

STRUCTURE	Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit
PRODUCT SERIES	Reversible Motor Driver
TYPE	BA6950FS
FEATURES	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Motor speed can be varied by control voltage• Control gain can be freely set by external resistors

○ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage 1	VCC	8	V
Supply voltage 2	VB	18	V
Output current	I _{OMAX}	0.4 * ¹	A
Input voltage	V _{IN}	VCC	V
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-20 ~ +75	°C
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-55 ~ +150	°C
Power dissipation	P _d	0.812 * ²	W
Junction temperature	T _{jmax}	150	°C

*1 However, do not allow current to exceed Pd and ASO.

*2 When used at Ta=25°C or higher, derated at 6.5mW/°C with 70 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm glass epoxy substrate mounted.

○ RECOMMENDED OPERATIONG RANGE (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit
Supply voltage 1	VCC	3 ~ 6	V
Supply voltage 2	VB	3 ~ 16	V
VR voltage	VCTL	0 ~ (VCC-1.8)	V

The product described herein is not designed to be X ray proof.

The product described herein is a strategic product (and/or service) subject to COCOM regulations.

It should not be exported without authorization from the appropriate government.

Status of this document

The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification.

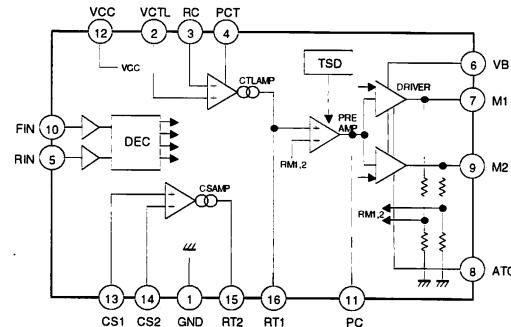
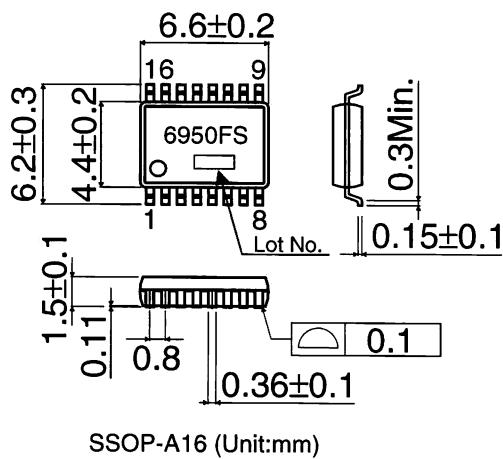
A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version.

If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.

○ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VCC=VB=4.8V)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Supply current 1	Icc1	-	4.0	6.0	mA	FWD/REV mode, VCTL=0V
Supply current 2	Icc2	-	0.7	1.5	mA	Standby mode, VCTL=0V
Supply current 3	IBoff	-	0	1.0	μA	IB@VCC=0V
Input threshold voltage H	VR/F H	2.0	-	-	V	
Input threshold voltage L	VR/F L	-	-	0.8	V	
Input bias current	IR/F H	-	80	135	μA	FIN=RIN=2.0V
CTLAMP offset	VCTLofs	-5.0	-	5.0	mV	(VCTL-RC) @ VCTL=0V,1V
CTLAMP gain	VCTLGa	40	46	52	μA/V	ΔIRT1/1@ VCTL=2V,1V
CTL output ratio 1	ICTLR1	0.85	1	1.15	ratio	IRT1/IRC@ IRC=20μA
CTL output ratio 2	ICTLR2	0.90	1	1.10	ratio	IRT1/IRC@ IRC=200μA
CSAMP offset	CSofs	-5.0	-	5.0	mV	(CS1-CS2)@ CS1=0V,0.1V
CS output ratio 1	ICSR1	0.85	1	1.15	ratio	IRT2/ICS2@ ICS=20μA
CS output ratio 2	ICSR2	0.90	1	1.10	ratio	IRT2/ICS2@ ICS=200μA
Output H voltage	VH	2.0	4.6	-	V	VM1, VM2 @VCTL=0.2V
Output saturation voltage H	VOH	-	0.09	0.3	V	Io=0.05A, RT1=VCC
Output saturation voltage L	VOL	-	0.07	0.2	V	Io=0.05A, RT1=VCC

○ DIMENSIONS, MARKING AND BLOCK DIAGRAM



○ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Name	Pin	Name
1	GND	9	M2
2	VCTL	10	FIN
3	RC	11	PC
4	PCT	12	VCC
5	RIN	13	CS1
6	VB	14	CS2
7	M1	15	RT2
8	ATC	16	RT1

○ CAUTIONS ON USE

1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

For the present product, thoroughgoing quality control is carried out, but in the event that applied voltage, working temperature range, and other absolute maximum rating are exceeded, the present product may be destroyed. Because it is unable to identify the short mode, open mode, etc., if any special mode is assumed, which exceeds the absolute maximum rating, physical safety measures are requested to be taken, such as fuses, etc.

2) Reverse connection of power supply connector

Reverse connection of power supply connector may destroy the IC. Take necessary measures to protect the IC from reverse connection breakage such as externally inserting diodes across power supply and IC power supply terminal as well as across power supply and motor coil.

3) Power supply line

Because return of current regenerated by Back-EMF of a motor occurs, take necessary measures such as inserting capacitors across the power supply and GND as a path for regenerated current, and determine the capacity value after thoroughly confirming that there would be no problems in various characteristics such as capacitance drop at low temperature which may occur with electrolytic capacitors. By the way, in the event that the power supply connected does not have sufficient current absorbing capability, voltage of the power supply line rises due to regenerative current and there is a fear in that the present product including the peripheral circuits exceeds the absolute maximum rating. It is therefore requested to provide physical safety measures, such as inserting a diode for voltage clamp across power supply and GND, etc.

4) Electrical potential at GND

Keep the GND terminal potential to the minimum potential under any operating condition. In addition, check if there is actually any terminal, which provides voltage below GND including transient phenomena.

5) Thermal design

Consider the power dissipation (Pd) under actual working condition and carry out thermal design with sufficient margin provided.

6) Short-circuiting between terminals, and mismounting

When mounting to PCB, care must be taken to avoid mistake in its orientation and alignment. Failure to do so may result in IC breakdown. Short-circuiting due to foreign matters entered between output terminals, or between output and power supply or GND may also cause breakdown.

7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

The use in the strong electromagnetic field may sometimes cause malfunction, to which care must be taken.

8) ASO

When IC is used, design in such a manner that the output transistor does not exceed absolute maximum ratings and ASO.

9) Built-in thermal shutdown circuit

The thermal shutdown circuit is first and foremost intended for interrupt IC from thermal runaway, and is not intended to protect and warrant the IC. Consequently, never attempt to continuously use the IC after this circuit is activated or to use the circuit with the activation of the circuit premised.

10) Capacitor across output and GND

In the event a large capacitor is connected across output and GND, when VCC and VIN are short-circuited with OV or GND for some kind of reasons, current charged in the capacitor flows into the output and may destroy the IC. Use a capacitor smaller than 1 μ F between output and GND.

11) GND wiring pattern

If there are a small signal GND and a high current GND, it is recommended to separate the patterns for the high current GND and the small signal GND and provide a proper grounding to the reference point of the set not to affect the voltage at the small signal GND with the change in voltage due to resistance component of pattern wiring and high current. Also for GND wiring pattern of the component externally connected, pay special attention not to cause undesirable change to it.

12) Switching of rotating direction (FWD/REV)

When the rotating direction is changed over by the motor rotating condition, switch the direction after the motor is temporarily brought to the BRAKE condition or OPEN condition. It is recommended to keep the relevant conditions as follows:

via BRAKE: Longer than braking time*.

(* the time required for the output L terminal to achieve potential below GND when brake is activated.)

via OPEN: The time longer than 1 ms is recommended.

Appendix

Notes

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