

Low Voltage MIL-COTS Input Filter Module

Features & Benefits

- 28V Nominal input
- 99% efficiency
- EMI filtering
 - MIL-STD-461E/F, selected CE and CS tests
- Input Transient protection
 - MIL-STD-1275A/B/D/E
 - MIL-STD-704A/F (MIL-HDBK-704-8)
Normal and Abnormal Transients
- Environmental qualification
 - MIL-STD-810
 - MIL-STD-202
- Low M grade temperature rating, providing operation down to -55°C
- Output power up to 350W
- Available in chassis and PCB mount
- Small size
 - 1.76" x 1.40" x 0.36"
(44.6mm x 35.5mm x 9.2mm)

Typical Applications

- Defense
- Aerospace

Compatible Products

- Low input voltage DCM in a VIA Package
- Low input voltage ChiP^[1] DCM

Product Description

The MFM DCM Filter is a DC front-end module that provides EMI filtering and transient protection. The MFM DCM Filter enables designers using Vicor's 28V nominal input voltage VIA or ChiP^[1] modules to meet conducted emission/conducted susceptibility per MIL-STD-461E/F; and input transients per MIL-STD-704A/F, MIL-STD-1275A/B/D/E and DO-160E. The MFM DCM Filter accepts an input voltage of 16 – 50V_{DC} (28V nominal input) and delivers output power up to 350W.



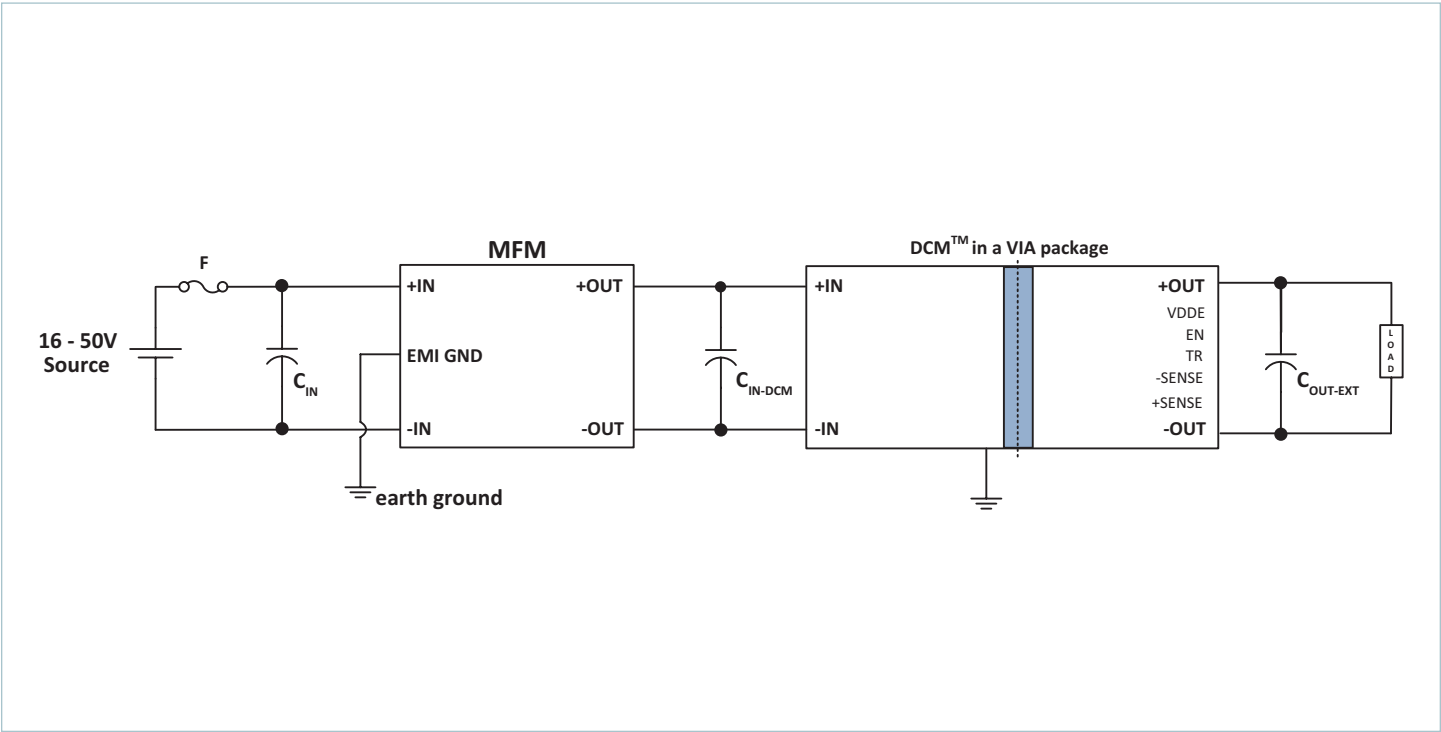
Size:
1.76 x 1.40 x 0.36in
44.6 x 35.5 x 9.2mm

^[1] Additional components are required for EMI filtering and transient suppression, when used with ChiP modules.

Part Ordering Information

| Product Function | Package Length | Package Width | Package Type | Max High Side Voltage | High Side Voltage Range Ratio | Max Low Side Voltage | Max Low Side Current | Product Grade (Case Temperature) | Option Field |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| MFM | 17 | 14 | x | 50 | M | 50 | C5 | y | zz |
| MFM = MIL-COTS Input Filter Module | Length in Inches x 10 | Width in Inches x 10 | B = Board VIA V = Chassis VIA | Internal Reference | | | | M = -55 to 100°C | 00 = Chassis 04 = Short Pin 08 = Long Pin |

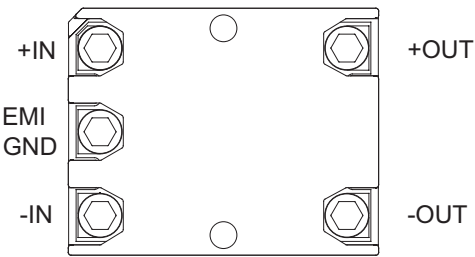
Typical Application



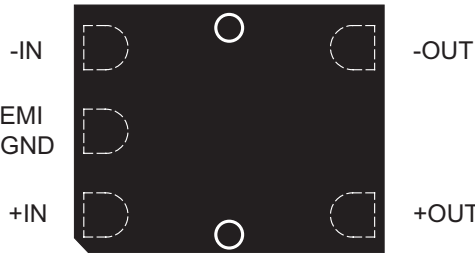
M-Grade DCM in a VIA package with a MFM input filter, to meet the EMI and transient requirements

| Parts List for Typical Applications | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| F | EATON (Cooper/Bussman) ABC series, fast acting tube fuses rated 30A Littlefuse NANO2 456 Series, surface mount fuses rated 30A |

Pin Configuration



MFM Filter in a VIA Package - Chassis (Lug) Mount - Terminals Up



MFM Filter in a VIA Package - PCB Mount - Pins Down

Note: These Pin drawings are not to scale.

Pin Descriptions

| Signal Name | Type | Function |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| +IN | INPUT POWER | Positive input power terminal |
| –IN | INPUT POWER RETURN | Negative input power terminal |
| EMI GND | EMI GROUND | EMI ground terminal |
| +OUT | OUTPUT POWER | Positive output power terminal |
| –OUT | OUTPUT POWER RETURN | Negative output power terminal |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings below are stress ratings only. Operation at or beyond these maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating beyond rated operating conditions.

| Parameter | Comments | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| Input Voltage (+IN to -IN) | Continuous | -0.5 | 65.0 | V _{DC} |
| | Transient per MIL-STD-1275D/E, 50ms | | 100 | |
| | Transient per MIL-STD-1275A/B/D, 70μs | | 250 | |
| | Transient per DO-160E, 100ms | | 80 | |
| Output Voltage (+OUT to -OUT) | | -0.5 | 65.0 | V _{DC} |
| Dielectric Withstand (Input/Output to EMI GND/Case) | | | 1500 | V _{DC} |
| Storage Temperature | M-Grade | -65 | 125 | °C |
| Internal Operating Temperature | M-Grade | -55 | 125 | °C |
| Average Output Current | | | 22 | A |
| Input/Output Pin Torque and Mounting Torque | | | 4 (0.45) | in-lbs (N-m) |

Electrical Specifications

Specifications apply over all line and load conditions, unless otherwise noted; **boldface** specifications apply over the temperature range of -55°C ≤ T_{CASE} ≤ 100°C (M-Grade); all other specifications are at T_{CASE} = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|---|-------------|------|-------------|-----------------|
| Power Input / Output Specification | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage Range ^[2] | V _{IN} | Continuous operation | 16 | 28 | 50 | V |
| | | Transient per MIL-STD-1275D/E, 50ms | | | 100 | |
| | | Transient per MIL-STD-1275A/B/D, 70μs | | | 250 | |
| | | Transient per DO-160E, 100ms | | | 80 | |
| Maximum Output Current ^[3] | I _{OUT_MAX} | Continuous, at V _{OUT} = 16V (I _{OUT} = P _{OUT} /V _{IN}) | | | 22 | A |
| Rated Output Power ^[3] | P _{OUT} | Continuous, over all line conditions | | | 350 | W |
| Internal Voltage Drop | | @16V, 22A, 100°C baseplate | | | 0.65 | V _{DC} |
| Efficiency | η | Full load, low line, high temperature | 97.7 | 98 | 98.2 | % |
| | | Full load, nominal line, high temperature | 99.2 | 99.4 | | % |
| | | Full load, high line, high temperature | 99.7 | 99.8 | | % |

^[2] Transient immunity specifications are met only when LV MFM is used with M-grade 16-50V_{IN} DCM in a VIA package.

^[3] One MFM for each DCM even if the total power of the DCM is below P_{OUT} maximum value.

EMI/EMC

| Standard | Test Procedure | Notes |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | | |
| MIL-STD-461E/F | | |
| Conducted Emmisions | CE101 | Figure CE101-4, Navy ASW & Army Aircraft, Curve #2 (28V _{DC} or below) |
| | CE102 | Figure CE102-1, Basic curve for all applications |
| Conducted Susceptibility | CS101 | Figure CS101, Curve #2, for all applications (28V _{DC} or below) |
| | | |
| MIL-STD-1275 | | |
| Transient Immunity ^[4] | MIL-STD-1275A/B/D/E | 100V _{DC} for 50ms duration |
| | | 250V _{DC} for 70μs |
| | | |
| MIL-STD-704 | | |
| Transient Immunity ^[4] | MIL-STD-704A (MIL-HDBK-704-8) Normal Voltage Transients | From table LDC 105-II (A-J) overvoltage 70V _{DC} for 20ms duration; within the MIL-STD-1275 (100V for 50ms) transient condition |
| | MIL-STD-704B/C/D/E/F (MIL-HDBK-704-8) Normal Voltage Transients | From table LDC 105-III (AA-RR) overvoltage 50V _{DC} for 12.5ms duration, undervoltage 18V _{DC} for 15ms duration; within the normal operating input voltage range |
| | MIL-STD-704A (MIL-HDBK-704-8) Abnormal Voltage Transients | From table LDC 302-II (A-J) overvoltage 80V _{DC} for 50ms duration; within the MIL-STD-1275 (100V for 50ms) transient condition |
| | MIL-STD-704E/F (MIL-HDBK-704-8) Abnormal Voltage Transients | From Table LDC 302-IV (AAA-FFF), overvoltage test conditions; within the normal operating input voltage range |
| | | |
| DO-160E | | |
| Transient Immunity ^[4] | DO-160E sec. 16, cat. z | 80V _{DC} for 100ms |

^[4] Transient immunity specifications are met only when LV MFM is used with M-grade 16-50V_{IN} DCM in a VIA package.

Typical Characteristics

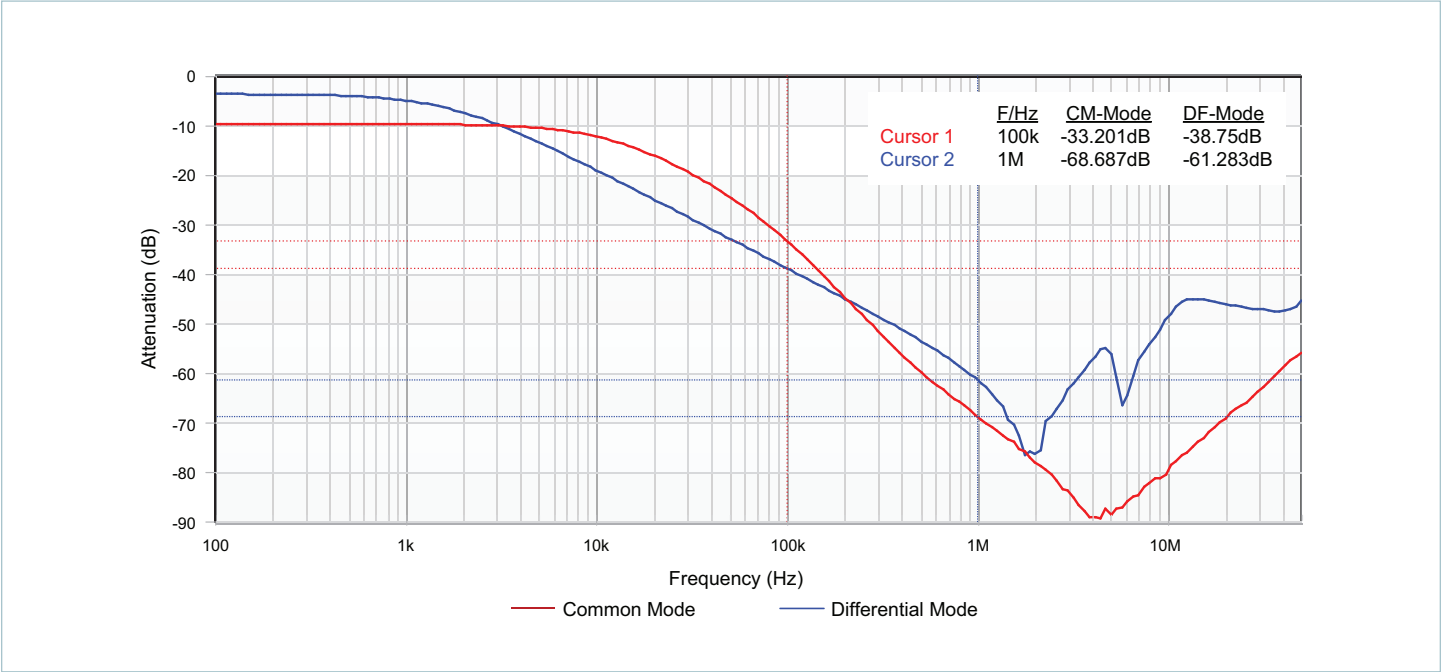


Figure 1 — Attenuation (dB) vs. Frequency (Hz), input leads are terminated with LISN impedances 25Ω for common mode, 100Ω for differential mode

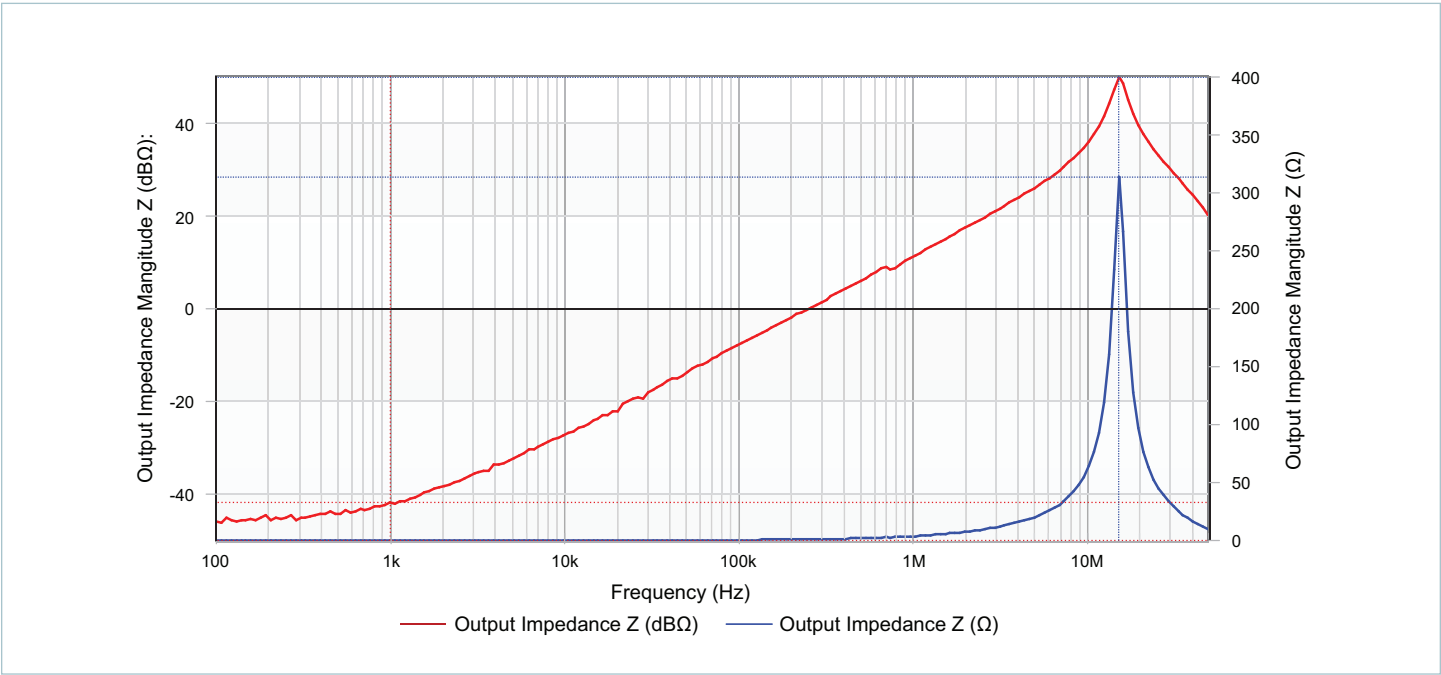


Figure 2 — Output Impedance vs. Frequency (Hz) plot looking back into the output terminals of the MFM with shorted input terminals

Typical Conducted Emissions

CE101 peak scans with MFM1714V50M50C5M00 and DCM3414V50M31C2T01, -OUT connected to GND, -OUT floating.

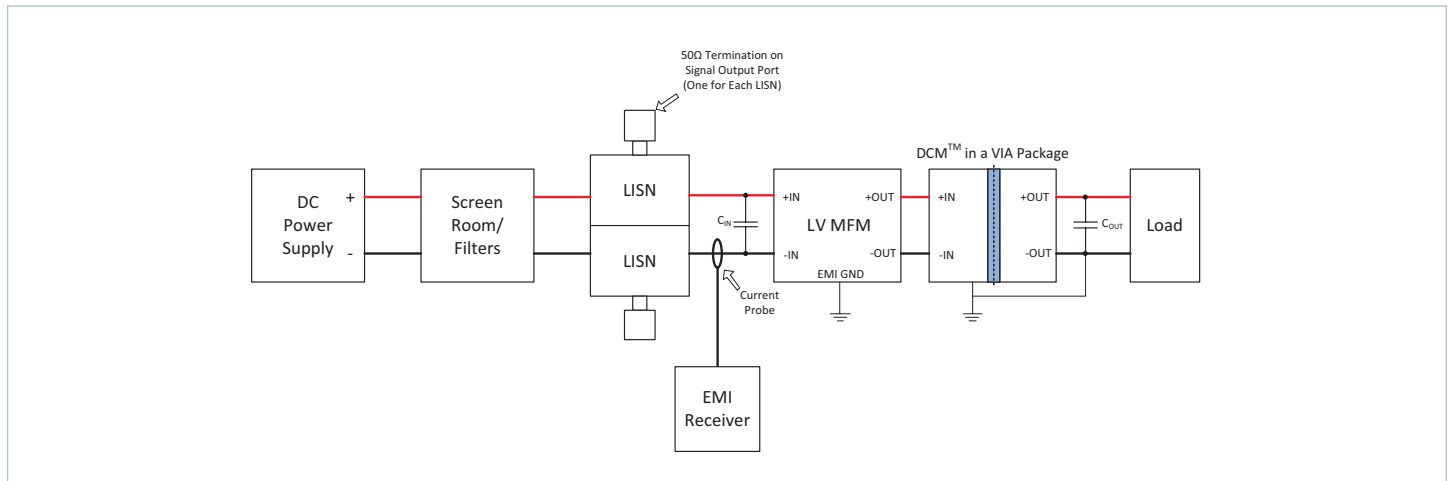


Figure 3 — A typical test setup for conducted emissions CE101 is shown above. A current probe is used to measure and plot the variations in the current through the RED and BLACK leads at various load conditions.

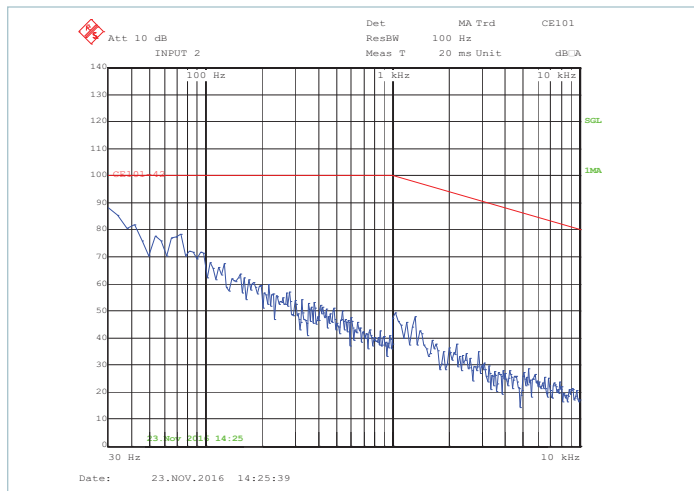


Figure 4 — Peak scan for the RED lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 0% load

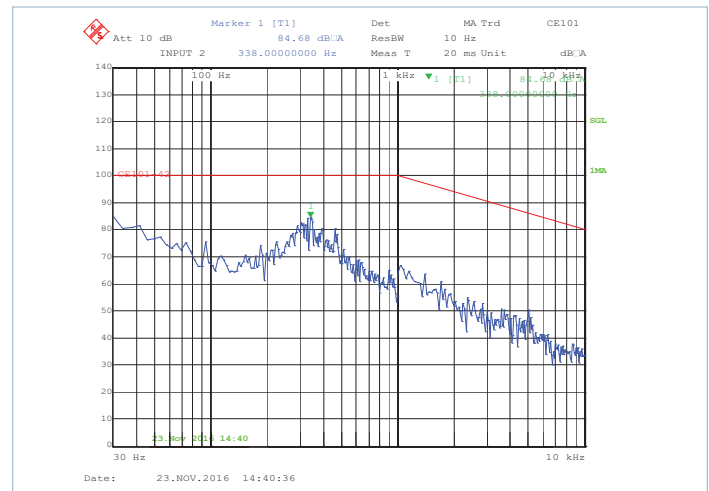


Figure 5 — Peak scan for the RED lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 100% load

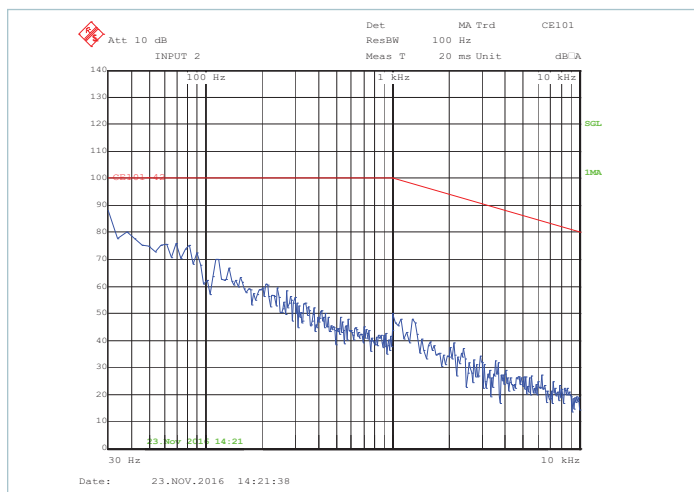


Figure 6 — Peak scan for the BLACK lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 0% load

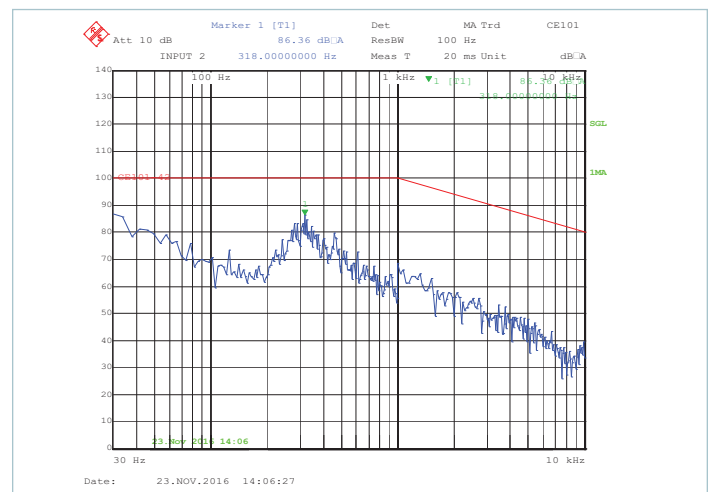


Figure 7 — Peak scan for the BLACK lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 100% load

Typical Conducted Emissions (Cont.)

CE102 peak scans with MFM1714V50M50C5M00 and DCM3414V50M31C2T01, -OUT connected to GND, -OUT floating.

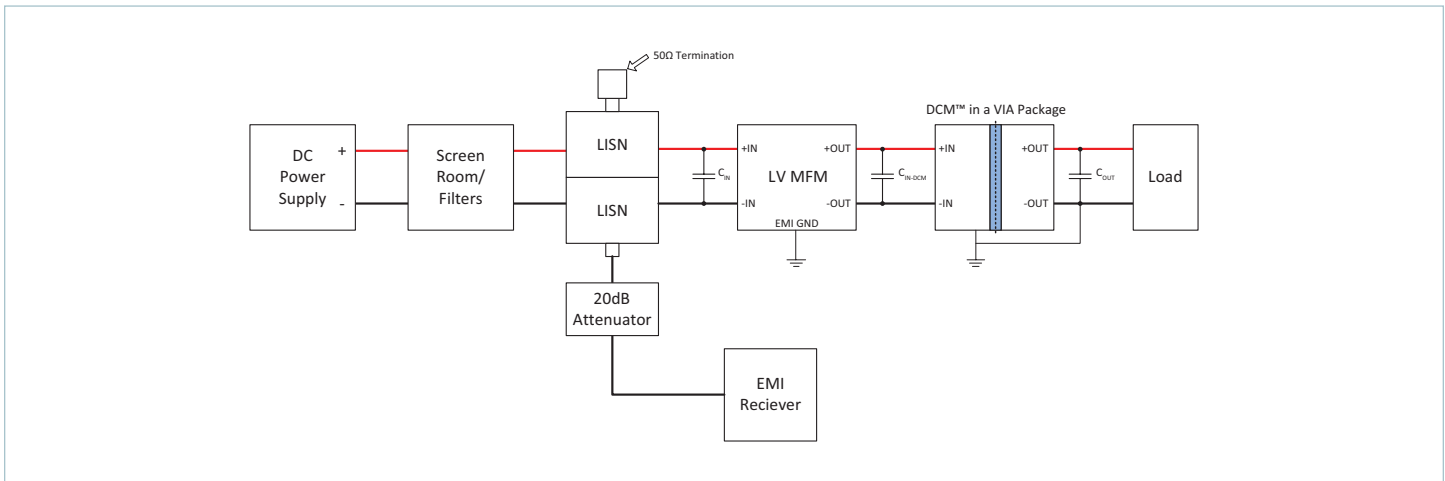


Figure 8 — A typical test setup for conducted emissions CE102 is shown above. A 50Ω termination is used for LISN and voltage across the RED and BLACK leads are measured at various load conditions.

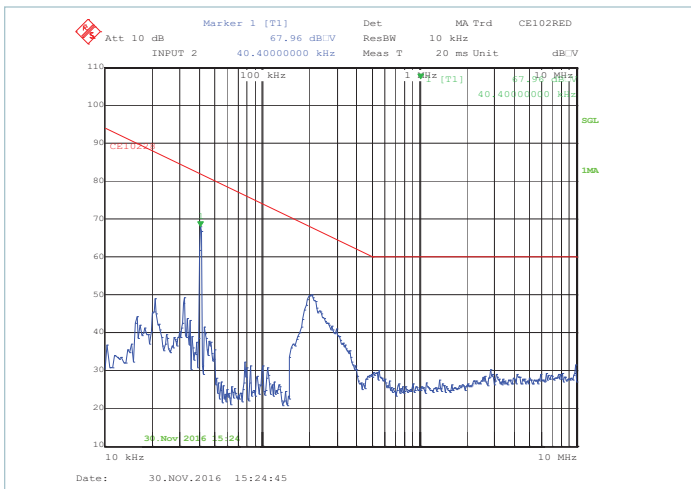


Figure 9 — Peak scan for the RED lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{IN-DCM} = 1000\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 0% load

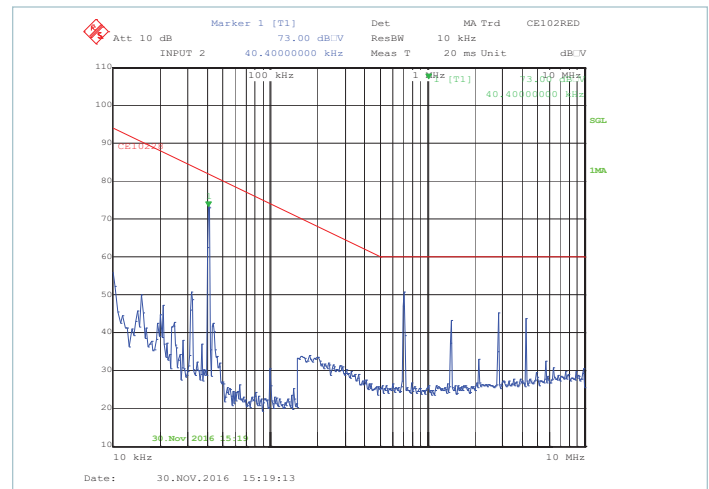


Figure 10 — Peak scan for the RED lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{IN-DCM} = 1000\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 100% load

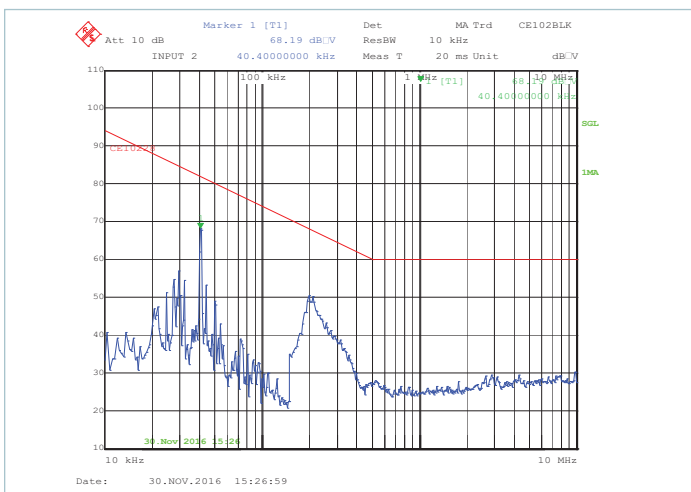


Figure 11 — Peak scan for the BLACK lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{IN-DCM} = 1000\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 0% load

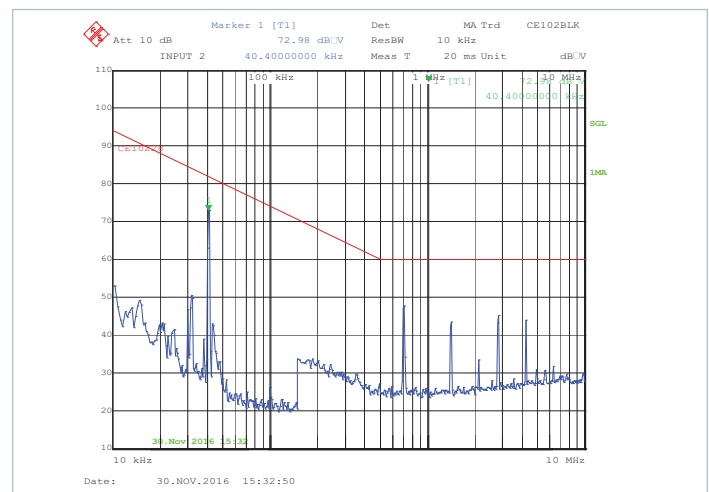


Figure 12 — Peak scan for the BLACK lead with $C_{IN} = 2200\mu F$, $C_{IN-DCM} = 1000\mu F$, $C_{OUT-EXT} = 1000\mu F$, 100% load

Electrical Power Characteristics

Transient immunity with MFM1714V50M50C5M00 and DCM3414V50M13C2M01 per MIL-STD-1275D/E.

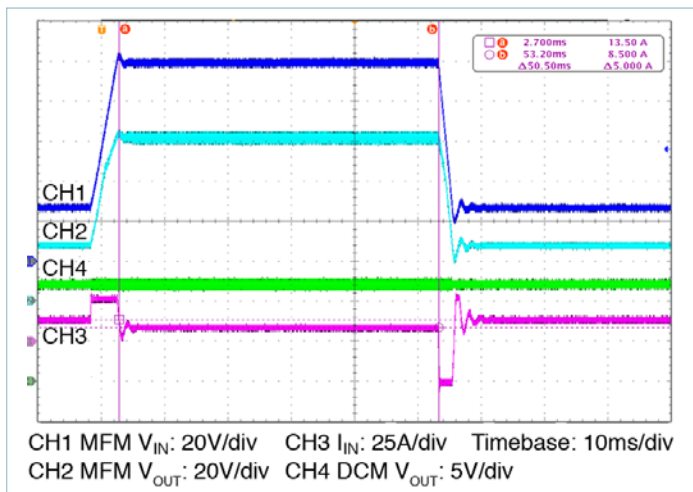


Figure 13 — Transient immunity; LV MFM and DCM 3414 VIA output response to an 100V, 50ms input transient

General Characteristics

Specifications apply over all line and load conditions, $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted; **boldface** specifications apply over the temperature range of the specified product grade.

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Mechanical | | | | | | |
| Length | L | | | 44.6 / [1.76] | | mm / [in] |
| Width | W | | | 35.5 / [1.39] | | mm / [in] |
| Height | H | | | 9.22 / [0.36] | | mm / [in] |
| Volume | Vol | Without heatsink | | 14.5 / [0.88] | | cm ³ / [in ³] |
| Mass (Weight) | M | | | 30 / [1.06] | | g / [oz] |
| Pin Material | | C145 copper, 1/2 hard | | | | |
| Underplate | | Low stress ductile Nickel | 50 | | 100 | μin |
| Pin Finish | | Palladium | 0.8 | | 6 | μin |
| | | Soft Gold | 0.12 | | 2 | |
| Flatness | | | | | <0.25 / [0.010] | mm / [in] |
| Thermal | | | | | | |
| Internal Operating Temperature | | M-Grade | -55 | | 125 | °C |
| Case Temperature | | M-Grade | -55 | | 100 | |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Bottom | $\theta_{\text{INT_BOT}}$ | | | 14.29 | | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Output Terminals | $\theta_{\text{INT_OUT_TERMINALS}}$ | | | 4.68 | | °C/W |
| Soldering | | | | | | |
| Temperature | | See: AN:401 PCB Mount VIA Soldering Guidelines | | | | |
| Reliability | | | | | | |
| MTBF | | MIL-HDBK-217FN2 Parts Count - 25°C Ground Benign, Stationary, Indoors / Computer | 6.6 | | | MHrs |
| Safety | | | | | | |
| Dielectric Withstand | | Input / Output to EMI GND/Case | 1500 | | | V _{DC} |
| Agency Approvals / Standards | | | | | | |
| | | CE marked to the Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU | | | | |

Environmental Qualification

| Testing Activity | Reference Standard | Test Details |
|--|--------------------|---|
| HTOB-HTOL High Temperature Operating Bias/Life | JESD22-A110-B | Duration of 1000 hrs, High Line, full load, max operating temperature, Power cycled per IPC9592 |
| TC (Temperature Cycling) | JESD22-A104D | 1000 cycles -55°C to 125°C |
| HALT (Highly Accelerated Life Test) | DP-0266 | Low Temp, High Temp, Rapid Thermal Cycling, Random Vibration Test, Combined Stress Test |
| THB (Temperature Humidity Bias) | JESD22-A101C | Duration of 1000hrs, Biased, 85°C, 85%RH. |
| HTS (High Temperature Storage) | JESD 22-A103-D | Duration 1000hrs, No Bias. Maximum storage temperature (125°C) |
| LTS (Low Temperature Storage) | JESD22-A119 | Duration 1000hrs, No Bias. Minimum storage temperature (-65°C) |
| Random Vibration | MIL-STD-810G | Method 514.6, Procedure I, Category 24, Mounted on QA |
| Mechanical Shock | MIL-STD-810G | Method 516.5, Procedure I, Environment: Functional shock 40G, Mounted on QA |
| Electro Static Discharge Human Body Model | JEDEC JS-001-2012 | Table 2B, Class 2, $\pm 2000V$ minimum |
| Electro Static Discharge Device Charge Model | JESD22-C101-E | Class III $\pm 500V$ minimum |
| Free Fall | IPC9592B | IEC 60068-2-32, Freefall procedure 1 |
| Term Strength | MIL-STD-202G | Method 211A, Test Condition A, Environment: Ambient Temperature & %Rh. |
| Through Hole Solderability | IPC-9592B | IPC/ECA J-STD-002 Test A (dip and look) |
| Salt Fog | MIL-STD-810G | Method 509.5 |
| Fungus | MIL-STD-810G | Method 508.6 |
| Resistance to solvents | MIL-STD-202G | Method 215K |
| Acceleration | MIL-STD-810G | Method 513.6 Procedure II |
| Altitude | MIL-STD-810G | Method 500.5 Procedure I & II |
| Explosive Atmosphere | MIL-STD-810G | Method 511.5 Procedure I, operational |

Thermal Considerations

The customer needs to insure that the LV MFM is operated such that the internal components are kept within the maximum of the operating temperature range by monitoring/controlling the temperature of both the bottom plastic housing and the output terminals. To assist the customer, Vicor provides the simplified thermal circuit model of the LV MFM shown below in Figure 14. In this thermal circuit model, thermal resistance in units of $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ is analogous to electrical resistance, temperature in $^{\circ}\text{C}$ is analogous to voltage, and the rate of heat transferred in W is analogous to current. The maximum internal temperature of the LV MFM can be estimated by the customer based on total power dissipated by the MFM, the temperature maintained on the bottom of the housing, and the temperature of the output terminals.

In the example shown in Figure 14, the bottom of the plastic housing is maintained by the customer at 70°C , the output terminals are measured to be about 100°C , and the LV MFM is dissipating 9W of heat. The resultant maximum internal temperature of the LV MFM can then be estimated at 124°C , which is close to the maximum in the operating temperature range. 4W of power is conducted through the lower housing, and the balance of 5W is conducted through the output terminals.

The LV MFM is best attached to a material with a high thermal conductivity (e.g., aluminum or copper) to maintain temperature uniformity across the bottom plastic housing.

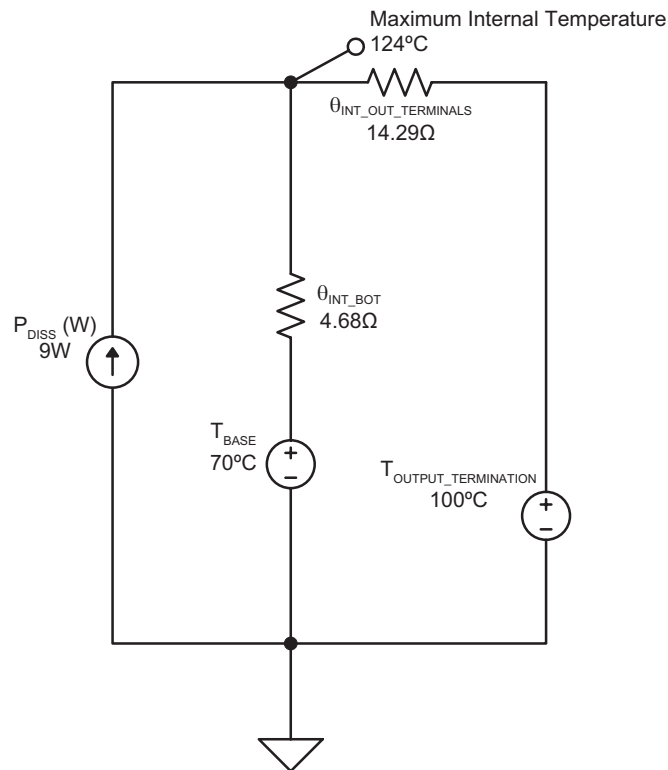
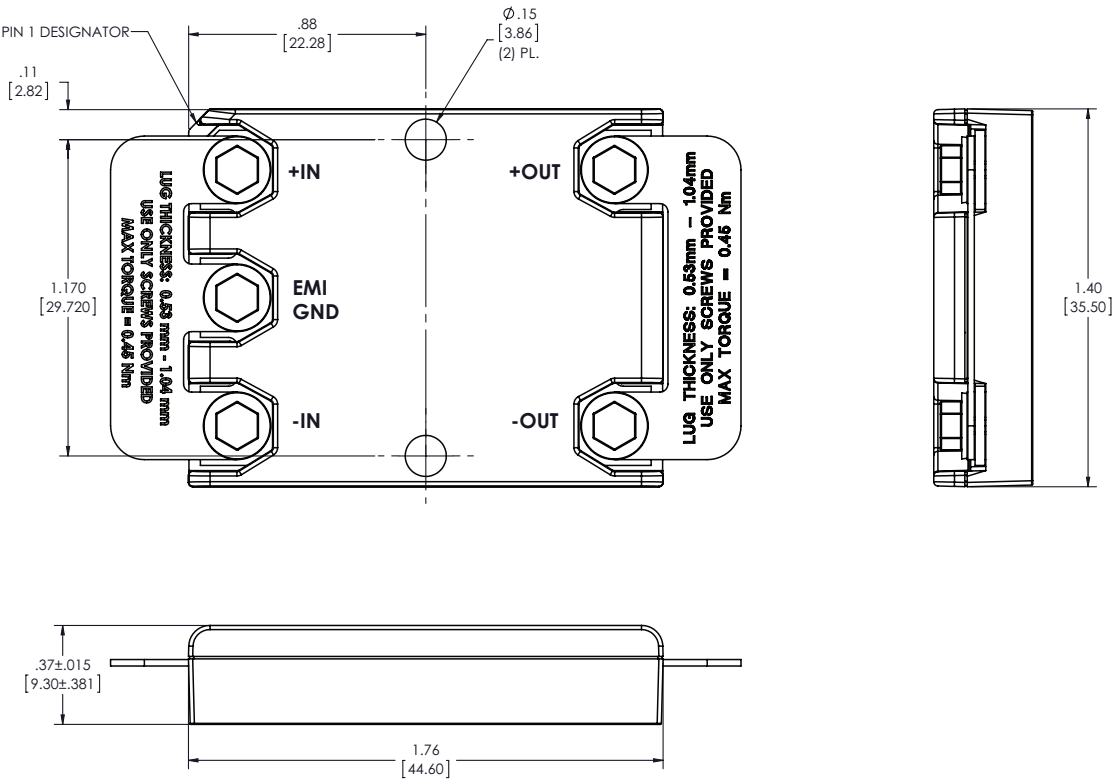


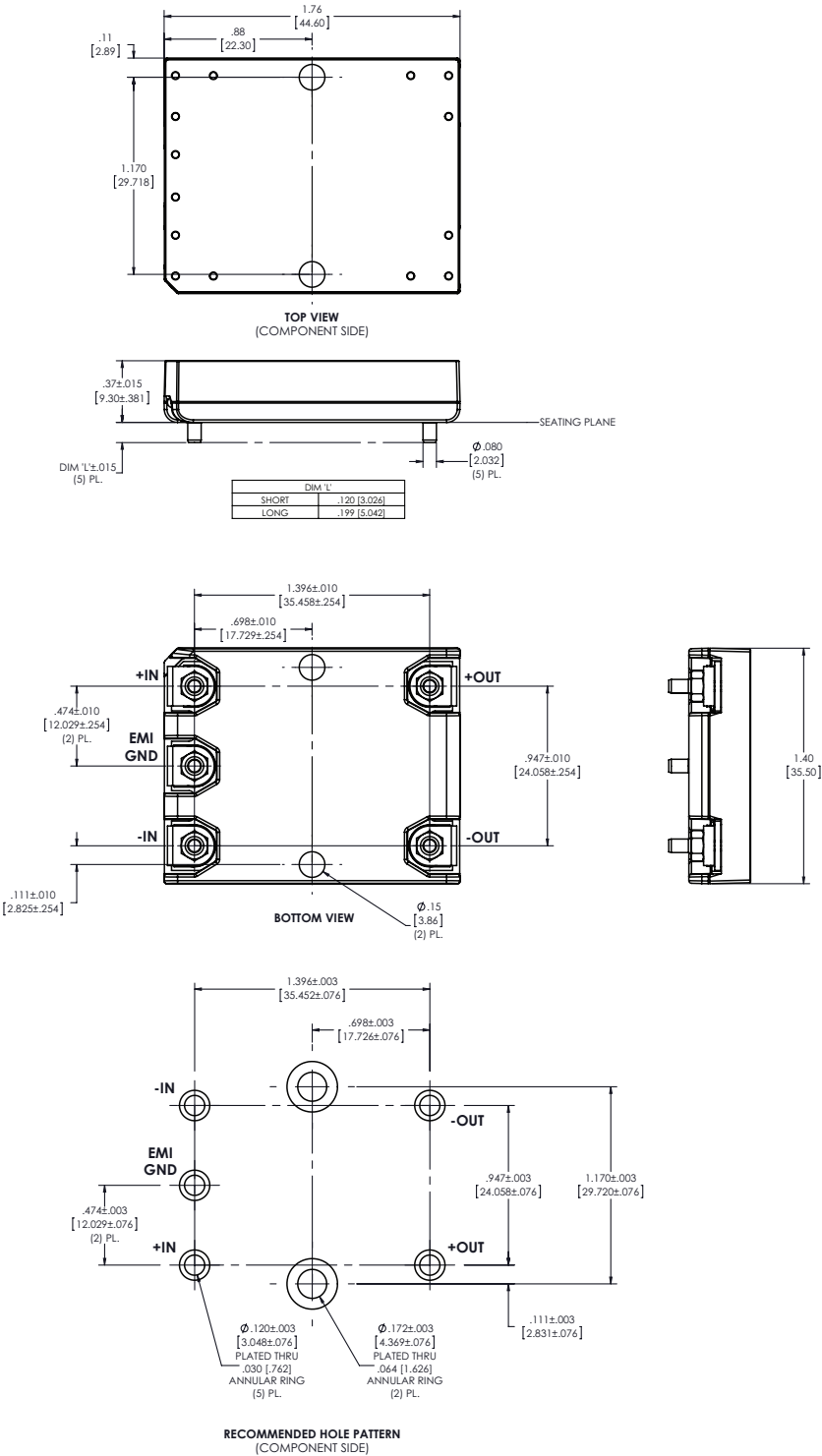
Figure 14 — LV MFM thermal model

Chassis Mount Outline Drawing



NOTE:
1. RoHS COMPLIANT PER CST-0001 LATEST REVISION

Board Mount Outline Drawing



Revision History

| Revision | Date | Description | Page Number(s) |
|----------|----------|--|----------------------|
| 1.0 | 06/07/17 | Initial Release | n/a |
| 1.1 | 07/26/17 | Added fuse recommendation for typical application & removed MOV Updated internal operating temperature Updated note on CE scans for –OUT floating Updated MTBF rating | 2 4 7, 8 10 |

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