

### **General Description**

The MAX507/MAX508 are complete 12-bit, voltageoutput digital-to-analog converters (DACs). The DAC output voltage and the reference have the same polarity, allowing single-supply operation. Both DACs include an internal buried-zener reference. Integrating a DAC, voltage-output amplifier, and reference on one monolithic device greatly enhances reliability over multi-chip circuits.

Double-buffered logic inputs interface easily to microprocessors (µPs). Data is transferred into the input register either from a 12-bit-wide data bus (MAX507) for 16-bit  $\mu$ Ps, or in a right-justified (8+4)-bit format (MAX508) for 8- or 16-bit µPs. All logic signals are level triggered and are TTL and CMOS compatible. Interface timing specifications insure compatibility with all common µPs.

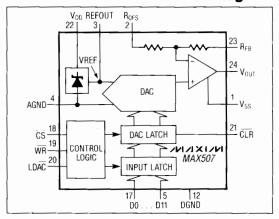
The DACs are specified and tested for both dual- and single-supply operation. Usable supplies range from single +12V to dual  $\pm$ 15V.

On-board gain-setting resistors allow three outputvoltage ranges: 0V to +5V and 0V to +10V can be generated when using either single or dual supplies. With dual supplies, ±5V is also available. The output amplifier can drive a  $2k\Omega$  load to +10V.

### **Applications**

Digital Offset and Gain Adjustment Industrial Controls Arbitrary Function Waveform Generators Automatic Test Equipment Automated Calibration Machine and Motion Control

### **Functional Diagram**



### Features

- ♦ 12-Bit Voltage Output
- ♦ Internal Voltage Reference
- ♦ Fast μP Interface
- ♦ 12 (MAX507) and 8+4 (MAX508) Data-Bus Widths
- ♦ Single +12V to Dual ±15V Supply Operation
- ♦ 20- and 24-Pin DIP and Wide SO Packages

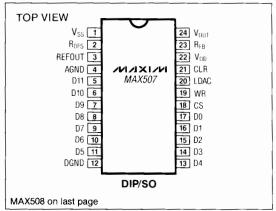
### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	ERROR (LSBs)
MAX507ACNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP	±1/2
MAX507BCNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP	±3/4
MAX507ACWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO	±1/2
MAX507BCWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO	±3/4
MAX507BC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*	±3/4
MAX507AENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP	±1/2
MAX507BENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP	±3/4
MAX507AEWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO	±1/2
MAX507BEWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO	±3/4
MAX507AMRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP**	±1/2
MAX507BMRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP**	±3/4

#### Ordering Information continued on page 12.

- Contact factory for dice specifications.
- Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883

### Pin Configurations



/VI/IXI/VI

Maxim Integrated Products 1

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

VDD to AGND       -0.3V, +17V         VDD to DGND       -0.3V, +17V         VDD to VSS       -0.3V, +34V	Continuous Power Dissipation (any package) to +75°C
AGND to DGND0.3V, V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Temperature Ranges:
Digital Input Voltage to GND0.3V, V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V	MAX507_C, MAX508_C 0°C to +70°C
V <sub>OUT</sub> to AGND (Note 1) V <sub>SS</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub>	MAX507_E, MAX508_E40°C to +85°C
V <sub>OUT</sub> to V <sub>SS</sub> (Note 1)	MAX507_M, MAX508_M55°C to +125°C
V <sub>OUT</sub> to V <sub>DD</sub> (Note 1)	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
REFOUT to AGND (Note 1)0.3V, V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)+300°C

Note 1: The output can be shorted to either supply rail if the package power dissipation is not exceeded. Typical short-circuit current to AGND is 25mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Single Supply (V<sub>DD</sub> = +11.4V to +15.75V, V<sub>SS</sub> = AGND = DGND = 0V, R<sub>L</sub> =  $2k\Omega$ , C<sub>L</sub> = 100pF, REFOUT unloaded, all grades, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
STATIC PERFORMANCE									
Resolution	N		·	12			Bits		
		T 1050.0	MAX507/508A			±1/2			
Relative Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX507/508B			±3/4	1.05		
	INL	T T 4- T	MAX507/508A			±3/4	LSB		
		TA = TMIN to TMAX	MAX507/508B			±1	1		
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL		<u> </u>			±1	LSB		
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			±3	1.00		
Unipolar Offset Error		TA = TMIN to TMAX				±5	LSB		
DAC Gain Error						±2	LSB		
5 H 01- 0		14014 - 14514	T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C			±0.2	0,500		
Full-Scale Output Voltage Error		V <sub>DD</sub> = +12V or +15V	T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>			±0.6	%FSR		
- H			T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C			±0.12	N 505 #		
Full-Scale Output Voltage Change		V <sub>DD</sub> over full range	TA = TMIN to TMAX			±0.2	⊢%FSR/		
		MAX507/508_C/E	1			±30	ppm		
Full-Scale Tempco		MAX507/508_M				±40	FSR/°C		
Unipolar Offset Error Change		$V_{DD}$ = +12V ± 5% or +15V ± 5%				±1	mV		

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

Single Supply ( $V_{DD}$  = +11.4V to +15.75V,  $V_{SS}$  = AGND = DGND = 0V,  $R_L$  = 2k $\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  = 100pF, REFOUT unloaded, all grades,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONI	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
REFERENCE							
Reference Output		V <sub>DD</sub> = +12V or +15V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	4.99		5.01	V
Reference Voltage Change		$V_{DD}$ = +12V ± 5% or	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			2	1404
		+15V ± 5%	TA = TMIN to TMAX			6	mV/V
Reference Temperature Coefficient		MAX507/508_C/E			±30		/9.0
		MAX507/508_M			±40		ppm/°C
Reference Load Sensitivity		$I_{LOAD} = 0\mu A$ to $100\mu A$				±1	mV
ANALOG OUTPUT							
Ranges (Note 2)						0 to 5	v
						0 to 10	
Output Range Resistors				15		30	kΩ
DC Output Impedance					0.5		Ω
Short-Circuit Current					40		mA
<b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE</b> (Note	3)					_	
Voltage-Output Slew Rate				2			V/μs
V <sub>OUT</sub> Settling Time		To ±1/2 LSB for full-s	scale change			5	μs
Digital Feedthrough					10		nV-s
Digtal-to-Analog Glitch Impulse		Major carry transition	1	1	30		nV-s
Output Load Resistance (Note 2)		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V to +10V		2			kΩ
POWER SUPPLIES							
V <sub>DD</sub> Range		For specified performance		11.4		15.75	V
Inc		Outputs uploaded	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			9	
IDD		Outputs unloaded TA =				12	mA

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Dual Supply ( $V_{DD}$  = +11.4V to +15.75V,  $V_{SS}$  = -11.4V to -15.75V, DGND = AGND = 0V,  $R_L$  = 2k $\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  = 100pF, REFOUT unloaded, all grades,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
STATIC PERFORMANCE		<del></del>		•				
Resolution	N			12			Bits	
		7 .050.0	MAX507/508A			±1/2		
	1	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX507/508B			±3/4	1	
Relative Accuracy	INL	_	MAX507/508A			±3/4	- LSB	
		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$	MAX507/508B			±1		
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL					±1	LSB	
		144 VE07/500 A	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±2		
District Tour Office Force	B70E	MAX507/508A	TA = TMIN to TMAX			±4	1.05	
Bipolar Zero Offset Error	BZOE	NAAV507/500D	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±3	LSB	
		MAX507/508B	T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>	1		±5		
DAC Gain Error					-	±2	LSB	
		V <sub>DD</sub> = +15V,	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±0.2		
Full-Scale Output Voltage Error		V <sub>SS</sub> = -15V	TA = TMIN to TMAX			±0.6	1	
		V <sub>DD</sub> = +12V,	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±0.2	%FSR	
		V <sub>SS</sub> = -12V	TA = TMIN to TMAX			±0.6		
Full-Scale Output Change		$V_{DD}$ = +12V $\pm$ 5% or +15V $\pm$ 5% $V_{SS}$ = -12V or -15V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±0.12	%FSR/v	
with V <sub>DD</sub>			TA = TMIN to TMAX			±0.2	%FSR/V	
Full-Scale Output Change with V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{SS}$ = -12V $\pm$ 5% or - $V_{DD}$ = +12V or +5V	15V ± 5%			0.01	%FSR/V	
Full-Scale Tempco		MAX507/508_C/E				±30	ppm	
run-scale tempco		MAX507/508_M				±40	FSR/°C	
Dinalay Zaya Officet Change		$V_{DD}$ = +12V ± 5% or - V <sub>SS</sub> = -12V or -15V	+15V ± 5%			±1		
Bipolar Zero Offset Change		$V_{SS}$ = -12V $\pm$ 5% or - V <sub>DD</sub> = +12V or +15V	15V $\pm$ 5%			±1	mV	
REFERENCE	•			•				
Reference Output		V <sub>DD</sub> = +12V or +15V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	4.99		5.01	V	
Defended Outside Observe		Van over full reases	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			2	ma\//\/	
Reference Output Change		V <sub>DD</sub> over full range	T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>			6	mV/V	
Reference Temperature		MAX507/508_C/E			±30		ppm/°C	
Coefficient		MAX507/508_M	-		±40			
Reference Load Sensitivity		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0μA to 100μA				±1	mV	

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

Dual Supply ( $V_{DD}$  = +11.4V to +15.75V,  $V_{SS}$  = -11.4V to -15.75V, DGND = AGND = 0V,  $R_L$  = 2k $\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  = 100pF, REFOUT unloaded, all grades,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONI	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG OUTPUT		-					
Ranges (Notes 2, 4)				01	to +5 or + -5 to +5	10,	V
Output Range Resistors				15		30	kΩ
DC Output Impedance					0.5		Ω
Short-Circuit Current					40		mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (Not	e 3)						
Voltage-Output Slew Rate				2	-		V/μs
V <sub>OUT</sub> Settling Time		to ±1/2 LSB		<u></u>		5	μs
Digital Feedthrough					10		nV-s
Digtal-to-Analog Glitch Impulse		Major carry transitio	n		30		nV-s
Output Load Resistance		V <sub>OUT</sub> = -5V to +10V		2			kΩ
POWER SUPPLIES							
V <sub>DD</sub> Range		For specified perform	mance	11.4		15.75	V
V <sub>SS</sub> Range		For specified perform	mance	-11.4		-15.75	V
IDD			T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C			9	mA.
		Outputs unloaded	TA = TMIN to TMAX			12	
		0.44	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	3		3	mA
Iss		Outputs unloaded	TA = TMIN to TMAX	5			] mA

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Single or Dual Supply (VDD = +11.4V to +15.75V, VSS = 0V to -15.75V, DGND = AGND = 0V, REFOUT unloaded,  $R_L$  =  $2k\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  = 100pF, all grades,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
DIGITAL INPUTS				•				
VINH				2.4			V	
VINL						0.8	V	
Input Current	1	D0-D11  -	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±1	μΑ	
	JIN		T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>			±10		
l		CS, WR, LDAC, CLR	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±1		
linh		CS, WH, LDAC, CLR	TA = TMIN to TMAX			±10	μΑ	
I		CS, WR, LDAC, CLR	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			±150	1.	
INL	CS, Wh, EDAC, C	CS, WH, LDAC, CLR	T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>MIN</sub> to T <sub>MAX</sub>			±200	μΑ	
Digital Input Capacitance					8		pF	

### **TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

(All grades,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
CC Dulas Width (Nata E)	4.	T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C	80				
CS Pulse Width (Note 5)	t <sub>1</sub>	TA = TMIN to TMAX	100			ns	
M/D Dules Width		T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C	80				
WR Pulse Width	t <sub>2</sub>	TA = TMIN to TMAX	100			ns	
CS to WR Setup Time (Note 5)	t <sub>3</sub>		0			ns	
CS to WR Hold Time (Note 5)	t <sub>4</sub>		0			ns	
B	t <sub>5</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	100			T	
Data to WR Setup Time		TA = TMIN to TMAX	110			ns	
Data to WR Hold Time	t <sub>6</sub>		10			ns	
T DAG Data - Mate		T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C	80				
LDAC Pulse Width	t <sub>7</sub>	TA = TMIN to TMAX	100			— ns	
CLR Pulse Width (MAX507)		T <sub>A</sub> = +25° C	80				
	t <sub>8</sub>	TA = TMIN to TMAX	100			ns	

Note 2:  $V_{OUT}$  must be less than  $(V_{DD} - 2.5V)$ .

Note 3: Dynamic performance is included for design guidance, not subject to test.

Note 4: The 0V to +5V or +10V ranges can be used with  $V_{SS}$  = -5V with no degradation. Note 5:  $\overline{CS}$  =  $\overline{CSLSB}$  and  $\overline{CSMSB}$  for MAX508.

### \_\_ Detailed Description Digital-to-Analog Converters

The MAX507/MAX508 are 12-bit, voltage-output DACs. The DAC output voltage has the same polarity as the reference, allowing single-supply operation.

The basic DAC circuit consists of a laser-trimmed, thinfilm, R-2R resistor array with NMOS voltage switches (Figure 1).

### **Output-Buffer Amplifier**

The output amplifier is noninverting and configurable for a gain of 1 or 2. Three output voltage ranges can be configured for: 0V to +5V, 0V to +10V, and -5V to +5V. The output amplifier can drive  $2k\Omega$  in parallel with 100pF connected to GND.

The MAX507/MAX508 can operate from a single supply with a 0V to +5V or a 0V to +10V output range by tying VSS to 0V. However, the speed and current-sinking capability of the amplifier decreases as the output falls within 0.5V of VSS. Speed and current-sinking capability can be maintained by including a negative supply. Table 1 lists the allowable single and dual supplies for each range.

The output amplifier's small-signal bandwidth is typically 2MHz. Output noise is approximately  $25nV/\sqrt{Hz}$  at 1kHz, and output broadband noise is approximately  $25\mu V_{\rm RMS}$ .

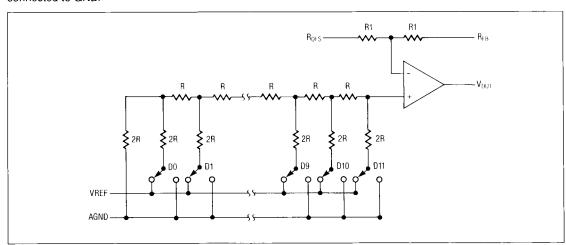


Figure 1. Simplified MAX507 DAC Circuit

Table 1. Output Voltage Range vs. Supply Voltage

	Single Supply	Dual Supply				
Range	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	Vss			
0V to +5V	+11.4V to +15.75V	+11.4V to +15.75V	-4.5V to -15.75V			
0V to +10V	+14.25V to +15.75V	+14.25V to +15.75V	-4.5V to -15.75V			
-5V to +5V		+11.4V to +15.75V	-11.4V to -15.75V			

#### Voltage Reference

The voltage at REFOUT is 5V  $\pm$  10mV at +25°C. The reference is internally connected to the DAC and is buffered to accommodate the DAC's variable impedance. This buffer is capable of driving the DAC, the ROFS resistor, and up to 500 $\mu$ A of external current. MAX507/MAX508 specifications are determined with the internal reference. The reference should be decoupled at REFOUT with 10 $\Omega$  in series with the recommended decoupling capacitors,  $10\mu$ F in parallel with  $0.1\mu$ F.

### Digital Inputs and Interface Logic

All logic inputs are compatible with both TTL and 5V CMOS logic. Supply current is specified for TTL input levels, but is reduced by about 450µA when the data inputs are driven near DGND or VDD. The control inputs (CLR, LDAC, WR, CS, CSMSB, and CSLSB) each draw 100µA from IDD when low.

#### **MAX507 Interface**

Table 2 is the MAX507 truth table. The MAX507 accepts a 12-bit input word that can be latched or transferred directly to the DAC. CS and WR control the input latch, and LDAC transfers information from the input latch to the DAC latch.

Table 2. MAX507 Truth Table

CLR	LDAC	WR	CS	Function
1	0	0	0	Both latches transparent
1	1	1	Х	Both latches latched
1	1	Х	1	Both latches latched
1	1	0	0	Input latch transparent
1	1	<u>†</u>	0	Input latch latched
1	0	1	1	DAC latch transparent
1	1	1	1	DAC latch latched
0	Х	X	Х	DAC latch all 0s
1	1	1	1	DAC latch latched with 0s; output at 0V or -5V
1	0	0	0	Both latches transparent; output follows input data

<sup>1 =</sup> High State 0 = Low State

The input latch is transparent when CS and WR are low; the DAC latch is transparent when LDAC is low. Data is latched within the input latch on the rising edge of WR when CS is low. The rising edge of LDAC latches data into the DAC when CS and WR are low. After CS and WR are high, LDAC must be held low for to rolonger (Figure 2).

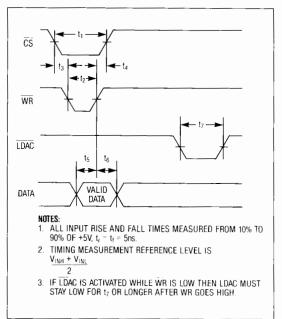


Figure 2. MAX507 Timing Diagram

The DAC latch is reset to zeros with CLR low. CLR acts as a zero override when the input latch and DAC latch are transparent. Then, a low-to-high CLR transition loads all zeros into the DAC latch, and the output remains low (0V to -5V).

### MAX508 Interface

The MAX508's 8-bit-wide data bus interfaces with 8-bit  $\mu$ Ps. The MAX508 contains an input latch and a DAC latch. The data held in the DAC latch determines the output of the DAC. Table 3 is the MAX508 truth table, Figure 3 shows the input control logic, and Figure 4 shows the write-cycle timing.

X = Don't Care

† = Rising Edge

Table 3. MAX508 Truth Table

CSLSB	CSMSB	WR	LDAC	Function
0	1	0	1	Loads LSBs to input latches
0	1	1	1	Locks LSBs in input latches
†	1	0	1	Locks LSBs in input latches
1	0	0	1	Loads MSBs to input latches
1	0	1	1	Locks MSBs in input latches
1	1	0	1	Locks MSBs in input latches
1	1	1	0	Loads input into DAC latch
1	1	1	1	Locks input into DAC latch
1	0	0	0	Loads MSBs to input latches and loads input into DAC latch
1	1	1	1	No data transfer

1 = High State

0 = Low State

† = Rising Edge

Right-justified data is loaded into the MAX508 using CSMSB, CSLSB, and WR. Data can be latched into the input latch on the rising edge of WR for the most significant bit (MSB) and least significant bit (LSB), or on the rising edge of CSMSB for the MSB and CSLSB for the LSB. Either the MSB or the LSB can be loaded first.

The complete, 12-bit word loads into the DAC register when LDAC is low, and latches on LDAC's rising edge. LDAC is asynchronous and independent of WR, so it is ideal for simultaneously updating multiple MAX508 outputs. Because LDAC can occur during a write cycle, it must stay low for t7 (or longer) after WR goes high to ensure correct data is latched to the output.

The MAX508 output can be updated in two write cycles by tying CSMSB and LDAC. In this automatic transfer mode, CSLSB and WR latch the lower 8 bits into the input latch; then CSMSB, WR, and LDAC load the upper 4 bits into the input latch and transfer the 12-bit word into the DAC latch. Alternatively, the MAX507 can be updated in two writes by tying CSLSB to LDAC if the upper 4 bits are input first, followed by the lower 8 bits.

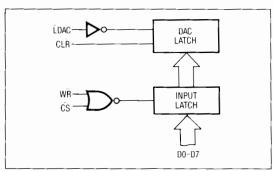


Figure 3a. MAX507 Input Control Logic

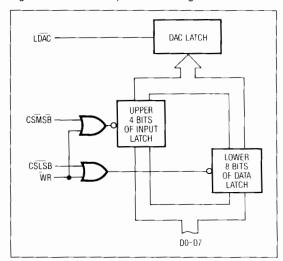


Figure 3b. MAX508 Input Control Logic

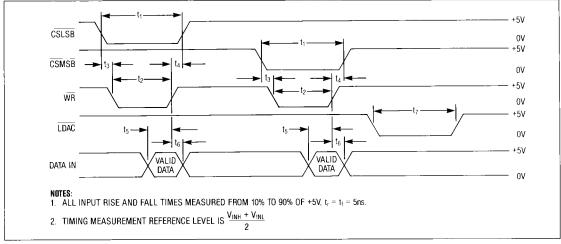


Figure 4. MAX508 Timing Diagram

### **Unipolar Configuration**

The MAX507/MAX508 are set up for a 0V to +5V unipolar output range by connecting ROFS, RFB, and VOUT (Figure 5). The converters operate from either a single or a dual supply in this configuration. See Table 4 for the DAC-latch contents (input) vs. analog output (output). In this range, 1LSB = VREF (2<sup>-12</sup>).

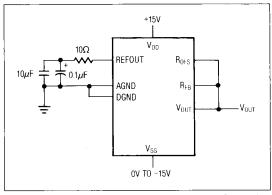


Figure 5. Unipolar Configuration (0V to +5V Output)

### Table 4. Unipolar-Code Table (0V to +5V Output)

	INPUT		OUTPUT
1111	1111	1111	$(VREF) \frac{4095}{4096}$
1000	0000	0001	(VREF) $\frac{2049}{4096}$
1000	0000	0000	$(VREF) \frac{2048}{4096} = +VREF/2$
0111	1111	1111	(VREF) $\frac{2047}{4096}$
0000	0000	0001	(VREF) 1/4096
0000	0000	0000	0V

A 0V to +10V unipolar output range is set up by connecting ROFS to AGND and RFB to VOUT (Figure 6). See Table 5 for the DAC-latch contents (input) vs. analog output (output). The MAX507/MAX508 operate from either a single or a dual supply in this configuration. In this range, 1LSB = VREF  $(2^{-11})$ .

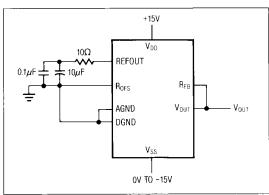


Figure 6. Unipolar Configuration (0V to +10V Output)

Table 5. Unipolar-Code Table (0V to +10V Output)

	INPUT		OUTPUT	
1111	1111	1111	+2 (VREF) $\frac{4095}{4096}$	
1000	0000	0001	+2 (VREF) 2049 4096	
1000	0000	0000	+2 (VREF) 2048 =+VREF	
0111	1111	1111	+2 (VREF) 2047 4096	
0000	0000	0001	+2 (VREF) $\frac{1}{4096}$	
0000	0000	0000	0V	

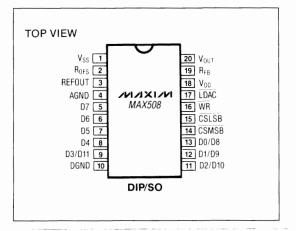
### Bipolar Configuration

A –5V to +5V bipolar range is set up by connecting RoFs to REFOUT and RFB to VOUT, and operating from dual power supplies (Table 1). See Table 6 for the DAC-latch contents (input) vs. analog output (output). In this range, 1LSB = (2) VREF ( $2^{-11}$ ) = (VREF) 1/2048.

Table 6. Bipolar-Code Table (-5V to +5V Output)

	INPUT		OUTPUT	
1111	1111	1111	(+VREF) $\frac{2047}{2048}$	
1000	0000	0001	(+VREF) 1/2048	
1000	0000	0000	0V	
0111	1111	1111	(-VREF) 1/2048	
0000	0000	0001	(-VREF) $\frac{2047}{2048}$	
0000	0000	0000	(-VREF) $\frac{2048}{2048}$ = -VREF	

### Pin Configurations (continued)



### \_ Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	ERROR (LSBs)
MAX508ACPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Narrow Plastic DIP	±1/2
MAX508BCPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Narrow Plastic DIP	±3/4
MAX508ACWP	0°C to +70°C	20 Wide SO	±1/2
MAX508BCWP	0°C to +70°C	20 Wide SO	±3/4
MAX508BC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*	±3/4
MAX508AEPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Narrow Plastic DIP	±1/2
MAX508BEPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Narrow Plastic DIP	±3/4
MAX508AEWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO	±1/2
MAX508BEWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO	±3/4
MAX508AMJP	-55°C to +125°C	20 Narrow CERDIP**	±1/2
MAX508BMJP	-55°C to +125°C	20 Narrow CERDIP**	±3/4

Contact factory for dice specifications.

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.