

5V, Low Power, High Speed or Slew Rate Limited, RS-485/RS-422 Transceivers

The Intersil RS-485/RS-422 devices are BiCMOS 5V powered, single transceivers that meet both the RS-485 and RS-422 standards for balanced communication. Unlike competitive devices, this Intersil family is specified for 10% tolerance supplies (4.5V to 5.5V).

The ISL8483, ISL8488, and ISL8489 utilize slew rate limited drivers which reduce EMI, and minimize reflections from improperly terminated transmission lines, or unterminated stubs in multidrop and multipoint applications.

Data rates up to 5Mbps are achievable by using the ISL8485, ISL8490, or ISL8491, which feature higher slew rates.

All devices present a "single unit load" to the RS-485 bus, which allows up to 32 transceivers on the network.

Receiver (Rx) inputs feature a "fail-safe if open" design, which ensures a logic high Rx output if Rx inputs are floating.

Driver (Tx) outputs are short circuit protected, even for voltages exceeding the power supply voltage. Additionally, on-chip thermal shutdown circuitry disables the Tx outputs to prevent damage if power dissipation becomes excessive.

The ISL8488 - 91 are configured for full duplex (separate Rx input and Tx output pins) applications. The ISL8488 and ISL8490 are offered in space saving 8 lead packages for applications not requiring Rx and Tx output disable functions (e.g., point-to-point). Half duplex configurations (ISL8483, ISL8485) multiplex the Rx inputs and Tx outputs to allow transceivers with Rx and Tx disable functions in 8 lead packages.

Features

- Specified for 10% Tolerance Supplies
- Class 3 ESD Protection (HBM) on all Pins. >7kV
- High Data Rates. up to 5Mbps
- Slew Rate Limited Versions for Error Free Data Transmission at 250kbps (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)
- Single Unit Load Allows up to 32 Devices on the Bus
- 1nA Low Current Shutdown Mode (ISL8483)
- Low Quiescent Current:
 - 160 μ A (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)
 - 500 μ A (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)
- -7V to +12V Common Mode Input Voltage Range
- Three State Rx and Tx Outputs (Except ISL8488, ISL8490)
- 30ns Propagation Delays, 5ns Skew (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)
- Full Duplex and Half Duplex Pinouts
- Operate from a Single +5V Supply (10% Tolerance)
- Current Limiting and Thermal Shutdown for driver Overload Protection
- Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

Applications

- Factory Automation
- Security Networks
- Building Environmental Control Systems
- Industrial/Process Control Networks
- Level Translators (e.g., RS-232 to RS-422)
- RS-232 "Extension Cords"

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF FEATURES

PART NUMBER	HALF/FULL DUPLEX	NO. OF DEVICES ALLOWED ON BUS	DATA RATE (Mbps)	SLEW-RATE LIMITED?	RECEIVER/ DRIVER ENABLE?	QUIESCENT I _{CC} (μ A)	LOW POWER SHUTDOWN?	PIN COUNT
ISL8483	Half	32	0.25	Yes	Yes	160	Yes	8
ISL8485	Half	32	5	No	Yes	500	No	8
ISL8488	Full	32	0.25	Yes	No	160	No	8
ISL8489	Full	32	0.25	Yes	Yes	160	No	14
ISL8490	Full	32	5	No	No	500	No	8
ISL8491	Full	32	5	No	Yes	500	No	14

Ordering Information

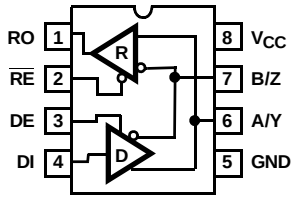
PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #
ISL8483CPZ (Note)	ISL8483CPZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP* (Pb-free)	E8.3
ISL8483IB	8483IB	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
ISL8483IBZ (Note)	8483IBZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15
ISL8483IB-T	8483IB	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M8.15
ISL8483IBZ-T (Note)	8483IBZ	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel (Pb-free)		M8.15
ISL8483IP	ISL8483IP	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3
ISL8483IPZ (Note)	ISL8483IPZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP* (Pb-free)	E8.3
ISL8485CB	8485CB	0 to 70	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
ISL8485CBZ (Note)	8485CBZ	0 to 70	8 Ld SOIC(Pb-free)	M8.15
ISL8485CB-T	8485CB	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M8.15
ISL8485CBZ-T (Note)	8485CBZ	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel (Pb-free)		M8.15
ISL8485CP	ISL8485CP	0 to 70	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3
ISL8485CPZ (Note)	ISL8485CPZ	0 to 70	8 Ld PDIP* (Pb-free)	E8.3
ISL8485IB	8485IB	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
ISL8485IBZ (Note)	8485IBZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15
ISL8485IB-T	8485IB	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M8.15
ISL8485IBZ-T (Note)	8485IBZ	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel (Pb-free)		M8.15
ISL8485IP	ISL8485IP	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3
ISL8485IPZ (Note)	ISL8485IPZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP* (Pb-free)	E8.3
ISL8488IB	8488IB	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
ISL8488IBZ (Note)	8488IBZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15
ISL8488IB-T	8488IB	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M8.15
ISL8488IBZ-T (Note)	8488IBZ	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel (Pb-free)		M8.15
ISL8488IP	ISL8488IP	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3
ISL8488IPZ (Note)	ISL8488IPZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP* (Pb-free)	E8.3
ISL8489IB	ISL8489IB	-40 to 85	14 Ld SOIC	M14.15
ISL8489IB-T	ISL8489IB	14 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M14.15
ISL8489IP	ISL8489IP	-40 to 85	14 Ld PDIP	E14.3
ISL8490IB	8490IB	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
ISL8490IBZ (Note)	8490IBZ	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15
ISL8490IB-T	8490IB	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M8.15
ISL8490IBZ-T (Note)	8490IBZ	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel (Pb-free)		M8.15
ISL8490IP	ISL8490IP	-40 to 85	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3
ISL8491IB	ISL8491IB	-40 to 85	14 Ld SOIC	M14.15
ISL8491IBZ (Note)	8491IBZ	-40 to 85	14 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M14.15
ISL8491IB-T	ISL8491IB	14 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel		M14.15
ISL8491IBZ-T (Note)	8491IBZ	14 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel (Pb-free)		M14.15
ISL8491IP	ISL8491IP	-40 to 85	14 Ld PDIP	E14.3

*Pb-free PDIPs can be used for through hole wave solder processing only. They are not intended for use in Reflow solder processing applications.

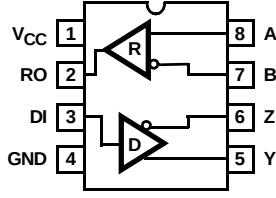
NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

Pinouts

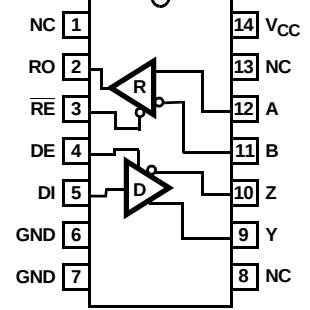
ISL8483, ISL8485 (PDIP, SOIC)
TOP VIEW



ISL8488, ISL8490 (PDIP, SOIC)
TOP VIEW



ISL8489, ISL8491 (PDIP, SOIC)
TOP VIEW



Truth Tables

TRANSMITTING				
INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
$\overline{RE}$	DE	DI	Z	Y
X	1	1	0	1
X	1	0	1	0
0	0	X	High-Z	High-Z
1	0	X	High-Z *	High-Z *

*Shutdown Mode for ISL8483 (see Note 7)

RECEIVING				
INPUTS				OUTPUT
$\overline{RE}$	DE Half Duplex	DE Full Duplex	A-B	RO
0	0	X	$\geq +0.2V$	1
0	0	X	$\leq -0.2V$	0
0	0	X	Inputs Open	1
1	0	0	X	High-Z *
1	1	1	X	High-Z

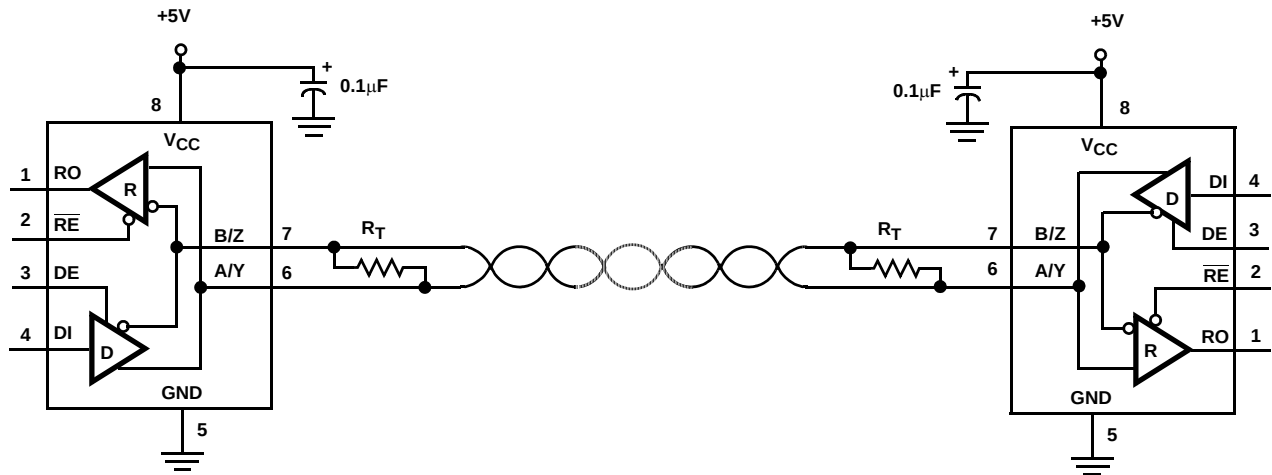
*Shutdown Mode for ISL8483 (see Note 7)

Pin Descriptions

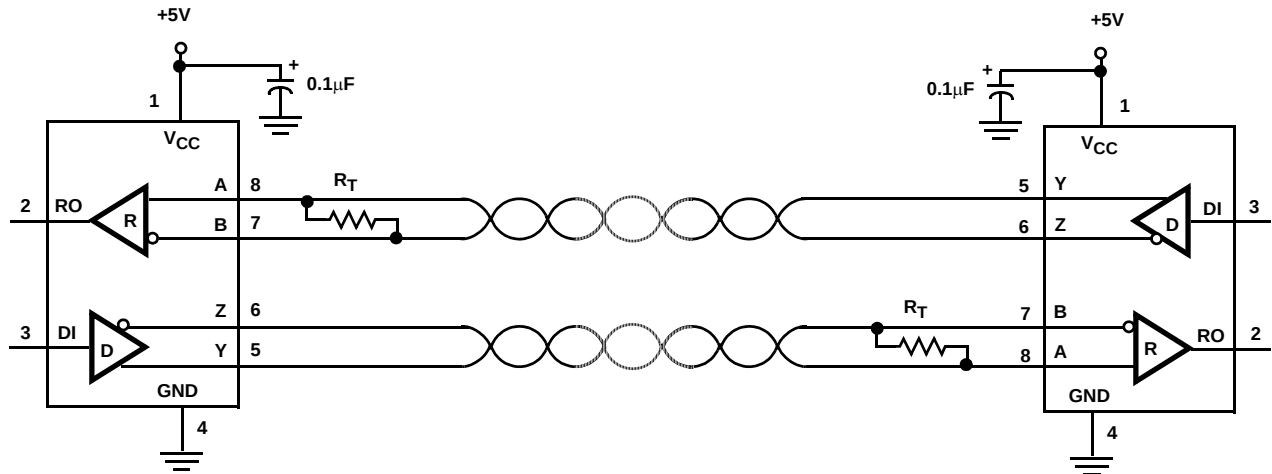
PIN	FUNCTION
RO	Receiver output: If $A > B$ by at least 0.2V, RO is high; If $A < B$ by 0.2V or more, RO is low; RO = High if A and B are unconnected (floating).
$\overline{RE}$	Receiver output enable. RO is enabled when $\overline{RE}$ is low; RO is high impedance when $\overline{RE}$ is high.
DE	Driver output enable. The driver outputs, Y and Z, are enabled by bringing DE high. They are high impedance when DE is low.
DI	Driver input. A low on DI forces output Y low and output Z high. Similarly, a high on DI forces output Y high and output Z low.
GND	Ground connection.
A/Y	Noninverting receiver input and noninverting driver output. Pin is an input (A) if DE = 0; pin is an output (Y) if DE = 1.
B/Z	Inverting receiver input and inverting driver output. Pin is an input (B) if DE = 0; pin is an output (Z) if DE = 1.
A	Noninverting receiver input.
B	Inverting receiver input.
Y	Noninverting driver output.
Z	Inverting driver output.
VCC	System power supply input (4.5V to 5.5V).
NC	No Connection.

Typical Operating Circuits

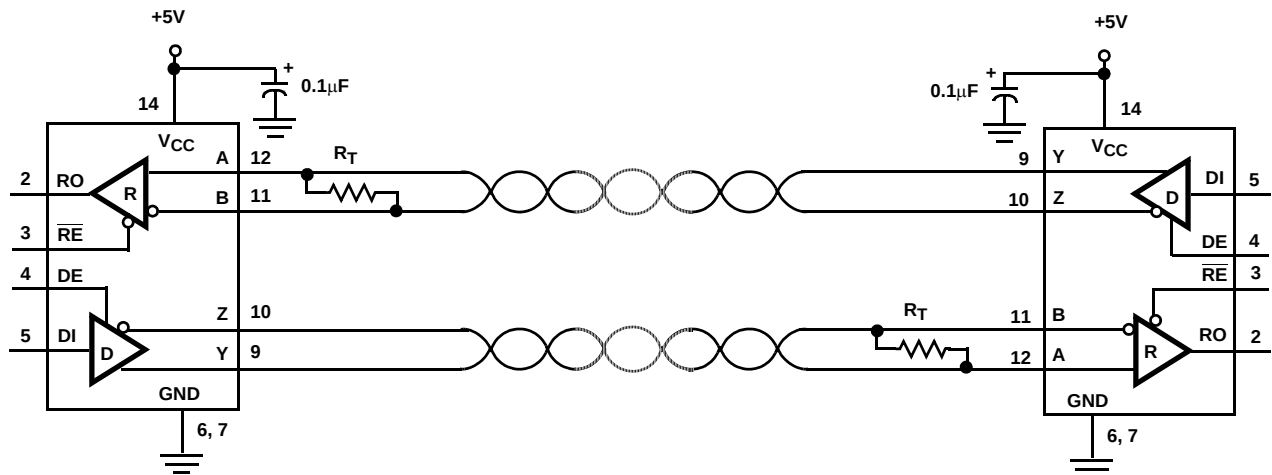
ISL8483, ISL8485



ISL8488, ISL8490



ISL8489, ISL8491



Absolute Maximum Ratings

V _{CC} to Ground	7V
Input Voltages	
DI, DE, $\overline{RE}$	-0.5V to (V _{CC} + 0.5V)
Input/Output Voltages	
A, B, Y, Z	-8V to +12.5V
RO	-0.5V to (V _{CC} + 0.5V)
Short Circuit Duration	
Y, Z	Continuous
ESD Rating	
HBM (Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.7)	>7kV

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	
ISL84XXCX	0°C to 70°C
ISL84XXIX	-40°C to 85°C

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 1)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)
8 Ld SOIC Package	170
8 Ld PDIP Package*	140
14 Ld SOIC Package	120
14 Ld PDIP Package	100
Moisture Sensitivity (see Technical Brief TB363)	
All Packages	Level 1
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)	150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)	300°C (SOIC - Lead Tips Only)
*Pb-free PDIPs can be used for through hole wave solder processing only. They are not intended for use in Reflow solder processing applications.	

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTE:

1. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

Electrical Specifications

Test Conditions: V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V; Unless Otherwise Specified.
Typicals are at V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = 25°C, Note 2

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS							
Driver Differential V _{OUT} (no load)	V _{OD1}		Full	-	-	V _{CC}	V
Driver Differential V _{OUT} (with load)	V _{OD2}	R = 50Ω (RS-422), Figure 1	Full	2	3	-	V
		R = 27Ω (RS-485), Figure 1	Full	1.5	2.3	5	V
Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential V _{OUT} for Complementary Output States	ΔV _{OD}	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Figure 1	Full	-	0.01	0.2	V
Driver Common-Mode V _{OUT}	V _{OC}	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Figure 1	Full	-	-	3	V
Change in Magnitude of Driver Common-Mode V _{OUT} for Complementary Output States	ΔV _{OC}	R = 27Ω or 50Ω, Figure 1	Full	-	0.01	0.2	V
Logic Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	DE, DI, $\overline{RE}$	Full	2	-	-	V
Logic Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	DE, DI, $\overline{RE}$	Full	-	-	0.8	V
Logic Input Current	I _{IN1}	DE, DI, $\overline{RE}$ (ISL8483)	Full	-2	-	2	μA
	I _{IN1}	DI (ISL8485 - ISL8491)	Full	-2	-	2	μA
	I _{IN1}	DE, $\overline{RE}$ (ISL8485, ISL8489, ISL8491)	Full	-25	-	25	μA
Input Current (A, B), Note 10	I _{IN2}	DE = 0V, V _{CC} = 0V or 4.5 to 5.5V	Full	-	-	1	mA
		V _{IN} = 12V	Full	-	-	-0.8	mA
Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	-7V ≤ V _{CM} ≤ 12V	Full	-0.2	-	0.2	V
Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV _{TH}	V _{CM} = 0V	25	-	70	-	mV
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _O = -4mA, V _{ID} = 200mV	Full	3.5	-	-	V
Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _O = -4mA, V _{ID} = 200mV	Full	-	-	0.4	V
Three-State (high impedance) Receiver Output Current	I _{OZR}	0.4V ≤ V _O ≤ 2.4V	Full	-	-	±1	μA

ISL8483, ISL8485, ISL8488, ISL8489, ISL8490, ISL8491

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ to $5.5V$; Unless Otherwise Specified.
Typicals are at $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, Note 2 (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Receiver Input Resistance	R_{IN}	$-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq 12V$	Full	12	-	-	$k\Omega$
No-Load Supply Current, Note 3	I_{CC}	ISL8488, ISL8489, DE, DI, $\overline{RE} = 0V$ or V_{CC}	Full	-	160	250	μA
		ISL8490, ISL8491, DE, DI, $\overline{RE} = 0V$ or V_{CC}	Full	-	500	565	μA
		ISL8485, DI, $\overline{RE} = 0V$ or V_{CC}	Full	-	700	900	μA
			Full	-	500	565	μA
		ISL8483, DI, $\overline{RE} = 0V$ or V_{CC}	Full	-	470	650	μA
			Full	-	160	250	μA
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SHDN}	ISL8483, DE = 0V, $\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$, DI = 0V or V_{CC}	Full	-	1	50	nA
Driver Short-Circuit Current, $V_O = \text{High or Low}$	I_{OSD1}	DE = V_{CC} , $-7V \leq V_Y$ or $V_Z \leq 12V$, Note 4	Full	35	-	250	mA
Receiver Short-Circuit Current	I_{OSR}	$0V \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$	Full	7	-	85	mA
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)							
Driver Input to Output Delay	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, Figure 2	Full	18	30	50	ns
Driver Output Skew	t_{SKEW}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, Figure 2	Full	-	2	10	ns
Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time	t_R, t_F	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, Figure 2	Full	3	11	25	ns
Driver Enable to Output High	t_{ZH}	$C_L = 100pF$, SW = GND, Figure 3	Full	-	17	70	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	t_{ZL}	$C_L = 100pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 3	Full	-	14	70	ns
Driver Disable from Output High	t_{HZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND, Figure 3	Full	-	19	70	ns
Driver Disable from Output Low	t_{LZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 3	Full	-	13	70	ns
Receiver Input to Output Delay	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Figure 4	Full	30	40	150	ns
Receiver Skew $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $	t_{SKD}	Figure 4	25	-	5	-	ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	t_{ZH}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND, Figure 5	Full	-	9	50	ns
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t_{ZL}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 5	Full	-	9	50	ns
Receiver Disable from Output High	t_{HZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND, Figure 5	Full	-	9	50	ns
Receiver Disable from Output Low	t_{LZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 5	Full	-	9	50	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f_{MAX}	Note 11	Full	5	-	-	Mbps
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)							
Driver Input to Output Delay	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, Figure 2	Full	250	800	2000	ns
Driver Output Skew	t_{SKEW}	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, Figure 2	Full	-	160	800	ns
Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time	t_R, t_F	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, Figure 2	Full	250	800	2000	ns
Driver Enable to Output High	t_{ZH}	$C_L = 100pF$, SW = GND, Figure 3, Note 5	Full	250	-	2000	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	t_{ZL}	$C_L = 100pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 3, Note 5	Full	250	-	2000	ns
Driver Disable from Output High	t_{HZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND, Figure 3	Full	300	-	3000	ns
Driver Disable from Output Low	t_{LZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 3	Full	300	-	3000	ns
Receiver Input to Output Delay	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Figure 4	Full	250	350	2000	ns
Receiver Skew $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $	t_{SKD}	Figure 4	25	-	25	-	ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	t_{ZH}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND, Figure 5, Note 6	Full	-	10	50	ns
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t_{ZL}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = V_{CC} , Figure 5, Note 6	Full	-	10	50	ns
Receiver Disable from Output High	t_{HZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND, Figure 5	Full	-	10	50	ns

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ to $5.5V$; Unless Otherwise Specified.
Typicals are at $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, Note 2 (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Receiver Disable from Output Low	t_{LZ}	$C_L = 15pF$, $SW = V_{CC}$, Figure 5	Full	-	10	50	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f_{MAX}	Note 11	Full	250	-	-	kbps
Time to Shutdown (ISL8483 only)	t_{SHDN}	Note 7	Full	50	200	600	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output High (ISL8483 only)	$t_{ZH}(SHDN)$	$C_L = 100pF$, $SW = GND$, Figure 3, Notes 7, 8	Full	-	-	2000	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low (ISL8483 only)	$t_{ZL}(SHDN)$	$C_L = 100pF$, $SW = V_{CC}$, Figure 3, Notes 7, 8	Full	-	-	2000	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown to Output High (ISL8483 only)	$t_{ZH}(SHDN)$	$C_L = 15pF$, $SW = GND$, Figure 5, Notes 7, 9	Full	-	-	2500	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low (ISL8483 only)	$t_{ZL}(SHDN)$	$C_L = 15pF$, $SW = V_{CC}$, Figure 5, Notes 7, 9	Full	-	-	2500	ns

NOTES:

- All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.
- Supply current specification is valid for loaded drivers when $DE = 0V$.
- Applies to peak current. See "Typical Performance Curves" for more information.
- When testing the ISL8483, keep $\overline{RE} = 0$ to prevent the device from entering SHDN.
- When testing the ISL8483, the $\overline{RE}$ signal high time must be short enough (typically $<200ns$) to prevent the device from entering SHDN.
- The ISL8483 is put into shutdown by bringing $\overline{RE}$ high and DE low. If the inputs are in this state for less than $50ns$, the parts are guaranteed not to enter shutdown. If the inputs are in this state for at least $600ns$, the parts are guaranteed to have entered shutdown. See "Low-Power Shutdown Mode" section.
- Keep $\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$, and set the DE signal low time $>600ns$ to ensure that the device enters SHDN.
- Set the $\overline{RE}$ signal high time $>600ns$ to ensure that the device enters SHDN.
- Devices meeting these limits are denoted as "single unit load (1 UL)" transceivers. The RS-485 standard allows up to 32 Unit Loads on the bus.
- Guaranteed by characterization, but not tested.

Test Circuits and Waveforms

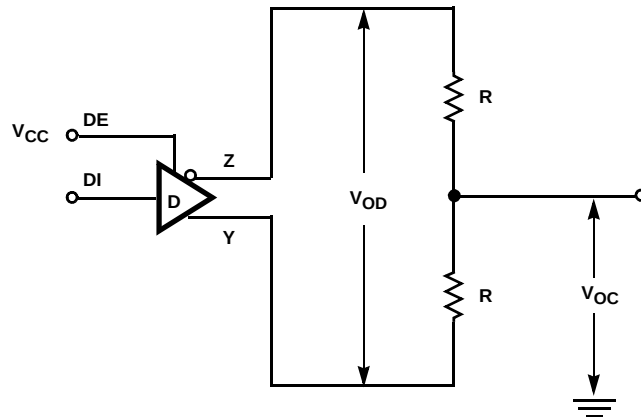


FIGURE 1. DRIVER V_{OD} AND V_{OC}

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

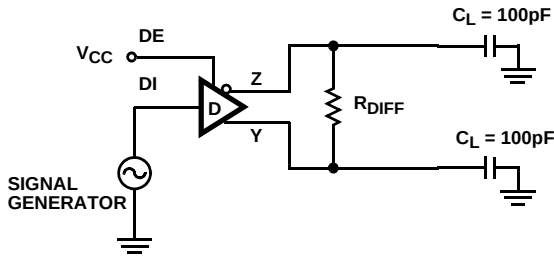
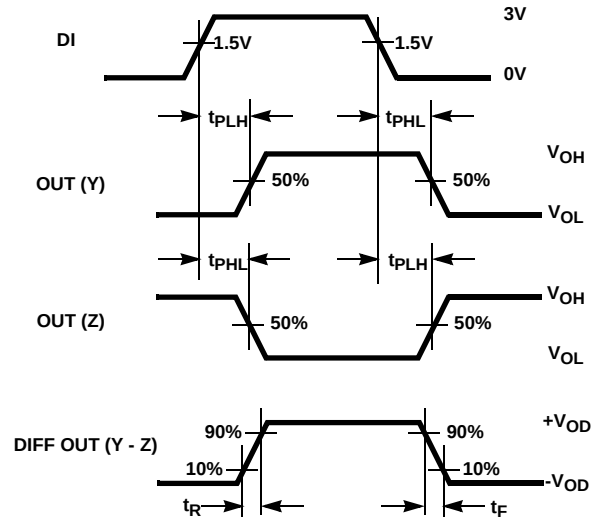


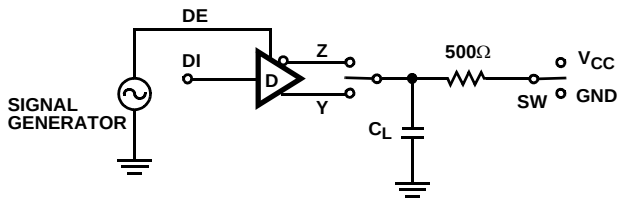
FIGURE 2A. TEST CIRCUIT



$$\text{SKEW} = |t_{PLH}(Y \text{ or } Z) - t_{PLH}(Z \text{ or } Y)|$$

FIGURE 2B. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 2. DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY AND DIFFERENTIAL TRANSITION TIMES



(SHDN) for ISL8483 only

PARAMETER	OUTPUT	RE	DI	SW	CL (pF)
tHZ	Y/Z	X	1/0	GND	15
tLZ	Y/Z	X	0/1	VCC	15
tZH	Y/Z	0 (Note 5)	1/0	GND	100
tZL	Y/Z	0 (Note 5)	0/1	VCC	100
tZH(SHDN)	Y/Z	1 (Note 8)	1/0	GND	100
tZL(SHDN)	Y/Z	1 (Note 8)	0/1	VCC	100

FIGURE 3A. TEST CIRCUIT

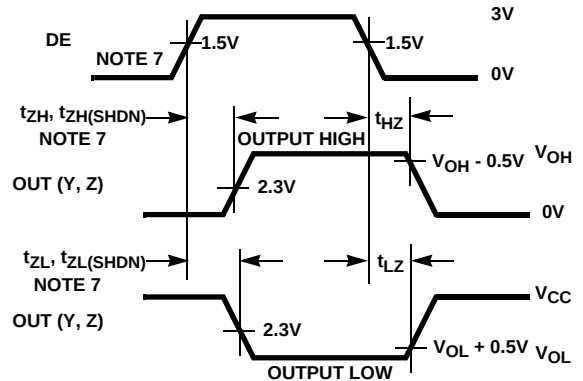


FIGURE 3B. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 3. DRIVER ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES (EXCLUDING ISL8488, ISL8490)

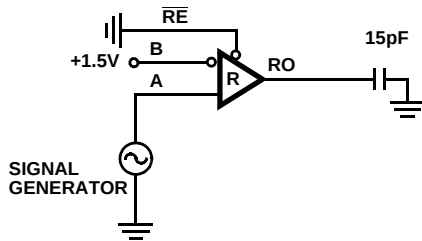


FIGURE 4A. TEST CIRCUIT

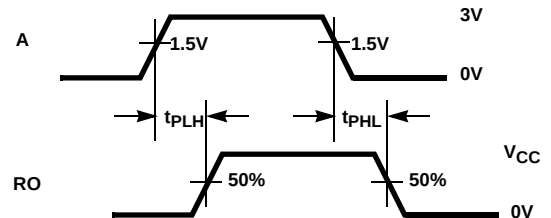
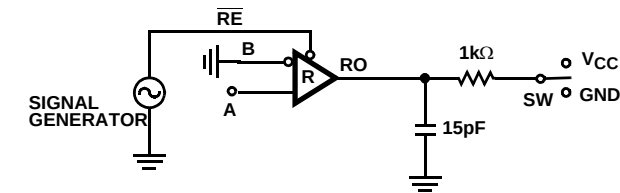


FIGURE 4B. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 4. RECEIVER PROPAGATION DELAY

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)



(SHDN) for ISL8483 only.

PARAMETER	DE	A	SW
t_{HZ}	0	+1.5V	GND
t_{LZ}	0	-1.5V	V_{CC}
t_{ZH} (Note 6)	0	+1.5V	GND
t_{ZL} (Note 6)	0	-1.5V	V_{CC}
$t_{ZH}(SHDN)$ (Note 9)	0	+1.5V	GND
$t_{ZL}(SHDN)$ (Note 9)	0	-1.5V	V_{CC}

FIGURE 5A. TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 5. RECEIVER ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES (EXCLUDING ISL8488, ISL8490)

Application Information

RS-485 and RS-422 are differential (balanced) data transmission standards for use in long haul or noisy environments. RS-422 is a subset of RS-485, so RS-485 transceivers are also RS-422 compliant. RS-422 is a point-to-multipoint (multidrop) standard, which allows only one driver and up to 10 (assuming one unit load devices) receivers on each bus. RS-485 is a true multipoint standard, which allows up to 32 one unit load devices (any combination of drivers and receivers) on each bus. To allow for multipoint operation, the RS-485 spec requires that drivers must handle bus contention without sustaining any damage.

Another important advantage of RS-485 is the extended common mode range (CMR), which specifies that the driver outputs and receiver inputs withstand signals that range from +12V to -7V. RS-422 and RS-485 are intended for runs as long as 4000', so the wide CMR is necessary to handle ground potential differences, as well as voltages induced in the cable by external fields.

Receiver Features

These devices utilize a differential input receiver for maximum noise immunity and common mode rejection. Input sensitivity is $\pm 200\text{mV}$, as required by the RS422 and RS-485 specifications.

Receiver input impedance surpasses the RS-422 spec of $4\text{k}\Omega$, and meets the RS-485 "Unit Load" requirement of $12\text{k}\Omega$ minimum.

Receiver inputs function with common mode voltages as great as $\pm 7\text{V}$ outside the power supplies (i.e., +12V and -7V), making them ideal for long networks where induced voltages are a realistic concern.

All the receivers include a "fail-safe if open" function that guarantees a high level receiver output if the receiver inputs are unconnected (floating).

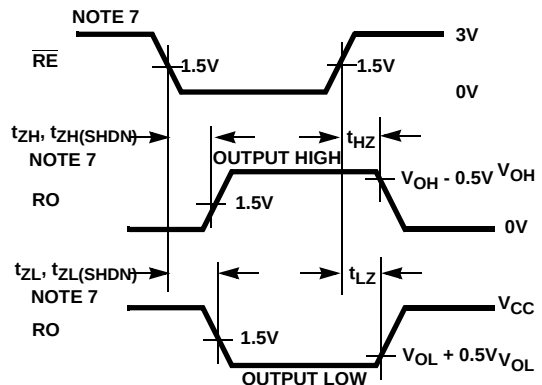


FIGURE 5B. MEASUREMENT POINTS

Receivers easily meet the data rates supported by the corresponding driver.

ISL8483/85/89/91 receiver outputs are three-statable via the active low $\overline{\text{RE}}$ input.

Driver Features

The RS-485/422 driver is a differential output device that delivers at least 1.5V across a 54Ω load (RS-485), and at least 2V across a 100Ω load (RS-422). The drivers feature low propagation delay skew to maximize bit width, and to minimize EMI.

Drivers of the ISL8483/85/89/91 are three-statable via the active high DE input.

The ISL8483/88/89 driver outputs are slew rate limited to minimize EMI, and to minimize reflections in unterminated or improperly terminated networks. Data rate on these slew rate limited versions is a maximum of 250kbps. Outputs of ISL8485/90/91 drivers are not limited, so faster output transition times allow data rates of at least 5Mbps.

Data Rate, Cables, and Terminations

RS-485/422 are intended for network lengths up to 4000', but the maximum system data rate decreases as the transmission length increases. Devices operating at 5Mbps are limited to lengths less than 100', while the 250kbps versions can operate at full data rates with lengths in excess of 1000'.

Twisted pair is the cable of choice for RS-485/422 networks. Twisted pair cables tend to pick up noise and other electromagnetically induced voltages as common mode signals, which are effectively rejected by the differential receivers in these ICs.

Proper termination is imperative, when using the 5Mbps devices, to minimize reflections. Short networks using the 250kbps versions need not be terminated, but, terminations are recommended unless power dissipation is an overriding concern.

In point-to-point, or point-to-multipoint (single driver on bus) networks, the main cable should be terminated in its characteristic impedance (typically 120Ω) at the end farthest from the driver. In multi-receiver applications, stubs connecting receivers to the main cable should be kept as short as possible. Multipoint (multi-driver) systems require that the main cable be terminated in its characteristic impedance at both ends. Stubs connecting a transceiver to the main cable should be kept as short as possible.

Built-In Driver Overload Protection

As stated previously, the RS-485 spec requires that drivers survive worst case bus contentions undamaged. The ISL84XX devices meet this requirement via driver output short circuit current limits, and on-chip thermal shutdown circuitry.

The driver output stages incorporate short circuit current limiting circuitry which ensures that the output current never exceeds the RS-485 spec, even at the common mode voltage range extremes. Additionally, these devices utilize a foldback circuit which reduces the short circuit current, and thus the power dissipation, whenever the contending voltage exceeds either supply.

In the event of a major short circuit condition, ISL84XX devices also include a thermal shutdown feature that disables the drivers whenever the die temperature becomes excessive. This eliminates the power dissipation, allowing the die to cool. The drivers automatically reenables after the die temperature drops about 15 degrees. If the contention persists, the thermal shutdown/reenable cycle repeats until the fault is cleared. Receivers stay operational during thermal shutdown.

Low Power Shutdown Mode (ISL8483 Only)

These CMOS transceivers all use a fraction of the power required by their bipolar counterparts, but the ISL8483 includes a shutdown feature that reduces the already low quiescent I_{CC} to a 1nA trickle. The ISL8483 enters shutdown whenever the receiver and driver are **simultaneously** disabled ($\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$ and $DE = GND$) for a period of at least 600ns. Disabling both the driver and the receiver for less than 50ns guarantees that the ISL8483 will not enter shutdown.

Note that receiver and driver enable times increase when the ISL8483 enables from shutdown. Refer to Notes 5-8, at the end of the Electrical Specification table, for more information.

Typical Performance Curves $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ISL8483 thru ISL8491; Unless Otherwise Specified

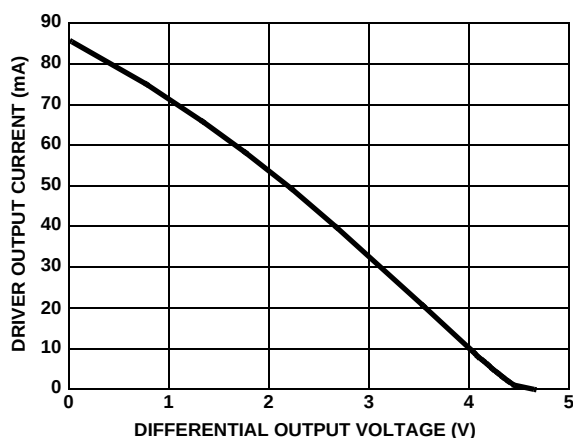


FIGURE 6. DRIVER OUTPUT CURRENT vs DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE

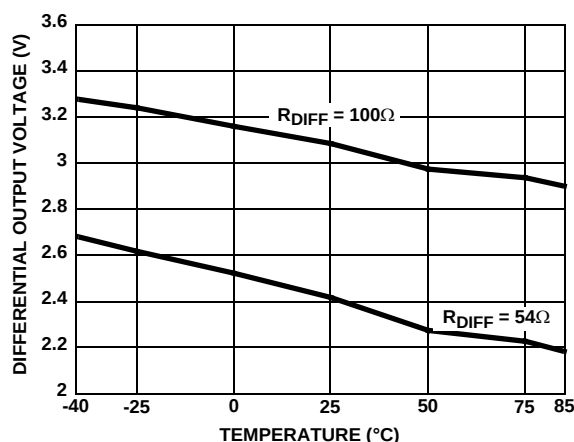


FIGURE 7. DRIVER DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ISL8483 thru ISL8491; Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

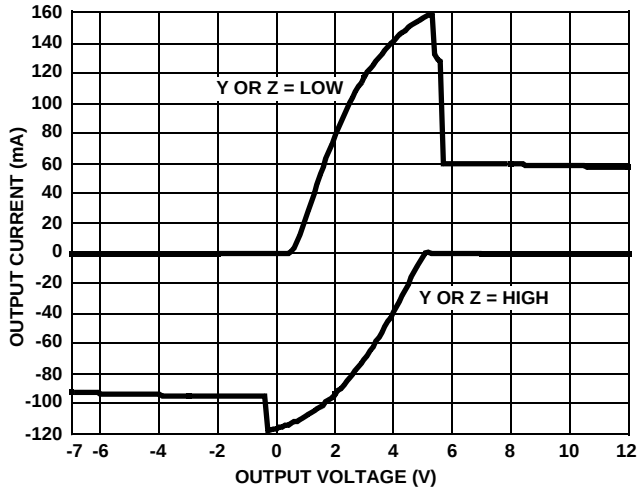


FIGURE 8. DRIVER OUTPUT CURRENT vs SHORT CIRCUIT VOLTAGE

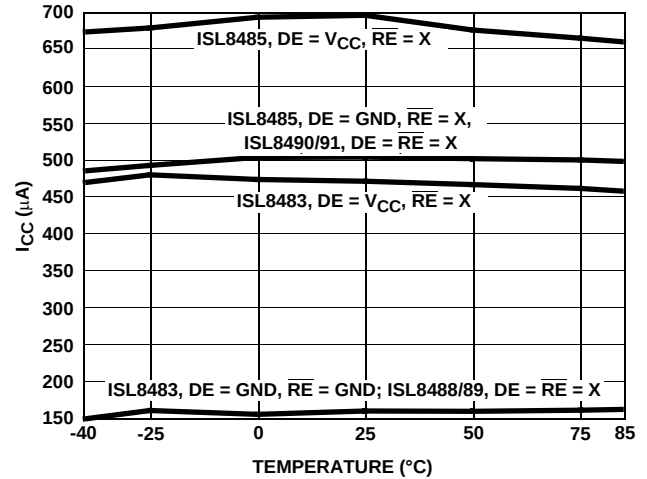


FIGURE 9. SUPPLY CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

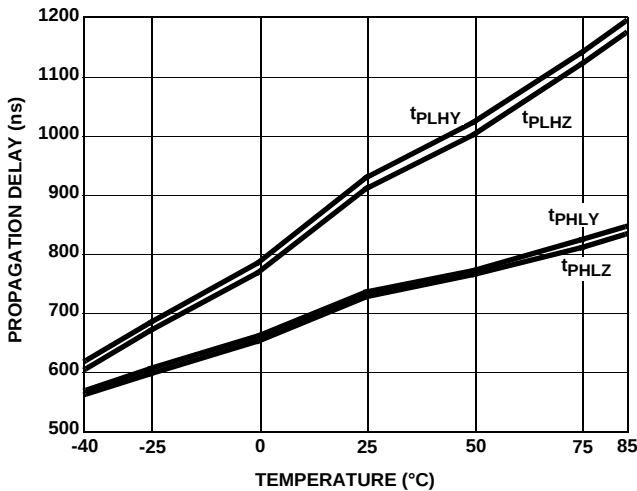


FIGURE 10. DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY vs TEMPERATURE (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)

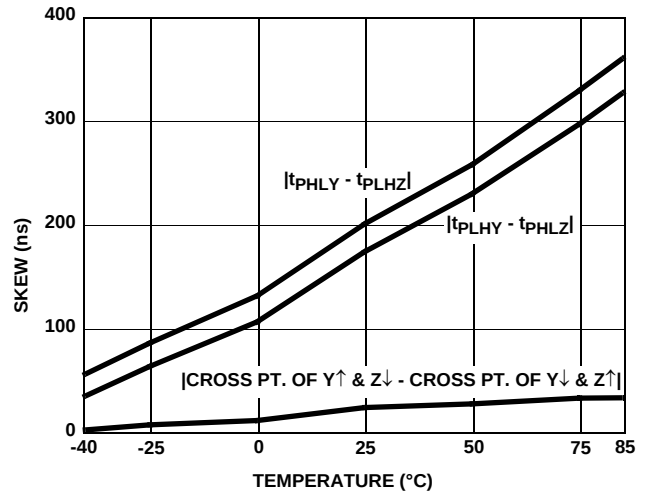


FIGURE 11. DRIVER SKEW vs TEMPERATURE (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)

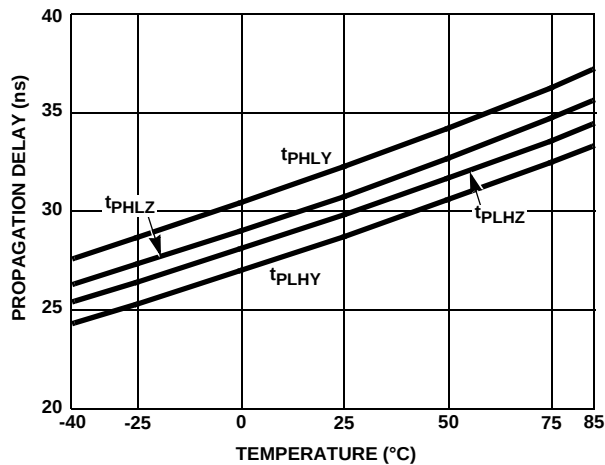


FIGURE 12. DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY vs TEMPERATURE (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)

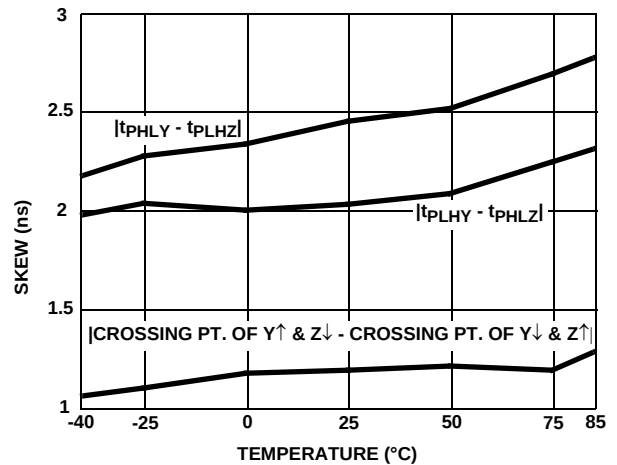


FIGURE 13. DRIVER SKEW vs TEMPERATURE (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)

Typical Performance Curves $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, ISL8483 thru ISL8491; Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

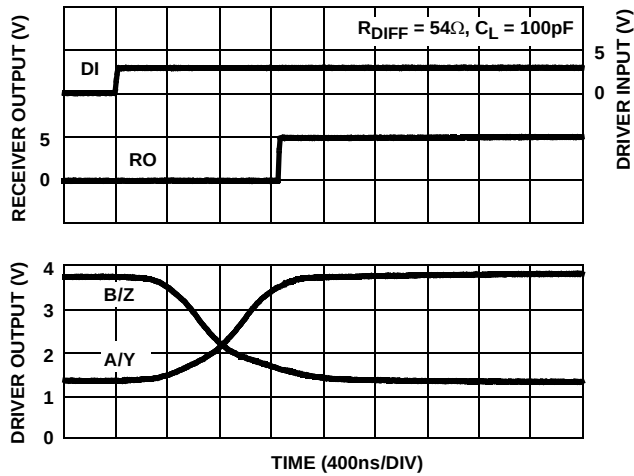


FIGURE 14. DRIVER AND RECEIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)

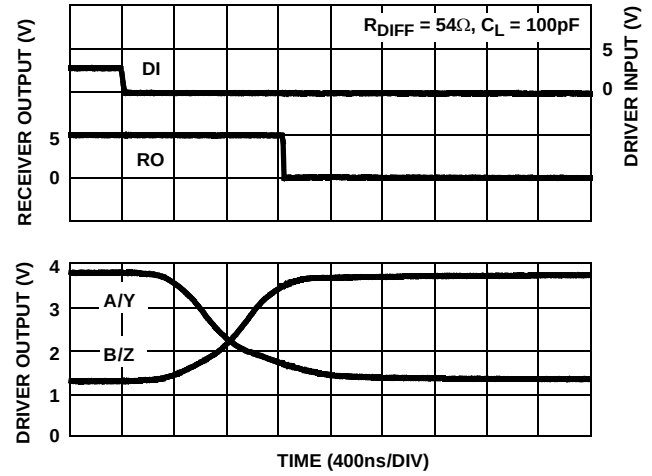


FIGURE 15. DRIVER AND RECEIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL8483, ISL8488, ISL8489)

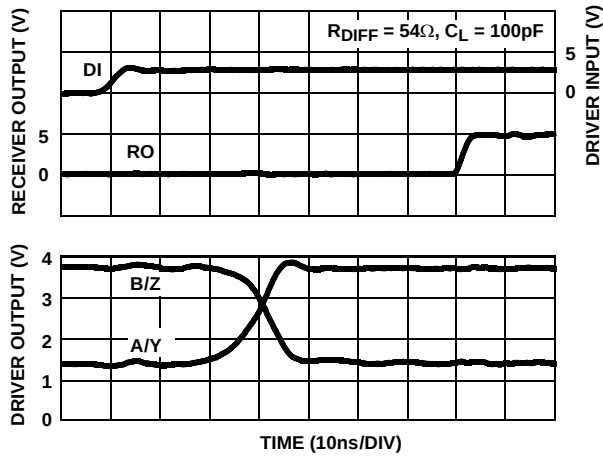


FIGURE 16. DRIVER AND RECEIVER WAVEFORMS, LOW TO HIGH (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)

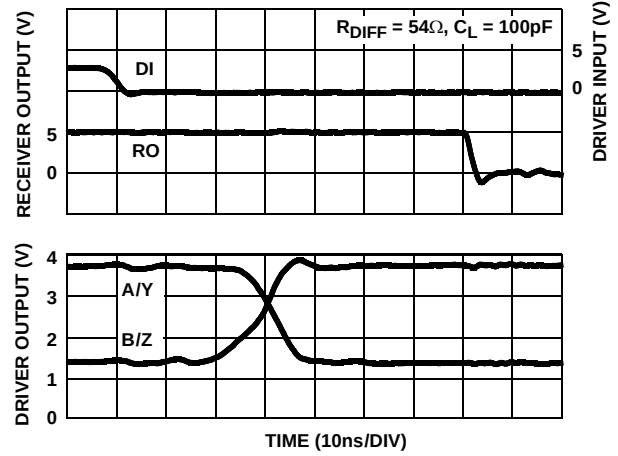


FIGURE 17. DRIVER AND RECEIVER WAVEFORMS, HIGH TO LOW (ISL8485, ISL8490, ISL8491)

Die Characteristics

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

GND

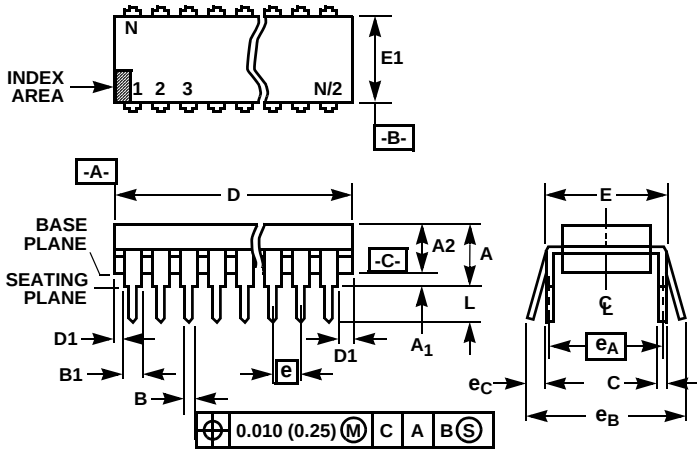
TRANSISTOR COUNT:

518

PROCESS:

Si Gate CMOS

Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



NOTES:

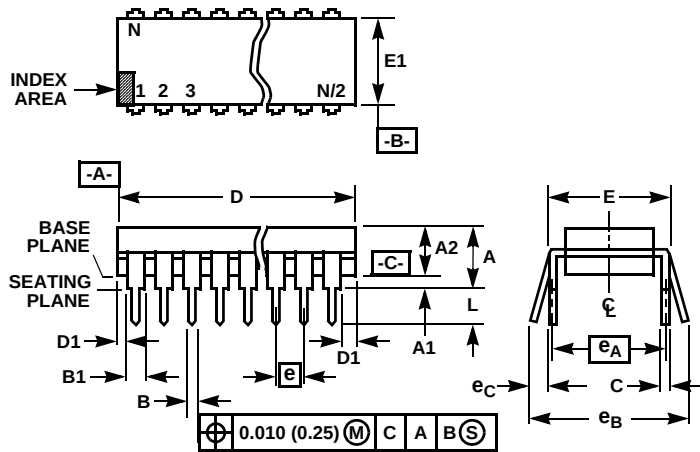
1. Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
4. Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
5. D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
6. E and e_A are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum -C-.
7. e_B and e_C are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained. e_C must be zero or greater.
8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
10. Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 - 0.045 inch (0.76 - 1.14mm).

E8.3 (JEDEC MS-001-BA ISSUE D) 8 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	-	0.210	-	5.33	4
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4
A2	0.115	0.195	2.93	4.95	-
B	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-
B1	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77	8, 10
C	0.008	0.014	0.204	0.355	-
D	0.355	0.400	9.01	10.16	5
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.25	6
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	5
e	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		-
e _A	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC		6
e _B	-	0.430	-	10.92	7
L	0.115	0.150	2.93	3.81	4
N	8		8		9

Rev. 0 12/93

Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



NOTES:

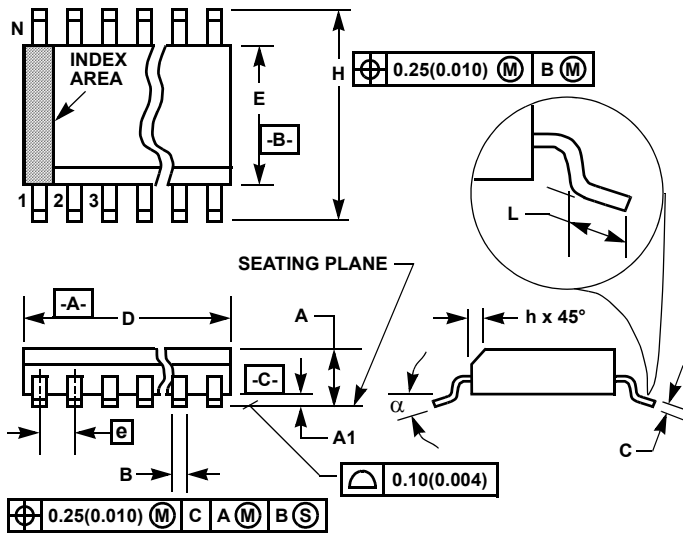
1. Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
4. Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
5. D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
6. E and e_A are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum $-C-$.
7. e_B and e_C are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained. e_C must be zero or greater.
8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
10. Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 - 0.045 inch (0.76 - 1.14mm).

E14.3 (JEDEC MS-001-AA ISSUE D) 14 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	-	0.210	-	5.33	4
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4
A2	0.115	0.195	2.93	4.95	-
B	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-
B1	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77	8
C	0.008	0.014	0.204	0.355	-
D	0.735	0.775	18.66	19.68	5
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.25	6
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	5
e	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		-
e_A	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC		6
e_B	-	0.430	-	10.92	7
L	0.115	0.150	2.93	3.81	4
N	14		14		9

Rev. 0 12/93

Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



NOTES:

1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
9. The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch).
10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

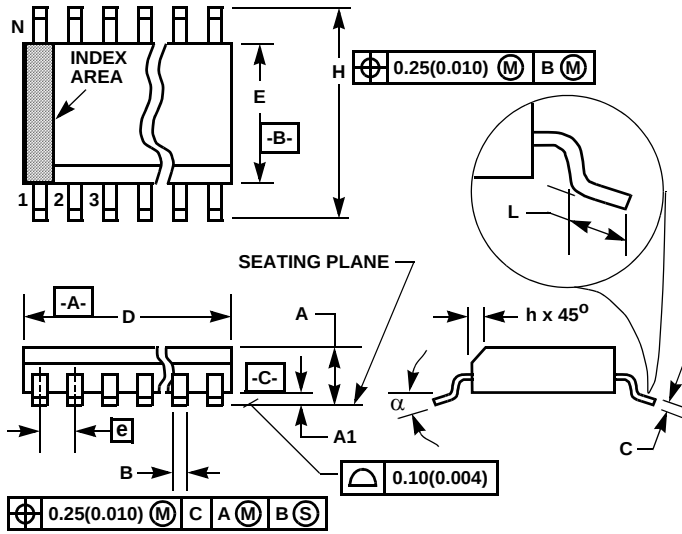
M8.15 (JEDEC MS-012-AA ISSUE C)

8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.0532	0.0688	1.35	1.75	-
A1	0.0040	0.0098	0.10	0.25	-
B	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	9
C	0.0075	0.0098	0.19	0.25	-
D	0.1890	0.1968	4.80	5.00	3
E	0.1497	0.1574	3.80	4.00	4
e	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
H	0.2284	0.2440	5.80	6.20	-
h	0.0099	0.0196	0.25	0.50	5
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6
N	8		8		7
α	0°	8°	0°	8°	-

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Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



NOTES:

1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
9. The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch).
10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

M14.15 (JEDEC MS-012-AB ISSUE C) 14 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.0532	0.0688	1.35	1.75	-
A1	0.0040	0.0098	0.10	0.25	-
B	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	9
C	0.0075	0.0098	0.19	0.25	-
D	0.3367	0.3444	8.55	8.75	3
E	0.1497	0.1574	3.80	4.00	4
e	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
H	0.2284	0.2440	5.80	6.20	-
h	0.0099	0.0196	0.25	0.50	5
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6
N	14		14		7
α	0°	8°	0°	8°	-

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