

October 2010

## FPF1207 / FPF1208

# IntelliMAX<sup>™</sup> Advanced Load Switch

#### **Features**

- 1.2V to 4.0V Input Voltage Operating Range
- Typical R<sub>ON</sub>:  $50m\Omega$  at V<sub>IN</sub>=3.3V

77mΩ at  $V_{IN}$ =1.8V 150mΩ at  $V_{IN}$ =1.2V

- Slew Rate Control with t<sub>R</sub>: 110µs
- Output Discharge Function on FPF1208
- Low <1.5µA Quiescent Current
- Extra Low <100nA Off Supply Current</li>
- ESD Protected: Above 7000V HBM, 2000V CDM
- GPIO/CMOS-Compatible Enable Circuitry
- 4-Bump WLCSP 0.76mm x 0.76mm, 0.4mm Pitch

#### Description

The FPF1207/08 is an ultra-small integrated IntelliMAX load switch with integrated P-channel switch and analog control features. Integrated slew-rate control prevents inrush current and the resulting excessive voltage drop on power rail. The input voltage range operates from 1.2V to 4.0V to provide power-disconnect capability for post-regulated power rails in portable and consumer products. The low shut-off current of 1 $\mu$ A (maximum) allows power designs to meet standby and off-power drain specifications.

The FPF1207/08 is controlled by an active-HIGH logic input (ON pin) compatible with standard CMOS GPIO circuitry found on Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) and embedded processors. The FPF1207/08 is available in 0.76mm x 0.76mm 4-bump WLCSP.

## **Applications**

- Mobile Devices and Smart Phones
- Portable Media Devices
- Ultra-Portable / Mobile Computing
- Advanced Notebook, UMPC, MID
- Portable Medical Devices
- GPS and Navigation Equipment

## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Top Marking	Switch (Typical) at 3.3V <sub>IN</sub>	Output Discharge	ON Pin Activity	t <sub>R</sub>	Package
FPF1207UCX	QG	50mΩ	NA	Active HIGH	110µs	4-Ball, Wafer-Level Chip-
FPF1208UCX	QH	50mΩ	65Ω	Active HIGH	110µs	Scale Package (WLCSP), 0.76 x 0.76mm, 0.4mm Pitch

## **Application Diagram**

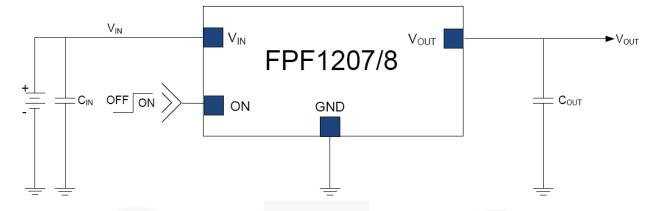


Figure 1. Typical Application

#### Notes:

- 1.  $C_{IN}=1\mu F$ , X5R, 0603 (for example, Murata GRM185R60J105KE26).
- 2. C<sub>OUT</sub>=1μF, X5R, 0805 (for example, Murata GRM216R61A105KA01).

## **Functional Block Diagram**

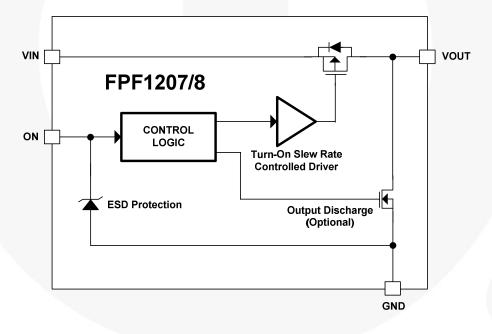


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram (Output Discharge for FPF1208 Only)

## **Pin Configurations**

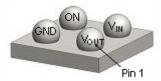




Figure 3. WLCSP Bumps Facing Up (Top View)

Figure 4. WLCSP Bumps Facing Down (Bottom View)

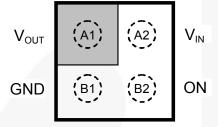


Figure 5. Pin Assignments (Top View)

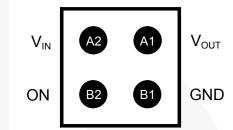


Figure 6. Pin Assignments (Bottom View)

## **Pin Definitions**

Pin#	Name	Description
A1	$V_{OUT}$	Switch Output
A2	$V_{IN}$	Supply Input: Input to the power switch
B1	GND	Ground
B2	ON	ON/OFF control, active HIGH

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Paramete	Min.	Max.	Unit	
V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> , V <sub>ON</sub> to GND		-0.3	4.2	V
I <sub>SW</sub>	Maximum Continuous Switch Current			1.2	Α
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> =25°C			1.0	W
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Junction Temperature	-65	+150	°C	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range		-40	+85	°C
0	Thermal Decistance Junction to Ambient	1S2P with One Thermal Via	110		°C/W
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	1S2P without Thermal Via		95	C/VV
ESD	Floatractatic Discharge Canability (3,4)	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114	7		kV
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability <sup>(3,4)</sup>	Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	2		٨V

#### Notes:

- 3. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC std. PCB.
- 4. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC PCB COLD PLATE Method.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter		Max.	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply Voltage		4.0	V
$T_A$	Ambient Operating Temperature		+85	°C

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{IN}$ =1.2 to 4.0V and  $T_A$ =-40 to +85°C. Typical values are at  $V_{IN}$ =3.3V and  $T_A$ =25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Basic Oper	ration				•		
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply Voltage		1.2		4.0	V	
I <sub>Q(OFF)</sub>	Off Supply Current	V <sub>ON</sub> =GND, V <sub>OUT</sub> =Open, V <sub>IN</sub> =4V			100	nA	
I <sub>SD(OFF)</sub>	Off Switch Current	V <sub>ON</sub> =GND, V <sub>OUT</sub> =GND			1	μA	
ΙQ	Quiescent Current	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA			1.5	μA	
		V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		50	66	mΩ	
В	On Desistance	V <sub>IN</sub> =1.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		77	91		
Ron	On Resistance	V <sub>IN</sub> =1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		150	160		
		V <sub>IN</sub> =1.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200mA, T <sub>A</sub> =85°C			100	1	
R <sub>PD</sub>	Output Discharge R <sub>PULL DOWN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3V, V <sub>ON</sub> =0V, I <sub>FORCE</sub> =20mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1208		65	110	Ω	
\ <u>'</u>	On Innut Logic IIICI I Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> <1.5V	0.9			V	
$V_{IH}$	On Input Logic HIGH Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =1.5V to 4.0V 1.1				V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	On Input Logic LOW Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> =1.2V to 4.0V			0.75	V	
I <sub>ON</sub>	On Input Leakage	V <sub>ON</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> or GND			1	μA	
Dynamic C	haracteristics <sup>(5)</sup>		1				
t <sub>DON</sub>	Turn-On Delay <sup>(6)</sup>			110			
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time <sup>(6)</sup>	$V_{IN}$ =3.3V, $R_L$ =10 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ =0.1 $\mu$ F, $T_A$ =25°C		110		μs	
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-On Time <sup>(6)</sup>	14-23 0		220			
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay <sup>(6)</sup>			7			
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time <sup>(6)</sup>	$V_{IN}$ =3.3V, R <sub>L</sub> =10 $\Omega$ , C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 $\mu$ F, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1207		2		μs	
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time <sup>(6)</sup>	1,4-20 0,111 1207		9			
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay			2.0			
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time	$V_{IN}$ =3.3V, R <sub>L</sub> =10 $\Omega$ , C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 $\mu$ F, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1208		1.9		μs	
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time	14-25 0,111 1200		3.9			
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay		7	10			
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time	$V_{IN}$ =3.3V, $R_L$ =500 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ =0.1 $\mu$ F, $T_A$ =25°C, FPF1207		95		μs	
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time <sup>(6)</sup>	7 20 0, 111 1207	<i>A</i> .	105	7		
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay			7.0	y		
t⊧	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time	$V_{IN}$ =3.3V, R <sub>L</sub> =500 $\Omega$ , C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 $\mu$ F, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1208 <sup>(7)</sup>		10.5		μs	
toff	Turn-Off Time <sup>(6)</sup>	1,4 20 0,111 1200		17.5			

#### Notes:

- 5. These parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.
- 6.  $t_{DON}/t_{DOFF}/t_R/t_F$  are defined in Figure 25.
- 7. Output discharge path is enabled during device off.

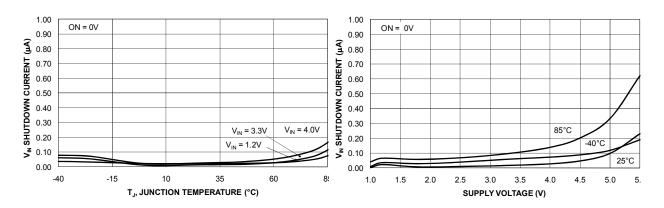


Figure 7. Shutdown Current vs. Temperature

Figure 8. Shutdown Current vs. Supply Voltage

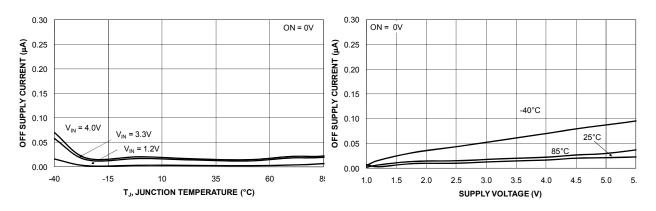


Figure 9. Off Supply Current vs. Temperature (FPF1207, V<sub>OUT</sub> Floating)

Figure 10. Off Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (FPF1207, V<sub>OUT</sub> Floating)

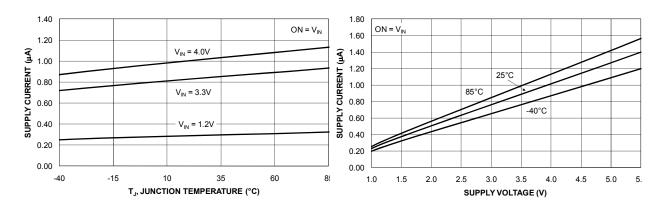


Figure 11. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

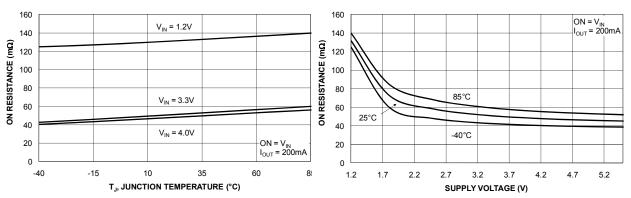
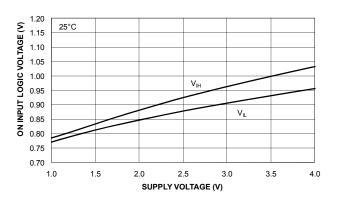


Figure 13. Ron vs. Temperature

Figure 14. R<sub>ON</sub> vs. Supply Voltage



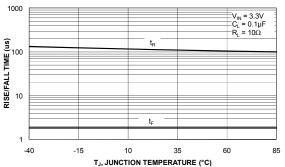


Figure 15. ON-Pin Threshold vs.  $V_{\text{IN}}$ 

Figure 16.  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at  $R_L {=} 10\Omega$ 

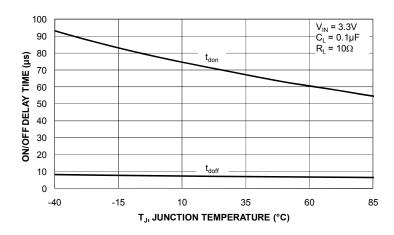


Figure 17.  $V_{OUT}$  Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at  $R_L$ =10 $\Omega$ 

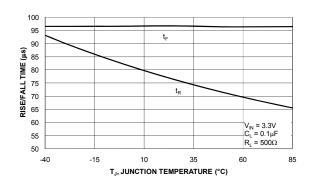
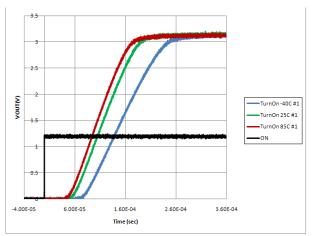


Figure 18.  $V_{OUT}$  Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at  $R_L$ =500 $\Omega$ 

Figure 19.  $V_{OUT}$  Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at  $R_L$ =500 $\Omega$ 



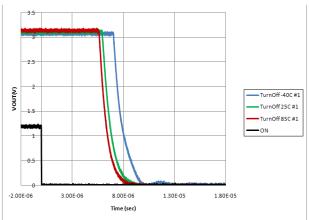


Figure 20. Turn-On Response (V<sub>IN</sub>=3.3V, C<sub>IN</sub>=1 $\mu$ F, C<sub>OUT</sub>=0.1 $\mu$ F, R<sub>L</sub>=10 $\Omega$ )

Figure 21. Turn-Off Response ( $V_{IN}$ =3.3V,  $C_{IN}$ =1 $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$ =0.1 $\mu$ F,  $R_L$ =10 $\Omega$ )

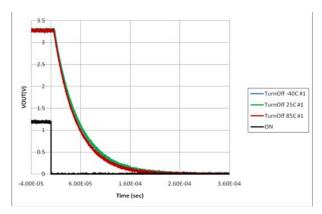
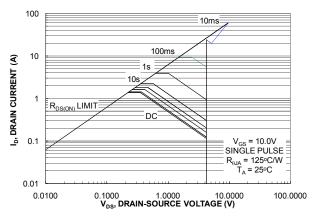


Figure 22. Turn-Off Response (FPF1207 = No Output Pull-Down Resistor)  $(V_{IN}=3.3V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F, R_L=500\Omega)$ 



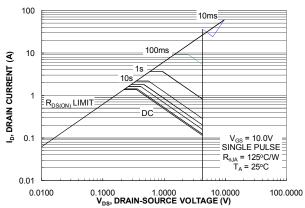


Figure 23. Isw vs. VDS -- SOA of FPF1207

Figure 24. Isw vs. VDS -- SOA of FPF1208

## **Timing Diagram**

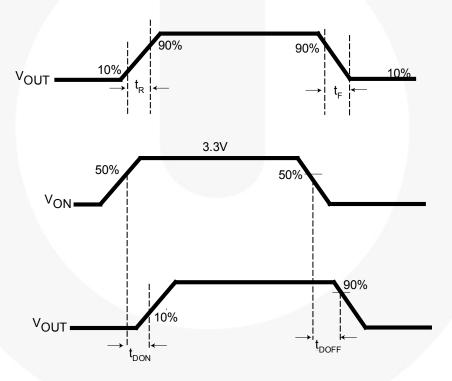


Figure 25. Timing Diagram

#### Notes:

- 8.  $t_{ON}=t_R+t_{DON}$ .
- 9.  $t_{OFF} = t_F + t_{DOFF}$ .

## **Operation and Application Description**

The FPF1207 and FPF1208 are low- $R_{ON}$  P-channel load switches with controlled turn-on. The core of each device is a 50m $\Omega$  P-channel MOSFET and controller capable of functioning over a wide input operating range of 1.2-4.0V. The ON pin, an active HIGH GIOP/CMOScompatible input, controls the state of the switch.

The FPF1208 contains a  $65\Omega$  on-chip load resistor for quick output discharge when the switch is turned off.

#### **Input Capacitor**

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush current when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor must be placed between the  $V_{\text{IN}}$  and GND pins. A  $1\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor,  $C_{\text{IN}}$ , placed close to the pins is usually sufficient. Higher-value  $C_{\text{IN}}$  can be used to reduce the voltage drop in higher-current applications.

#### **Output Capacitor**

A 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor,  $C_{OUT}$ , should be placed between the  $V_{OUT}$  and GND pins. This capacitor prevents parasitic

board inductance from forcing  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  below GND when the switch is on.  $C_{\text{IN}}$  greater than  $C_{\text{OUT}}$  is highly recommended.  $C_{\text{OUT}}$  greater than  $C_{\text{IN}}$  can cause  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  to exceed  $V_{\text{IN}}$  when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  to  $V_{\text{IN}}$ .

#### **Board Layout**

For best performance, all traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effect that parasitic trace inductance may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces or large copper planes for all pins ( $V_{\text{IN}}, V_{\text{OUT}}, \text{ON}$ , and GND) helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case ambient thermal impedance. However, the  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  pin of FPF1208 should not connect directly the battery source due to the discharge mechanism of the load switch.

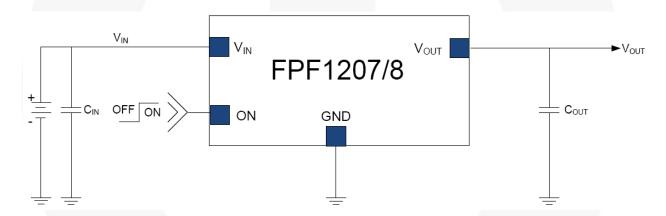
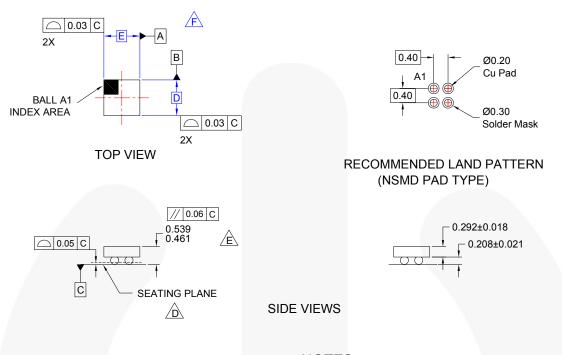
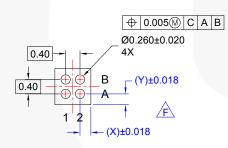


Figure 26. Typical Application

## **Physical Dimensions**





**BOTTOM VIEW** 

#### NOTES:

- A. NO JEDEC REGISTRATION APPLIES.
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCE PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- DATUM C IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE BALLS.
- E PACKAGE NOMINAL HEIGHT IS 500 MICRONS ±39 MICRONS (461-539 MICRONS).
- FOR DIMENSIONS D, E, X, AND Y SEE PRODUCT DATASHEET.
- G. DRAWING FILNAME: MKT-UC004AFrev1.

Figure 27. 4 Ball, 0.76 x 0.76 mm Wafer Level Chip Scale WLCSP Packaging

## **Product-Specific Dimensions**

Product	D	E	X	Y
FPF1207UCX	760µm ± 30µm	760µm ± 30µm	0.180mm± 0.018µm	0.180mm± 0.018µm
FPF1208UCX	760μm ± 30μm	760um ± 30µm	0.180mm± 0.018µm	0.180mm± 0.018µm

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