

IrDA Infrared Communication Module

RPM882-H12

RPM882-H12 is an infrared communication module for IrDA Ver. 1.2 (Low Power). The infrared LED, PIN photo diode, LSI are all integrated into a single package. This module is designed with power down function and low current consumption at stand-by mode. The ultra small package makes it a perfect fit for mobile devices.

●Features

- 1) Infrared LED, PIN photo diode, LED driver & Receiver frequency formation circuit built in. Improvement of EMI noise protection because of Shield Case.
- 2) Applied to SIR (2.4 to 115.2kbps)
- 3) Surface mount type.
- 4) Power down function built in.
- 5) Low voltage operation as 1.5V of interface terminals to controller (TXD, RXD, PWDOWN, TX-RC).
- 6) Infrared remote control transmission driver built-in.

●Applications

Mobile phone, PDA, DVC, Digital Still Camera, Printer, Handy Terminal etc.

●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{max}	7.0*1	V
Input voltage	V _{in} (4, 5, 6, 7pin)	-0.3 to V _{io} +0.3	V
Operation temperature	T _{opr}	-25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-30 to +100	°C
LED peak current	I _{FP}	300*2	mA
Power dissipation	P _d	300*3	mW

*1 This applies to all pins basis ground pins (1pin)

*2 LED Peak Current< 90μs, On duty≤50%

*3 When glass-epoxy board (70×70×1.6mm) mounted. In case operating environment is over 25°C, 4mW would be reduced per each 1°C stepping up.

●Recommended operating conditions (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	2.4	3.0	3.6	V
Interface supply voltage	V _{io}	1.5	3.0	V _{cc}	V
LED supply voltage	V _{LEDVcc}	2.6	3.0	5.5	V

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●Block diagram and application circuit

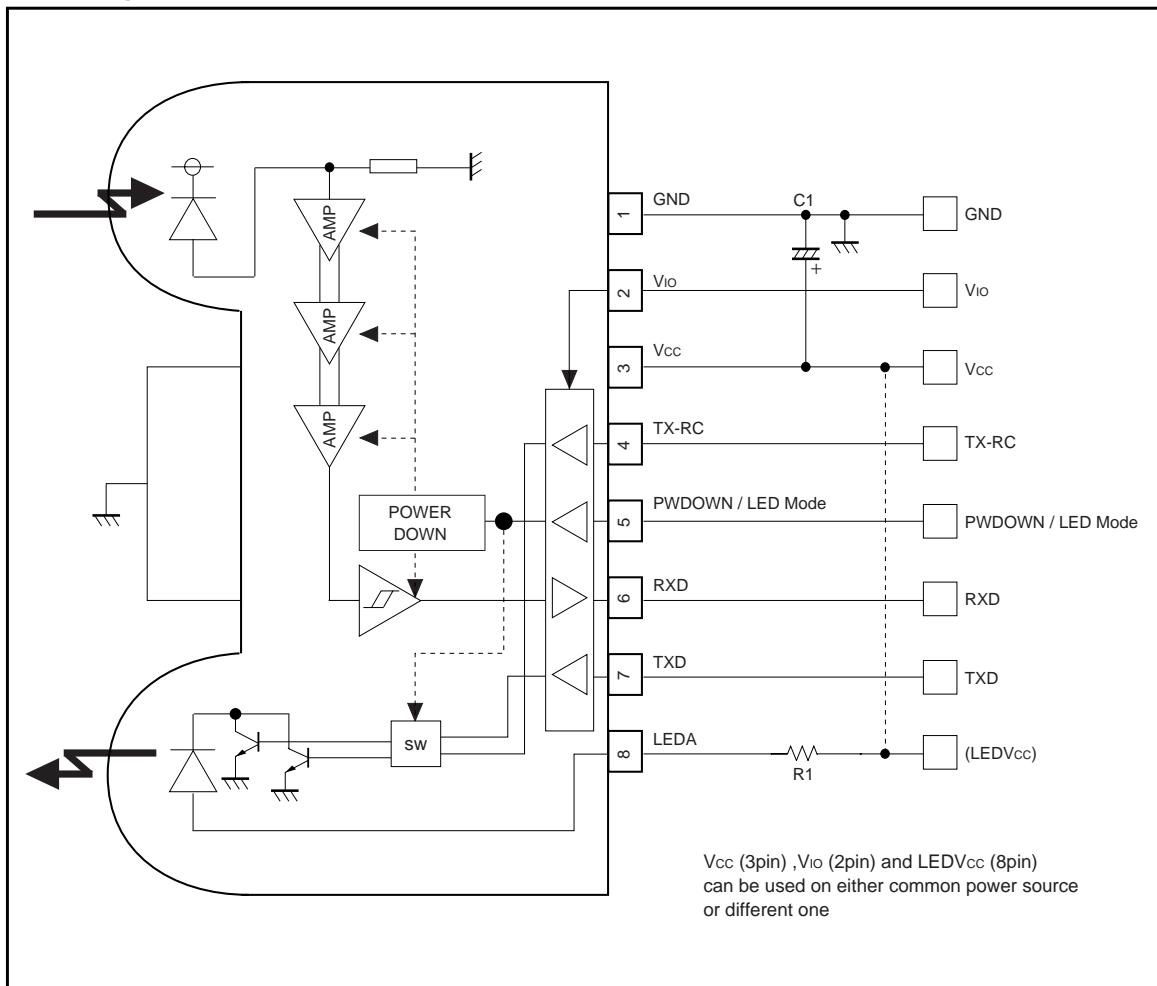


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● Terminal description

Pin No	Terminal	Circuit	Function
1	GND		Ground
2	V _{IO}		Supply voltage for I/O pins. (TX-RC, PWDOWN, RXD, TXD)
3	V _{CC}		Power Supply Terminal For preventing from infection, connect a capacitor between V _{CC} (3pin) and GND (1pin).
4	TX-RC		RC Transmitting Data Input Terminal H : LED Emitting CMOS Logic Level Input Holding TX-RC='H' status, LED will be turn off approximately 48μs.
5	PWDOWN / LED Mode		Power-down Control and LED Intensity switching Terminal H : POWERDOWN (RC transmitting Mode) L : OPERATION CMOS Logic Level Input When input is 'H', it will stop the receiving circuit and Pin-PD current.
6	RXD		Receiving Data Output Terminal CMOS Logic Level Output When PWDOWN (5pin)= 'H', the RXD output will be pulled up to V _{IO} at approximately 300kΩ.
7	TXD		Transmitting Data Input Terminal IrDA TXD input at PWDOWN=L (Remote control transmitting input at PWDOWN=H). H : LED Emitting CMOS Logic Level Input Holding TXD="H" status, LED will be turn off approximately 48μs.
8	LEDA		LED ANODE Terminal Other power source can be used difference between LEDV _{CC} and V _{CC} . LED current depends on LED load resistance value at RC mode.
-	Shield Case		Connect to Ground.

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●Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, $V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 3.0V$, $V_{LEDVCC} = 3.0V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Consumption current1	I_{CC1}	—	80	104	μA	PWDOWN=0V	At no input light
Consumption current2	I_{CC2}	—	0.01	0.2	μA	PWDOWN= V_{IO}	At no input light
Data rate		2.4	—	115.2	kbps		
PWDOWN input high voltage	VPDH	2/3* V_{IO}	—	V_{IO}	V	$V_{IO} = 1.8$ to $3.6V$	
		1.2	—			$V_{IO} = 1.5$ to $1.8V$	
PWDOWN input low voltage	VPDL	0	—	1/3* V_{IO}	V	$V_{IO} = 1.8$ to $3.6V$	
			—	$V_{IO} - 1.2$		$V_{IO} = 1.5$ to $1.8V$	
PWDOWN input high current	IPDH	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	PWDOWN= V_{IO}	
PWDOWN input low current	IPDL	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	PWDOWN=0V	
<Transmitter>							
TXD/TX-RC input high voltage	VTXH	2/3* V_{IO}	—	V_{IO}	V	$V_{IO} = 1.8$ to $3.6V$	
		1.2	—			$V_{IO} = 1.5$ to $1.8V$	
TXD/TX-RC input low voltage	VTXL	0	—	1/3* V_{IO}	V	$V_{IO} = 1.8$ to $3.6V$	
			—	$V_{IO} - 1.2$		$V_{IO} = 1.5$ to $1.8V$	
TXD/TX-RC input high current	ITXH	7.5	15	30	μA	TXD= V_{IO} or TX-RC= V_{IO}	
TXD/TX-RC input low current	ITXL	-1.0	0	1.0	μA	TXD=0V or TX-RC=0V	
LED anode current (IrDA Mode)	ILED A1	28	40	52	mA	TXD= V_{IO} , $R_1 = 4.7\Omega$, PWDOWN=0V	
LED anode current (RC Mode)	ILED A2	150	200	245	mA	TX-RC= V_{IO} , $R_1 = 4.7\Omega$, PWDOWN= V_{IO}	
<Receiver>							
RXD output high voltage	VRXH	$V_{CC} - 0.4$	—	V_{IO}	V	IRXH = $-200\mu A$	
RXD output low voltage	VRXL	0	—	0.4	V	IRXL = $200\mu A$	
RXD output rise Time	tRR	—	35	—	ns	$C_L = 15pF$	
RXD output fall Time	tFR	—	35	—	ns	$C_L = 15pF$	
RXD output pulse width	twRXD	1.5	2.3	4.2	μs	$C_L = 15pF$, 2.4 to 115.2kbps	
Receiver latency time	tRT	—	100	200	μs		

●Optical characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, $V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 3.0V$, $V_{LEDVCC} = 3.0V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Peak wave length1 (IrDA Mode)	λ_{P1}	880	890	892	nm	ILED=50mA, Duty20%	
		850	—	900	nm	ILED=50mA, Duty20%, -20 to 60°C	
Peak wave length2 (RC Mode)	λ_{P2}	880	890	920	nm	ILED=200mA, Duty20%	
Intensity1 (IrDA Mode)	IE1	4	13	28	mW/sr	$-15^\circ \leq \theta_L \leq 15^\circ$ $R_1 = 4.7\Omega$	
Intensity2 (RC Mode)	IE2	30	65	130	mW/sr	$-15^\circ \leq \theta_L \leq 15^\circ$ $R_1 = 4.7\Omega$	
Half-angle	$\theta_{L/2}$	± 15	± 22	—	deg		
Optical pulse width1 (IrDA Mode)	TWLED1	1.42	1.63	2.02	μs	TXD=1.63μs pulse input $R_1 = 4.7\Omega$	
Optical pulse width2 (RC Mode)	TWLED2	9.5	10	10.5	μs	TX-RC=10μs pulse input $R_1 = 4.7\Omega$	
Rise time / Fall time	Tr/Tf	—	60	120	ns	10% to 90%	
Optical over shoot		—	—	25	%		
Edge jitter	Tj	-40	—	40	ns		
Minimum Irradiance in angular	Eemin	—	3.6	6.8	μW/cm ²	$-15^\circ \leq \theta_L \leq +15^\circ$	
Maximum Irradiance in angular	Eemax	500	—	—	mW/cm ²	$-15^\circ \leq \theta_L \leq +15^\circ$	
Input half-angle	$\theta_{D/2}$	± 15	—	—	deg		
Maximum emitting time	TLEDmax	20.5	48	120	μs	TXD=0 → V_{IO} or TX-RC=0 → V_{IO}	

1. This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

2. This product dose not include laser transmitter.

3. This product includes one PIN photo diode.

4. This product dose not include optical load.

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● LED Operation Mode Table

PWDOWN (5pin)	TX-RC (4pin)	TXD (7pin)	LED Emitting Mode	IrDA Receiver Operation Condition
L	L	L	OFF	ON
L	L	□□	IrDA	ON
L	□□	L	RC	ON
H	L	L	OFF	OFF
H	L	□□	RC	OFF
H	□□	L	RC	OFF

Notes) • Please be sure to set up the TX-RC (4pin) and the TXD (7pin) input to be "L" (under 0.3V) except transmitting data (for < 90μs. ON Duty≤50%).

• □□ of TX-RC (4pin) and TXD (7pin) in the table above is supposed to be the pulse input.

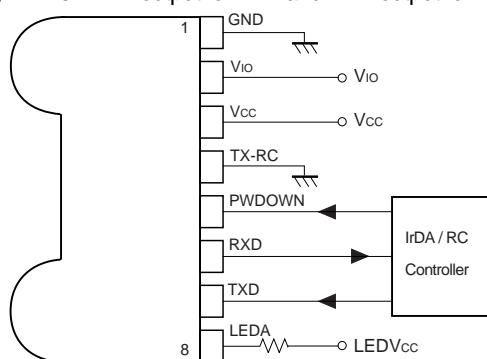
• When either TX-RC (4pin) input TXD (7pin) input keeps the state of "H" (more than approximately 48μs), LED will be turned off due to LED pulse width limiting circuit if the pulse is input from the other terminal. Therefore, don't use as the normal transmitting is impossible.

• Please input the pulse when both TX-RC (4pin) and TXD (7pin) are "L".

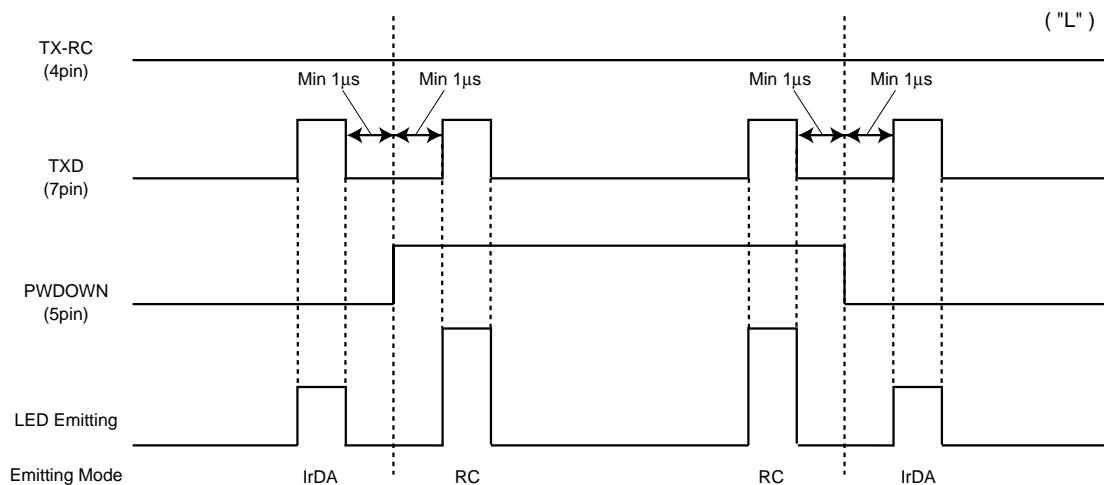
● Interface operating timing

(Emitting side)

(1) When TXD output for IrDA and TXD output for remote controller is 1 line.



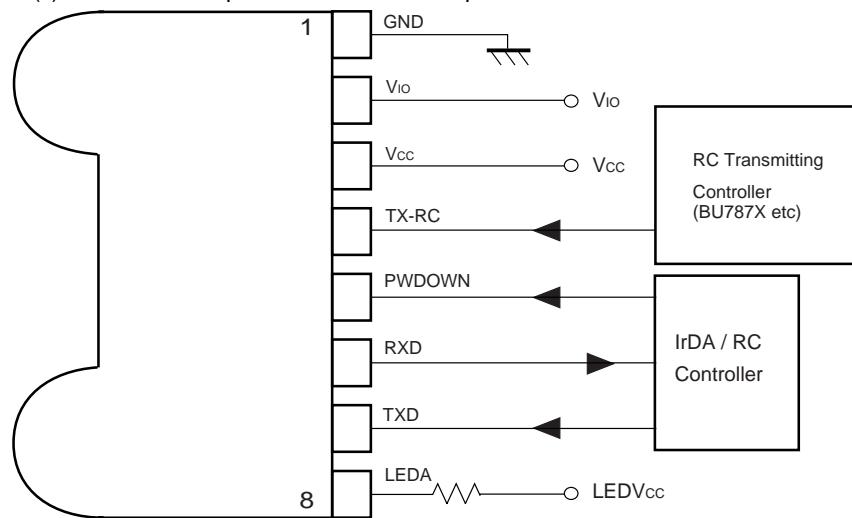
Input		Condition	
PWDOWN	TXD	LED Mode	Receiver circuit
L	L	OFF	ON
L	□□	IrDA	ON
H	L	OFF	OFF
H	□□	RC	OFF



*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48μs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48μs.

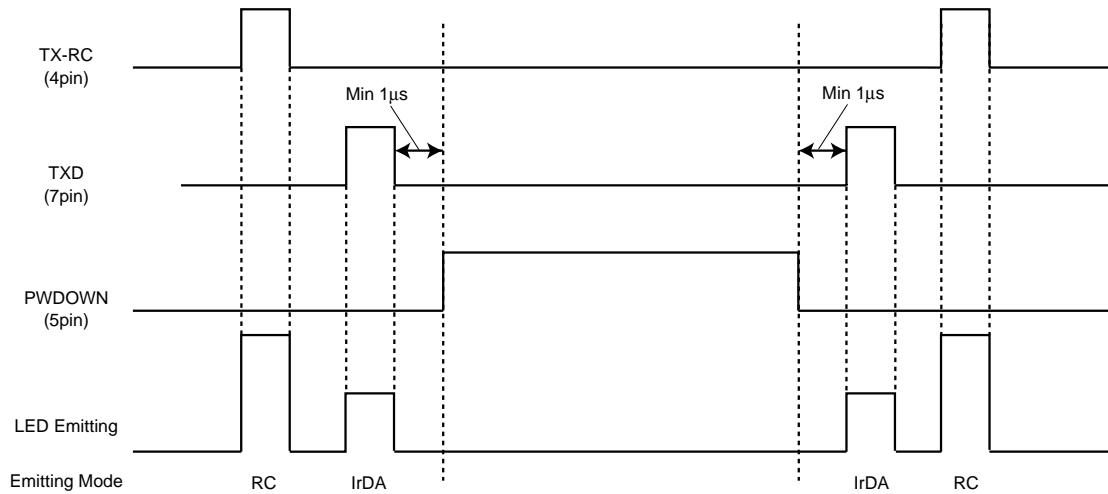
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(2) When TXD output for IrDA and TXD output for controller are different lines.



(2-a) RC transmitting mode at IrDA receiver active condition.

Input			Condition	
PWDOWN	TX-RC	TXD	LED Mode	Recriver circuit
L	L	L	OFF	ON
L	L	□	IrDA	ON
L	□	L	RC	ON
H	L	L	OFF	OFF

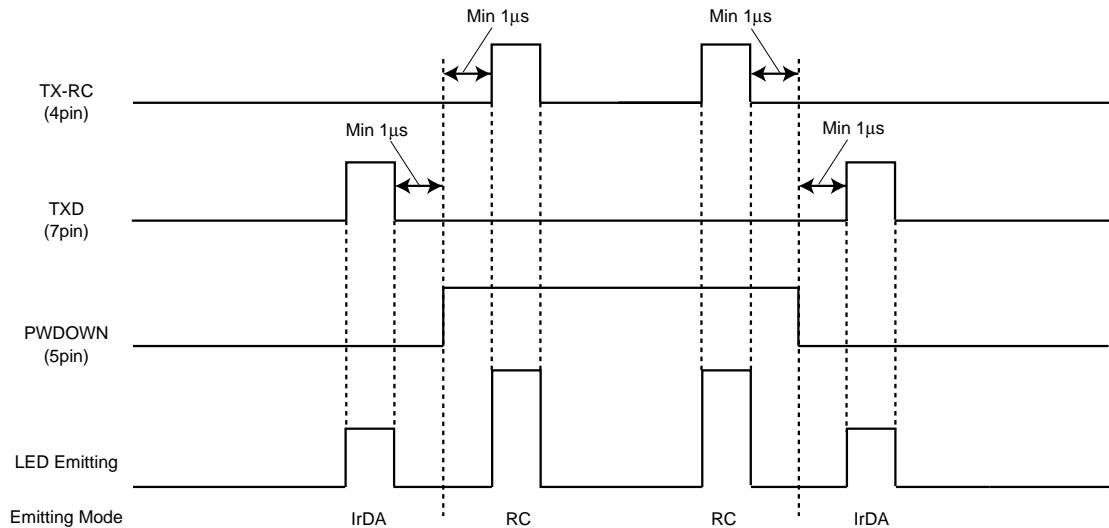


*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48μs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48μs.

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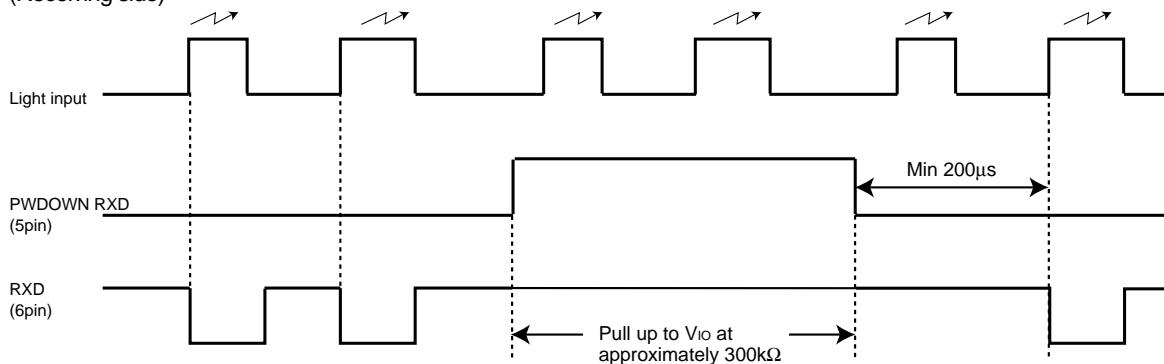
(2-b) RC transmit mode at IrDA receiver power down condition.

Input			Condition	
PWDOWN	TX-RC	TXD	LED Mode	Receiver circuit
L	L	L	OFF	ON
L	L	□L	IrDA	ON
H	□L	L	RC	OFF
H	L	L	OFF	OFF



*If TX-RC or TXD input pulse width is wider than 48μs, output LED emitting pulse will be turn off approximately 48μs.

(Receiving side)



*RXD output width is fixed approximately 2.3μs.

Note RXD output become stable after 200μs since PWDOWN is changed from H to L.
RXD output could be unstable at H to L within 200μs.

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●Attached components

Recommended values

Part symbol	Recommended value	Notice
C1	1μF, tantalum or ceramic Ex.) TCFG1A105M8R (ROHM)	Bigger capacitance is recommended with much noise from power supply
R1	4.7Ω±5%, 1/8W (VLEDVcc=3V)	At LED Emitting Duty=20%

[LED current set-up method for Remote control mode]

In case of using R1 with different condition from the above, formula is as follows :

LED resistance value : R1[Ω], LED average consumption current : ILED[mA], Supply voltage : VLEDVcc[V],

minimum necessary of irradiant intensity le1 [mW / sr]

(Including LED's distribution within ±15deg)

$$R1=166 \times (VLEDVcc-1.28) / le1-5.0$$

$$ILED=Duty \times (VLEDVcc-1.28) / (R1+3.5)$$

Duty : LED duty at emitting

* Please set up to be ILED / Duty < 250[mA] (Duty ≤ 50%)

* At IrDA Mode, LED current is constantly approximately 40mA.

(Reference) In case of using R1, typical intensity (le1typ) and maximum intensity (le1max) on axis are described as below.

$$le1typ=300 \times (VLEDVcc-1.28) / (R1+3.5)$$

$$le1max=600 \times (VLEDVcc-1.28) / (R1+3.5)$$

●Notes

1) LEDVcc (8pin), Vcc (3pin) and Vio (2pin)

- Other power source can be used difference between LEDVcc and Vcc and Vio.
(Vio < Vcc + 0.3V)

2) Caution in designing board lay-out

To get maximum potential from RPM882-H12, please keep in mind following instruction.

- The line of RXD (6pin) should be connected at backside via through hole close to RPM882-H12 pin lead. Better not to be close to photo diode side (1pin).
⇒ This is to minimize feedback supplied to photo diode from RXD.
- As for C1 between 1-3 pin should be placed close to RPM882-H12.
- Better to be placed more than 1.0cm in radius from photo diode (pin1 side) and also away from the parts which generates noise, such as DC/DC converter.

3) Notes

- Please be sure to set up the TX-RC (4pin) and the TXD (7pin) input to be "L" (under 0.3V) except transmitting data (for < 90μs, ON duty ≤ 50%).
- Power down current might increase if exposed by strong light (ex. direct sunlight) at powerdown mode.
- Please use by the signal format at IrDA operating mode which is specified by IrDA Ver1.2 (2.4k to 115.2kbps). There might be an error if used by different signal format.
- Please pay attention to the lens carefully.
Dusts of scratch on the lens may effect the characteristics of product. Please handle it with care.

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4) Eye safe

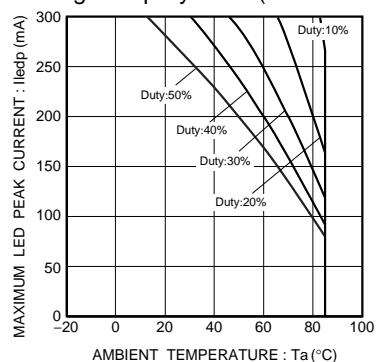
- IEC60825-1 (IEC60825-1 amendment2), Class 1 Eye Safe.

5) LED current derating and ambient temperature

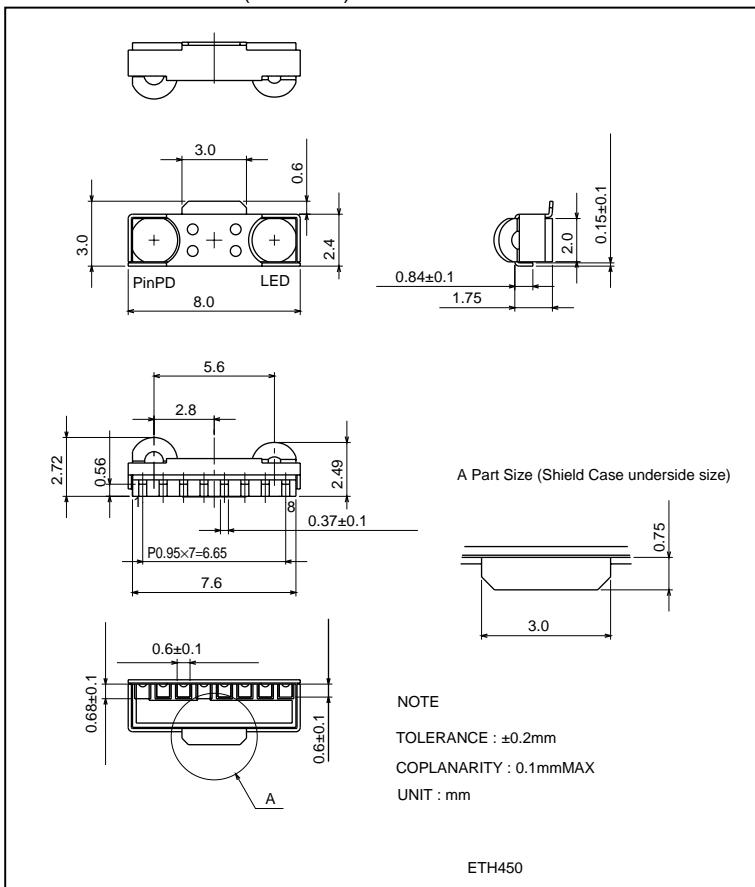
The relation between LED peak current and maximum ambient temperature is shown below.

We recommend you to use within the range as indicated in below.

When glass-epoxy board (70×70×1.6mm) mounted.



● **External dimensions** (Unit : mm)



Appendix

Notes

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