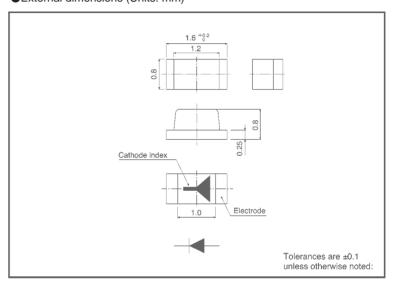
Chip LEDs with low power consumption SML-311 Series

The SML-311 series are low power consumption, chip LEDs equipped with an AlGalnP chip. These LEDs are compact and leadless to allow a higher mounting density, and low power consumption makes them an ideal light source for battery driven products.

Features

- Three colors : red, orange and yellow
- 2) Low power consumption chip LEDs equipped with an AlGalnP chip.
- 3) Six times the brightness of previous GaAsP chips at $I_F = 2$ mA.
- 4) Compact 1.6mm × 0.8mm surface mount package.
- 5) Thin 0.8mm package.
- Ideal light source for battery driven products.

●External dimensions (Units: mm)



Selection guide

Emitting color Lens	Red	Orange	Yellow	
Transparent clear	SML-311UT	SML-311DT	SML-311YT	

● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Davastav	Cumala al	Red	Orange	Yellow	Unit			
Parameter	Symbol	SML-311UT	SML-311DT	SML-311YT				
Power dissipation	P□	22	22	22	mW			
Forward current	lF	10	10	10	mA			
Peak forward current	lfP	60	60	60	mA*			
Reverse voltage	VR	4	4	4	٧			
Operating temperature	Topr	−30~+85						
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40~ + 85						

^{*} Pulse width 1ms Duty 1 / 5



LED lamps SML-311 Series

●Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Color	Forward voltage		Reverse current		Luminous intensity			Peak wavelength		Spectral line half width		
			VF	(V)	Cond.	ln (μ A)	Cond.	Iv (n	ncd)	Cond.	λ _P (nm)	Cond.	△ λ (nm)	Cond.
Туре			Тур.	Max.	IF (mA)	Max.	$V_{R}(V)$	Min.	Тур	I _F (mA)	Тур.	I _F (mA)	Тур.	I _F (mA)
	UT	Red	1.8	2.2	2	100	4	0.9	2.5	2	630	2	18	2
SML-311	DT	Orange	1.8	2.2	2	100	4	0.9	2.5	2	611	2	16	2
	YT	Yellow	1.8	2.2	2	100	4	0.56	1.6	2	590	2	15	2

Directional pattern

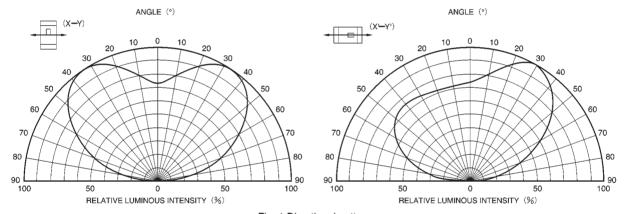


Fig. 1 Directional pattern

LED lamps SML-311 Series

●Electrical characteristic curves (SML-311UT, DT, YT)

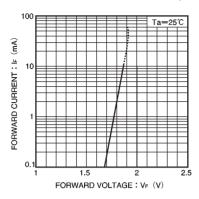


Fig. 2 Forward current vs. forward voltage

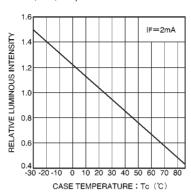


Fig. 3 Luminous intensity vs. case temperature

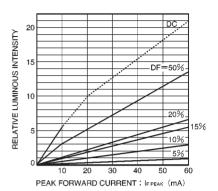


Fig. 4 Luminous intensity vs. peak forward current

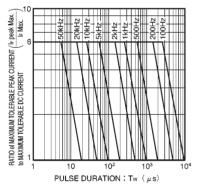


Fig. 5 Maximum tolerable peak current vs. pulse duration

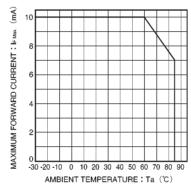


Fig. 6 Maximum forward current vs. ambient temperature