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10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

General Description

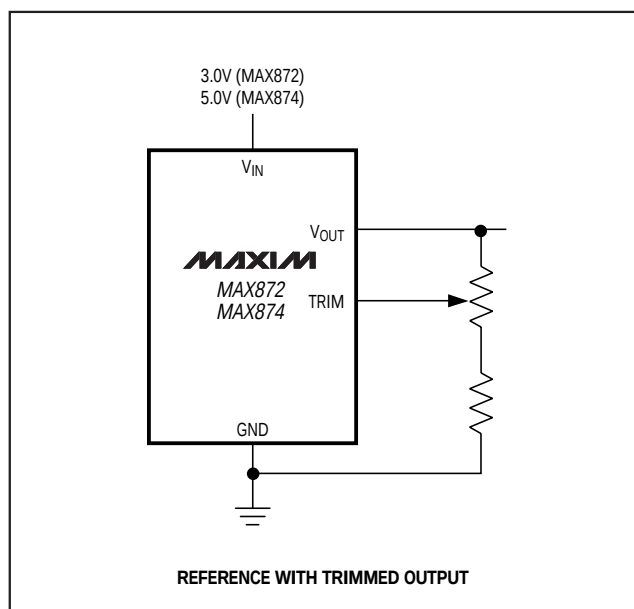
The MAX872/MAX874 precision 2.5V and 4.096V micro-power voltage references consume a maximum of only 10 μ A and operate from supply voltages up to 20V. The combination of ultra-low quiescent current and low 200mV dropout makes them ideal for battery-powered equipment. They source and sink up to 500 μ A with only 200mV input voltage headroom, which makes the 2.5V MAX872 ideal for use with a 3V supply and the 4.096V MAX874 ideal for use with a 5V supply.

Initial accuracy of 0.2% at +25°C (± 5 mV for the MAX872, ± 8 mV for the MAX874) and low 40ppm/°C max drift make these references suitable for a wide range of precision applications.

Applications

Hand-Held Instruments
Battery-Operated Equipment
Power Supplies

Typical Operating Circuit



Features

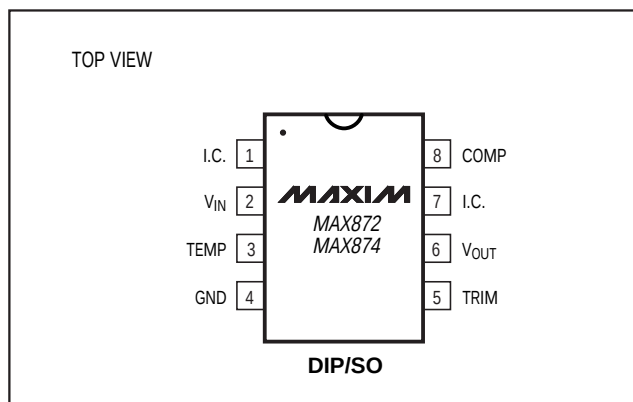
- ♦ **Output Voltage**
2.500V $\pm 0.2\%$ (MAX872)
4.096V $\pm 0.2\%$ (MAX874)
- ♦ **Wide Operating Voltage Range**
2.7V to 20V (MAX872)
4.3V to 20V (MAX874)
- ♦ **10 μ A Max Supply Current**
- ♦ **40ppm/°C Max Drift Over Extended Temp. Range**
- ♦ **Line Regulation Over Temp.**
20 μ V/V (MAX872)
75 μ V/V (MAX874)
- ♦ **Load Regulation Over Temp.**
0.6mV/mA Max (MAX872)
1.0mV/mA Max (MAX874)
- ♦ **$\pm 500\mu$ A Sink/Source Current**

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX872CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX872CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX872C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX872EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX872ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX874CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX874CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX874C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX874EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX874ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

* Dice are specified at +25°C only.

Pin Configuration



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For free samples & the latest literature: <http://www.maxim-ic.com>, or phone 1-800-998-8800.
For small orders, phone 1-800-835-8769.

MAX872/MAX874

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage24V
 Output Short-Circuit DurationContinuous to Either Supply
 CCOMP Input.....-0.3V to V_{OUT}
 TRIM Input-0.3V to (V_{IN} + 0.3V)
 TEMP Output-0.3V to (V_{IN} + 0.3V)
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
 Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)727mW
 SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)471mW

Operating Temperature Ranges

MAX87_C__0°C to +70°C
 MAX87_E__-40°C to +85°C
 Storage Temperature Range-65°C to +150°C
 Junction Temperature Range (T_J)-65°C to +160°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX872

(V_{IN} = 2.7V, I_L = 0mA, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}		2.495	2.500	2.505	V
Output Voltage Noise	e _n	0.1Hz to 10Hz		60		μ Vp-p
Line Regulation	V _{OUT} /V _{IN}	V _{IN} = 4.5V to 20V		4	12	μ V/V
		V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V		80	250	
Load Regulation (Note 1)	V _{OUT} /I _{OUT}	Sourcing 0mA to 0.5mA		0.2	0.5	mV/mA
		Sinking 0mA to -0.5mA		4	12	
Quiescent Supply Current	I _Q			6.5	10	μ A
Change in Supply Current vs. V _{IN}	I _Q /V _{IN}	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 20V		0.35	0.55	μ A/V
Short-Circuit Output Current	I _{SC}	V _{OUT} short to GND		6	15	mA
		V _{OUT} short to V _{IN}		3	9	
TEMP Voltage	V _{TEMP}			690		mV
V _{OUT} Adjustment Range	V _{ADJ}	V _{OUT} $\geq$ V _{OUT} + 0.2V	+75/-20	+100/-25		mV

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX874

(V_{IN} = 4.3V, I_L = 0mA, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}		4.088	4.096	4.104	V
Output Voltage Noise	e _n	0.1Hz to 10Hz		90		μ Vp-p
Line Regulation	V _{OUT} /V _{IN}	V _{IN} = 4.3V to 20V		15	75	μ V/V
Load Regulation (Note 1)	V _{OUT} /I _{OUT}	Sourcing 0mA to 0.5mA		0.15	0.9	mV/mA
		Sinking 0mA to -0.5mA		6	15	
Quiescent Supply Current	I _Q			6.5	10	μ A
Change in Supply Current vs. V _{IN}	I _Q /V _{IN}	V _{IN} = 4.3V to 20V		0.35	0.55	μ A/V
Short-Circuit Output Current	I _{SC}	V _{OUT} short to GND		6	15	mA
		V _{OUT} short to V _{IN}		5	25	
TEMP Voltage	V _{TEMP}			690		mV
V _{OUT} Adjustment Range	V _{ADJ}	V _{OUT} $\geq$ V _{OUT} + 0.2V	$\pm$ 150	$\pm$ 200		mV

10μA, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

MAX872/MAX874

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX872C

($V_{IN} = 2.7V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		2.4905		2.5095	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{OUT}			20	40	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Line Regulation	V_{OUT}/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 4.5V$ to $20V$			20	$\mu V/V$
		$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$			300	
Load Regulation (Note 1)	V_{OUT}/I_{OUT}	Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.4mA$			0.6	mV/mA
		Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.4mA$			15	
Quiescent Supply Current	I_Q				15	μA
Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN}	I_Q/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $20V$			0.7	$\mu A/V$
V_{OUT} Adjustment Range	V_{ADJ}	$V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$	+75/-20			mV
TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{TEMP}			2.3		$mV/^{\circ}C$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX874C

($V_{IN} = 4.3V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		4.0805		4.1115	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{OUT}			20	40	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Line Regulation	V_{OUT}/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$			75	$\mu V/V$
Load Regulation (Note 1)	V_{OUT}/I_{OUT}	Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.4mA$			1.0	mV/mA
		Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.4mA$			25	
Quiescent Supply Current	I_Q				15	μA
Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN}	I_Q/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$			0.7	$\mu A/V$
V_{OUT} Adjustment Range	V_{ADJ}	$V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$	± 150			mV
TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{TEMP}			2.3		$mV/^{\circ}C$

Note 1: If the load current exceeds $300\mu A$, connect a minimum of $1000pF$ from V_{OUT} to GND. Note that if a capacitor larger than $1000pF$ is used, a compensation capacitor of $C_{OUT}/100$ must be connected from V_{OUT} to COMP.

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX872E

($V_{IN} = 2.7V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		2.488		2.512	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{OUT}			20	40	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Line Regulation	V_{OUT}/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 4.5V$ to $20V$			20	$\mu V/V$
		$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$			300	
Load Regulation	V_{OUT}/I_{OUT}	Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.30mA$			0.6	mV/mA
		Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.30mA$			15	
Quiescent Supply Current	I_Q				15	μA
Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN}	I_Q/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $20V$			0.7	$\mu A/V$
V_{OUT} Adjustment Range	V_{ADJ}	$V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$	+75/-20			mV
TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{TEMP}			2.3		mV/ $^{\circ}C$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX874E

($V_{IN} = 4.3V$, $I_L = 0mA$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

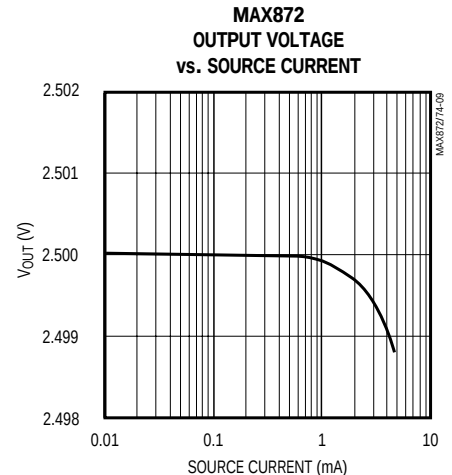
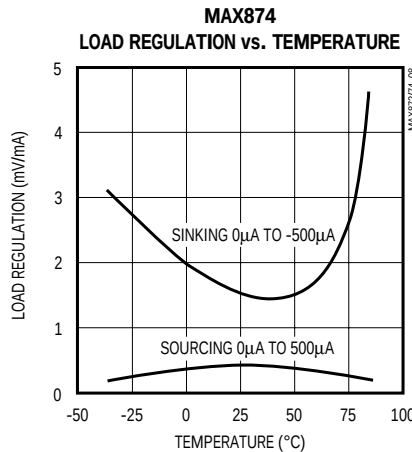
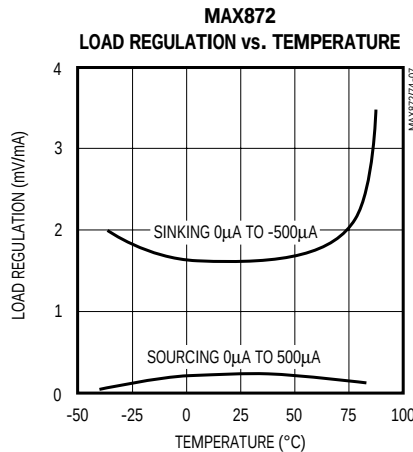
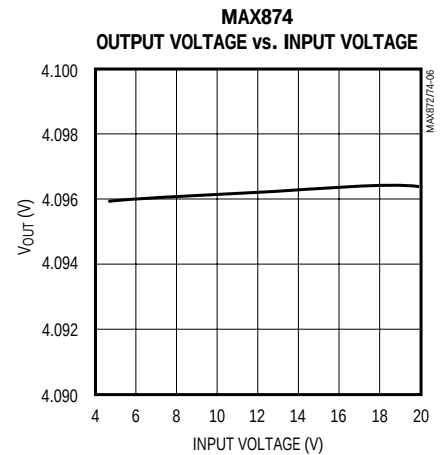
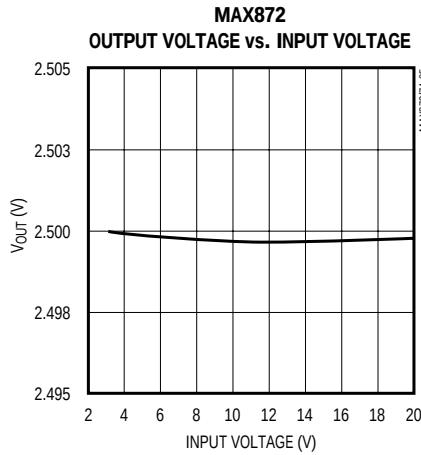
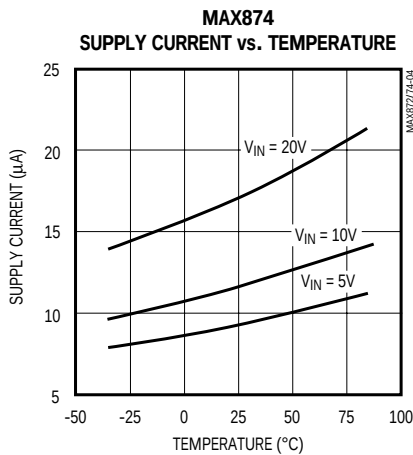
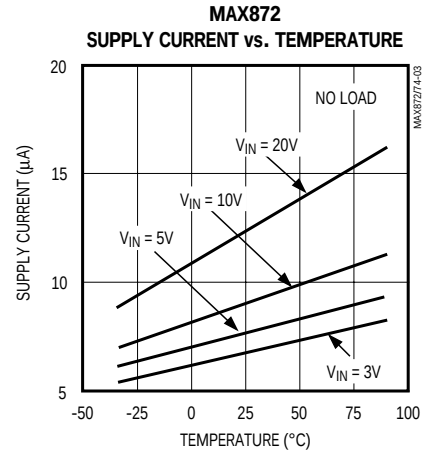
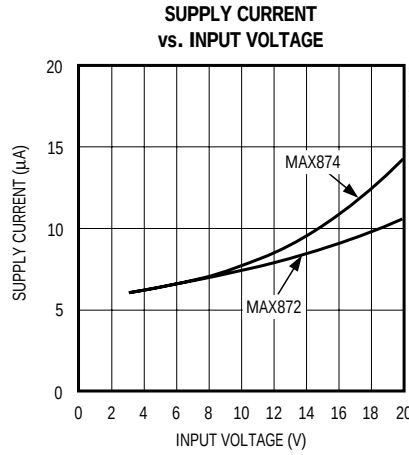
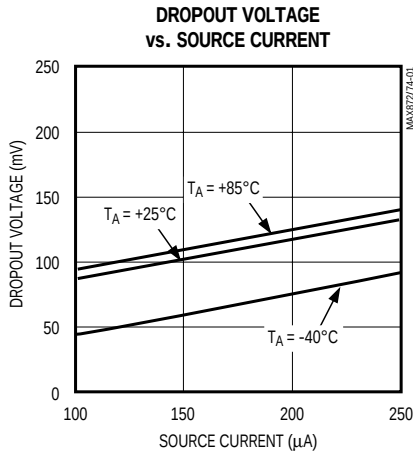
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		4.077		4.115	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{OUT}			20	40	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Line Regulation	V_{OUT}/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$			75	$\mu V/V$
Load Regulation	V_{OUT}/I_{OUT}	Sourcing $0mA$ to $0.30mA$			1.0	mV/mA
		Sinking $0mA$ to $-0.30mA$			25	
Quiescent Supply Current	I_Q				15	μA
Change in Supply Current vs. V_{IN}	I_Q/V_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 4.3V$ to $20V$			0.7	$\mu A/V$
V_{OUT} Adjustment Range	V_{ADJ}	$V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 0.2V$	± 150			mV
TEMP Output Temperature Coefficient	TCV_{TEMP}			2.3		mV/ $^{\circ}C$

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{IN} = 3V$ (MAX872), $V_{IN} = 5V$ (MAX874), no load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

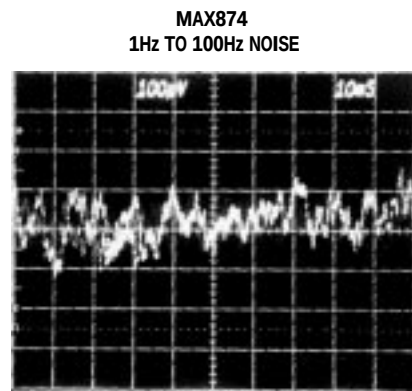
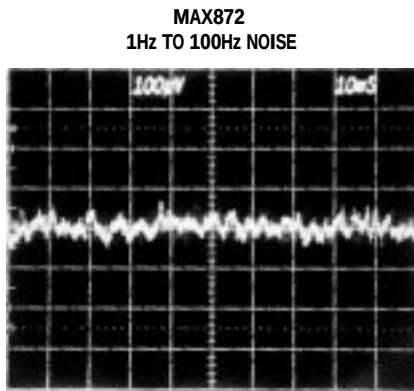
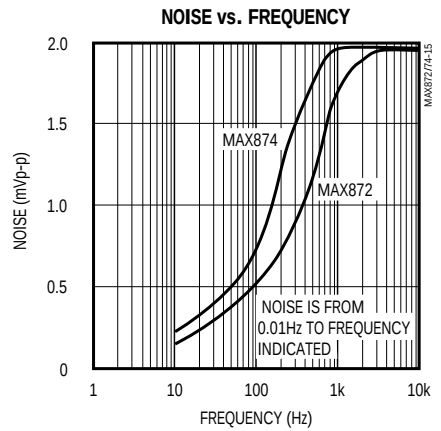
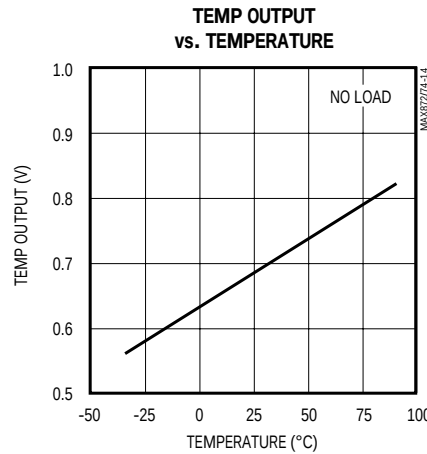
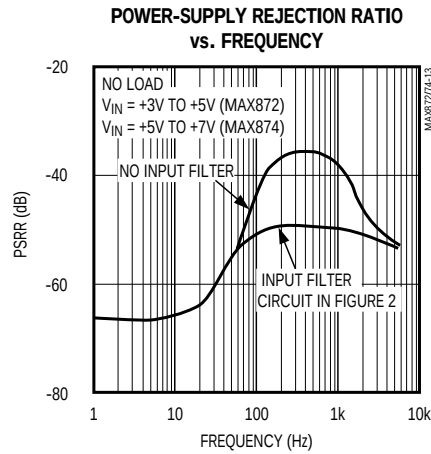
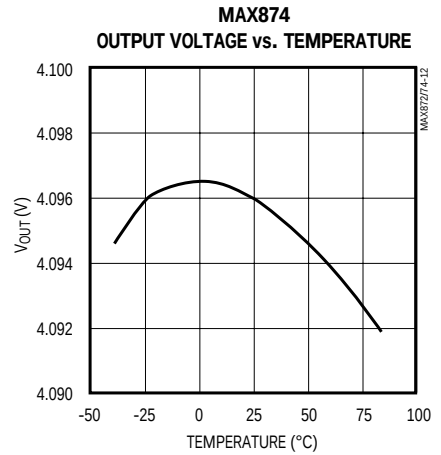
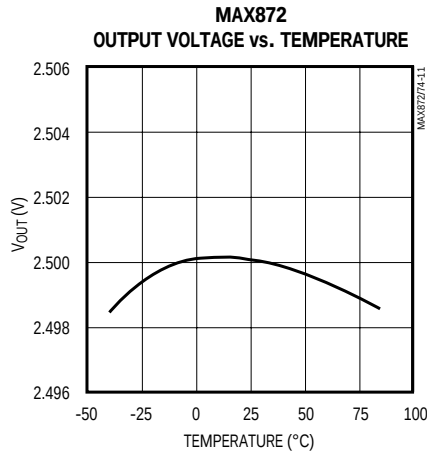
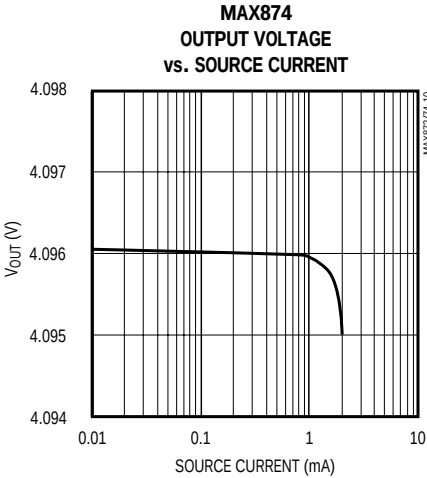
MAX872/MAX874



10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 3V$ (MAX872), $V_{IN} = 5V$ (MAX874), no load, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 7	I.C.	Internal Connection. Make no connection to this pin
2	V _{IN}	Input Voltage
3	TEMP	Temperature-Proportional Output Voltage. Generates an output voltage proportional to junction temperature.
4	GND	Ground
5	TRIM	Output Voltage Trim. Connect to the center of a voltage divider for output trimming. Otherwise make no connection.
6	V _{OUT}	Reference Output
8	COMP	Compensation Input. Connect C _{LOAD} /100 capacitor from V _{OUT} to COMP to provide capacitive load compensation.

Applications Information

Trimming the Output Voltage

The MAX872/MAX874's output voltage is trimmed for 0.2% tolerance at +25°C. If additional V_{OUT} trimming is desired, connect a potentiometer to TRIM, as shown in Figures 1a and 1b. Adjusting V_{OUT} away from its factory-trimmed voltage typically changes the output voltage tempco by 7ppm/°C per 100mV.

Reducing Input Ripple with an Input Filter

The Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* shows ripple rejection between 10Hz and 2kHz. As input RC filter with a pole less than 10Hz, as shown in Figure 2, further attenuates input ripple with this band. The voltage drop across the input resistor (due to supply and load current) slightly increases the dropout voltage. The increase is given by $[(I_{LOAD} + I_{SUPPLY}) \cdot R]$.

Choosing the Output and Compensation Capacitors

Connecting a capacitor between V_{OUT} and GND reduces load transients. If the load exceeds 300 μ A, connect a minimum of 1000pF from V_{OUT} to GND. The type of capacitor is not critical. If the total load capacitance from V_{OUT} to GND (C_{LOAD} = output capacitor + other capacitive load) is larger than 1000pF, connect a compensation capacitor with a value of C_{LOAD}/100 between COMP and V_{OUT}.

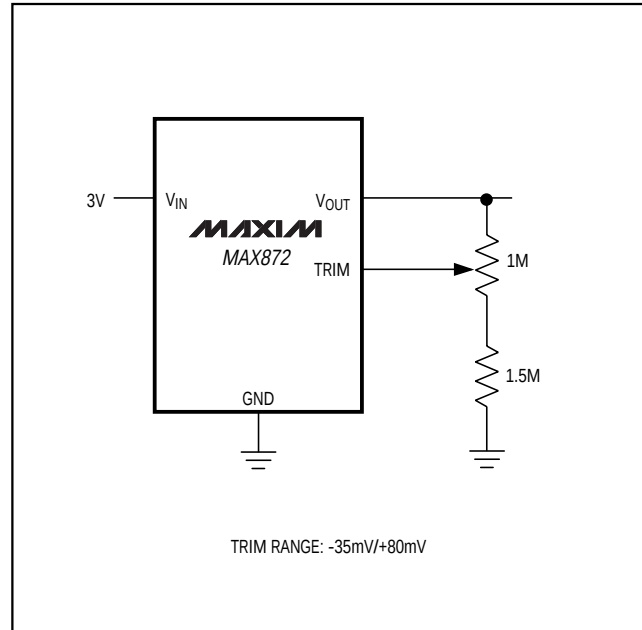


Figure 1a. Adjusting V_{OUT} with the TRIM Input on the MAX872

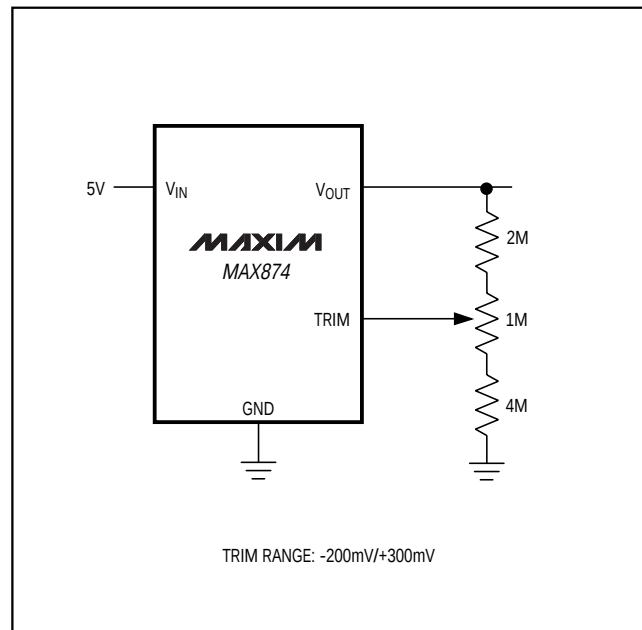


Figure 1b. Adjusting V_{OUT} with the TRIM Input on the MAX874

MAX872/MAX874

10 μ A, Low-Dropout, Precision Voltage References

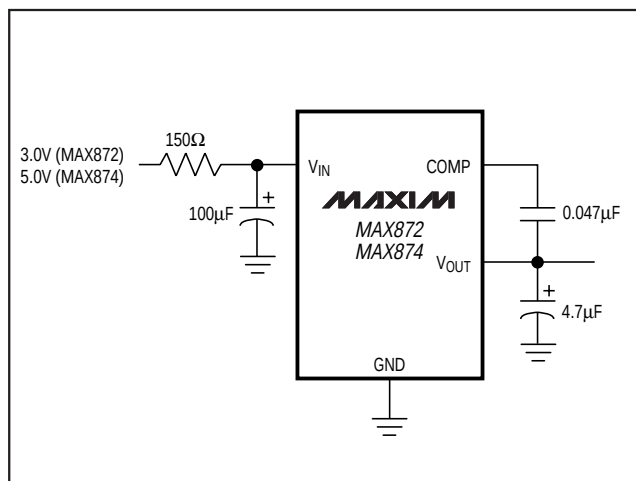


Figure 2. Input Filter Reduces Input Ripple

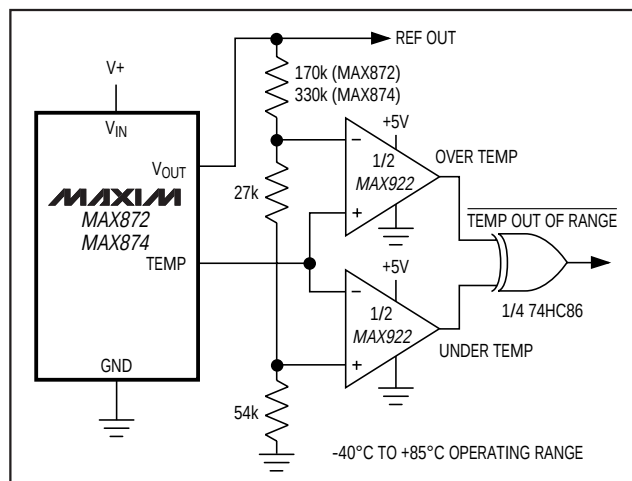


Figure 3. Operating Temperature Range Window Comparator

TEMP Output

The TEMP output provides a voltage proportional to the MAX872/MAX874 junction temperature. Since the power dissipation of the MAX872/MAX874 is <100 μ W typ, the junction temperature is within 0.5°C of the ambient temperature. Although it goes unused in most applications, the ambient temperature information given by the TEMP output may be used to control LCD contrast, or to provide ADC gain compensation or thermal out-of-range indication. TEMP must be buffered or connected to a high-impedance input.

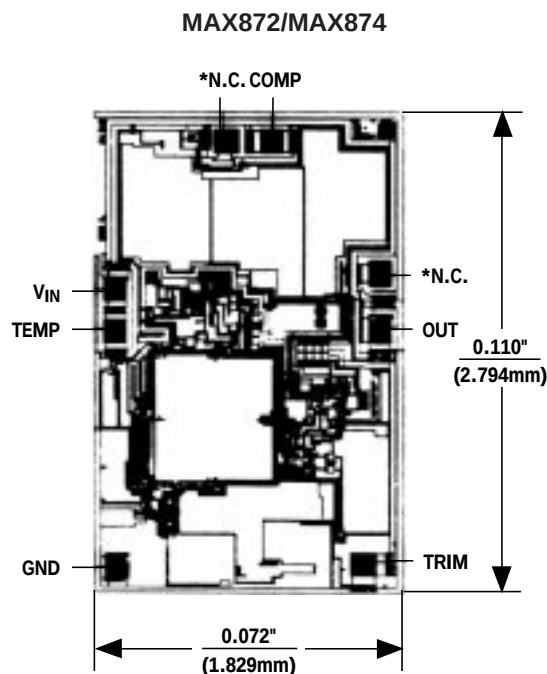
Operating Temperature Window Comparator

In Figure 3, a window comparator monitors the TEMP output and indicates if the temperature is out of the nominal operating range. For the resistor values shown, the circuit will indicate an out-of-range condition if the ambient temperature should rise above +85°C or dip below -40°C.

Start-Up

When the input voltage is below the factory-selected output voltage, the MAX872/MAX874 can draw excessive supply current (hundreds of microamps). If the source resistance is too high, the voltage drop across the source resistance can prevent the input voltage to the device from reaching the minimum dropout voltage. Therefore, when using the MAX872/MAX874 in low-dropout applications, ensure that the power supply has a low source resistance.

Chip Topography



*MAKE NO CONNECTIONS TO THESE PADS

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 89

SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO GND.

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