

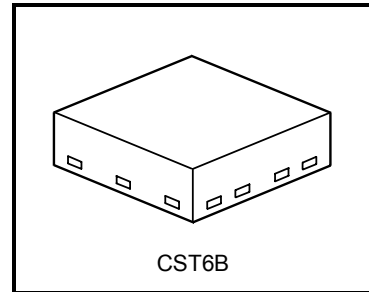
TG2217CTB

RF SPDT Switch

- Antenna switch for Bluetooth class 2, 3
- Diversity antenna switching
- Filter switching for mobile communications
- Local signal switching

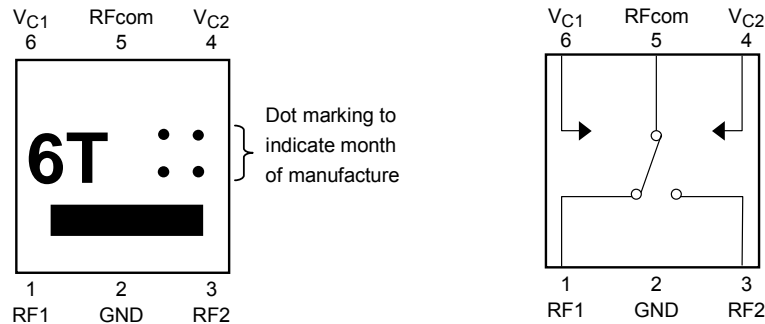
Features

- Low insertion loss: Loss = 0.35 dB (typ) @1.0 GHz
= 0.45 dB (typ) @2.5 GHz
- High isolation: ISL = 24 dB (typ) @1.0 GHz
= 22 dB (typ) @2.5 GHz
- Low-voltage operation: $V_C = 0\text{ V} / 2.6\text{ V}$
- Ultra-small package: CST6B package (1.0 × 1.0 × 0.38 mm)



Weight: 0.0012 g (typ.)

Pin Assignment, Marking (top view) Block Diagram



Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Control voltage	V_C (max)	6	V
	V_C (min)	-0.5	
Control voltage difference	ΔV_C (Note 1)	6	V
Input power	P_i	200	mW
Total power dissipation	P_D (Note 2)	100	mW
Operating temperature range	T_{opr}	-40 to 85	°C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C

Note 1: $\Delta V_C = |V_{C1} - V_{C2}|$

Note 2: When mounted on a 2.5 cm² × 1.6 mm t glass-epoxy PCB.

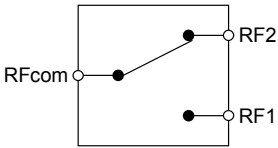
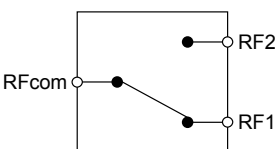
Electrical Characteristics (V_C (H) = 2.6 V, V_C (L) = 0 V, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $Z_g = Z_l = 50\ \Omega$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Insertion loss	Loss (1)	$f = 1.0\ \text{GHz}$, $P_i = 0\ \text{dBmW}$	—	0.35	0.65	dB
	Loss (2)	$f = 2.0\ \text{GHz}$, $P_i = 0\ \text{dBmW}$	—	0.40	0.70	
	Loss (3)	$f = 2.5\ \text{GHz}$, $P_i = 0\ \text{dBmW}$	—	0.45	0.75	
Isolation	ISL (1)	$f = 1.0\ \text{GHz}$, $P_i = 0\ \text{dBmW}$	20	24	—	dB
	ISL (2)	$f = 2.0\ \text{GHz}$, $P_i = 0\ \text{dBmW}$	20	24	—	
	ISL (3)	$f = 2.5\ \text{GHz}$, $P_i = 0\ \text{dBmW}$	18	22	—	
Input power at 1 dB gain compression	$P_{1\text{dB}}$	$f = 2.5\ \text{GHz}$	14	17	—	dBmW
Control current	I_C	No RF signal input	—	—	0.01	mA
Switching time	t_{sw}		—	50	200	ns

Recommended Voltage Range ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Control voltage	V_C (H)	2.4	2.6	2.8	V
	V_C (L)	-0.2	0	0.2	V
Control voltage difference	ΔV_C	2.4	2.6	2.8	V

Switch Connection

V_{C1}	V_{C2}	Switch Condition	Rfcom – RF1	Rfcom – RF2
High	Low		OFF	ON
Low	High		ON	OFF

This is a lead-free (Pb-free) product.

Caution

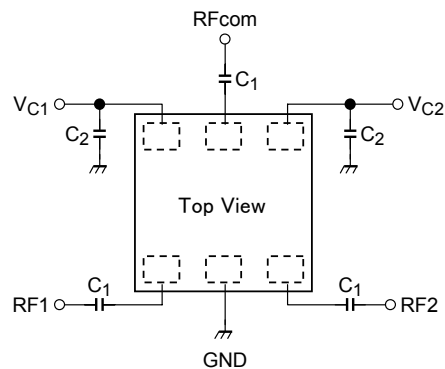
This device is sensitive to electrostatic discharge. When handling the device, ensure that the environment is protected against electrostatic discharge by using an earth strap, a conductive mat and an ionizer.

Do not apply DC voltage directly to the RF pin. Always connect a DC blocking capacitor.

Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	RF1	RF port. When V_{C1} = Low and V_{C2} = High, this port is connected to RFcom. An external DC blocking capacitor is required for DC bias blocking.
2	GND	GND port. The distance between this pin and the ground pattern should be as short as possible for better RF performance.
3	RF2	RF port. When V_{C1} = High and V_{C2} = Low, this port is connected to RFcom. An external DC blocking capacitor is required for DC bias blocking.
4	V_{C2}	Control port. Switching operation is controlled by the voltage of this port. A bypass capacitor is required, and should be placed as close to the port as possible.
5	RFcom	Common RF port. Switching this port to RF1 or RF2 is controlled by the voltage of V_{C1} and V_{C2} . An external DC blocking capacitor is required for DC bias blocking.
6	V_{C1}	Control port. Switching operation is controlled by the voltage of this port. A bypass capacitor is required, and should be placed as close to the port as possible.
-	GND_Bed	Ground. This pin also works as a heat dissipation pin.

Test Circuit for RF Performance Evaluation

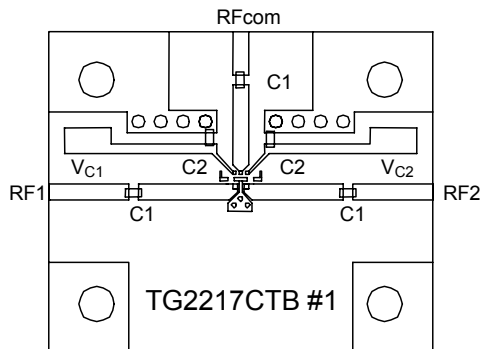


The values of external capacitors depend on the application frequency range and the board pattern layout. Consider this when designing the board.

Reference External Parts

	50 to 300 MHz	300 to 500 MHz	0.5 to 2.5 GHz
C_1	1000 pF	100 pF	56 pF
C_2	100 pF	10 pF	10 pF

Test Board



Notice

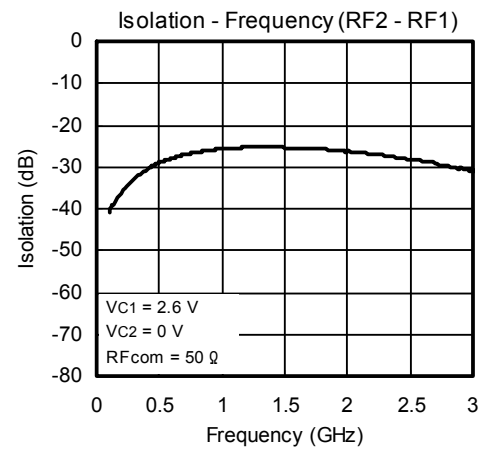
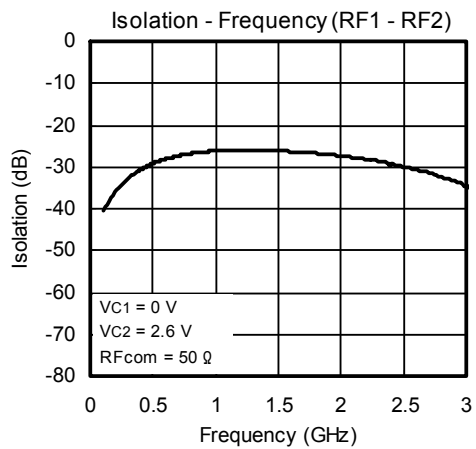
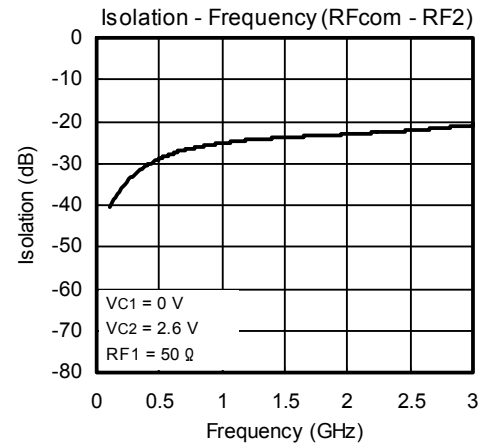
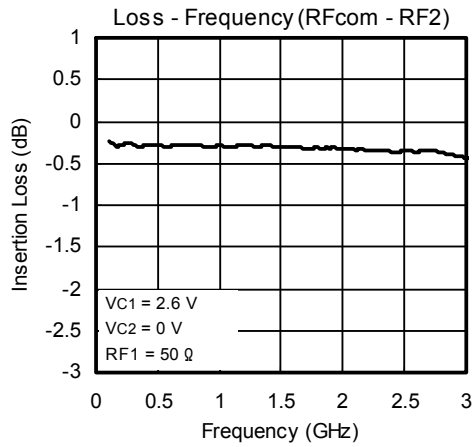
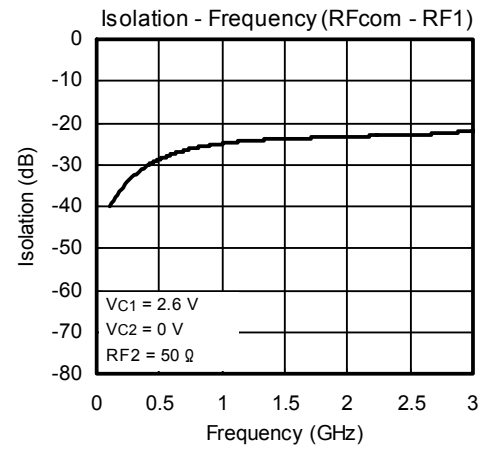
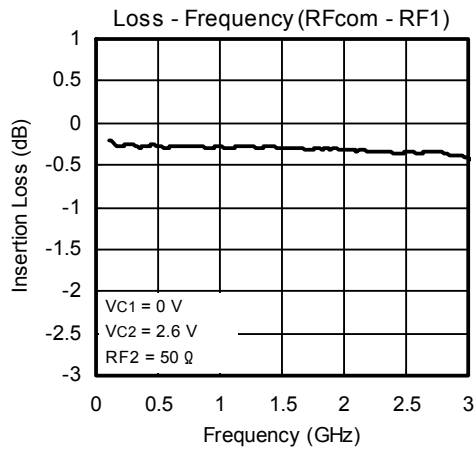
Circuits and measurements contained in this document illustrate example applications of the product and are for reference only.

Moreover, these example application circuits are not intended for mass production since the high-frequency characteristics (the AC characteristics) of the devices will be affected by the external components the customer uses, by the design of the circuit and by various other conditions.

It is the responsibility of the customer to design external circuits that correctly implement the intended application and to check the characteristics of the design.

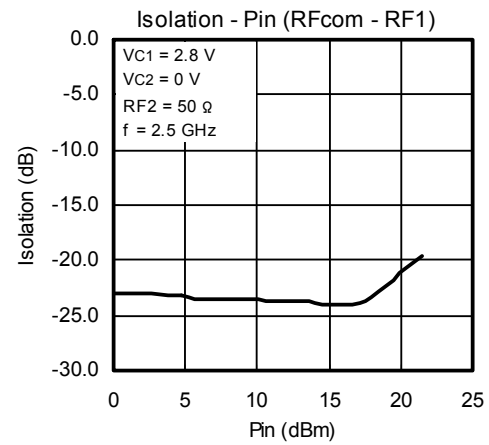
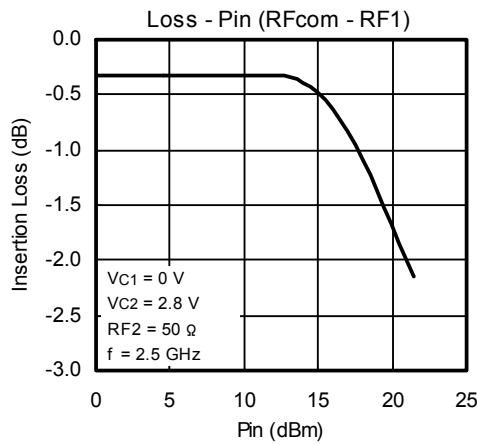
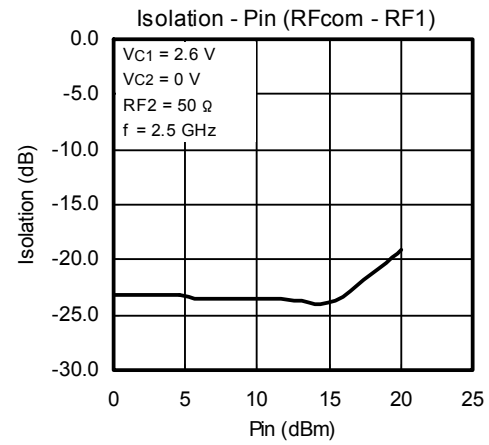
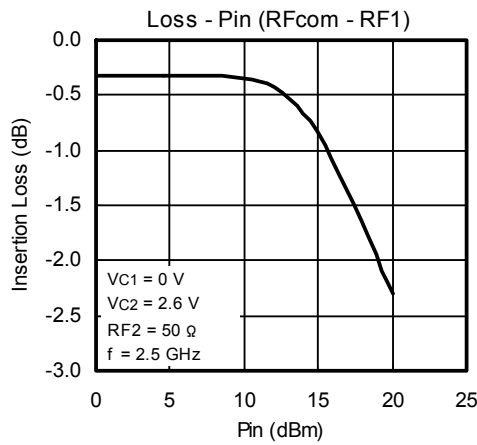
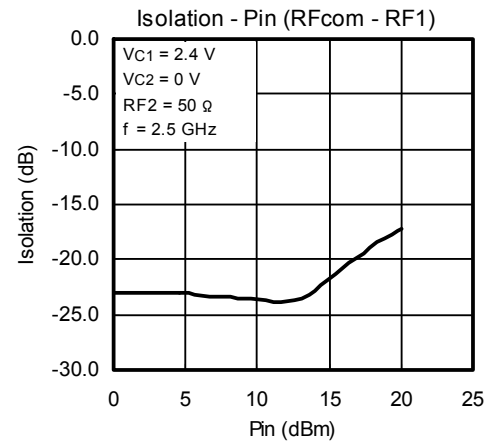
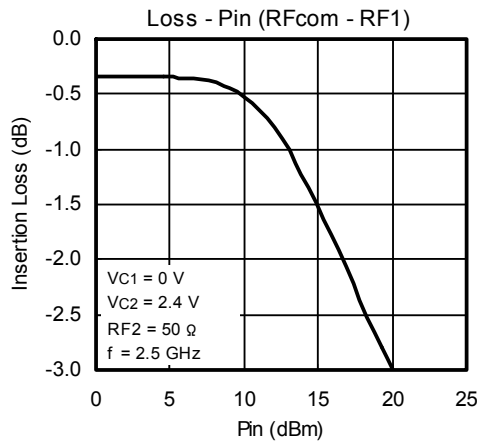
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Typical Operating Characteristics



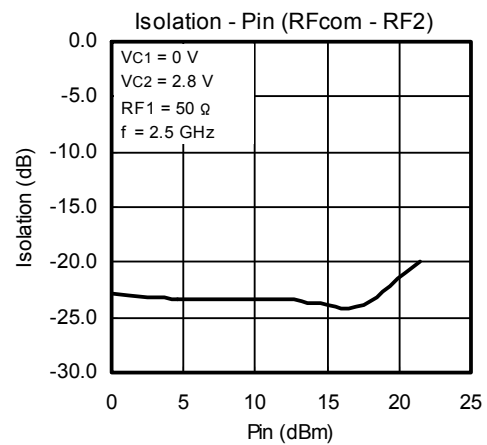
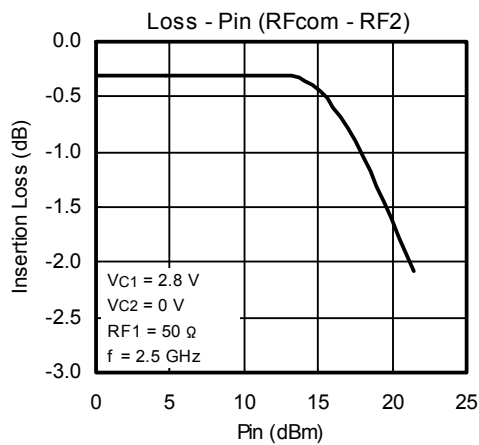
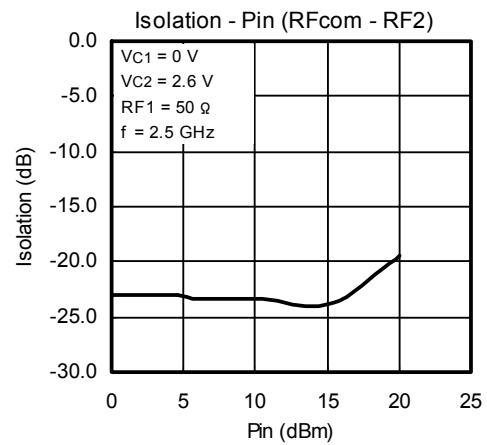
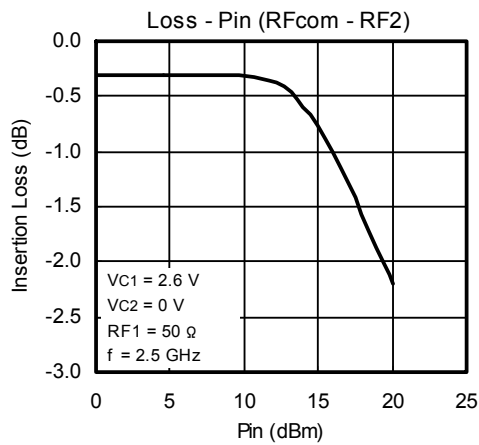
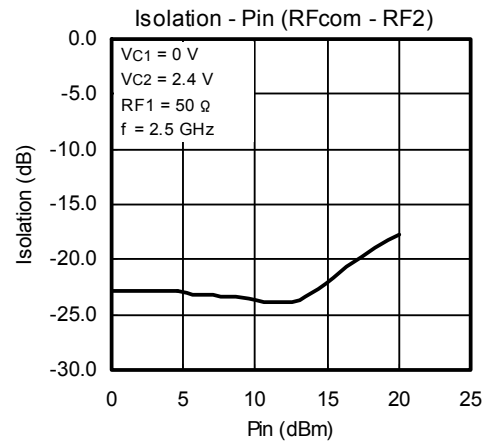
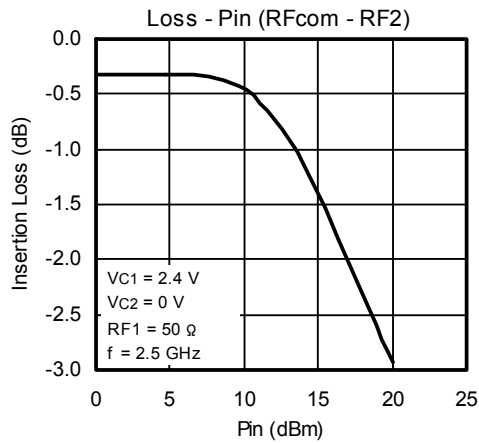
Note: All data on this page have been corrected for test board loss.

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



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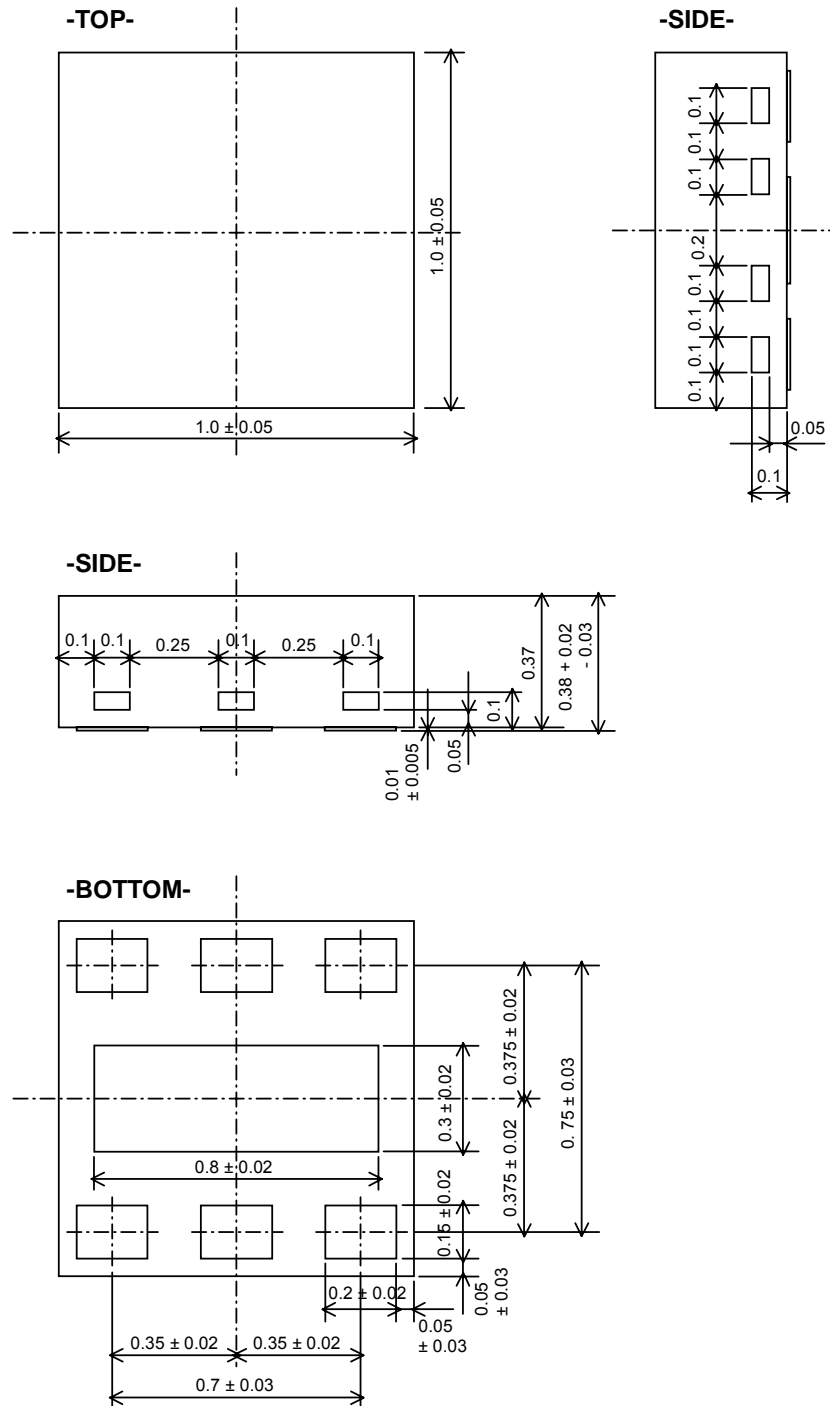
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)



Note: All data on this page have been corrected for test board loss.

Package Physical Dimensions

Unit: mm



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