

WARP2 SERIES IGBT WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Applications

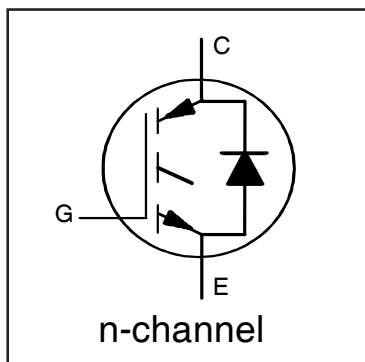
- Telecom and Server SMPS
- PFC and ZVS SMPS Circuits
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- Consumer Electronics Power Supplies

Features

- NPT Technology, Positive Temperature Coefficient
- Lower $V_{CE(SAT)}$
- Lower Parasitic Capacitances
- Minimal Tail Current
- HEXFRED Ultra Fast Soft-Recovery Co-Pack Diode
- Tighter Distribution of Parameters
- Higher Reliability

Benefits

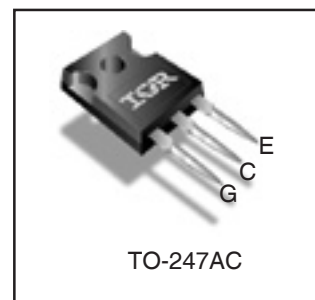
- Parallel Operation for Higher Current Applications
- Lower Conduction Losses and Switching Losses
- Higher Switching Frequency up to 150kHz



$V_{CES} = 600V$
 $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.00V$
 @ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 33A$

Equivalent MOSFET Parameters^①

$R_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 61m\Omega$
 $I_D \text{ (FET equivalent)} = 50A$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	75	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	42	
I_{CM}	Pulse Collector Current (Ref. Fig. C.T.4)	150	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ^②	150	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	25	
I_{FRM}	Maximum Repetitive Forward Current ^③	100	V
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	370	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	150	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N-m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT)	—	—	0.34	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode)	—	—	0.64	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	—	40	
	Weight	—	6.0 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 500\mu A$	
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.61	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1mA (25^\circ\text{C}-125^\circ\text{C})$	
R_G	Internal Gate Resistance	—	1.2	—	Ω	1MHz, Open Collector	
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.0	2.2	V	$I_C = 33A, V_{GE} = 15V$	4, 5, 6, 8, 9
		—	2.4	2.6		$I_C = 50A, V_{GE} = 15V$	
		—	2.6	2.9		$I_C = 33A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
		—	3.2	3.6		$I_C = 50A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	4.0	5.0	V	$I_C = 250\mu A$	7, 8, 9
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-7.07	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.0mA$	
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	42	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 33A, PW = 80\mu s$	
I_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	5.0	500	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$	
		—	1.0	—	mA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.3	1.7	V	$I_F = 25A, V_{GE} = 0V$	10
		—	1.5	2.0		$I_F = 50A, V_{GE} = 0V$	
		—	1.3	1.7		$I_F = 25A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V, V_{CE} = 0V$	

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	240	360	nC	$I_C = 33A$	17
Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	41	82		$V_{CC} = 400V$	CT1
Q_{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	84	130		$V_{GE} = 15V$	
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	360	590	μJ	$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	CT3
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	380	420		$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 210\mu H$	
E_{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	740	960		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \text{ ④}$	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	34	44	ns	$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	CT3
t_r	Rise time	—	26	36		$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 210\mu H$	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	130	140		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \text{ ④}$	
t_f	Fall time	—	43	56	μJ	$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	CT3
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	610	880		$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 210\mu H$	
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	460	530		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \text{ ④}$	
E_{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	1070	1410	ns	$I_C = 33A, V_{CC} = 390V$	CT3
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	33	43		$V_{GE} = +15V, R_G = 3.3\Omega, L = 200\mu H$	
t_r	Rise time	—	26	36		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \text{ ④}$	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	140	160	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$	16
t_f	Fall time	—	50	65		$V_{CC} = 30V$	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	4750	—		$f = 1Mhz$	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	390	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 0V \text{ to } 480V$	15
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	58	—			
$C_{oes \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑤	—	280	—			
$C_{oes \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) ⑤	—	190	—			
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 150A$ $V_{CC} = 480V, V_p = 600V$ $R_g = 22\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V \text{ to } 0V$	3 CT2
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	50	75	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad I_F = 25A, V_R = 200V,$	19
		—	105	160		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \quad di/dt = 200A/\mu s$	
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	112	375	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad I_F = 25A, V_R = 200V,$	21
		—	420	4200		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \quad di/dt = 200A/\mu s$	
I_{rr}	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.5	10	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad I_F = 25A, V_R = 200V,$	19, 20, 21, 22
		—	8.0	15		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \quad di/dt = 200A/\mu s$	

Notes:

① $R_{CE(on)}$ typ. = equivalent on-resistance = $V_{CE(on)}$ typ. / I_C , where $V_{CE(on)}$ typ. = 2.00V and $I_C = 33A$. I_D (FET Equivalent) is the equivalent MOSFET I_D rating @ 25°C for applications up to 150kHz. These are provided for comparison purposes (only) with equivalent MOSFET solutions.

② $V_{CC} = 80\% (V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 28 \mu H, R_G = 22 \Omega$.

③ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

④ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery, Data generated with use of Diode 30ETH06.

⑤ $C_{oes \text{ eff.}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oes} while V_{CE} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{CES} .

$C_{oes \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as C_{oes} while V_{CE} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{CES} .

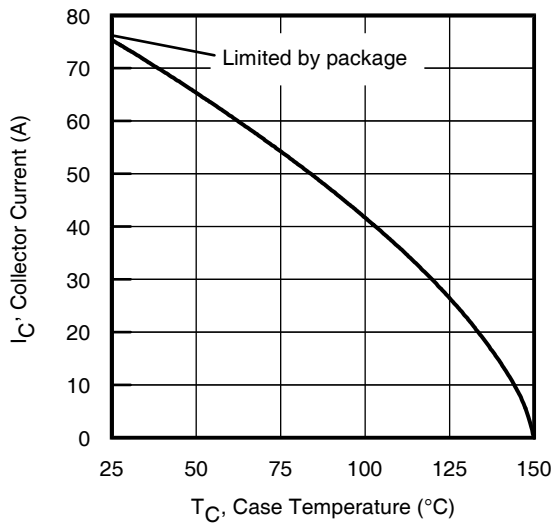


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

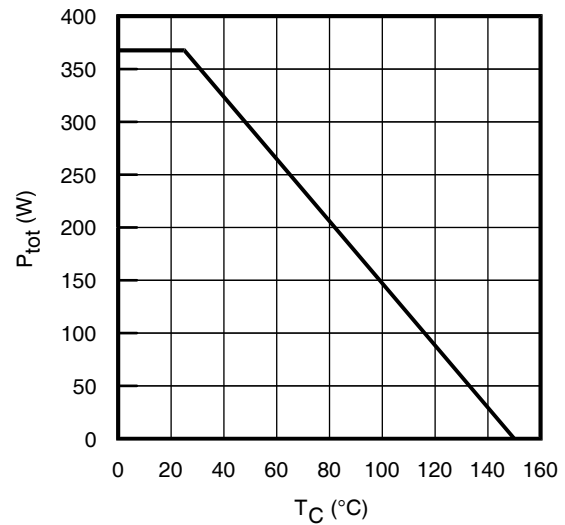


Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

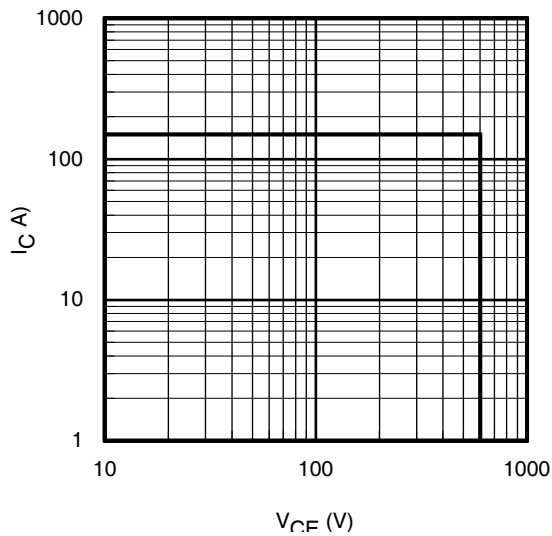


Fig. 3 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

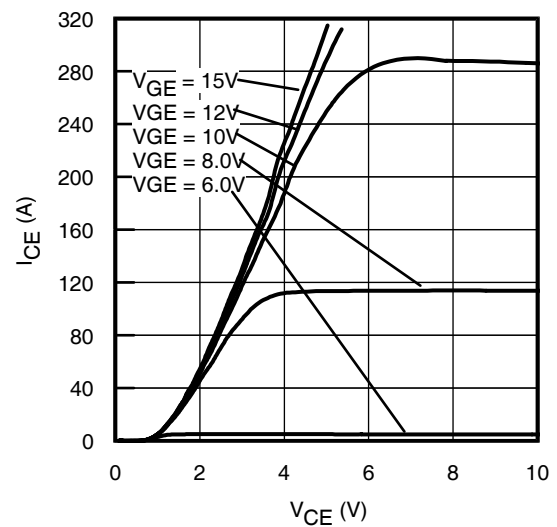


Fig. 4 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

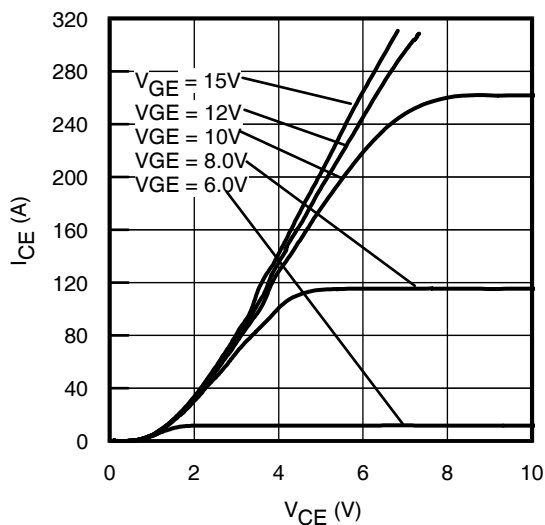


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

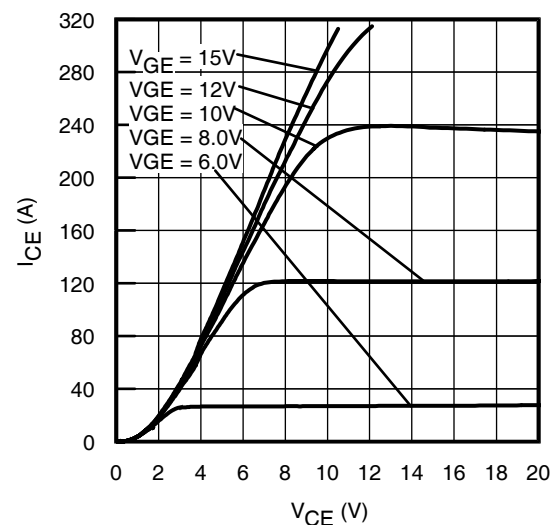


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

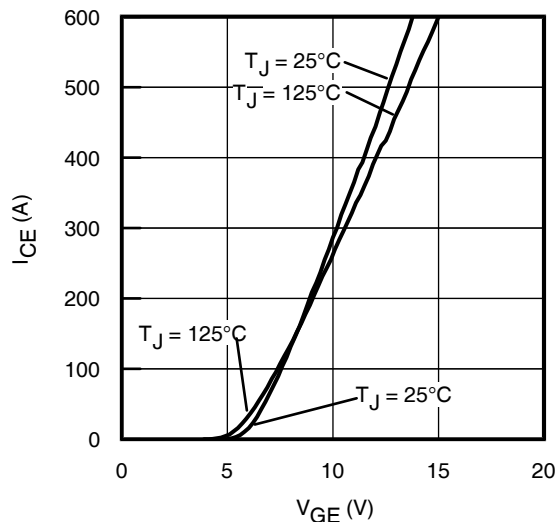


Fig. 7 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50V$; $t_p = 10\mu s$

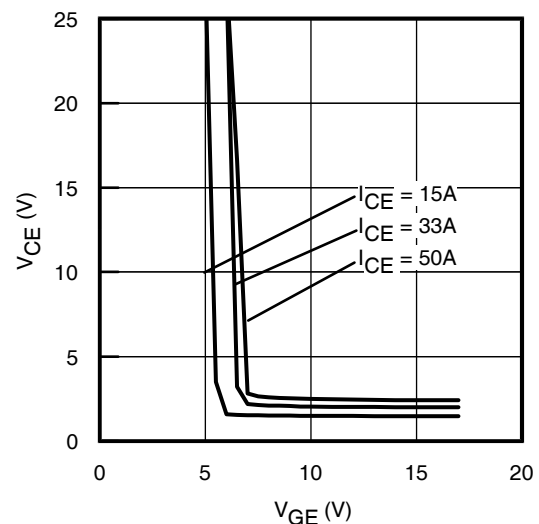


Fig. 8 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ C$

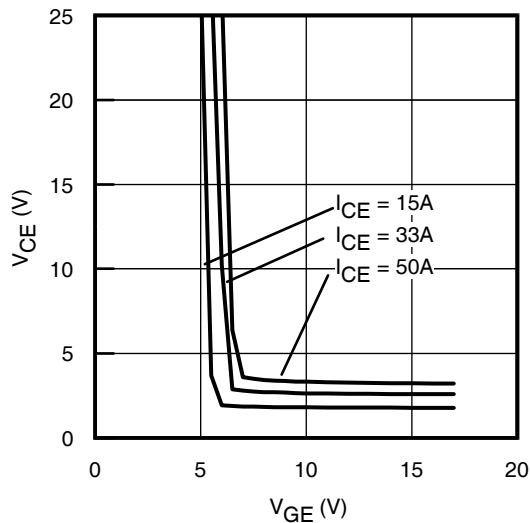


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$

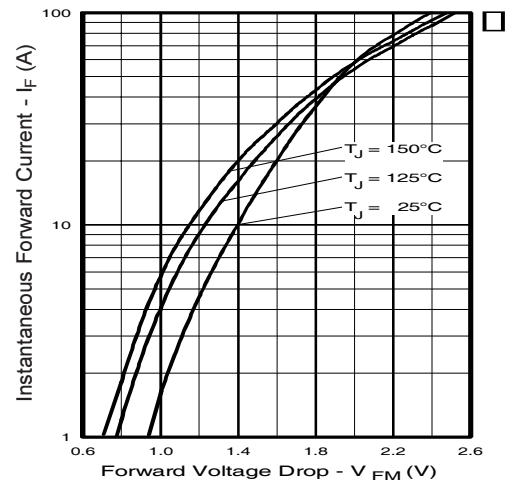


Fig. 10 - Maximum. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu s$

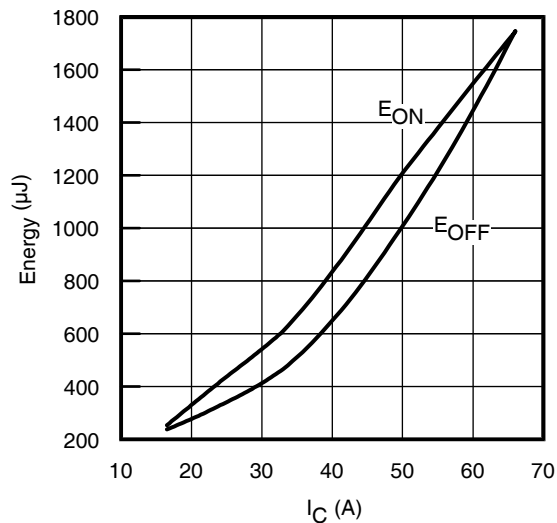


Fig. 11 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 390V$; $R_G = 3.3\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$.
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

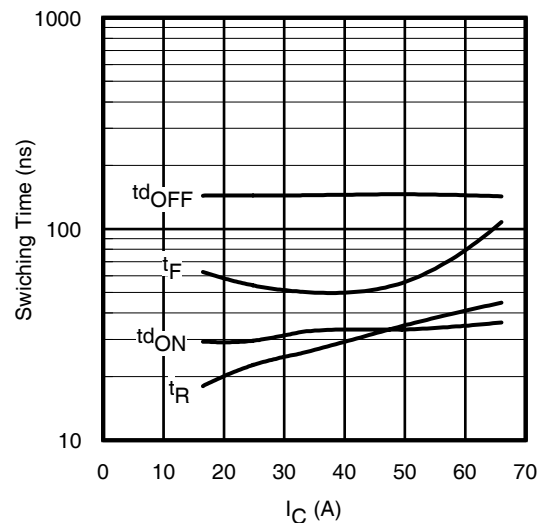


Fig. 12 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 200\mu H$; $V_{CE} = 390V$; $R_G = 3.3\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$.
Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

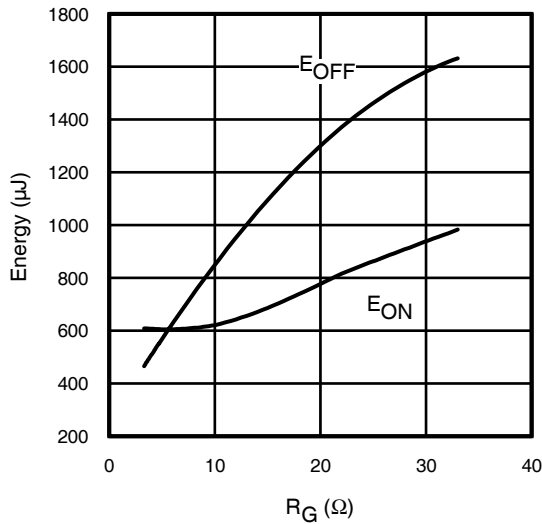


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 390\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
 Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)

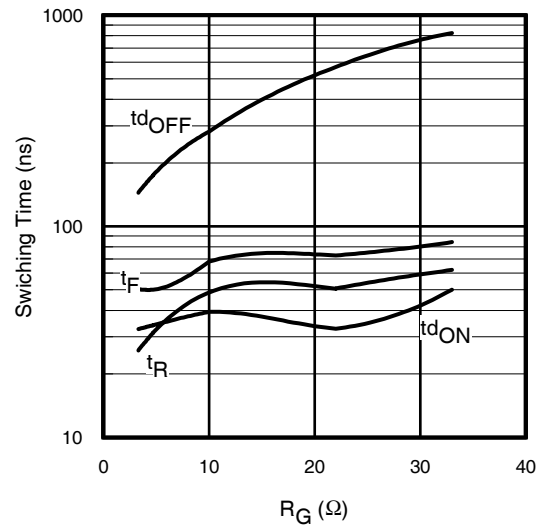
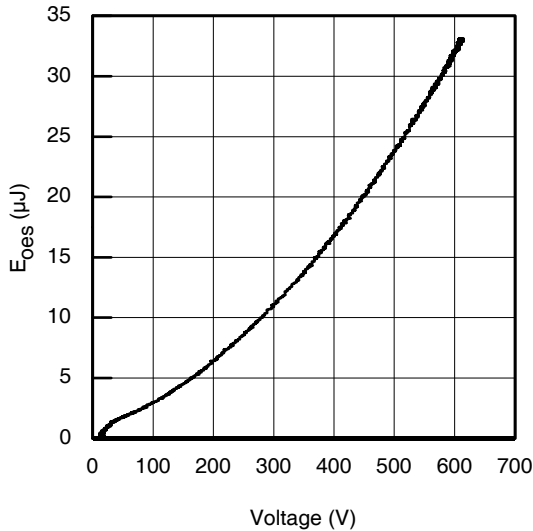


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 390\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
 Diode clamp used: 30ETH06 (See C.T.3)



**Fig. 15- Typ. Output Capacitance
Stored Energy vs. V_{CE}**

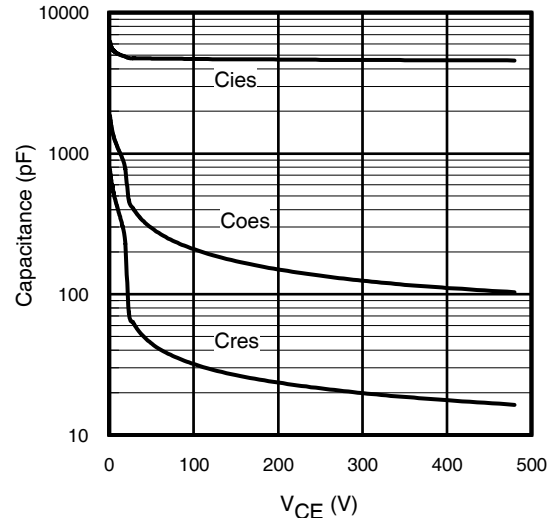


Fig. 16- Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

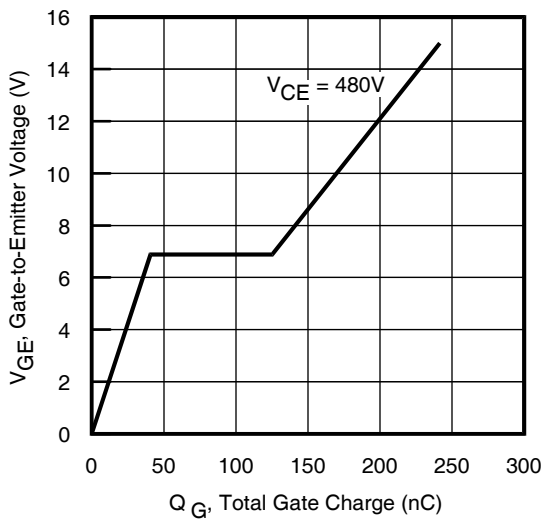
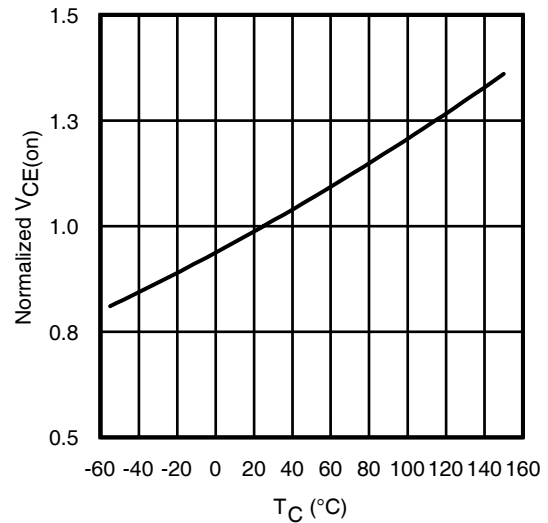


Fig. 17 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 33\text{A}$



**Fig. 18 - Normalized Typ. $V_{CE(on)}$
vs. Junction Temperature**
 $I_C = 33\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

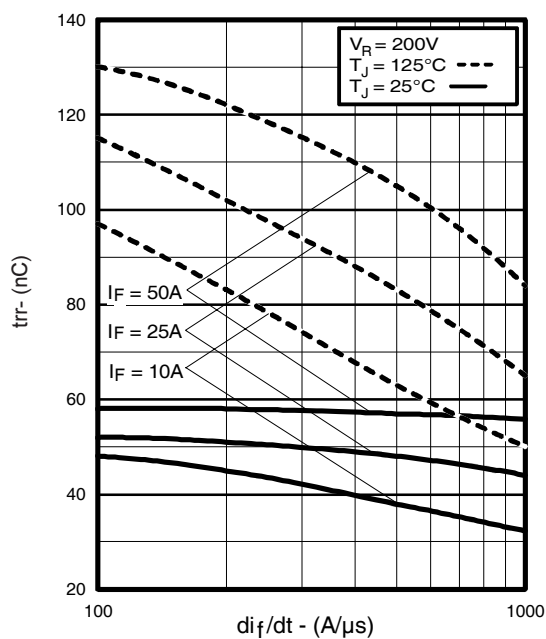


Fig. 19 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

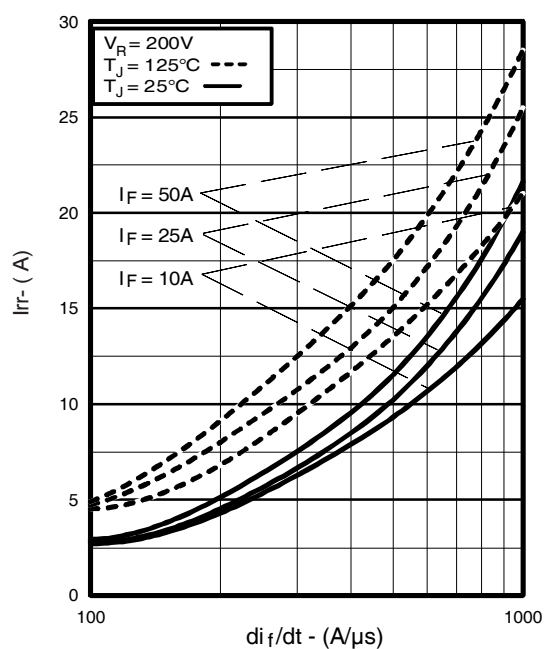


Fig. 20 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

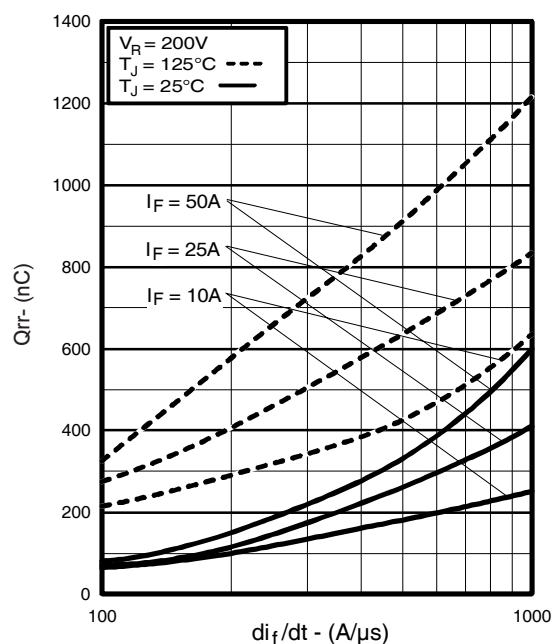


Fig. 21 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

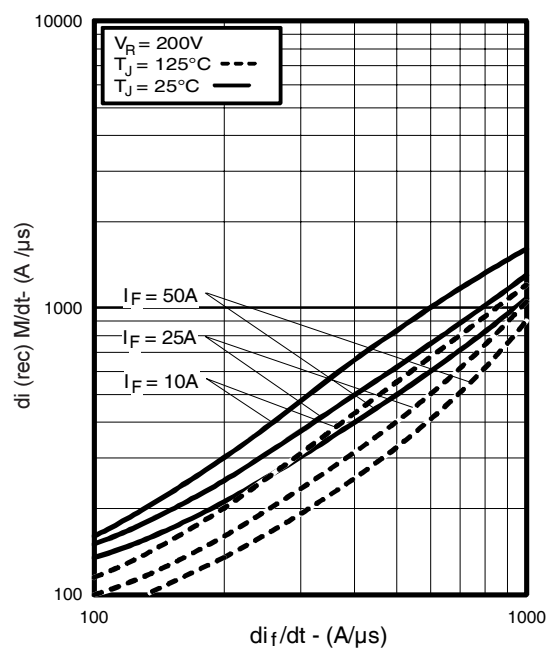


Fig. 22 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

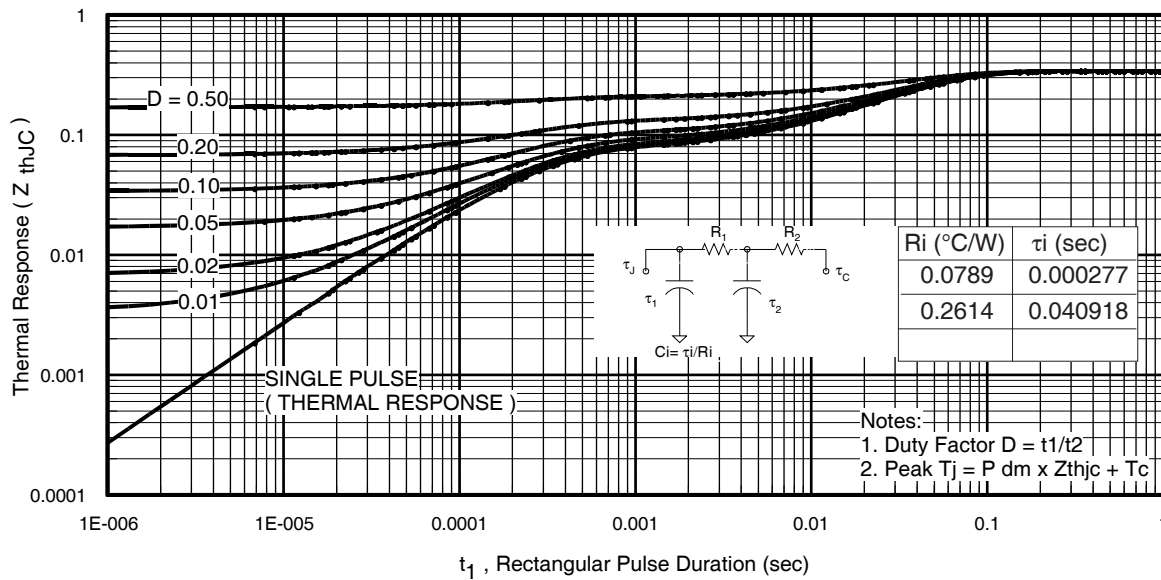


Fig 23. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

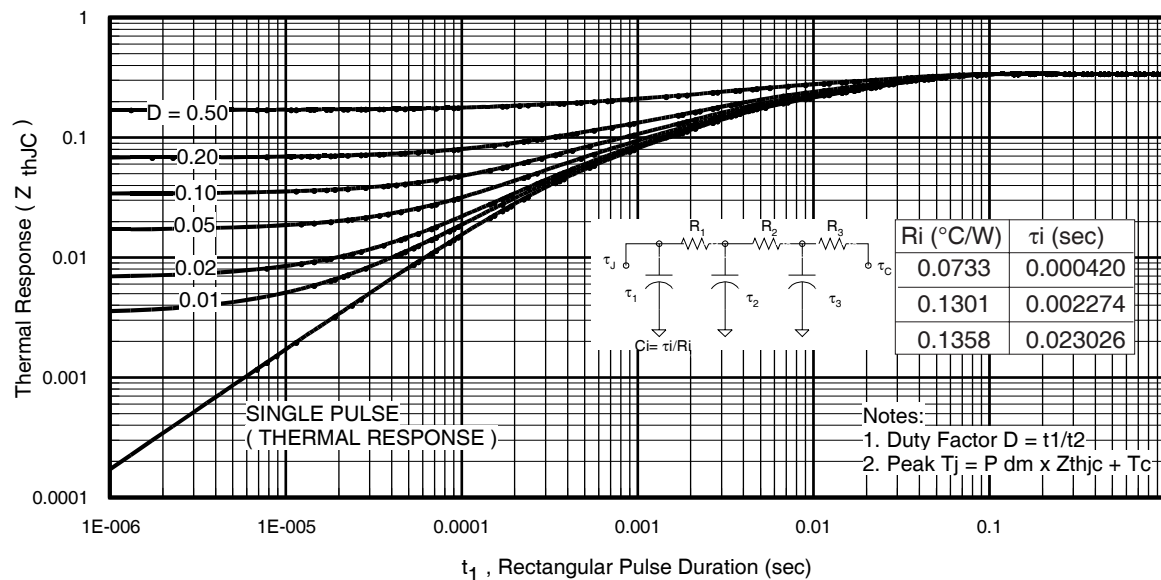


Fig. 24. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

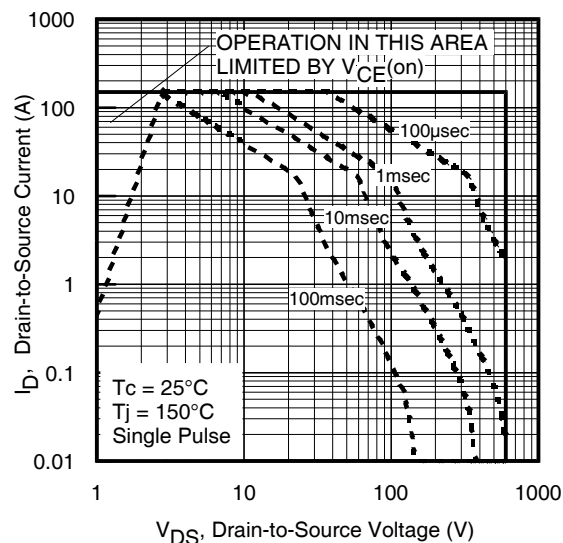


Fig. 25 - Forward SOA, $T_c = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

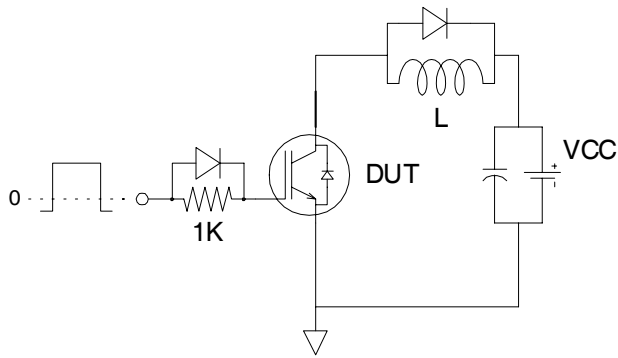


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

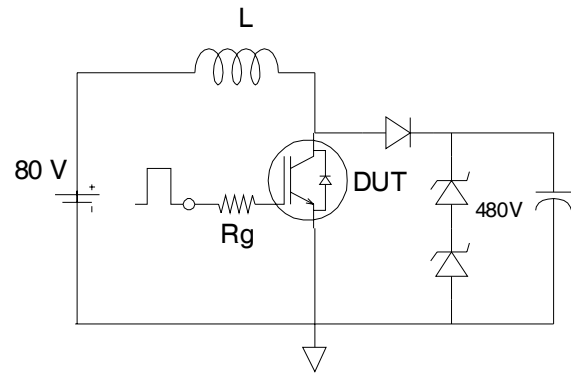


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

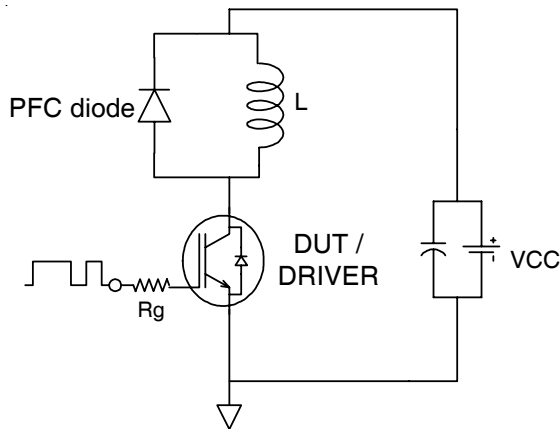


Fig.C.T.3 - Switching Loss Circuit

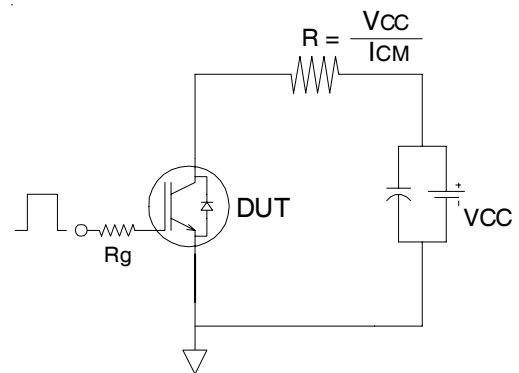


Fig.C.T.4 - Resistive Load Circuit

REVERSE RECOVERY CIRCUIT

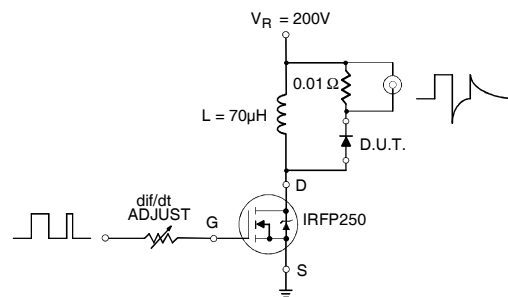


Fig. C.T.5 - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit

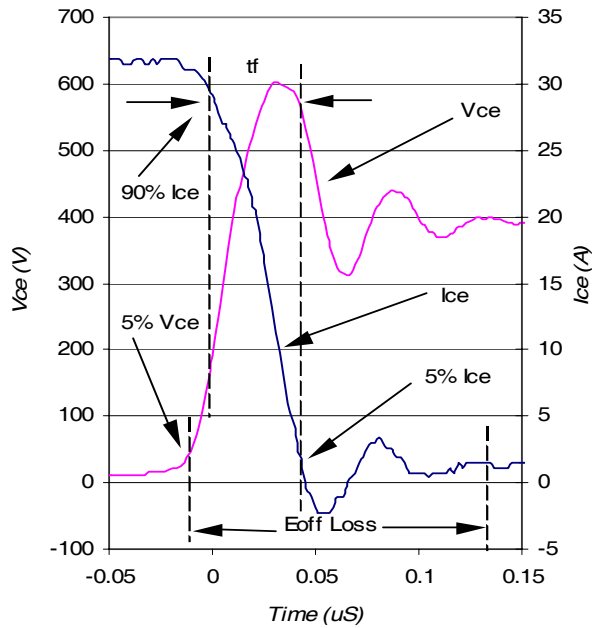


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3

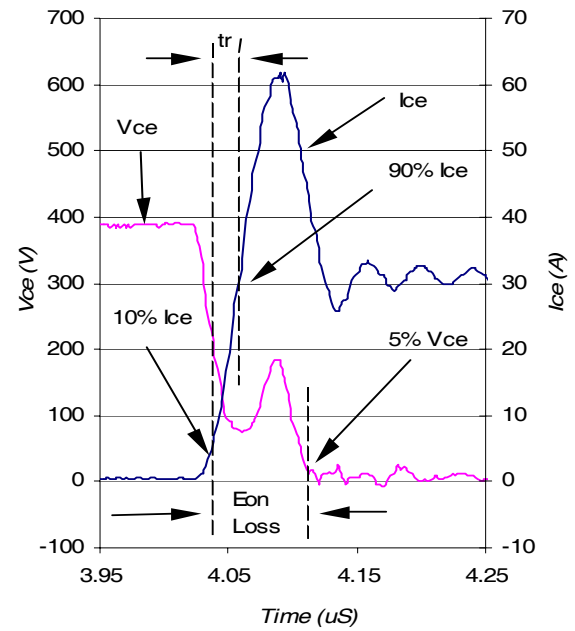


Fig. WF2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3

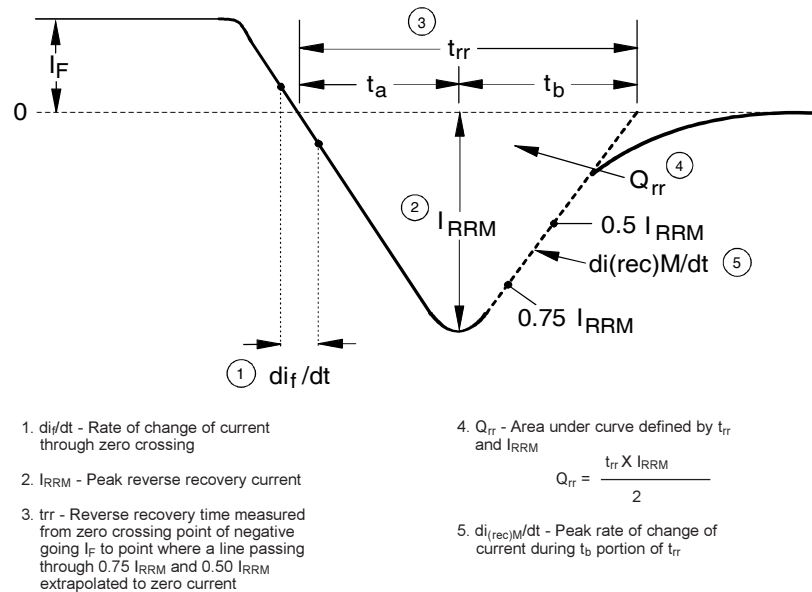


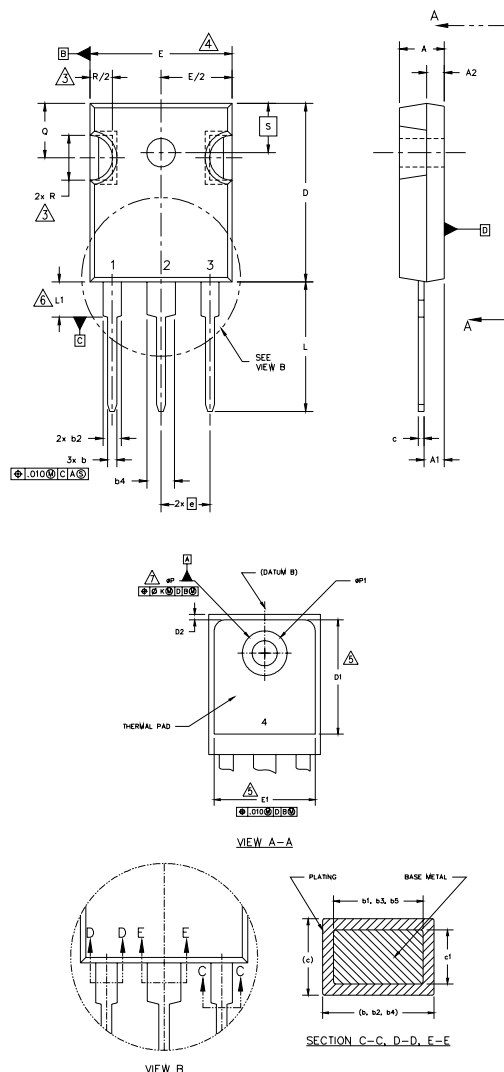
Fig. WF3 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

IRGP50B60PD

TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

International
IR Rectifier



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. ØP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 ° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154" [3.91].
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247 WITH THE EXCEPTION OF DIMENSION C.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.37	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.034	0.38	0.86	
c1	.015	.030	0.38	0.76	4
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	
D1	.515	—	13.08	—	
D2	.020	.030	0.51	0.76	4
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	
E1	.540	—	15.72	—	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		
øk	.010		2.54		
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10	
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
N	3		7.62 BSC		
øP	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	
øP1	—	.275	—	6.98	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	
R	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

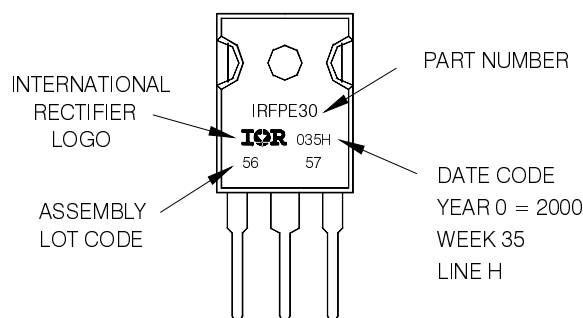
DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

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