# 64K x 8 Static RAM

#### **Features**

- · High speed
  - $-t_{AA} = 15 \text{ ns}$
- · CMOS for optimum speed/power
- · Low active power
  - -770 mW
- · Low standby power
  - 28 mW
- · Automatic power-down when deselected
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$ , and  $\overline{OE}$  options

#### **Functional Description**

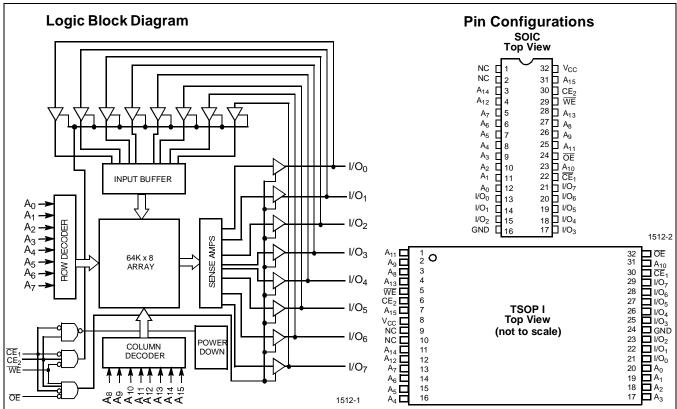
The CY7C1512 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 65,536 words by 8 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW chip enable  $(\overline{CE}_1)$ , an active HIGH chip enable ( $CE_2$ ), an active LOW output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ), and three-state drivers. This device has an automatic power-down feature that reduces power consumption by more than 75% when deselected.

Writing to the device is accomplished by taking chip enable one  $(\overline{CE}_1)$  and write enable  $(\overline{WE})$  inputs LOW and chip enable two (CE2) input HIGH. Data on the eight I/O pins (I/O0 through I/O<sub>7</sub>) is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{15}$ ).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking chip enable one  $(\overline{CE}_1)$  and output enable  $(\overline{OE})$  LOW while forcing write enable (WE) and chip enable two (CE2) HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the I/O pins.

The eight input/output pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (CE1 HIGH or CE<sub>2</sub> LOW), the outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), or during a write operation ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW,  $CE_2$  HIGH, and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

The CY7C1512 is available in standard TSOP type I and 450-mil-wide plastic SOIC packages.



#### Selection Guide

		7C1512-15	7C1512-20	7C1512-25	7C1512-35	7C1512-70
Maximum Access Time (ns	15	20	25	35	70	
Maximum Operating Current (mA)	Commercial	140	130	120	110	110
Maximum CMOS Standby Current (mA)	Commercial	5	5	5	5	5



### **Maximum Ratings**

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.) Storage Temperature ......-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied......-55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage on  $V_{CC}$  to Relative  $GND^{[1]}....-0.5V$  to +7.0V DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State<sup>[1]</sup>.....-0.5V to V<sub>CC</sub> +0.5V DC Input Voltage<sup>[1]</sup>.....-0.5V to V<sub>CC</sub> +0.5V

Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(per MIL–STD–883, Method 3015)	>2001V
Latch-Up Current	>200 mA

### **Operating Range**

Range	Range Ambient Temperature <sup>[2]</sup>		
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5V ± 10%	
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	5V ± 10%	

## Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range<sup>[3]</sup>

			7C1512-15		7C15	12-20	0 7C1512-25		
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min., I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage[1]		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Load Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1	μΑ
l <sub>oz</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled	<b>-</b> 5	+5	-5	+5	-5	+5	μΑ
los	Output Short Circuit Current <sup>[4]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND		-300		-300		-300	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max.$ , $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$		140		130		120	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power–Down Current —TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max. V}_{CC},  \overline{CE}_1 \geq \text{V}_{IH}  \text{or} \\ &\text{CE}_2 \leq \text{V}_{IL},  \text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{IH}  \text{or}  \text{V}_{IN} \leq \text{V}_{IL}, \\ &f = f_{MAX} \end{aligned}$		40		30		30	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power–Down Current —CMOS Inputs	Max. $V_{CC}$ , $\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V$ , or $CE_2 \le 0.3V$ , $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V$ , or $V_{IN} \le 0.3V$ , f=0		5		5		5	mA

			7C1512-35		7C1	512-70	
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min., I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage[1]		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Load Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	-1	+1	μΑ
l <sub>oz</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled	<b>-</b> 5	+5	<b>-</b> 5	+5	μΑ
I <sub>OS</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current <sup>[4]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND		-300		-300	mA
Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max$ , $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$		110		110	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power-Down Current —TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max. V}_{CC}, \overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{IH} \text{ or } CE_2 \leq V_{IL}, \\ &V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, f = f_{MAX} \end{aligned}$		25		25	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power-Down Current —CMOS Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max. V}_{CC}, \overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.3\text{V, or CE}_2 \leq \\ 0.3\text{V, V}_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3\text{V, or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3\text{V, f=0} \end{array}$		5		5	mA

#### Notes:

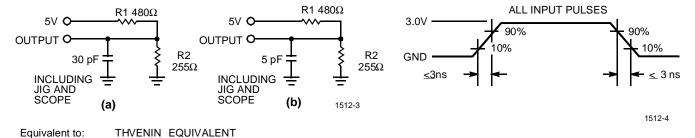
- $V_{\rm IL}$  (min.) = -2.0V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.  $T_{\rm A}$  is the "instant on" case temperature. See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information. Not more than one output should be shorted at one time. Duration of the short circuit should not exceed 30 seconds.



### Capacitance<sup>[5]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$	9	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	9	pF

#### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**



# **OUTPUT** •

# Switching Characteristics $^{[3, \, 6]}$ Over the Operating Range

		7C1512-15 7			7C1512-20		7C1512-25	
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
READ CYCI	E							
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	15		20		25		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		15		20		25	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		3		5		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Data Valid, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Data Valid		15		20		25	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		7		8		10	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>		7		8		10	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Low Z, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Low Z <sup>[8]</sup>	3		3		5		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH to High Z, CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>		7		8		10	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Power-Up, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Power-Up	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH to Power-Down, CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to Power-Down		15		20		25	ns
WRITE CYC	LE <sup>[9]</sup>					•	•	
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	15		20		25		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Write End, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Write End	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	8		10		15		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[8]</sup>	3		3		5		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>		7		8		10	ns

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified I<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> and 30-pF load capacitance.

 $t_{\text{LOC}}$ ,  $t_{\text{HZOE}}$ ,  $t_{\text{HZOE}}$ , and  $t_{\text{HZWE}}$  are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured  $\pm 500$  mV from steady-state voltage. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{\text{HZOE}}$  is less than  $t_{\text{LZOE}}$ ,  $t_{\text{HZOE}}$  is less than  $t_{\text{LZOE}}$ , and  $t_{\text{HZWE}}$  is less than  $t_{\text{LZOE}}$  for any given device. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE<sub>1</sub> LOW, CE<sub>2</sub> HIGH, and WE LOW. CE<sub>1</sub> and WE must be LOW and CE<sub>2</sub> HIGH to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.

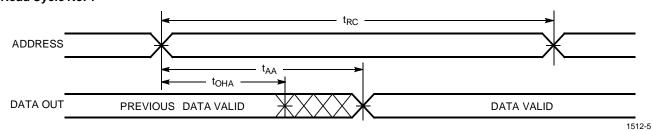


# **Switching Characteristics**<sup>[3, 6]</sup> Over the Operating Range (continued)

		7C15	12-35	7C1512-70		
Parameter	Description	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Unit
READ CYCLE		1	•	•		
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	35		70		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		35		70	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	5		5		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Data Valid, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Data Valid		35		70	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		15		15	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z	0		0		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>		15		15	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Low Z, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Low Z <sup>[8]</sup>	5		5		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH to High Z, CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>		15		15	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Power-Up, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Power-Up	0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH to Power-Down, CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to Power-Down		35		70	ns
WRITE CYCL	<b>E</b> [9]					
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	35		70		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW to Write End, CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Write End	25		60		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	25		60		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	25		60		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	20		55		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[8]</sup>	5		5		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>		15		15	ns

# **Switching Waveforms**

# Read Cycle No. 1 $^{[10, \ 11]}$



#### Notes:

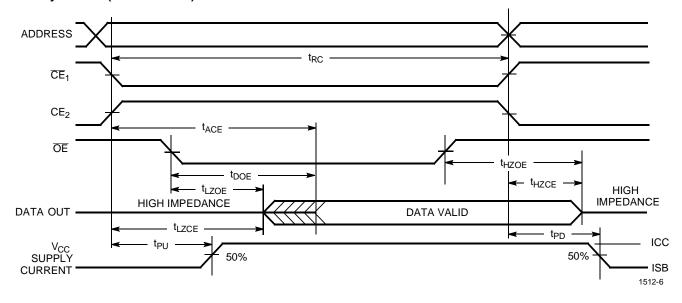
- 10. Device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ .

  11.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle.

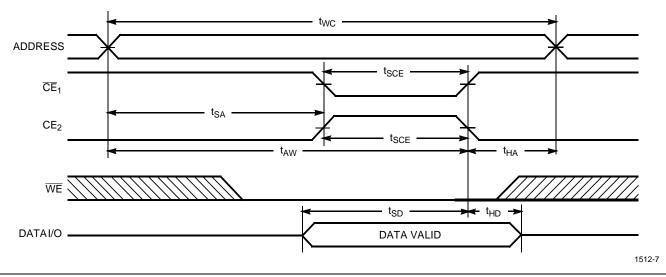


## Switching Waveforms (continued)

# Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [11, 12]



# Write Cycle No. 1 ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ or $\text{CE}_2$ Controlled) $^{[13,\ 14]}$



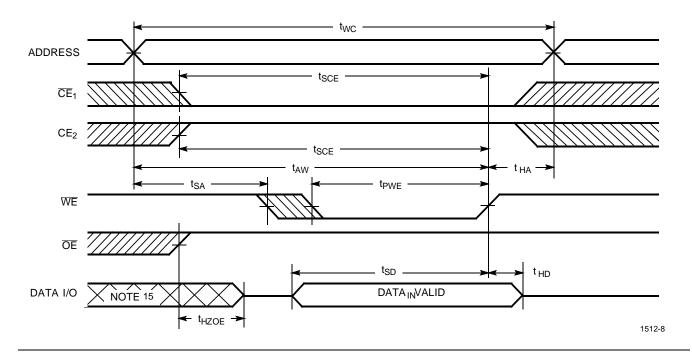
#### Notes:

- 12. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CE}_1$  transition LOW and  $CE_2$  transition HIGH.
- 13. Data I/O is high impedance if OE = V<sub>IH</sub>.
  14. If CE<sub>1</sub> goes HIGH or CE<sub>2</sub> goes LOW simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

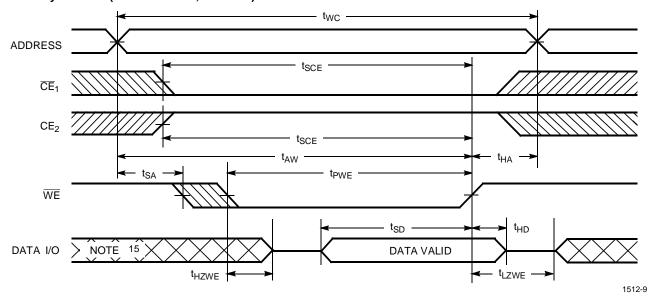


# Switching Waveforms (continued)

# Read Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE HIGH During Write)[13, 14]



# Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) [14]



#### Note:

<sup>15.</sup> During this period the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.



### **Truth Table**

CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	OE	WE	I/O <sub>0</sub> – I/O <sub>7</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Χ	Χ	High Z	Power-Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	L	Χ	Χ	High Z	Power-Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	L	Н	Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Χ	L	Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
15	CY7C1512-15SC	S34	32-Lead (450-Mil) Molded SOIC	Commercial
	CY7C1512-15ZC	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	
	CY7C1512-20ZI	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	Industrial
20	CY7C1512-20SC	S34	32-Lead (450-Mil) Molded SOIC	Commercial
	CY7C1512-20ZC	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	
	CY7C1512-20ZI	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	Industrial
25	CY7C1512-25SC	S34	32-Lead (450-Mil) Molded SOIC	Commercial
	CY7C1512-25ZC	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	
	CY7C1512-25ZI	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	Industrial
35	CY7C1512-35SC	S34	32-Lead (450-Mil) Molded SOIC	Commercial
70	CY7C1512-70SC	S34	32-Lead (450-Mil) Molded SOIC	Commercial
	CY7C1512-70ZC	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	
	CY7C1512-70ZI	Z32	32-Lead TSOP Type I	Industrial

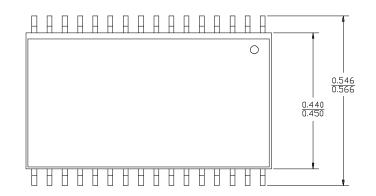
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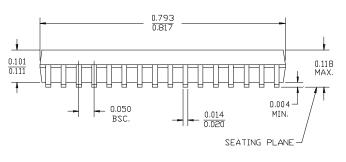


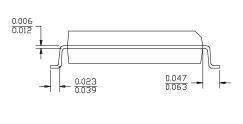
### **Package Diagrams**

### 32-Lead (450 -Mil) Molded SOIC S34

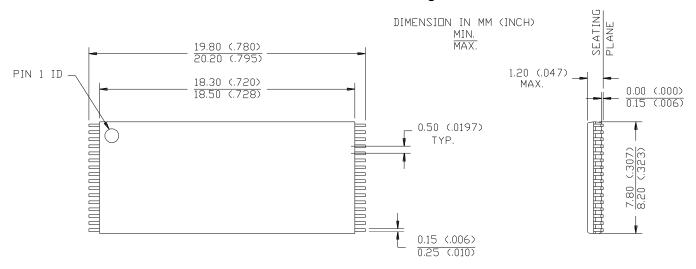


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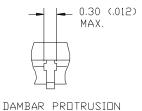




#### 32-Lead Thin Small Outline Package Z32







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