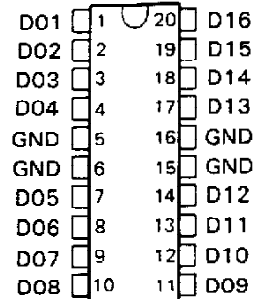


SN74S1052 **16-BIT SCHOTTKY BARRIER DIODE BUS-TERMINATION ARRAY**

SDLS016A D3229, JULY 1989—REVISED MARCH 1990

- Designed to Reduce Reflection Noise
- Repetitive Peak Forward Current . . . 200 mA
- 16-Bit Array Structure Suited for Bus-Oriented Systems
- ESD Protection Exceeds 10 kV Per MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015
- Package Options Include Plastic "Small Outline" Packages and Standard Plastic 300-mil DIPs

DW OR N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

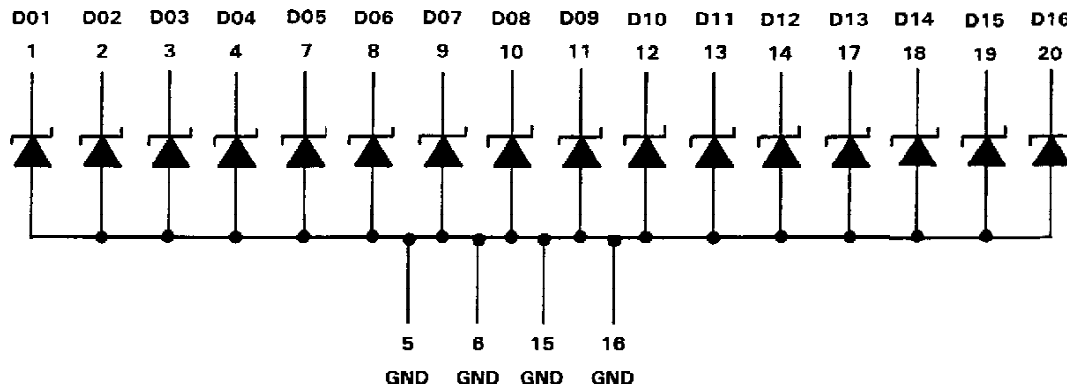


description

This Schottky barrier diode bus-termination array is designed to reduce reflection noise on memory bus lines. This device consists of a 16-bit high-speed Schottky diode array suitable for a clamp to GND.

The SN74S1052 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

schematic diagram



PRODUCTION DATA documents contain information current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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SN74S1052**16-BIT SCHOTTKY BARRIER DIODE BUS-TERMINATION ARRAY****absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]**

Steady-state reverse voltage, V_R	7 V
Continuous forward current, I_F : any D terminal from GND	50 mA
total through all GND terminals	170 mA
Repetitive peak forward current, [‡] I_{FRM} : any D terminal from GND	200 mA
total through all GND terminals	1 A
Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature	735 mW
Operating free-air temperature range	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C

[†]Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

[‡]These values apply for $t_W \leq 100 \mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 20\%$.

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)**single-diode operation (see Note 1)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP [§]	MAX	UNIT
I_R Static reverse current	$V_R = 7 \text{ V}$			5	μA
V_F Static forward voltage	$I_F = 18 \text{ mA}$	0.75	0.95		V
	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$	0.95	1.2		
V_{FM} Peak forward voltage	$I_F = 200 \text{ mA}$	1.45			V
C_T Total capacitance	$V_R = 0, \quad f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	5	10		pF
	$V_R = 2 \text{ V}, \quad f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	4	8		

NOTE 1: Test conditions and limits apply separately to each of the diodes. The diodes not under test are open-circuited during the measurement of these characteristics.

multiple-diode operation

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP [§]	MAX	UNIT
I_X Internal crosstalk current	Total $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$, See Note 2	0.6	2		mA
	Total $I_F = 270 \text{ mA}$, See Note 2	0.02	0.2		

[§]All typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

NOTE 2. I_X is measured under the following conditions with one diode static and all others switching:

Switching diodes: $t_W = 100 \mu s$, duty cycle = 20%; static diode: $V_R = 5 \text{ V}$.

The static diode's input current is the internal crosstalk current I_X .

switching characteristics at 25°C free-air temperature (see Figures 1 and 2)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr} Reverse recovery time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{RM(REC)} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{R(REC)} = 1 \text{ mA}$, $R_L \approx 100 \Omega$		8	16	ns



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

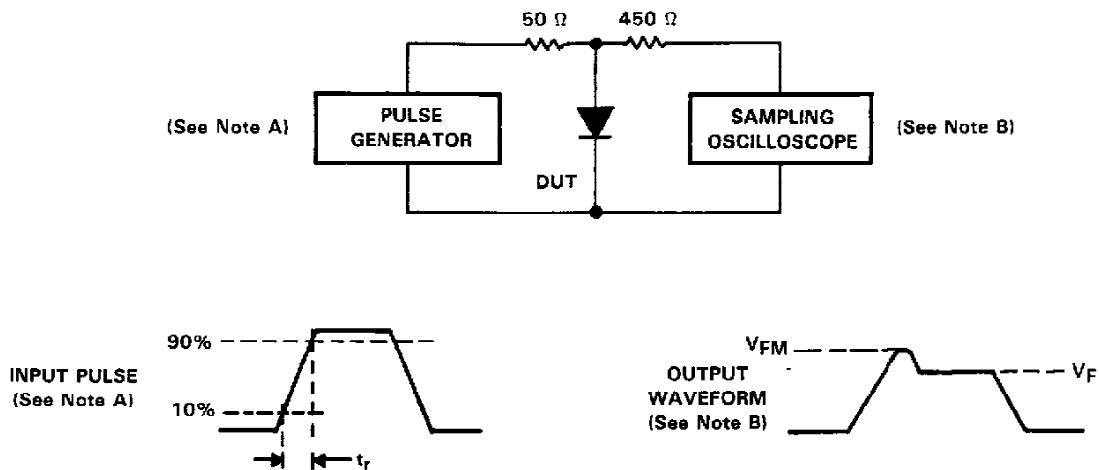


FIGURE 1. FORWARD RECOVERY VOLTAGE

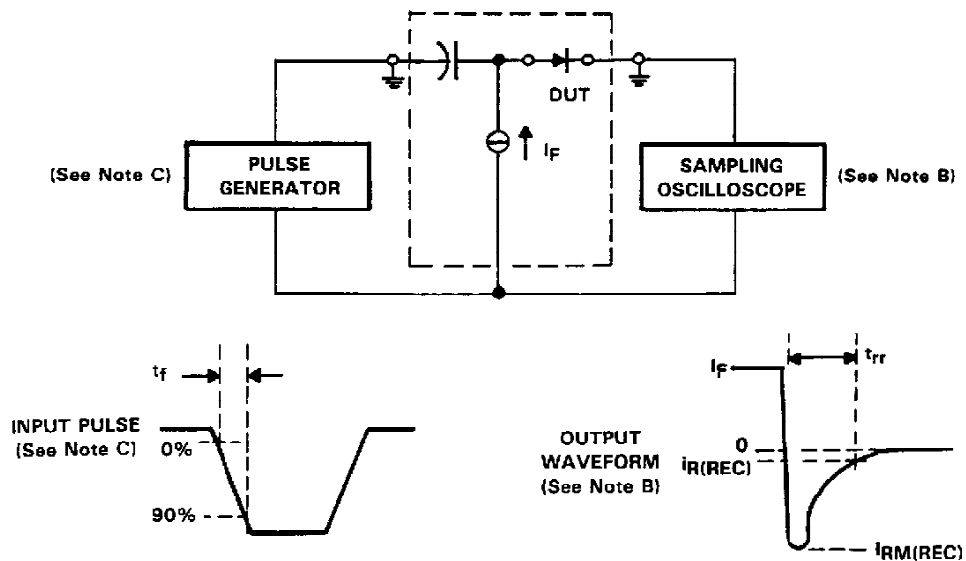


FIGURE 2. REVERSE RECOVERY TIME

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a pulse generator having the following characteristics: $t_r = 20$ ns, $Z_{out} = 50$ Ω, $f_{PR} = 500$ Hz, duty cycle = 0.01.
- B. The output waveform is monitored by an oscilloscope having the following characteristics: $t_r \leq 350$ ps, $R_{in} = 50$ Ω, $C_{in} = \leq 5$ pF.
- C. The input pulse is supplied by a pulse generator having the following characteristics: $t_f = 0.5$ ns, $Z_{out} = 50$ Ω, $t_w = \leq 50$ ns, duty cycle ≥ 0.01 .

SN74S1052

16-BIT SCHOTTKY BARRIER DIODE BUS-TERMINATION ARRAY

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Large negative transients occurring at the inputs of memory devices (DRAMs, SRAMs, EPROMs, etc.), or on the CLOCK lines of many clocked devices can result in improper operation of the device. The SN74S1050 and SN74S1052 diode termination arrays help suppress negative transients caused by transmission line reflections, crosstalk, and switching noise.

Diode terminations have several advantages when compared to resistor termination schemes. Split resistor or Thevenin equivalent termination can cause a substantial increase in power consumption. The use of a single resistor to ground to terminate a line usually results in degradation of the output high level, resulting in reduced noise immunity. Series damping resistors placed on the outputs of the driver will reduce negative transients, but can also increase propagation delays down the line, as a series resistor reduces the output drive capability of the driving device. Diode terminations have none of these drawbacks.

The operation of the diode arrays in reducing negative transients is explained in the following figures. The diode conducts current whenever the voltage reaches a negative value large enough for the diode to turn on. Suppression of negative transients by the diode tracks the current-voltage characteristic curve for the diode. A typical current-voltage curve for the SN74S1050/S1052 is shown in Figure 3.

To illustrate how the diode arrays act to reduce negative transients at the end of a transmission line, the test setup in Figure 4 was evaluated. The resulting waveforms with and without the diode are shown in Figure 5.

The maximum effectiveness of the diode in suppressing negative transients occurs when they are placed at the end of a line and/or the end of a long stub branching off a main transmission line. The diodes can also be used to reduce the negative transients that occur due to discontinuities in the middle of a line. An example of this is a slot in a backplane that is provided for an add-on card.

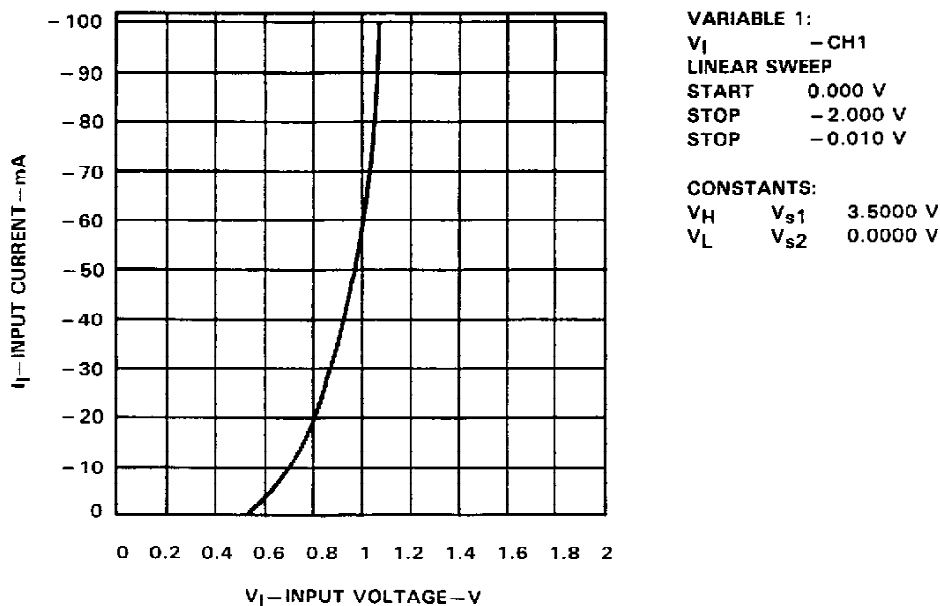


FIGURE 3. TYPICAL CURRENT-VOLTAGE CURVE

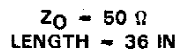


FIGURE 4. DIODE TEST SETUP

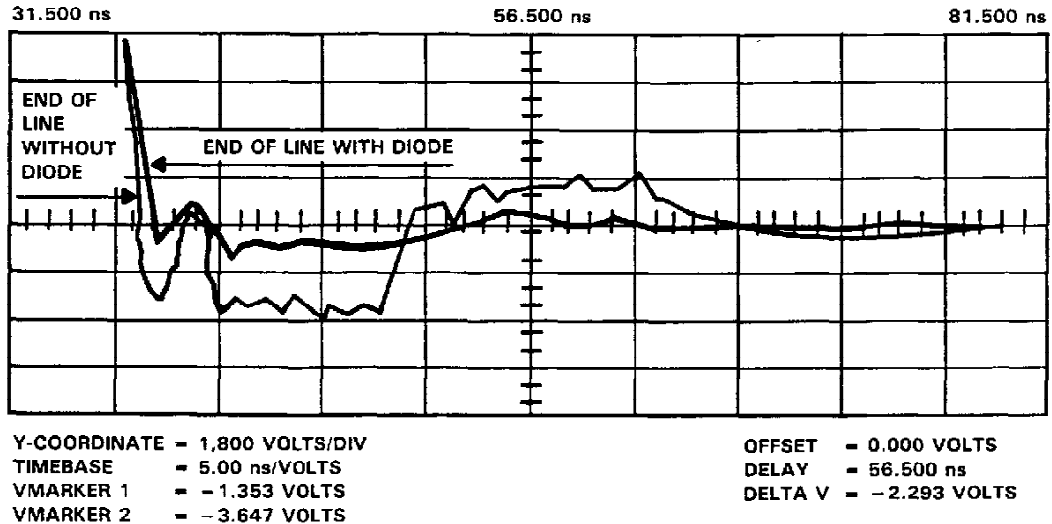


FIGURE 5. SCOPE DISPLAY

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