

# TLP2166A

Plasma Display Panels (PDPs)

High-Speed Interfaces

3.3-V Voltage Source

The Toshiba TLP2166A consists of a GaAlAs light emitting diode and an integrated high-gain, high-speed photodetector.

The TLP2166A is housed in the 8-pin SO package.

Since the TLP2166A contains two photocouplers, it saves board space.

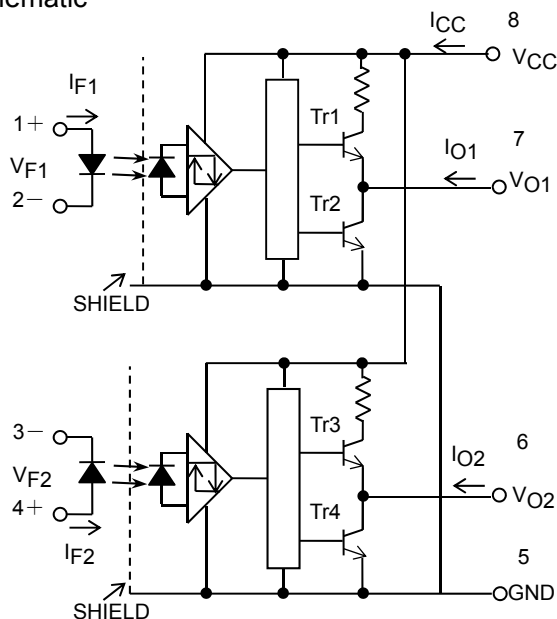
The TLP2166A operates with a 3.3-V supply voltage.

- Inverting logic output (totem-pole output)
- SO8 package
- Guaranteed performance over -40 to 100°C
- Power supply voltage: 3.0 to 3.6 V
- Input threshold current:  $I_{FHL} = 3 \text{ mA (max)}$
- Switching time ( $t_{pHL} / t_{pLH}$ ): 75 ns (max)
- Switching speed: 15 MBd (typ.)(NRZ)
- Common-mode transient immunity:  $\pm 15 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$
- Isolation voltage: 2500  $V_{rms}$

### Truth Table

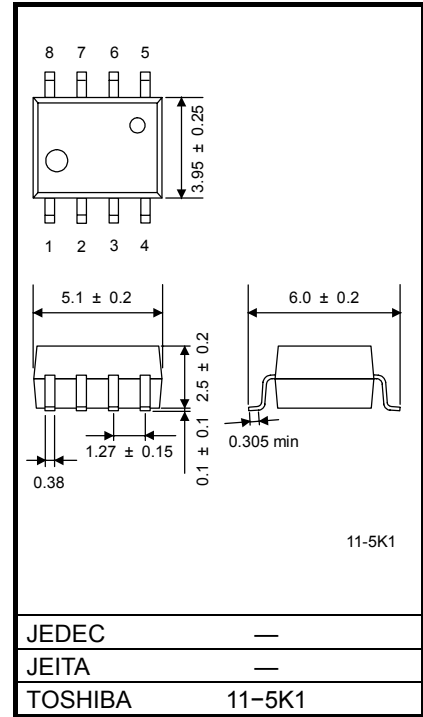
| Input | LED1(2) | Tr1(3) | Tr2(4) | Output 1(2) |
|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|
| H     | ON      | OFF    | ON     | L           |
| L     | OFF     | ON     | OFF    | H           |

### Schematic



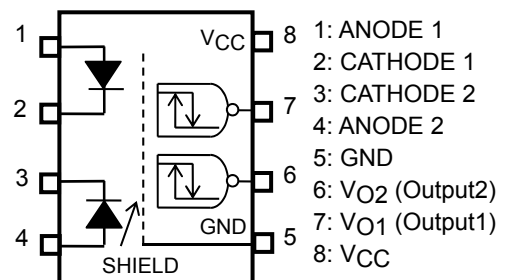
A bypass capacitor of 0.1 $\mu$ F must be connected between pins 8 and 5.

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.21 g (typ.)

### Pin Configuration (Top View)



Start of commercial production  
2008/07

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| CHARACTERISTIC                                                 |                                               | SYMBOL                    | RATING     | UNIT      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------|
| LED                                                            | Forward Current (Note 1)                      | $I_F$                     | 15         | mA        |
|                                                                | Forward current derating (Ta ≥ 95°C) (Note 1) | $\Delta I_F / \Delta T_a$ | -0.5       | mA/°C     |
|                                                                | Peak Transient Forward Current (Note 1, 2)    | $I_{FP}$                  | 1          | A         |
|                                                                | Reverse Voltage (Note 1)                      | $V_R$                     | 5          | V         |
| DETECTOR                                                       | Output Current (Note 1)                       | $I_O$                     | 10         | mA        |
|                                                                | Output Voltage (Note 1)                       | $V_O$                     | 6          | V         |
|                                                                | Supply Voltage                                | $V_{CC}$                  | 6          | V         |
|                                                                | Output Power Dissipation                      | $P_O$                     | 40         | mW        |
| Operating Temperature Range                                    |                                               | $T_{opr}$                 | -40 to 100 | °C        |
| Storage Temperature Range                                      |                                               | $T_{stg}$                 | -55 to 125 | °C        |
| Lead Soldering Temperature (10 s)                              |                                               | $T_{sol}$                 | 260        | °C        |
| Isolation Voltage (AC, 1 minute, R.H. ≤ 60%, Ta=25°C) (Note 3) |                                               | $BV_S$                    | 2500       | $V_{rms}$ |

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: Each Channel.

Note 2: Pulse width ≤ 1 μs, 300 pps.

Note 3: This device is regarded as a two terminal device: pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together, as are pins 5, 6, 7 and 8.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| CHARACTERISTIC              | SYMBOL       | MIN | TYP. | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Input Current, ON (Note 1)  | $I_{F(ON)}$  | 5   | —    | 10  | mA   |
| Input Voltage, OFF (Note 1) | $V_{F(OFF)}$ | 0   | —    | 0.8 | V    |
| Supply Voltage* (Note 4)    | $V_{CC}$     | 3.0 | 3.3  | 3.6 | V    |
| Operating Temperature       | $T_{opr}$    | -40 | —    | 100 | °C   |

\* This item denotes operating range, not meaning of recommended operating conditions.

Note 4: The detector of this product requires a power supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) of 3.0 V or higher for stable operation.

If the  $V_{CC}$  is lower than this value, an  $I_{CCH}$  may increase, or an output may be unstable.

Be sure to use the product after checking the supply current, and the operation of a power-on/-off

Note 5: A ceramic capacitor (0.1 μF) should be connected from pin 8 ( $V_{CC}$ ) to pin 5 (GND) to stabilize the operation of the high gain linear amplifier. Failure to provide the bypass may impair the switching property.

The total lead length between capacitor and coupler should not exceed 1 cm.

## Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=-40 to 100°C, V<sub>CC</sub>=3.0 to 3.6 V)

| Characteristic                                      | Symbol               | Test Circuit | Condition                                                                 | Min | Typ. | Max  | Unit  |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|------|-------|
| Input Forward Voltage (Note 1)                      | V <sub>F</sub>       | —            | I <sub>F</sub> =10 mA, Ta=25°C                                            | 1.3 | 1.65 | 1.75 | V     |
| Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage (Note 1) | ΔV <sub>F</sub> /ΔTa | —            | I <sub>F</sub> =10 mA                                                     | —   | -2.0 | —    | mV/°C |
| Input Reverse Current (Note 1)                      | I <sub>R</sub>       | —            | V <sub>R</sub> =5 V, Ta=25°C                                              | —   | —    | 10   | μA    |
| Input Capacitance (Note 1)                          | C <sub>T</sub>       | —            | V=0, f=1 MHz, Ta=25°C                                                     | —   | 45   | —    | pF    |
| Logic Low Output Voltage (Note 1)                   | V <sub>OL</sub>      | 1            | I <sub>OL</sub> =1.6 mA, I <sub>F</sub> =10 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.3 V    | —   | 0.3  | 0.6  | V     |
| Logic High Output Voltage (Note 1)                  | V <sub>OH</sub>      | 2            | I <sub>OH</sub> =-0.02 mA, V <sub>F</sub> =1.05 V, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.3 V | 2.0 | 2.6  | —    | V     |
| Logic Low Supply Current                            | I <sub>CCL</sub>     | 3            | I <sub>F</sub> =10 mA                                                     | —   | 7.0  | 10.0 | mA    |
| Logic High Supply Current                           | I <sub>CCH</sub>     | 4            | V <sub>F</sub> =0 V (Note 4)                                              | —   | 4.0  | 10.0 | mA    |
| Operating Supply Voltage                            | V <sub>CC</sub>      | —            | —                                                                         | 3.0 | —    | 3.6  | V     |
| Input Current Logic Low Output (Note 1)             | I <sub>FHL</sub>     | —            | I <sub>O</sub> =1.6 mA, V <sub>O</sub> < 0.6 V                            | —   | —    | 3    | mA    |
| Input Voltage Logic High Output (Note 1)            | V <sub>FLH</sub>     | —            | I <sub>O</sub> =-0.02 mA, V <sub>O</sub> > 2.0 V                          | 0.8 | —    | —    | V     |

\*All typical values are at Ta=25°C.

## Isolation Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

| Characteristic              | Symbol          | Test Condition                              | Min                | Typ.             | Max | Unit             |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----|------------------|
| Capacitance input to output | C <sub>S</sub>  | V <sub>S</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz (Note 3)      | —                  | 0.8              | —   | pF               |
| Isolation resistance        | R <sub>S</sub>  | R.H. ≤ 60%, V <sub>S</sub> = 500 V (Note 3) | 1×10 <sup>12</sup> | 10 <sup>14</sup> | —   | Ω                |
| Isolation voltage           | BV <sub>S</sub> | AC, 1 minute                                | 2500               | —                | —   | V <sub>rms</sub> |
|                             |                 | AC, 1 second, in oil                        | —                  | 5000             | —   |                  |
|                             |                 | DC, 1 minute, in oil                        | —                  | 5000             | —   | V <sub>dc</sub>  |

## Switching Characteristics

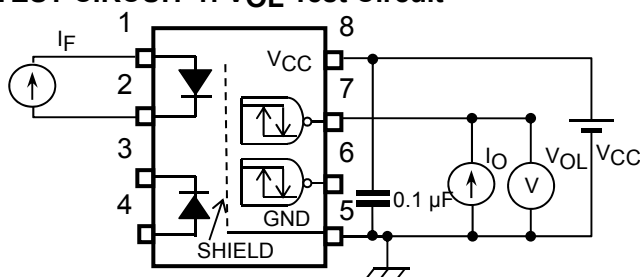
(Unless otherwise specified,  $T_a = -40$  to  $100^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V)(Each Channel)

| Characteristic                                      | Symbol                | Test Circuit | Condition                                                                                        | Min    | Typ. | Max | Unit             |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|-----|------------------|
| Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low output          | $t_{pHL}$             | 5            | $I_F = 0 \rightarrow 7.5$ mA                                                                     | —      | —    | 75  | ns               |
| Propagation Delay Time to Logic High output         | $t_{pLH}$             |              | $I_F = 7.5 \rightarrow 0$ mA                                                                     |        |      |     |                  |
| Switching Time Dispersion between ON and OFF        | $ t_{pHL} - t_{pLH} $ |              | $I_F = 7.5$ mA, $R_{IN} = 100\Omega$ , $C_L = 15$ pF (Note 6)                                    | —      | —    | 45  | ns               |
| Fall Time (90 – 10 %)                               | $t_f$                 |              | $I_F = 0 \rightarrow 7.5$ mA                                                                     | —      | 5    | —   | ns               |
| Rise Time (10 – 90 %)                               | $t_r$                 |              | $I_F = 7.5 \rightarrow 0$ mA                                                                     | —      | 5    | —   | ns               |
| Common Mode transient Immunity at High Level Output | $CM_H$                | 6            | $V_{CM} = 1000$ V <sub>p-p</sub> , $I_F = 0$ mA, $V_O(\min) = 2$ V, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$     | 15000  | —    | —   | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ |
| Common Mode transient Immunity at Low Level Output  | $CM_L$                |              | $V_{CM} = 1000$ V <sub>p-p</sub> , $I_F = 7.5$ mA, $V_O(\max) = 0.6$ V, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | -15000 | —    | —   | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ |

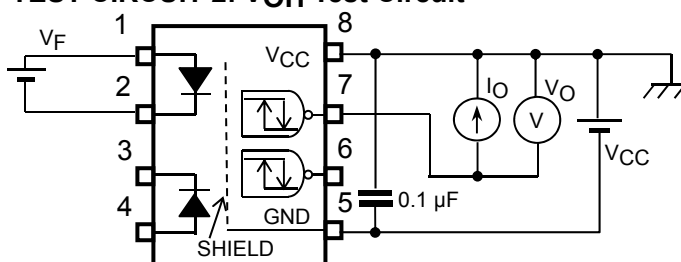
\*All typical values are at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V.

Note 6:  $C_L$  is approximately 15 pF which includes probe and jig/stray wiring capacitance.

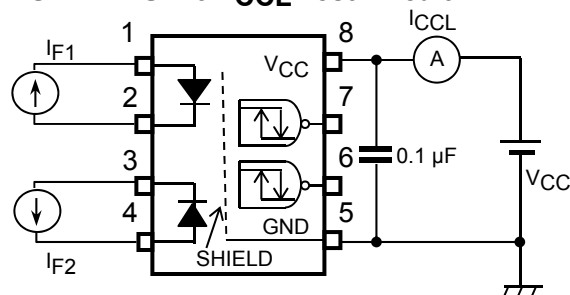
TEST CIRCUIT 1:  $V_{OL}$  Test Circuit



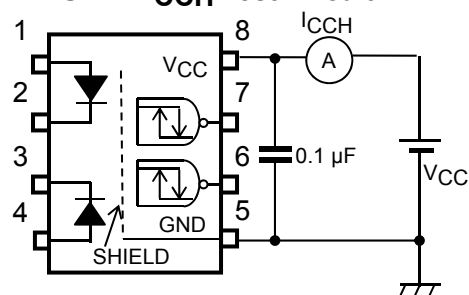
TEST CIRCUIT 2:  $V_{OH}$  Test Circuit



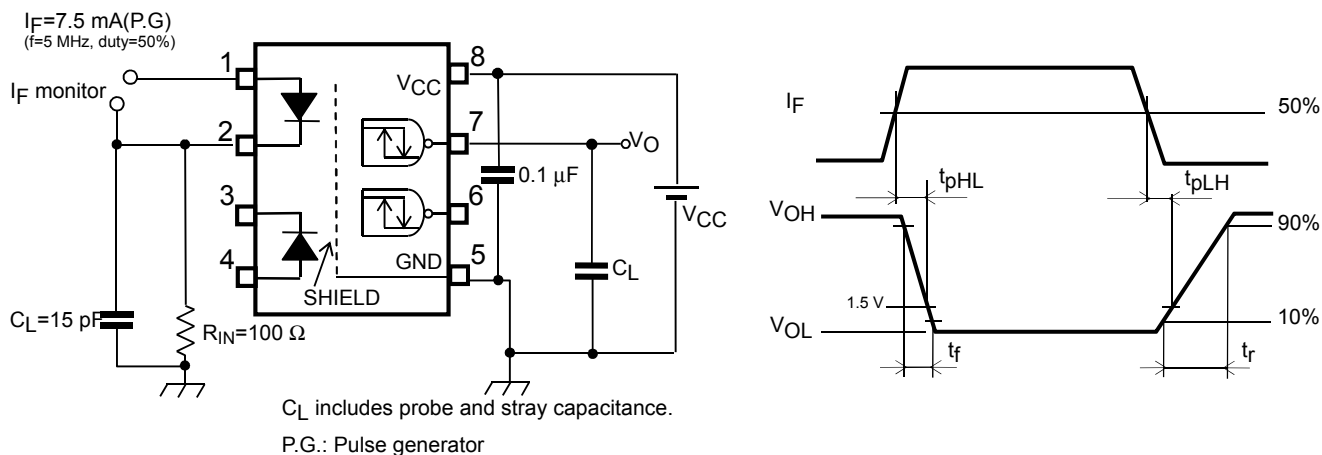
TEST CIRCUIT 3:  $I_{CCL}$  Test Circuit



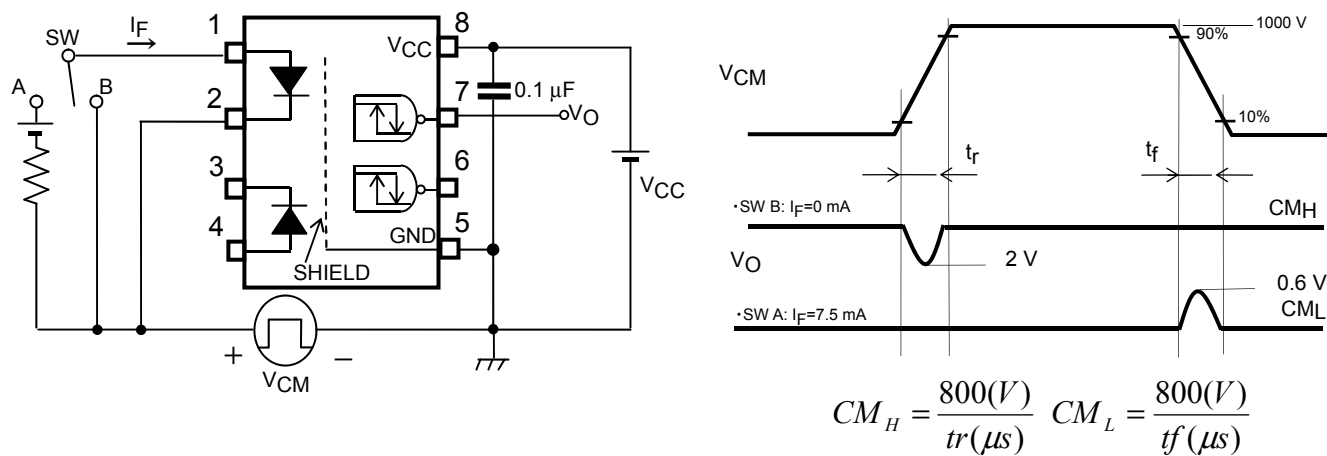
TEST CIRCUIT 4:  $I_{CCH}$  Test Circuit



## TEST CIRCUIT 5: Switching Time Test Circuit



## TEST CIRCUIT 6: Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit



## Specification for Embossed-Tape Packing (TP) for SO8 Coupler

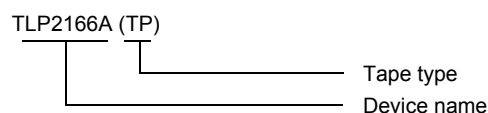
### 1. Applicable Package

| Package | Product Type |
|---------|--------------|
| SO8     | Photocoupler |

### 2. Product Naming System

Type of package used for shipment is denoted by a symbol suffix after a product number. The method of classification is as below.

(Example)



### 3. Tape Dimensions

#### 3.1 Orientation of Device in Relation to Direction of Tape Movement

Device orientation in the recesses is as shown in Figure 1.

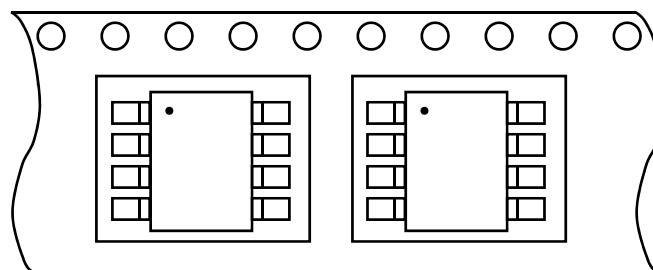


Figure 1 Device Orientation

#### 3.2 Tape Packing Quantity:2500 devices per reel

#### 3.3 Empty Device Recesses Are as Shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Empty Device Recesses

|                                                           | Standard                 | Remarks                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Occurrences of 2 or more successive empty device recesses | 0                        | Within any given 40-mm section of tape, not including leader and trailer |
| Single empty device recesses                              | 6 devices (max) per reel | Not including leader and trailer                                         |

#### 3.4 Start and End of Tape

The start of the tape has 50 or more empty holes. The end of tape has 50 or more empty holes and two empty turns only for a cover tape.

### 3.5 Tape Specification

- (1) Tape material: Plastic (protection against electrostatics)
- (2) Dimensions: The tape dimensions are as shown in Figure 2 and table 2.

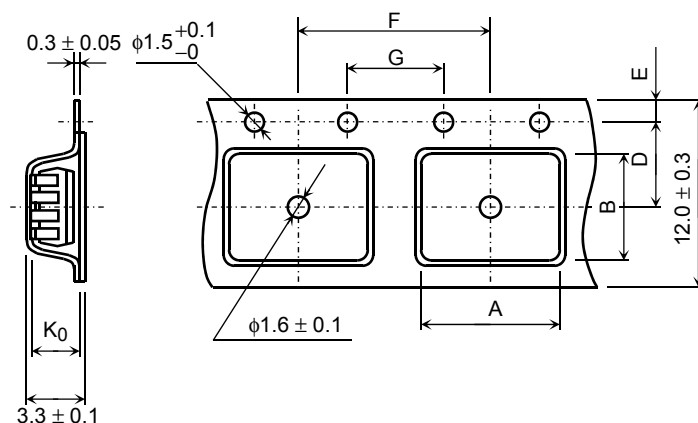


Figure 2 Tape Forms

Table 2 Tape Dimensions

Unit: mm  
Unless otherwise specified:  $\pm 0.1$

| Symbol         | Dimension | Remark                                                                                        |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A              | 6.5       | —                                                                                             |
| B              | 5.6       | —                                                                                             |
| D              | 5.5       | Center line of indented square hole and sprocket hole                                         |
| E              | 1.75      | Distance between tape edge and hole center                                                    |
| F              | 8.0       | Cumulative error $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.1 \\ -0.3 \end{smallmatrix}$ (max) per 10 feed holes |
| G              | 4.0       | Cumulative error $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.1 \\ -0.3 \end{smallmatrix}$ (max) per 10 feed holes |
| K <sub>0</sub> | 3.1       | Internal space                                                                                |

## 3.6 Reel

- (1) Material: Plastic
- (2) Dimensions: The reel dimensions are as shown in Figure 3 and Table 3.

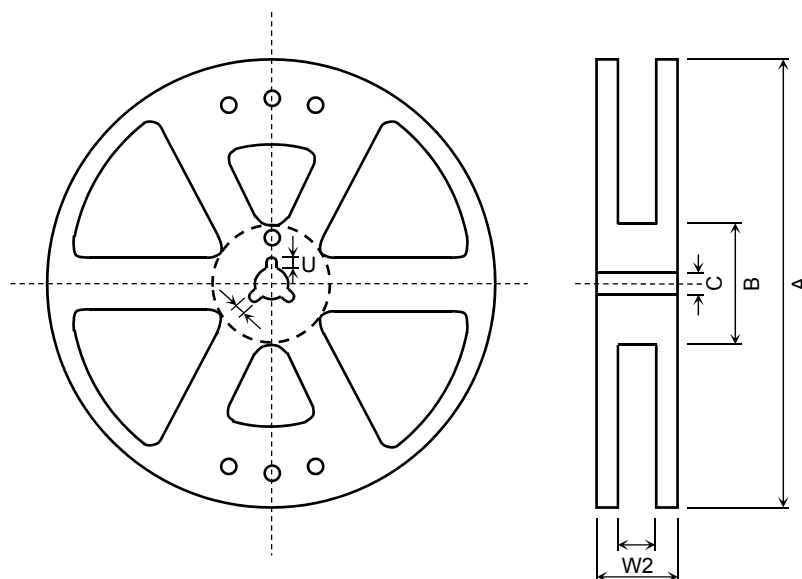


Figure 3 Reel Form

Table 3 Reel Dimensions

Unit: mm

| Symbol | Dimension         |
|--------|-------------------|
| A      | $\Phi 330 \pm 2$  |
| B      | $\Phi 80 \pm 1$   |
| C      | $\Phi 13 \pm 0.5$ |
| E      | $2.0 \pm 0.5$     |
| U      | $4.0 \pm 0.5$     |
| W1     | $13.5 \pm 0.5$    |
| W2     | $17.5 \pm 1.0$    |

## 4. Packing

Either one reel or five reels of photocoupler are packed in a shipping carton.

## 5. Label Indication

The carton bears a label indicating the product number, the symbol representing classification of standard, the quantity, the lot number and the Toshiba company name.

## 6. Ordering Method

When placing an order, please specify the product number, the tape type and the quantity as shown in the following example.

(Example)

TLP2166A (TP) 2500 pcs

Quantity (must be a multiple of 2500)

Tape type

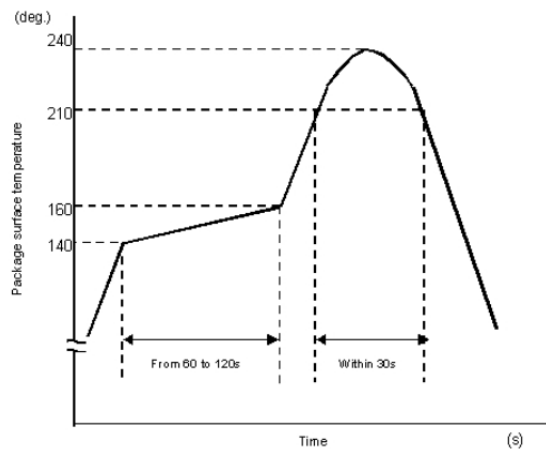
Device name

## Precautions of Surface Mounting Type Photocoupler Soldering & General Storage

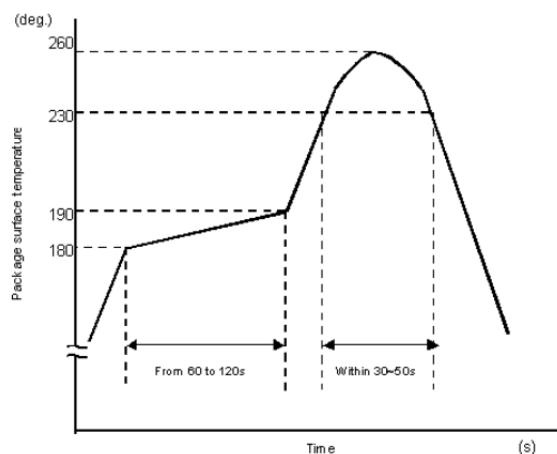
### (1) Precautions for Soldering

#### 1) When Using Soldering Reflow

- An example of a temperature profile when Sn-Pb eutectic solder is used:



- An example of a temperature profile when lead(Pb)-free solder is used:



- Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.
- The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.

#### 2) When using soldering Flow (Applicable to both eutectic solder and Lead(Pb)-Free solder)

- Apply preheating of 150 °C for 60 to 120 seconds.
- Mounting condition of 260 °C or less within 10 seconds is recommended.
- Flow soldering must be performed once

#### 3) When using soldering Iron (Applicable to both eutectic solder and Lead(Pb)-Free solder)

- Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C.
- Heating by soldering iron must be only once per 1 lead

**(2) Precautions for General Storage**

- 1) Do not store devices at any place where they will be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- 2) When transportation or storage of devices, follow the cautions indicated on the carton box.
- 3) The storage area temperature should be kept within a temperature range of 5 °C to 35 °C, and relative humidity should be maintained at between 45% and 75%.
- 4) Do not store devices in the presence of harmful (especially corrosive) gases, or in dusty conditions.
- 5) Use storage areas where there is minimal temperature fluctuation. Because rapid temperature changes can cause condensation to occur on stored devices, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, as a result, the solderability of the leads will be degraded.
- 6) When repacking devices, use anti-static containers.
- 7) Do not apply any external force or load directly to devices while they are in storage.
- 8) If devices have been stored for more than two years, even though the above conditions have been followed, it is recommended that solderability of them should be tested before they are used.

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