

## EPC2014 – Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

 $V_{DS}$ , 40 V $R_{DS(ON)}$ , 16 mΩ $I_D$ , 10 A

NEW PRODUCT



Gallium Nitride is grown on Silicon Wafers and processed using standard CMOS equipment leveraging the infrastructure that has been developed over the last 55 years. GaN's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low  $Q_G$  and zero  $Q_{RR}$ . The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.

## Maximum Ratings

|           |                                                              |            |    |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----|
| $V_{DS}$  | Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)                         | 40         | V  |
|           | Drain-to-Source Voltage (up to 10,000 5ms pulses at 125° C)  | 48         | V  |
| $I_D$     | Continuous ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $\theta_{JA} = 40$ ) | 10         | A  |
|           | Pulsed (25° C, $T_{\text{pulse}} = 300 \mu\text{s}$ )        | 40         | A  |
| $V_{GS}$  | Gate-to-Source Voltage                                       | 6          | V  |
|           | Gate-to-Source Voltage                                       | -5         | V  |
| $T_J$     | Operating Temperature                                        | -40 to 150 | °C |
| $T_{STG}$ | Storage Temperature                                          | -40 to 150 |    |



EPC2014 eGaN® FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bumps

## Applications

- High Speed DC-DC conversion
- Class D Audio
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

## Benefits

- Ultra High Efficiency
- Ultra Low  $R_{DS(on)}$
- Ultra low  $Q_G$
- Ultra small footprint

| PARAMETER                                                                               | TEST CONDITIONS              | MIN                                                              | TYP | MAX | UNIT          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| <b>Static Characteristics</b> ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)       |                              |                                                                  |     |     |               |
| $BV_{DSS}$                                                                              | Drain-to-Source Voltage      | $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 125 \mu\text{A}$                     | 40  |     | V             |
| $I_{DSS}$                                                                               | Drain Source Leakage         | $V_{DS} = 32\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$                      | 50  | 100 | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{GSS}$                                                                               | Gate-Source Forward Leakage  | $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$                                            | 0.4 | 2   | mA            |
|                                                                                         | Gate-Source Reverse Leakage  | $V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}$                                           | 0.1 | 0.5 |               |
| $V_{GS(TH)}$                                                                            | Gate Threshold Voltage       | $V_{DS} = V_{GSr}, I_D = 2\text{ mA}$                            | 0.7 | 1.4 | V             |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$                                                                            | Drain-Source On Resistance   | $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ A}$                          | 12  | 16  | mΩ            |
| <b>Source-Drain Characteristics</b> ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated) |                              |                                                                  |     |     |               |
| $V_{SD}$                                                                                | Source-Drain Forward Voltage | $I_S = 0.5\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | 1.3 |     | V             |
|                                                                                         |                              | $I_S = 0.5\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.4 |     |               |

All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

## Thermal Characteristics

|                 |                                                  | TYP |      |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----|------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case             | 6.9 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JB}$ | Thermal Resistance, Junction to Board            | 32  | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1) | 80  | °C/W |

Note 1:  $R_{\theta JA}$  is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board.  
See [http://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote\\_Thermal\\_Performance\\_of\\_eGaN\\_FETs.pdf](http://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf) for details.

**Dynamic Characteristics** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated)

|           |                              |                                             |  |      |      |    |
|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|------|------|----|
| $C_{iss}$ | Input Capacitance            | $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ |  | 300  | 325  | pF |
| $C_{oss}$ | Output Capacitance           |                                             |  | 150  | 170  |    |
| $C_{rss}$ | Reverse Transfer Capacitance |                                             |  | 10.2 | 12.5 |    |
| $Q_G$     | Total Gate Charge            | $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$   |  | 2.48 | 2.8  | nC |
| $Q_{GD}$  | Gate to Drain Charge         |                                             |  | 0.48 | 0.6  |    |
| $Q_{GS}$  | Gate to Source Charge        |                                             |  | 0.67 | 0.8  |    |
| $Q_{OSS}$ | Output Charge                | $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ |  | 4.8  | 6    |    |
| $Q_{RR}$  | Source-Drain Recovery Charge |                                             |  | 0    |      |    |

All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

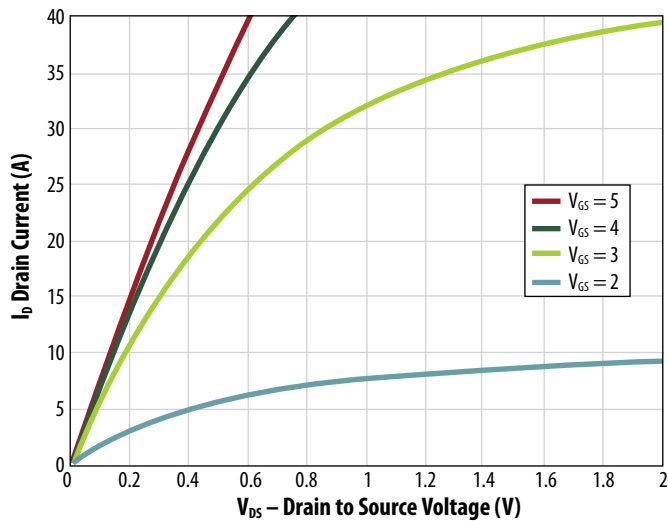
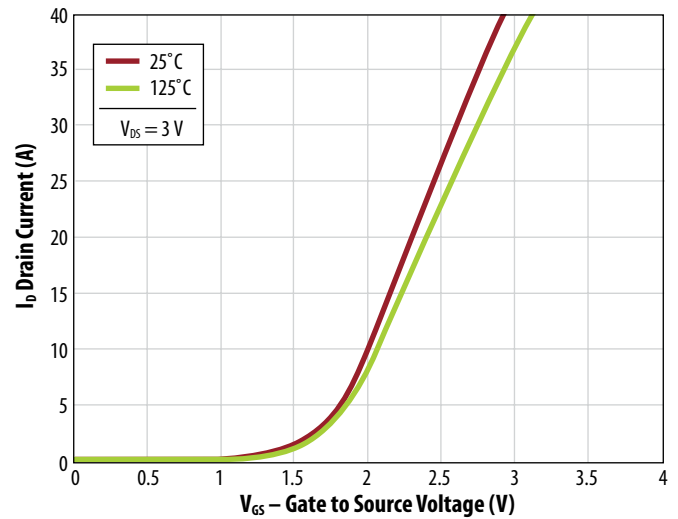
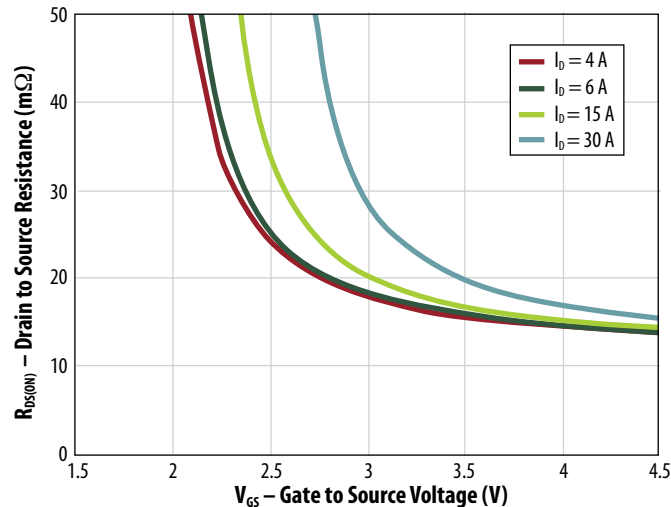
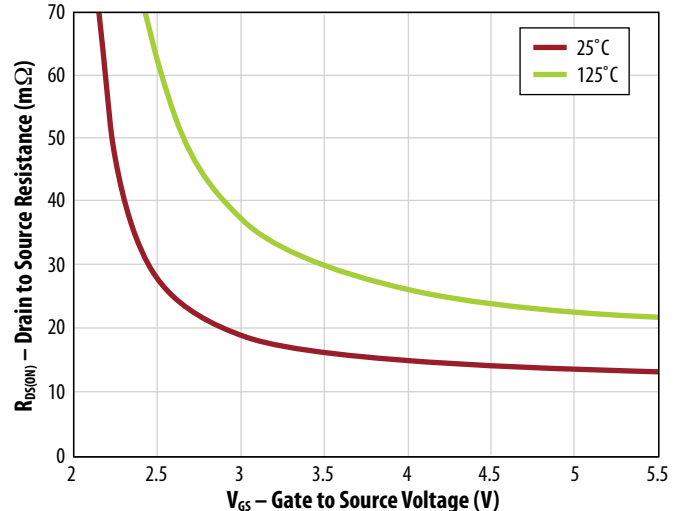
**Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics****Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics****Figure 3:  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs.  $V_{GS}$  for Various Drain Current****Figure 4:  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs.  $V_{GS}$  for Various Temperatures**

Figure 5: Capacitance

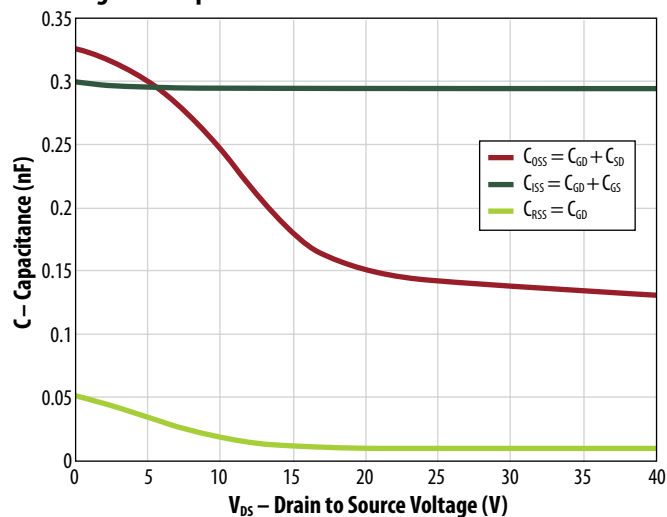


Figure 6: Gate Charge

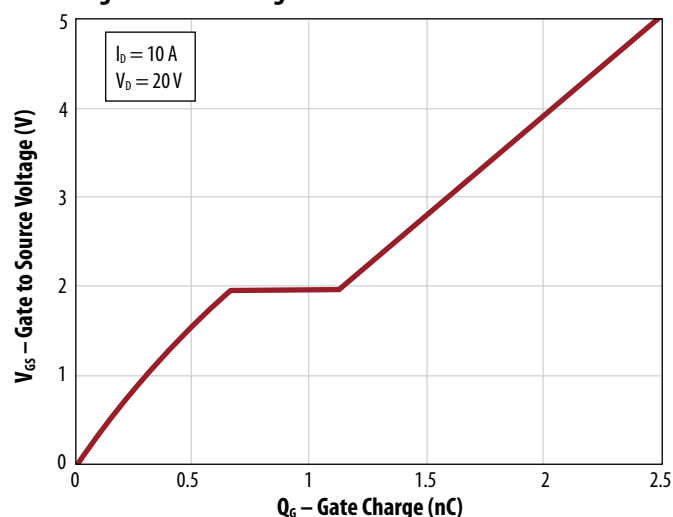


Figure 7: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics

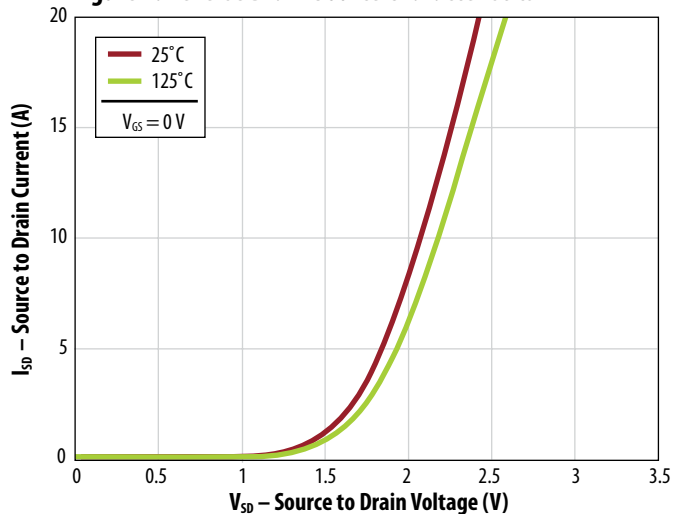


Figure 8: Normalized On Resistance vs. Temperature

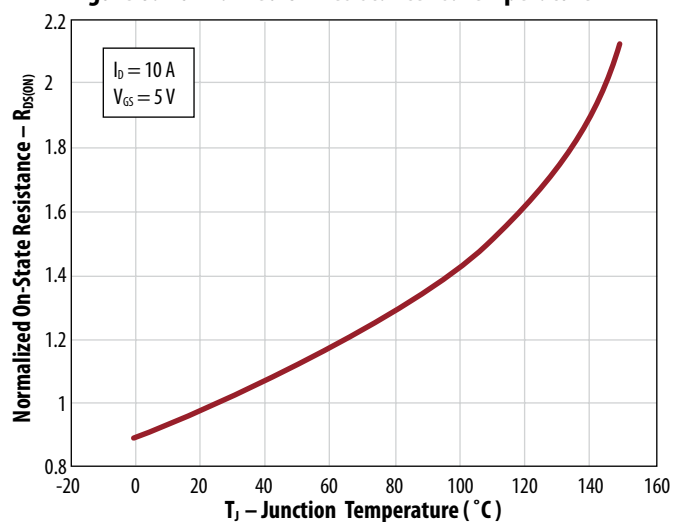


Figure 9: Normalized Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

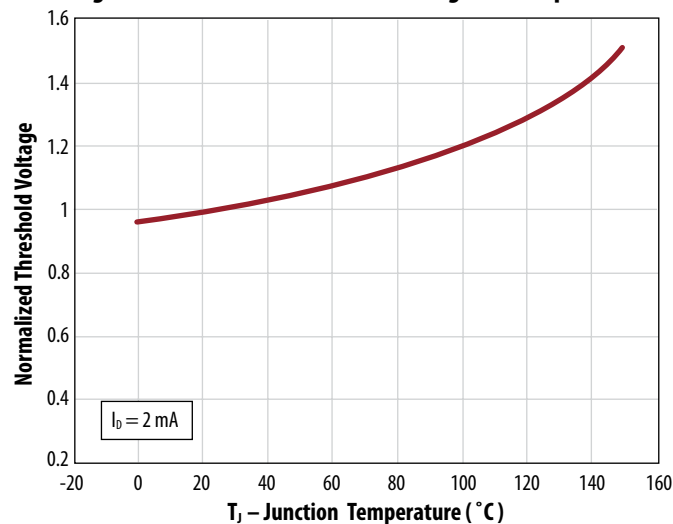
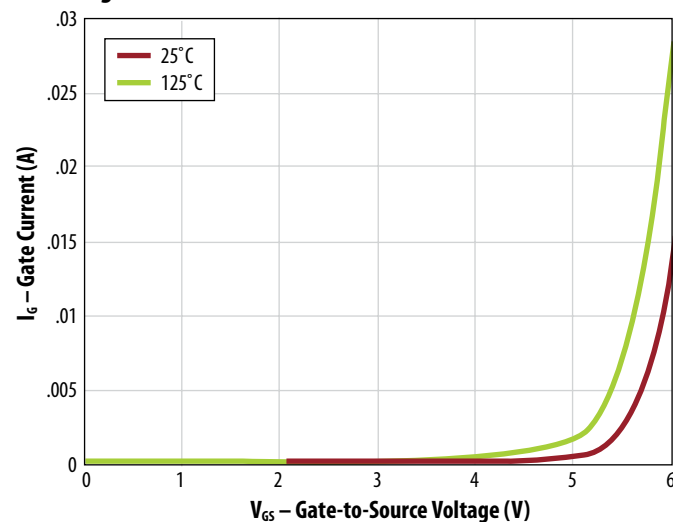


Figure 10: Gate Current



All measurements were done with substrate shorted to source.

Figure 11: Transient Thermal Response Curves

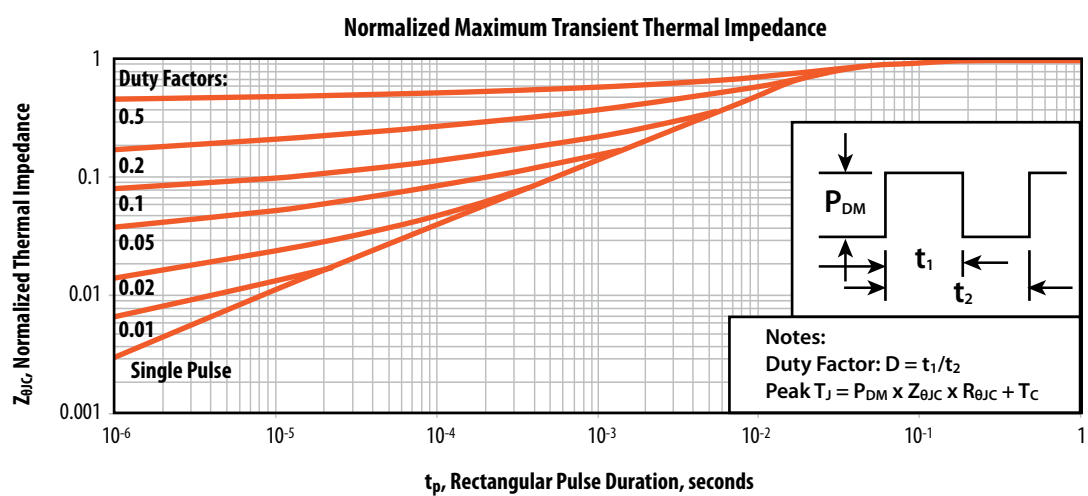
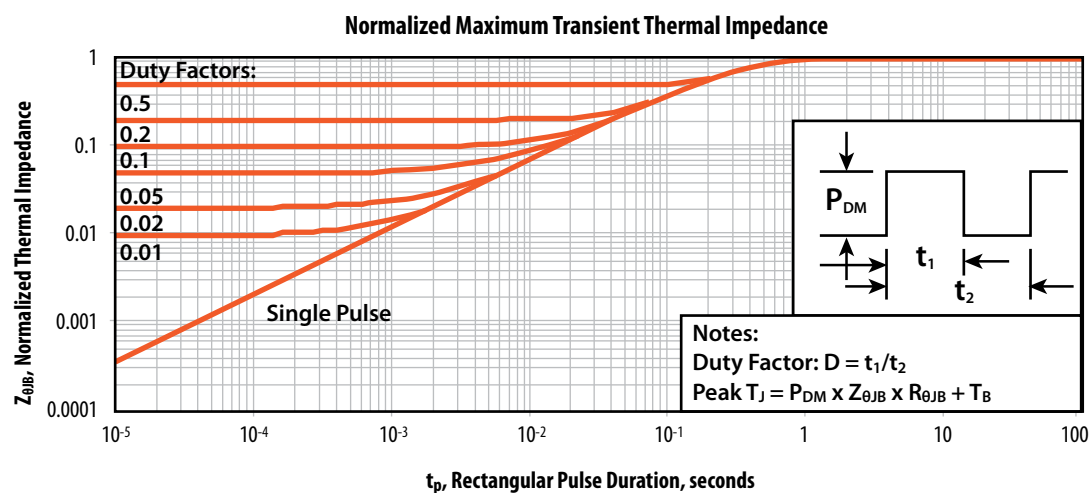
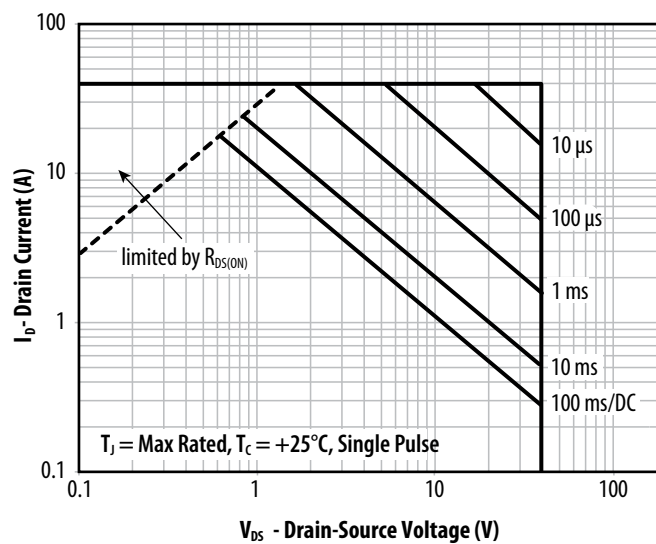
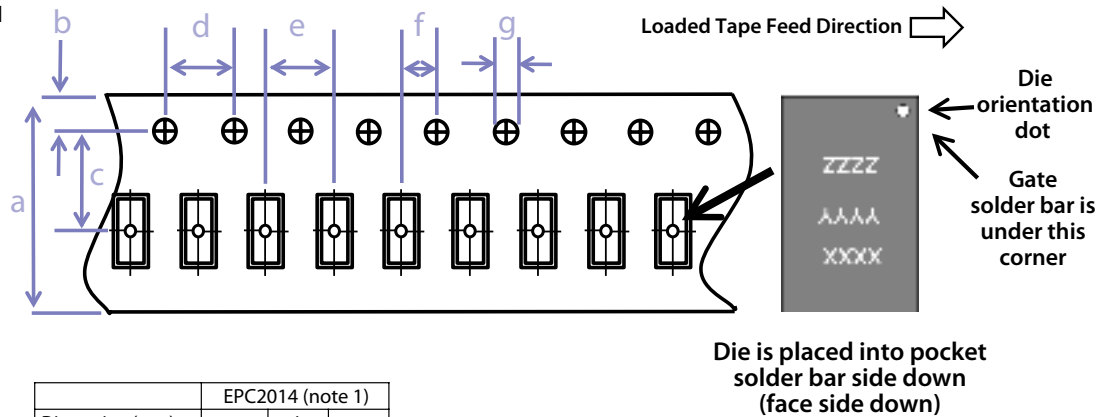
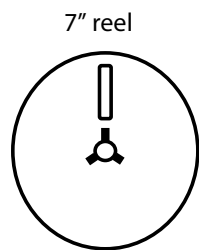


Figure 12: Safe Operating Area



## TAPE AND REEL CONFIGURATION

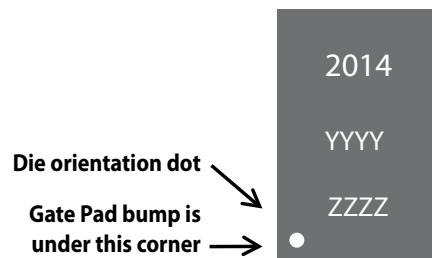
4mm pitch, 8mm wide tape on 7" reel



|                | EPC2014 (note 1) |      |      |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|
| Dimension (mm) | target           | min  | max  |
| a              | 8.00             | 7.90 | 8.30 |
| b              | 1.75             | 1.65 | 1.85 |
| c (see note)   | 3.50             | 3.45 | 3.55 |
| d              | 4.00             | 3.90 | 4.10 |
| e              | 4.00             | 3.90 | 4.10 |
| f (see note)   | 2.00             | 1.95 | 2.05 |
| g              | 1.5              | 1.5  | 1.6  |

Note 1: MSL 1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/JEDEC industry standard.  
 Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

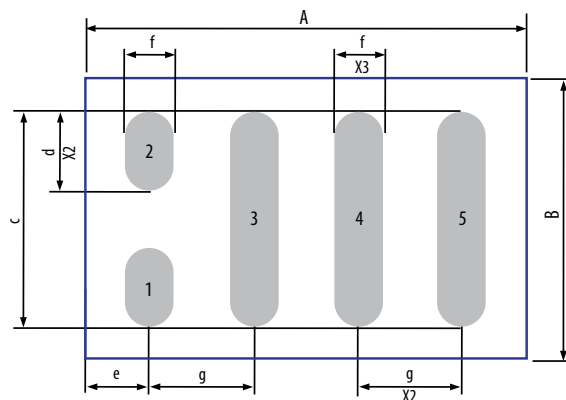
## DIE MARKINGS



| Part Number | Laser Markings           |                                 |                                 |
|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|             | Part #<br>Marking Line 1 | Lot_Date Code<br>Marking line 2 | Lot_Date Code<br>Marking Line 3 |
| EPC2014     | 2014                     | YYYY                            | ZZZZ                            |

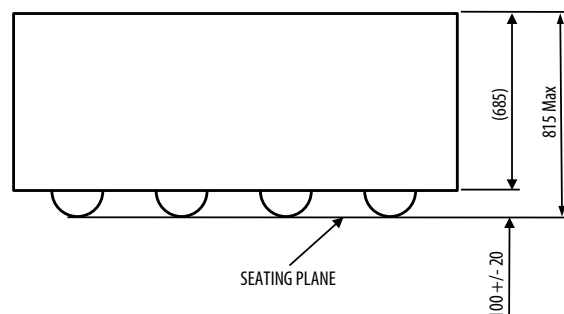
## DIE OUTLINE

Solder Bar View



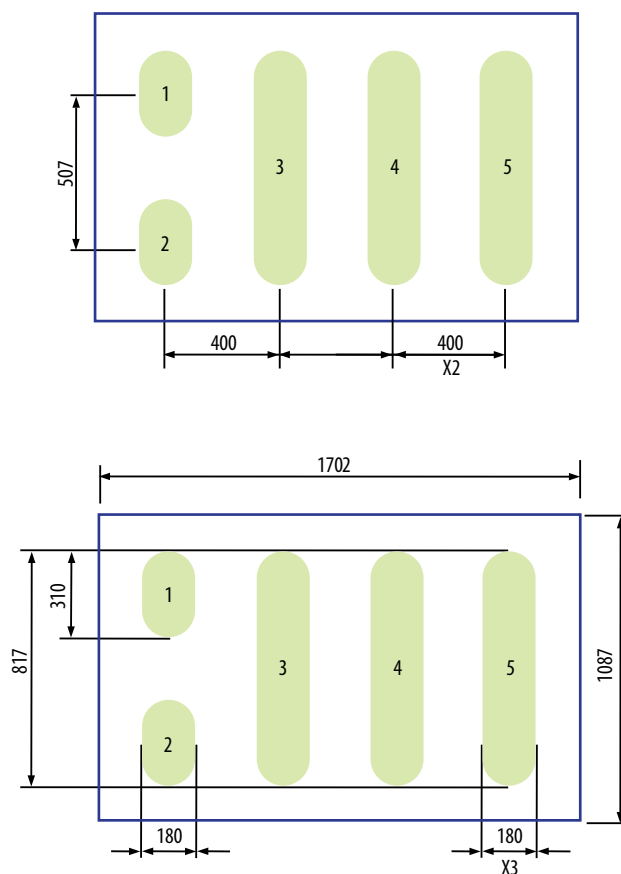
| DIM | MICROMETERS |         |      |
|-----|-------------|---------|------|
|     | MIN         | Nominal | MAX  |
| A   | 1672        | 1702    | 1732 |
| B   | 1057        | 1087    | 1117 |
| c   | 834         | 837     | 840  |
| d   | 327         | 330     | 333  |
| e   | 235         | 250     | 265  |
| f   | 195         | 200     | 205  |
| g   | 400         | 400     | 400  |

Side View



**RECOMMENDED****LAND PATTERN***(measurements in  $\mu\text{m}$ )*

The land pattern is solder mask defined  
Solder mask is 10 $\mu\text{m}$  smaller per side than bump



Pad no. 1 is Gate

Pad no. 2 is Substrate

Pad no. 3 and 5 are Drain

Pad no. 4 is Source

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U.S. Patents 8,350,294; 8,404,508; 8,431,960; 8,436,398

Information subject to  
change without notice.

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