

MOSFET

Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor

OptiMOS™

OptiMOS™ 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V
IPP052N08N5

Data Sheet

Rev. 2.0
Final

1 Description

Features

- Ideal for high frequency switching and sync. rec.
- Excellent gate charge x $R_{DS(on)}$ product (FOM)
- Very low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$
- N-channel, normal level
- 100% avalanche tested
- Pb-free plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21

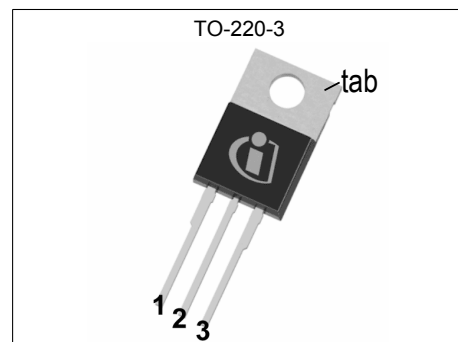
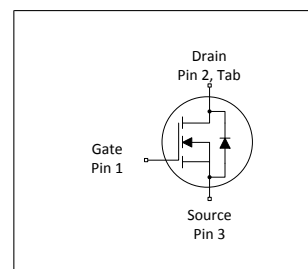


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DS}	80	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	5.2	mΩ
I_D	80	A
Q_{oss}	51	nC
$Q_G(0V..10V)$	42	nC



Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPP052N08N5	PG-TO220-3	052N08N5	-

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

Table of Contents

Description	2
Maximum ratings	4
Thermal characteristics	4
Electrical characteristics	5
Electrical characteristics diagrams	7
Package Outlines	11
Revision History	12
Disclaimer	12

2 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current	I_D	-	-	80 78	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$ $T_C=100\text{ °C}$
Pulsed drain current ¹⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	320	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse ²⁾	E_{AS}	-	-	84	mJ	$I_D=80\text{ A}$, $R_{GS}=25\text{ }\Omega$
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	-
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	125	W	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55	-	175	°C	IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1: 55/175/56

3 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	0.9	1.2	K/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, minimal footprint	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	K/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, 6 cm ² cooling area ³⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	40	K/W	-
Soldering temperature, wave and reflow soldering are allowed	T_{sld}	-	-	260	°C	reflow MSL1

¹⁾ See figure 3 for more detailed information

²⁾ See figure 13 for more detailed information

³⁾ Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

4 Electrical characteristics

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	80	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $I_D=1\text{ mA}$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.2	3.0	3.8	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=66\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	0.1 10	1 100	μA	$V_{DS}=80\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=80\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_J=125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	1	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	4.6 6.0	5.2 6.9	m Ω	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$ $V_{GS}=6\text{ V}$, $I_D=40\text{ A}$
Gate resistance ¹⁾	R_G	-	1.1	1.7	Ω	-
Transconductance	g_{fs}	52	104	-	S	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics¹⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	2900	3770	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=40\text{ V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	490	637	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=40\text{ V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	-	23	40	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=40\text{ V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	17	-	ns	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $R_{G,ext}=1.6\text{ }\Omega$
Rise time	t_r	-	7	-	ns	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $R_{G,ext}=1.6\text{ }\Omega$
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	27	-	ns	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $R_{G,ext}=1.6\text{ }\Omega$
Fall time	t_f	-	7	-	ns	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $R_{G,ext}=1.6\text{ }\Omega$

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics²⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	15	-	nC	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate to drain charge ¹⁾	Q_{gd}	-	9.4	14	nC	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Switching charge	Q_{sw}	-	16	-	nC	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate charge total ¹⁾	Q_g	-	42	53	nC	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.2	-	V	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $I_D=80\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate charge total, sync. FET	$Q_{g(sync)}$	-	36	-	nC	$V_{DS}=0.1\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Output charge ¹⁾	Q_{oss}	-	51	68	nC	$V_{DD}=40\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$

¹⁾ Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

²⁾ See "Gate charge waveforms" for parameter definition

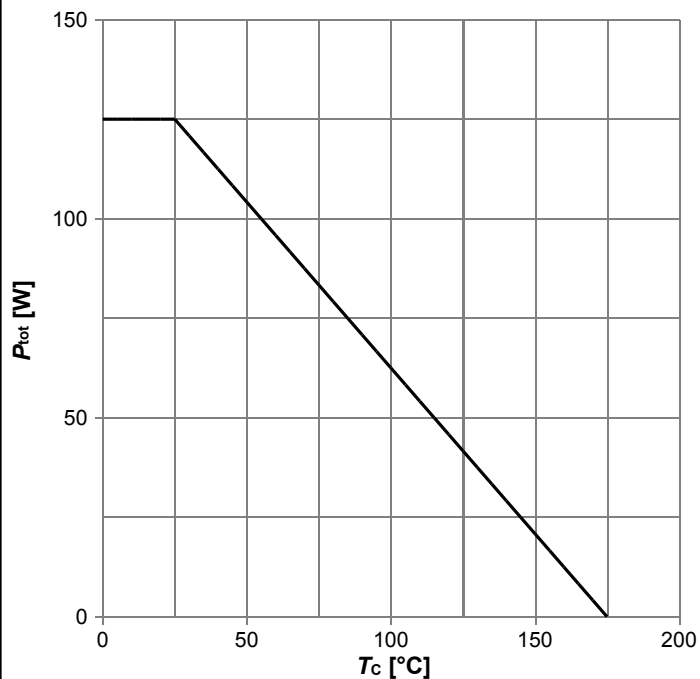
Table 7 Reverse diode

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode continuous forward current	I_S	-	-	80	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	320	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	1.0	1.2	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $I_F=80\text{ A}$, $T_J=25\text{ °C}$
Reverse recovery time ¹⁾	t_{rr}	-	56	112	ns	$V_R=40\text{ V}$, $I_F=80\text{ A}$, $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
Reverse recovery charge ¹⁾	Q_{rr}	-	92	184	nC	$V_R=40\text{ V}$, $I_F=80\text{ A}$, $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

¹⁾ Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

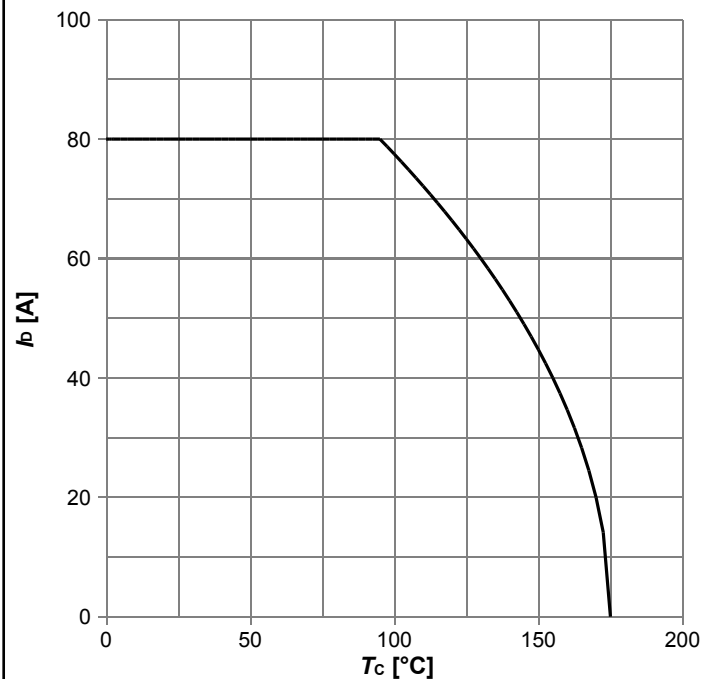
5 Electrical characteristics diagrams

Diagram 1: Power dissipation



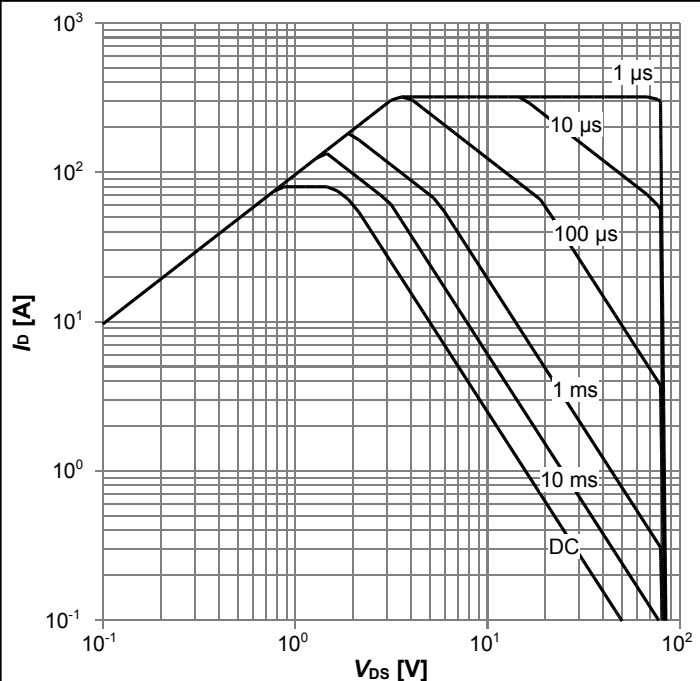
$$P_{tot}=f(T_c)$$

Diagram 2: Drain current



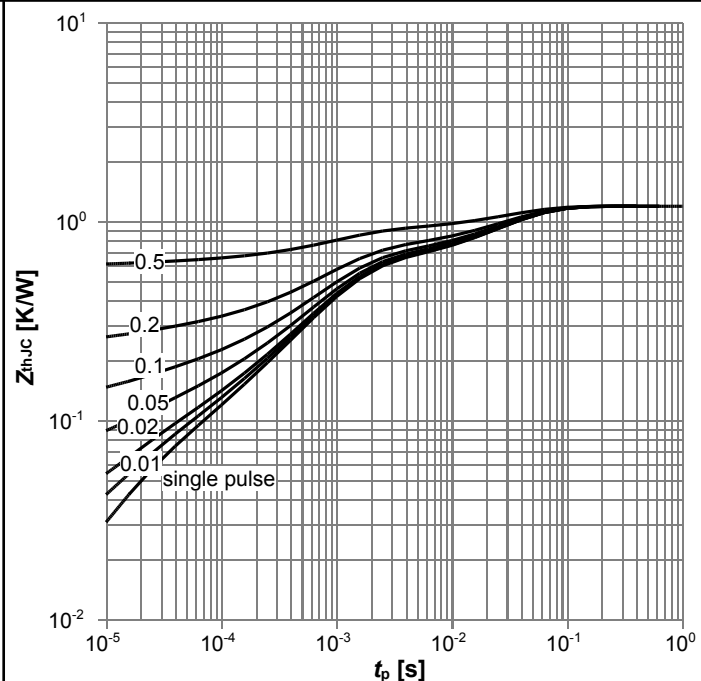
$$I_D=f(T_c); V_{GS} \geq 10 \text{ V}$$

Diagram 3: Safe operating area



$$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_c=25 \text{ °C}; D=0; \text{ parameter: } t_p$$

Diagram 4: Max. transient thermal impedance



$$Z_{thJC}=f(t_p); \text{ parameter: } D=t_p/T$$

Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics

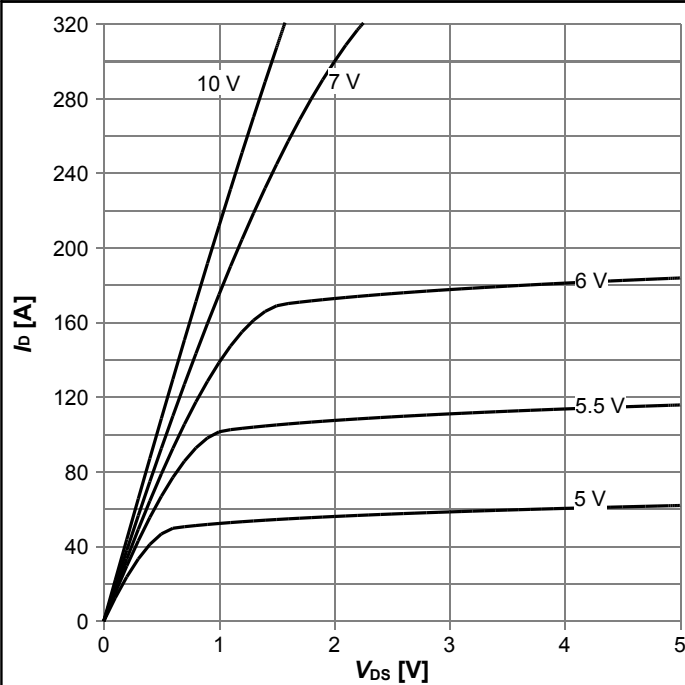

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 6: Typ. drain-source on resistance

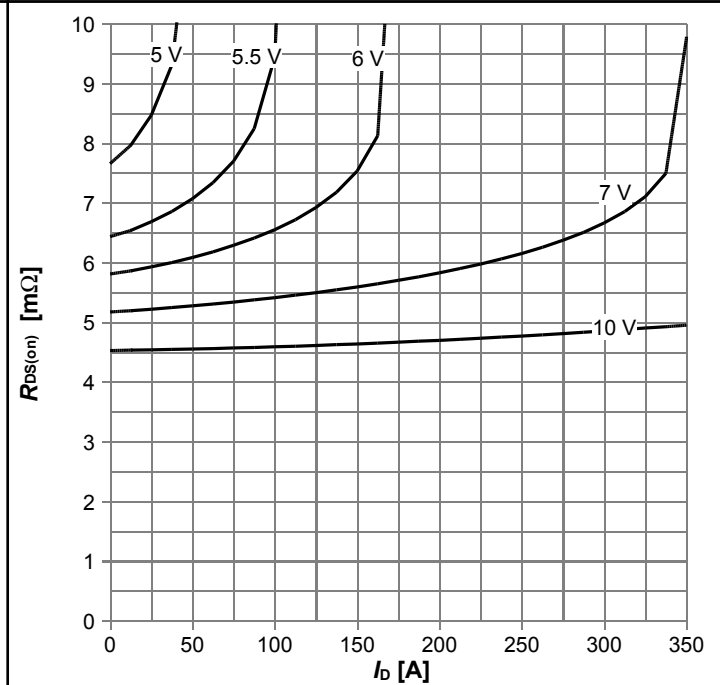

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 7: Typ. transfer characteristics

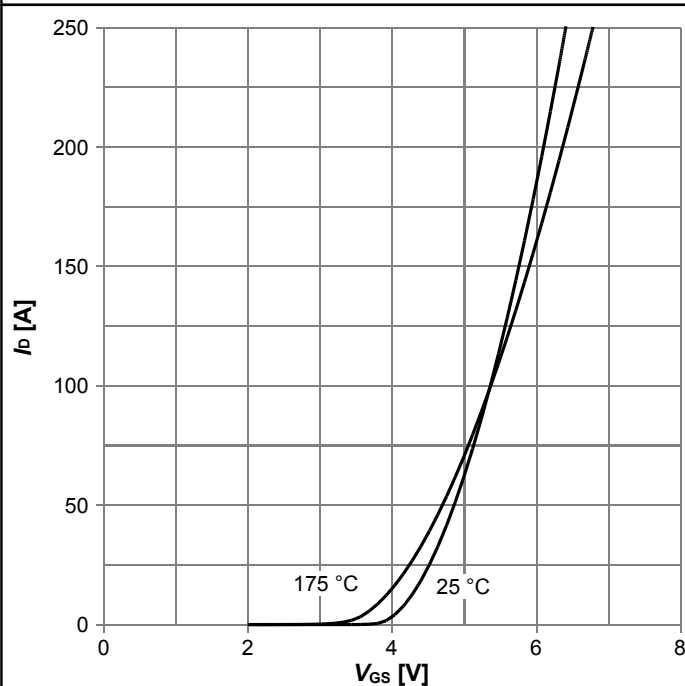

 $I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}; \text{parameter: } T_j$

Diagram 8: Typ. forward transconductance

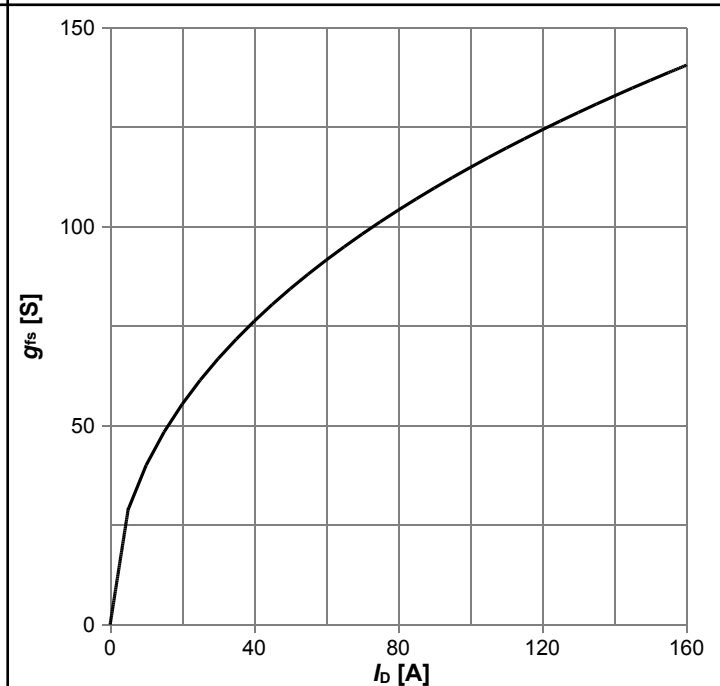
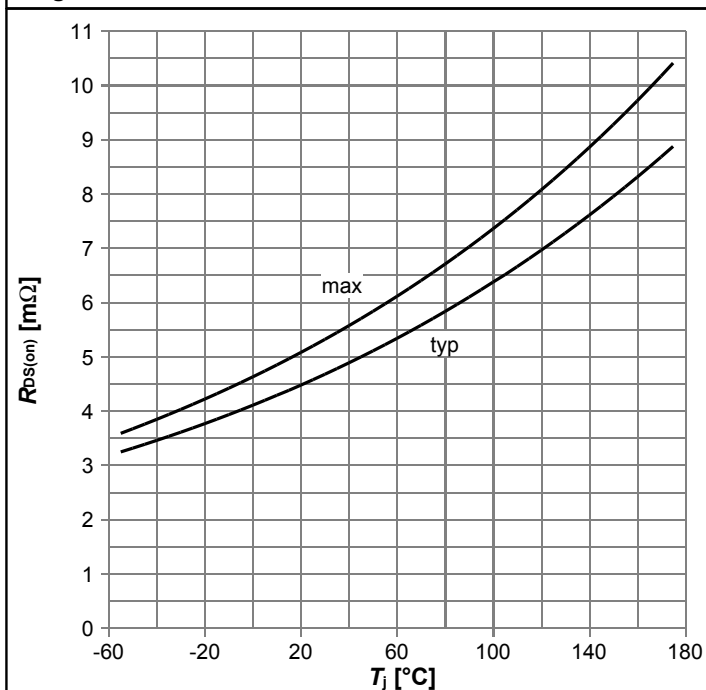
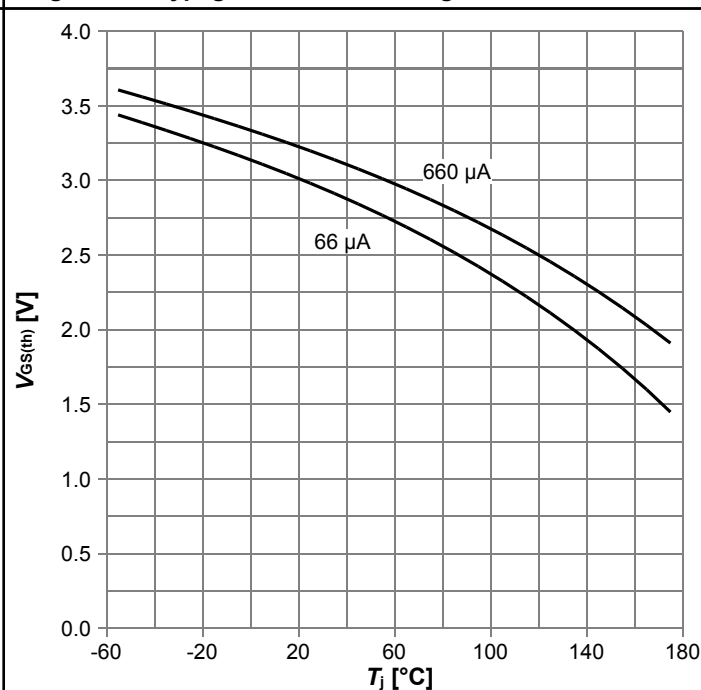

 $g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Diagram 9: Drain-source on-state resistance



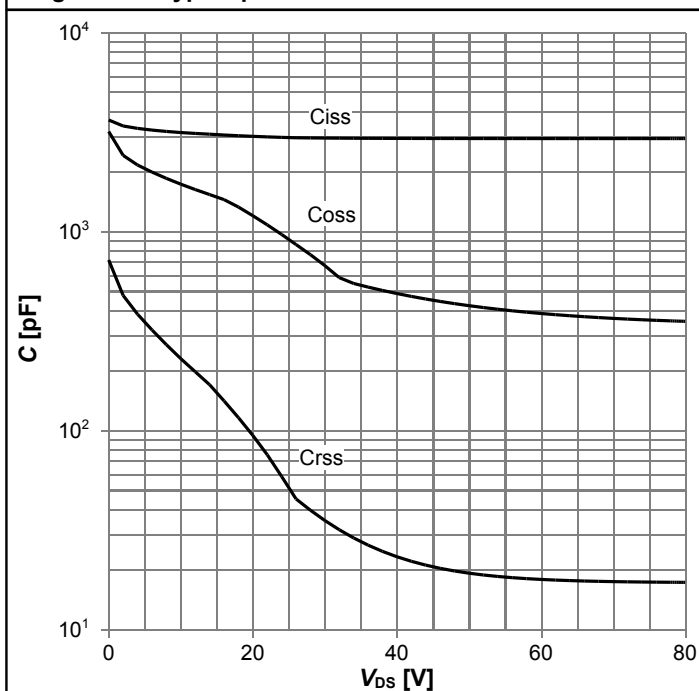
$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 80 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$

Diagram 10: Typ. gate threshold voltage



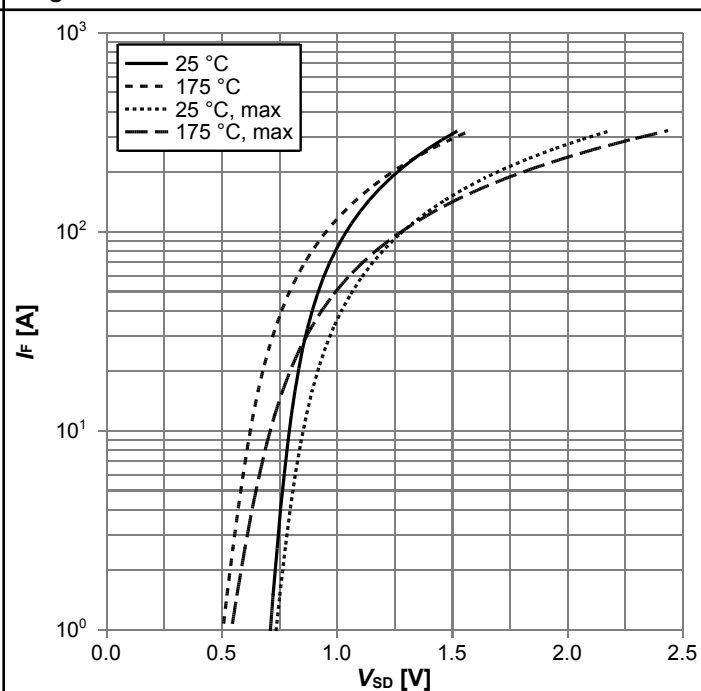
$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j); V_{GS} = V_{DS}; \text{parameter: } I_D$$

Diagram 11: Typ. capacitances



$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

Diagram 12: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



$$I_F = f(V_{SD}); \text{parameter: } T_j$$

Diagram 13: Avalanche characteristics

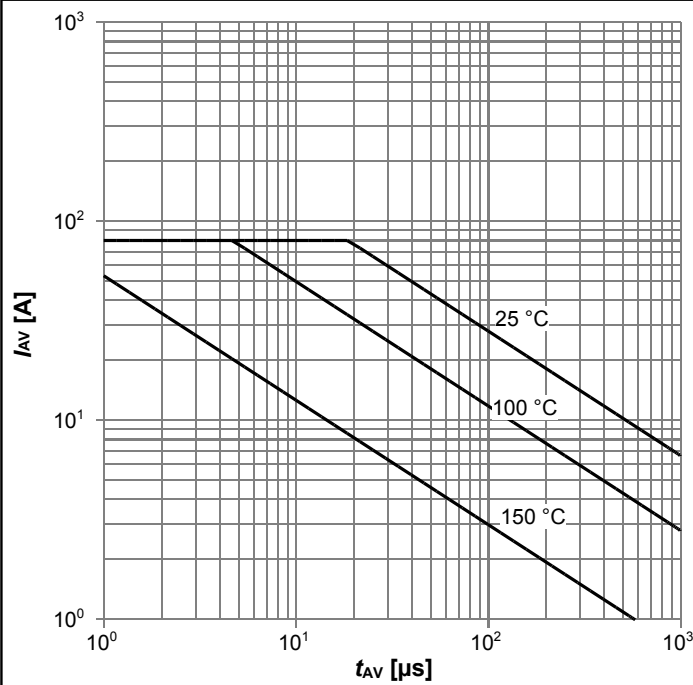

 $I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25\ \Omega; \text{parameter: } T_{j(\text{start})}$

Diagram 14: Typ. gate charge

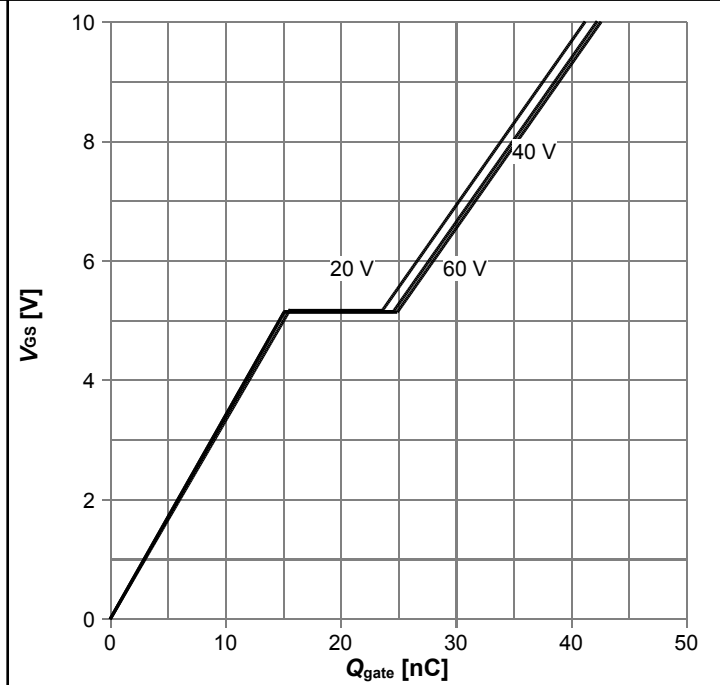
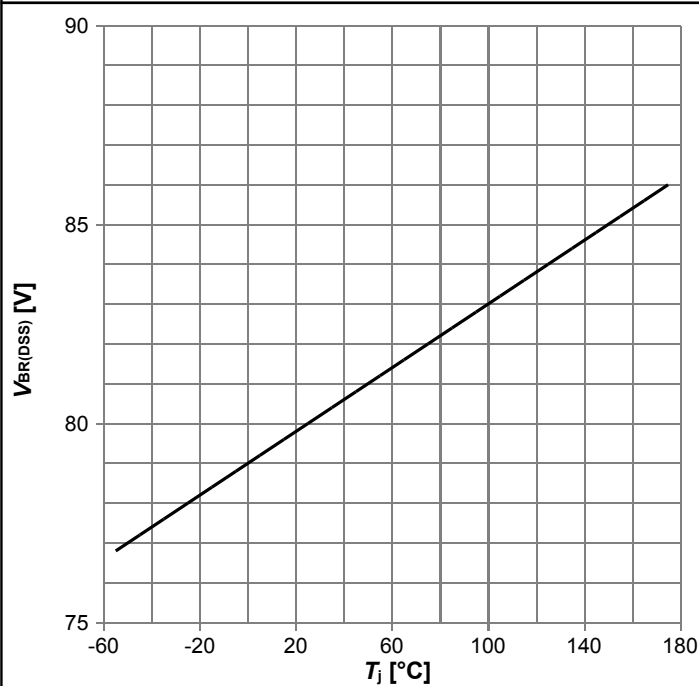
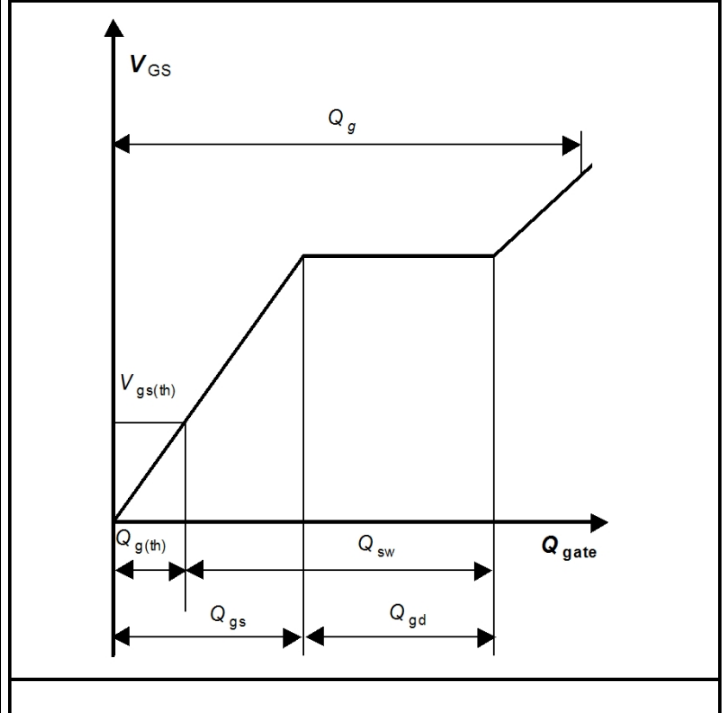

 $V_{GS}=f(Q_{\text{gate}}); I_D=80\ \text{A pulsed}; \text{parameter: } V_{DD}$

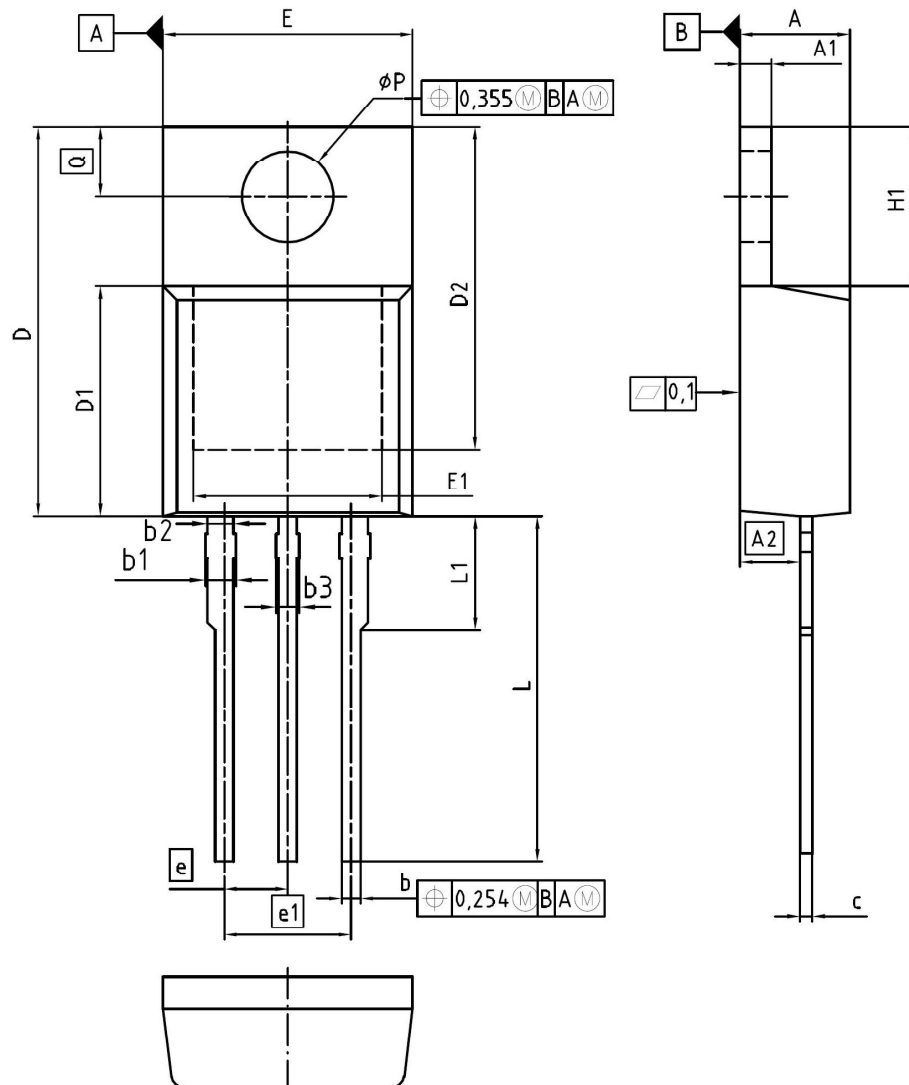
Diagram 15: Drain-source breakdown voltage


 $V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_J); I_D=1\ \text{mA}$

Gate charge waveforms



6 Package Outlines



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
b	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.055
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
c	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H1	5.90	6.90	0.232	0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.80	-	0.189
ϕP	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118

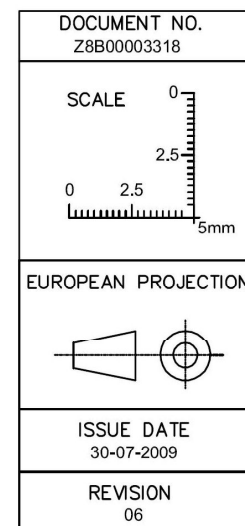


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO220-3, dimensions in mm/inches

Revision History

IPP052N08N5

Revision: 2014-12-17, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2014-12-17	Release of final version

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:

erratum@infineon.com

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG**81726 München, Germany****© 2014 Infineon Technologies AG****All Rights Reserved.**

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (**www.infineon.com**).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.