



Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

MAX6736-MAX6745

General Description

The MAX6736-MAX6745 are low-power dual-/triple-voltage microprocessor (μ P) supervisors. These devices assert a reset if any monitored supply falls below its factory-trimmed or adjustable threshold and maintain reset for a minimum timeout period after all supplies rise above their thresholds. The integrated dual/triple supervisory circuits significantly reduce size and power compared to separate ICs or discrete components. The low supply current of 6 μ A makes these devices ideal for portable equipment.

The MAX6736/MAX6737 are dual fixed-voltage μ P supervisors with a manual reset input. The MAX6738/MAX6739 have one fixed and one adjustable reset threshold and a manual reset input. The MAX6740/MAX6743 are triple-voltage μ P supervisors with two fixed and one user-adjustable reset threshold inputs. The MAX6741/MAX6744 are dual-voltage μ P supervisors with a power-OK (POK) output ideal for power-supply sequencing. The MAX6742/MAX6745 monitor the primary VCC supply and have an independent power-fail comparator.

The MAX6736-MAX6745 monitor I/O supply voltages (VCC1) from 1.8V to 5.0V and core supply voltages (VCC2) from 0.9V to 3.3V with factory-trimmed reset threshold voltage options (Table 1). An external adjustable RSTIN input option allows monitoring voltages down to 0.5V.

A variety of push-pull or open-drain reset outputs along with manual reset input and power-fail input/output features are available (see the *Selector Guide*). The MAX6736-MAX6745 are offered in a space-saving 5-pin SC70 package and operate over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

Applications

Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment	Controllers
Multivoltage Systems	PDA's
Notebook Computers	GPS Equipment
	POS Equipment

Features

- ◆ Dual-/Triple-Supply Reset Voltage Monitors
- ◆ Precision Factory-Set Reset Thresholds for Monitoring from 0.9V to 5.0V
- ◆ Adjustable Reset Input Down to 0.488V
- ◆ 150ms and 1200ms (min) Reset Timeout Period Options
- ◆ VCC1 Power-OK Output for Power-Supply Sequencing Applications (MAX6741/MAX6744)
- ◆ Power-Fail Input/Power-Fail Output (MAX6742/MAX6745)
- ◆ 6 μ A Supply Current
- ◆ Tiny SC70 Package

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6736XK__D_-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6737XK__D_-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5

Note: The first “__” or “_” are placeholders for the threshold voltage levels of the devices. Desired threshold levels are set by the part number suffix found in Tables 1 and 2. The “_” after the D is a placeholder for the reset timeout period suffix found in Table 3. For example, the MAX6736XKLT3-T is a dual-voltage supervisor $V_{TH1} = 4.625V$, $V_{TH2} = 3.075V$, and a 150ms minimum reset timeout period. All devices are available in tape-and-reel only. There is a 2500-piece minimum order increment for standard versions (see Table 1). Sample stock is typically held on standard versions only. Nonstandard versions require a minimum order increment of 10,000 pieces. Contact factory for availability.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Selector Guide continued at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Typical Application Circuits appear at end of data sheet.

Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.

Selector Guide

PART	VOLTAGE MONITORS	OPEN-DRAIN RESET	PUSH-PULL RESET	MANUAL RESET	POWER-FAIL INPUT/OUTPUT	POK OUTPUT	RSTIN INPUT
MAX6736	2 fixed	X	—	X	—	—	—
MAX6737	2 fixed	—	X	X	—	—	—
MAX6738	1 fixed, 1 adj	X	—	X	—	—	X

*Manual reset detect on $\overline{RESET}$ output.



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VCC1, VCC2, POK1 to GND-0.3V to +6V
 Open-Drain RESET, PFO to GND-0.3V to +6V
 Push-Pull RESET to GND-0.3V to (VCC1 + 0.3V)
 MR, RSTIN, PFI to GND-0.3V to (VCC1 + 0.3V)
 Input/Output Current, All Pins20mA
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
 5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C).....247mW

Operating Temperature Range-40°C to +85°C
 Junction Temperature+150°C
 Storage Temperature Range-65°C to +150°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(VCC = 1.2V to 5.5V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range	V _{CC1} , V _{CC2}	T _A = -40°C to 0°C		1.2		5.5	V
		T _A = 0°C to +85°C		1.0		5.5	
V _{CC1} Supply Current	I _{CC1}	V _{CC1} = 3.3V, V _{CC1} > V _{CC2} , no load, reset not asserted			5	10	μA
		V _{CC1} = 1.8V, V _{CC1} < V _{CC2} , no load, reset not asserted			5	10	
V _{CC2} Supply Current	I _{CC2}	V _{CC2} = 1.8V, V _{CC2} < V _{CC1} , no load, reset not asserted			1	2	μA
		V _{CC2} = 3.3V, V _{CC2} > V _{CC1} , no load, reset not asserted			10	20	
Reset Threshold for V _{CC1}	V _{TH1}	MAX67__L	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	4.500	4.625	4.750	V
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	4.425		4.825	
		MAX67__M	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	4.250	4.375	4.500	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	4.175		4.575	
		MAX67__T	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	3.000	3.075	3.150	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.950		3.200	
		MAX67__S	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	2.850	2.925	3.000	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.800		3.050	
		MAX67__R	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	2.550	2.625	2.700	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.505		2.745	
		MAX67__Z	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	2.250	2.313	2.375	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.213		2.413	
		MAX67__Y	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	2.125	2.188	2.250	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.088		2.288	
		MAX67__W	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	1.620	1.665	1.710	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	1.593		1.737	
		MAX67__V	T _A = 0°C to +85°C	1.530	1.575	1.620	
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	1.503		1.647	

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = 1.2V$ to $5.5V$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Reset Threshold for V_{CC2}	V_{TH2}	MAX67__T $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	3.000	3.075	3.150	V
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.905		3.050	
		MAX67__S $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.850	2.925	3.000	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.800		3.050	
		MAX67__R $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.550	2.625	2.700	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.505		2.745	
		MAX67__Z $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.250	2.313	2.375	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.213		2.413	
		MAX67__Y $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.125	2.188	2.250	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	2.088		2.288	
		MAX67__W $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.620	1.665	1.710	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.593		1.737	
		MAX67__V $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.530	1.575	1.620	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.503		1.647	
		MAX67__I $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.350	1.388	1.425	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.328		1.448	
		MAX67__H $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.275	1.313	1.350	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.253		1.373	
		MAX67__G $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.080	1.110	1.140	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.062		1.158	
RSTIN Threshold (MAX6738/ MAX6739/MAX6740/MAX6743)	$V_{TH-RSTIN}$	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.476	0.488	0.500	V
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.468		0.507	
RSTIN Input Current		$V_{RSTIN} \geq 0.1V$ (Note 2)	-10		+10	nA
Reset Threshold Hysteresis		V_{TH1} , V_{TH2} , RSTIN, PFI		0.5		%
$\overline{RESET}$, POK1 Output Low	V_{OL}	$V_{CC1} \geq 1.0V$, $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$			0.3	V
		$V_{CC1} \geq 1.2V$, $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$			0.3	
		$V_{CC1} \geq 2.13V$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.3	
		$V_{CC1} \geq 4.25V$, $I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4	
$\overline{RESET}$ Output High (Push-Pull)	V_{OH}	$V_{CC1} \geq 2.38V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$, output deasserted	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$			V
		$V_{CC1} \geq 4.75V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$, output deasserted	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$			

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = 1.2V$ to $5.5V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RESET Output Open-Drain Leakage Current (MAX6736/MAX6738)	ILKG	Output not asserted low (Note 2)			500	nA
POK1 Output Open-Drain Leakage		Output not asserted low (Note 2)			500	nA
VCC Reset Delay	tRD	VCC1, VCC2, or RSTIN falling at 10mV/μs from VTH + 100mV to VTH - 100mV		35		μs
VCC Reset Timeout Period (Note 3)	tRP	MAX67____XK__D3	150	225	300	ms
		MAX67____XK__D7	1200	1800	2400	
MANUAL RESET (MAX6736–MAX6739 only)						
MR to VCC1 Internal Pullup Impedance			0.75	1.5	3.00	kΩ
MR Timeout Period	tMRP	Both D3 and D7 timing options	150	225	300	ms
MR Minimum Input Pulse Width	tMPW		1			μs
MR Glitch Rejection				100		ns
MR Input Voltage	VIL				0.3 × VCC1	V
	VIH		0.8 × VCC1			
MR to RESET Delay				300		ns
Vcc1 POWER-OK OUTPUT (MAX6741/MAX6744 only)						
POK1 Timeout Period	tPOKP		37.5	56.25	75.0	ms
PUSHBUTTON RESET (MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6742 only)						
RESET to VCC1 Internal Pullup Impedance			25	50	100	kΩ
Manual Reset Detect Debounce Period	tDEB	(Note 4)	37.5	56.25	75.0	ms
Manual Reset Timeout Period (Note 3)	tMRP	MAX67____XK__D3	150	225	300	ms
		MAX67____XK__D7	1200	1800	2400	
Manual Reset Minimum Input Pulse Width	tMPW	(Note 4)	1			μs
Manual Reset Release Detect Threshold		(Note 4)		0.5 × VCC1		V
Manual Reset Glitch Rejection		(Note 4)		100		ns
Manual Reset to RESET Delay				300		ns

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = 1.2V$ to $5.5V$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR (MAX6742/MAX6745 only)						
Power Fail In Threshold (Note 5)	V_{TH-PFI}	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.476	0.488	0.500	V
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.468		0.507	
Power Fail In Current	I_{PFI}	$V_{PFI} \geq 0.1V$ (Note 2)	-10		+10	nA
$\overline{PFO}$ Output Low	V_{OL}	$V_{CC1} \geq 1.53V$, $I_{SINK} = 500\mu A$			0.3	V
		$V_{CC1} \geq 2.03V$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.3	
		$V_{CC1} \geq 4.25V$, $I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4	
PFI to $\overline{PFO}$ Propagation Delay	t_p	PFI falling at $10mV/\mu s$ from $V_{TH-PFI} + 100mV$ to $V_{TH-PFI} - 100mV$ or rising at $10mV/\mu s$ from $V_{TH-PFI} - 100mV$ to $V_{TH-PFI} + 100mV$ (Note 5)		35		μs
$\overline{PFO}$ Startup Delay		To output valid (Note 5)		5		ms

Note 1: All devices are 100% tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: Guaranteed by design.

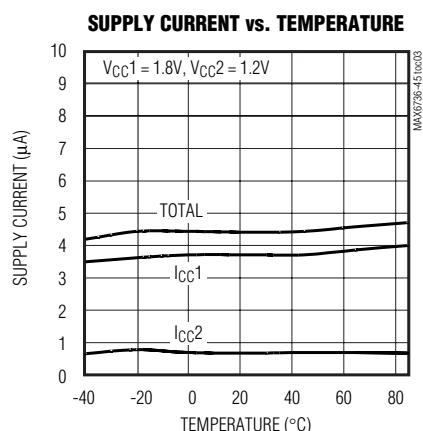
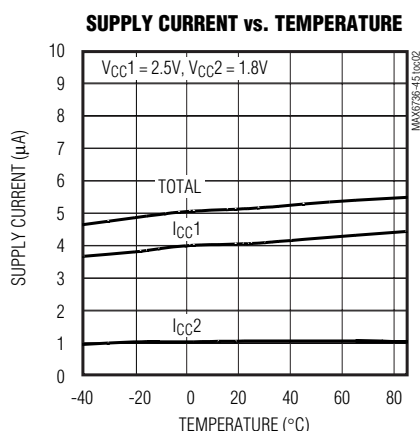
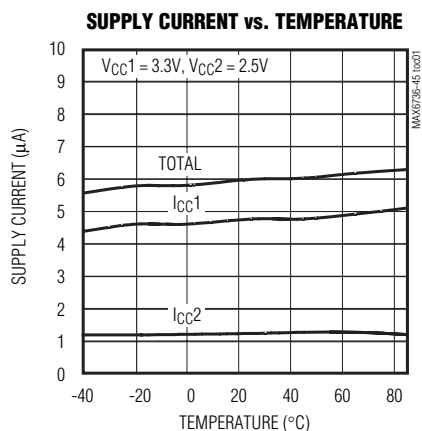
Note 3: t_{RD} timeout period begins after POK1 timeout period (t_{POKP}) and $V_{CC2} \geq V_{TH2}$ (max) (MAX6741/MAX6744).

Note 4: Refers to the manual reset function obtained by forcing the RESET output low.

Note 5: $V_{CC1} \geq 1.6V$.

Typical Operating Characteristics

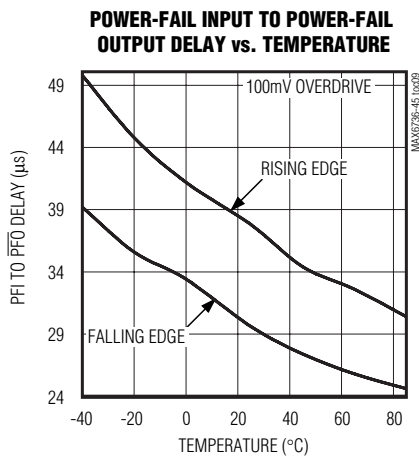
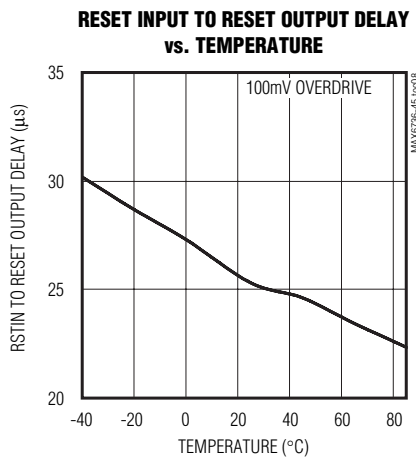
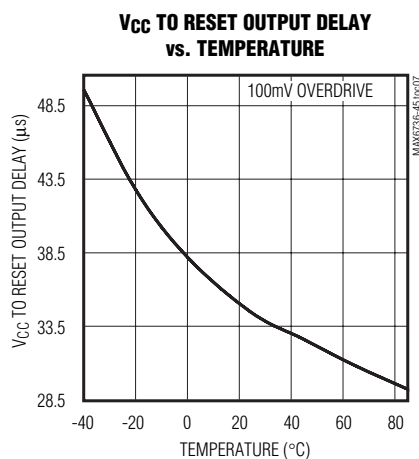
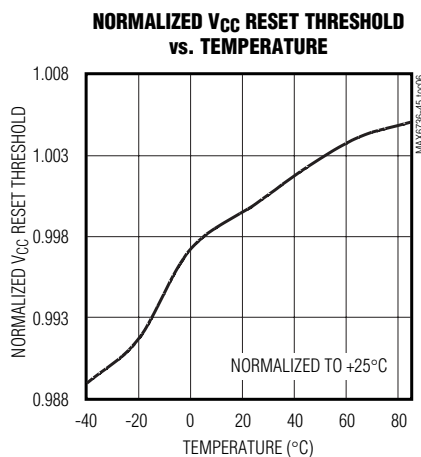
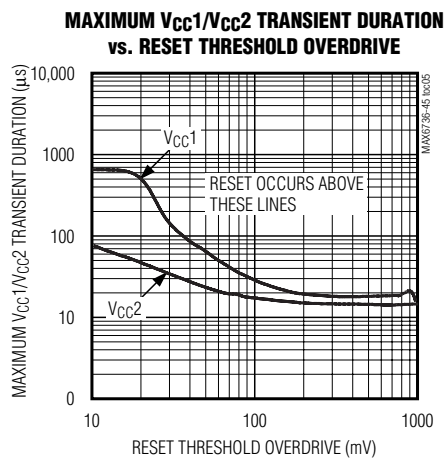
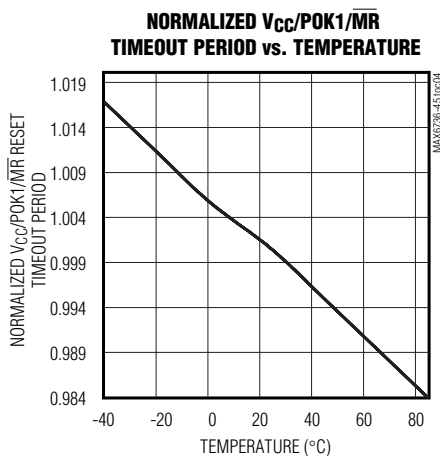
($T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)



Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

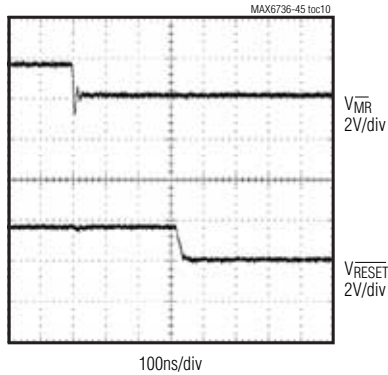


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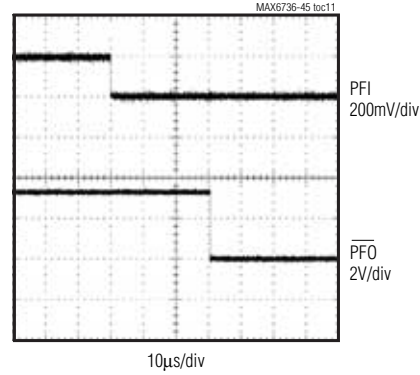
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

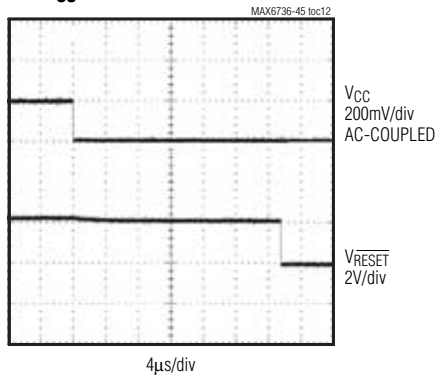
MR TO RESET OUTPUT DELAY



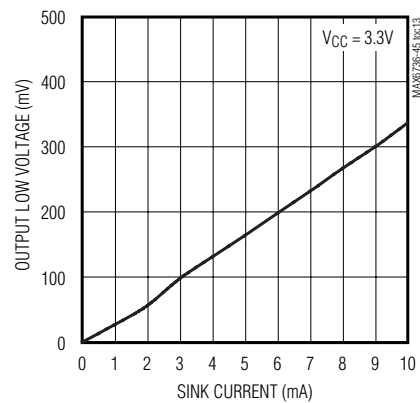
**POWER-FAIL INPUT TO
POWER-FAIL OUTPUT DELAY**



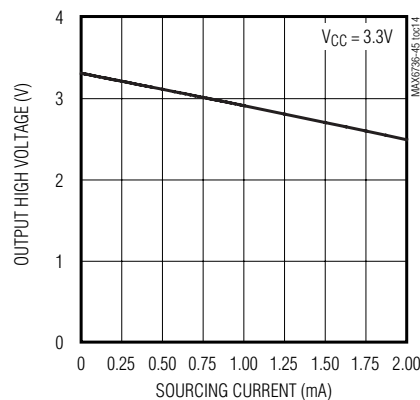
V_{CC} TO RESET OUTPUT DELAY



**OUTPUT LOW VOLTAGE
vs. SINK CURRENT**



**OUTPUT HIGH VOLTAGE
vs. SOURCE CURRENT**



MAX6736-MAX6745

Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

Pin Description

PIN					NAME	FUNCTION
MAX6736 MAX6737	MAX6738 MAX6739	MAX6740 MAX6743	MAX6741 MAX6744	MAX6742 MAX6745		
1	1	1	1	1	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Reset Output, Push-Pull or Open Drain Active Low. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ changes from high to low when any monitored power-supply input (V_{CC1} , V_{CC2} , RSTIN) drops below its selected reset threshold. It remains low until all monitored power-supply inputs exceed their selected reset thresholds for the V_{CC} reset timeout period. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is forced low if $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low for at least the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ minimum input pulse width. It remains low for the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ reset timeout period after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes high. The push-pull output is referenced to V_{CC1} . The MAX6736/MAX6738 open-drain outputs require an external pullup resistor. The MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6742 open-drain outputs have an internal 50k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CC1} and provide a manual reset function.
2	2	2	2	2	GND	Ground
3	3	—	—	—	$\overline{\text{MR}}$	Manual Reset, Active Low. Pull low for at least $\overline{\text{MR}}$ minimum input pulse width to force $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low. Reset remains active as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ reset timeout period after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes high. There is an internal 1.5k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CC1} .
4	—	4	4	—	V_{CC2}	Voltage Input 1. Power supply and input for the secondary μ P voltage reset monitor.
—	4	3	—	—	RSTIN	Adjustable Reset Threshold Input. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted when RSTIN is below the internal 0.488V reference level. Set the adjustable reset threshold with an external resistor-divider network. Connect RSTIN to V_{CC1} if unused.
5	5	5	5	5	V_{CC1}	Voltage Input 2. Power supply and input for the primary μ P voltage reset monitor.
—	—	—	—	4	PFI	Power-Fail Comparator Input. $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is asserted when PFI is below 0.488V. $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is deasserted without any reset timeout period when PFI goes above 0.488V. Connect PFI to an external resistor network to set the desired monitor threshold.
—	—	—	—	3	$\overline{\text{PFO}}$	Power-Fail Comparator Output, Open Drain Active Low. $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is asserted when PFI is below 0.488V.
—	—	—	3	—	POK1	V_{CC1} Power-OK Output, Open Drain Active High. POK1 remains low as long as V_{CC1} is below V_{TH1} . POK1 output goes high after V_{CC1} exceeds V_{TH1} for the POK1 timeout period. POK1 logic is independent of the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ or V_{CC2} inputs. The output can be used to control V_{CC1} -to- V_{CC2} supply sequencing.

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Table 1. Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix Guide for MAX6736/MAX6737/MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6743/MAX6744

PART NO. SUFFIX (_)	V _{CC1} NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)	V _{CC2} NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)
LT	4.625	3.075
MS	4.375	2.925
MR	4.375	2.625
TZ	3.075	2.313
TW	3.075	1.665
TI	3.075	1.388
TG	3.075	1.110
TE	3.075	0.833
SY	2.925	2.188
SV	2.925	1.575
SH	2.925	1.313
SF	2.925	1.050
SD	2.925	0.788
RY	2.625	2.188
RV	2.625	1.575
RH	2.625	1.313
RF	2.625	1.050

Note: Standard versions, shown in bold, are available in the D3 timeout option only. Samples are typically held on standard versions only. There is a 10,000-piece order increment on nonstandard versions. **Other threshold voltage combinations may be available; contact factory for availability.**

Table 2. Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix Guide for MAX6738/MAX6739/MAX6742/MAX6745

PART NO. SUFFIX (_)	V _{CC1} NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)
L	4.625
M	4.375
T	3.075
S	2.925
R	2.625
Z	2.313
Y	2.188
W	1.665
V	1.575

Note: Standard versions, shown in bold, are available in the D3 timeout option only. Samples are typically held on standard versions only. There is a 10,000-piece order increment on non-standard versions. **Other threshold voltages may be available; contact factory for availability.**

PART NO. SUFFIX (_)	V _{CC1} NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)	V _{CC2} NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)
RD	2.625	0.788
ZW	2.313	1.665
ZI	2.313	1.388
ZG	2.313	1.110
ZE	2.313	0.833
YV	2.188	1.575
YH	2.188	1.313
YF	2.188	1.050
YD	2.188	0.788
WT	1.665	3.075
WI	1.665	1.388
WG	1.665	1.110
WE	1.665	0.833
VR	1.575	2.625
VH	1.575	1.313
VF	1.575	1.050
VD	1.575	0.788

Table 3. VCC Timeout Period Suffix Guide

TIMEOUT PERIOD SUFFIX	ACTIVE TIMEOUT PERIOD	
	MIN (ms)	MAX (ms)
D3	150	300
D7	1200	2400

Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

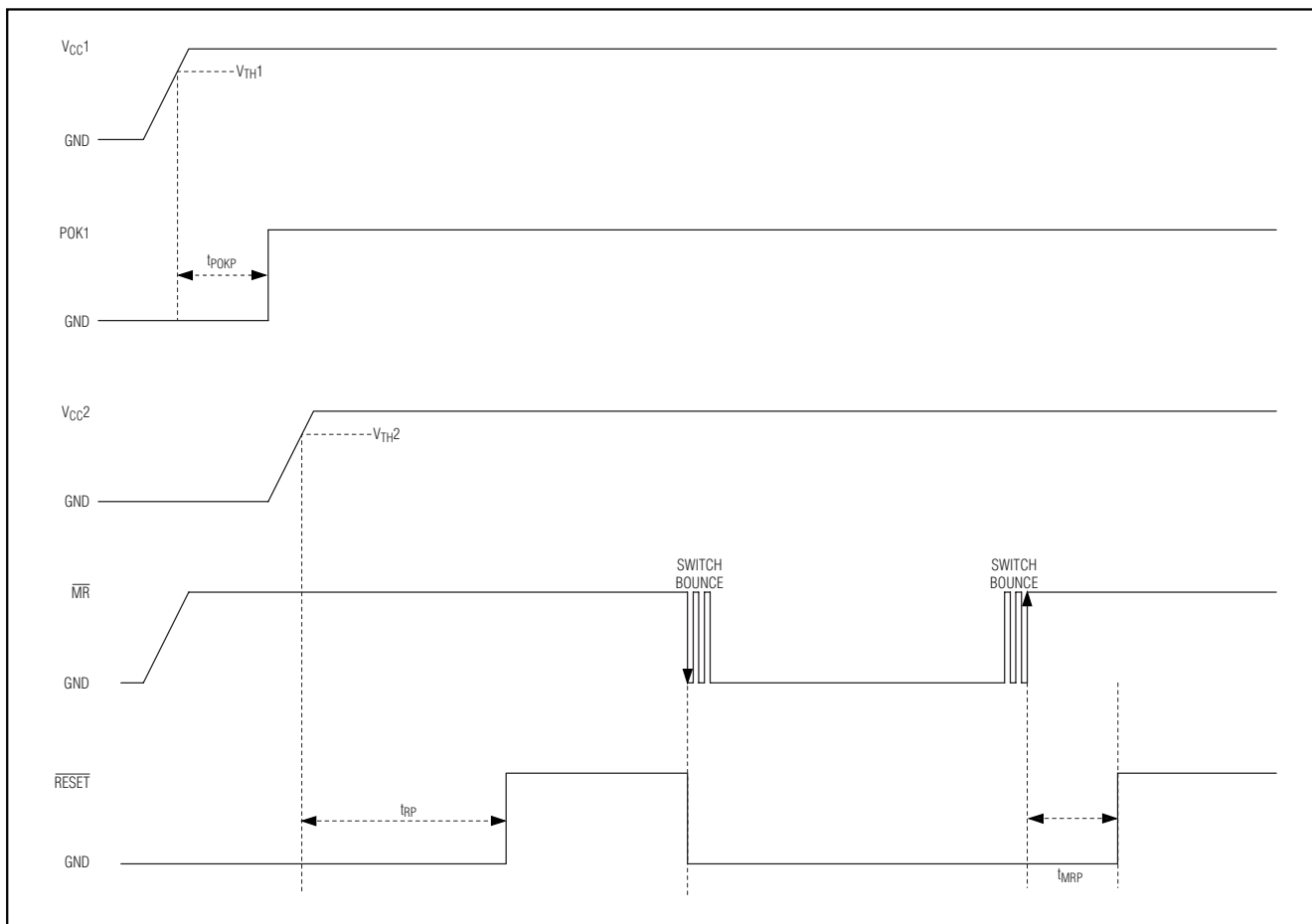


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

Detailed Description

Supply Voltages

The MAX6736–MAX6745 μ P supervisory circuits maintain system integrity by alerting the μ P to fault conditions. These devices are optimized for systems that monitor two or three supply voltages. The reset output state is guaranteed to remain valid while either VCC1 or VCC2 is above 1.2V.

Threshold Levels

The MAX6736/MAX6737/MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6743/MAX6744 input voltage threshold combinations are indicated by a two-letter code in Table 1. The MAX6738/MAX6739/MAX6742/MAX6745 input voltage thresholds are indicated by a one-letter code in Table 2. Contact the factory for the availability of other voltage thresholds.

Reset Output

The MAX6736–MAX6745 provide an active-low reset output (RESET). RESET is asserted when the voltage at either VCC1 or VCC2 falls below the voltage threshold level, RSTIN drops below the threshold, or MR is pulled low. Once reset is asserted, it stays low for the reset timeout period. If VCC1, VCC2, or RSTIN goes below the reset threshold before the reset timeout period is completed, the internal timer restarts. The MAX6736/MAX6738/MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6742 have open-drain reset outputs, while the MAX6737/MAX6739/MAX6743/MAX6744/MAX6745 have push-pull reset outputs (Figure 1).

The MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6742 include a RESET output with a manual reset detect function. The open-drain RESET output has an internal 50k Ω pullup to VCC1. The RESET output is low while the output is pulled to GND and remains low for at least the manual reset timeout period after the external GND pulldown is

Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

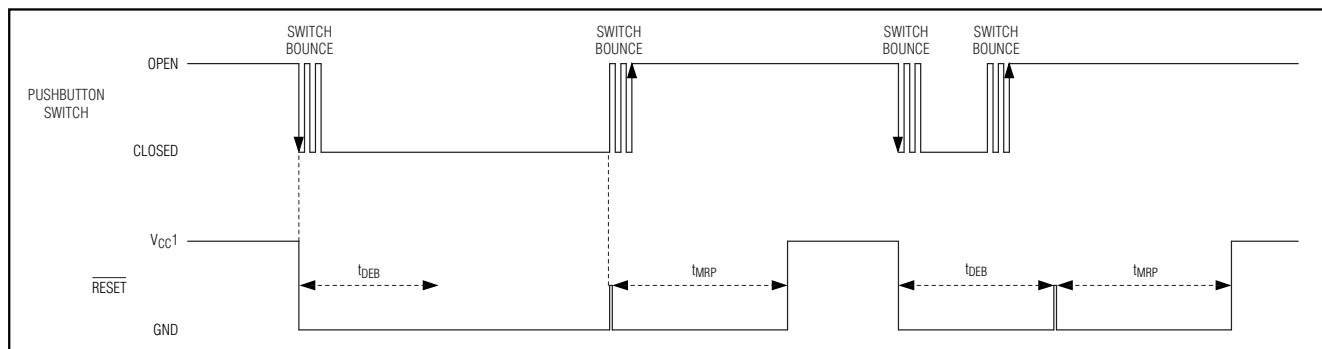


Figure 2. MAX6740/MAX6741/MAX6742 Manual Reset Timing Diagram

released. The manual reset detect function is internally debounced for the t_{DEB} timeout period, so the output can be connected directly to a momentary pushbutton switch, if desired (Figure 2).

Manual Reset Input

Many microprocessor-based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset while the monitored supplies remain above their reset thresholds. The MAX6736-MAX6739 have a dedicated active-low $\overline{MR}$ input. The $\overline{RESET}$ is asserted low while $\overline{MR}$ is held low and remains asserted for the manual reset timeout period after $\overline{MR}$ returns high. The $\overline{MR}$ input has an internal $1.5k\Omega$ pullup resistor to V_{CC1} and can be left unconnected if not used. $\overline{MR}$ can be driven with CMOS logic levels, open-drain/open-collector outputs, or a momentary pushbutton switch to GND to create a manual reset function.

Adjustable Input Voltage

The MAX6738/MAX6739 and MAX6740/MAX6743 provide an additional input to monitor a second or third system voltage. The threshold voltage at RSTIN is typi-

cally 488mV. Connect a resistor-divider network to the circuit as shown in Figure 3 to establish an externally controlled threshold voltage, V_{EXT_TH} .

$$V_{EXT_TH} = 0.488V((R1 + R2) / R2)$$

Low leakage current at RSTIN allows the use of large-valued resistors, resulting in reduced power consumption of the system.

Power-Fail Comparator

PFI is the noninverting input to an auxiliary comparator. A 488mV internal reference (V_{TH-PFI}) is connected to the inverting input of the comparator. If PFI is less than 488mV, $\overline{PFO}$ is asserted low. $\overline{PFO}$ deasserts without a timeout period when PFI rises above the externally set threshold. Common uses for the power-fail comparator include monitoring for low battery conditions or a failing DC-DC converter input voltage (see the *Typical Application Circuits*). The asserted $\overline{PFO}$ output can place a system in a low-power suspend mode or support an orderly system shutdown before monitored V_{CC} voltages drop below the reset thresholds. Connect PFI to an external resistor-divider network as shown in Figure 4 to set the desired trip threshold. Connect PFI to V_{CC1} if unused.

Applications Information

Interfacing to the μ P with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Most microprocessors with bidirectional reset pins can interface directly to open-drain $\overline{RESET}$ output options. Systems simultaneously requiring a push-pull $\overline{RESET}$ output and a bidirectional reset interface can be in logic contention. To prevent contention, connect a $4.7k\Omega$ resistor between $\overline{RESET}$ and the μ P's reset I/O port as shown in Figure 5.

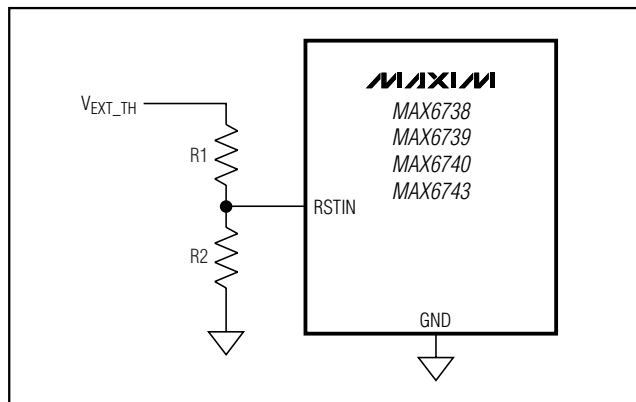


Figure 3. Monitoring an Additional Voltage

Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μP Supervisory Circuits

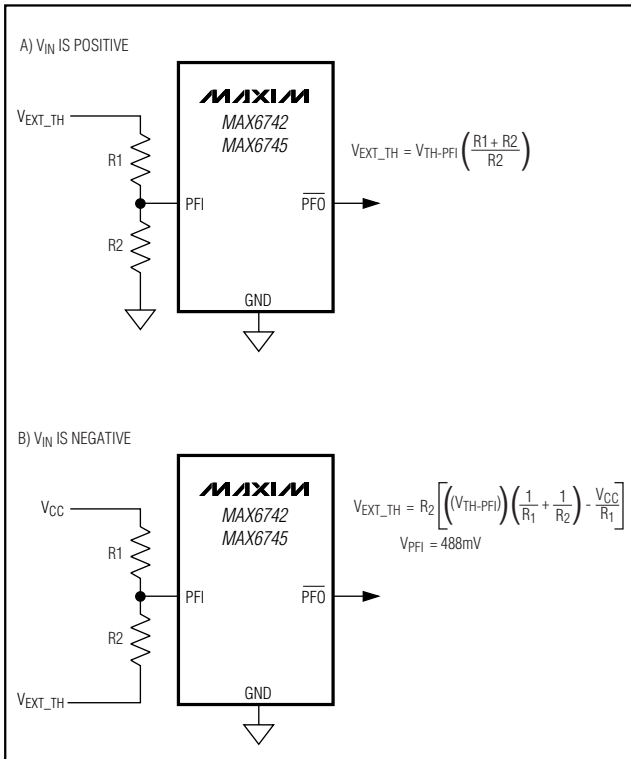


Figure 4. Using Power-Fail Input to Monitor an Additional Power Supply

Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator has a typical input hysteresis of 2.5mV. This is sufficient for most applications in which a power-supply line is being monitored through an external voltage-divider. If additional noise margin is desired, connect a resistor between $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ and PFI, as

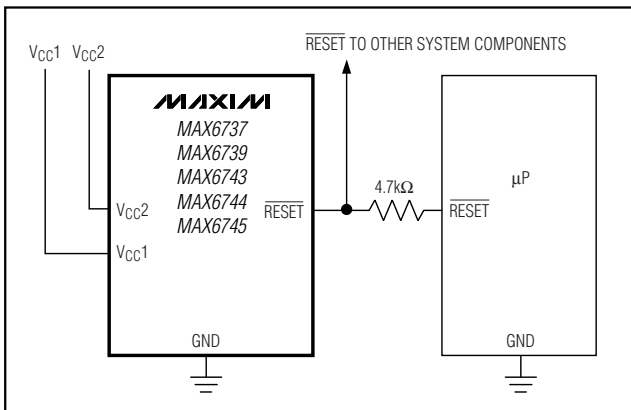


Figure 5. Interfacing to μPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

shown in Figure 6. Select the values of R1, R2, and R3 such that PFI sees $V_{\text{TH-PFI}}$ (488mV) when V_{EXT} falls to its power-fail trip point (V_{FAIL}) and when V_{EXT} rises to its power-good trip point (V_{GOOD}). The hysteresis window extends between the specified V_{FAIL} and V_{GOOD} thresholds. R3 adds the additional hysteresis by sinking current from the R1/R2 divider network when the $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ output is logic low and sourcing current into the network when $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is logic high. R3 is typically an order of magnitude greater than R1 or R2.

The current through R2 should be at least 1 μA to ensure that the 10nA (max) PFI input current does not significantly shift the trip points. Therefore, for most applications:

$$R2 < V_{\text{TH-PFI}} / 1\text{mA} < 0.488\text{V} / 1\text{mA} < 488\text{k}\Omega$$

$\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is an open-drain output requiring an external pullup resistor, R4. Select R4 to be less than 1% of R3.

V_{GOOD} = DESIRED V_{EXT} GOOD VOLTAGE THRESHOLD

V_{FAIL} = DESIRED V_{EXT} FAIL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD

$V_{\text{PU}} = V_{\text{PULLUP}}$ (FOR OPEN-DRAIN $\overline{\text{PFO}}$)

$R2 = 488\text{k}\Omega$ (FOR $>1\mu\text{A}$ R2 CURRENT)

$$R1 = R2 \frac{(V_{\text{GOOD}} - V_{\text{TH-PFI}}) - \frac{(V_{\text{TH-PFI}}(V_{\text{GOOD}} - V_{\text{FAIL}}))}{V_{\text{PU}}}}{V_{\text{TH}} - \text{PFI}}$$

$$R3 = (R1 \times V_{\text{PU}}) / (V_{\text{GOOD}} - V_{\text{FAIL}})$$

$$R4 \leq 0.01 \times R3$$

Power Sequencing Applications

Many dual-voltage processors/ASICs require specific power-up/power-down sequences for the I/O and core supplies.

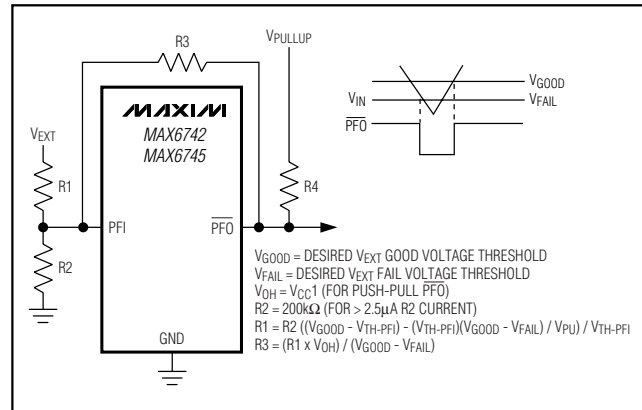


Figure 6. Adding Hysteresis to Power Fail for Push-Pull $\overline{\text{PFO}}$

Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

The MAX6741/MAX6744 offer a V_{CC1} POK (POK1) ideal for V_{CC1} -to- V_{CC2} sequencing. POK1 remains low as long as V_{CC1} is below its V_{TH1} threshold. When V_{CC1} exceeds V_{TH1} for the POK1 timeout period (t_{POKP}), the open-drain POK1 output is deasserted. The POK1 output can then enable the V_{CC2} power supply (use an external POK1 pullup resistor). RESET is deasserted when both V_{CC1} and V_{CC2} remain above their selected thresholds for the reset timeout period (t_{RP}). The POK1 output can be used for I/O before core or core before I/O sequencing, depending on the selected V_{CC1} / V_{CC2} thresholds. See the *Typical Application Circuit* and Figure 1.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can be used to monitor a negative supply voltage using the circuit shown in Figure 4. When the negative supply is valid, $\overline{PFO}$ is low. When the negative supply voltage drops, $\overline{PFO}$ goes high. The circuit's accuracy is affected by the PFI threshold tolerance, V_{CC} , $R1$, and $R2$.

Transient Immunity

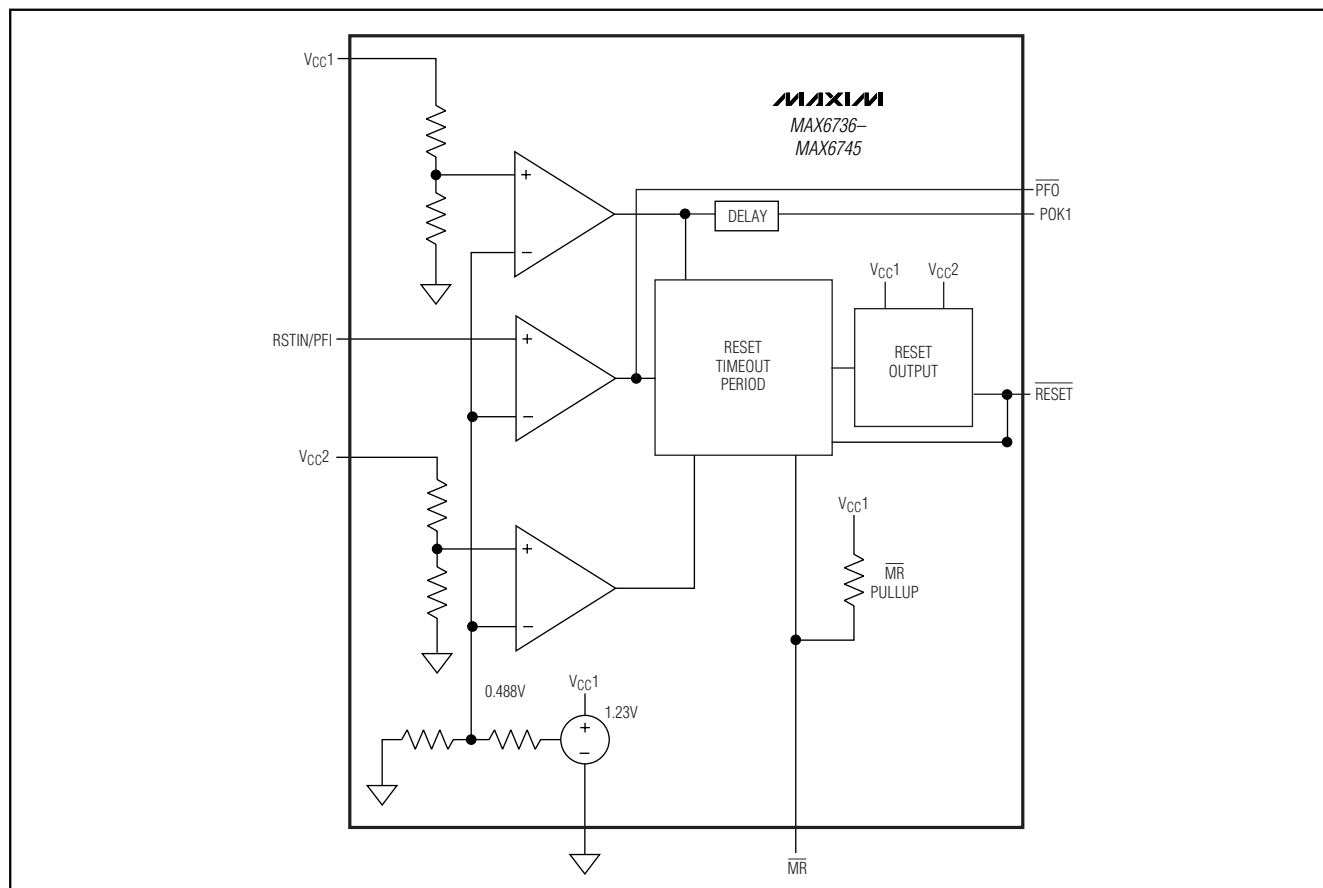
The MAX6736-MAX6745 supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration falling V_{CC} transients (glitches). It is usually undesirable to reset the μ P when V_{CC} experiences only small glitches. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* show Maximum V_{CC1} / V_{CC2} Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive, for which reset pulses are not generated. The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a falling V_{CC} transient might typically have without causing a reset pulse to be issued. As the amplitude of the transient increases, the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. A 0.1 μ F bypass capacitor mounted close to the V_{CC} pin provides additional transient immunity.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 249

PROCESS: BiCMOS

Functional Diagram



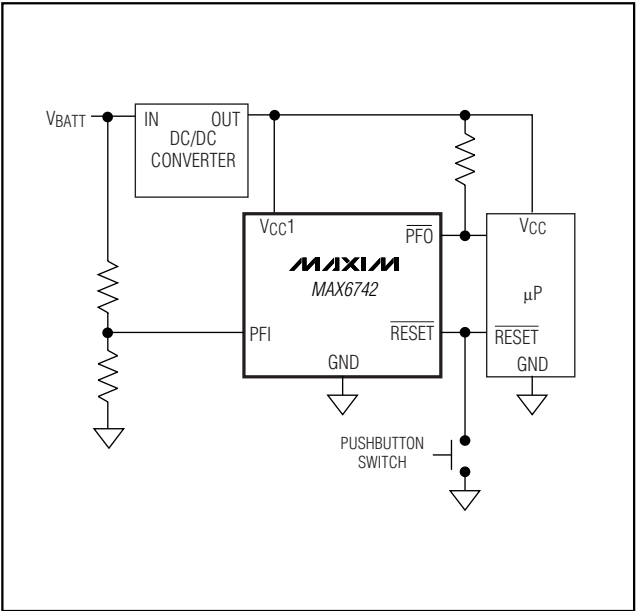
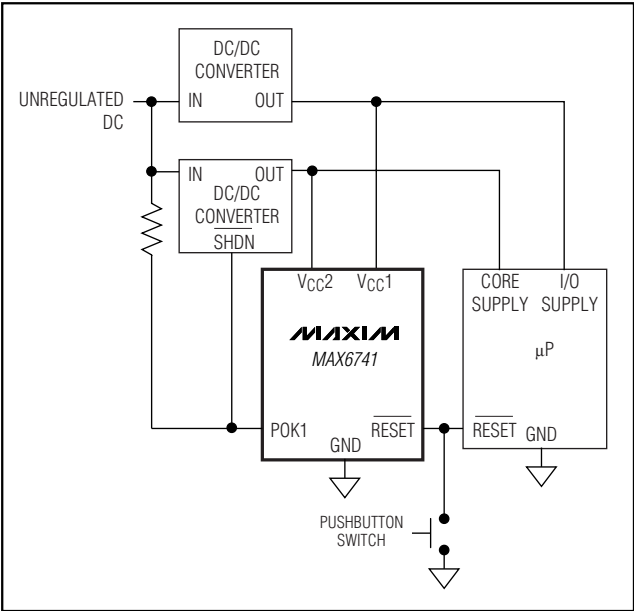
Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

Selector Guide (continued)

PART	VOLTAGE MONITORS	OPEN-DRAIN $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	PUSH-PULL $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	MANUAL RESET	POWER-FAIL INPUT/ OUTPUT	POK OUTPUT	RSTIN INPUT
MAX6739	1 fixed, 1 adj	—	X	X	—	—	X
MAX6740	2 fixed, 1 adj	X*	—	X*	—	—	X
MAX6741	2 fixed	X*	—	X*	—	X	—
MAX6742	1 fixed	X*	—	X*	X	—	—
MAX6743	2 fixed, 1adj	—	X	—	—	—	X
MAX6744	2 fixed	—	X	—	—	X	—
MAX6745	1 fixed	—	X	—	X	—	—

*Manual reset detect on $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output.

Typical Application Circuits

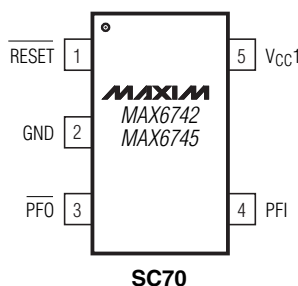
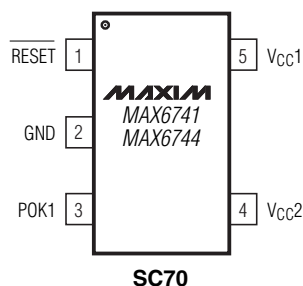
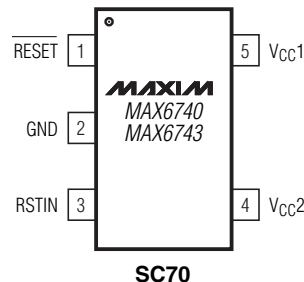
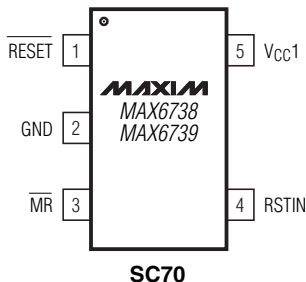
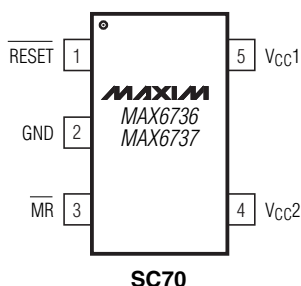


Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

Pin Configurations

MAX6736-MAX6745

TOP VIEW



Ordering Information (continued)

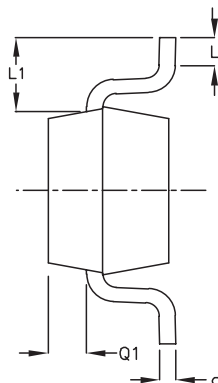
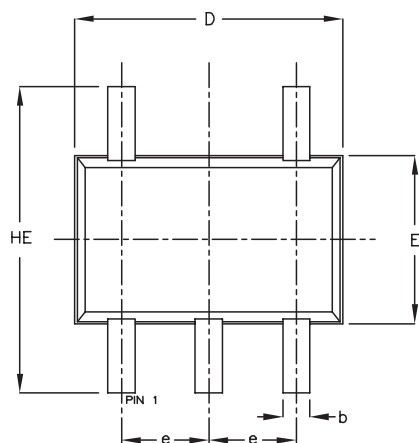
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6738XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6739XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6740XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6741XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6742XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6743XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6744XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5
MAX6745XK_D-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5

Low-Power Dual-/Triple-Voltage SC70 μ P Supervisory Circuits

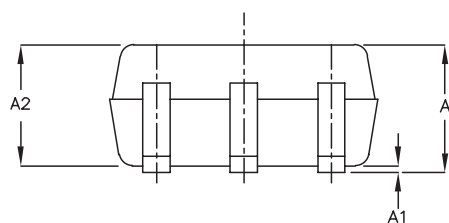
Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

SC70, 5L, EPS



SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
e	0.65	BSC
D	1.80	2.20
b	0.15	0.30
E	1.15	1.35
HE	1.80	2.40
Q1	0.10	0.40
A2	0.80	1.00
A1	0.00	0.10
A	0.80	1.10
c	0.10	0.18
L	0.10	0.30
L1	0.425	TYP.



NOTE:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
2. DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING
3. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH & METAL BURR
4. ALL SPECIFICATIONS COMPLY TO EIAJ SC70
5. COPLANARITY 4 MILS. MAX.

MAXIM			
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION			
TITLE:			
PACKAGE OUTLINE, SC70, 5L			
APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REV	1/1
	21-0076	B	

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