# IrDA infrared communication IC (SIR / ASK compatible)

# **RPM-800CB Series**

The RPM-800CB series is an infrared communication IC that is compatible with the IrDA1.0 and ASK communication systems. The infrared LED, PIN photodiode, and modulator circuit are combined onto a single package, and connection to a UART requires just three lines (transmit, receive, and control).

#### Applications

Cellular phones, pagers, PDA, PHS, notebook PCs, and printers

#### Features

- Infrared emitting, receiver, and modulator / demodulator on the chip.
- 2) Switchable modes.
  - IrDA mode
  - ASK mode

- 3) 2.4 to 115.2kbps communication rate.
- 4) Built-in powerdown mode
- 5) Power supply voltage input range 2.7 to 5.5V.

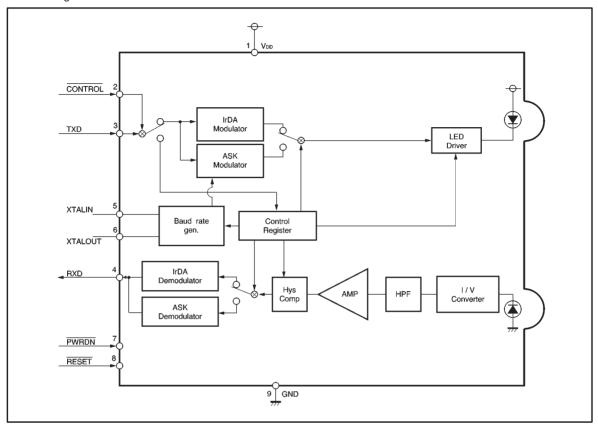
#### ● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	<b>−</b> 0.3∼ <b>+</b> 7.0	V
Operating temperature	Topr	0~+60	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-20~+85	°C

#### • Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	2.7	3.0	5.5	V

# ■Block diagram



# Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply
2	CONTROL	Register write control pin Transmit: High, Register set: Low
3	TXD	Transmit / register write data input pin Data1: High, Data 0: Low
4	RXD	Receive data output pin Data1: High, Data 0: Low
5	XTALIN	Crystal oscillator connection pin (3.6864MHz)
6	XTALOUT	Crystal oscillator connection pin (3.6864MHz)
7	PWRDN	Power down control pin Power down: Low
8	RESET	Internal register reset pin Reset: Low
9	GND	Ground

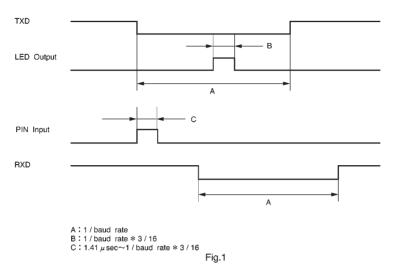
# ●Input / output circuits

Pin No.	Pin name	Function	Equivalent circuit
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply	_
2	CONTROL	Register write control pin Transmit: High, Register set: Low	CONTROL
3	TXD	Transmit / register write data input pin Data 1: High, Data 0: Low	
4	RXD	Receive data output pin Data 1: High, Data 0: Low	RXD
5	XTALIN	Crystal oscillator connection pin (3.6864MHz)	
6	XTALOUT	Crystal oscillator connection pin (3.6864MHz)	XTALIN XTALOUT XTALOUT
7	PWRDN	Power down control pin Power down: Low	
8	RESET	Internal register reset pin Reset: Low	PWRDN RESET 7777
		Ground	

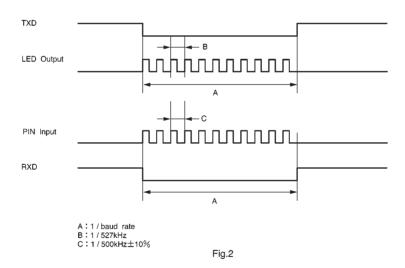
●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C and V<sub>DD</sub> = 3V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Power supply current 1	IDD1	_	_	3.5	mA	Stand-by for receiving
Power supply current 2	IDD2	_	_	10	μΑ	Power down,No ambient light
Power supply current 3	Іррз	-	_	300	mA	With max. LED current drive
Control input high voltage	ViH	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	_
Control input low voltage	VIL	_	_	0.8	V	_
Control input high current	Iн	_	_	-2.0	μΑ	_
Control input low current	lıL	_	_	2.0	μΑ	_
TXD input high voltage	ViH	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	_
TXD input low voltage	VIL	_	_	0.8	V	_
TXD input high current	Iн	_	_	-2.0	μΑ	_
TXD input low current	lıL	_	_	2.0	μΑ	_
XTALIN input high voltage	ViH	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	_
XTALIN input low voltage	VIL	_	_	0.8	V	_
XTALIN input high current	Іін	_	_	-10.0	μΑ	_
XTALIN input low current	lı∟	_	_	10.0	μΑ	_
PWRDN input high voltage	ViH	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	_
PWRDN input low voltage	VIL	_	_	0.8	V	_
PWRDN input high current	Iн	_	_	-2.0	μΑ	_
PWRDN input low current	lıL	_	_	2.0	μΑ	_
RESET input high voltage	ViH	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	_
RESET input low voltage	VIL	_	_	0.8	V	_
RESET input high current	Iн	_	_	-2.0	μΑ	_
RESET input low current	lıL	_	_	2.0	μΑ	_
XTALOUT output high voltage	Vон	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	Iон=-0.2mA
XTALOUT output low voltage	Vol	_	_	0.5	V	IoL=0.2mA
RXD output high voltage	Vон	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5	_	_	V	Iон=-2.0mA
RXD output low voltage	Vol	_		0.5	V	IoL=2.0mA

# ●Circuit operation IrDA format



#### ASK format



#### Register function

#### Control character format

As shown in the Fig.3, the control character is made up of four address bits, four data bits, a start bit and a stop bit.

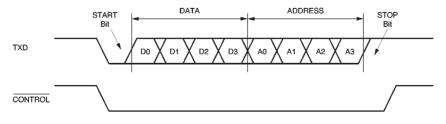


Fig.3

Explanation of the registers

Register table

No.	Address	Function
1	0000	Control register 1
2	0010	LED drive current control register
3	0011	Baud rate register
4	0100	Mode register
5	0101	Control register 2

#### 1) Control register 1

Reset

٠	D3	D3 D2		D0	
	ECHO	ECAN	RXEN	TXEN	
	0	0	0	0	

ECHO 0 No control character echo back

1 Control character echo back

ECAN 0 Does not cancel reception of transmitted (self emitted) data

1 Cancels reception of transmitted (self emitted) data

RXEN 0 Receiver OFF

1 Receiver ON

TXEN 0 Transmitter OFF

1 Transmitter ON

#### 2) LED drive current control register

	D3	D2	D1	D0	
·	0	LP2	LP1	LP0	
Reset	0	0	0	0	

0000 H

0001 M

0010 L

#### 3) Baud rate register

	D3	D2		D1	D0		
	0		BR2	BR1	BR0		
Rese	t 0		0	1	0		
0000	2.4Kbps	_					
0001	4.8Kbps						
0010	9.6Kbps		(l	411	l. i.e		
0011	19.2Kbps			n the cloc	K IS		
0100	38.4Kbps		3.68	64MHz)			
0101	57.6Kbps						
0110	115.2Kbps						

#### 4) Mode register

	D3	D2	D1	D0
	0	0	0	MD
Reset	0	0	0	0

0000 IrDA

0001 ASK When V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V and ASK is used, set the LED drive control register to M or L.

#### 5) Control register 2

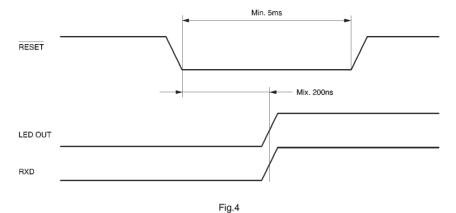
	D3	D2	D1	D0
	0	0	0	LOAD
Reset	0	0	0	0

LOAD 0 Do not load the baud rate counter value
1 Load the baud rate counter value

<sup>\*</sup> The load bit automatically returns to 0 after the counter value is loaded.

#### Timing chart

# 1) Reset operation



# 2) Register write

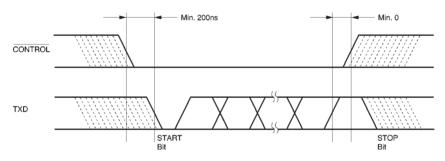


Fig.5

# 3) Echo back

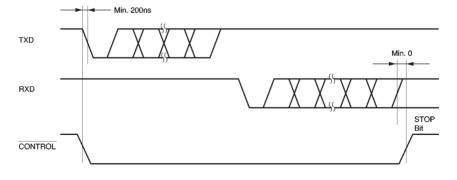


Fig.6

#### 4) Transmit

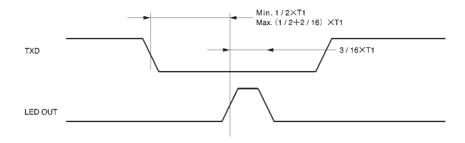
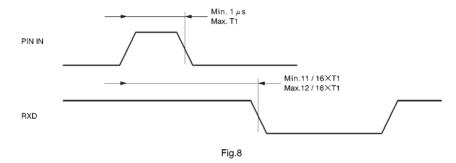


Fig.7

#### 5) Receive



#### 6) Echo cancel

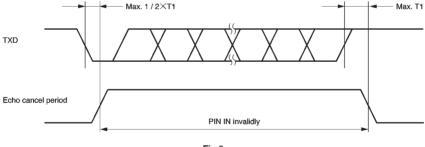


Fig.9

## 7) Power down

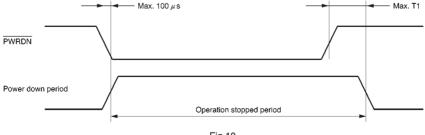


Fig.10

\* T1=1 / baud rate

#### Application example

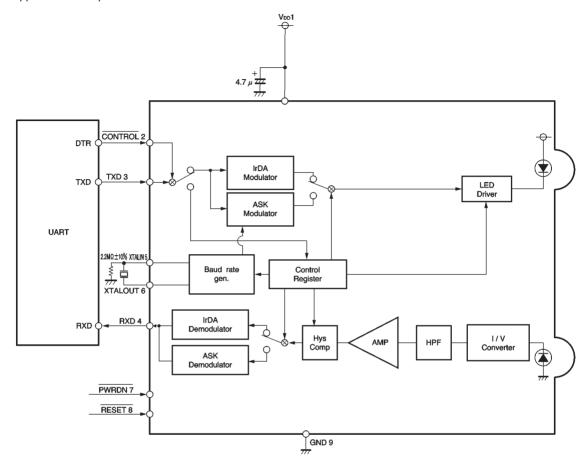
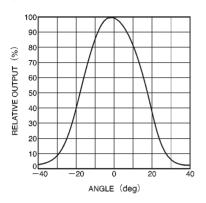


Fig.11

#### Operation notes

- (1) Use a shield when there is a possibility of influence due to electromagnetic noise.
- (2) The baud rate is set to 9600bps after the power is applied, or the IC is reset.
- (3) The setting in the baud rate register becomes effective when the LOAD bit of control register 2 is set to 1.
- (4) Avoid using together with strong light sources.
- (5) We recommend to use crystal oscillator.

#### Electrical characteristics curves



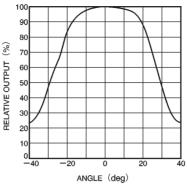


Fig.12 Light transmitter characteristics

Fig.13 Light receiver characteristics

## External dimensions (Units: mm)

