# **GaAs IC GSM Power Amplifier**



AP112-79

#### **Features**

- +3.5 V Operation
- Output Power up to 35 dBm
- Efficiency Typically 55%
- Outstanding Efficiency vs. Supply Voltage
- High Power SSOP-16 Package with Slug
- Wide Power Control Range (50 dB)

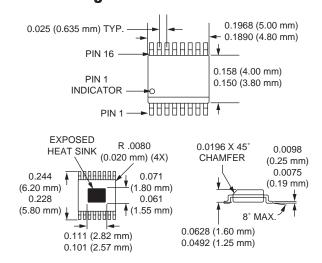
#### **Description**

The AP112-79 is a low cost IC power amplifier designed for the 880–915 MHz frequency band. It features 3 cell battery operation and high efficiency. The AP112-79 has external matching for improved performance and flexibility.

#### **Output Matching Circuit**

The output match for the AP112-79 is provided externally in order to improve performance, reduce cost, and add flexibility. By making use of ceramic surface mount components with better Qs than GaAs matching elements, a lower loss matching network can be made. This lower loss results in higher power and efficiency for the amplifier. Also, by keeping these elements external the GaAs die size is reduced and the overall cost is less. This approach also permits the flexibility to tweak the amplifier for optimum performance at different powers, and/or frequencies.

### SSOP-16 Slug



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Quantity	Value		
Amplifier Supply Voltage (V <sub>DS</sub> )	10 V		
nput RF Power (P <sub>IN</sub> ) 15 dBm			
Duty Cycle	50%		
Operating Temperature (T <sub>OP</sub> ) -40 to +85°C			
torage Temperature (T <sub>ST</sub> ) -65 to +150°C			

### **Electrical Specifications at 25°C**

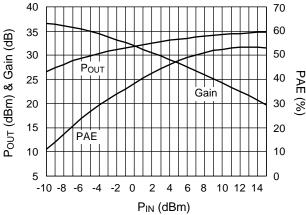
Quantity	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Power	P <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>OP</sub> = +25°C	34.5	35		dBm
		V <sub>DS</sub> = 2.8 V, T <sub>OP</sub> = (-40 to +85°C)	32.5	33		
Power Added Efficiency	n <sub>PAE</sub>		50	55		%
Control Voltage Range	V <sub>GG</sub>		-3		-1	V
2nd Harmonic	H <sub>2</sub>			-43	-40	dBc
3rd Harmonic	H <sub>3</sub>			-48	-45	dBc
Input VSWR	VSWR <sub>IN</sub>	P <sub>OUT</sub> (5–35 dBm), Controlled by V <sub>GG</sub>	3:1	2:1		
Forward Isolation	P <sub>OUT</sub> , STANDBY	P <sub>IN</sub> = 12 dBm, V <sub>GG</sub> = -3.0 V		-39	-30	dBm
Switching Time	t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub>	Time from $P_{OUT} = -10 \text{ dBm}$ to $P_{OUT} = 34.5 \text{ dBm}$		1	2	μS
Burn Out	во	$V_{DS} = 2.8 \text{ V to } 6.0 \text{ V,}$ $P_{IN} = 8 \text{ dBm to } 14 \text{ dBm,}$ $Z_{S} = 50 \Omega$ , Load VSWR = 10:1, All Phase Angles	No Module Damage or Permanent Degradation			
Stability	Stab.	All Combinations of the Following Parameters: $I_{DS}=0$ A to xA, $x=Current$ at $P_{OUT}=34.5$ dBm in $50 \Omega$ $P_{IN}=10$ dBm to 14 dBm, $V_{DS}=2.5$ V to $4.5$ V, $T_{OP}=-40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C, Load VSWR = 10:1, All Phase Angles	No Parasitic Oscillations Above -36 dBm			
Slope	P <sub>OUT</sub> /V <sub>GG</sub>	$P_{OUT} = -15$ dBm to 35 dBm	10	100	150	dB/V
Noise Power		100 KHz BW 925–960 MHz Band		-90	-85	dBm
Phase Change	AM-PM	The Change in Phase When P <sub>OUT</sub> Changes from 33 dBm to 34 dBm		5	10	Deg.

Characteristic Values:  $P_{IN} = 12 \text{ dBm}$  fc = 880-915 MHz $V_{DS} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ 

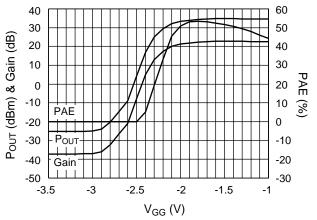
 $T_{OP} = +25^{\circ}C$ 

V<sub>GG</sub> = Switched at 217 Hz with Duty Cycle of 12.5%

## **Typical Performance Data**

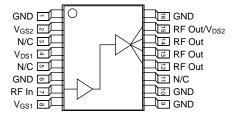


GSM 3.5 V Power Performance  $V_G = -1.7 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V},$  Frequency = 902 MHz



GSM 3.5 V Gate Sweep  $P_{IN}$  = 12 dBm,  $V_{DD}$  = 3.5 V, Frequency = 902 MHz

#### Pin Out



# **Pin Configuration**

Terminal	Symbol	Function	
1	GND	Ground	
2	$V_{GS2}$	Gate Voltage 2	
3	N/C	Not Connected	
4	V <sub>DS1</sub>	Drain Voltage 1	
5	N/C	Not Connected	
6	GND	Ground	
7	RF In	RF Input	
8	$V_{GS1}$	Gate Voltage 1	
9	GND	Ground	
10	GND	Ground	
11	N/C	Not Connected	
12	RF Out	RF Output	
13	RF Out	RF Output	
14	RF Out	RF Output	
15	RF Out/V <sub>DS2</sub>	RF Output/Drain Voltage 2	
16	GND	Ground	