

# MAXIM

## Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

MAX9157

### General Description

The MAX9157 is a quad bus LVDS (BLVDS) transceiver for heavily loaded, half-duplex multipoint buses. Small 32-pin QFN and TQFP packages and flow-through pinouts allow the transceiver to be placed near the connector for the shortest possible stub length. The MAX9157 drives LVDS levels into a  $27\Omega$  load (double terminated, heavily loaded LVDS bus) at up to 200Mbps. An input fail-safe circuit ensures the receiver output is high when the differential inputs are open, or undriven and shorted, or undriven and terminated. The MAX9157 differential inputs feature 52mV hysteresis for greater immunity to bus noise and reflections. The MAX9157 operates from a single 3.3V supply, consuming 80.9mA supply current with drivers enabled, and 22.7mA with drivers disabled.

The MAX9157's high-impedance I/Os (except for receiver outputs) when  $V_{CC} = 0$  or open, combined with glitch-free power-up and power-down, allow hot swapping of cards in multicard bus systems; 7.2pF (max) BLVDS I/O capacitances minimize bus loading.

The MAX9157 is offered in 5mm  $\times$  5mm 32-pin QFN and TQFP packages. The MAX9157 is fully specified for the  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  extended temperature range. Refer to the MAX9129 data sheet for a quad BLVDS driver, ideal for dual multipoint full-duplex buses.

### Applications

|                          |                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Add/Drop Muxes           | Cellular Phone Base Stations |
| Digital Cross-Connects   | DSLAMs                       |
| Network Switches/Routers | Multipoint Buses             |

### Features

- ◆ 32-TQFP and Space-Saving 32-QFN Packages
- ◆ 52mV LVDS Input Hysteresis
- ◆ 1ns (min) Transition Time (0% to 100%) Minimizes Reflections
- ◆ Guaranteed 7.2pF (max) Bus Load Capacitance
- ◆ Glitch-Free Power-Up and Power-Down
- ◆ Hot-Swappable, High-Impedance I/O with  $V_{CC} = 0$  or Open
- ◆ Guaranteed 200Mbps Driver Data Rate
- ◆ Fail-Safe Circuit
- ◆ Flow-Through Pinout

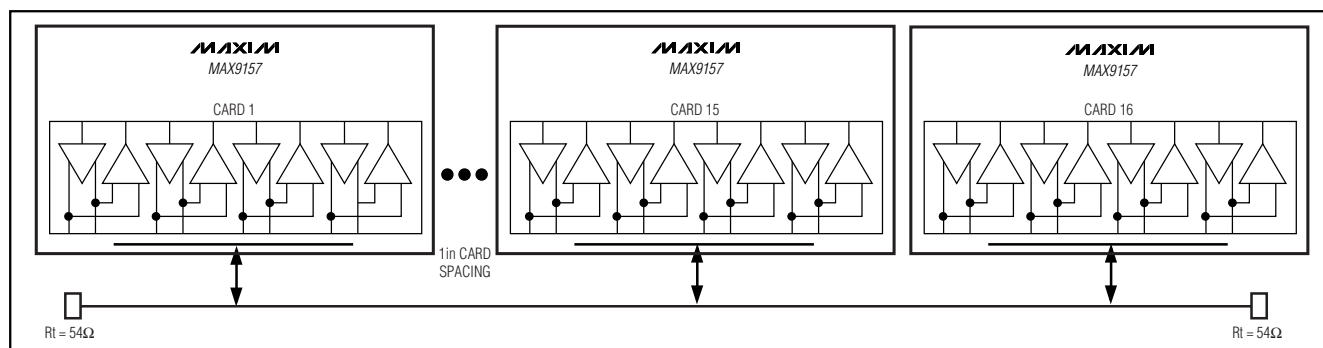
### Ordering Information

| PART       | TEMP RANGE                                     | PIN-PACKAGE                |
|------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| MAX9157EGJ | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 32 QFN (5mm $\times$ 5mm)  |
| MAX9157EHJ | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 32 TQFP (5mm $\times$ 5mm) |

*Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.*

*Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.*

### Typical Operating Circuit


**MAXIM**

Maxim Integrated Products 1

**For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at [www.maxim-ic.com](http://www.maxim-ic.com).**

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V<sub>CC</sub>, AV<sub>CC</sub> to GND .....-0.3V to +4.0V  
 DO<sub>+</sub>/RIN<sub>+</sub>, DO<sub>-</sub>/RIN<sub>-</sub>, to GND .....-0.3V to +4.0V  
 DIN<sub>-</sub>, DE<sub>-</sub>, RE<sub>-</sub> to GND .....-0.3V to +4.0V  
 RO<sub>-</sub> to GND .....-0.3V to (V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)  
 AGND to GND .....-0.3V to +0.3V  
 Short-Circuit Duration (DO<sub>+</sub>/RIN<sub>+</sub>, DO<sub>-</sub>/RIN<sub>-</sub>) ....Continuous  
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T<sub>A</sub> = +70°C)  
 MAX9157EGJ (derate 21.2mW/°C above +70°C) .....1702mW

MAX9157EHJ (derate 11.1mW/°C above +70°C) .....889mW  
 Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +150°C  
 Maximum Junction Temperature .....+150°C  
 Operating Temperature Range .....-40°C to +85°C  
 ESD Protection  
 Human Body Model (DO<sub>+</sub>/RIN<sub>+</sub>, DO<sub>-</sub>/RIN<sub>-</sub>) .....±4kV  
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V, R<sub>L</sub> = 27Ω ±1%, differential input voltage |V<sub>ID</sub>| = 0.1V to V<sub>CC</sub>, input common-mode voltage V<sub>CM</sub> = 0.05V to 2.4V, input voltage range = 0 to V<sub>CC</sub>, DE<sub>-</sub> = high, RE<sub>-</sub> = low, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, |V<sub>ID</sub>| = 0.2V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 1.2V, and T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Notes 1 and 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                     | SYMBOL                                | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                   | MIN   | TYP   | MAX   | UNITS |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| <b>BLVDS (DO<sub>+</sub>/RIN<sub>+</sub>, DO<sub>-</sub>/RIN<sub>-</sub>)</b> |                                       |                                                                                                                                              |       |       |       |       |
| Differential Input High Threshold                                             | V <sub>TH</sub>                       | DE <sub>-</sub> = low                                                                                                                        |       | 26    | 100   | mV    |
| Differential Input Low Threshold                                              | V <sub>TL</sub>                       | DE <sub>-</sub> = low                                                                                                                        | -100  | -26   |       | mV    |
| Threshold Hysteresis (Note 3)                                                 | V <sub>HYST</sub>                     | DE <sub>-</sub> = low                                                                                                                        | 12    | 26    | 43    | mV    |
|                                                                               |                                       | Full operating range                                                                                                                         | 9     | 26    | 78    |       |
| Input Current                                                                 | I <sub>IN+</sub> , I <sub>IN-</sub>   | 0.1V ≤  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 0.6V, DE <sub>-</sub> = low                                                                                      | -15   | ±1.8  | 15    | μA    |
|                                                                               |                                       | 0.6V <  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 1.2V, DE <sub>-</sub> = low                                                                                      | -20   | ±2.5  | 20    | μA    |
| Input Resistance                                                              | R <sub>IN1</sub>                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, 0 or open, Figure 1                                                                                                  | 53    |       |       | kΩ    |
|                                                                               | R <sub>IN2</sub>                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, 0 or open, Figure 1                                                                                                  | 148   |       |       | kΩ    |
| Power-Off Input Current                                                       | I <sub>INO+</sub> , I <sub>INO-</sub> | 0.1V ≤  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 0.6V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 or open                                                                                | -15   | ±0.9  | 15    | μA    |
|                                                                               |                                       | 0.6V <  V <sub>ID</sub>   ≤ 1.2V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 or open                                                                                | -20   | ±1.8  | 20    | μA    |
| Differential Output Voltage                                                   | V <sub>OD</sub>                       | Figure 2                                                                                                                                     | 250   | 405   | 460   | mV    |
| Change in Magnitude of V <sub>OD</sub> for Complementary Output States        | ΔV <sub>OD</sub>                      | Figure 2                                                                                                                                     |       | 1     | 25    | mV    |
| Offset Voltage                                                                | V <sub>OS</sub>                       | Figure 2                                                                                                                                     | 1.185 | 1.302 | 1.435 | V     |
| Change in Magnitude of V <sub>OS</sub> for Complementary Output States        | ΔV <sub>OS</sub>                      | Figure 2                                                                                                                                     |       | 3.3   | 25    | mV    |
| Output High Voltage                                                           | V <sub>OH</sub>                       | Figure 2                                                                                                                                     |       | 1.505 | 1.6   | V     |
| Output Low Voltage                                                            | V <sub>OL</sub>                       | Figure 2                                                                                                                                     | 0.9   | 1.099 |       | V     |
| Output Short-Circuit Current                                                  | I <sub>OS</sub>                       | DIN <sub>-</sub> = high, DO <sub>+</sub> /RIN <sub>+</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , DO <sub>-</sub> /RIN <sub>-</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> | -30   | -14.8 | 30    | mA    |
|                                                                               |                                       | DIN <sub>-</sub> = low, DO <sub>-</sub> /RIN <sub>-</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , DO <sub>+</sub> /RIN <sub>+</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub>  | -30   | -14.8 | 30    |       |

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

MAX9157

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $R_L = 27\Omega \pm 1\%$ , differential input voltage  $|V_{ID}| = 0.1V$  to  $V_{CC}$ , input common-mode voltage  $V_{CM} = 0.05V$  to  $2.4V$ , input voltage range =  $0$  to  $V_{CC}$ ,  $DE_- = \text{high}$ ,  $\overline{RE}_- = \text{low}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ , and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Notes 1 and 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                        | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS                                                                   | MIN                                                               | TYP            | MAX              | UNITS   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| Differential Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 3)                               | $I_{OSD}$    | $DIN_- = \text{high or low}$ , $V_{OD} = 0$                                  |                                                                   | 14.8           | 30               | mA      |
| Capacitance at Bus Pins (Note 3)                                                 | $C_{OUTPUT}$ | Capacitance from $DO_+/RIN_+$ or $DO_-/RIN_-$ to GND, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ or $0$ |                                                                   |                | 7.2              | pF      |
| <b>LVC MOS/LVTTL OUTPUTS (<math>RO_-</math>)</b>                                 |              |                                                                              |                                                                   |                |                  |         |
| Output High Voltage                                                              | $V_{OH}$     | $I_{OH} = -4.0mA$ , $DE_- = \text{low}$                                      | Open, undriven short, or undriven $27\Omega$ parallel termination | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | $V_{CC} - 0.172$ | V       |
|                                                                                  |              |                                                                              | $V_{ID} = 100mV$                                                  | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | $V_{CC} - 0.172$ |         |
| Output Low Voltage                                                               | $V_{OL}$     | $I_{OL} = 4.0mA$ , $V_{ID} = -100mV$ , $DE_- = \text{low}$                   |                                                                   | 0.179          | 0.25             | V       |
| Dynamic Output Current                                                           | $I_{OD}$     | $V_{ID} = 100mV$ , $V_{RO_-} = V_{CC} - 1.0V$ , $DE_- = \text{low}$          | -15                                                               | -22.7          |                  | mA      |
|                                                                                  |              | $V_{ID} = -100mV$ , $V_{RO_-} = 1.0V$ , $DE_- = \text{low}$                  | 12                                                                | 19.9           |                  | mA      |
| Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 4)                                            | $I_{OS}$     | $V_{ID} = 100mV$ , $V_{RO_-} = 0$ , $DE_- = \text{low}$                      |                                                                   | -52            | -130             | mA      |
| Output High-Impedance Current                                                    | $I_{OZ}$     | $RE_- = \text{high}$ , $V_{RO} = 0$ or $V_{CC}$                              | -10                                                               | 0.1            | +10              | $\mu A$ |
| Capacitance at Receiver Output (Note 3)                                          | $C_{OUTPUT}$ | Capacitance from $RO_-$ to GND, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ or $0$                       |                                                                   |                | 4.5              | pF      |
| <b>LVC MOS/LVTTL INPUTS (<math>DIN</math>, <math>DE</math>, <math>RE</math>)</b> |              |                                                                              |                                                                   |                |                  |         |
| Input High Voltage                                                               | $V_{IH}$     |                                                                              | 2.0                                                               | 1.825          | $V_{CC}$         | V       |
| Input Low Voltage                                                                | $V_{IL}$     |                                                                              | GND                                                               | 1.315          | 0.8              | V       |
| Input Current                                                                    | $I_{IN}$     | $V_{DE_-}$ , $V_{RE_-}$ , $V_{DIN_-} = \text{high or low}$                   | -20                                                               | $\pm 9.2$      | 20               | $\mu A$ |
| Power-Off Input Current                                                          | $I_{INO}$    | $V_{DE_-}$ , $V_{RE_-}$ , $V_{DIN_-} = 3.6V$ or $0$ , $V_{CC} = 0$ or open   | -20                                                               | $\pm 2.4$      | 20               | $\mu A$ |
| <b>SUPPLY</b>                                                                    |              |                                                                              |                                                                   |                |                  |         |
| Supply Current Drivers and Receivers Enabled                                     | $I_{CC}$     | $DE_- = \text{high}$ , $RE_- = \text{low}$ , $R_L = 27\Omega$                |                                                                   | 80.9           | 95               | mA      |
| Supply Current Drivers Enabled and Receivers Disabled                            | $I_{CCD}$    | $DE_- = \text{high}$ , $RE_- = \text{high}$ , $R_L = 27\Omega$               |                                                                   | 80.9           | 95               | mA      |
| Supply Current Drivers Disabled and Receivers Enabled                            | $I_{CCR}$    | $DE_- = \text{low}$ , $RE_- = \text{low}$                                    |                                                                   | 22.7           | 30               | mA      |
| Supply Current Drivers Disabled and Receivers Disabled                           | $I_{CCZ}$    | $DE_- = \text{low}$ , $RE_- = \text{high}$                                   |                                                                   | 22.7           | 30               | mA      |

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $R_L = 27\Omega \pm 1\%$ , differential input voltage  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$  to  $V_{CC}$ , input frequency to LVDS inputs = 85MHz, input frequency to LVCMOS/LVTTL inputs = 100MHz, LVCMOS/LVTTL inputs = 0 to 3V with 2ns (10% to 90%) transition times. Differential input voltage transition time = 1ns (20% to 80%). Input common-mode voltage  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$  to  $1.8V$ ,  $DE_-$  = high,  $RE_-$  = low,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ , and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Notes 3 and 5)

| PARAMETER                                    | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS                          |            | MIN  | TYP  | MAX | UNITS |
|----------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|------------|------|------|-----|-------|
| DRIVER                                       |        |                                     |            |      |      |     |       |
| Differential Propagation Delay High to Low   | tPHLD  | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 | MAX9157EGJ | 1.2  | 1.96 | 2.5 | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 1.1  | 1.87 | 2.4 |       |
| Differential Propagation Delay Low to High   | tPLHD  | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 | MAX9157EGJ | 1.2  | 1.94 | 2.5 | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 1.1  | 1.84 | 2.4 |       |
| Differential Skew I tPHLD - tPLHD I (Note 6) | tSKD1  | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 |            | 33   |      | 160 | ps    |
| Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 7)             | tCCSK  | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 |            | 58   |      | 300 | ps    |
| Chip-to-Chip Skew (Note 8)                   | tSKD2  | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 |            | 0.38 |      | 0.8 | ns    |
| Chip-to-Chip Skew (Note 9)                   | TSKD3  | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 |            |      |      | 1.3 | ns    |
| Rise Time                                    | tTLH   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 | MAX9157EGJ | 0.6  | 1.13 | 1.4 | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 0.6  | 1.07 | 1.4 |       |
| Fall Time                                    | tTHL   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 3, 4 | MAX9157EGJ | 0.6  | 1.16 | 1.4 | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 0.6  | 1.11 | 1.4 |       |
| Disable Time High to Z                       | tPHZ   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 5, 6 | MAX9157EGJ | 6.79 |      | 8   | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 6.79 |      | 8   |       |
| Disable Time Low to Z                        | tPLZ   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 5, 6 | MAX9157EGJ | 3.16 |      | 8   | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 3.48 |      | 8   |       |
| Enable Time Z to High                        | tPZH   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 5, 6 | MAX9157EGJ | 4.67 |      | 7   | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 4.71 |      | 7   |       |
| Enable Time Z to Low                         | tPZL   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 5, 6 | MAX9157EGJ | 4.36 |      | 7   | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 4.39 |      | 7   |       |
| Maximum Operating Frequency (Note 10)        | fMAX   | RE_ = high, CL = 10pF, Figures 5, 6 |            | 100  |      |     | MHz   |
| RECEIVER                                     |        |                                     |            |      |      |     |       |
| Differential Propagation Delay High to Low   | tPHLD  | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  | MAX9157EGJ | 1.8  | 2.58 | 4.1 | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 1.8  | 2.61 | 4.1 |       |
| Differential Propagation Delay Low to High   | tPLHD  | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  | MAX9157EGJ | 1.8  | 2.49 | 4.1 | ns    |
|                                              |        |                                     | MAX9157EHJ | 1.8  | 2.52 | 4.1 |       |
| Differential Skew I tPHLD - tPLHD I (Note 6) | tSKD1  | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  |            | 90   |      | 450 | ps    |
| Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 7)             | tCCSK  | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  |            | 131  |      | 580 | ps    |
| Chip-to-Chip Skew (Note 8)                   | tSKD2  | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  |            | 0.7  |      | 1.7 | ns    |
| Chip-to-Chip Skew (Note 9)                   | tSKD3  | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  |            | 0.7  |      | 1.7 | ns    |
| Rise Time                                    | tTLH   | DE_ = low, Figures 7, 8; CL = 15pF  |            | 0.5  | 1.1  | 1.6 | ns    |

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

MAX9157

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$  to  $3.6V$ ,  $R_L = 27\Omega \pm 1\%$ , differential input voltage  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$  to  $V_{CC}$ , input frequency to LVDS inputs =  $85MHz$ , input frequency to LVCMOS/LVTTL inputs =  $100MHz$ , LVCMOS/LVTTL inputs =  $0$  to  $3V$  with  $2ns$  (10% to 90%) transition times. Differential input voltage transition time =  $1ns$  (20% to 80%). Input common-mode voltage  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$  to  $1.8V$ ,  $DE_-$  = high,  $RE_-$  = low,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 0.2V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ , and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .) (Notes 3 and 5)

| PARAMETER                             | SYMBOL    | CONDITIONS                                                     | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|
| Fall Time                             | $t_{THL}$ | $DE_-$ = low, Figures 7, 8; $C_L = 15pF$                       | 0.7 | 1.2  | 1.8 | ns    |
| Disable Time High to Z                | $t_{PHZ}$ | $DE_-$ = low, $R_L = 500\Omega$ , $C_L = 15pF$ , Figures 9, 10 |     | 6.74 | 8   | ns    |
|                                       |           |                                                                |     | 6.82 | 8   |       |
| Disable Time Low to Z                 | $t_{PLZ}$ | $DE_-$ = low, $R_L = 500\Omega$ , $C_L = 15pF$ , Figures 9, 10 |     | 6.49 | 8   | ns    |
|                                       |           |                                                                |     | 6.79 | 8   |       |
| Enable Time Z to High                 | $t_{PZH}$ | $DE_-$ = low, $R_L = 500\Omega$ , $C_L = 15pF$ , Figures 9, 10 |     | 4.67 | 7   | ns    |
|                                       |           |                                                                |     | 4.57 | 7   |       |
| Enable Time Z to Low                  | $t_{PZL}$ | $DE_-$ = low, $R_L = 500\Omega$ , $C_L = 15pF$ , Figures 9, 10 |     | 5.43 | 7   | ns    |
|                                       |           |                                                                |     | 4.71 | 7   |       |
| Maximum Operating Frequency (Note 10) | $f_{MAX}$ | $DE_-$ = low, $C_L = 15pF$                                     | 85  |      |     | MHz   |

**Note 1:** Current into a pin is defined as positive. Current out of a pin is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except  $V_{TH}$ ,  $V_{TL}$ ,  $V_{ID}$ ,  $V_{HYST}$ ,  $V_{OD}$ , and  $\Delta V_{OD}$ .

**Note 2:** Maximum and minimum limits over temperature are guaranteed by design and characterization. Devices are production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .

**Note 3:** Guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 4:** Short only one output at a time. Do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature specification.

**Note 5:**  $C_L$  includes scope probe and test jig capacitance.

**Note 6:**  $t_{SKD1}$  is the magnitude difference of differential propagation delays in a channel.  $t_{SKD1} = |t_{PHLD} - t_{PLHD}|$ .

**Note 7:**  $t_{CCSK}$  is the magnitude difference of the  $t_{PLHD}$  or  $t_{PHLD}$  of one channel and the  $t_{PLHD}$  or  $t_{PHLD}$  of any other channel on the same part.

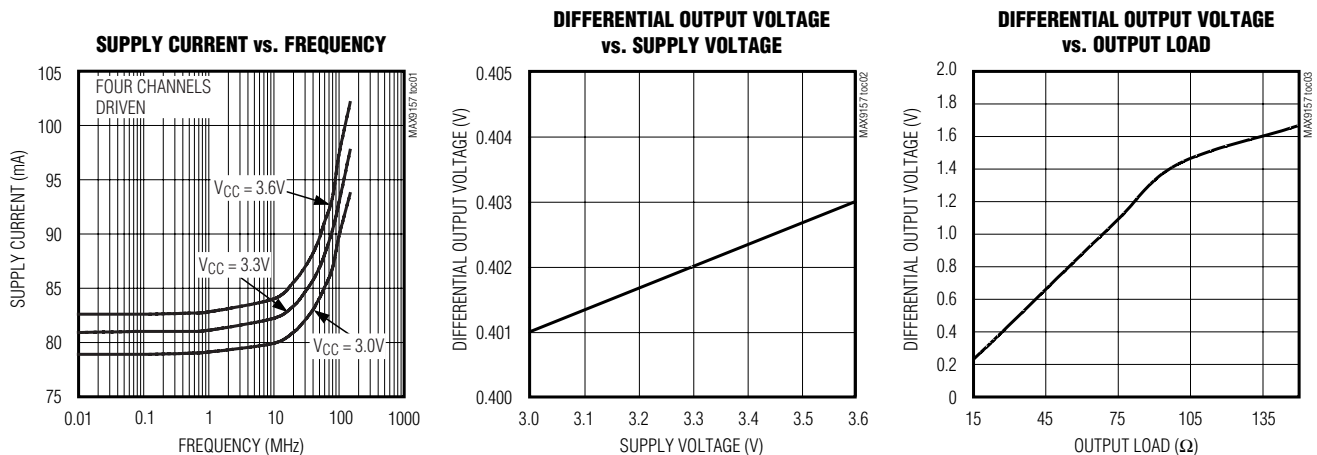
**Note 8:**  $t_{SKD2}$  is the magnitude difference of any differential propagation delays between parts operating over rated conditions at the same  $V_{CC}$  and within  $5^\circ C$  of each other.

**Note 9:**  $t_{SKD3}$  is the magnitude difference of any differential propagation delays between parts operating over rated conditions.

**Note 10:** Meets data sheet specifications while operating at minimum  $f_{MAX}$  rating.

## Typical Operating Characteristics

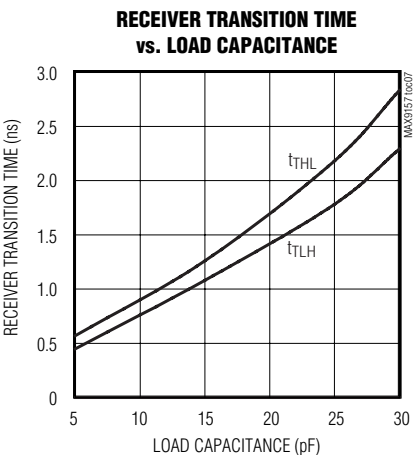
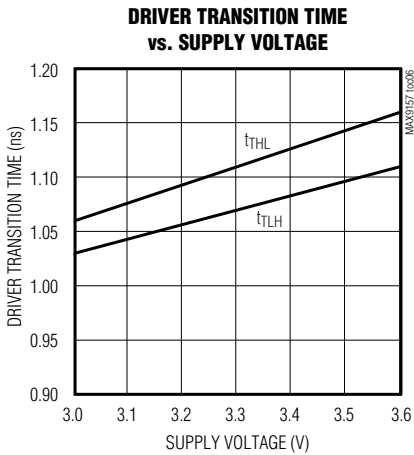
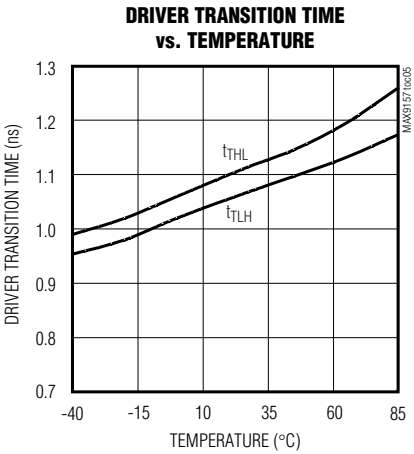
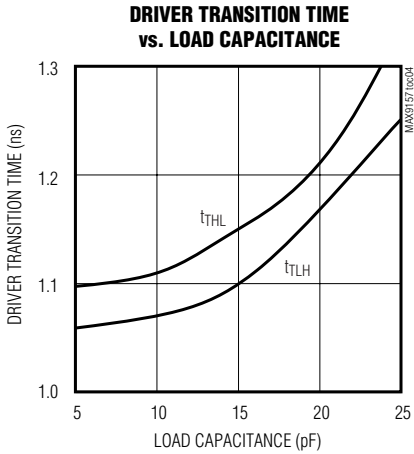
( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $R_L = 27\Omega$ , driver  $C_L = 10pF$ , receiver  $C_L = 15pF$ ,  $|V_{ID}| = 200mV$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ ,  $f_{IN} = 20MHz$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $R_L = 27\Omega$ , driver  $C_L = 10pF$ , receiver  $C_L = 15pF$ ,  $I_{VID} = 200mA$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$ ,  $f_{IN} = 20MHz$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

MAX9157

## Pin Description

| PIN              | NAME                     | FUNCTION                                                                                           |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1, 2, 22, 23, 24 | N.C.                     | No Connection. Not internally connected.                                                           |
| 3                | VCC                      | Digital Power Supply                                                                               |
| 4, 21            | GND                      | Digital Ground                                                                                     |
| 5                | $\overline{\text{RE34}}$ | Receiver Channels 3 and 4 Enable (Enable Low). Drive RE34 low to enable receiver channels 3 and 4. |
| 6                | DE34                     | Driver Channels 3 and 4 Enable (Enable High). Drive DE34 high to enable driver channels 3 and 4.   |
| 7, 17            | AGND                     | Analog Ground                                                                                      |
| 8, 19            | AVCC                     | Analog Power Supply                                                                                |
| 9                | DO4-/RIN4-               | Channel 4 Inverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                             |
| 10               | DO4+/RIN4+               | Channel 4 Noninverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                          |
| 11               | DO3-/RIN3-               | Channel 3 Inverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                             |
| 12               | DO3+/RIN3+               | Channel 3 Noninverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                          |
| 13               | DO2-/RIN2-               | Channel 2 Inverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                             |
| 14               | DO2+/RIN2+               | Channel 2 Noninverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                          |
| 15               | DO1-/RIN1-               | Channel 1 Inverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                             |
| 16               | DO1+/RIN1+               | Channel 1 Noninverting BLVDS Input/Output                                                          |
| 18               | DE12                     | Driver Channels 1 and 2 Enable (Enable High). Drive DE12 high to enable driver channels 1 and 2.   |
| 20               | $\overline{\text{RE12}}$ | Receiver Channels 1 and 2 Enable (Enable Low). Drive RE12 low to enable receiver channels 1 and 2. |
| 25               | DIN1                     | Driver Channel 1 Input                                                                             |
| 26               | RO1                      | Receiver Channel 1 Output                                                                          |
| 27               | DIN2                     | Driver Channel 2 Input                                                                             |
| 28               | RO2                      | Receiver Channel 2 Output                                                                          |
| 29               | DIN3                     | Driver Channel 3 Input                                                                             |
| 30               | RO3                      | Receiver Channel 3 Output                                                                          |
| 31               | DIN4                     | Driver Channel 4 Input                                                                             |
| 32               | RO4                      | Receiver Channel 4 Output                                                                          |
| EP*              | EXPOSED PAD              | Exposed Pad. Solder exposed pad to GND.                                                            |

\*MAX9157EGJ only.

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## Detailed Description

The MAX9157 is a four-channel, 200Mbps, 3.3V BLVDS transceiver in 32-lead TQFP and QFN packages, ideal for driving heavily loaded multipoint buses, typically 16 to 20 cards plugged into a backplane. The MAX9157 receivers accept a differential input and have a fail-safe input circuit. The devices detect differential signals as low as 100mV and as high as V<sub>CC</sub>.

The MAX9157 driver outputs use a current-steering configuration to generate a 9.25mA to 17mA output current. This current-steering approach induces less ground bounce and no shoot-through current, enhancing noise margin and system speed performance. The outputs are short-circuit current limited.

The MAX9157 current-steering output requires a resistive load to terminate the signal and complete the transmission loop. Because the devices switch the direction of current flow and not voltage levels, the output voltage swing is determined by the value of the termination resistor multiplied by the output current. With a typical 15mA output current, the MAX9157 produces a 405mV output voltage when driving a bus terminated with two 54Ω resistors (15mA × 27Ω = 405mV). Logic states are determined by the direction of current flow through the termination resistor.

## Fail-Safe Receiver Inputs

The fail-safe feature of the MAX9157 sets the output high when the differential input is:

- Open
- Undriven and shorted
- Undriven and terminated

Without a fail-safe circuit, when the input is undriven, noise at the input may switch the outputs and it may appear to the system that data is being sent. Open or undriven terminated input conditions can occur when a cable is disconnected or cut, or when driver output is in high impedance. A shorted input can occur because of a cable failure.

When the input is driven with a differential signal with a common-mode voltage of 0.05V to 2.4V, the fail-safe circuit is not activated. If the input is open, undriven and shorted, or undriven and parallel terminated, an internal resistor in the fail-safe circuit pulls both inputs above V<sub>CC</sub> - 0.3V, activating the fail-safe circuit and forcing the outputs high (Figure 1).

## Effect of Capacitive Loading

The characteristic impedance of a differential PC board trace is uniformly reduced when equal capacitive loads are attached at equal intervals (provided the transition time of the signal being driven on the trace is longer than the delay between loads). This kind of loading is typical of multipoint buses where cards are attached at 1in or 0.8in intervals along the length of a backplane.

The reduction in characteristic impedance is approximated by the following formula:

$$Z_{\text{DIFF-loaded}} = Z_{\text{DIFF-unloaded}} \times \sqrt{\frac{C_o}{C_o + N \times C_L / L}}$$

where:

$Z_{\text{DIFF-unloaded}}$  = unloaded differential characteristic impedance

$C_o$  = unloaded trace capacitance (pF/unit length)

$C_L$  = value of each capacitive load (pF)

$N$  = number of capacitive loads

$L$  = trace length

For example, if  $C_o = 2.5\text{pF/in}$ ,  $C_L = 10\text{pF}$ ,  $N = 18$ ,  $L = 18\text{in}$ , and  $Z_{\text{DIFF-unloaded}} = 120\Omega$ , the loaded differential impedance is:

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{\text{DIFF-loaded}} &= 120\Omega \times \\ &\sqrt{2.5\text{pF} / (2.5\text{pF} + 18 \times 10\text{pF} / 18\text{in})} \\ Z_{\text{DIFF-loaded}} &= 54\Omega \end{aligned}$$

In this example, capacitive loading reduces the characteristic impedance from 120Ω to 54Ω. The load seen by

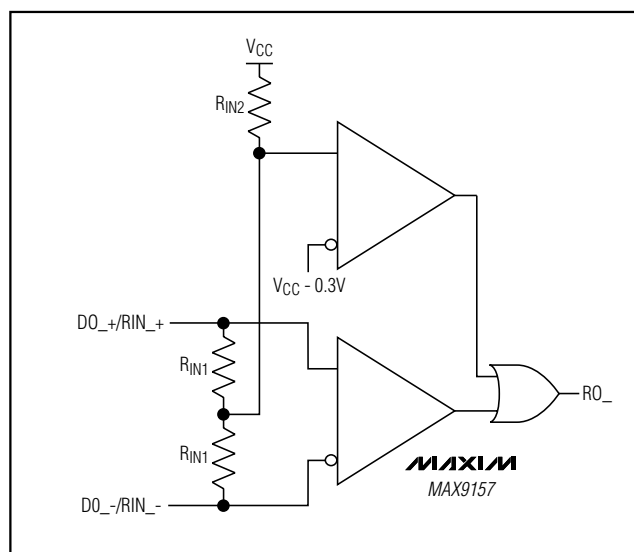


Figure 1. Internal Fail-Safe Circuit



# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

a driver located on a card in the middle of the bus is  $27\Omega$  because the driver sees two  $54\Omega$  loads in parallel. A typical LVDS driver (rated for a  $100\Omega$  load) would not develop a large enough differential signal to be reliably detected by an LVDS receiver. The MAX9157 BLVDS drivers are designed and specified to drive a  $27\Omega$  load to differential voltage levels of 250mV to 460mV. A standard LVDS receiver is able to detect this level of differential signal. Short extensions off the bus, called stubs, contribute to capacitive loading. Keep stubs less than 1in for a good balance between ease of component placement and good signal integrity.

The MAX9157 driver outputs are current-source drivers and drive larger differential signal levels into loads lighter than  $27\Omega$  and smaller levels into loads heavier than  $27\Omega$  (see *Typical Operating Characteristics* curves). To keep loading from reducing bus impedance below the rated  $27\Omega$  load, PC board traces can be designed for higher unloaded characteristic impedance.

## Effect of Transition Times

For transition times (measured from 0% to 100%) shorter than the delay between capacitive loads, the loads are seen as low-impedance discontinuities from which the driven signal is reflected. Reflections add and subtract from the signal being driven and cause decreased noise margin and jitter. The MAX9157 output drivers are designed for a minimum transition time of 1ns (rated 0.6ns from 20% to 80%, or about 1ns from 0% to 100%) to reduce reflections while being fast enough for high-speed backplane data transmission.

## Power-On Reset

The power-on reset voltage of the MAX9157 is typically 2.25V. When the supply falls below this voltage, the devices are disabled and the receiver inputs/driver outputs are in high impedance. The power-on reset ensures glitch-free power-up and power-down, allowing hot swapping of cards in a multcard bus system without disrupting communications.

## Receiver Input Hysteresis

The MAX9157 receiver inputs feature 52mV hysteresis to increase noise immunity for low-differential input signals.

## Operating Modes

The MAX9157 features driver/receiver enable inputs that select the bus I/O function (Table 1). Tables 2 and 3 show the driver and receiver truth tables.

## Input Internal Pullup/Pulldown Resistors

The MAX9157 includes pullup or pulldown resistors ( $300k\Omega$ ) to ensure that unconnected inputs are defined (Table 4).

## Applications Information

### Supply Bypassing

Bypass each supply pin with high-frequency surface-mount ceramic 0.1 $\mu$ F and 1nF capacitors in parallel as close to the device as possible, with the smaller value capacitor closest to the device.

### Termination

In the example given in the *Effect of Capacitive Loading* section, the loaded differential impedance of a bus is reduced to  $54\Omega$ . Since the bus can be driven from any card position, the bus must be terminated at each end. A parallel termination of  $54\Omega$  at each end of the bus placed across the traces that make up the differential pair provides a proper termination. The total load seen by the driver is  $27\Omega$ . The MAX9157 drives higher differential signal levels into lighter loads. (See Differential Output Voltage vs. Output Load graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* section). A multidrop bus with the driver at one end and receivers connected at regular intervals along the bus has a lowered impedance due to capacitive loading. Assuming a  $54\Omega$  impedance, the multidrop bus can be terminated with a single, parallel-connected  $54\Omega$  resistor at the far end from the driver. Only a single resistor is required because the driver sees one  $54\Omega$  differential trace. The signal swing is larger with a  $54\Omega$  load. In general, parallel terminate each end of the bus with a resistor

Table 1. I/O Enable Functional Table

| MODE SELECTED       | DE <sub>‾</sub> | RE <sub>‾</sub> |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Driver Mode         | H               | H               |
| Receiver Mode       | L               | L               |
| High-Impedance Mode | L               | H               |
| Loopback Mode       | H               | L               |

Table 2. Driver Mode

| INPUTS          |                  | OUTPUTS                                |                                        |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| DE <sub>‾</sub> | DIN <sub>‾</sub> | DO <sub>‾</sub> + / RIN <sub>‾</sub> + | DO <sub>‾</sub> - / RIN <sub>‾</sub> - |
| H               | L                | L                                      | H                                      |
| H               | H                | H                                      | L                                      |
| L               | X                | Z                                      | Z                                      |

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

**Table 3. Receiver Mode**

| INPUTS            |                                                                                                                                             | OUTPUTS |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| $\overline{RE}_-$ | $V_{ID} = (V_{DO_+}/R_{IN_+}) - (V_{DO_-}/R_{IN_-})$                                                                                        | $RO_-$  |
| L                 | $V_{ID} < -100mV$                                                                                                                           | L       |
| L                 | $V_{ID} > 100mV$                                                                                                                            | H       |
| L                 | Fail-safe operation guaranteed when $DO_+/R_{IN_+}$ and $DO_-/R_{IN_-}$ are open, undriven and shorted, or undriven and parallel terminated | H       |
| H                 | X                                                                                                                                           | Z       |

**Table 4. Input Internal Pullup/Pulldown Resistors**

| PIN               | INTERNAL RESISTOR  |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| DE12              | Pulldown to GND    |
| DE34              | Pulldown to GND    |
| $\overline{RE}12$ | Pullup to $V_{CC}$ |
| $\overline{RE}34$ | Pullup to $V_{CC}$ |
| $DIN_-$           | Pullup to $V_{CC}$ |

matching the differential impedance of the bus (taking into account any reduced impedance due to loading).

## Traces, Cables, and Connectors

The characteristics of input and output connections affect the performance of the MAX9157. Use controlled-impedance traces, cables, and connectors with matched characteristic impedance.

Ensure that noise couples as common mode by running the traces of a differential pair close together. Reduce within-pair skew by matching the electrical length of the traces of a differential pair. Excessive skew can result in a degradation of magnetic field cancellation. Maintain the distance between traces of a differential pair to avoid discontinuities in differential impedance. Minimize the number of vias to further prevent impedance discontinuities.

Avoid the use of unbalanced cables, such as ribbon cable. Balanced cables, such as twisted pair, offer superior signal quality and tend to generate less EMI due to canceling effects. Balanced cables tend to pick up noise as common mode, which is rejected by the receiver.

## Board Layout

A four-layer PC board that provides separate power, ground, input, and output signals is recommended. Keep the LVTTTL/LVCMOS and BLVDS signals separated to prevent coupling.

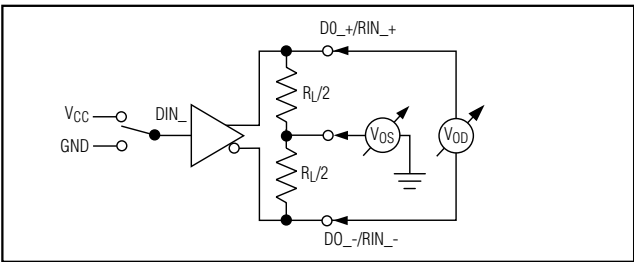


Figure 2. Driver  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OS}$  Test Circuit

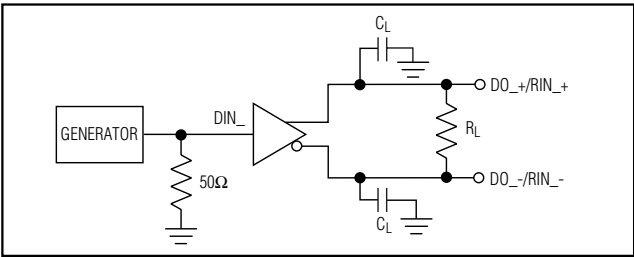


Figure 3. Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

**MAX9157**

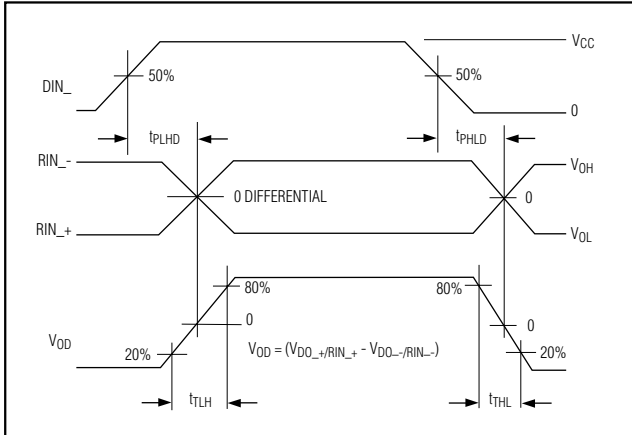


Figure 4. Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveforms

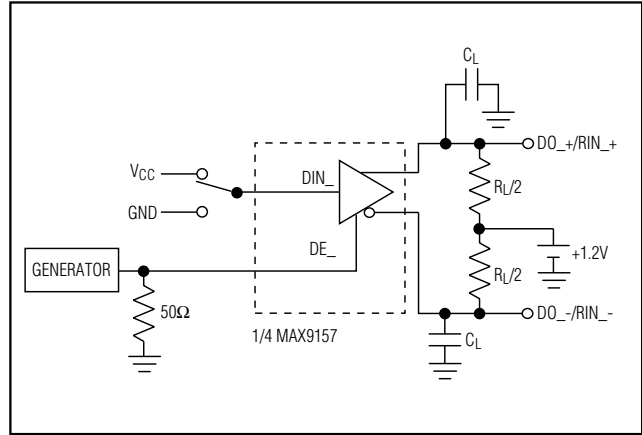


Figure 5. Driver High-Impedance Delay Test Circuit

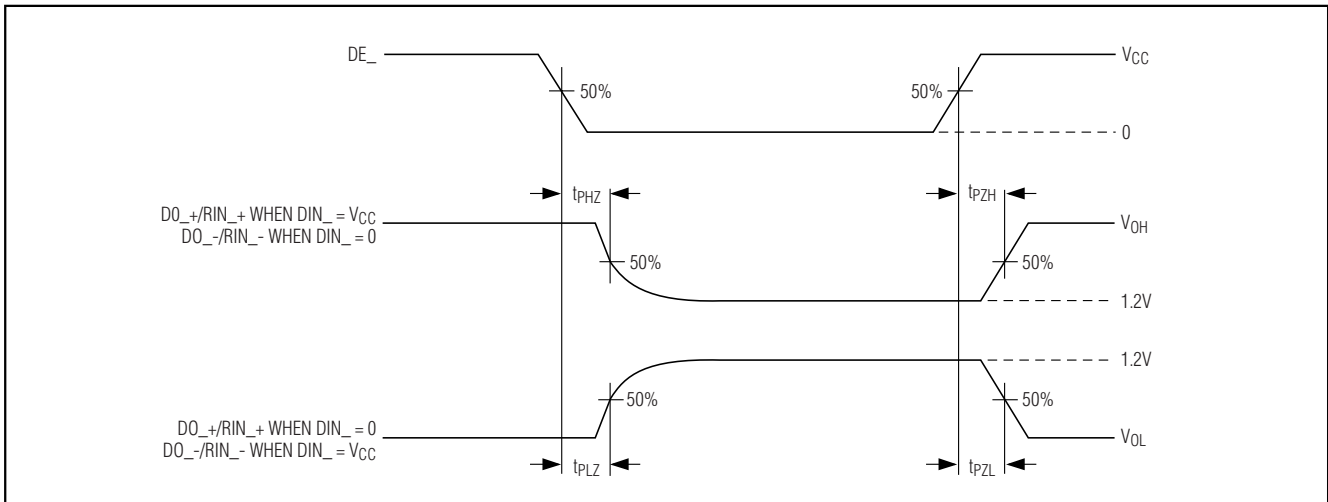


Figure 6. Driver High-Impedance Delay Waveform

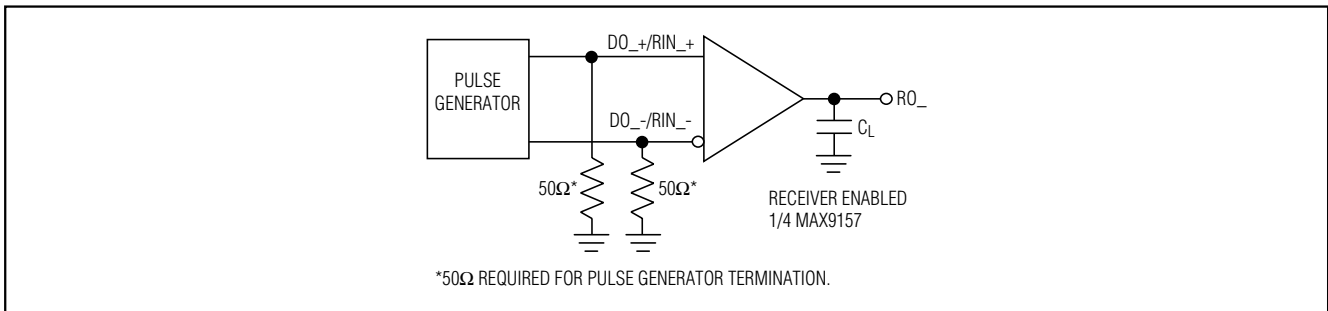


Figure 7. Receiver Transition Time and Propagation Delay Test Circuit

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

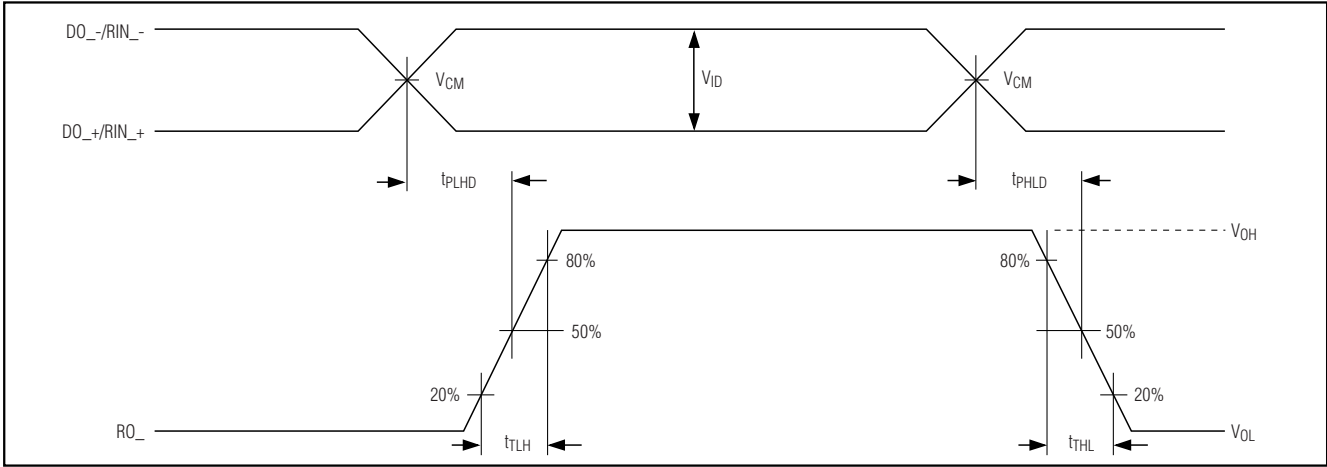


Figure 8. Receiver Transition Time and Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

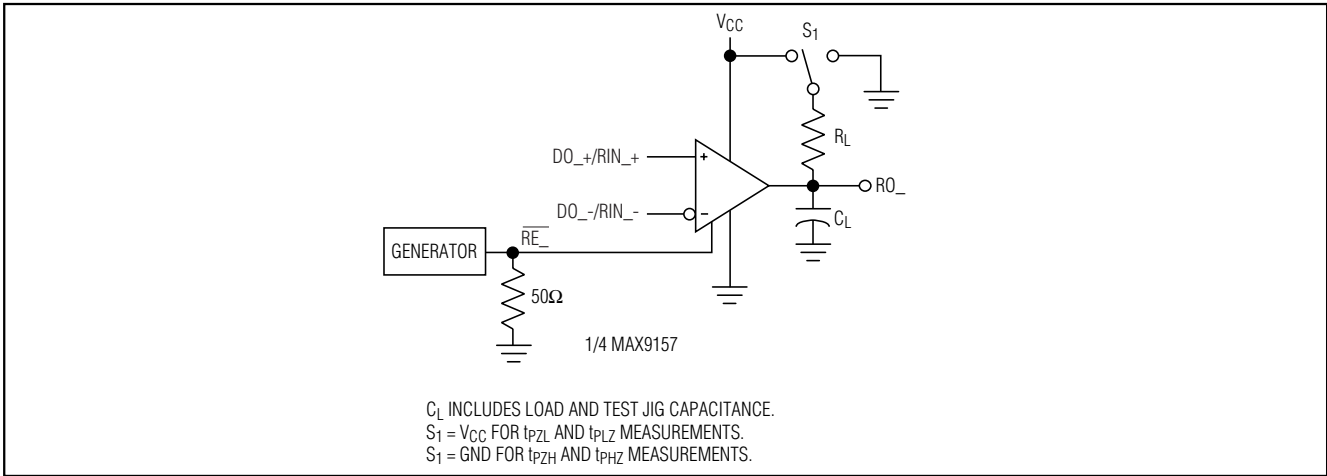


Figure 9. Receiver High-Impedance Delay Test Circuit

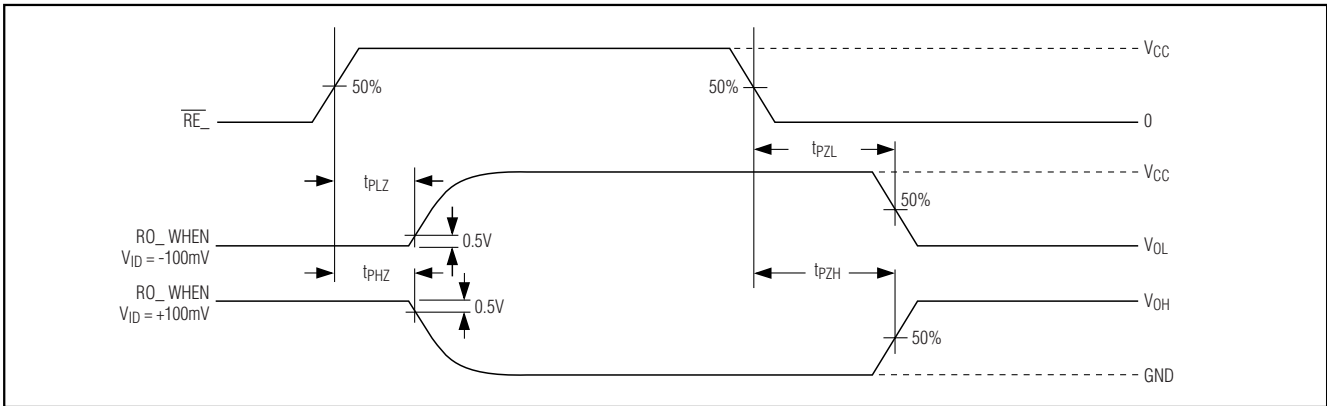
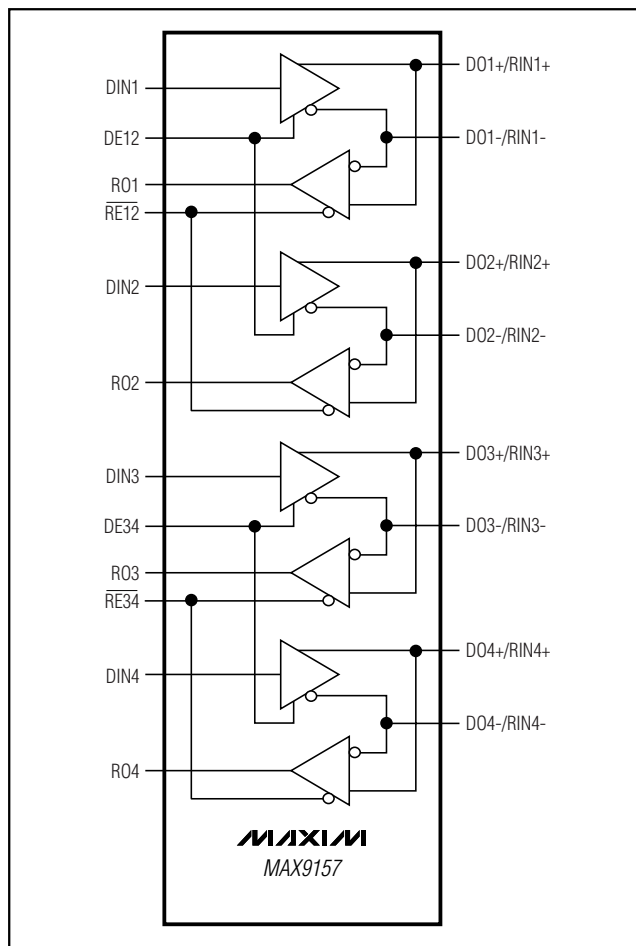


Figure 10. Receiver High-Impedance Waveforms

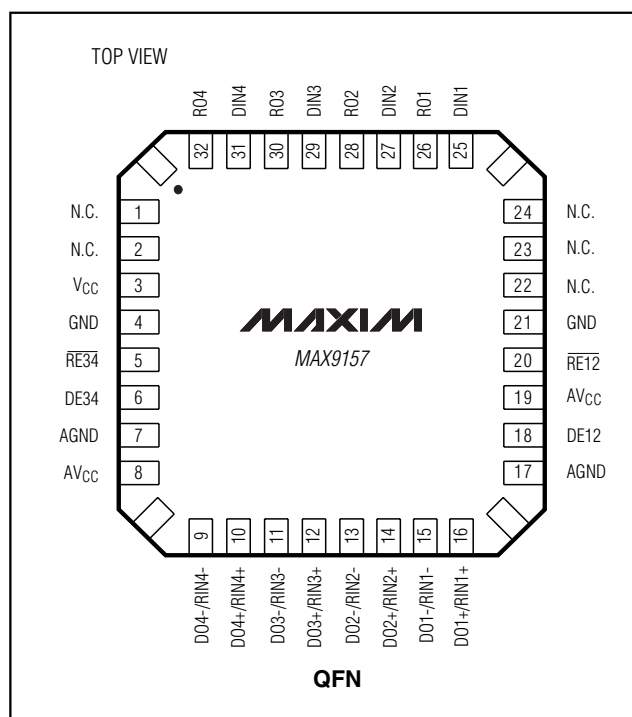
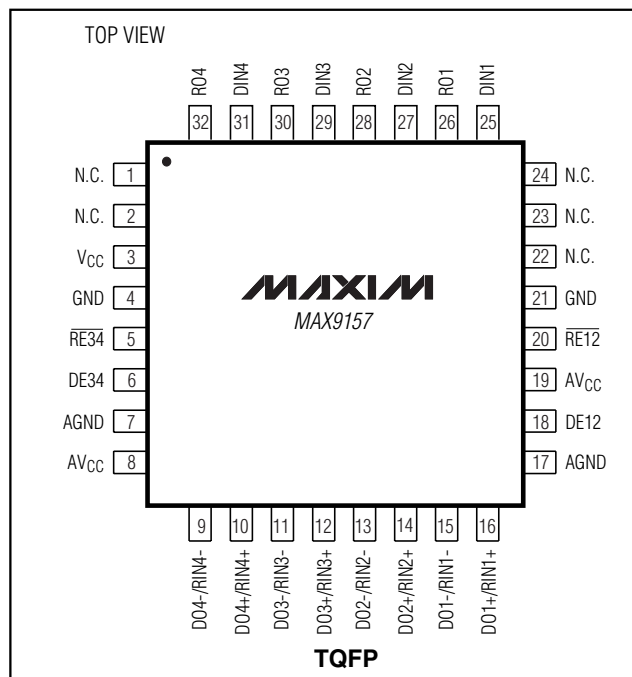
# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

**MAX9157**

## Functional Diagram



## Pin Configurations



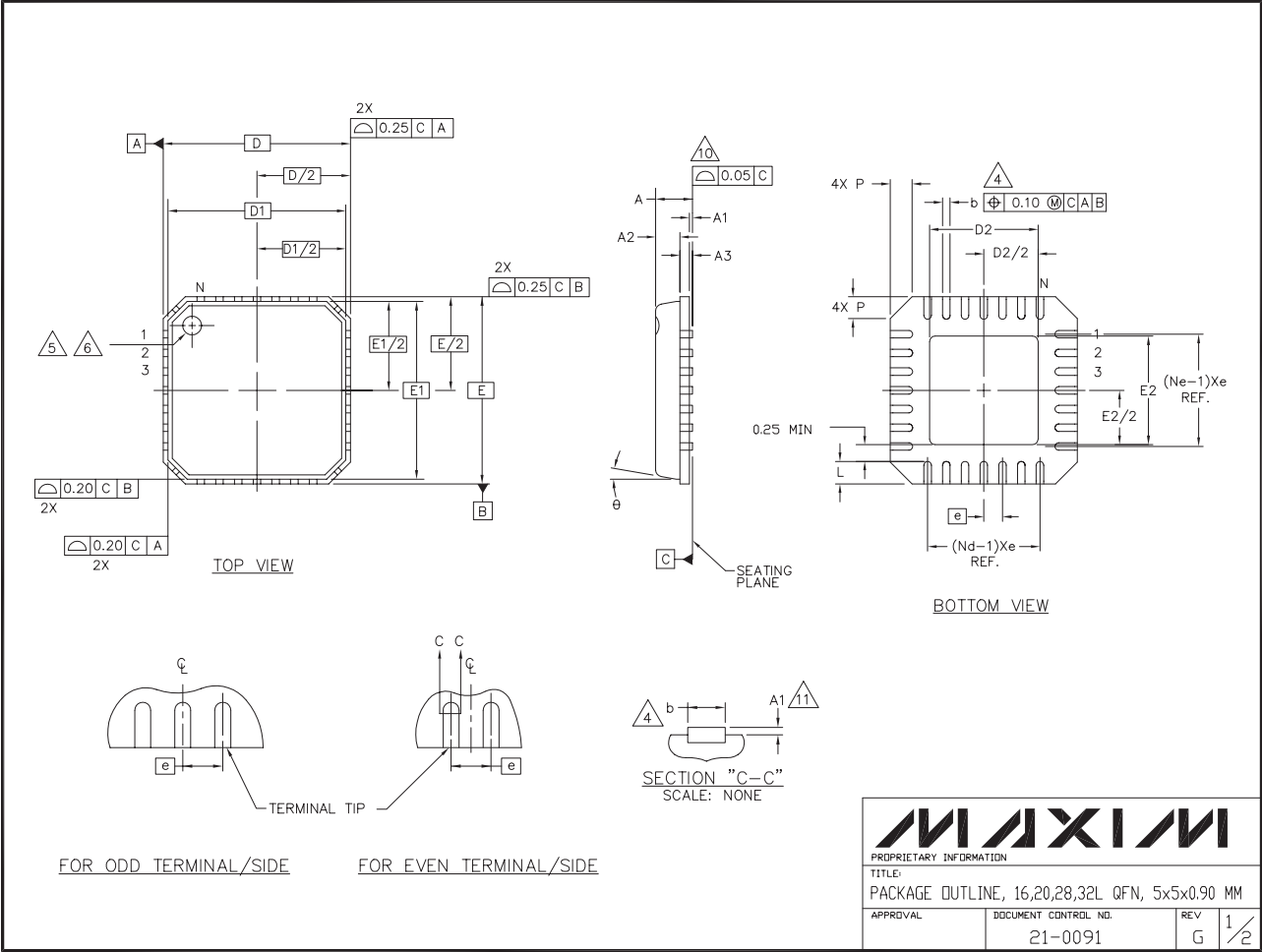
## Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1826

PROCESS: CMOS

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## Package Information



# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## Package Information (continued)

MAX9157

### NOTES:

1. DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS 0.305mm MAXIMUM (.012 INCHES MAXIMUM)
2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M. - 1994.
3. N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.  
Nd IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X-DIRECTION &  
Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN Y-DIRECTION.
4. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 AND 0.25mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
5. THE PIN #1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE EXISTED ON THE TOP SURFACE OF THE PACKAGE BY USING INDENTATION MARK OR INK/ LASER MARKED.
6. EXACT SHAPE AND SIZE OF THIS FEATURE IS OPTIONAL.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
8. PACKAGE WARPAGE MAX 0.05mm.
9. APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS.  
EXCLUDE EMBEDDED PART OF EXPOSED PAD FROM MEASURING.
10. MEETS JEDEC MO220.
11. THIS PACKAGE OUTLINE APPLIES TO ANVIL SINGULATION (STEPPED SIDES) AND TO SAW SINGULATION (STRAIGHT SIDES) QFN STYLES.

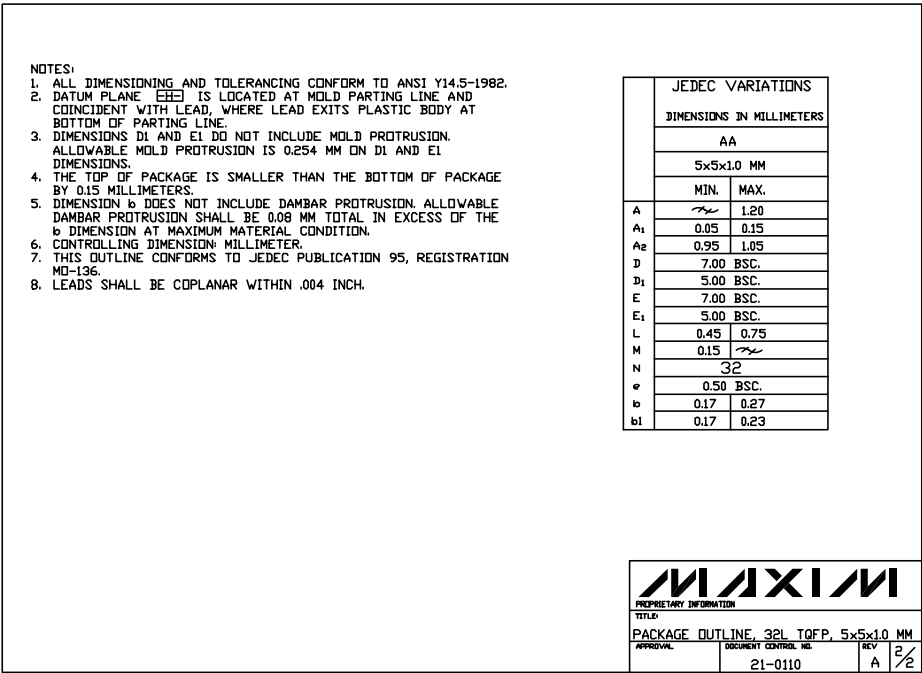
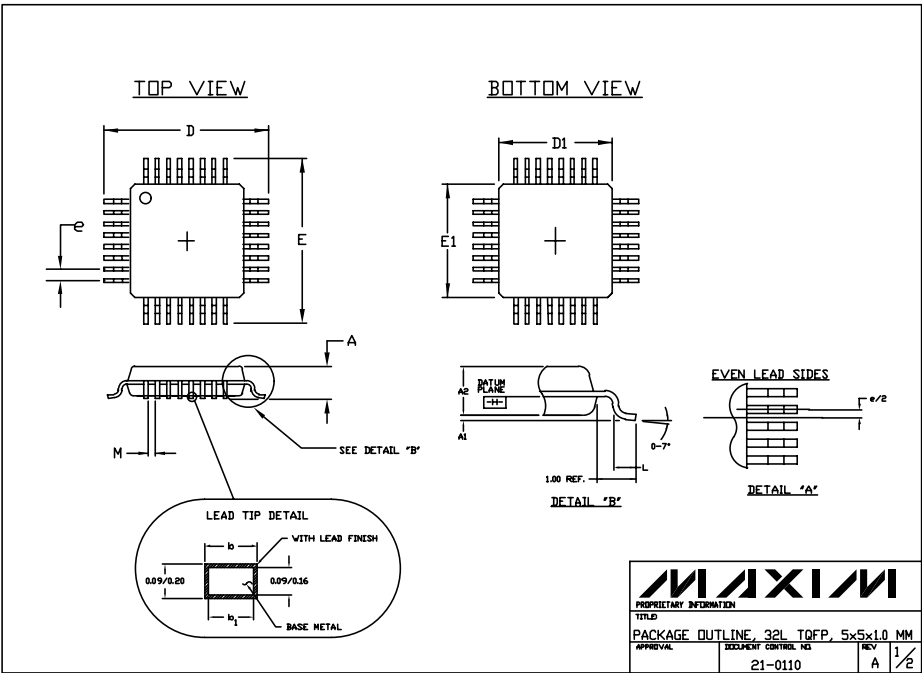
| SYMBOL | COMMON DIMENSIONS |      |      | No. of T.E |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|------------|
|        | MIN.              | NOM. | MAX. |            |
| A      | 0.80              | 0.90 | 1.00 |            |
| A1     | 0.00              | 0.01 | 0.05 |            |
| A2     | 0.00              | 0.65 | 1.00 |            |
| A3     | 0.20 REF.         |      |      |            |
| D      | 5.00 BSC          |      |      |            |
| D1     | 4.75 BSC          |      |      |            |
| E      | 5.00 BSC          |      |      |            |
| E1     | 4.75 BSC          |      |      |            |
| θ      | 0°                | —    | 12°  |            |
| P      | 0                 |      | 0.60 |            |
| D2     | 1.25              | —    | 3.25 |            |
| E2     | 1.25              | —    | 3.25 |            |

| SYMBOL | PITCH VARIATION B |      |      | No. of T.E | SYMBOL | PITCH VARIATION B |      |      | No. of T.E | SYMBOL | PITCH VARIATION C |      |      | No. of T.E | SYMBOL | PITCH VARIATION D |      |      | No. of T.E |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|------------|--------|-------------------|------|------|------------|--------|-------------------|------|------|------------|--------|-------------------|------|------|------------|
|        | MIN.              | NOM. | MAX. |            |        | MIN.              | NOM. | MAX. |            |        | MIN.              | NOM. | MAX. |            |        | MIN.              | NOM. | MAX. |            |
| Ⓜ      | 0.80 BSC          |      |      |            | Ⓜ      | 0.65 BSC          |      |      |            | Ⓜ      | 0.50 BSC          |      |      |            | Ⓜ      | 0.50 BSC          |      |      |            |
| N      | 16                |      |      | 3          | N      | 20                |      |      | 3          | N      | 28                |      |      | 3          | N      | 32                |      |      | 3          |
| Nd     | 4                 |      |      | 3          | Nd     | 5                 |      |      | 3          | Nd     | 7                 |      |      | 3          | Nd     | 8                 |      |      | 3          |
| Ne     | 4                 |      |      | 3          | Ne     | 5                 |      |      | 3          | Ne     | 7                 |      |      | 3          | Ne     | 8                 |      |      | 3          |
| L      | 0.35              | 0.55 | 0.75 |            | L      | 0.35              | 0.55 | 0.75 |            | L      | 0.35              | 0.55 | 0.75 |            | L      | 0.30              | 0.40 | 0.50 |            |
| b      | 0.28              | 0.33 | 0.40 | 4          | b      | 0.23              | 0.28 | 0.35 | 4          | b      | 0.18              | 0.23 | 0.30 | 4          | b      | 0.18              | 0.23 | 0.30 | 4          |

|                                                                                       |                                 |          |     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-----|
|  |                                 |          |     |
| PROPRIETARY INFORMATION                                                               |                                 |          |     |
| TITLE:<br>PACKAGE OUTLINE, 16,20,28,32L QFN, 5x5x0.90 MM                              |                                 |          |     |
| APPROVAL                                                                              | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.<br>21-0091 | REV<br>G | 2/2 |

# Quad Bus LVDS Transceiver

## Package Information (continued)



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600 16