



EZ-BEAM® M18 Series Sensors

Stainless Steel 18 mm Barrel-style DC Photoelectric Sensors



EZ-BEAM M18 Series Features

- 18 mm threaded-barrel sensor
- 10 to 30V dc; choose SPDT (complementary) NPN or PNP outputs (150 mA max. ea.)
- Easy to use; no adjustments are necessary
- Advanced self-diagnostics with separate alarm output†; dual LED system indicates sensor performance
- Choice of integral cable or Euro-style quick disconnect connector
- Epoxy-encapsulated circuitry; IEC IP67 (NEMA 6P) construction for harsh sensing environments
- Brackets available for a wide array of mounting options

† U.S. patent 5087838 (see Specifications, page 5)

EZ-BEAM M18 Series Sensing Mode Options



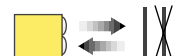
Opposed



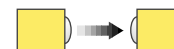
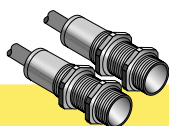
Retroreflective



Diffuse



Fixed-Field



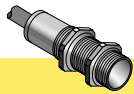
Infrared, 950 nm

M18 Series Opposed-Mode Emitter (E) and Receiver (R)

Models	Range	Cable*	Supply Voltage	Output Type	Excess Gain	Beam Width
M186E M186EQ	20 m (66')	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	—		
M18SN6R M18SN6RQ		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		NPN		
M18SP6R M18SP6RQ		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP		

* 9 m (30') cables are available by adding suffix "W/30" to the model number of any cabled sensor (e.g., M18SN6R W/30).
A model with a QD connector requires an optional mating cable. See page 6 for more information.

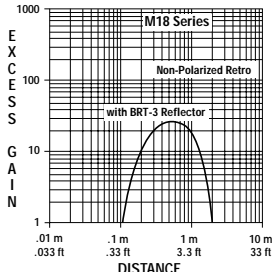
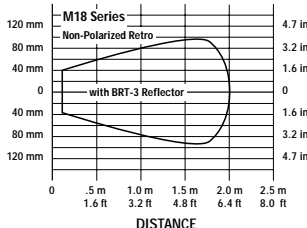
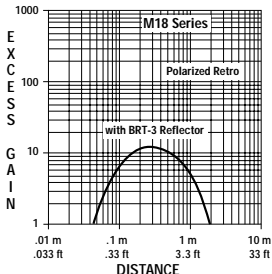
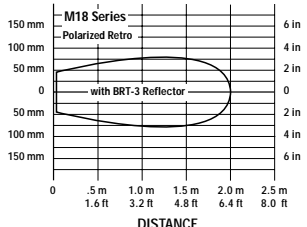
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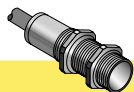


Non-Polarized, Polarized

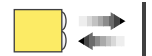


M18 Series Retroreflective Mode

Models	Range	Cable	Supply Voltage	Output Type	Excess Gain	Beam Pattern
Non-Polarized (Infrared, 950 nm)						
M18SN6L M18SN6LQ	2 m (79")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN		
M18SP6L M18SP6LQ		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP		
Polarized (Visible red, 680 nm)						
M18SN6LP M18SN6LPQ	2 m (79")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN		
M18SP6LP M18SP6LPQ		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP		



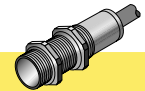
Infrared, 880 nm



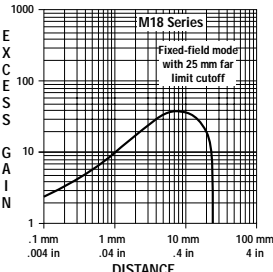
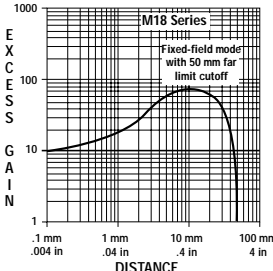
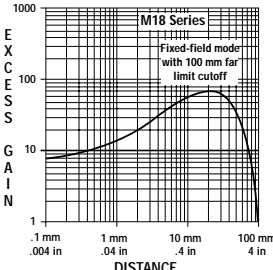
M18 Series Diffuse Mode

Models	Range	Cable	Supply Voltage	Output Type	Excess Gain	Beam Pattern
					Performance based on 90% reflectance white test card	
100 mm Range						
M18SN6D M18SN6DQ	100 mm (4")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN		
M18SP6D M18SP6DQ		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP		
300 mm Range						
M18SN6DL M18SN6DLQ	300 mm (12")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN		
M18SP6DL M18SP6DLQ		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP		

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M18 Series Fixed-Field Mode

Models	Cutoff Point	Cable	Supply Voltage	Output Type	Excess Gain
					Performance based on 90% reflectance white test card
With 25 mm Far Limit Cutoff					
M18SN6FF25 M18SN6FF25Q	25 mm (1")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN	
M18SP6FF25 M18SP6FF25Q		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP	
With 50 mm Far Limit Cutoff					
M18SN6FF50 M18SN6FF50Q	50 mm (2")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN	
M18SP6FF50 M18SP6FF50Q		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP	
With 100 mm Far Limit Cutoff					
M18SN6FF100 M18SN6FF100Q	100 mm (4")	2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD	10-30V dc	NPN	
M18SP6FF100 M18SP6FF100Q		2 m (6.5') 4-Pin Euro-style QD		PNP	

* 9 m (30') cables are available by adding suffix "W/30" to the model number of any cabled sensor (e.g., M18SN6FF25 W/30). A model with a QD connector requires an optional mating cable. See page 6 for more information.

The excess gain curves above show excess gain vs. sensing distance for M18 Series fixed-field sensors with 25-, 50- and 100-millimeter cutoffs. Maximum excess gain for the 25-mm models occurs at a lens-to-object distance of about 7 mm; for the 50-mm models, at about 10 mm; and for the 100-mm models, at about 20 mm. Sensing at or near these distances will make maximum use of each sensor's available sensing power.

Backgrounds and background objects must *always* be placed beyond the cutoff distance.

These excess gain curves were generated using a white test card of 90% reflectance.

Objects with reflectivity of less than 90% reflect less light back to the sensor, and thus require proportionately more excess gain in order to be sensed with the same reliability as more reflective objects. When sensing an object of very low reflectivity, it may be especially important to sense it at or near the distance of maximum excess gain.

The effects of object reflectivity on cutoff distance, though small, may be important for some applications. Sensing of objects of less than 90% reflectivity causes the cutoff distances to be "pulled" slightly closer to the sensor. For example, an excess gain of 1 for an object that reflects 1/10 as much light as the 90% white card is represented by the heavy horizontal

graph line at excess gain = 10. An object of this reflectivity results in far limit cutoffs of approximately 20, 40 and 70 mm (for 25-, 50- and 100-mm cutoff models, respectively).

Objects with reflectivity greater than 90% return more light to the sensor. For this reason, highly reflective backgrounds or background objects such as mirrors, polished metal, and other sources of specular reflections require special consideration. If it is necessary to use a highly reflective background, it should be placed as far beyond the cutoff distance as possible and angled to direct reflected light away from the sensor (see page 4).

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EZ-BEAM M18 Series Specifications

Supply Voltage and Current Opposed Mode Emitters: Opposed Mode Receivers: Polarized Retro: Non-polarized Retro: Fixed-field: Diffuse:	10 to 30V dc (10% maximum ripple); Supply current (exclusive of load current): 25 mA 20 mA 30 mA 25 mA 35 mA 25 mA
Supply Protection Circuitry	Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages
Output Configuration	SPDT (complementary) solid-state dc switch; choose NPN (current sinking) or PNP (current sourcing) models. Light operate: N.O. output conducts when the sensor sees its own (or the emitter's) modulated light Dark operate: N.C. output conducts when the sensor sees dark; the N.C. (normally closed) output may be wired as a normally open alarm output, depending upon hookup to the power supply (U.S. patent 5087838)
Output Rating	150 mA maximum (each) in standard hookup; When wired for alarm output, the total load may not exceed 150 mA; Off-state leakage current < 1 microamp at 30V dc; On-state saturation voltage < 1V at 10 mA dc; < 1.5V at 150 mA dc
Output Protection Circuitry	Protected against false pulse on power-up and continuous overload or short circuit of outputs
Output Response Time	Opposed: 3 milliseconds ON, 1.5 milliseconds OFF; Polarized Retro, Non-Polarized Retro, Fixed-field and Diffuse: 3 milliseconds ON and OFF NOTE: 100 millisecond delay on power-up; outputs do not conduct during this time
Repeatability	Opposed mode: 375 microseconds; Polarized Retro, Non-Polarized Retro, Fixed-field and Diffuse modes: 750 microseconds; Repeatability and response are independent of signal strength
Indicators	Two LEDs: Green and Yellow Green glowing steadily power to sensor is ON Green flashing output is overloaded Yellow glowing steadily normally open output is conducting Yellow flashing excess gain marginal (1-1.5x) in light condition
Construction	Housings are Stainless Steel; Lenses are Lexan® (opposed models) or acrylic
Environmental Rating	Rated NEMA 6P (IEC IP67)
Connections	2 m (6.5') or 9 m (30') attached cable, or 4-pin Euro-style quick disconnect fitting
Operating Conditions	Temperature: -40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F) Maximum relative humidity: 90% at 50°C (non-condensing)
Vibration and Mechanical Shock	All models meet Mil. Std. 202F requirements. Method 201A (Vibration; frequency 10 to 60 Hz, max., double amplitude 0.06" acceleration 10G). Method 213B conditions H&I (Shock: 75G with unit operating; 100G for non-operation)