

STRUCTURE	Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit
PRODUCT SERIES	Single-Phase Full-Wave Motor Driver for Fan Motor
TYPE	B D 6 7 2 1 F S
FEATURES	Speed controllable by DC / PWM input Current limit circuit PWM soft switching drive

○ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Supply voltage	Vcc	20	V
Power dissipation	Pd	812.5 *	mW
Operating temperature	Topr	-40~+100	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55~+150	°C
Output current	Iomax	1.0 * *	A
FG signal output current	IFG	10	mA
FG signal output voltage	VFG	20	V
AL signal output current	IAL	10	mA
AL signal output voltage	VAL	20	V
VREF current ability	IVREF	8	mA
Junction temperature	Tjmax	150	°C

- * Reduce by 6.5mW/°C over Ta=25°C.
(On 70.0mm×70.0mm×1.6mm glass epoxy board)
- * * This value is not to exceed Pd.

○OPERATING CONDITIONS

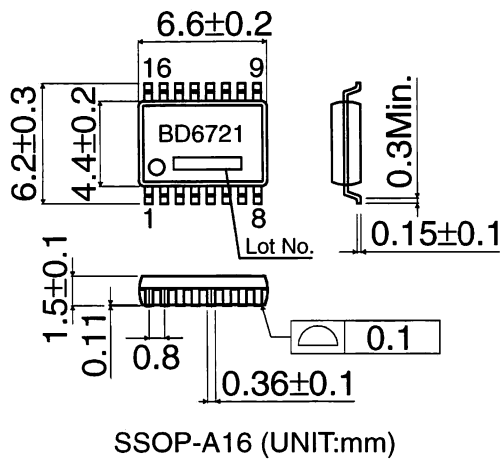
Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Operating supply voltage range	Vcc	5.0~17.0	V
Hall input voltage range	VH	0~Vcc-2.0	V
VTH input voltage range	VVTH	0~Vcc-2.0	V
VMIN input voltage range	VVMIN	0~Vcc-2.0	V

- * This product is not designed for production against radioactive rays.
- * This document may be strategic data subject to COCOM regulations.

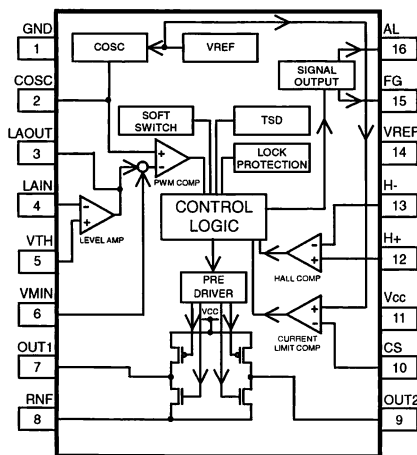
○ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, Vcc=12V)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Circuit current	Icc	4.0	7.0	10.0	mA	
Hall input hysteresis	VHYS	±5	±10	±15	mV	
Output voltage	VO	-	0.6	0.9	V	Io=300mA Upper and Lower total
Lock detection ON time	TON	0.3	0.5	0.7	sec	
Lock detection OFF time	TOFF	3.0	5.0	7.0	sec	
FG output low voltage	VFGL	-	0.15	0.3	V	IFG=5mA
FG output leak current	IFGL	-	-	50	μA	VFG=17V
AL output low voltage	VALL	-	0.15	0.3	V	IAL=5mA
AL output leak current	IALL	-	-	50	μA	VAL=17V
OSC low voltage	VOSCL	0.8	1.0	1.2	V	
OSC high voltage	VOSCH	2.3	2.5	2.7	V	
OSC charge current	ICOSC	-50	-32	-26	μA	
OSC discharge current	IDOSC	26	32	50	μA	
Level amp gain	GLA	50	-	-	dB	
Level amp output low voltage	VLAOL	-	0.2	0.3	V	
Level amp output high voltage	VLAOH	-	1.6	2.0	V	Voltage between LAOUT and Vcc
Output ON duty 1	DUTY1	85	90	95	%	VTH=VREF*0.383 Pull down 1kΩ COSC=470pF
Output ON duty 2	DUTY2	45	50	55	%	VTH=VREF*0.583 Pull down 1kΩ COSC=470pF
Output ON duty 3	DUTY3	5	10	15	%	VTH=VREF*0.783 Pull down 1kΩ COSC=470pF
VREF voltage	VREF	2.8	3.0	3.2	V	IVREF=-2mA
Current limit voltage	VCL	290	310	330	mV	
VTH bias current	IVTH	-	-	0.2	μA	
VMIN bias current	IVMIN	-	-	0.2	μA	

○PACKAGE OUTLINES



○BLOCK DIAGRAM



○TERMINAL NAME

PIN No.	Terminal name
1	GND
2	COSC
3	LAOUT
4	LAIN
5	VTH
6	VMIN
7	OUT1
8	RNF
9	OUT2
10	CS
11	VCC
12	H+
13	H-
14	VREF
15	FG
16	AL

CAUTIONS ON USE

1) Absolute maximum ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down the devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode, such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any over rated values will expect to exceed the absolute maximum ratings, consider adding circuit protection devices, such as fuses.

2) Connecting the power supply connector backward

Connecting of the power supply in reverse polarity can damage IC. Take precautions when connecting the power supply lines. An external direction diode can be added.

3) Power supply line

Back electromotive force causes regenerated current to power supply line, therefore take a measure such as placing a capacitor between power supply and GND for routing regenerated current. And fully ensure that the capacitor characteristics have no problem before determine a capacitor value. (when applying electrolytic capacitors, capacitance characteristic values are reduced at low temperatures)

4) GND potential

The potential of GND pin must be minimum potential in all operating conditions. Also ensure that all terminals except GND terminal do not fall below GND voltage including transient characteristics. However, it is possible that the motor output terminal may deflect below GND because of influence by back electromotive force of motor. Malfunction may possibly occur depending on use condition, environment, and property of individual motor. Please make fully confirmation that no problem is found on operation of IC.

5) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation(Pd) in actual operating conditions.

6) Inter-pin shorts and mounting errors

Use caution when positioning the IC for mounting on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if there is any connection error or if pins are shorted together.

7) Actions in strong electromagnetic field

Use caution when using the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field as doing so may cause the IC to malfunction.

8) ASO

When using the IC, set the output transistor so that it does not exceed absolute maximum ratings or ASO.

9) Thermal shut down circuit

The IC incorporates a built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit). Operation temperature is 175°C(typ.) and has a hysteresis width of 25°C(typ.). When IC chip temperature rises and TSD circuit works, the output terminal becomes an open state. TSD circuit is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent thermal runaway. It is not designed to protect the IC or guarantee its operation. Do not continue to use the IC after operation this circuit or use the IC in an environment where the operation of this circuit is assumed.

10) Testing on application boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor to a pin with low impedance subjects the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors after each process or step. Always turn the IC's power supply off before connecting it to or removing it from a jig or fixture during the inspection process. Ground the IC during assembly steps as an antistatic measure. Use similar precaution when transporting or storing the IC.

11) GND wiring pattern

When using both small signal and large current GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the ground potential of application so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern of any external components, either.

12) Capacitor between output and GND

When a large capacitor is connected between output and GND, if Vcc is shorted with 0V or GND for some cause, it is possible that the current charged in the capacitor may flow into the output resulting in destruction. Keep the capacitor between output and GND below 100uF.

13) IC terminal input

When Vcc voltage is not applied to IC, do not apply voltage to each input terminal. When voltage above Vcc or below GND is applied to the input terminal, parasitic element is actuated due to the structure of IC. Operation of parasitic element causes mutual interference between circuits, resulting in malfunction as well as destruction in the last. Do not use in a manner where parasitic element is actuated.

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Taiwan / Taipei	TEL : +866(2)2500-6956	FAX : +866(2)2503-2869
Korea / Seoul	TEL : +82(2)8182-700	FAX : +82(2)8182-715
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Malaysia / Kuala Lumpur	TEL : +60(3)7958-8355	FAX : +60(3)7958-8377
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Japan /
(Internal Sales)

Tokyo	2-1-1, Yaesu, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0082	
	TEL : +81(3)5203-0321	FAX : +81(3)5203-0300
Yokohama	2-4-8, Shin Yokohama, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa 222-8575	
	TEL : +81(45)476-2131	FAX : +81(45)476-2128
Nagoya	Dainagayo Building 9F 3-28-12, Meieki, Nakamura-ku, Nagoya, Aichi 450-0002	
	TEL : +81(52)581-8521	FAX : +81(52)561-2173
Kyoto	579-32 Higashi Shiokouji-cho, Karasuma Nishi-iru, Shiokoujidori, Shimogyo-ku, Kyoto 600-8216	
	TEL : +81(75)311-2121	FAX : +81(75)314-6559
(Contact address for overseas customers in Japan)		
Yokohama	TEL : +81(45)476-9270	FAX : +81(045)476-9271