



## Surge arrester

### 2-electrode arrester

<b>Series/Type:</b>	<b>S30-A350X</b>
<b>Ordering code:</b>	<b>B88069X8361T203</b>
<b>Date:</b>	<b>2015-08-20</b>
<b>Version:</b>	<b>03</b>

© EPCOS AG 2015. Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication, enclosures hereto and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.

## Product description

The S30-series has been especially designed to meet data transmission protection requirements. The optimized design features a high level of protection against fast rising transients usually caused by lightning disturbances. For use in high frequency data lines, the series offers ultra low capacitances and shows only marginally signal losses up to high frequencies. The devices are extremely reliable and are able to withstand high surge currents without destruction.

### Features

- Very small size (EIA 1812)
- Short response time
- High current capability
- Stable performance over service life
- Ultra low capacitance and insertion loss
- High insulation resistance
- Excellent SMD handling
- RoHS-compatible

### Applications


#### Telecommunication:

- Ethernet, PoE, xDSL
- Cable modem, splitters, line cards
- Wireless antenna protection

#### Others:

- CCTV
- Switching power supply

## Product characteristics

Physical dimensions (length x width x height)	0.18 x 0.12 x 0.10	in
	4.5 x 3.2 x 2.7	mm
	EIA 1812 / 4532 metric	
Weight	~ 0.2	g
Operating temperature	-40 ... +90	°C
Recommended storage <sup>1)</sup> - temperature - humidity - period	+5 ... +35 45 ... 80 ≤ 2	°C % years
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/090/21	
Moisture sensitivity level <sup>2)</sup>	1	
Marking, black positive	 <b>JY</b> J - Nominal voltage (J $\triangleq$ 350 V) Y - Year of production (last digit)	

Notes:

<sup>1)</sup> Specified in terms of corrosion against Sn-plating

<sup>2)</sup> Tests according to JEDEC J-STD-020

**Electrical specifications and stress test methods**

Nominal DC spark-over voltage <sup>3) 4)</sup>	350	V
Tolerance	±25	%
Min.	262.5	V
Max.	437.5	V
Impulse spark-over voltage		
at 100 V/μs - for 99% of measured values	< 750	V
- typical values of distribution	< 700	V
at 1 kV/μs - for 99% of measured values	< 900	V
- typical values of distribution	< 850	V
Service life <sup>5)</sup>		
10 operations 50 Hz, 1 s	2.5	A
100 operations 8/20 μs	100	A
10 operations [5x (+) & 5x (-)] 8/20 μs	2	kA
100 operations [50x (+) & 50x (-)] 10/1000 μs	10	A
Insulation resistance at 100 V <sub>DC</sub>	> 1	GΩ
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 0.8	pF
Arc voltage at 1 A	~ 10	V
Glow to arc transition current	< 0.4	A
Glow voltage	~ 55	V

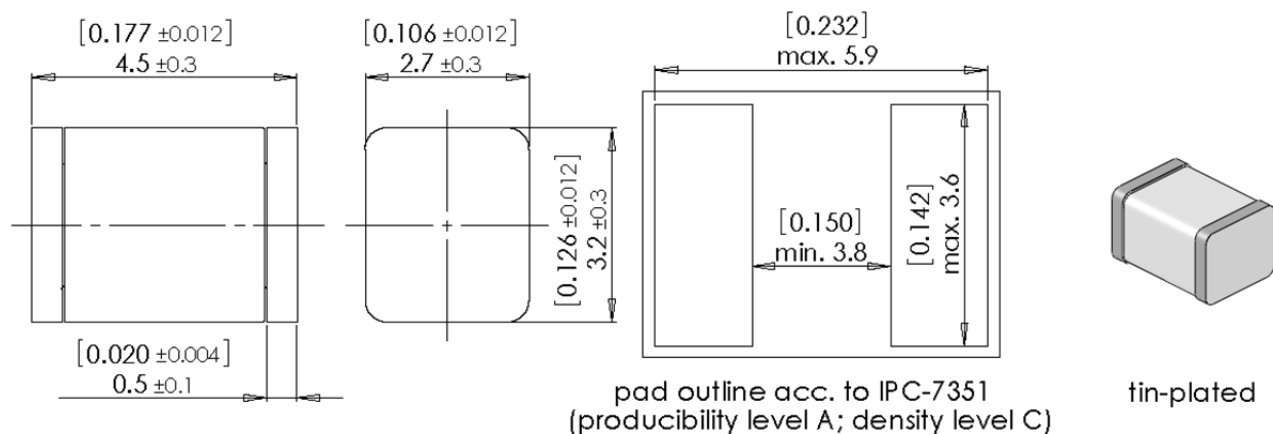
<sup>3)</sup> At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

<sup>4)</sup> In ionized mode

<sup>5)</sup> Tests according to ITU-T Rec. K. 12 and UL 497B

Terms and current waveforms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K. 12; IEC 61643-21; IEC 61643-311 and IEC 61663-2.

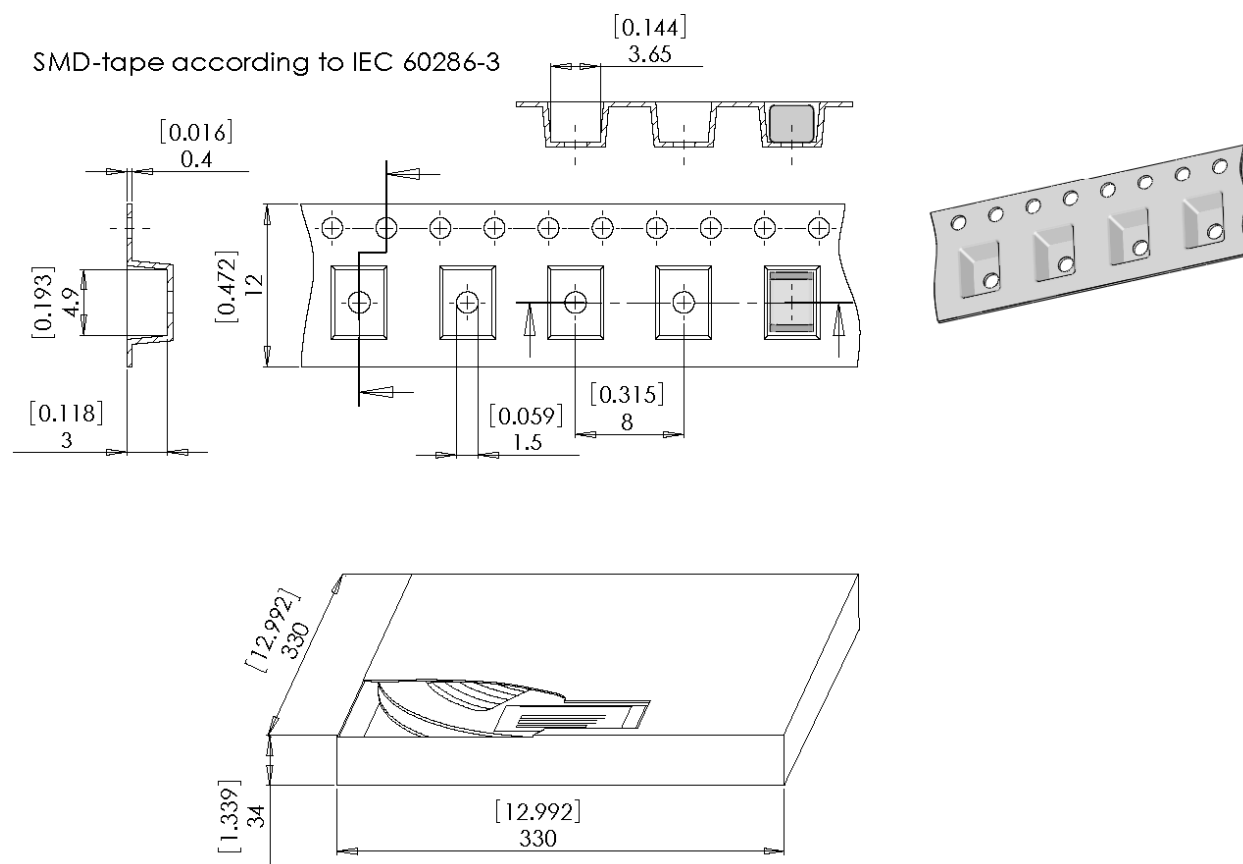
# Dimensions in mm and inch [...]



## Ordering code and packing advice

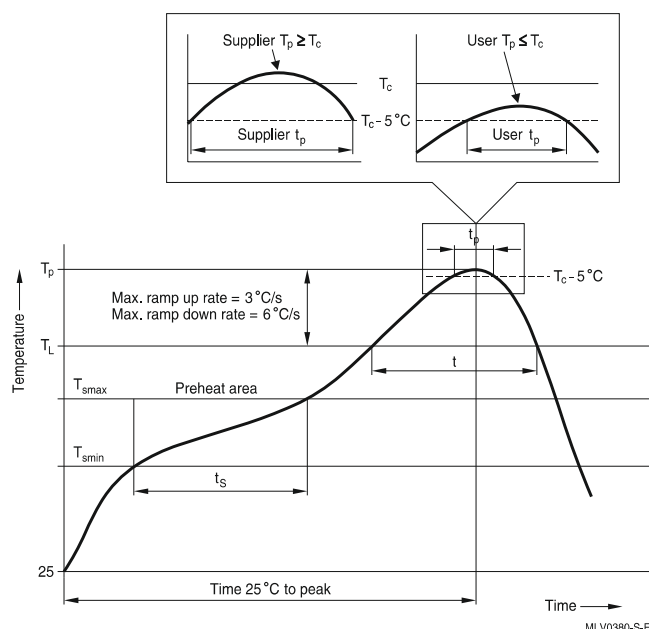
B88069X8361T203 = 2000 pcs. on SMD-tape

SMD-tape according to IEC 60286-3



## Soldering parameter

### Reflow soldering



Reflow profile features		Sn- Pb eutectic assembly	Pb-free assembly
Preheat and soak - Temperature min - Temperature max - Time	$T_{smin}$ $T_{smax}$ $t_{smin}$ to $t_{smax}$	100 °C 150 °C 60 ... 120 s	150 °C 200 °C 60 ... 180 s
Average ramp-up rate	$T_{smax}$ to $T_p$	max. 3 °C/ s	max. 3 °C/ s
Liquidous temperature Time at liquidous	$T_L$ $t_L$	183 °C 60 ... 150 s	217 °C 60 ... 150 s
Peak package body temperature *, Classification temperature **	$T_p$ , $T_C$	220 ... 235 °C **	245 ... 260 °C **
Time ( $t_p$ ) ** within 5 °C of the specified classification temperature ( $T_C$ )		20 s ***	30 s ***
Average ramp-down rate	$T_p$ to $T_{smax}$	max. 6 °C/ s	max. 6 °C/ s
Time 25 °C to peak temperature		max. 6 min	max. 8 min

\* = Tolerance for peak profile temperature ( $T_p$ ) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.  
 \*\* = For details please refer to JEDEC J-STD-020D.  
 \*\*\* = Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature ( $t_p$ ) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

## Cautions and warnings

- Do not operate surge arresters in power supply networks, whose maximum operating voltage exceeds the minimum spark-over voltage of the surge arresters.
- Surge arresters may become hot in the event of longer periods of current stress (burn risk). In the event of overload the connectors may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Surge arresters must be handled with care and must not be dropped.
- Do not continue to use damaged surge arresters.
- The shown SMD pad dimensions represent a safe way to mount the arrester and are a recommendation of the manufacturer. During the reflow process it must be assured that no solder material reduces the insulation distance between the pads below the arrester.
- SMD surge arresters should be soldered within 24 month after shipment.

## Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same EPCOS product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the EPCOS website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. **The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products.** Detailed information can be found on the Internet under [www.epcos.com/orderingcodes](http://www.epcos.com/orderingcodes)

## Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
3. **The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.**
4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, **some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous)**. Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet ([www.epcos.com/material](http://www.epcos.com/material)). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, **the products described in this publication may change from time to time**. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also **reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products**. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, **all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI)**.
7. The trade names EPCOS, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PQSine, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, TFAP, ThermoFuse, WindCap are **trademarks registered or pending** in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at [www.epcos.com/trademarks](http://www.epcos.com/trademarks).