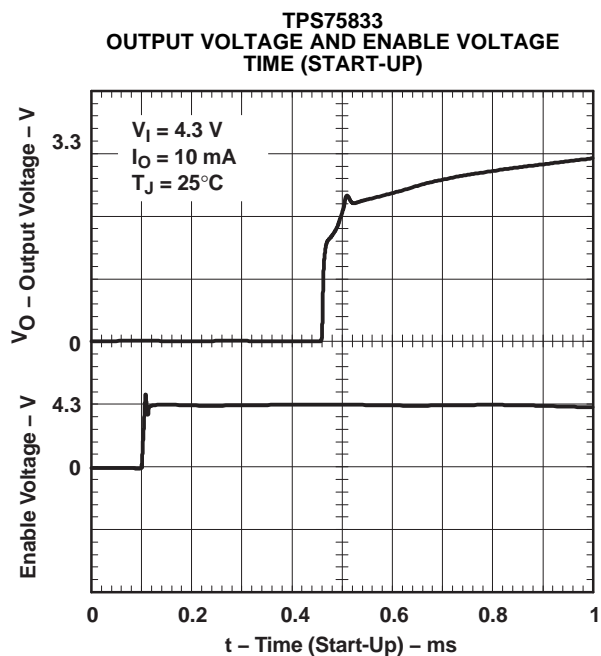


Figure 16.



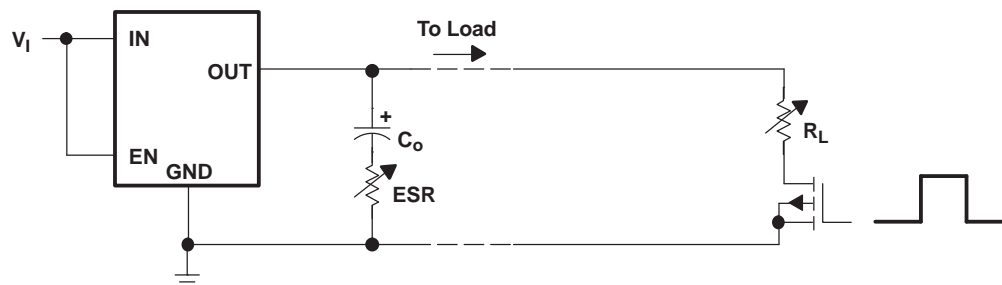


Figure 17. Test Circuit for Typical Regions of Stability (Figure 18 and Figure 19) (Fixed Output Options)

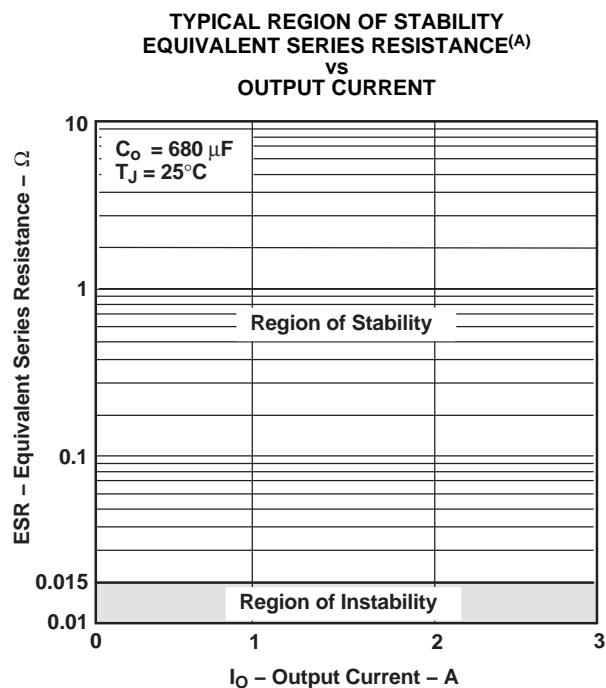


Figure 18.

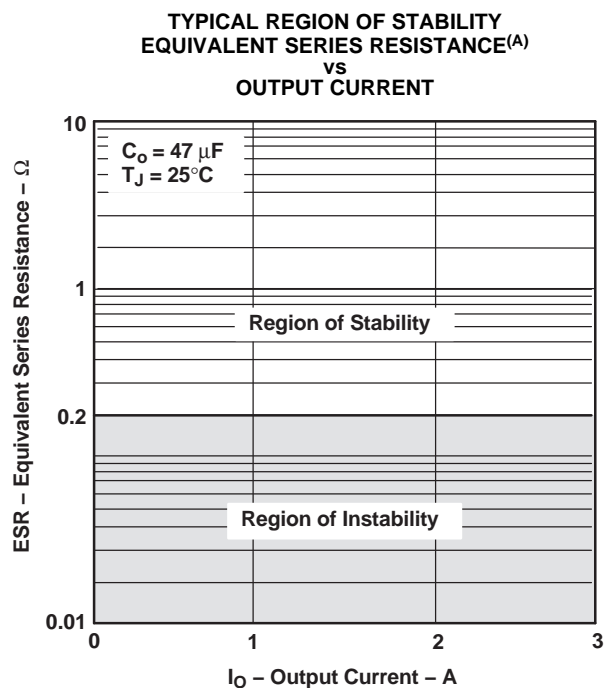


Figure 19.

A. Equivalent series resistance (ESR) refers to the total series resistance, including the ESR of the capacitor, any series resistance added externally, and printed wiring board (PWB) trace resistance to  $C_{OUT}$ .

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TPS758xx family includes four fixed-output voltage regulators (1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V), and an adjustable regulator, the TPS75801 (adjustable from 1.22V to 5V). The bandgap voltage is typically 1.22V.

### Pin Functions

#### Enable (EN)

The EN terminal is an input which enables or shuts down the device. If EN is a low voltage level (< 0.7V), the device will be in shutdown or sleep mode. When EN goes to a high voltage level (> 2V), the device will be enabled.

#### Feedback (FB)

FB is an input terminal used for the adjustable-output option and must be connected to the output terminal either directly, in order to generate the minimum output voltage of 1.22V, or through an external feedback resistor divider for other output voltages. The FB connection should be as short as possible. It is essential to route the terminal so that it minimizes/avoids noise pickup. Adding RC networks between the FB terminal and  $V_{OUT}$  to filter noise is not recommended because it may cause the regulator to oscillate.

#### Input Voltage (IN)

The  $V_{IN}$  terminal is an input to the regulator.

#### Output Voltage (OUTPUT)

The  $V_{OUTPUT}$  terminal is an output from the regulator.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Programming the TPS75801 Adjustable LDO Regulator

The output voltage of the TPS75801 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in [Figure 20](#). The output voltage is calculated using:

$$V_O = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (1)$$

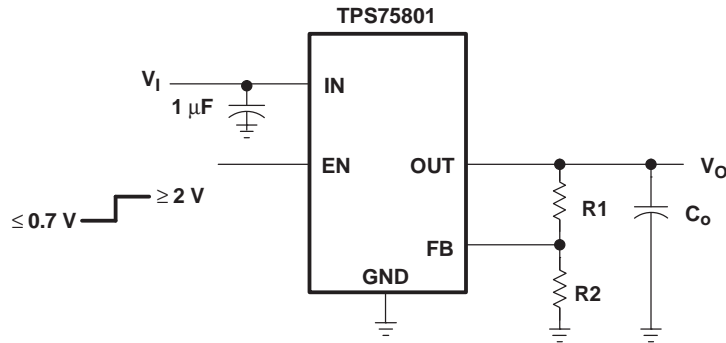
Where:

$V_{REF} = 1.224V$  typ (the internal reference voltage).

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 40μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used but offer no inherent advantage and waste more power. Higher values should be avoided as leakage currents at FB increase the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose  $R2 = 30.1k\Omega$  to set the divider current at 40μA and then calculate R1 using:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{REF}} - 1\right) \times R2 \quad (2)$$

## APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)



### OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING GUIDE

| OUTPUT VOLTAGE | R1   | R2   | UNIT |
|----------------|------|------|------|
| 2.5 V          | 31.6 | 30.1 | kΩ   |
| 3.3 V          | 51   | 30.1 | kΩ   |
| 3.6 V          | 58.3 | 30.1 | kΩ   |

Figure 20. TPS75801 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

## Regulator Protection

The TPS758xx PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse currents when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (for example, during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. When extended reverse voltage is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

The TPS758xx also features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS758xx limits output current to approximately 10A. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds  $-150^{\circ}\text{C}$  (typ), thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled below  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$  (typ), regulator operation resumes.

## Input Capacitor

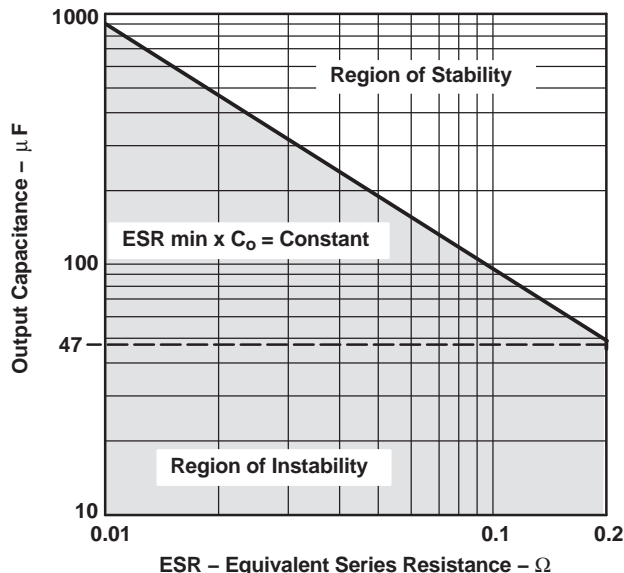
For a typical application, a ceramic input bypass capacitor ( $0.22\mu\text{F}$  to  $1\mu\text{F}$ ) is recommended to ensure device stability. This capacitor should be as close as possible to the input pin. Due to the impedance of the input supply, large transient currents will cause the input voltage to droop. If this droop causes the input voltage to drop below the UVLO threshold, the device will turn off. Therefore, it is recommended that a larger capacitor be placed in parallel with the ceramic bypass capacitor at the regulator input. The size of this capacitor depends on the output current, response time of the main power supply, and the distance of the main power supply to the regulator. At a minimum, the capacitor should be sized to ensure that the input voltage does not drop below the minimum UVLO threshold voltage during normal operating conditions.

## Output Capacitor

As with most LDO regulators, the TPS758xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is  $47\mu\text{F}$  with an ESR (equivalent series resistance) of at least  $200\text{m}\Omega$ . As shown in Figure 21, most capacitor and ESR combinations with a product of  $47^{-6} \times 0.2 = 9.4^{-6}$  or larger will be stable, provided the capacitor value is at least  $47\mu\text{F}$ . Solid tantalum electrolytic and aluminum electrolytic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described in this section. Larger capacitors provide a wider range of stability and better load transient response.

This information and the ESR graphs shown in Figure 18, Figure 19, and Figure 21, is included to assist in selection of suitable capacitance for the user's application. When necessary to achieve low height requirements with high output current and/or high load capacitance, several higher ESR capacitors can be used in parallel to meet these guidelines.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)



**Figure 21. Output Capacitance vs Equivalent Series Resistance**

## THERMAL INFORMATION

The amount of heat that an LDO linear regulator generates is directly proportional to the amount of power it dissipates during operation. All integrated circuits have a maximum allowable junction temperature ( $T_{jmax}$ ) above which normal operation is not assured. A system designer must design the operating environment so that the operating junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) does not exceed the maximum junction temperature ( $T_{jmax}$ ). The two main environmental variables that a designer can use to improve thermal performance are air flow and external heatsinks. The purpose of this information is to aid the designer in determining the proper operating environment for a linear regulator that is operating at a specific power level.

In general, the maximum expected power ( $P_{D(max)}$ ) consumed by a linear regulator is computed as:

$$P_{D \max} = (V_{I(avg)} - V_{O(avg)}) \times I_{O(avg)} + V_{I(avg)} \times I_{(Q)} \quad (3)$$

Where:

- $V_{I(avg)}$  is the average input voltage.
- $V_{O(avg)}$  is the average output voltage.
- $I_{O(avg)}$  is the average output current.
- $I_{(Q)}$  is the quiescent current.

For most TI LDO regulators, the quiescent current is insignificant compared to the average output current; therefore, the term  $V_{I(avg)} \times I_{(Q)}$  can be neglected. The operating junction temperature is computed by adding the ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) and the increase in temperature due to the regulator power dissipation. The temperature rise is computed by multiplying the maximum expected power dissipation by the sum of the thermal resistances between the junction and the case ( $R_{\theta JC}$ ), the case to heatsink ( $R_{\theta CS}$ ), and the heatsink to ambient ( $R_{\theta SA}$ ). Thermal resistances are measures of how effectively an object dissipates heat. Typically, the larger the device, the more surface area available for power dissipation and the lower the object's thermal resistance.

Figure 22 illustrates these thermal resistances for (a) a TO-220 package attached to a heatsink, and (b) a TO-263 package mounted on a JEDEC High-K board.

## THERMAL INFORMATION (continued)

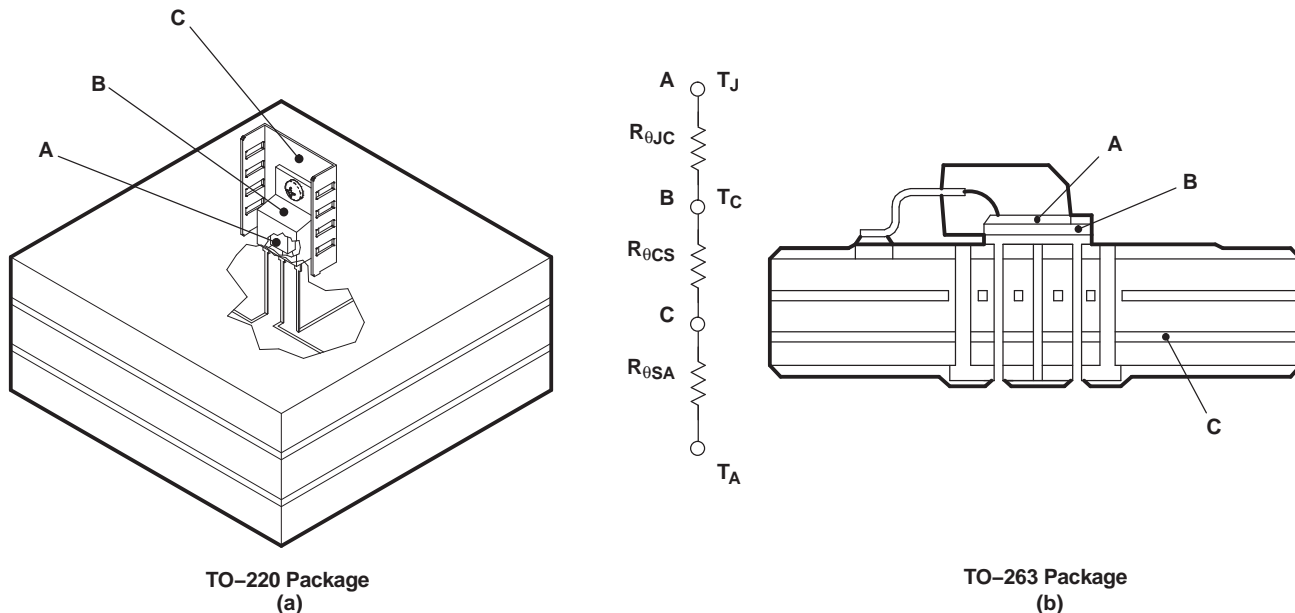


Figure 22. Thermal Resistances

Equation 4 summarizes the computation:

$$T_J = T_A + P_{D \max} \cdot (R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CS} + R_{\theta SA}) \quad (4)$$

The  $R_{\theta JC}$  is specific to each regulator as determined by its package, lead frame, and die size provided in the regulator's data sheet. The  $R_{\theta SA}$  is a function of the type and size of heatsink. For example, black body radiator type heatsinks, like the one attached to the TO-220 package in Figure 22(a), can have  $R_{\theta CS}$  values ranging from 5°C/W for very large heatsinks to 50°C/W for very small heatsinks. The  $R_{\theta CS}$  is a function of how the package is attached to the heatsink. For example, if a thermal compound is used to attach a heatsink to a TO-220 package,  $R_{\theta CS}$  of 1°C/W is reasonable.

Even if no external black body radiator type heatsink is attached to the package, the board on which the regulator is mounted will provide some heatsinking through the pin solder connections. Some packages, like the TO-263 and TI's TSSOP PowerPAD™ packages, use a copper plane underneath the package or the circuit board ground plane for additional heatsinking to improve their thermal performance. Computer-aided thermal modeling can be used to compute very accurate approximations of integrated circuit thermal performance in different operating environments (for example, different types of circuit boards, different types and sizes of heatsinks, different air flows, etc.). Using these models, the three thermal resistances can be combined into one thermal resistance between junction and ambient ( $R_{\theta JA}$ ). This  $R_{\theta JA}$  is valid only for the specific operating environment used in the computer model.

Equation 4 simplifies into Equation 5:

$$T_J = T_A + P_{D \max} \cdot R_{\theta JA} \quad (5)$$

Rearranging Equation 5 results in Equation 6:

$$R_{\theta JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P_{D \max}} \quad (6)$$

Using Equation 5 and the computer model generated curves shown in Figure 23 and Figure 26, a designer can quickly compute the required heatsink thermal resistance/board area for a given ambient temperature, power dissipation, and operating environment.

## THERMAL INFORMATION (continued)

### TO-220 Power Dissipation

The TO-220 package provides an effective means of managing power dissipation in through-hole applications. The TO-220 package dimensions are provided in the mechanical drawings at the end of this data sheet. A heatsink can be used with the TO-220 package to effectively lower the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

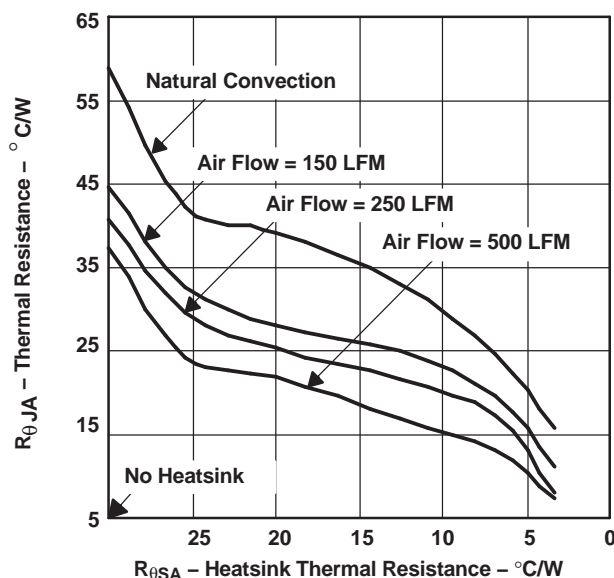
To illustrate, the TPS75825 in a TO-220 package was chosen. For this example, the average input voltage is 3.3V, the average output voltage is 2.5V, the average output current is 3A, the ambient temperature +55°C, the air flow is 150 LFM, and the operating environment is the same as documented below. Neglecting the quiescent current, the maximum average power is:

$$P_D \text{ max} = (3.3 - 2.5) \text{ V} \times 3\text{A} = 2.4\text{W} \quad (7)$$

Substituting  $T_{J\text{max}}$  for  $T_J$  in [Equation 6](#) results in [Equation 8](#):

$$R_{\theta JA} \text{ max} = \frac{(125 - 55)^\circ\text{C}}{2.4\text{W}} = 29^\circ\text{C/W} \quad (8)$$

From [Figure 23](#),  $R_{\theta JA}$  vs *Heatsink Thermal Resistance*, a heatsink with  $R_{\theta SA} = 22^\circ\text{C/W}$  is required to dissipate 2.4W. The model operating environment used in the computer model to construct [Figure 23](#) consisted of a standard JEDEC High-K board (2S2P) with a 1-ounce internal copper plane and ground plane. Since the package pins were soldered to the board, 450mm<sup>2</sup> of the board was modeled as a heatsink. [Figure 24](#) shows the side view of the operating environment used in the computer model.



**Figure 23. Thermal Resistance vs Heatsink Thermal Resistance**

## THERMAL INFORMATION (continued)

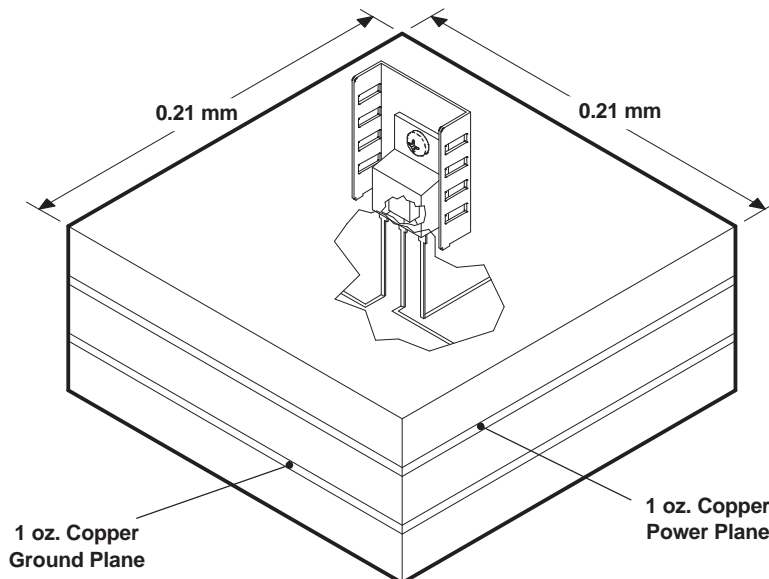


Figure 24. TO-220 Thermal Resistance

From the data in [Figure 23](#) and rearranging [Equation 6](#), the maximum power dissipation for a different heatsink  $R_{\theta SA}$  and a specific ambient temperature can be computed (see [Figure 25](#)).

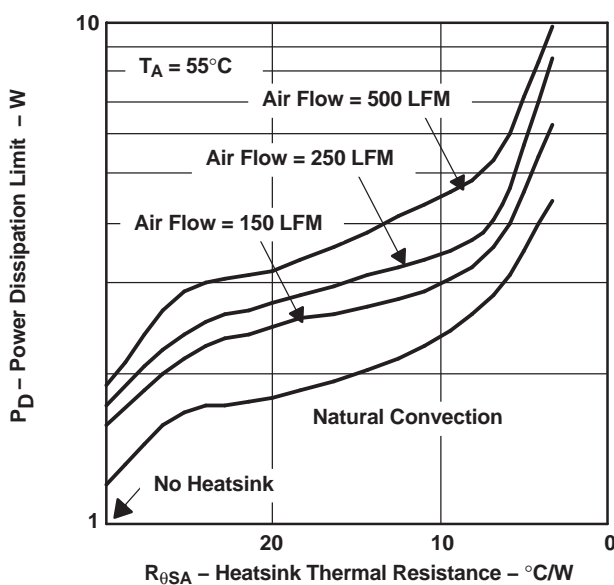


Figure 25. Power Dissipation vs Heatsink Thermal Resistance

## THERMAL INFORMATION (continued)

### TO-263 Power Dissipation

The TO-263 package provides an effective means of managing power dissipation in surface-mount applications. The TO-263 package dimensions are provided in the mechanical drawings at the end of the data sheet. The addition of a copper plane directly underneath the TO-263 package enhances the thermal performance of the package.

To illustrate, the TPS75825 in a TO-263 package was chosen. For this example, the average input voltage is 3.3V, the average output voltage is 2.5V, the average output current is 3A, the ambient temperature +55°C, the air flow is 150 LFM, and the operating environment is the same as documented below. Neglecting the quiescent current, the maximum average power is:

$$P_{D\max} = (3.3 - 2.5) \text{ V} \times 3\text{A} = 2.4\text{W} \quad (9)$$

Substituting  $T_{J\max}$  for  $T_J$  in [Equation 6](#) results in [Equation 10](#):

$$R_{\theta JA\max} = \frac{(125 - 55)^\circ\text{C}}{2.4\text{W}} = 29^\circ\text{C/W} \quad (10)$$

From [Figure 26](#),  $R_{\theta JA}$  vs *Copper Heatsink Area*, the ground plane needs to be 2cm<sup>2</sup> for the part to dissipate 2.4W. The model operating environment used in the computer model to construct [Figure 26](#) consisted of a standard JEDEC High-K board (2S2P) with a 1-ounce internal copper plane and ground plane. The package is soldered to a 2-ounce copper pad. The pad is tied through thermal vias to the 1-ounce ground plane. [Figure 27](#) shows the side view of the operating environment used in the computer model.

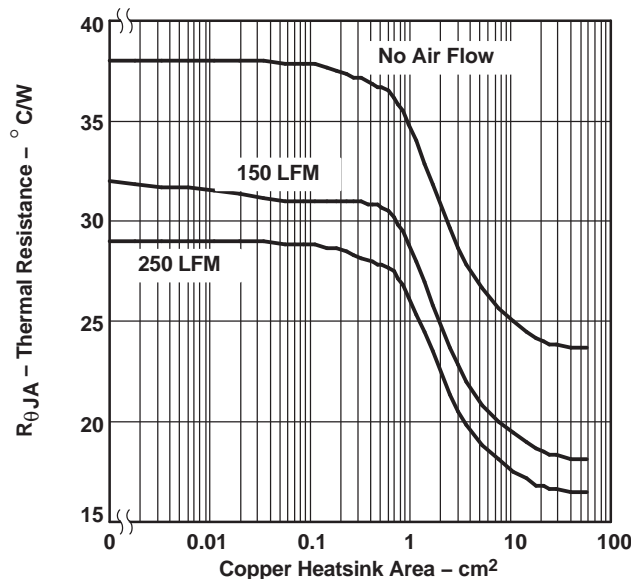


Figure 26. Thermal Resistance vs Copper Heatsink Area



## THERMAL INFORMATION (continued)

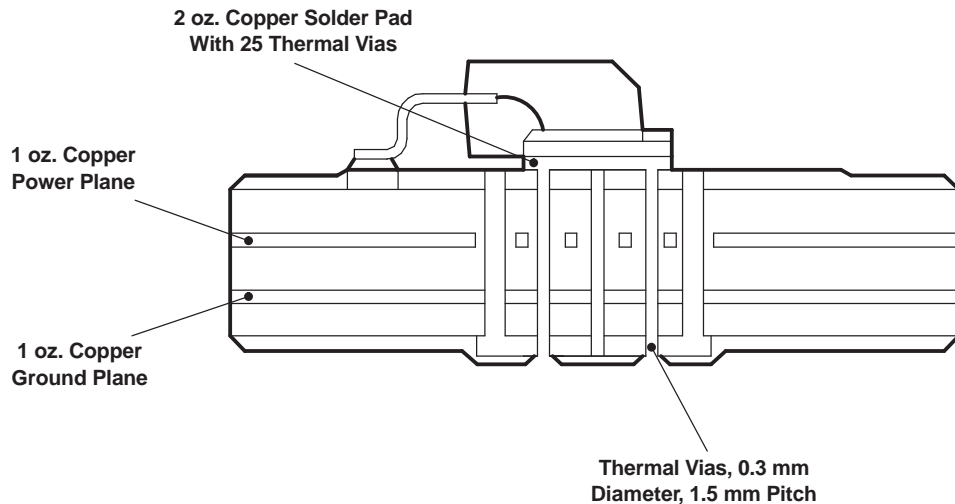


Figure 27. TO-263 Thermal Resistance

The maximum power dissipation for a different ground plane area and a specific ambient temperature can be computed from the data in [Figure 26](#) and from rearranging [Equation 6](#) (see [Figure 28](#)).

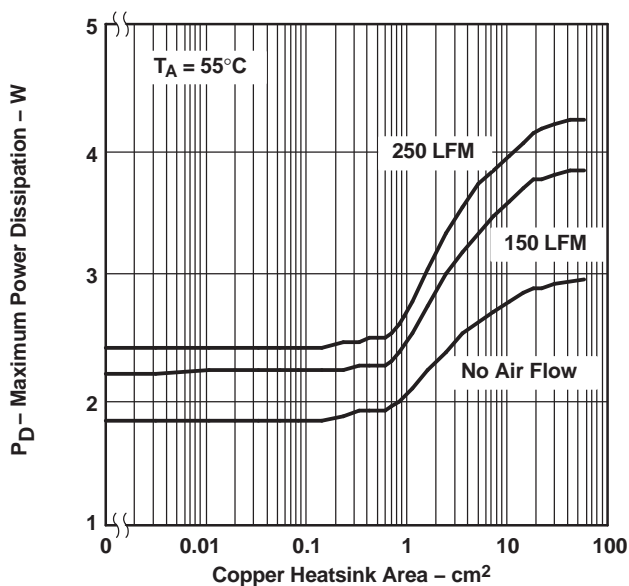


Figure 28. Maximum Power Dissipation vs Copper Heatsink Area

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type     | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TPS75801KC       | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | N / A for Pkg Type   | -40 to 85    | 75801                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75801KCG3     | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75801KTT      | OBSOLETE      | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         |                         |
| TPS75801KTTR     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75801                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75801KTTRG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75801                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75801KTTT     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75801                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75801KTTTG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75801                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75815KC       | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | N / A for Pkg Type   | -40 to 85    | 75815                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75815KCG3     | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75815KTT      | OBSOLETE      | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         |                         |
| TPS75815KTTR     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75815                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75815KTTRG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75815KTTT     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75815                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75815KTTTG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75815                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75818KC       | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | N / A for Pkg Type   | -40 to 85    | 75818                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75818KCG3     | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75818KTT      | OBSOLETE      | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         |                         |

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type     | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TPS75818KTTR     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75818                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75818KTTRG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75818                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75818KTTT     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75818                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75818KTTTG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75818                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75825KC       | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | N / A for Pkg Type   | -40 to 85    | 75825                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75825KCG3     | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75825KTT      | OBSOLETE      | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         |                         |
| TPS75825KTTR     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75825                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75825KTTRG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75825                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75825KTTT     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75825                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75825KTTTG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75825                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75833KC       | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | N / A for Pkg Type   | -40 to 85    | 75833                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75833KCG3     | ACTIVE        | TO-220           | KC                 | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | N / A for Pkg Type   | -40 to 85    | 75833                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75833KTT      | OBSOLETE      | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 85    |                         |                         |
| TPS75833KTTR     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75833                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75833KTTRG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | 75833                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75833KTTT     | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75833                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS75833KTTTG3   | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  |              | 75833                   | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type     | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TPS758A01KTTR    | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 500            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 125   | 758A01                  | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS758A01KTTRG3  | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 125   |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS758A01KTTT    | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    | 50             | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN                   | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 125   | 758A01                  | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS758A01KTTTG3  | ACTIVE        | DDPAK/<br>TO-263 | KTT                | 5    |                | TBD                        | Call TI                 | Call TI              | -40 to 125   |                         | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBsolete:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and

continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

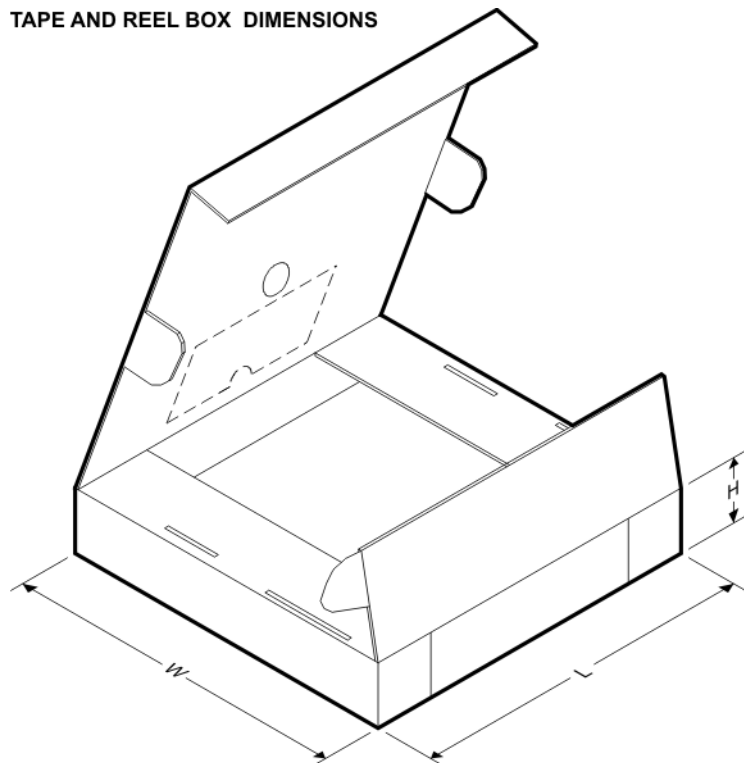
**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TPS75801KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75801KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75815KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75815KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75818KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75818KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75825KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75825KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75833KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS75833KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |
| TPS758A01KTTR | DDPAK/       | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
|               | TO-263       |                 |      |     |                    |                    |         |         |         |         |        |               |
| TPS758A01KTTT | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 330.0              | 24.4               | 10.6    | 15.6    | 4.9     | 16.0    | 24.0   | Q2            |

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

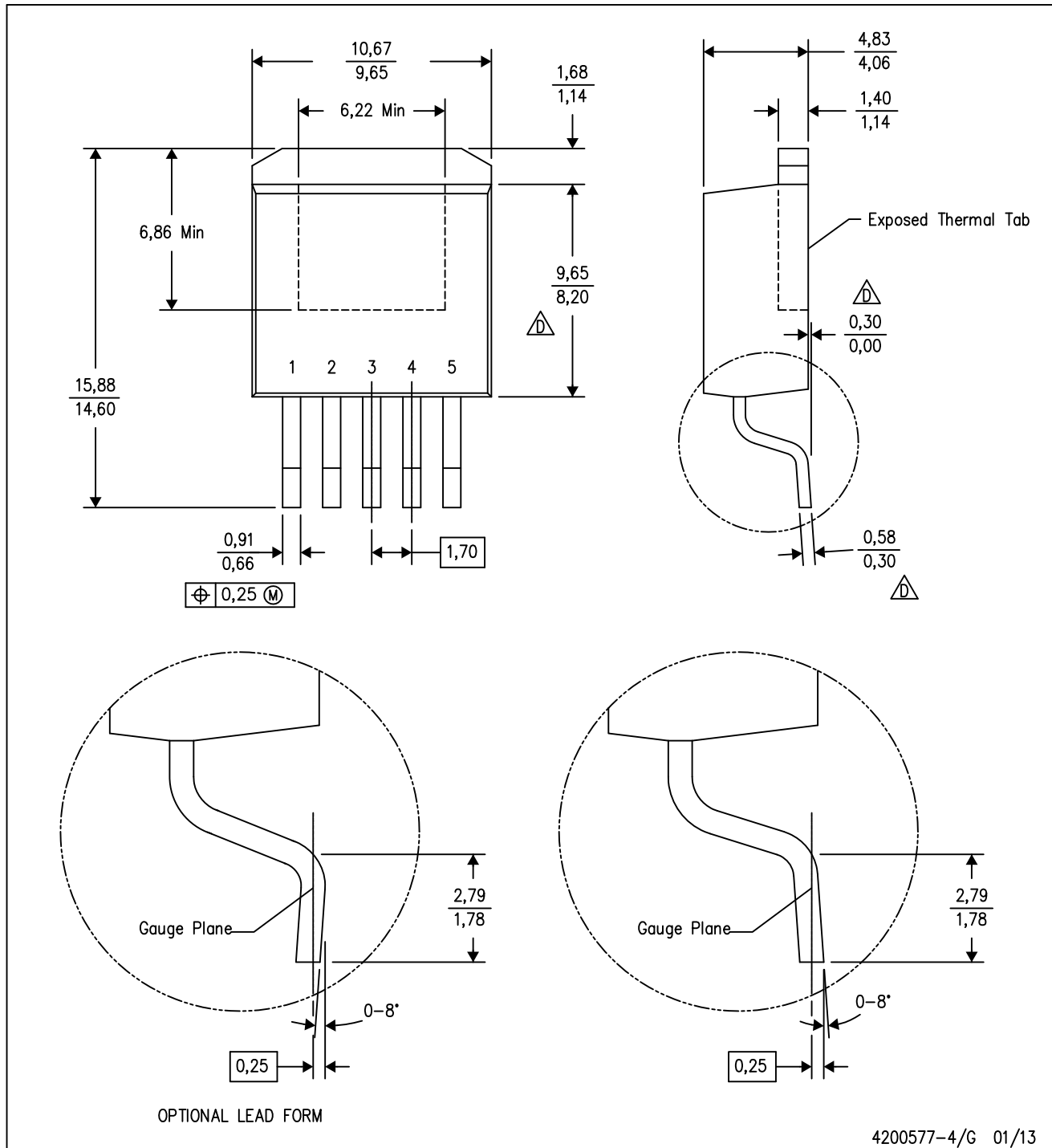


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TPS75801KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75801KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75815KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75815KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75818KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75818KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75825KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75825KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75833KTTR  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS75833KTTT  | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS758A01KTTR | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |
| TPS758A01KTTT | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT             | 5    | 50  | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |

KTT (R-PSFM-G5)

PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



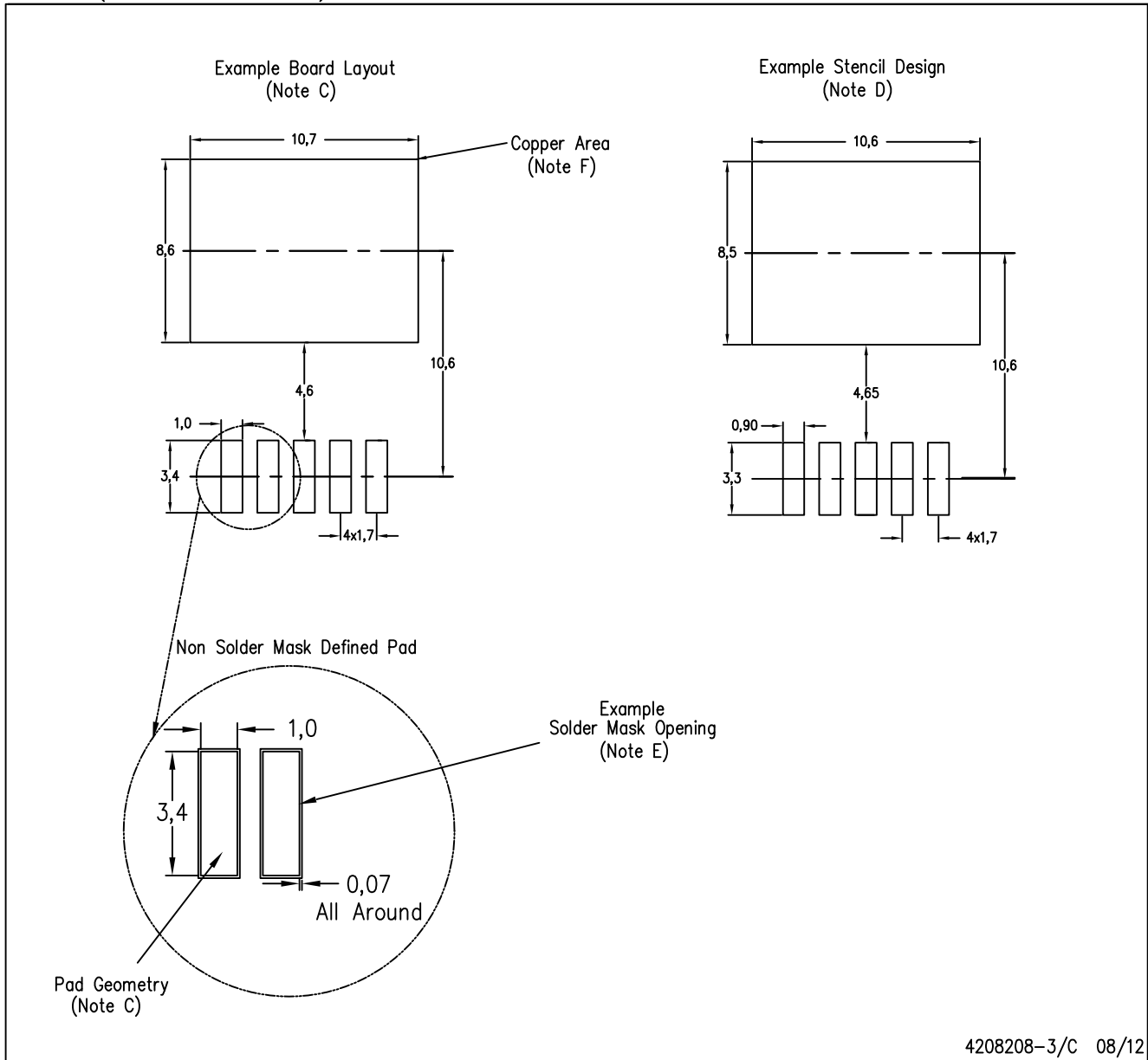
4200577-4/G 01/13

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.005 (0,13) per side.
- Falls within JEDEC TO-263 variation BA, except minimum lead thickness, maximum seating height, and minimum body length.



KTT (R-PSFM-G5)

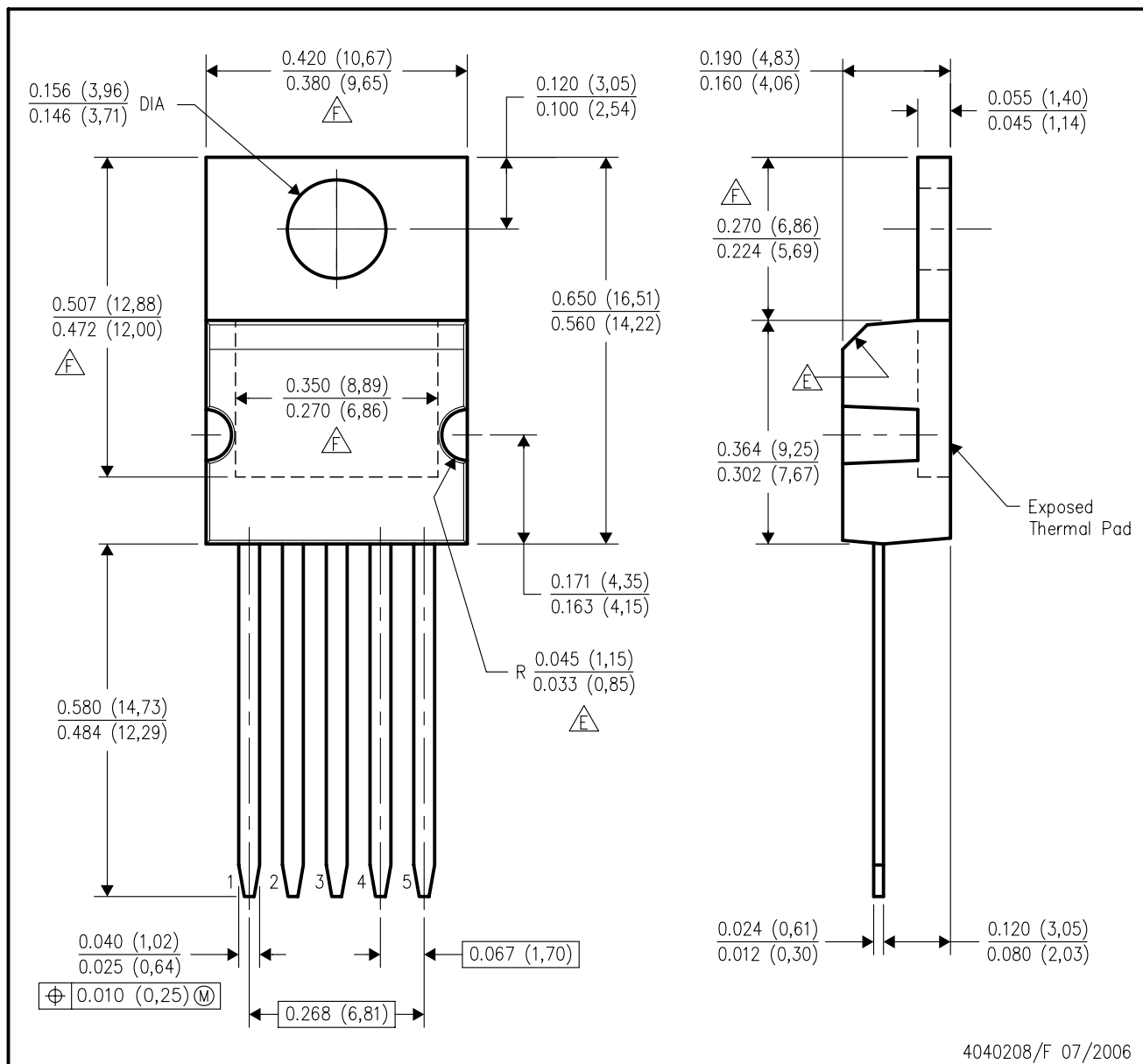
PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-SM-782 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
  - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.
  - F. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to the Product Datasheet for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended thermal pad size. For thermal pad sizes larger than shown a solder mask defined pad is recommended in order to maintain the solderable pad geometry while increasing copper area.

## KC (R-PSFM-T5)

## PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. All lead dimensions apply before solder dip.
  - D. The center lead is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.
  - $\triangle E$  These features are optional.
  - $\triangle F$  Thermal pad contour optional within these dimensions.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

### Products

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Audio                        | <a href="http://www.ti.com/audio">www.ti.com/audio</a>                               |
| Amplifiers                   | <a href="http://amplifier.ti.com">amplifier.ti.com</a>                               |
| Data Converters              | <a href="http://dataconverter.ti.com">dataconverter.ti.com</a>                       |
| DLP® Products                | <a href="http://www.dlp.com">www.dlp.com</a>   |
| DSP                          | <a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>   |
| Clocks and Timers            | <a href="http://www.ti.com/clocks">www.ti.com/clocks</a>                             |
| Interface                    | <a href="http://interface.ti.com">interface.ti.com</a>                               |
| Logic                        | <a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>                                       |
| Power Mgmt                   | <a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>                                       |
| Microcontrollers             | <a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>                   |
| RFID                         | <a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>                                 |
| OMAP Applications Processors | <a href="http://www.ti.com/omap">www.ti.com/omap</a>                                 |
| Wireless Connectivity        | <a href="http://www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity">www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</a> |

### Applications

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Automotive and Transportation | <a href="http://www.ti.com/automotive">www.ti.com/automotive</a>                         |
| Communications and Telecom    | <a href="http://www.ti.com/communications">www.ti.com/communications</a>                 |
| Computers and Peripherals     | <a href="http://www.ti.com/computers">www.ti.com/computers</a>                           |
| Consumer Electronics          | <a href="http://www.ti.com/consumer-apps">www.ti.com/consumer-apps</a>                   |
| Energy and Lighting           | <a href="http://www.ti.com/energy">www.ti.com/energy</a>                                 |
| Industrial                    | <a href="http://www.ti.com/industrial">www.ti.com/industrial</a>                         |
| Medical                       | <a href="http://www.ti.com/medical">www.ti.com/medical</a>                               |
| Security                      | <a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>                             |
| Space, Avionics and Defense   | <a href="http://www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense">www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense</a> |
| Video and Imaging             | <a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>                                   |

### TI E2E Community

[e2e.ti.com](http://e2e.ti.com)