



# INA2132

## Dual, Low Power, Single-Supply DIFFERENCE AMPLIFIER

### FEATURES

- DESIGNED FOR LOW COST
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT:  
160 $\mu$ A per Amplifier
- WIDE POWER SUPPLY RANGE:  
Single Supply: 2.7V to 36V  
Dual Supplies:  $\pm 1.35$ V to  $\pm 18$ V
- LOW GAIN ERROR:  $\pm 0.05\%$  max
- LOW NONLINEARITY: 0.001% max
- HIGH CMRR: 90dB
- HIGHLY VERSATILE CIRCUIT
- EASY TO USE
- SO-14 PACKAGE

### DESCRIPTION

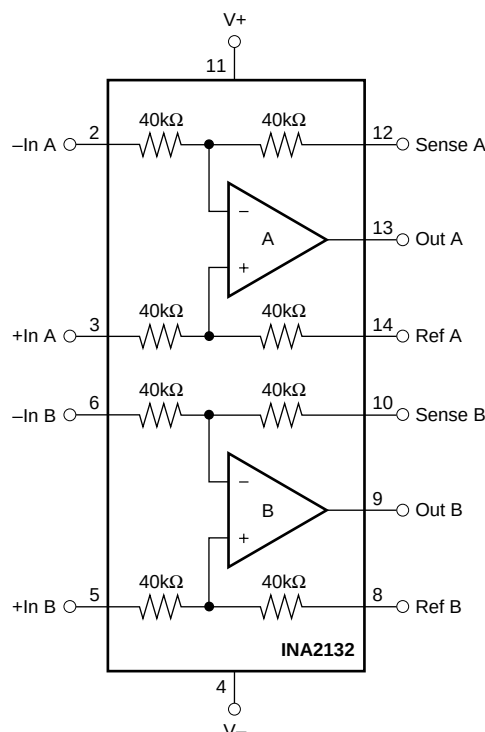
The INA2132 is a dual low power, unity-gain difference amplifier offering excellent value at very low cost. Each channel consists of a precision op amp with a laser-trimmed precision resistor network, providing accurate gain and high common-mode rejection. Excellent TCR tracking of the resistors maintains gain accuracy and common-mode rejection over temperature. The internal op amp's common-mode range extends to the negative supply—ideal for single-supply applications.

The difference amplifier is the foundation of many commonly used circuits. The INA2132 provides this circuit function without using an expensive precision resistor network. The INA2132 is available in the SO-14 surface-mount package and is specified for operation over the extended industrial temperature range,  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

A single version of this product with similar specifications is also available. See the INA132 data sheet for details.

### APPLICATIONS

- DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AMPLIFIER
- INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIER BUILDING BLOCK
- UNITY-GAIN INVERTING AMPLIFIER
- $G = 1/2$  AMPLIFIER
- $G = 2$  AMPLIFIER
- SUMMING AMPLIFIER
- DIFFERENTIAL CURRENT RECEIVER
- VOLTAGE-CONTROLLED CURRENT SOURCE
- BATTERY-POWERED SYSTEMS
- GROUND LOOP ELIMINATOR



# SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = \pm 15V$

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  connected to ground, and reference pins connected to ground unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                                                                                                                                                      | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                     | INA2132U                                     |                                                                      |                                       | INA2132UA |     |                               | UNITS                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                | MIN                                          | TYP                                                                  | MAX                                   | MIN       | TYP | MAX                           |                                                                                |
| <b>OFFSET VOLTAGE<sup>(1)</sup></b><br>Initial $V_{OS}$<br>vs Temperature $dV_{OS}/dT$<br>vs Power Supply PSRR<br>vs Time<br>Channel Separation <sup>(2)</sup> | RTO<br><br>$V_S = \pm 1.35V$ to $\pm 18V$<br><br>dc                                                                                                                            |                                              | $\pm 75$<br>$\pm 1$<br>$\pm 5$<br>0.3<br>0.04                        | $\pm 250$<br>$\pm 5$<br>$\pm 30$      |           | *   | $\pm 500$<br>$\pm 10$<br>*    | $\mu V$<br>$\mu V/^\circ\text{C}$<br>$\mu V/V$<br>$\mu V/mo$<br>$\mu V/V$      |
| <b>INPUT IMPEDANCE<sup>(3)</sup></b><br>Differential<br>Common-Mode                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                |                                              | 80<br>40                                                             |                                       |           | *   | *                             | $\text{k}\Omega$<br>$\text{k}\Omega$                                           |
| <b>INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE</b><br>Common-Mode Voltage Range <sup>(4)</sup><br>Common-Mode Rejection Ratio CMRR                                                     | $V_O = 0V$<br>$V_{CM} = -30V$ to $28V$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$                                                                                                                       | 2 (V-) 80                                    | 90                                                                   | 2 (V+) -2                             | *         | *   | *                             | V<br>dB                                                                        |
| <b>OUTPUT VOLTAGE NOISE<sup>(5)</sup></b><br>$f = 0.1\text{Hz}$ to $10\text{Hz}$<br>$f = 1\text{kHz}$                                                          | RTO                                                                                                                                                                            |                                              | 1.6<br>65                                                            |                                       |           | *   | *                             | $\mu Vp-p$<br>$nV/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$                                            |
| <b>GAIN</b><br>Initial<br>Error<br>vs Temperature<br>Nonlinearity                                                                                              | $V_O = -14V$ to $13.5V$<br><br>$V_O = -14V$ to $13.5V$                                                                                                                         |                                              | 1<br>$\pm 0.01$<br>$\pm 1$<br>$\pm 0.0001$                           | $\pm 0.05$<br>$\pm 10$<br>$\pm 0.001$ |           | *   | $\pm 0.1$<br>*<br>$\pm 0.002$ | V/V<br>%<br>$\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$<br>% of FS                             |
| <b>OUTPUT</b><br>Voltage, Positive<br>Negative<br>Positive<br>Negative<br>Current Limit, per Amplifier<br>Capacitive Load (stable operation)                   | $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground<br>$R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground<br>$R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground<br>$R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground<br>Continuous to Common | (V+) -1<br>(V-) +0.5<br>(V+) -1.5<br>(V-) +1 | (V+) -0.8<br>(V-) +0.15<br>(V+) -0.8<br>(V-) +0.25<br>$\pm 12$<br>10 |                                       | *         | *   |                               | V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>mA<br>nF                                                   |
| <b>FREQUENCY RESPONSE</b><br>Small-Signal Bandwidth<br>Slew Rate<br>Settling Time: 0.1%<br>0.01%<br>Overload Recovery Time                                     | -3dB<br><br>$V_O = 10V$ Step<br>$V_O = 10V$ Step<br>50% Overdrive                                                                                                              |                                              | 300<br>0.1<br>85<br>88<br>7                                          |                                       |           | *   |                               | kHz<br>V/ $\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$     |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY</b><br>Rated Voltage<br>Voltage Range<br>Quiescent Current (per amplifier) $I_Q$                                                               | $V_S$<br><br>$I_O = 0\text{mA}$                                                                                                                                                | $\pm 1.35$                                   | $\pm 15$<br>$\pm 160$                                                | $\pm 18$<br>$\pm 185$                 | *         | *   | *                             | V<br>V<br>$\mu\text{A}$                                                        |
| <b>TEMPERATURE RANGE</b><br>Specification<br>Operation<br>Storage<br>Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                | -40<br>-55<br>-55                            |                                                                      | +85<br>+125<br>+125                   | *         | *   | *                             | $^\circ\text{C}$<br>$^\circ\text{C}$<br>$^\circ\text{C}$<br>$^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

\* Specifications the same as INA2132U.

NOTES: (1) Includes effects of amplifier's input bias and offset currents. (2) Measured output offset change of one channel for a full-scale swing ( $V_O = -14V$  to  $13.5V$ ) on the opposite channel. (3)  $40\text{k}\Omega$  resistors are ratio matched but have  $\pm 20\%$  absolute value. (4)  $2 (V-) -V_{REF} < V_{CM} < 2 ((V+) -1) -V_{REF}$ . For more detail, see Applications Information section. (5) Includes effects of amplifier's input current noise and thermal noise contribution of resistor network.

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# SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = +5V$ Single Supply

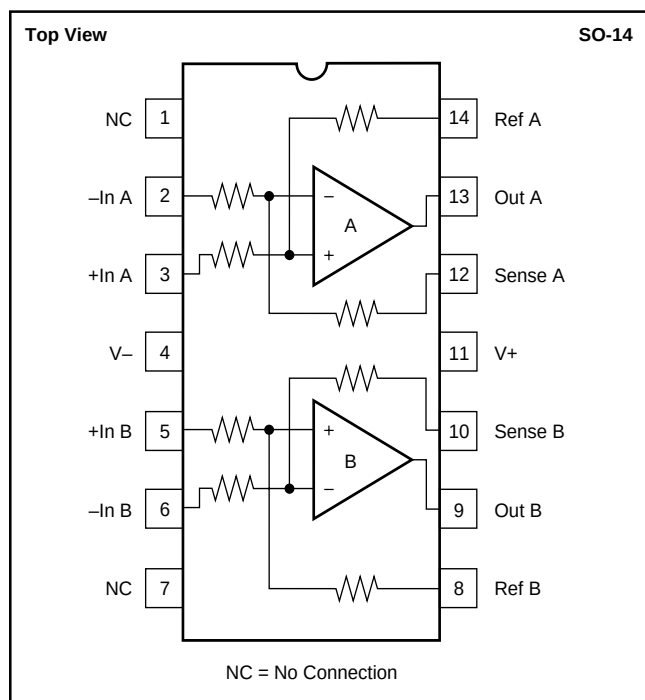
At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , and reference pin connected to  $V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                                | CONDITIONS                                                 | INA2132U |            |           | INA2132UA |     |           | UNITS                        |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----------|------------------------------|
|                                          |                                                            | MIN      | TYP        | MAX       | MIN       | TYP | MAX       |                              |
| <b>OFFSET VOLTAGE<sup>(1)</sup></b>      | RTO                                                        |          |            |           |           |     |           |                              |
| Initial $V_{OS}$                         |                                                            |          | $\pm 150$  | $\pm 500$ |           | *   | $\pm 750$ | $\mu\text{V}$                |
| vs Temperature $dV_{OS}/dT$              |                                                            |          | $\pm 2$    |           |           | *   |           | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| <b>INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE</b>               |                                                            |          |            |           |           |     |           |                              |
| Common-Mode Voltage Range <sup>(2)</sup> |                                                            | -2.5     |            | +5.5      | *         |     | *         | V                            |
| Common-Mode Rejection CMRR               | $V_{CM} = -2.5\text{V to } +5.5\text{V}$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$ | 80       | 90         |           | 74        | *   |           | dB                           |
| <b>OUTPUT</b>                            |                                                            |          |            |           |           |     |           |                              |
| Voltage, Positive                        | $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground                        | (V+) -1  | (V+) -0.75 |           | *         | *   |           | V                            |
| Negative                                 | $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground                        | +0.25    | +0.06      |           | *         | *   |           | V                            |
| Positive                                 | $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground                         | (V+) -1  | (V+) -0.8  |           | *         | *   |           | V                            |
| Negative                                 | $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ to Ground                         | +0.25    | +0.12      |           | *         | *   |           | V                            |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY</b>                      |                                                            |          |            |           |           |     |           |                              |
| Rated Voltage $V_S$                      |                                                            | +2.7     | +5         |           | *         | *   |           | V                            |
| Voltage Range                            |                                                            |          |            | +36       |           |     | *         | V                            |
| Quiescent Current $I_Q$                  | $I_O = 0\text{mA}$                                         |          | $\pm 155$  | $\pm 185$ |           | *   | *         | $\mu\text{A}$                |

\* Specifications the same as INA2132U.

NOTE: (1) Includes effects of amplifier's input bias and offset currents. (2)  $2(V-) - V_{REF} < V_{CM} < 2(V+) - V_{REF}$ . For more detail, see Applications Information section.

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|                                   |                                            |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage, $V+$ to $V-$      | 36V                                        |
| Input Voltage Range               | $\pm 80\text{V}$                           |
| Output Short-Circuit (to ground)  | Continuous                                 |
| Operating Temperature             | $-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature               | $-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Junction Temperature              | $+150^\circ\text{C}$                       |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) | $+300^\circ\text{C}$                       |



## ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Burr-Brown recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

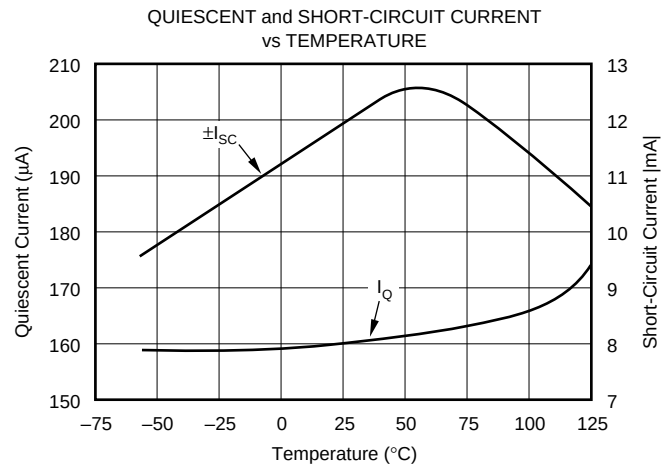
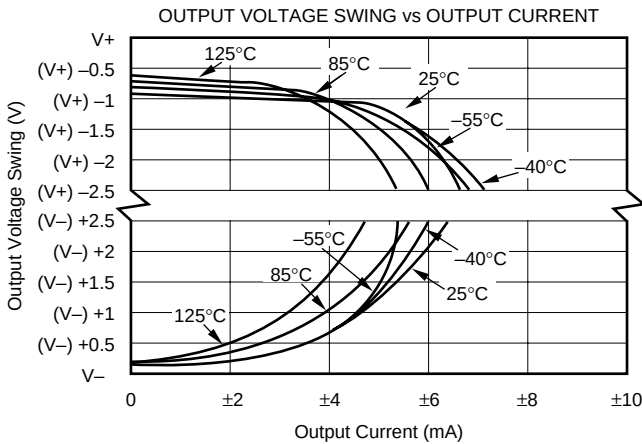
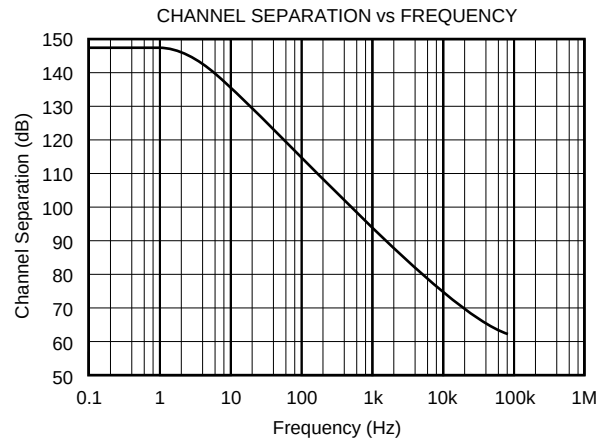
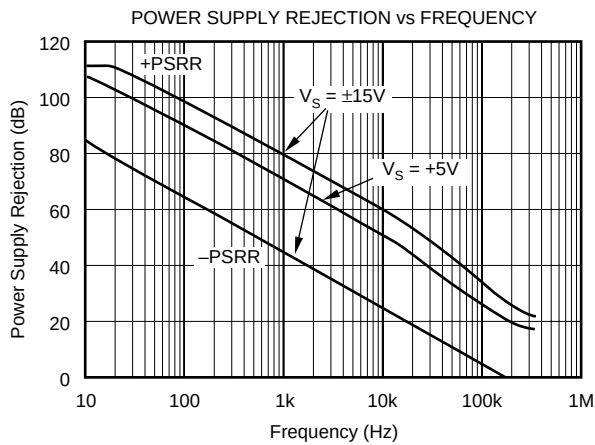
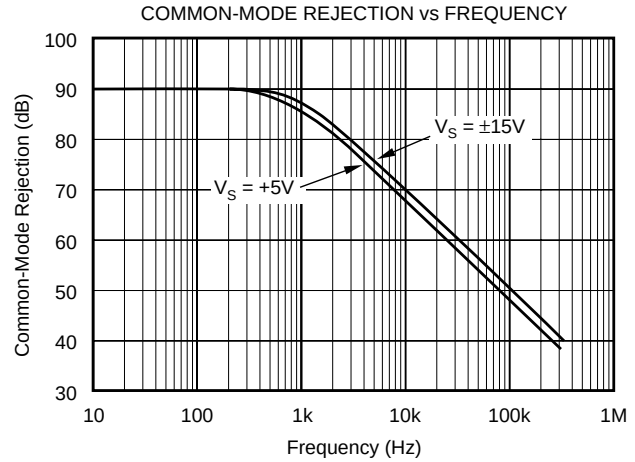
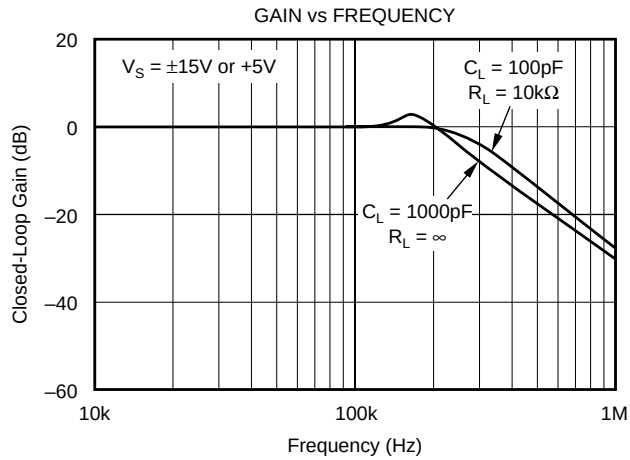
## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

| PRODUCT   | PACKAGE             | PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER <sup>(1)</sup> | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE               | PACKAGE MARKING | ORDERING NUMBER <sup>(2)</sup> | TRANSPORT MEDIA |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| INA2132U  | SO-14 Surface-Mount | 235                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | INA2132U        | INA2132U                       | Rails           |
| "         | "                   | "                                     | "                                         | "               | INA2132U/2K5                   | Tape and Reel   |
| INA2132UA | SO-14 Surface-Mount | 235                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ | INA2132UA       | INA2132UA                      | Rails           |
| "         | "                   | "                                     | "                                         | "               | INA2132UA/2K5                  | Tape and Reel   |

NOTES: (1) For detailed drawing and dimension table, please see end of data sheet, or Appendix C of Burr-Brown IC Data Book. (2) Models with a slash (/) are available only in Tape and Reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K5 indicates 2500 devices per reel). Ordering 2500 pieces of "INA2132U/2K5" will get a single 2500-piece Tape and Reel. For detailed Tape and Reel mechanical information, refer to Appendix B of Burr-Brown IC Data Book.

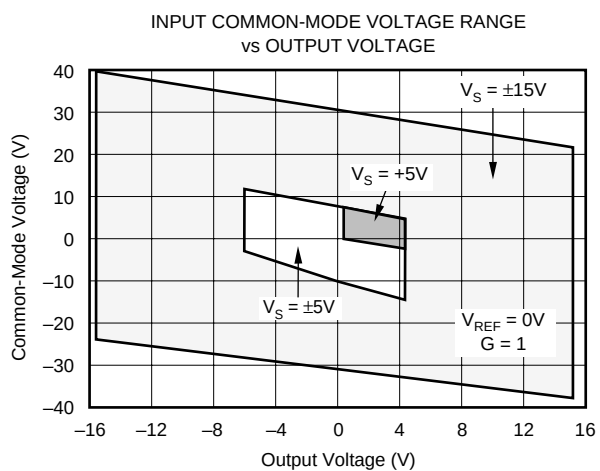
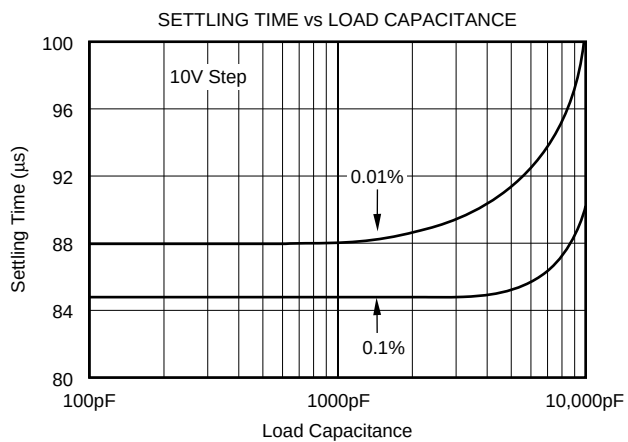
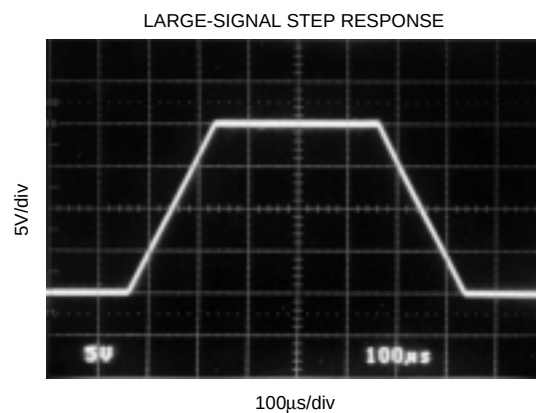
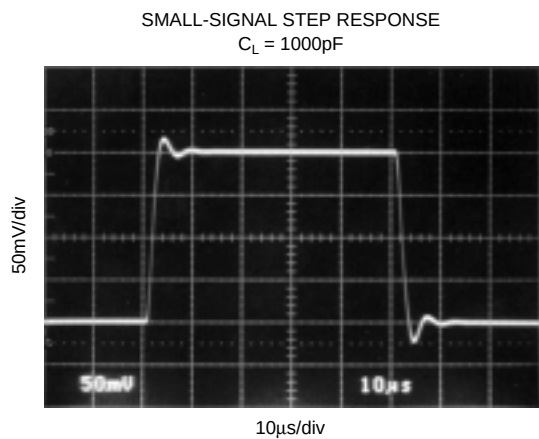
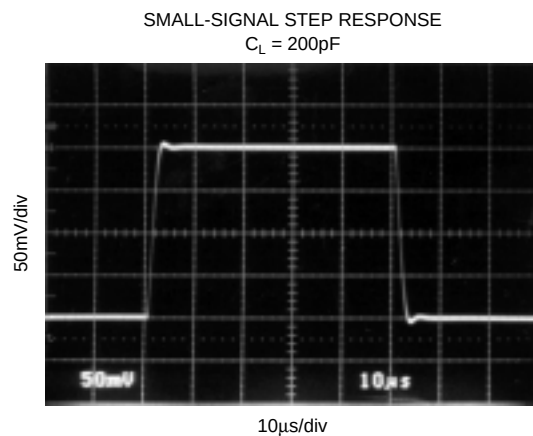
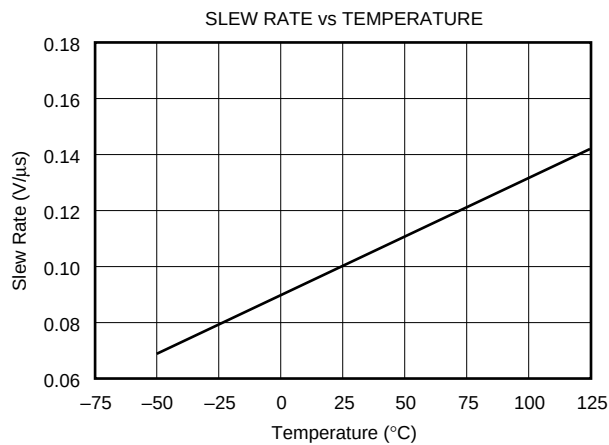
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.



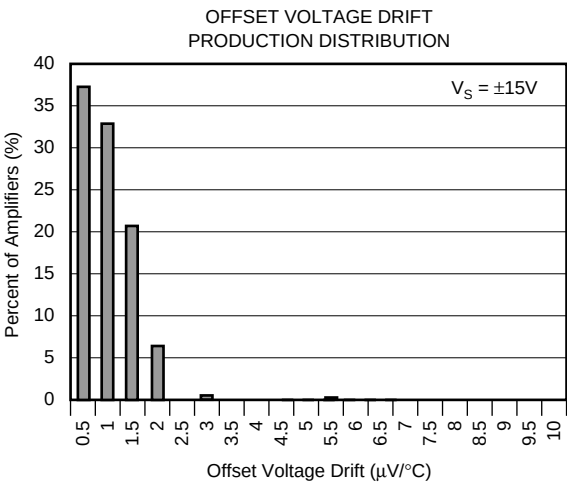
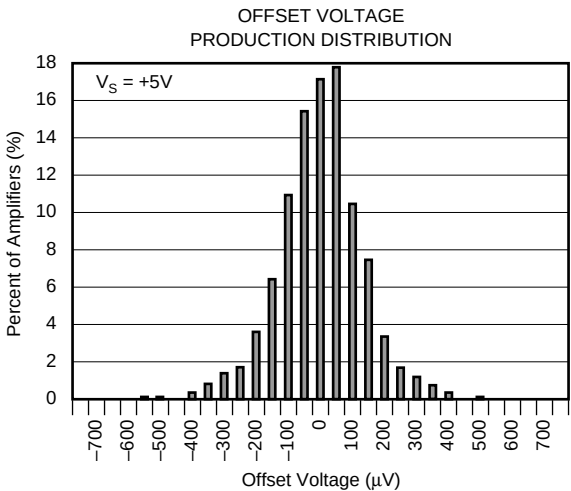
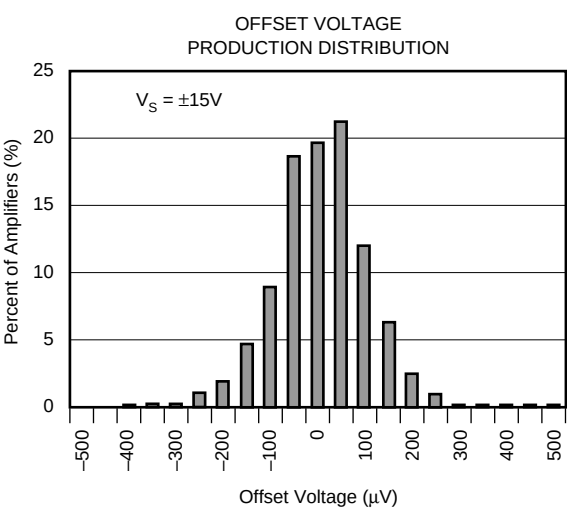
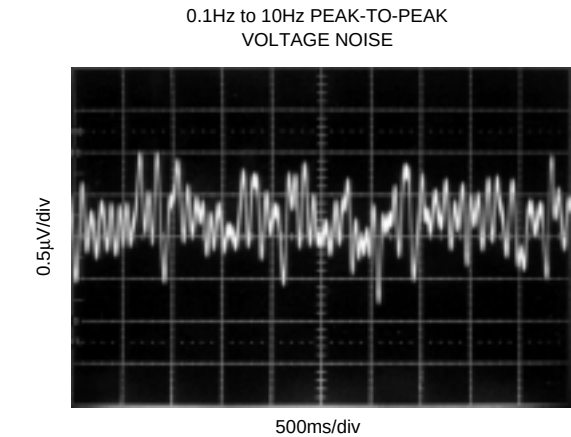
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.



# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

At  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.



## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Figure 1 shows the basic connections required for operation of the INA2132. Power supply bypass capacitors should be connected close to the device pins.

The differential input signal is connected to pins 2 and 3 (or pins 6 and 5) as shown. The source impedances connected to the inputs must be nearly equal to assure good common-mode rejection. An  $8\Omega$  mismatch in source impedance will degrade the common-mode rejection of a typical device to approximately 80dB. Gain accuracy will also be slightly affected. If the source has a known impedance mismatch, an additional resistor in series with one input can be used to preserve good common-mode rejection.

Do not interchange pins 3 and 14 (or pins 5 and 8) or pins 2 and 12 (or pins 6 and 10), even though nominal resistor values are equal. These resistors are laser-trimmed for precise resistor ratios to achieve accurate gain and highest CMRR. Interchanging these pins may not provide specified performance. As shown in Figure 1, sense line should be connected as close to the load as possible.

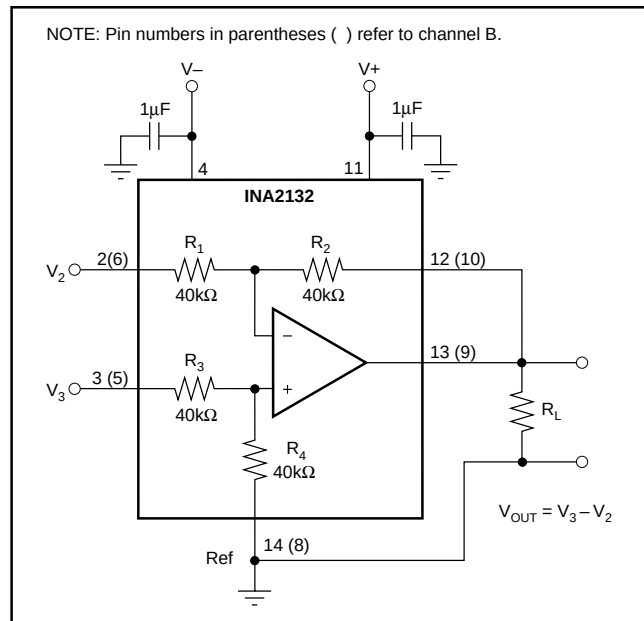


FIGURE 1. Basic Power Supply and Signal Connections.

To ensure valid operation of the differential amplifier, please note the following points:

- 1)  $V_{OUT} = V_3 - V_2 + V_{REF}$
- 2)  $V_{OUT}$  must be within the specified linear range. For example, with  $\pm 15V$  supplies and a  $100k\Omega$  load, the output will be defined by:

$$(V-) + 0.15V < V_{OUT} < (V+) - 0.8V$$

- 3) Input common-mode range at the nodes of the op amp must be  $V- \leq V_{CM} \leq (V+) - 1$ . To ensure that the inputs to the differential amp (+In and -In) meet this criteria, limit the common-mode voltage inputs to:

$$2 \cdot (V-) - V_{REF} < V_{CM} < 2 \cdot ((V+) - 1) - V_{REF}$$

In the case where  $V_{REF}$  is grounded, the equation simplifies to:

$$2 \cdot (V-) < V_{CM} < 2 \cdot ((V+) - 1)$$

For more information, see the typical performance curve titled "Input Common-Mode Voltage Range vs Output Voltage."

### OPERATING VOLTAGE

The INA2132 operates from single ( $+2.7V$  to  $+36V$ ) or dual ( $\pm 1.35V$  to  $\pm 18V$ ) supplies with excellent performance. Specifications are production tested with  $+5V$  and  $\pm 15V$  supplies. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. Parameters which vary significantly with operating voltage are shown in the Typical Performance Curves.

The INA2132 can accurately measure differential signals that are beyond the power supply rails. Linear common-mode range extends to twice the negative power supply voltage and nearly twice the positive power supply voltage. Output phase reversal does not occur when the inputs to the internal operational amplifier are overloaded to either rail. See typical performance curve, "Common-Mode Range vs Output Voltage."

### OFFSET VOLTAGE TRIM

The INA2132 is laser-trimmed for low offset voltage and drift. Most applications require no external offset adjustment. Figure 2 shows an optional circuit for trimming the output offset voltage. The output is referred to the output reference terminal (pin 14 or pin 8), which is normally grounded. A voltage applied to the Ref terminal will be summed with the output signal. This can be used to null offset voltage. The source impedance of a signal applied to the Ref terminal should be less than  $8\Omega$  to maintain good common-mode rejection. To assure low impedance at the Ref terminal, the trim voltage can be buffered with an op amp, such as the OPA277.

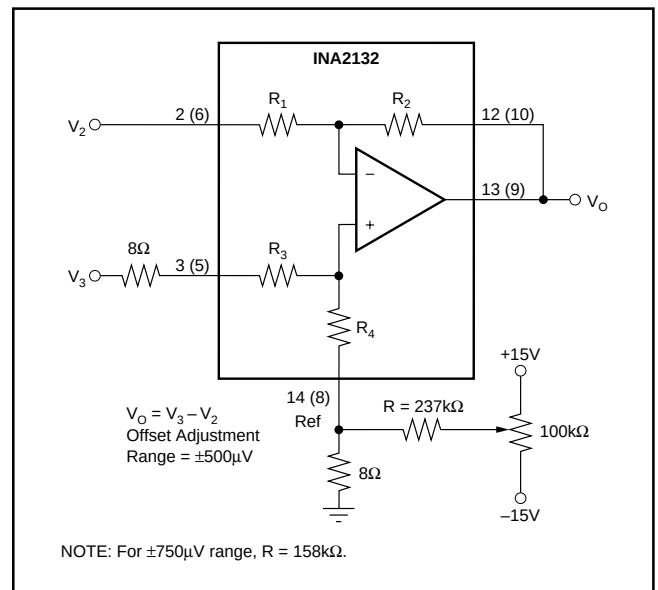


FIGURE 2. Offset Adjustment.

## CAPACITIVE LOAD DRIVE CAPABILITY

The INA2132 can drive large capacitive loads, even at low supplies. It is stable with a 10nF load. Refer to the “Small-Signal Step Response” and “Settling Time vs Load Capacitance” typical performance curves.

## CHANNEL CROSSTALK

The two channels of the INA2132 are completely independent, including all bias circuitry. At dc and low frequency, there is virtually no signal coupling between channels. Crosstalk increases with frequency and is dependent on source impedance and signal characteristics. See the typical performance curve “Channel Separation vs Frequency” for more information.

Most crosstalk is produced by capacitive coupling of signals from one channel to the input section of the other channel. To minimize coupling, separate the input traces as far as practical from any signals associated with the opposite channel. A grounded guard trace surrounding the inputs helps reduce stray coupling between channels. Run the differential inputs of each channel parallel to each other or

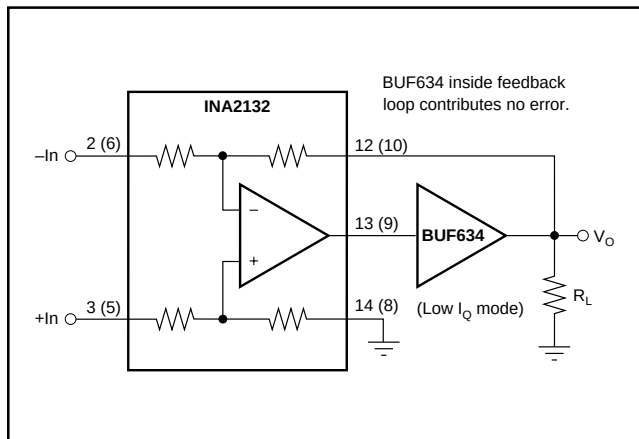


FIGURE 3. Low Power, High Output Current Precision Difference Amplifier.

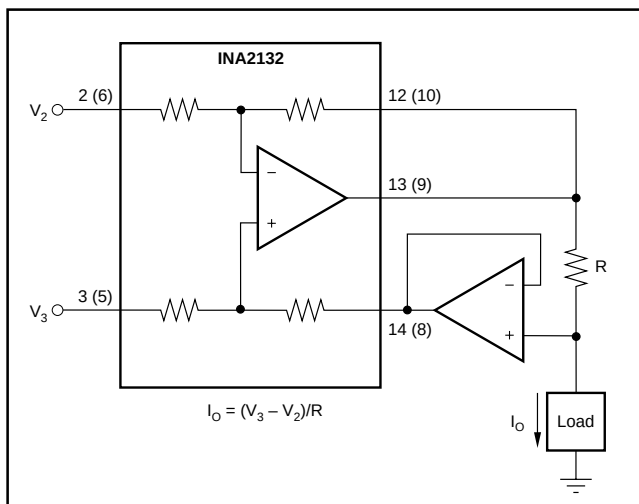


FIGURE 4. Differential Input Voltage-to-Current Converter for Low  $I_{OUT}$ .

directly adjacent on the top and bottom sides of a circuit board. Stray coupling then produces a common-mode signal which is rejected by the INA2132's input.

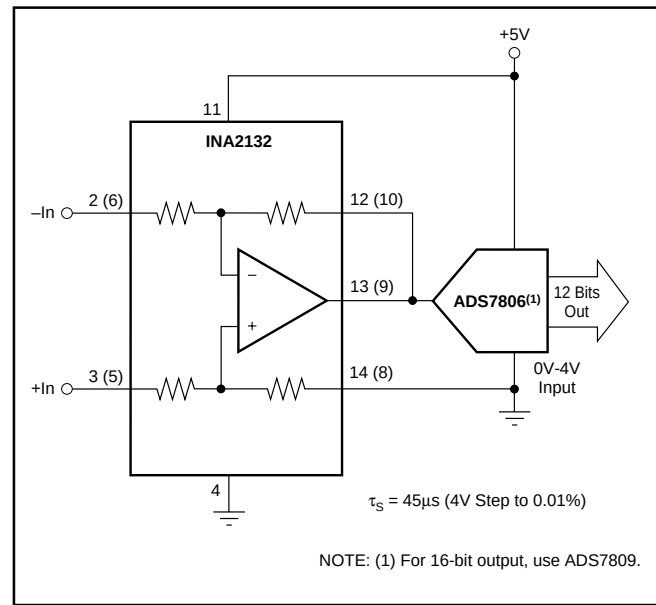


FIGURE 5. Differential Input Data Acquisition.

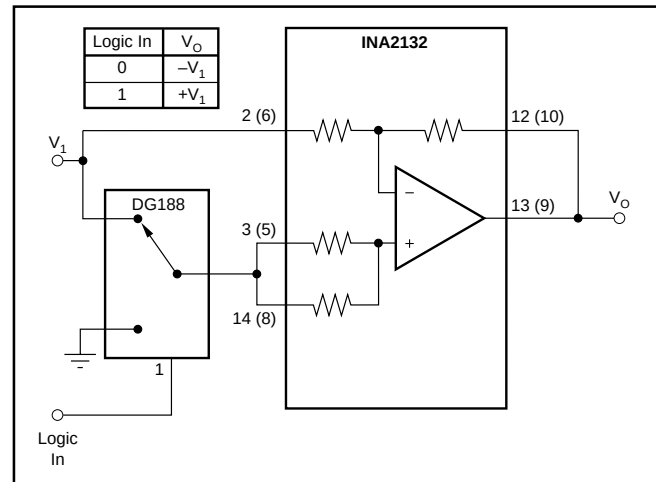


FIGURE 6. Digitally Controlled Gain of  $\pm 1$  Amplifier.

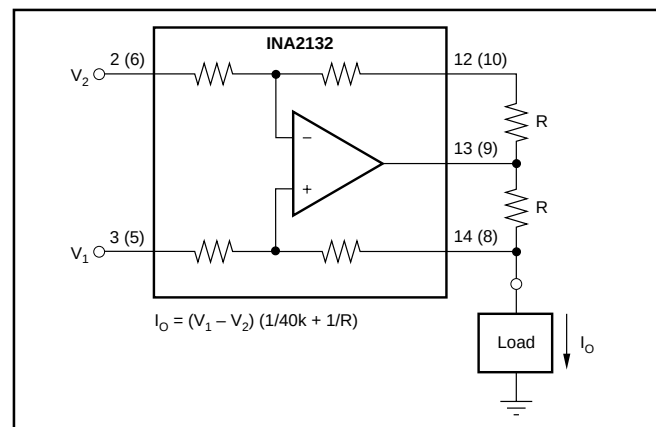


FIGURE 7. Precision Voltage-to-Current Converter with Differential Inputs.

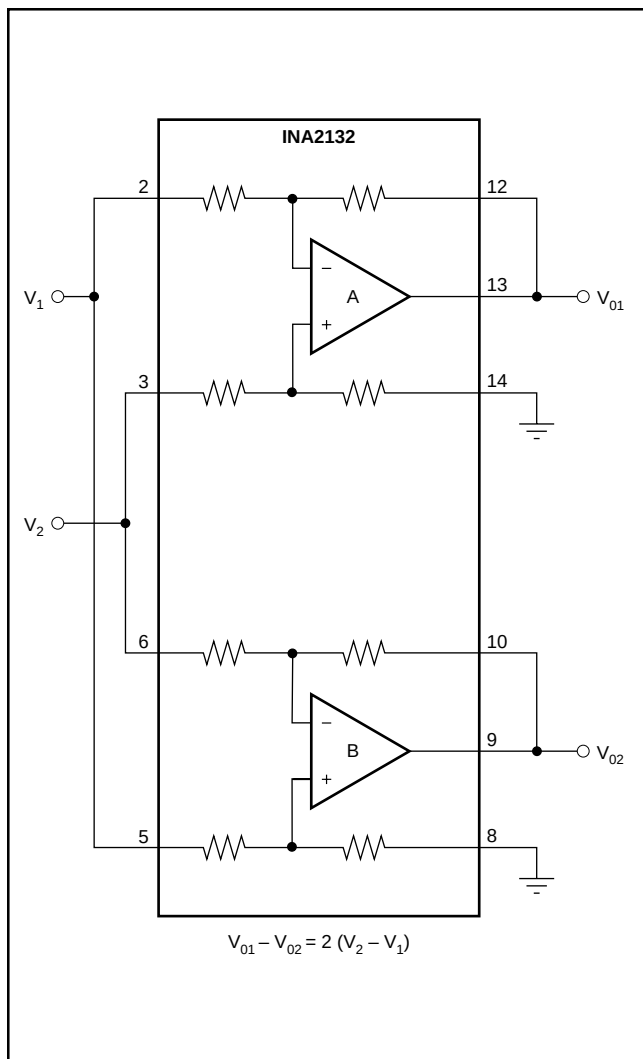


FIGURE 8. Differential Output Difference Amplifier.

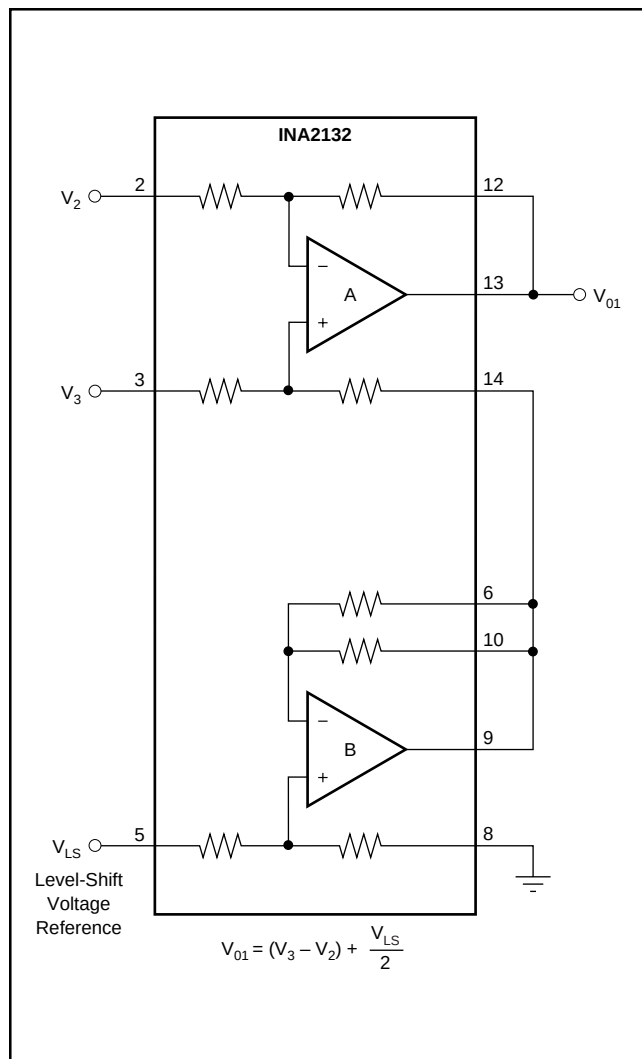


FIGURE 9. Precision Level Shifter.

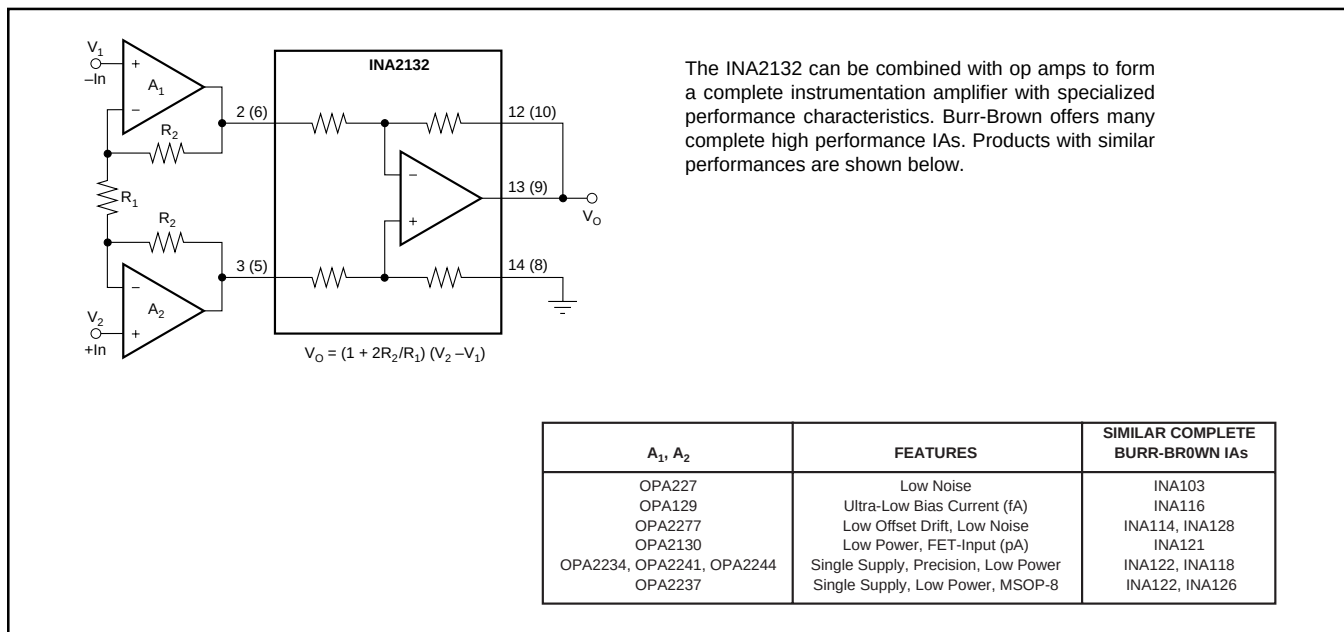


FIGURE 10. Precision Instrumentation Amplifier.

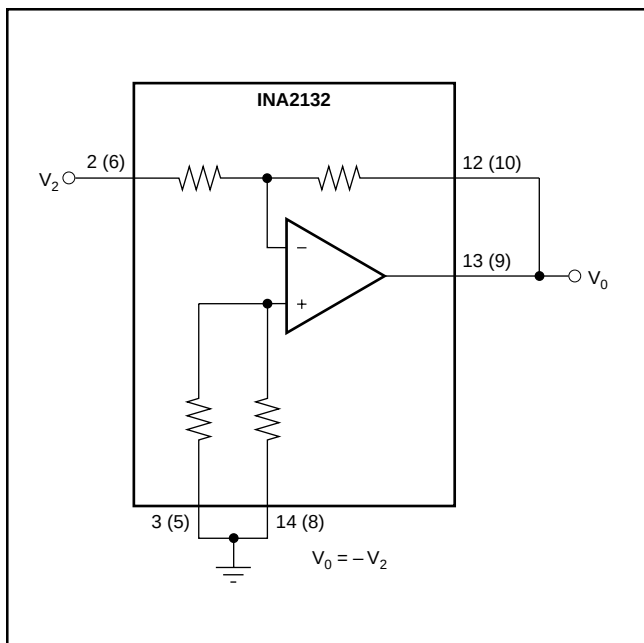


FIGURE 11. Precision Inverting Unity-Gain Amplifier.

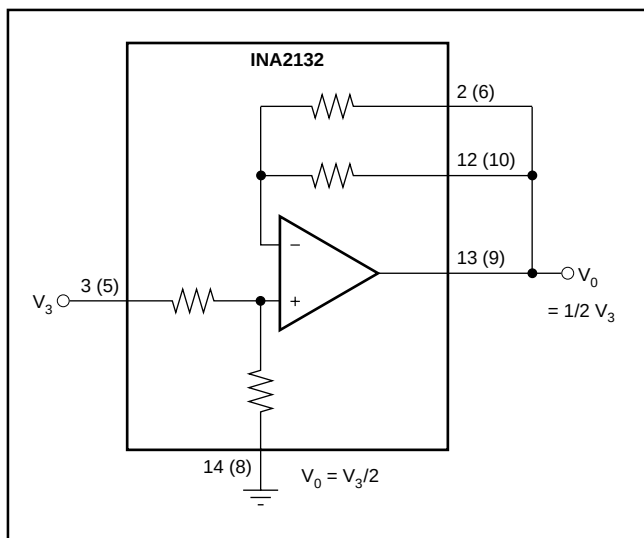


FIGURE 12. Precision Gain = 1/2 Amplifier.

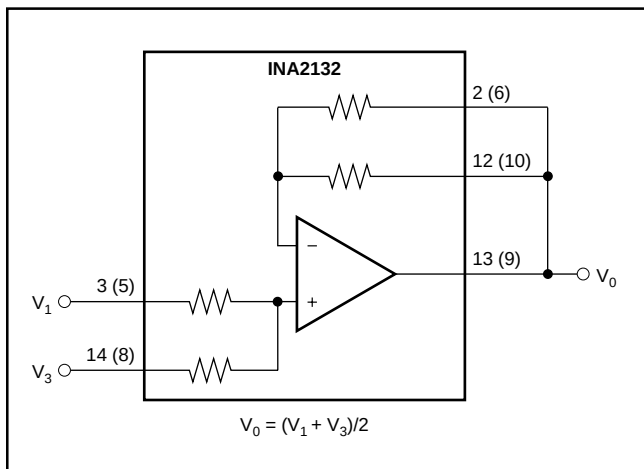


FIGURE 13. Precision Average Value Amplifier.

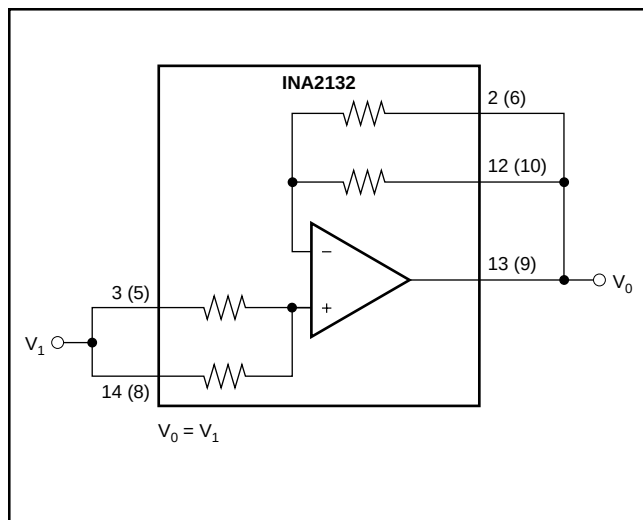


FIGURE 14. Precision Unity-Gain Buffer.

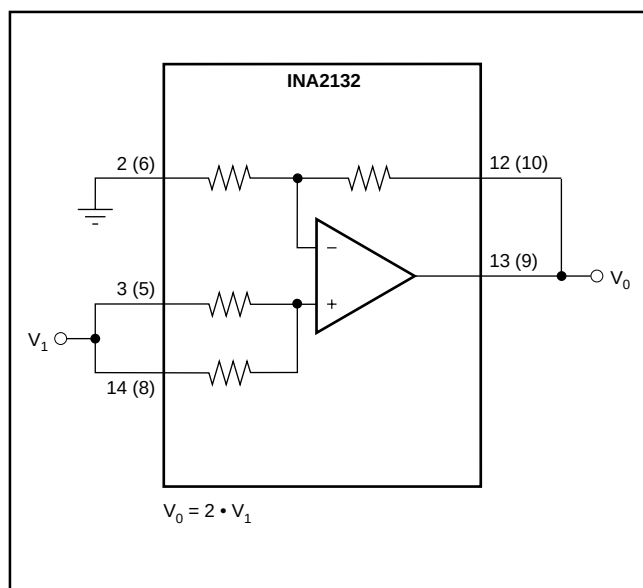


FIGURE 15. Precision Gain = 2 Amplifier.

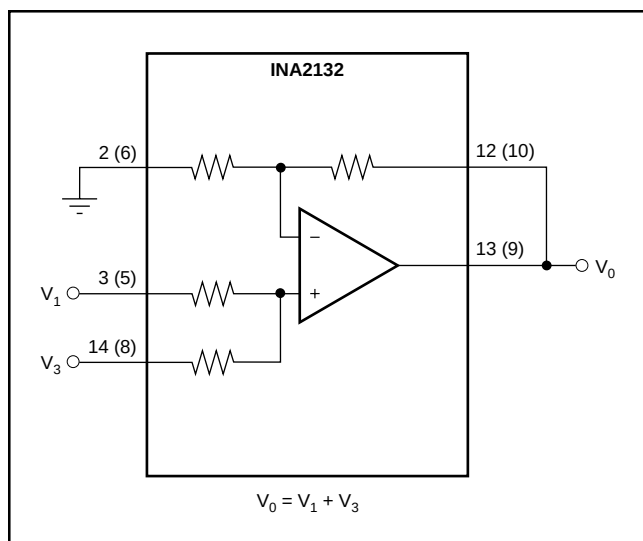


FIGURE 16. Precision Summing Amplifier.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable part number         | Status<br>(1) | Material type<br>(2) | Package   Pins | Package qty   Carrier | RoHS<br>(3) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(4) | MSL rating/<br>Peak reflow<br>(5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking<br>(6) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| <a href="#">INA2132U</a>      | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 50   TUBE             | Yes         | Call TI                              | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| INA2132U.A                    | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 50   TUBE             | Yes         | Call TI                              | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| <a href="#">INA2132U/2K5</a>  | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | Call TI                              | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| INA2132U/2K5.A                | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | Call TI                              | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| <a href="#">INA2132UA</a>     | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 50   TUBE             | Yes         | Call TI                              | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| INA2132UA.A                   | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 50   TUBE             | Yes         | Call TI                              | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| <a href="#">INA2132UA/2K5</a> | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |
| INA2132UA/2K5.A               | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR               | -40 to 85    | INA2132U<br>A       |

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

<sup>(2)</sup> **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

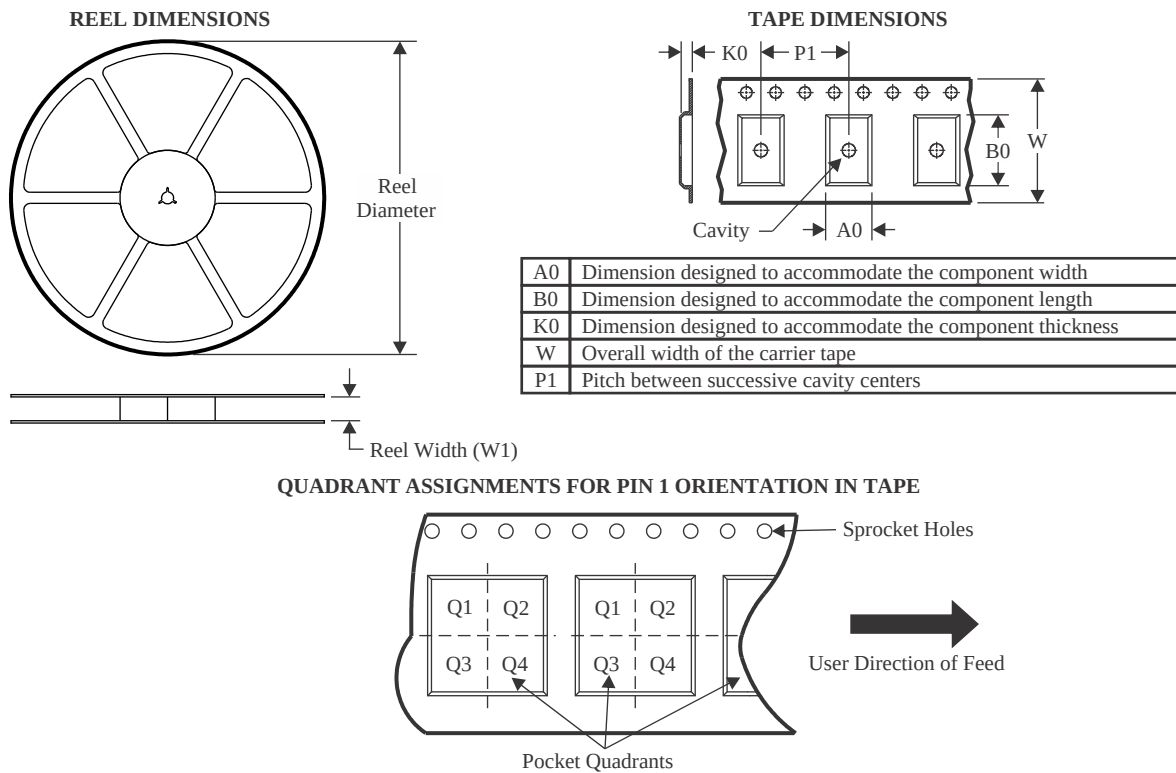
<sup>(6)</sup> **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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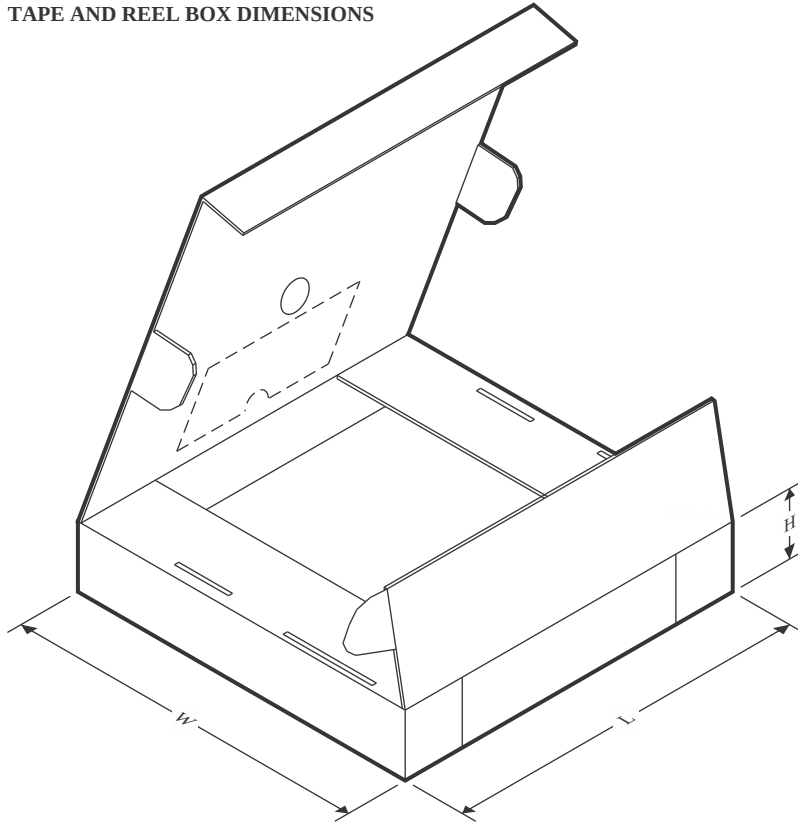
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| INA2132U/2K5  | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 6.5     | 9.0     | 2.1     | 8.0     | 16.0   | Q1            |
| INA2132UA/2K5 | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 6.5     | 9.0     | 2.1     | 8.0     | 16.0   | Q1            |

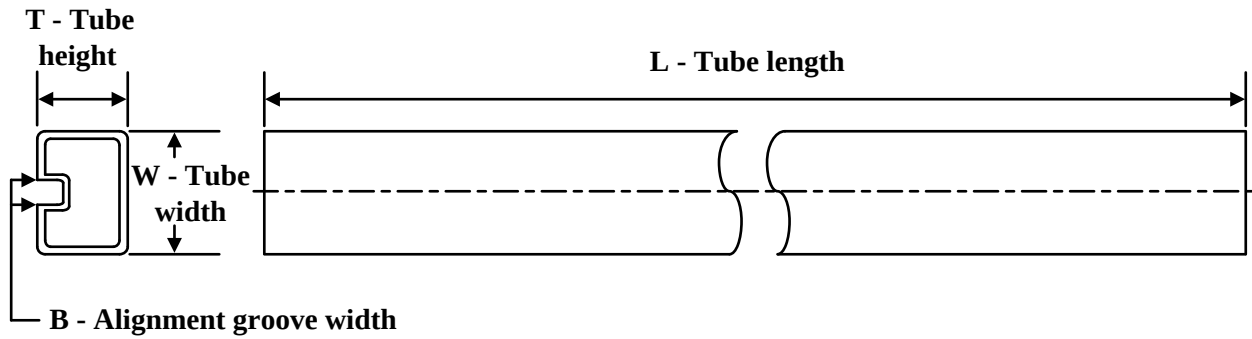
## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

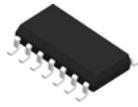
| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| INA2132U/2K5  | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500 | 353.0       | 353.0      | 32.0        |
| INA2132UA/2K5 | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500 | 353.0       | 353.0      | 32.0        |

## TUBE

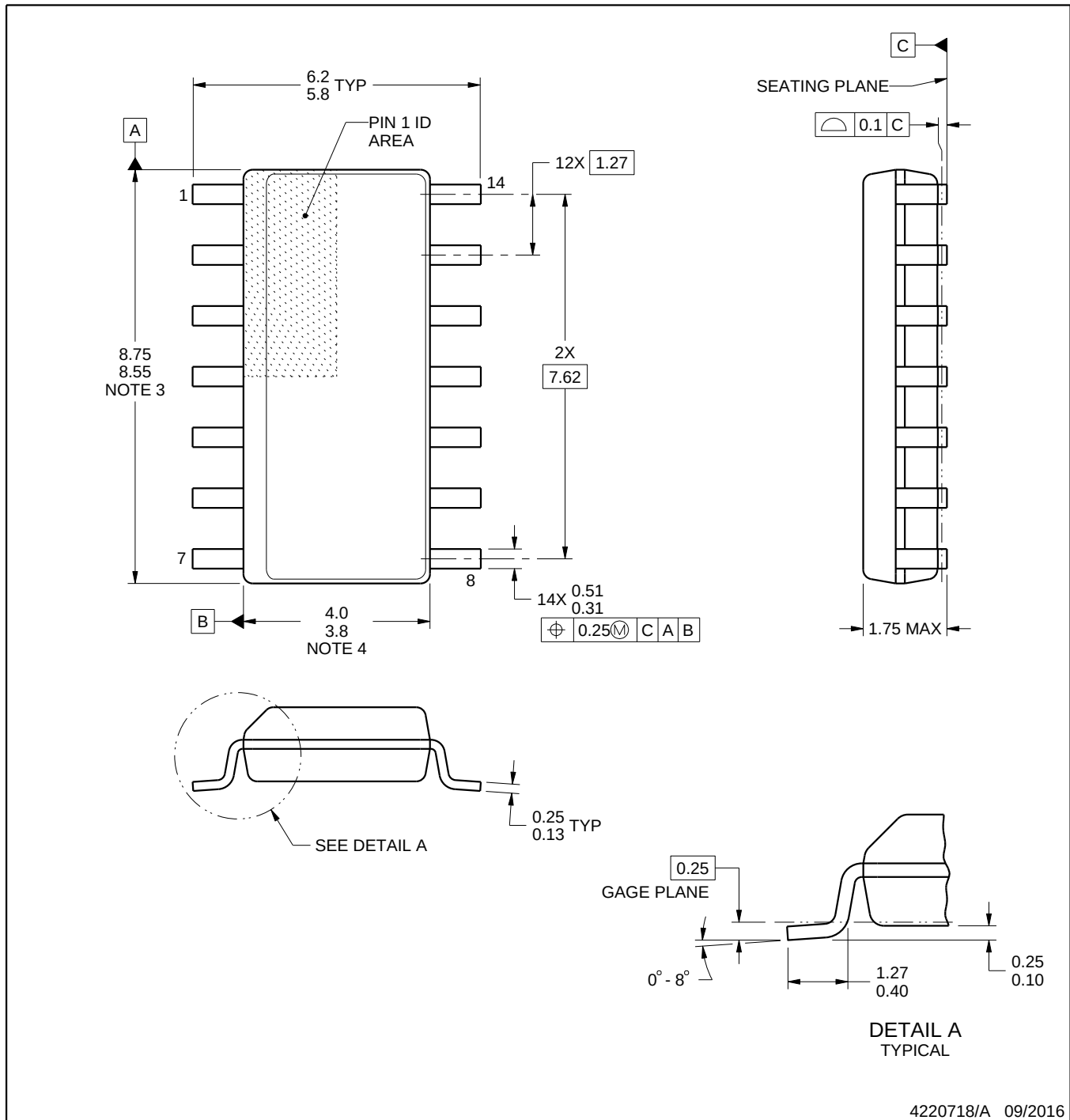


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | W (mm) | T (μm) | B (mm) |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| INA2132U    | D            | SOIC         | 14   | 50  | 506.6  | 8      | 3940   | 4.32   |
| INA2132U.A  | D            | SOIC         | 14   | 50  | 506.6  | 8      | 3940   | 4.32   |
| INA2132UA   | D            | SOIC         | 14   | 50  | 506.6  | 8      | 3940   | 4.32   |
| INA2132UA.A | D            | SOIC         | 14   | 50  | 506.6  | 8      | 3940   | 4.32   |

**D0014A****PACKAGE OUTLINE****SOIC - 1.75 mm max height**

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

**NOTES:**

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm, per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AB.

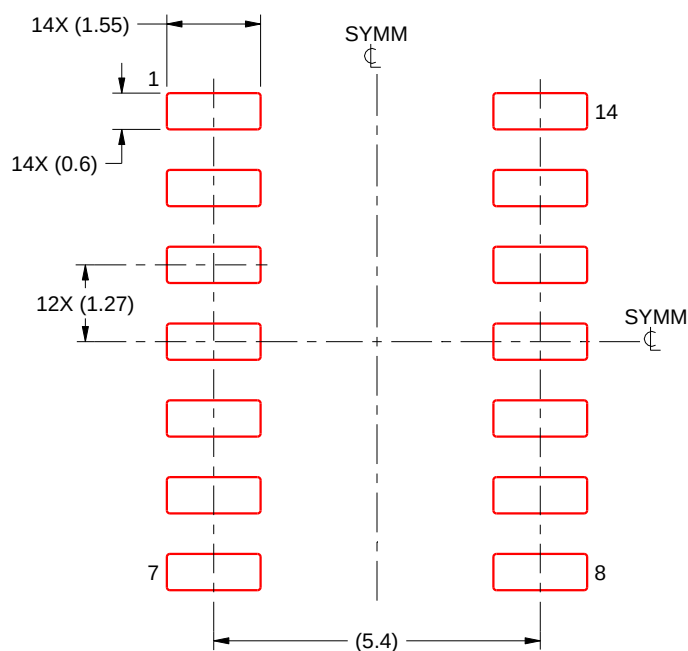


## EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0014A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:8X

4220718/A 09/2016

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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