

1ch Ultra Small High Side Load Switch

BUS1DJC0GWZ BUS1DJC3GWZ

General Description

BUS1DJC0GWZ and BUS1DJC3GWZ are low ON-Resistance high-side power switch P-channel MOSFETs. It comes in ultra-small package for portable digital applications. This switch IC operates on low input voltages ranging from 1.1V to 5.0V and exhibits a typical ON-resistance of 63 m Ω at 3.3V. The turn ON time of the device can be controlled to avoid inrush current.

Features

- P-MOSFET high-side load switch
- Low input voltage
- Ultra low bias current
- Ultra low standby current
- Built-in discharge circuit
- Built-in soft start circuit
- Built-in short circuit protection
- Input logic : Active-High
- Ultra small package
- ESD protection

Applications

- Digital cameras
- Mobile phones
- Smart phones
- Portable devices
- Digital video cameras

Key Specifications

Input Voltage Range: 1.1V to 5.0V R_{ON} (at V_{IN}=1.2V): 140m Ω (Typ) R_{ON} (at V_{IN}=3.3V): 63m Ω (Typ) Bias Current: 0.35 μ A(Typ) Standby Current: 0.01 μ A (Typ) Operating Temperature Range: -30°C to +85°C

Package UCSP30L1 W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max) 0.8mm x 0.8mm x 0.35mm

Typical Application Circuits

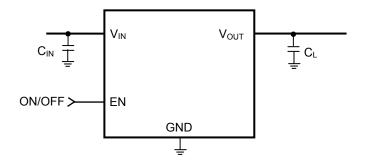


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuits

Pin Configurations

В	EN	GND	В			\bigcirc
Α	V _{IN}	V _{OUT}	А			\bigcirc
	Top View			2 1	1	2
				Top View	Botton	n View

Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Pin Descriptions

Descriptions	200110110						
Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function					
A1	V _{OUT}	Switch output					
A2	V _{IN}	Switch input					
B1	GND	Ground					
B2	EN	Enable input					

Block Diagram

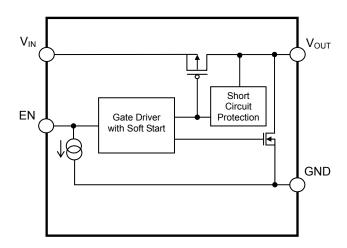


Figure 3. Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Switch Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to +5.5	V
Switch Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3	V
Enable Input Voltage	V _{EN}	-0.3 to +5.5	V
Power Dissipation	Pd	0.41 ^(Note 1)	W
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-30 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Junction Temperature	Tjmax	125	°C

(Note 1) Derate by 4.1mW/°C when operating above 25°C. (When mounted on a 9 layer glass-epoxy board with 63mm x 55mm x 1.6mm dimension.)

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta= -30°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Switch Input Voltage	V _{IN}	1.1	-	5.0	V
Output Current	I _{OUT}	-	-	2 (Note 2)	Α

(Note 2) Not to exceed Pd and ASO.

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, V_{IN}=3.3V, V_{EN}=3.3V, Ta=25°C)

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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Operating Current	I _{IN}	-	0.35	1	μA	V _{EN} =3.3V, I _{OUT} =0A
OFF Supply Current	I _{IN_OFF}	-	0.01	1	μA	V _{EN} =0V, V _{OUT} =OPEN
Leakage Current	I _{IN_Leak}	ı	0.01	1	μA	V _{EN} =0V, V _{OUT} =0V
ON-Resistance 1	R _{ON1}	-	140	245	mΩ	V _{IN} =1.2V
ON-Resistance 2	R _{ON2}	ı	80	125	mΩ	V _{IN} =1.8V
ON-Resistance 3	R _{ON3}	-	63	85	mΩ	V _{IN} =3.3V
ON-Resistance 4	R _{ON4}	-	58	80	mΩ	V _{IN} =5.0V
EN High Voltage	V _{EN_High}	0.85	-	5.0	V	
EN Low Voltage	V _{EN_Low}	-0.3	-	0.4	V	
EN Bias Current	I _{EN}	-	0.7	1.5	μA	V _{EN} =3.3V
Discharge ON-Resistance	R _{ON_DIS}	50	80	110	Ω	V _{EN} =0V

BUS1DJC0GWZ

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Turn-ON Time 1	t _{ON1}	-	32	-	µsec	V_{IN} =1.2V, R_L =510 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F
Turn-ON Time 2	t _{ON2}	-	12	-	µsec	V_{IN} =3.3V, R_L =510 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F
Turn-OFF Time	t _{OFF}	-	25	-	µsec	V_{IN} =3.3V, R_L =510 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F

BUS1DJC3GWZ

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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Turn-ON Time 1	t _{ON1}	-	510	-	µsec	V_{IN} =1.2V, R_L =510 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F
Turn-ON Time 2	t _{ON2}	-	190	-	µsec	V_{IN} =3.3V, R_L =510 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F
Turn-OFF Time	t _{OFF}	-	25	-	µsec	V_{IN} =3.3V, R_L =510 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F

Measurement Circuit

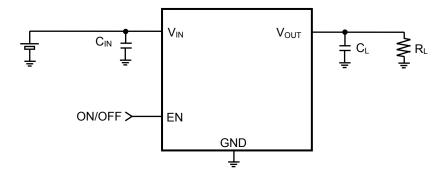


Figure 4. Measurement Circuit

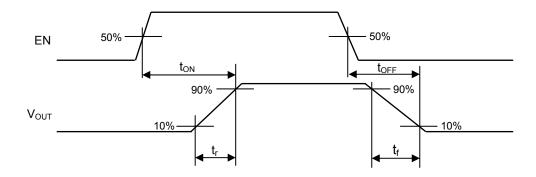


Figure 5. Timing Diagram

Typical Performance Curves

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, V_{EN}=3.3V, V_{IN}=3.3V)

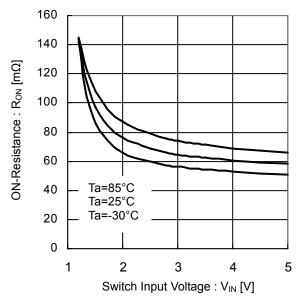


Figure 6. ON-Resistance vs Switch Input Voltage

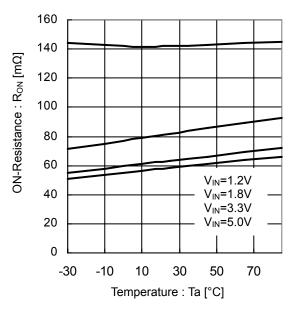


Figure 7. ON-Resistance vs Temperature

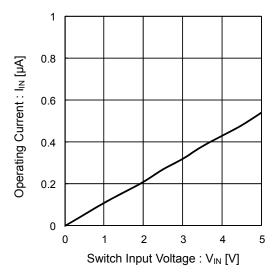


Figure 8. Operating Current vs Switch Input Voltage

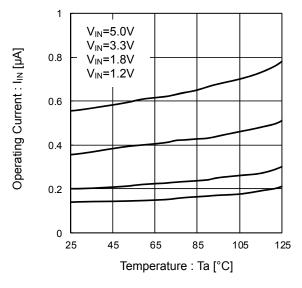


Figure 9. Operating Current vs Temperature

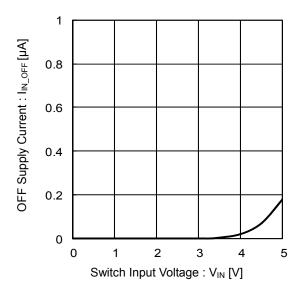


Figure 10. OFF Supply Current vs Switch Input Voltage $(V_{EN}=0V)$

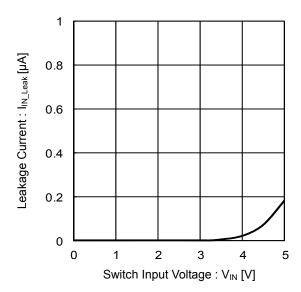


Figure 12. Leakage Current vs Switch Input Voltage $(V_{EN}=0V, V_{OUT}=0V)$

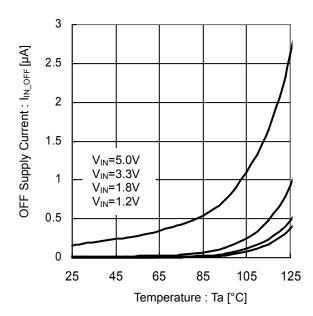


Figure 11. OFF Supply Current vs Temperature $(V_{EN}=0V)$

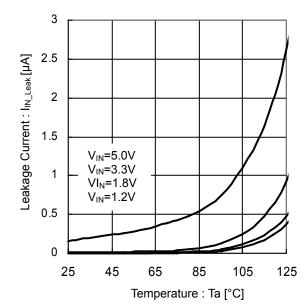


Figure 13. Leakage Current vs Temperature (V_{EN}=0V, V_{OUT}=0V)

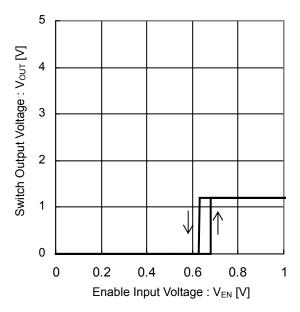


Figure 14. Switch Output Voltage vs Enable Input Voltage $(V_{IN}=1.2V)$

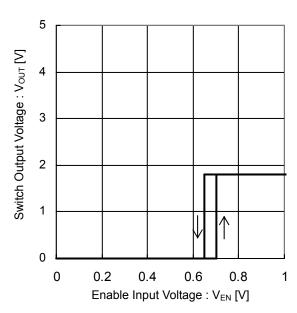


Figure 15. Switch Output Voltage vs Enable Input Voltage $(V_{IN}=1.8V)$

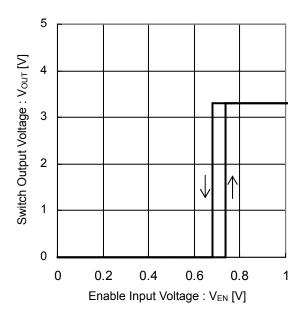


Figure 16. Switch Output Voltage vs Enable Input Voltage $(V_{IN}=3.3V)$

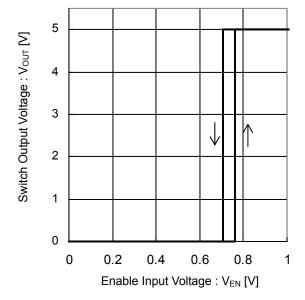


Figure 17. Switch Output Voltage vs Enable Input Voltage $(V_{IN}=5.0V)$

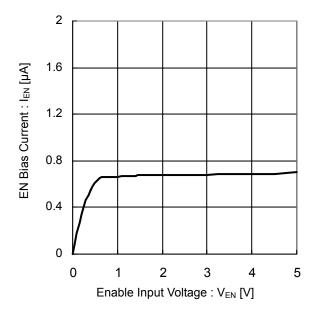


Figure 18. EN Bias Current vs Enable Input Voltage

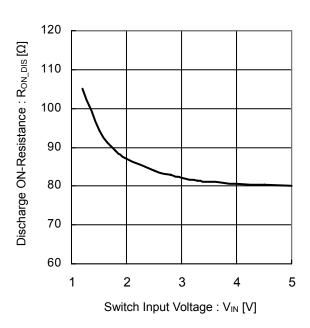


Figure 19. Discharge ON-Resistance vs Switch Input Voltage

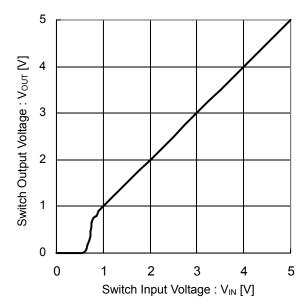


Figure 20. Switch Output Voltage vs Switch Input Voltage (V_{EN}=3.3V)

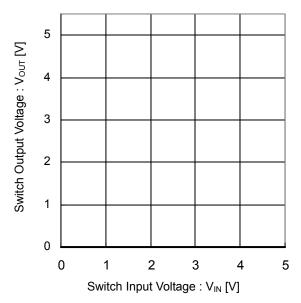


Figure 21. Switch Output Voltage vs Switch Input Voltage $(V_{EN}=0V)$

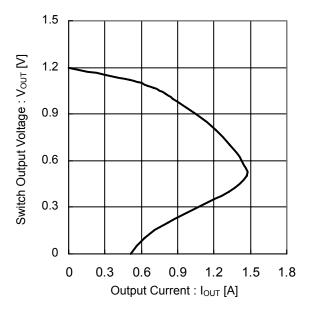


Figure 22. Switch Output Voltage vs Output Current $(V_{IN}=1.2V)$

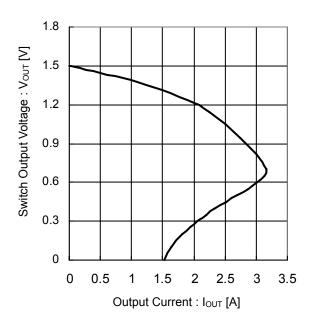


Figure 23. Switch Output Voltage vs Output Current $(V_{IN}=1.5V)$

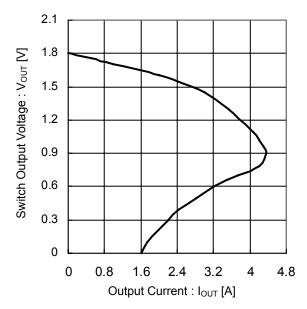


Figure 24. Switch Output Voltage vs Output Current $(V_{IN}=1.8V)$

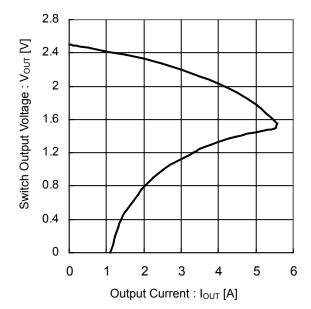


Figure 25. Switch Output Voltage vs Output Current $(V_{IN}=2.5V)$

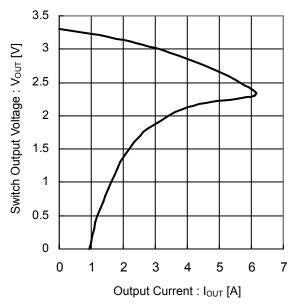


Figure 26. Switch Output Voltage vs Output Current $(V_{IN}=3.3V)$

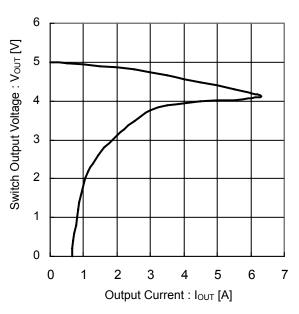


Figure 27. Switch Output Voltage vs Output Current $(V_{IN}=5.0V)$

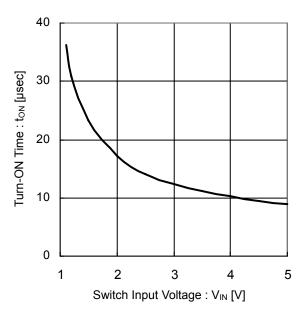


Figure 28. Turn-ON Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC0GWZ)

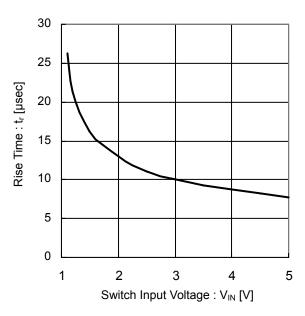


Figure 29. Rise Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC0GWZ)

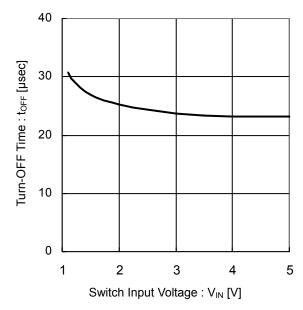


Figure 30. Turn-OFF Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC0GWZ)

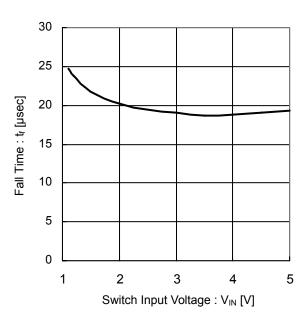


Figure 31. Fall Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC0GWZ)

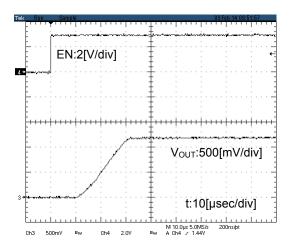


Figure 32. Turn ON Response 1 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN} =1.2V)

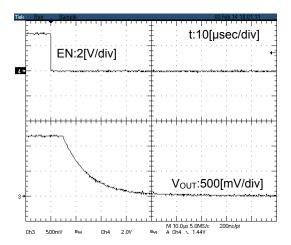


Figure 33. Turn OFF Response 1 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN} =1.2V)

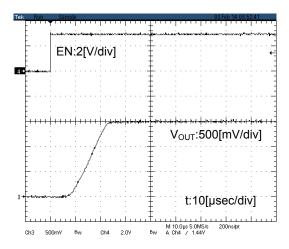


Figure 34. Turn ON Response 2 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN} =1.5V)

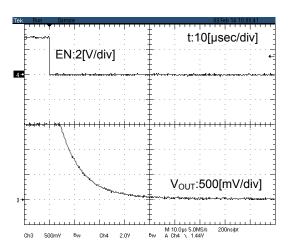


Figure 35. Turn OFF Response 2 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN}=1.5V)

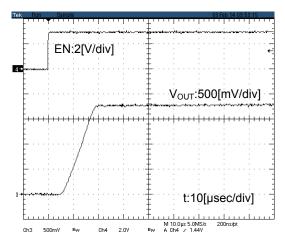
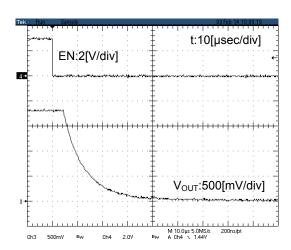


Figure 36. Turn ON Response 3 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN} =1.8V)



 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Figure 37. Turn OFF Response 3} \\ \mbox{(BUS1DJC0GWZ} & \mbox{V}_{\mbox{IN}} \mbox{=} 1.8\mbox{V}) \end{array}$

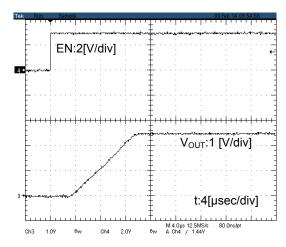


Figure 38. Turn ON Response 4 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN} =2.5V)

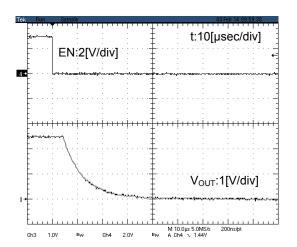
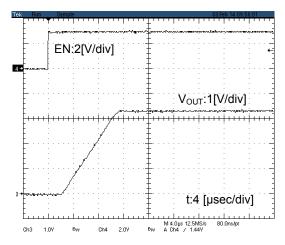
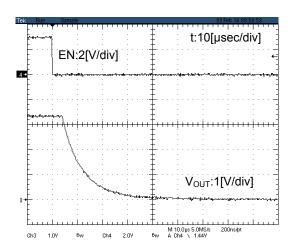


Figure 39. Turn OFF Response 4 (BUS1DJC0GWZ V_{IN} =2.5V)



 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Figure 40. Turn ON Response 5} \\ \mbox{(BUS1DJC0GWZ} & \mbox{V}_{\mbox{IN}} \mbox{=} 3.3\mbox{V}) \end{array}$



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Figure 41. Turn OFF Response 5} \\ \text{(BUS1DJC0GWZ} & V_{\text{IN}}\text{=}3.3V) \end{array}$

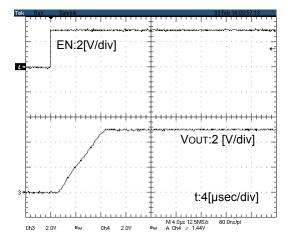


Figure.42 Turn on response 6 (BUS1DJC0GWZ VIN=5.0V)

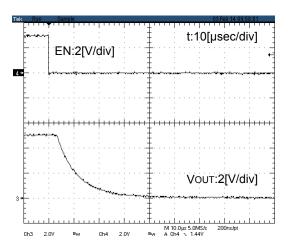


Figure.43 Turn off response 6 (BUS1DJC0GWZ VIN=5.0V)

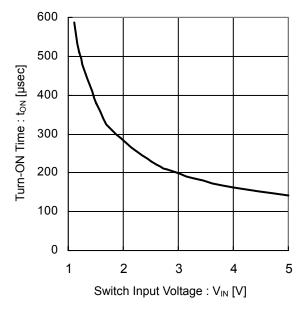


Figure 44. Turn-ON Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC3GWZ)

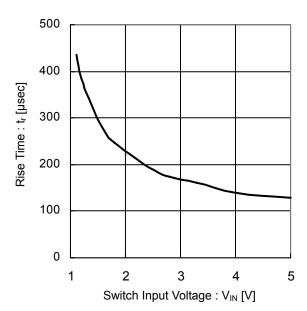


Figure 45. Rise Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC3GWZ)

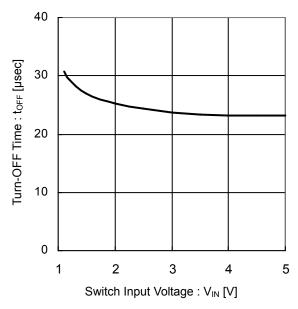


Figure 46. Turn-OFF Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC3GWZ)

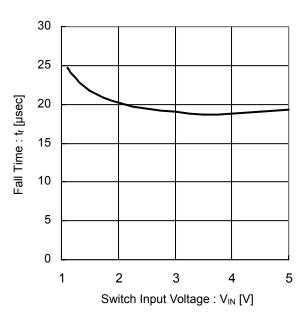


Figure 47. Fall Time vs Switch Input Voltage (BUS1DJC3GWZ)

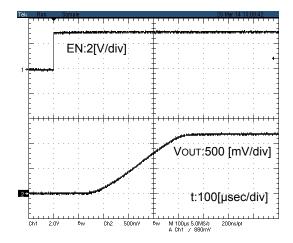


Figure.48 Turn on response 7 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=1.2V)

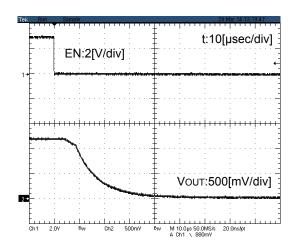


Figure.49 Turn off response 7 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=1.2V)

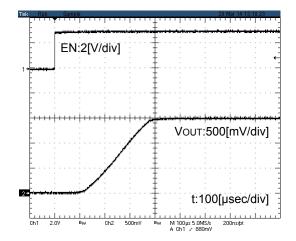


Figure.50 Turn on response 8 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=1.5V)

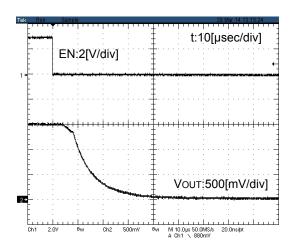


Figure.51 Turn off response 8 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=1.5V)

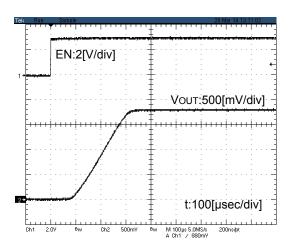


Figure.52 Turn on response 9 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=1.8V)

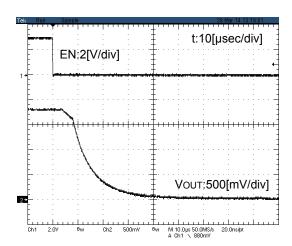


Figure.53 Turn off response 9 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=1.8V)

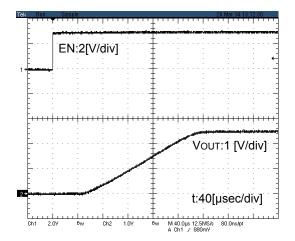


Figure.54 Turn on response 10 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=2.5V)

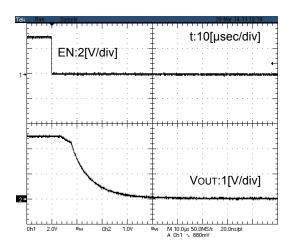


Figure.55 Turn off response 10 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=2.5V)

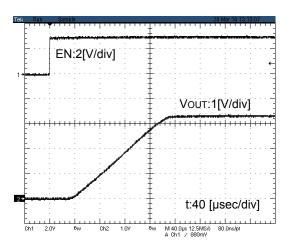


Figure.56 Turn on response 11 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=3.3V)

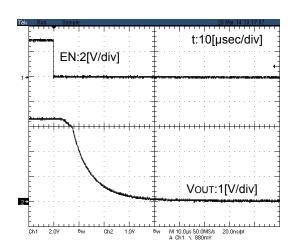


Figure.57 Turn off response 11 (BUS1DJC3GWZ VIN=3.3V)

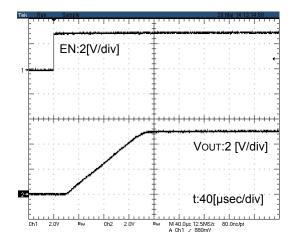


Figure.58 Turn on response 12 (BUS1DJC3GWZ Vin=5V)

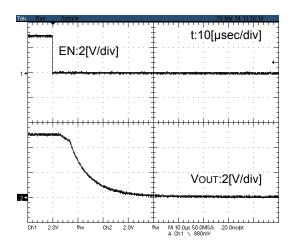


Figure.59 Turn off response 12 (BUS1DJC3GWZ Vin=5V)

Application Information

It is recommended that an input bypass/decoupling capacitor (over $0.1\mu F$) is placed near the IC between the V_{IN} and GND pins. The capacitor between V_{IN} and GND pins is necessary when there is high impedance on the power supply or if the power trace is long. Larger capacitance value $(0.1\mu F$ to $100\mu F)$ would result to better line regulation and will improve power characteristics during load change. However, IC operation must be confirmed by mounting the device on an actual application board.

Power Dissipation

An estimation of heat reduction characteristics and internal power consumption of the IC are shown below. Use these for reference. It is recommended to measure Pd on a set board since power dissipation changes substantially according to the implementation conditions (board size, board thickness, metal wiring rate, number of layers and through holes, etc.). Exceeding the power dissipation of IC may lead to degradation of the original IC performance, such as reduction in current capability of the device. It is recommended to provide sufficient margin within the power dissipation rating for usage.

Calculation of the internal power consumption of IC (P)

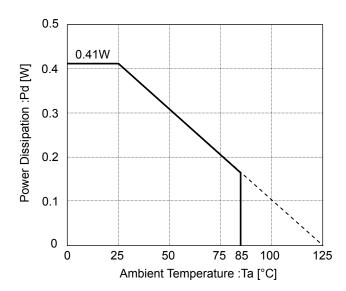
$$P = R_{ON} \times I_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}$$

Where:

 R_{ON} is the ON-state resistance I_{OUT} is the Average output current

Measurement Conditions

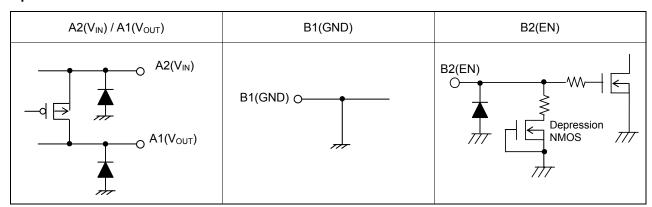
		Evalu	uation Board				
Layout of Measurem		Top Layer (Top View)	Bottom Layer (Top View)				
Measur	rement State	With board implemen	nted (Wind speed 0 m/s)				
Boar	d Material	Glass epoxy resin (9 layers)					
Boa	ard Size	63 mm x 55 mm x 1.6 mm					
Wiring	Top layer	Metal (GND) wiring rate: Approx. 0%					
Rate	Bottom layer	Metal (GND) wiring rate: Approx. 50%					
Through Hole		Diamete	r 0.5mm x 6 holes				
Pov	wer Dissipation	0.	41W				
	ermal sistance	θja=243.9°C/W					



* Please design the margin so that P is less than Pd (P < Pd) within the usage temperature range

Figure 60. UCSP30L1(BUS1DJC0GWZ/ BUS1DJC3GWZ) Power Dissipation Heat Reduction Characteristics (Reference)

I/O Equivalence Circuits



Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminals.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. The absolute maximum rating of the Pd stated in this specification is when the IC is mounted on a glass epoxy board. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned OFF completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

Operational Notes - continued

11. Unused Input Terminals

Input terminals of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input terminals should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

In the construction of this IC, P-N junctions are inevitably formed creating parasitic diodes or transistors. The operation of these parasitic elements can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions which cause these parasitic elements to operate, such as applying a voltage to an input pin lower than the ground voltage should be avoided. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input pins when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. Even if the power supply voltage is applied, make sure that the input pins have voltages within the values specified in the electrical characteristics of this IC.

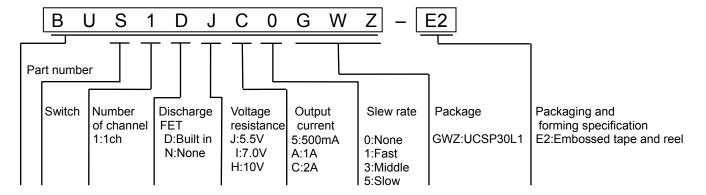
13. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

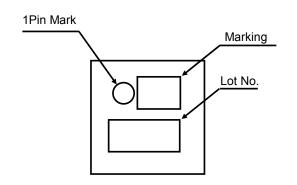
14. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).

Ordering Information



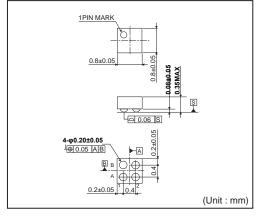
Marking Diagram

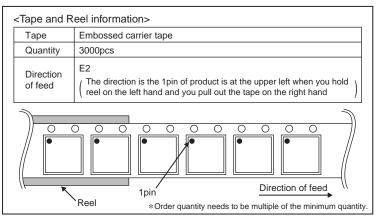


Part No.	Marking
BUS1DJC0GWZ	GV
BUS1DJC3GWZ	GX

Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information

UCSP30L1(BUS1DJC0GWZ / BUS1DJC3GWZ)





Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
11.Mar.2014	001	New Release
8.Apr.2014	002	Added BUS1DJC3GWZ

Notice

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JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CL ACCIII	CLASSIIb	П 20
CLASSIV	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	- CLASSIII

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 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

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- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
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Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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