## 

### Low-Cost µP Supervisory Circuits with Battery Backup

#### **General Description**

The MAX703 and MAX704 microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor power-supply and battery functions in uP systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX703/MAX704 are available in 8-pin DIP and SO packages and provide four functions:

- 1) An active-low reset during power-up, powerdown, and brownout conditions.
- 2) Battery-backup switching for CMOS RAM, CMOS μPs, or other low-power logic circuitry.
- 3) A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, low-battery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than +5V.
- 4) An active-low manual-reset input.

The MAX703 and MAX704 differ only in their supply-voltage monitor levels. The MAX703 generates a reset when the supply drops below 4.65V, while the MAX704 generates a reset below 4.4V.

#### **Applications**

Computers

Controllers

Intelligent Instruments

Automotive Systems

Critical µP Power Monitoring

### Features

- ♦ Battery-Backup Power Switching
- ♦ Precision Supply-Voltage Monitor 4.65V (MAX703) 4.40V (MAX704)
- ♦ 200ms Reset Pulse Width
- Debounced TTL-/CMOS-Compatible Manual-Reset Input
- ♦ 200µA Quiescent Current
- ♦ 50nA Quiescent Current in Battery-Backup Mode
- Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning
- 8-Pin DIP and SO Packages
- ♦ Guaranteed RESET Assertion to V<sub>CC</sub> = 1V

#### **Ordering Information**

| PART      | TEMP. RANGE     | PIN-PACKAGE   |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|
| MAX703CPA | 0°C to +70°C    | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX703CSA | 0°C to +70°C    | 8 SO          |
| MAX703C/D | 0°C to +70°C    | Dice*         |
| MAX703EPA | -40°C to +85°C  | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX703ESA | -40°C to +85°C  | 8 SO          |
| MAX703MJA | -55°C to +125°C | 8 CERDIP**    |

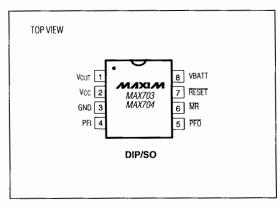
#### Ordering Information continued on last page.

- Dice are tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$  only.
- \*\* Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

### **Typical Operating Circuit**

#### REGULATED +5V UNREGULATED DC MICROPROCESSOR Vcc R1 T0.1μF VCC RESET RESET PF( NMI 3.6V LITHIUM MAXIM GND MAX704 R2 Vou Vcc GND CMOS RAM PUSHBUTTON SWITCH GND

### Pin Configuration



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)                    | Rate-of-Rise, VCC, VBATT                              |
|---|---|
| Vcc   | Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ ) |
| VBATT0.3V to 6.0V   | Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C) 727mW      |
| All Other Inputs (Note 1)0.3V to (V <sub>CB</sub> + 0.3V) | SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) 471mW               |
| Input Current   | CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C) 640mW           |
| Vcc   | Operating Temperature Ranges:                         |
| VBATT   | MAX70_C0°C to +70°C                                   |
| GND   | MAX70_E   |
| Output Current  | MAX70_MJA55°C to +125°C                               |
| VOUT Short-Circuit Protected for up to 10 sec             | Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°C               |
| All Other Outputs   | Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec) +300°C           |

Note 1:  $V_{CB}$  is the greater of  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{BATT}$ . The input voltage limits on PFI and  $\overline{MR}$  may be exceeded if the current into these pins is limited to less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +4.75 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V for MAX703}, V_{CC} = +4.5 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V for MAX704}, V_{BATT} = 2.8 \text{V}, T_{A} = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

| PARAMETER                                      | SYMBOLS   | CONDITIONS  |  | MIN                  | TYP                    | MAX  | UNITS |
|--|-----------|---|--|----------------------|------------------------|------|-------|
| Operating Voltage Range<br>VCC, VBATT (Note 2) |           |   |  | 0                    |                        | 5.5  | V     |
| Supply Current                                 | lou-may v | MAX70_C   |  |                      | 200                    | 350  |       |
| (Excluding IOUT)                               | ISUPPLY   | MAX70_E/M   |  |                      | 200                    | 500  | μΑ    |
| ISUPPLY in Battery-Backup                      |           | Vcc = 0V.   | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                       |                      | 0.05                   | 1.0  | μА    |
| Mode (Excluding IOUT)                          |           | VBATT = 2.8V  | TA= TMIN to TMAX                             |                      |                        | 5.0  |       |
| VBATT Standby Current                          |           | 5.5V> Vcc >   | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                       | -0.1                 |                        | 0.02 |       |
| (Note 3)                                       |           | VBATT + 0.2V  | TA=TMIN to TMAX                              | -1.0                 |                        | 0.02 | μΑ    |
| Vout Output                                    |           | IOUT = 5mA  |  | Vcc-0.05             | V <sub>CC</sub> -0.025 |      | V     |
| VOOT Output                                    |           | 10UT = 50mA   | Vcc-0.5                                      | Vcc-0.25             |                        | 7 °  |       |
| Vout in Battery-Backup Mode                    |           | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 250μA, V <sub>C</sub>  | C < VBATT-0.2V                               | VBATT-<br>0.1        | VBATT-<br>0.02         |      | V     |
| Battery-Switch Threshold                       |           | Vcc < Vbst  | Power-Up                                     |                      | 20                     |      |       |
| (VCC - VBATT)                                  |           | Power-Down  |  |                      | -20                    |      | mV    |
| Battery-Switchover Hysteresis                  |           |   |  |                      | 40                     |      | mV    |
| RESET Threshold                                | \/        | MAX703  |  | 4.50                 | 4.65                   | 4.75 | .,    |
| RESET Infeshold                                | VRST      | MAX704  |  | 4.25                 | 4.40                   | 4.50 | V     |
| RESET Threshold Hysteresis                     |           |   |  | 7-1-1-1              | 40                     |      | mV    |
| RESET Pulse Width                              | trst      |   |  | 140                  | 200                    | 280  | ms    |
|  | Voн       | ISOURCE = 800μA   |  | V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5 |                        |      |       |
| RESET Output Voltage                           |           | ISINK = 3.2mA   |  |                      |                        | 0.4  | V     |
|  | Vol       | MAX70_C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1V, V <sub>CC</sub> falling,<br>VBATT = 0V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 50μA |  |                      |                        | 0.3  |       |
|  |           | MAX70_E/M, Vcc<br>VBATT = 0V, ISIN  | = 1.2V, V <sub>CC</sub> falling,<br><= 100μA |                      |                        | 0.3  | ]     |

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +4.75V \text{ to } +5.5V \text{ for MAX703}, V_{CC} = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V \text{ for MAX704}, VBATT = 2.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

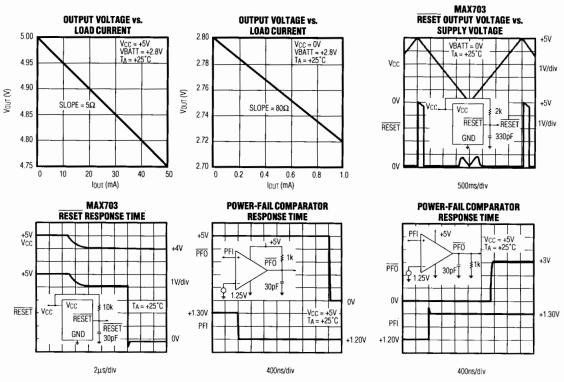
| PARAMETER                 | SYMBOLS | CONDITIONS      | MIN                  | TYP  | MAX  | UNITS |  |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------|------|-------|--|
| MR Input Threshold<br>Low | VIL     |                 |                      |      | 0.8  | V     |  |
| High                      | VIH     |                 | 2.0                  | -    |      | 1     |  |
| MR Pulse Width            | tMR     |                 | 150                  |      |      | ns    |  |
| MR to RESET Delay         | tMD     |                 |                      |      | 250  | ns    |  |
| MR Pull-Up Current        |         | MR = 0V         | 100                  | 250  | 600  | μА    |  |
| PFI Input Threshold       |         | Vcc = 5V        | 1.20                 | 1.25 | 1.30 | V     |  |
| PFI Input Current         |         |                 | -25                  | 0.01 | 25   | nA    |  |
| PFO Output Voltage        | Voн     | ISOURCE = 800μA | V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5 |      |      | 1     |  |
| - To Output voltage       | VoL     | ISINK = 3.2mA   |                      |      | 0.4  | - V   |  |

Note 2: Either VCC or VBATT can go to 0V if the other is greater than 2.0V.

Note 3: "-" = battery-charging current, "+" = battery-discharging current.

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

(VCC = +5V, VBATT = +2.8V, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



### **Pin Description**

| PIN | NAME  | FUNCTION  |
|-----|---|---|
| 1   | Vout  | Supply Output for CMOS RAM. When V <sub>CC</sub> is above the reset threshold, V <sub>OUT</sub> connects to V <sub>CC</sub> through a P-channel MOSFET switch. When V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold, the higher of V <sub>CC</sub> or VBATT is connected to V <sub>OUT</sub> .   |
| 2   | Vcc   | +5V Supply Input  |
| 3   | GND   | Ground  |
| 4   | PFI Power-Fail Comparator Input. When PFI is less than 1.25V, PFO goes low; otherwise PFO remains high Connect PFI to GND or VCC when not used. |   |
| 5   | PFO   | Power-Fail Output goes low and sinks current when PFI is less than 1.25V; otherwise PFO remains high.   |
| 6   | MR  | Manual-Reset Input generates a reset pulse when pulled below 0.8V. This active-low input is TTL/CMOS compatible and can be shorted to ground with a switch. It has an internal 250µA pull-up current. Leave floating when not used.   |
| 7   | RESET   | Reset Output remains low while VCC is below the reset threshold (4.65V for the MAX703, 4.40V for the MAX704). It remains low for 200ms after VCC rises above the reset threshold (Figure 2) or MR goes from low to high.  |
| 8   | VBATT   | Backup-Battery Input. When V <sub>CC</sub> falls below the reset threshold, VBATT is switched to V <sub>QUT</sub> if VBATT is 20mV greater than V <sub>CC</sub> . When V <sub>CC</sub> rises 20mV above VBATT, V <sub>CC</sub> is switched to V <sub>QUT</sub> . The 40mV hysteresis prevents repeated switching if V <sub>CC</sub> falls slowly. |

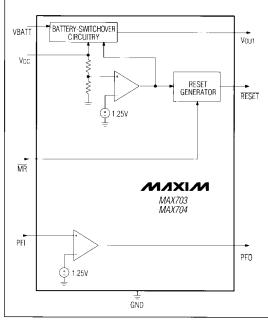


Figure 1. Block Diagram

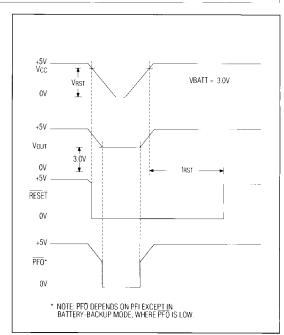


Figure 2. Timing Diagram

## Detailed Description RESET Output

A  $\mu$ P's reset input starts the  $\mu$ P in a known state. Whenever the  $\mu$ P is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX703/MAX704 assert reset when VCC is low, preventing code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

When VBATT is 2V or more, RESET is always valid, irrespective of VCC. On power-up, as VCC rises, RESET remains low. When VCC exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer holds RESET low for a time equal to the reset pulse width (typically 200ms); after this interval, RESET goes high (Figure 2). If a power-fail or brownout condition occurs (i.e. VCC drops below the reset threshold), RESET is asserted. As long as VCC remains below the reset threshold, the internal timer is continually restarted, causing the RESET output to remain low. Thus, a brownout condition that interrupts a previously initiated reset pulse causes an additional 200ms delay from the end of the last interruption.

#### **Power-Fail Comparator**

The PFI input is compared to an internal reference. If PFI is less than 1.25V, PFO goes low. The power-fail comparator can be used as an undervoltage detector to signal a failing power supply. In the *Typical Operating Circuit*, an external voltage divider at PFI is used to monitor the unregulated DC voltage from which the regulated +5V supply is derived.

The voltage divider can be chosen so the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the +5V regulator drops out.  $\overline{PFO}$  is then used as an interrupt to prepare the  $\mu P$  for power-down.

To conserve power, the power-fail comparator is turned off and PFO is forced low when the MAX703/MAX704 enter battery-backup mode.

#### **Backup-Battery Switchover**

In the event of a brownout or power failure, it may be necessary to preserve the contents of RAM. With a backup battery installed at VBATT, the MAX703/MAX704 automatically switch RAM to backup power when VCC fails.

As long as VCC exceeds the reset threshold, VCC connects to VOUT through a  $5\Omega$  P-channel MOSFET power switch. Once VCC falls below the reset threshold, RESET goes low and VCC or VBATT (whichever is higher) switches to VOUT . Note that VBATT switches to VOUT (through an  $80\Omega$  switch) only if VCC is below the resetthreshold voltage and VBATT is greater than VCC. When VCC exceeds the reset threshold, it is connected to the MAX703/MAX704 substrate, regardless of the voltage

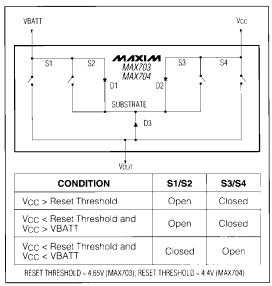


Figure 3. Backup-Battery Switchover Block Diagram

applied to VBATT (Figure 3). During this time, diode D1 (between VBATT and the substrate) conducts current from VBATT to VCC if VBATT ≥ (VCC + 0.6V).

When the battery-backup mode is activated, VBATT connects to VOUT. In this mode, the substrate connects to VBATT and internal circuitry is powered from the battery (Figure 3). Table 1 shows the status of the MAX703/MAX704 inputs and outputs in battery-backup mode.

When VCC is below, but within, 1V of VBATT, the internal switchover comparator draws about 30 $\mu$ A. Once VCC drops to more than 1V below VBATT, the internal switchover comparator shuts off and the supply current falls to less than 1 $\mu$ A.

Table 1. Input and Output Status in Battery-Backup Mode

| SIGNAL  | STATUS   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Vcc     | Disconnected from V <sub>OUT</sub> .   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vout    | Connected to VBATT through an interna $80\Omega$ P-channel MOSFET switch.            |  |  |  |  |  |
| VBATT   | Connected to $V_{OUT}$ . Supply current is $< 1\mu A$ when $V_{CC} < (VBATT - 1V)$ . |  |  |  |  |  |
| RESET   | Logic low  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PFI PFI | Power-fail comparator is disabled.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| PFO     | Logic low  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MR      | Disabled   |  |  |  |  |  |

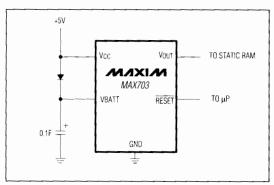


Figure 4. Using a SuperCap as a Backup Power Source with a MAX703 and a  $+5V\pm5\%$  Supply

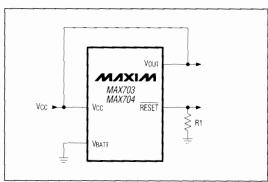


Figure 6. RESET Valid to Ground Circuit

#### Manual Reset

The manual-reset input (MR) allows RESET to be activated by a pushbutton switch. The switch is effectively debounced by the 140ms minimum reset pulse width. Because it is TTL/CMOS compatible, MR can be driven by an external logic line.

#### \_\_\_\_\_ Applications Information Using a SuperCap<sup>™</sup> as a Backup Power Source

SuperCaps are capacitors with extremely high capacitance values (on the order of 0.1 Farad). When using SuperCaps, if Vcc exceeds the MAX703/MAX704 reset thresholds (4.65V and 4.40V, respectively), VBATT may not exceed VCC by more than 0.6V. Thus, with a 5% tolerance on VCC, VBATT should not exceed VCC (min) + 0.6V = 5.35V. Similarly, with a 10% tolerance on VCC, VBATT should not exceed 5.1V.

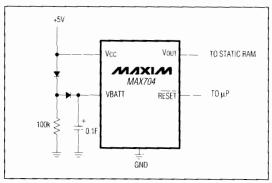


Figure 5. Using a SuperCap as a Backup Power Source with the MAX704 and a  $+5V\pm10\%$  Supply

Figure 4's SuperCap circuit uses the MAX703 with a ±5% tolerance voltage supply. In this circuit, the SuperCap rapidly charges to within a diode drop of VCC. However, the diode leakage current will trickle-charge the SuperCap voltage to VCC. If VBATT = 5.25V and the power is suddenly removed and then reapplied with VCC = 4.75V, VBATT - VCC does not exceed the allowable 0.6V difference voltage.

Figure 5's circuit uses the MAX704 with a  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance voltage supply. Note that if V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V and VBATT  $\leq$  5.1V, the power can be suddenly removed and reapplied with V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V, and (VBATT - V<sub>CC</sub>) will not exceed the allowable 0.6V voltage difference.

#### Batteries and Power Supplies as Backup Power Sources

Lithium batteries work well as backup batteries because they have very low self-discharge rates and high-energy density. Single lithium batteries with open-circuit voltages of 3.0V to 3.6V are ideal for use with the MAX703/MAX704. Batteries with an open-circuit voltage less than the minimum reset threshold plus 0.3V can be directly connected to the MAX703/MAX704 VBATT input with no additional circuitry (see *Typical Operating Circuit*).

However, batteries with open-circuit voltages greater than the reset threshold plus 0.3V CANNOT be used as backup batteries, since they source current into the substrate through diode D1 (Figure 3) when VCC is close to the reset threshold.

Table 2. Allowable Backup-Battery Voltages

| PART NO. | MAXIMUM BACKUP-BATTERY<br>VOLTAGE (V) |  |  |  |  |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| MAX703   | 4.80                                  |  |  |  |  |
| MAX704   | 4.55                                  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>TM</sup> Supercap is a registered trademark of Baknor Industries.

+5V

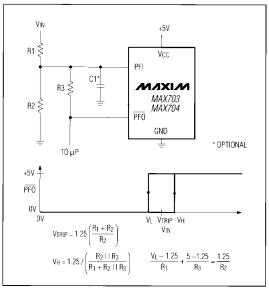


Figure 7. Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

### R1 ≥ Vcc PFC MIXLM MAX703 R2 MAX704 GND +5V PF0 ۸V VTRIP ΩV V- $\frac{5-1.25}{2} = \frac{1.25-V_{TRIP}}{2}$ NOTE: VTRIP IS NEGATIVE

Figure 8. Monitoring a Negative Voltage

#### Using the MAX703/MAX704 Without a Backup Power Source

If a backup power source is not used, ground VBATT and connect VCC to VOUT. A direct connection to VCC eliminates any voltage drop across the internal switch, which would otherwise appear at VOUT. Alternatively, use the MAX705-MAX708, which do not have battery-backup capabilities.

#### Ensuring a Valid $\overline{RESET}$ Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0V$

When VCC falls below 1V, the MAX703/MAX704  $\overline{RESET}$  output no longer sinks current; it becomes an open circuit. High-impedance CMOS logic inputs can drift to undetermined voltages if left as open circuits. If a pull-down resistor is added to the  $\overline{RESET}$  pin as shown in Figure 6, any stray charge or leakage currents will flow to ground, holding  $\overline{RESET}$  low. Resistor value R1 is not critical. It should be about  $100k\Omega$ , which is large enough not to load  $\overline{RESET}$  and small enough to pull  $\overline{RESET}$  to ground.

#### Replacing the Backup Battery

The backup battery can be removed while VCC remains valid without triggering a reset. As long as VCC stays above the reset threshold, battery-backup mode cannot be entered. This is an improvement on switchover ICs that initiate a reset when VCC and VBATT are at or near the same voltage level (regardless of the reset-threshold

voltage). If the voltage on the unconnected VBATT pin floats up toward VCC, this condition alone cannot initiate a reset when using the MAX703/MAX704.

#### Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

Hysteresis adds a noise margin to the power-fail comparator and prevents repeated triggering of  $\overline{PFO}$  when VIN is near the power-fail comparator trip point. Figure 7 shows how to add hysteresis to the power-fail comparator. Select the ratio of R1 and R2 such that PFI sees 1.25V when VIN falls to the desired trip point (VTRIP). Resistor R3 adds hysteresis. It will typically be an order of magnitude greater than R1 or R2. The current through R1 and R2 should be at least 1µA to ensure that the 25nA (max) PFI input current does not shift the trip point. R3 should be larger than  $10k\Omega$  to prevent it from loading down the  $\overline{PFO}$  pin. Capacitor C1 adds additional noise rejection.

#### Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can be used to monitor a negative supply voltage using Figure 8's circuit. When the negative supply is valid, PFO is low. When the negative supply voltage droops, PFO goes high. This circuit's accuracy is affected by the PFI threshold tolerance, the VCC voltage, and resistors R1 and R2.

#### Using the Power-Fail Comparator to Assert Reset

In addition to asserting reset at the VCC reset threshold voltage, reset can also be asserted at the PFI input threshold voltage. Connect  $\overline{\text{PFO}}$  to  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  to initiate a reset pulse when the monitored supply drops below a user-

specified threshold or when VCC falls below the reset threshold. For additional noise rejection, place a capacitor between PFI and GND.

Table 3. Maxim µP Supervisory Products

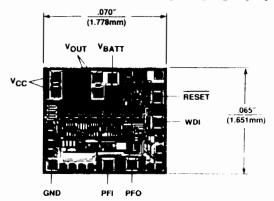
| Part<br>Number | Nominal<br>Reset<br>Threshold<br>(V) | Minimum<br>Reset<br>Pulse<br>Width<br>(ms) | Nominal<br>Watchdog<br>Timeout<br>Period<br>(sec) | Backup-<br>Battery<br>Switch | CE<br>Write<br>Protect | Power-Fail<br>Comparator | Manual<br>Reset<br>Input | Watchdog<br>Output | Low-<br>Line<br>Output | Active-<br>High<br>Reset | Batt<br>On<br>Output |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| MAX690A        | 4.65                                 | 140  | 1.6   | yes                          | no                     | yes                      | no                       | no                 | no                     | no                       | no                   |
| MAX691A        | 4.65                                 | 140/adj.                                   | 1.6/adj.  | yes                          | yes                    | yes                      | no                       | yes                | yes                    | yes                      | yes                  |
| MAX692A        | 4.40                                 | 140  | 1.6   | yes                          | no                     | yes                      | no                       | no                 | no                     | no                       | no                   |
| MAX693A        | 4.40                                 | 140/adj.                                   | 1.6/adj.  | yes                          | yes                    | yes                      | no                       | yes                | yes                    | yes                      | yes                  |
| MAX696         | adj.                                 | 35/adj.                                    | 1.6/adj.  | yes                          | no                     | yes                      | no                       | yes                | yes                    | yes                      | yes                  |
| MAX697         | adj.                                 | 35/adj.                                    | 1.6/adj.  | no                           | yes                    | yes                      | no                       | yes                | yes                    | yes                      | no                   |
| MAX700         | 4.65/adj.                            | 200  | NA  | no                           | no                     | no                       | yes                      | no                 | no                     | yes                      | no                   |
| MAX703         | 4.65                                 | 140  | NA  | yes                          | no                     | yes                      | yes                      | no                 | no                     | no                       | no                   |
| MAX704         | 4.40                                 | 140  | NA  | yes                          | no                     | yes                      | yes                      | no                 | no                     | no                       | по                   |
| MAX705         | 4.65                                 | 140  | 1.6   | no                           | no                     | yes                      | yes                      | yes                | no                     | no                       | no                   |
| MAX706         | 4.40                                 | 140  | 1.6   | no                           | no                     | yes                      | yes                      | yes                | no                     | no                       | no                   |
| MAX707         | 4.65                                 | 140  | NA  | no                           | no                     | yes                      | yes                      | no                 | no                     | yes                      | no                   |
| MAX708         | 4.40                                 | 140  | NA  | no                           | no                     | yes                      | yes                      | no                 | no                     | yes                      | no                   |
| MAX791         | 4.65                                 | 140  | 1   | yes                          | yes                    | yes                      | yes                      | yes                | yes                    | yes                      | yes                  |
| MAX1232        | 4.50/4.75                            | 250  | 0.15/0.60/<br>1.2                                 | no                           | no                     | no                       | yes                      | no                 | no                     | yes                      | no                   |
| MAX1259        | NA                                   | NA   | NA  | yes                          | no                     | yes                      | no                       | no                 | no                     | no                       | no                   |

#### Ordering Information (continued)

| PART      | TEMP. RANGE     | PIN-PACKAGE   |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|
| MAX704CPA | 0°C to +70°C    | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX704CSA | 0°C to +70°C    | 8 SO          |
| MAX704C/D | 0°C to +70°C    | Dice*         |
| MAX704EPA | -40°C to +85°C  | 8 Plastic DIP |
| MAX704ESA | -40°C to +85°C  | 8 SO          |
| MAX704MJA | -55°C to +125°C | 8 CERDIP**    |

<sup>\*</sup> Dice are tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C only.

#### Chip Topography



SUBSTRATE MUST BE LEFT UNCONNECTED TRANSISTOR COUNT: 573

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 737-7600

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contact factory for availabi; ity and processing to MIL-STD-883.