

Max. 13.5 m³/h

DC axial fans

□ 40 x 20 mm



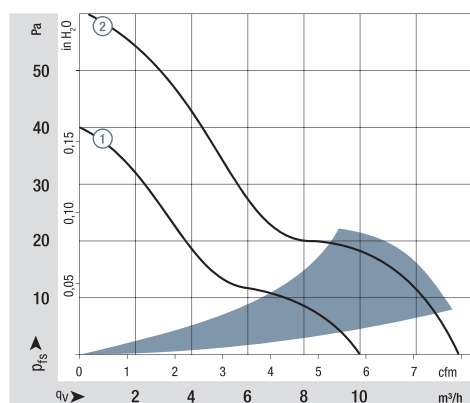
- **Material:** Housing: GRP¹⁾ (PBT)
Impeller: GRP¹⁾ (PA)
- **Direction of air flow:** Exhaust over struts
- **Direction of rotation:** Counterclockwise, looking towards rotor
- **Connection:** Via single wires AWG 28, TR 64
- **Highlights:** Some models are suitable for use at high ambient temperatures
- **Weight:** 27 g
- **Possible special versions:** (See chapter DC fans - specials)
 - Speed signal
 - Go / NoGo alarm
 - PWM control input
 - Moisture protection

1) Fiberglass-reinforced plastic

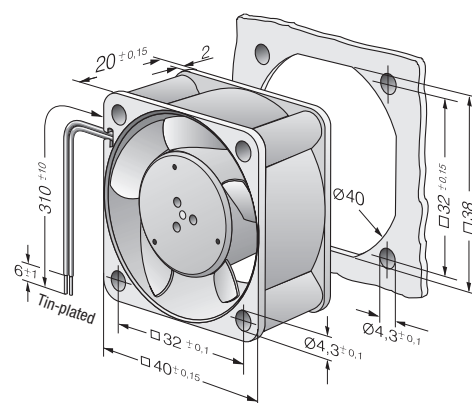
Series 400

Nominal data

	Air flow	Air flow	Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Sound pressure level	Sound power level	Sinter sleeve bearings Ball bearings	Power consumption	Nominal speed	Temperature range	Service life L ₁₀ (20 °C) ebm-papst standard	Service life L ₁₀ (60 °C) ebm-papst standard	Life expectancy L ₁₀ IPC (40 °C) see page 17	Curve
Type	m³/h	cfm	VDC	VDC	dB(A)	Bel(A)	□ / ■	Watts	rpm ⁻¹	°C	Hours	Hours	Hours	
405	10.0	5.9	5	4.5...5.5	18	3.8	□	0.9	6 000	-20...+70	50 000 / 20 000	52 500	52 500	①
412	10.0	5.9	12	10...14	18	3.8	□	0.8	6 000	-20...+70	50 000 / 20 000	52 500	52 500	①
412 H	13.5	7.9	12	10...14	29	4.7	□	1.6	8 100	-20...+60	45 000 / 17 500	47 500	47 500	②
414	10.0	5.9	24	20...28	18	3.8	□	1.0	6 000	-20...+70	50 000 / 20 000	52 500	52 500	①
414 H	13.5	7.9	24	20...26.5	29	4.7	□	1.7	8 100	-20...+60	45 000 / 17 500	47 500	47 500	②
Model with temperature range up to +85 °C.														
412-099	10.0	5.9	12	10...14	18	3.8	□	0.8	6 000	-20...+85	50 000 / 20 000	52 500	52 500	①
Subject to change														



Air performance measured according to: ISO 5801.
Installation category A, without contact protection.
Noise: Total sound power level L_{WA} ISO 103002 measured on a hemisphere with a radius of 2 m.
Sound pressure level L_{PA} measured at 1 m distance from fan axis.
The values given are applicable only under the specified measuring conditions and may differ depending on the installation conditions.
In the event of deviation from the standard configuration, the parameters must be checked after installation!
For detailed information see <http://www.ebmpapst.com/general conditions>



- Speed-proportional, square-wave signal for external monitoring of the fan motor speed
- 2, 3, or 6 pulses per revolution
- Open-collector signal output
- Extremely wide operating voltage range
- Easy adaptation to user interface
- Connection via separate cable
- The sensor signal also serves as a major comparison variable for setting and maintaining the setpoint speed for interactive or controlled cooling with one or more interconnected fans.

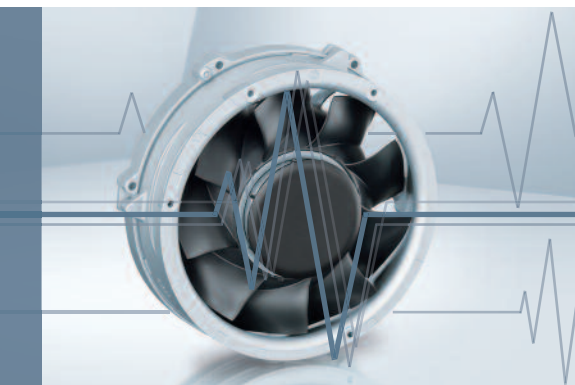


Diagram illustrating the connection of a fan to a power source and a MOSFET driver circuit.

The fan is connected to the MOSFET circuit. The MOSFET's gate is driven by a red line labeled "(+) Power" and its source is connected to a purple line labeled "(-) Power". A resistor R_a is connected between the drain and the output. The output is connected to the fan. Currents I_{BA} and I_{BK} are indicated.

Key voltage levels and currents are labeled:

- U_B : Positive supply voltage.
- $+U_{BA}$: Voltage across the resistor R_a .
- U_K : Voltage across the fan.
- I_{BA} : Current through the resistor R_a .
- I_{BK} : Current through the fan.

The formula for the resistor value R_a is given as:

$$R_a = \frac{U_{BS} - U_{SLow}}{I_{SINK}}$$

Signal output voltage

Timing diagram for the US signal. The signal is a square wave with two levels: US_High and US_Low. The period of the signal is divided into t1 and t2. The signal frequency is given as $F = 3 \times n / 60 \text{ Hz}$. The diagram shows 2 pulses per rotation.

Timing diagram for the US signal. The diagram shows a square wave signal U_s over time t . The signal alternates between $U_{s\text{ High}}$ and $U_{s\text{ Low}}$ states. The duration of the $U_{s\text{ Low}}$ state is divided into two intervals, t_1 and t_2 . A horizontal arrow indicates the direction of time. Below the diagram, it is noted that "1 Rotation" corresponds to the duration of one full cycle of the signal. The signal frequency is given as $\text{Signal frequency (f)} = 3 \times n / 60\text{Hz}$.

Timing diagram of the US signal. The vertical axis is labeled U_s with an upward arrow, and the horizontal axis is labeled t with a rightward arrow. The signal is a square wave alternating between $U_{s \text{ High}}$ and $U_{s \text{ Low}}$. The first period is labeled "1 Rotation" and contains 6 pulses. The pulse width is labeled t_1 and the period is labeled t_2 . Below the diagram, the signal frequency is given as $\text{Signal frequency } |f| = 6 \times n / 60\text{Hz}$.

The diagram shows a function $n(t)$ plotted against time t . The function is piecewise linear and consists of three segments: a constant segment at $n_{\min}$, a linear increase segment, and a constant segment at $n_{\max}$. The segments are separated by vertical dashed lines. The area under the curve is shaded gray.

Subject to change

Available on request:

- Electrically isolated speed signal circuit
- Varying voltage potentials for power and logic circuit

Signal data	Speed signal U _S Low	Condition: I _{sink}	Speed signal U _S High	Condition: I _{source}	Tach operating voltage U _{BS} max.	Admissible sink current I _{sink} max.	Pulses per revolution	Fan description Basic type
Type	VDC	mA	VDC	mA	VDC	mA		Page
5112 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 15	0	5	20	2	66
5114 N / 5118 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	2	66
5300	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	4	2	67
5300 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	68
7112 N / 7118 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	2	69
7114 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	20	2	69
7200 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 15	0	15	20	2	70
6400	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	2	71
6300 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	75
6300 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	76
6300 NTD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	77
6300	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	2	78
DV 6300 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	80
2200 FTD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	81
RL 48	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	97
RL 65	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	98
RL 90 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	99
RLF 100	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	100
RG 90 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	101
RG 125 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	102
RG 140 N	≤ 0.4	3	≤ 60	0	60	4	2	103
RG 160 N	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	20	2	104
RG 160 NTD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	105
RG 190 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	106
RG 220 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	107
RG 225 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	108
RET 97 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	109
REF 100	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 30	0	30	4	2	110
RER 120 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	112
RER 133 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	117
RER 160 NTD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	119
REF 175 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	120
RER 175 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	121
RER 190 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	122
RER 220 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	128
RER 225 TD	≤ 0.4	2	≤ 60	0	60	20	6	129
Subject to change								

Note:

Fans that come with these fan specials could have variations with respect to the temperature range, voltage range, and power consumption compared to standard fans without specials.